

# TECY - Projekt 2

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## 1 Funkcja

Funkcja  $F(x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0)$  podana jest w postaci tabeli:

| $x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0$ | $y_1y_0$ |
|----------------------|----------|
| 100100               | 00       |
| 101110               | 01       |
| 110111               | 01       |
| 101100               | 00       |
| 001110               | 10       |
| 110100               | 10       |
| 100111               | 10       |
| 001011               | 11       |
| 001010               | 11       |

## 2 Dekompozycja 1

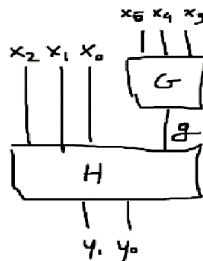
Istnieje dekompozycja  $F = H(x_2, x_1, x_0), G(x_5, x_4, x_3)$

Dekompozycja jest dla  $G=(x_5, x_4, x_3)$  i funkcja  $G$  ma postać:

| $x_5 x_4 x_3$ | $g$ |
|---------------|-----|
| 000           | -   |
| 001           | 1   |
| 010           | -   |
| 011           | -   |
| 100           | 0   |
| 101           | 0   |
| 110           | 1   |
| 111           | -   |

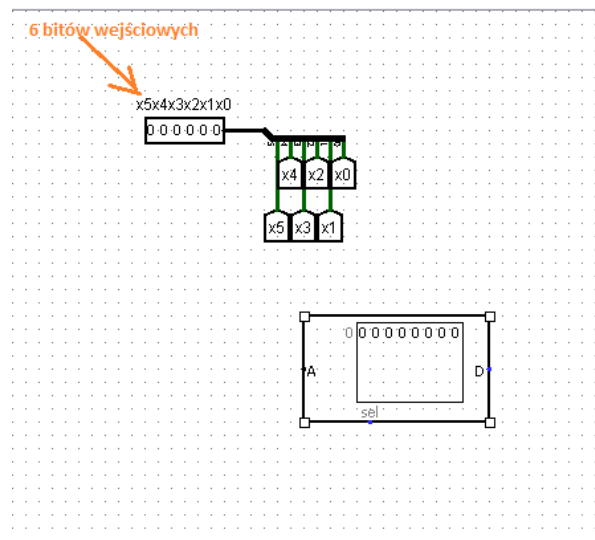
Funkcja  $H$  ma postać  $H=(x_2, x_1, x_0, g)$ :

| $x_2 x_1 x_0 / g$ | 0  | 1  |
|-------------------|----|----|
| 000               | -  | -  |
| 001               | -  | -  |
| 010               | -  | 11 |
| 011               | -  | 11 |
| 100               | 00 | 10 |
| 101               | -  | -  |
| 110               | 01 | 10 |
| 111               | 10 | 01 |

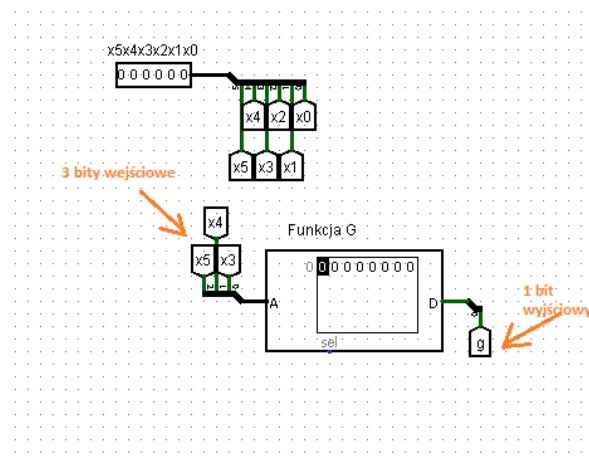


## 2.1 Realizacja w Logisim

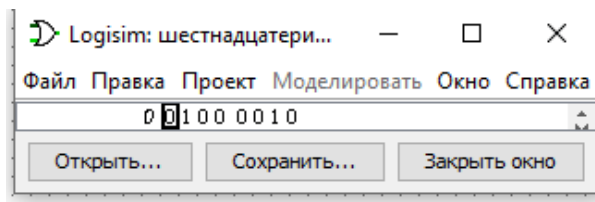
Funkcja F ma 6 bitów wejściowych i 2 wyjściowe



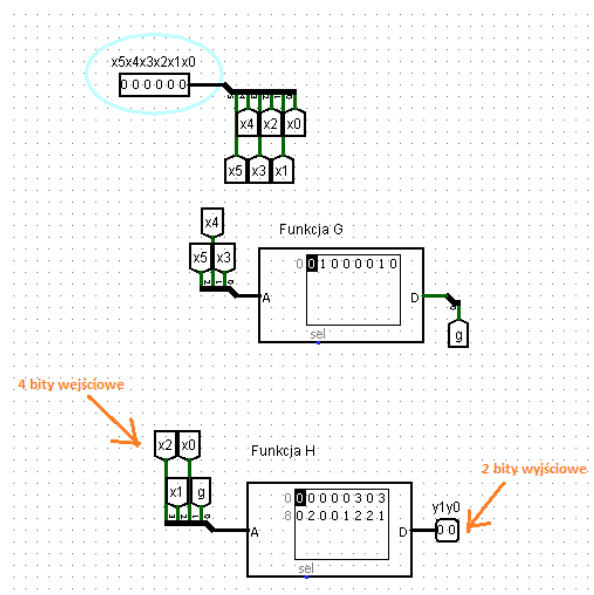
Funkcja G ma 3 bity wejściowe i 1 bit wyjściowy



