A comparison between the compression ratios the files as follows

Random.png	checker
11:1	427:1

## **Step 1: read and flatten the image**

BufferedImage image = ImageIO.read(new File("D:\\T7\\New folder\\data compression\\proj\\Image Files\\checker.png"));

```
int width = image.getWidth();
int height = image.getHeight();
int[] pixels = new int[width * height]; int k = 0;

for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
    for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
        int pixel = image.getRGB(x, y) & 0xFF; // Extract the blue channel, which represents intensity in grayscale
        pixels[k++] = pixel;
    }
}</pre>
```

## Step 2: compress the flattened pixels

Create dictionary of all pixels values with unique

```
HashMap<String, Integer> dictionary = new HashMap<>();
for (int i = 0; i < 256; i++) {
    dictionary.put(String.valueOf((char)i), i);
}</pre>
```

> Iterate over each pixel and concatenate it with the next pixel

```
for (int pixel : pixels)
{
   char next = (char) pixel;
   String currentPlusNext = current + next;
```

➤ If the Concatenated pixel already exist I will output nothing then update the current to current + next

➤ If the Concatenated pixel doesn't exist I will get the unique key of the current pixel to be the new output then add it to the compressed array

```
else {
    int output = dictionary.get(current);
    compressed.add( output );
```

Update the dictionary with the new concatenated pixel "currentPlusNext" then move the current to start with next

```
dictionary.put(currentPlusNext, dictSize++);
current = String.valueOf( next );
```

## **Step 3: serialize the compressed array**

## **Step 4: decompress**

Create dictionary of all pixels values with unique

Iterate over each element in the compressed array

```
for (int code : compressed) {
  String entry;
```

If the value already exists in the dictionary I will retrieve its label "entry"

```
if (dictionary.containsKey(code))
    {
       entry = dictionary.get(code);
    }
```

If the value doesn't exist this mean that the value is unknown to me "ab?" so entry will be the current + the first letter of the current

```
else if (!dictionary.containsKey(code))
     {
        entry = current + current.charAt(0);
     }
```

- add entry to the decompressed list which will be the image pixel decompressed.append(entry);
- update the dictionary with the (current and the first letter of the next) dictionary.put(dictSize++, (current + entry.charAt(0) ) );
- move the current to start with next current = entry;