BOAT AND STREAM

	Upstream = (u-v) km/hr , where "u" is the speed of the boat in still water and "v" is the speed of the stream
	Downstream = (u+v) Km/hr , where "u" is the speed of the boat in still water and "v" is the speed of the stream
•	Speed of Boat in Still Water = ½ (Downstream Speed + Upstream Speed)
•	Speed of Stream = ½ (Downstream Speed - Upstream Speed)
	Average Speed of Boat = {(Upstream Speed × Downstream Speed) / Boat's Speed in Still Water}
	Let Downstream Speed be 'x' and Upstream Speed be 'y' So, Speed of Boat in Still Water =1/2(x+y) Speed of Stream=1/2(x-y) Now, Speed of Boat in Still Water/ Speed of Stream=(x+y)/(x-y)
	Note-Downstream speed will be always greater than Upstream speed
Q 1. A person can swim in water with a speed of 13 km/hr in still water. If the speed of the stream is 4 km/hr, what will be the time taken by the person to go 68 km downstream?	

Answer: (3) 4 hours

2.5 hours
 3 hours
 4 hours
 3.5 hours
 4.5 hours

Solution:

BOAT AND STREAM

Downstream Speed = (13+4) km/hr = 17 km/hr

To travel 68 km downstream.

Time taken = 68/17 = 4 hours

- **Q 2.** In one hour, a boat goes 13 km/hr in the direction of the stream and 7 km/hr against the direction of the stream. What will be the speed of the boat in still water?
 - 1. 8 km/hr
 - 2. 10 km/hr
 - 3. 14 km/hr
 - 4. 6 km/hr
 - 5. Cannot Be Determined

Answer: (2) 10 km/hr

Solution:

According to the formula,

Speed of a boat in still water = ½ (DownstreamSpeed + UpstreamSpeed)

Speed of boat in still water = $\frac{1}{2}$ (13+7) = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 20 = 10 km/hr

- **Q 3.** A woman can row upstream at 16 km/hr and downstream at 26 km/hr. What is the speed of the stream?
 - 1. 5 km/hr
 - 2. 2 km/hr
 - 3. 4.5 km/hr
 - 4. 21 km/hr
 - 5. 12 km/hr

Answer: (1) 5km/hr

Solution:

According to the formula,

Speed of the stream = ½ (Downstream Speed – Upstream Speed)

Speed of the stream = $\frac{1}{2}$ (26-16) = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 10 = 5 km/hr