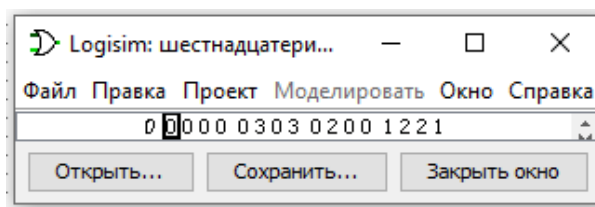
Zawartość pamięci ROM dla funkcji G



Funkcja H ma 4 bity wejściowe i 2 wyjściowe

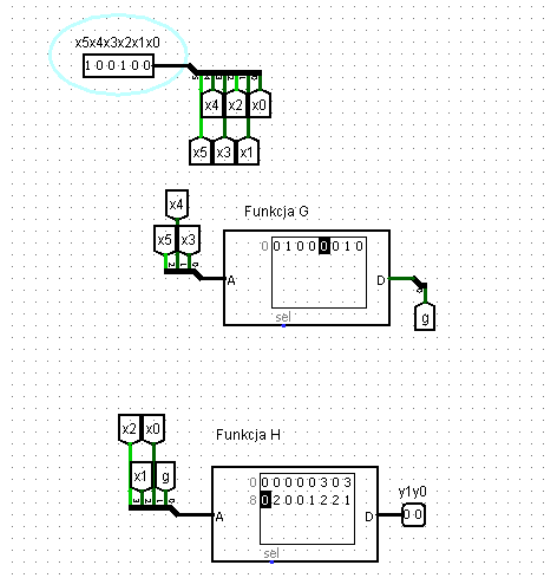


Zawartość pamięci ROM dla funkcji H

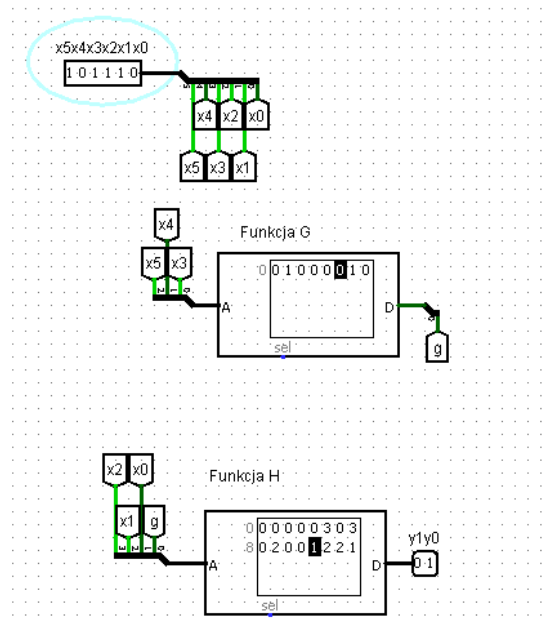


# TESTY

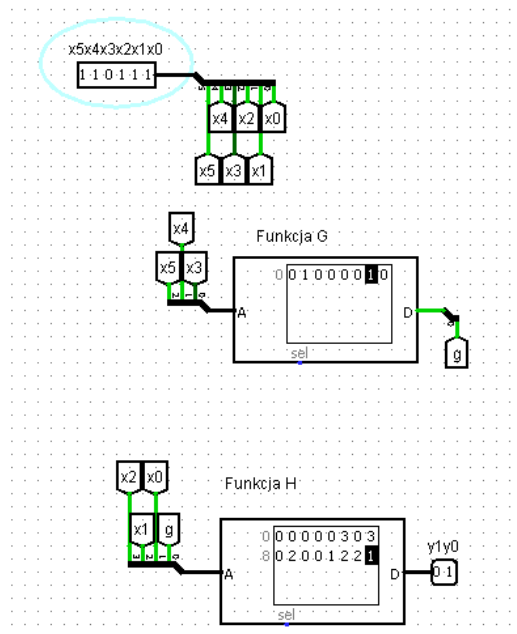
$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0=100100$$



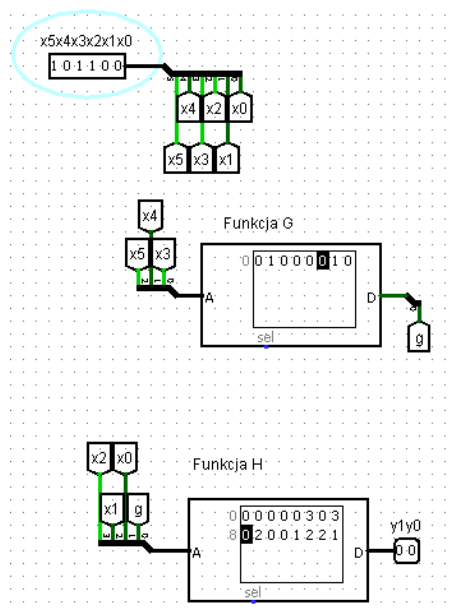
$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0=101110$$



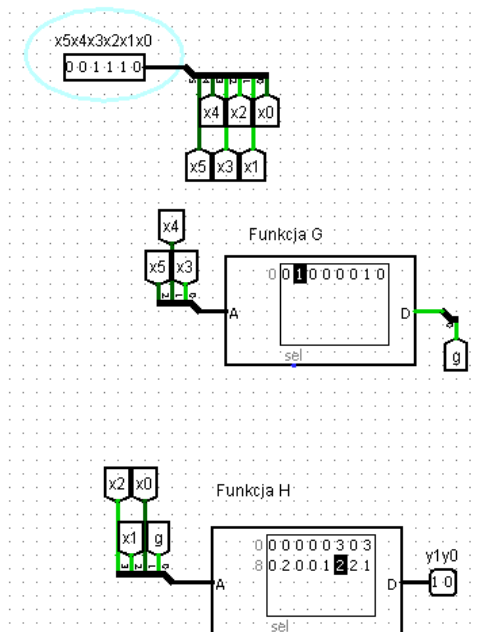
$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0=110111$$



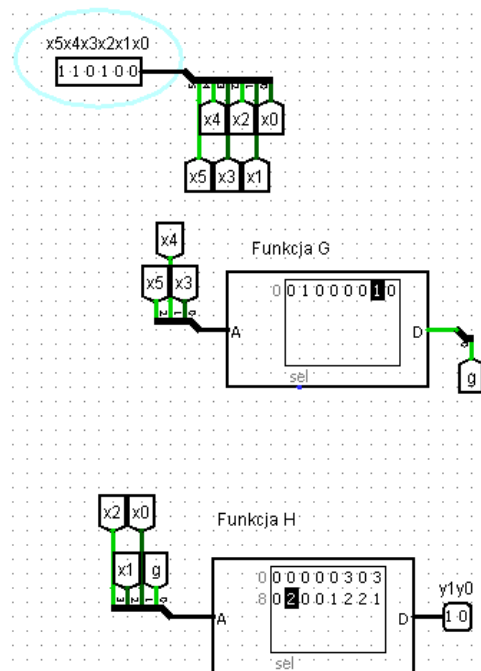
$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0=101100$$



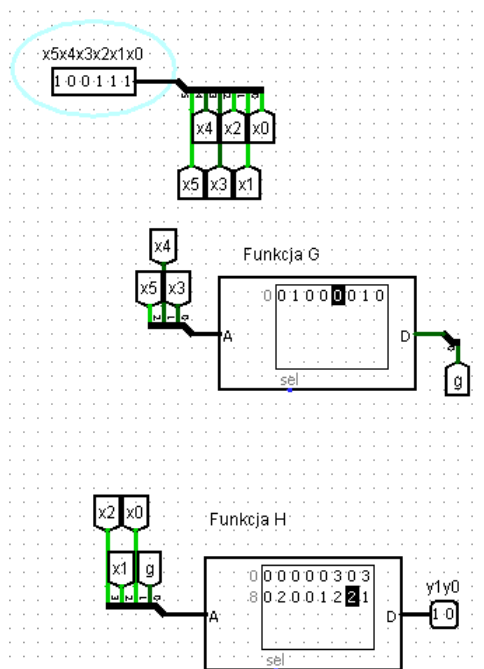
$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0=001110$$



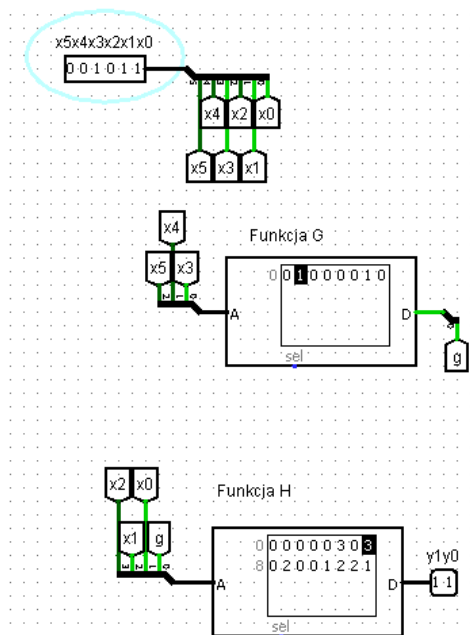
$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0=110100$$



$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_1=100111$$

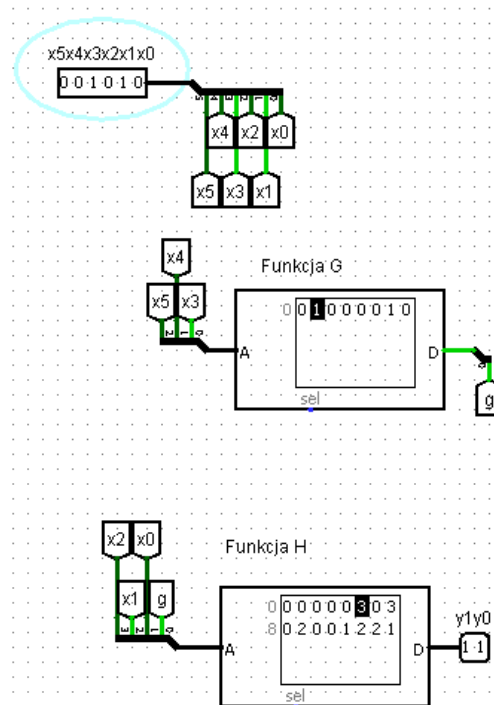


$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_1=001011$$





$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1x_0=001010$$



## 2.2 Realizacja w Quartus

Tworzymy plik Verilog HDL File o nazwie funkcja.f. Zakodujemy funkcję F. Zawartość pliku funkcja.f:

```

1 module funkcja_f
2 (
3     input x5,x4,x3,x2,x1,x0,
4     output y1,y0
5 );
6 wire g;
7
8 funkcja_g b0 (.x5(x5),.x4(x4),.x3(x3),.g(g));
9 funkcja_h b1 (.x2(x2),.x1(x1),.x0(x0),.g(g),.y1(y1),.y0(y0));
10
11 endmodule

```

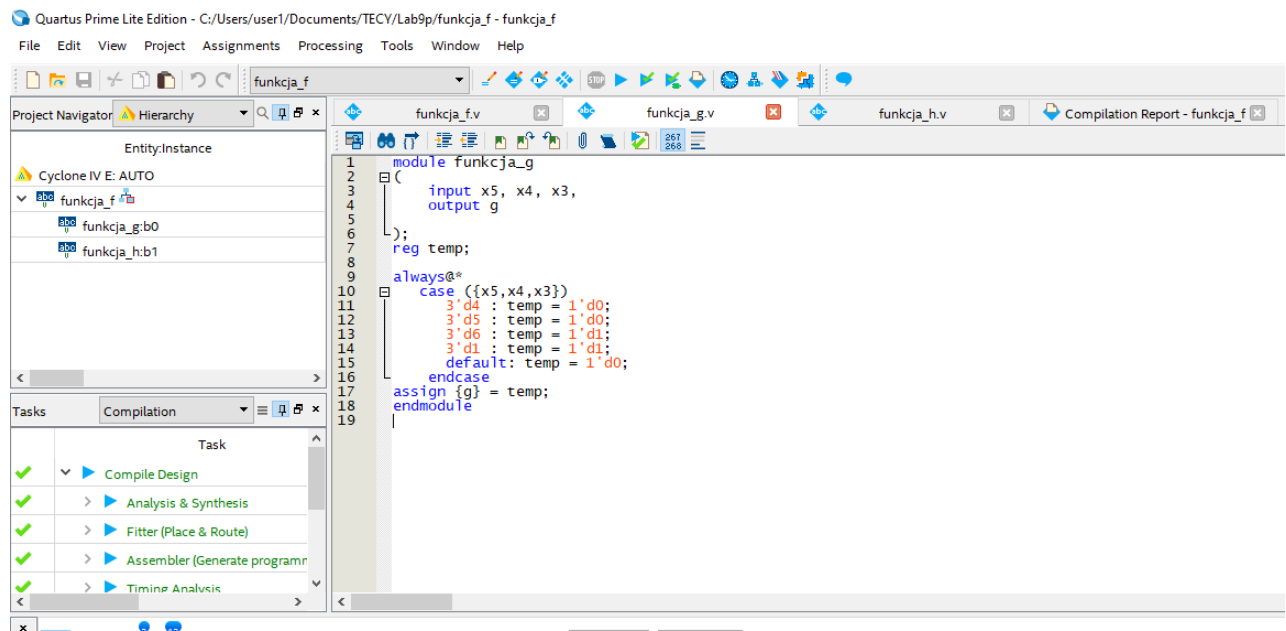
```
1 module funkcja_f
2 (
3     input x5,x4,x3,x2,x1,x0,
4     output y1,y0
5 );
6 wire g;
7
8 funkcja_g b0 (.x5(x5),.x4(x4),.x3(x3),.g(g));
9 funkcja_h b1 (.x2(x2),.x1(x1),.x0(x0),.g(g),.y1(y1),.y0(y0));
10
11 endmodule
12
```

Eind... Find Next

```
*****
ime EDA Netlist Writer
da --read_settings_files=off --write_settings_files=off funkcja_f -c funkcja_f
rs has not been specified which may cause overloading on shared machines. Set the global assignment NUM_PARALLEL_PROCESSES
kcja_f.vo in folder "C:/users/user1/documents/TECY/Lab9p/simulation/modelsim/" for EDA simulation tool
Netlist Writer was successful. 0 errors, 1 warning
Compilation was successful. 0 errors, 14 warnings
*****
ime Netlist Viewers Preprocess
pp funkcja_f -c funkcja_f --netlist_type=sgate
```

Tworzymy nowy plik Verilog HDL File o nazwie funkcja\_g. Zakodujemy funkcję G.  
Zawartość pliku funkcja\_g:

```
1 module funkcja_g
2 (
3     input x5, x4, x3,
4     output g
5 );
6
7 reg temp;
8
9 always@*
10     case ({x5,x4,x3})
11         3'd4 : temp = 1'd0;
12         3'd5 : temp = 1'd0;
13         3'd6 : temp = 1'd1;
14         3'd1 : temp = 1'd1;
15         default: temp = 1'd0;
16     endcase
17 assign {g} = temp;
18 endmodule
```



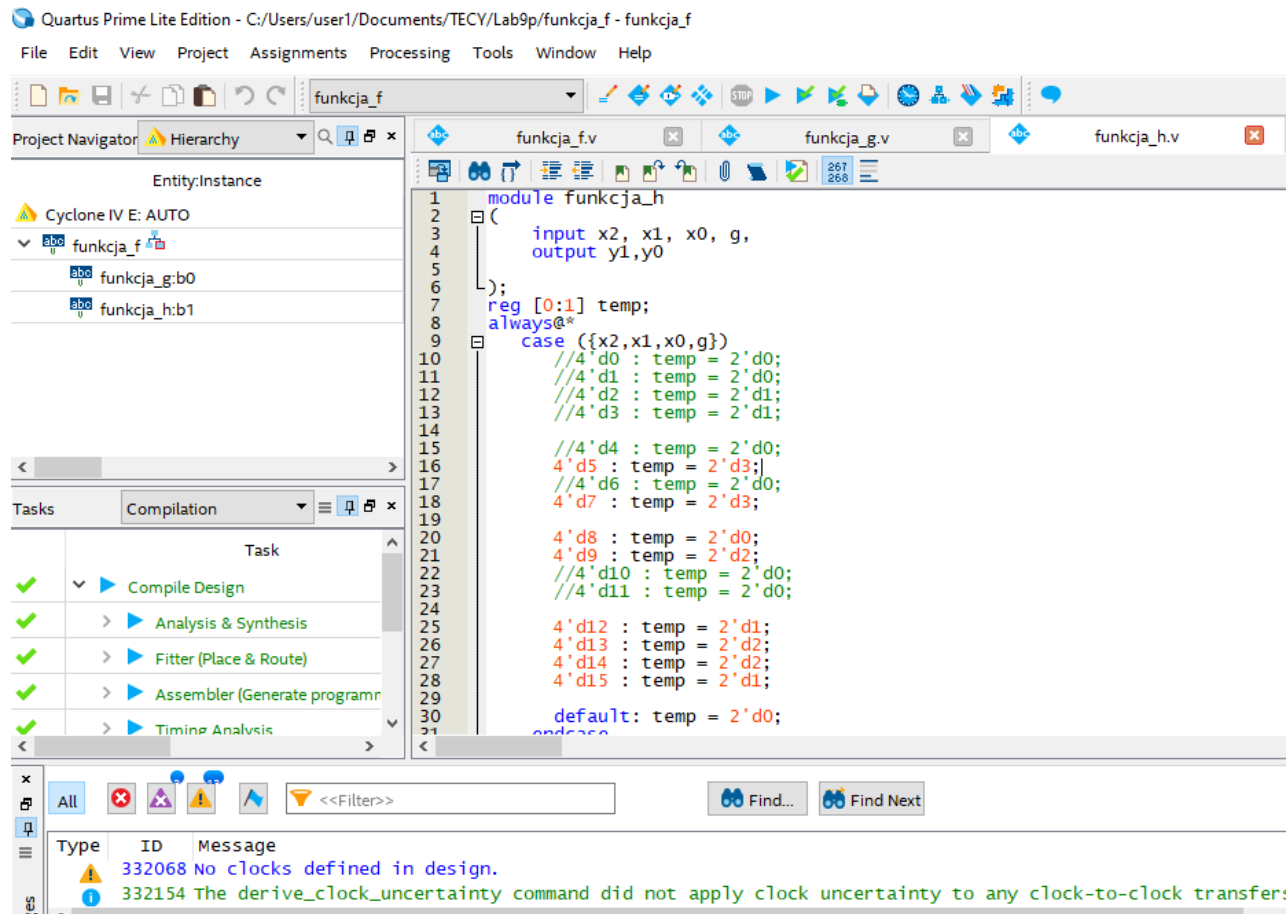
Tworzymy nowy plik Verilog HDL File o nazwie funkcja\_h. Zakodujemy funkcję H.

Zawartość pliku funkcja\_h:

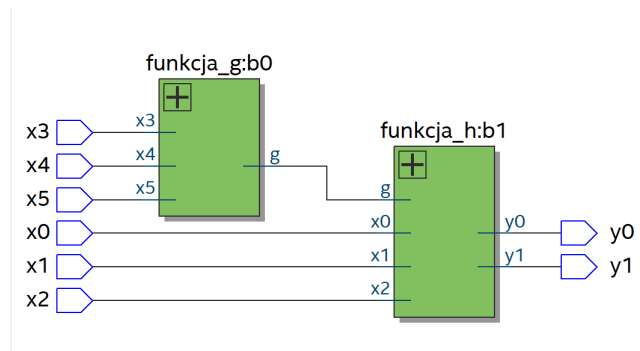
```

1 module funkcja_h
2 (
3     input x2, x1, x0, g,
4     output y1,y0
5 );
6
7 reg [0:1] temp;
8 always@*
9     case ({x2,x1,x0,g})
10         //4'd0 : temp = 2'd0;
11         //4'd1 : temp = 2'd0;
12         //4'd2 : temp = 2'd1;
13         //4'd3 : temp = 2'd1;
14
15         //4'd4 : temp = 2'd0;
16         4'd5 : temp = 2'd3;
17         //4'd6 : temp = 2'd0;
18         4'd7 : temp = 2'd3;
19
20         4'd8 : temp = 2'd0;
21         4'd9 : temp = 2'd2;
22         //4'd10 : temp = 2'd0;
23         //4'd11 : temp = 2'd0;
24
25         4'd12 : temp = 2'd1;
26         4'd13 : temp = 2'd2;
27         4'd14 : temp = 2'd2;
28         4'd15 : temp = 2'd1;
29         default: temp = 2'd0;
30     endcase
31 assign {y1,y0} = temp;
32 endmodule

```



## STRUKTURA



## Compilation Report

File Edit View Project Assignments Processing Tools Window Help

funkcja\_f

Project Navigator Hierarchy

Entity Instance

- Cyclone IV E: AUTO
  - funkcja\_f
    - funkcja\_g\_b0
    - funkcja\_h\_b1

Tasks

Compilation

Task

- Compile Design
- Analysis & Synthesis

Table of Contents

- Flow Summary
- Flow Settings
- Flow Non-Default Global Settings
- Flow Elapsed Time
- Flow OS Summary
- Flow Log
- Analysis & Synthesis
- Fitter
- Assembler

Flow Summary

<<Filter>>

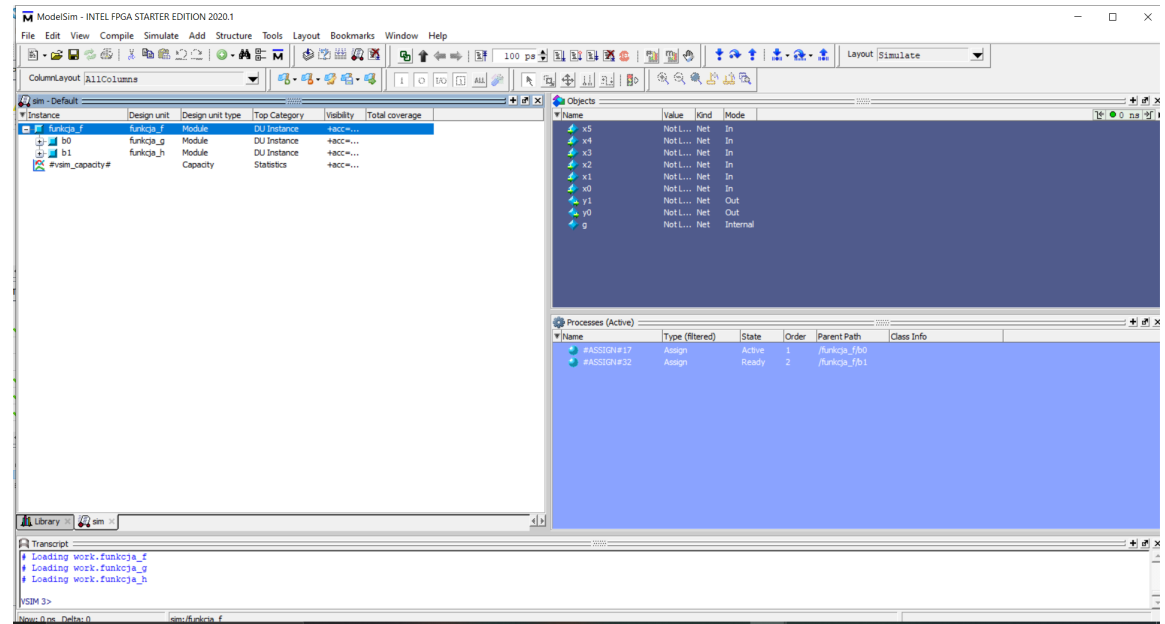
|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Flow Status           | Successful - Thu Dec 17 16:32:41 2020       |
| Quartus Prime Version | 20.1.1 Build 720 11/11/2020 SJ Lite Edition |
| Revision Name         | funkcja_f                                   |
| Top-level Entity Name | funkcja_f                                   |
| Family                | Cyclone IV E                                |
| Total logic elements  | 2 / 6,272 (< 1 %)                           |
| Total registers       | 0   |
| Total pins            | 8 / 92 (9 %)                                |
| Total virtual pins    | 0   |

All <<Filter>> Find... Find Next

| Type | ID     | Message   |
|------|--------|---|
| 1    | 332140 | No Removal paths to report  |
| 1    | 332140 | No Minimum Pulse width paths to report  |
| 1    | 332102 | Design is not fully constrained for setup requirements  |
| 1    | 332102 | Design is not fully constrained for hold requirements   |
| >    | 1      | Quartus Prime Timing Analyzer was successful. 0 errors, 5 warnings  |
|      |        | *****   |
| >    | 1      | Running quartus Prime EDA Netlist Writer  |
|      |        | Command: quartus_eda --read_settings_files=off --write_settings_files=off funkcja_f -c funkcja_f  |
| !    | 18236  | Number of processors has not been specified which may cause overloading on shared machines. Set the global assignment NUM_PARALLEL_PROCESSES to the number of processors. |
| !    | 204019 | Generated file funkcja_f.vo in folder "c:/users/user1/Documents/TECY/Lab9p/simulation/modelsim/" for EDA simulation tool  |
| >    | 1      | Quartus Prime EDA Netlist writer was successful. 0 errors, 1 warning  |
| 1    | 293000 | Quartus Prime Full compilation was successful. 0 errors, 19 warnings  |

## 2.3 Weryfikacja w ModelSim

Przeprowadzamy symulację w ModelSim.



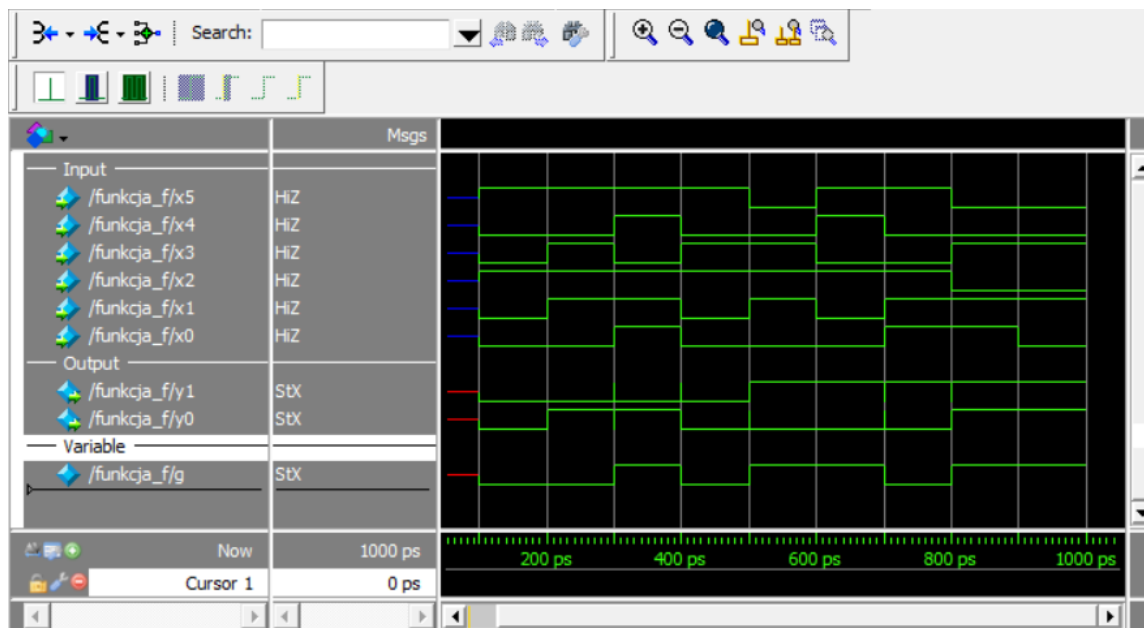
Rysunek 1: Widok okna ModelSim

Sprawdzamy poprawność wyników dla wejść podanych w tabeli prawdy funkcji F.

Zawartość pliku testującego test.f.do:

| Ln# |                        |
|-----|------------------------|
| 1   | restart -nowave -force |
| 2   | add wave *             |
| 3   | run                    |
| 4   | # 36: 100100           |
| 5   | force x5 1 0           |
| 6   | force x4 0 0           |
| 7   | force x3 0 0           |
| 8   | force x2 1 0           |
| 9   | force x1 0 0           |
| 10  | force x0 0 0           |
| 11  | run                    |
| 12  | # 46: 101110           |
| 13  | force x5 1 0           |
| 14  | force x4 0 0           |
| 15  | force x3 1 0           |
| 16  | force x2 1 0           |
| 17  | force x1 1 0           |
| 18  | force x0 0 0           |
| 19  | run                    |
| 20  | # 55: 110111           |
| 21  | force x5 1 0           |
| 22  | force x4 1 0           |
| 23  | force x3 0 0           |
| 24  | force x2 1 0           |
| 25  | force x1 1 0           |
| 26  | force x0 1 0           |
| 27  | run                    |
| 28  | #44: 101100            |
| 29  | force x5 1 0           |
| 30  | force x4 0 0           |
| 31  | force x3 1 0           |
| 32  | force x2 1 0           |
| 33  | force x1 0 0           |
| 34  | force x0 0 0           |
| 35  | run                    |
| 36  | # 14: 001110           |
| 37  | force x5 0 0           |
| 38  | force x4 0 0           |
| 39  | force x3 1 0           |
| 40  | force x2 1 0           |
| 41  | force x1 1 0           |
| 42  | force x0 0 0           |
| 43  | run                    |
| 44  | # 52: 110100           |
| 45  | force x5 1 0           |
| 46  | force x4 1 0           |
| 47  | force x3 0 0           |
| 48  | force x2 1 0           |
| 49  | force x1 0 0           |
| 50  | force x0 0 0           |
| 51  | run                    |
| 52  | # 39: 100111           |
| 53  | force x5 1 0           |
| 54  | force x4 0 0           |
| 55  | force x3 0 0           |
| 56  | force x2 1 0           |
| 57  | force x1 1 0           |
| 58  | force x0 1 0           |
| 59  | run                    |
| 60  | # 11: 001011           |
| 61  | force x5 0 0           |
| 62  | force x4 0 0           |
| 63  | force x3 1 0           |
| 64  | force x2 0 0           |
| 65  | force x1 1 0           |
| 66  | force x0 1 0           |
| 67  | run                    |
| 68  | # 10: 001010           |
| 69  | force x5 0 0           |
| 70  | force x4 0 0           |
| 71  | force x3 1 0           |
| 72  | force x2 0 0           |
| 73  | force x1 1 0           |
| 74  | force x0 0 0           |
| 75  | run                    |

Widok okna Wave po wykonaniu przez ModelSim polecenia >do test.f.do:



Na podstawie otrzymanych sygnałów zapiszemy tabelę:

| $x_5$ | $x_4$ | $x_3$ | $x_2$ | $x_1$ | $x_0$ | $y_1$ | $y_0$ |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     |
| 1     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 1     |
| 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| 0     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     |
| 1     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     |
| 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 0     |
| 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     |
| 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     |

Powstała tabela zgadza się z podaną w treści zadania tabelą funkcji F.

### 3 Dekompozycja 3

Istnieje też dekompozycja  $F = H(G_1(x_4, x_2, x_1), G(x_5, x_4, x_3), x_0)$   
funkcja G ma postać:



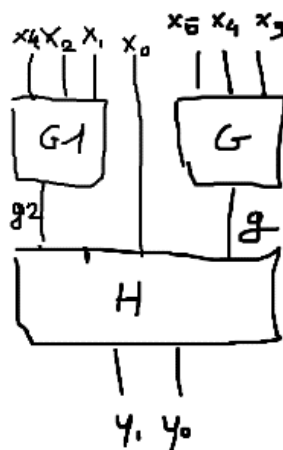
| x5x4x3 | g |
|--------|---|
| 000    | - |
| 001    | 1 |
| 010    | - |
| 011    | - |
| 100    | 0 |
| 101    | 0 |
| 110    | 1 |
| 111    | - |

Funkcja G1 ma postać:

| x4x2x1 | g2 |
|--------|----|
| 000    | -  |
| 001    | 0  |
| 010    | 0  |
| 011    | 1  |
| 100    | -  |
| 101    | -  |
| 110    | 1  |
| 111    | 1  |

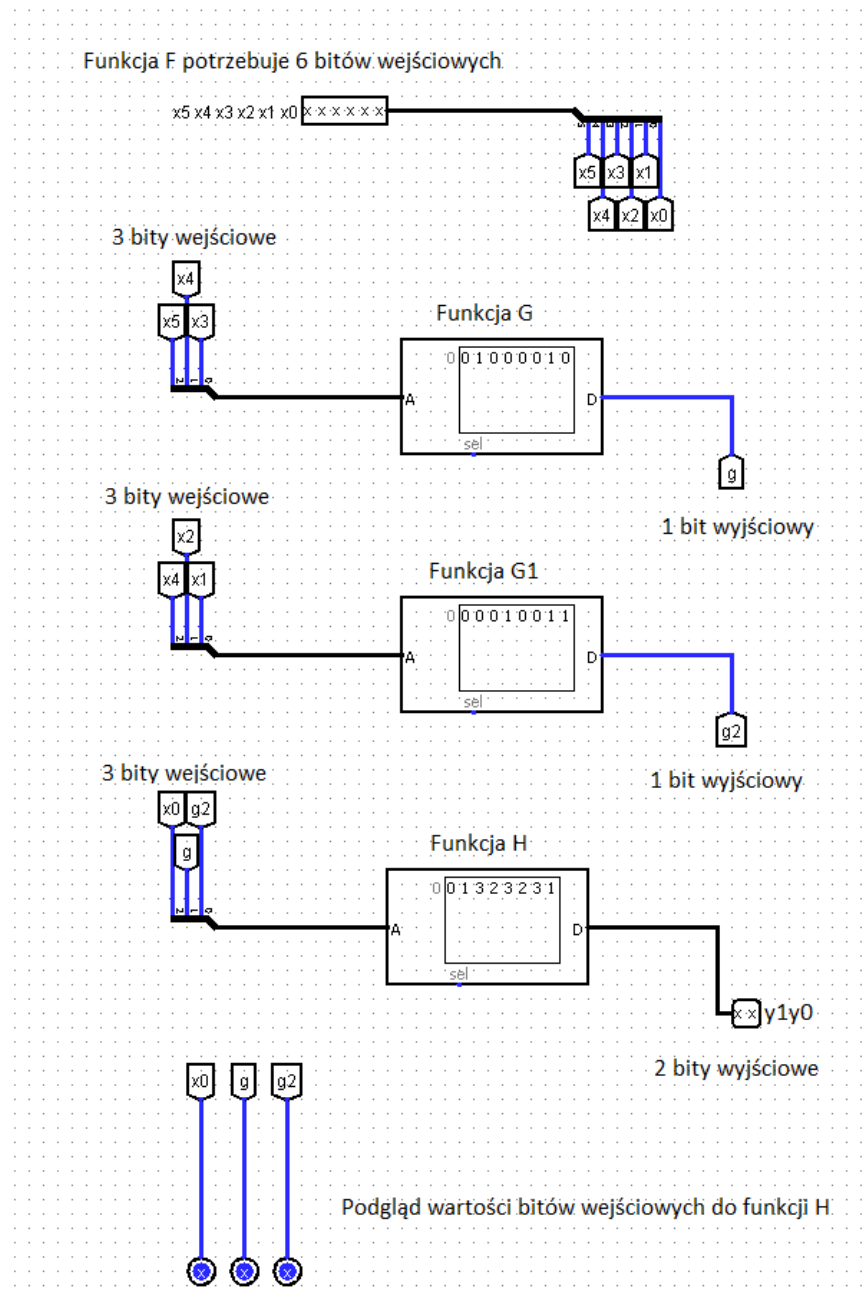
Funkcja H ma postać:

| x0 g/g2 | 0  | 1  |
|---------|----|----|
| 00      | 00 | 01 |
| 01      | 11 | 10 |
| 10      | 11 | 10 |
| 11      | 11 | 01 |

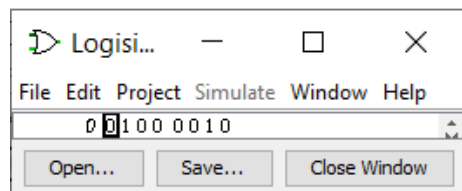


### 3.1 Realizacja w Logisim

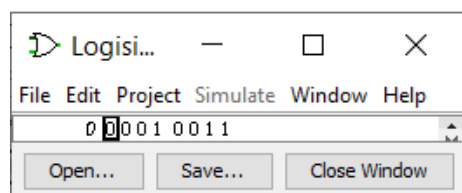
Funkcja F ma 6 bitów wejściowych i 2 wyjściowe



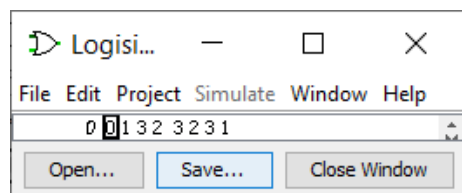
Zawartość pamięci ROM dla funkcji G



Zawartość pamięci ROM dla funkcji G1

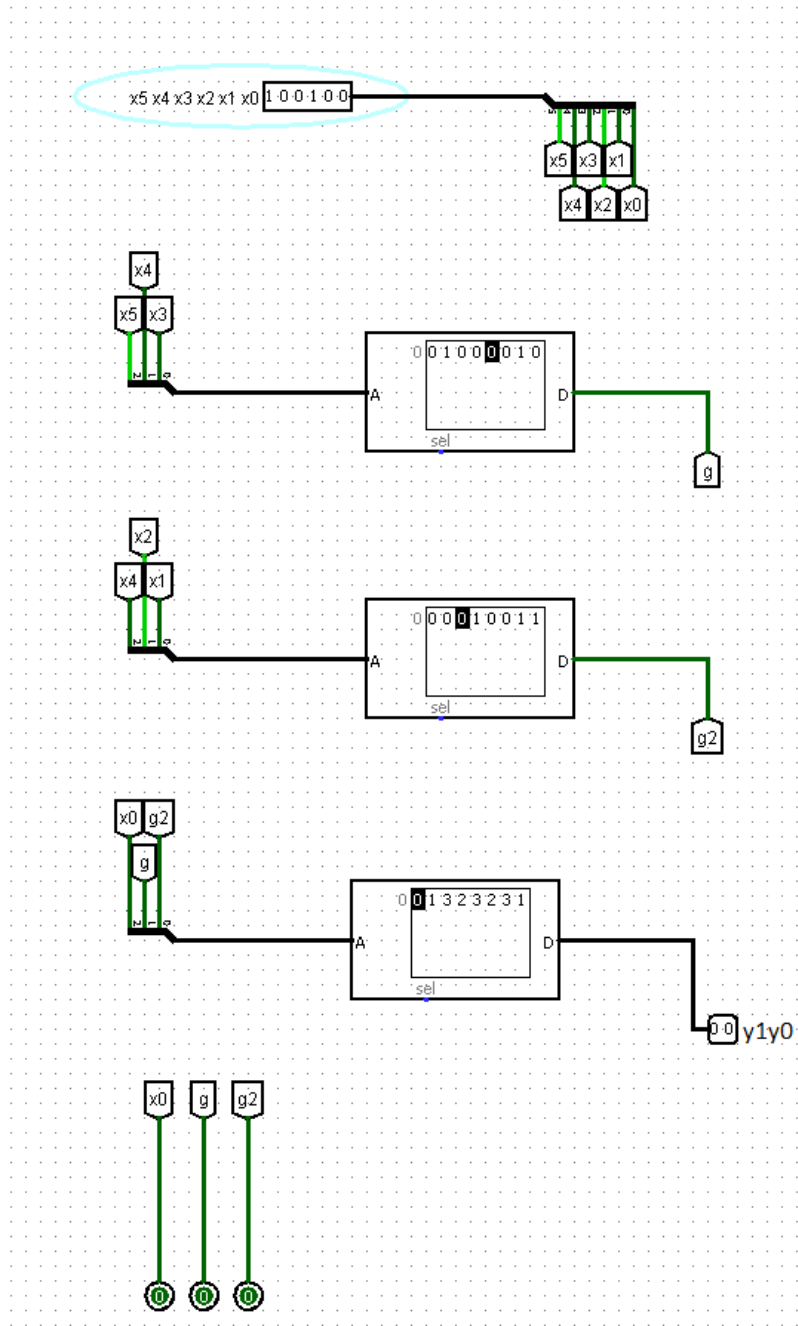


Zawartość pamięci ROM dla funkcji H

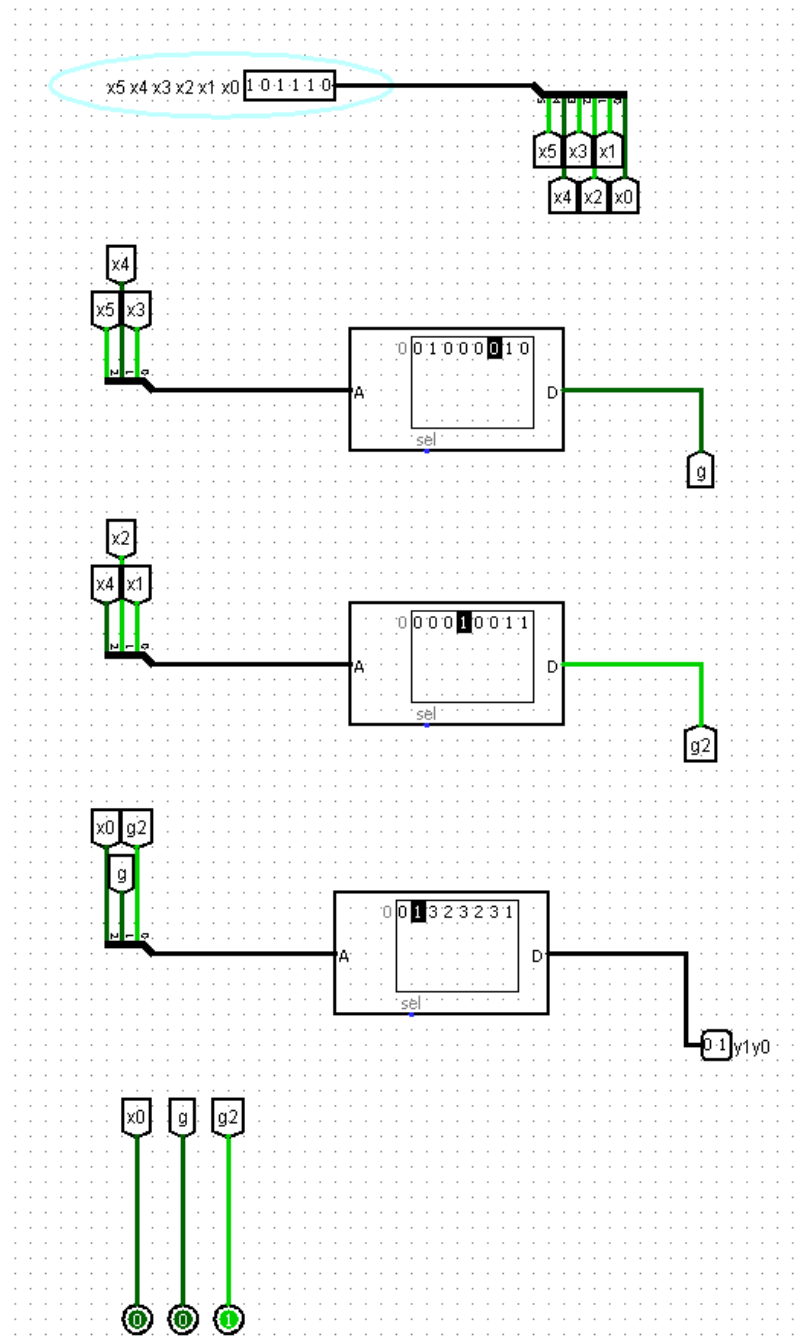


TESTY

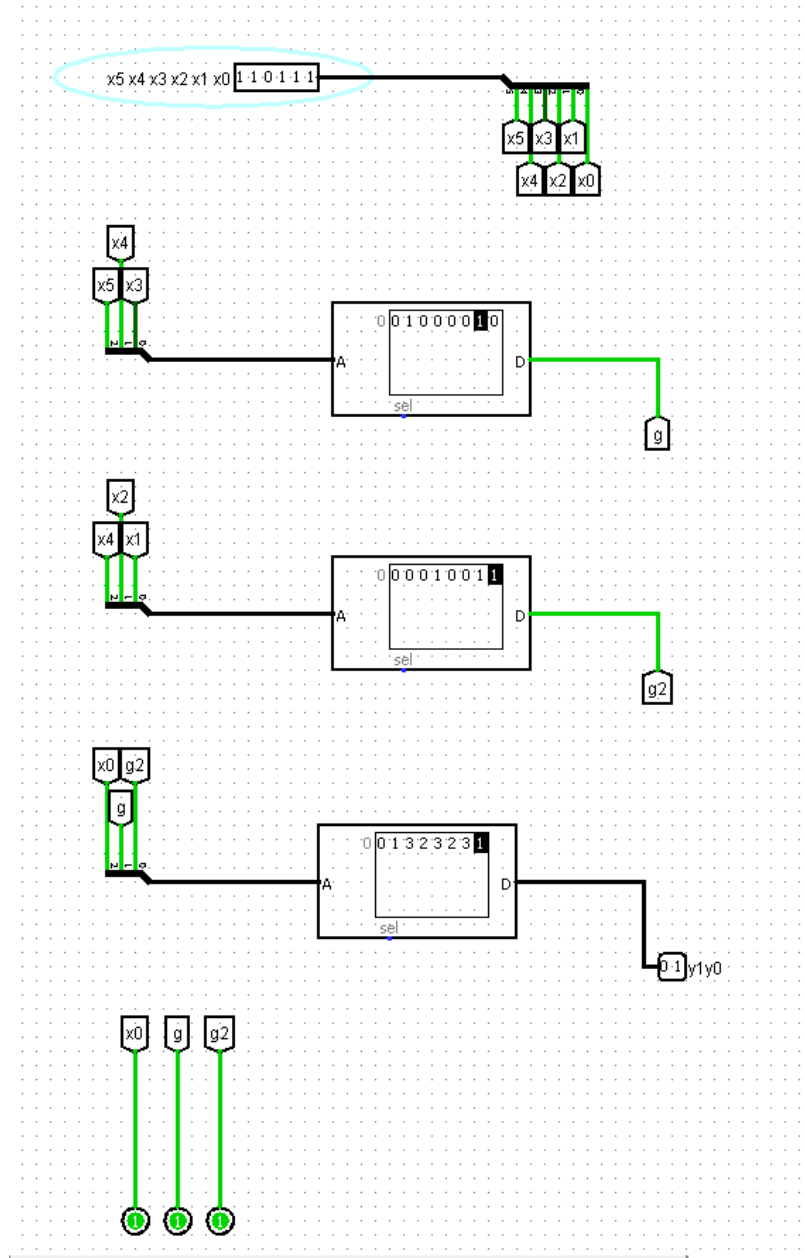
5x4x3x2x1=100100



$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1=101110$$

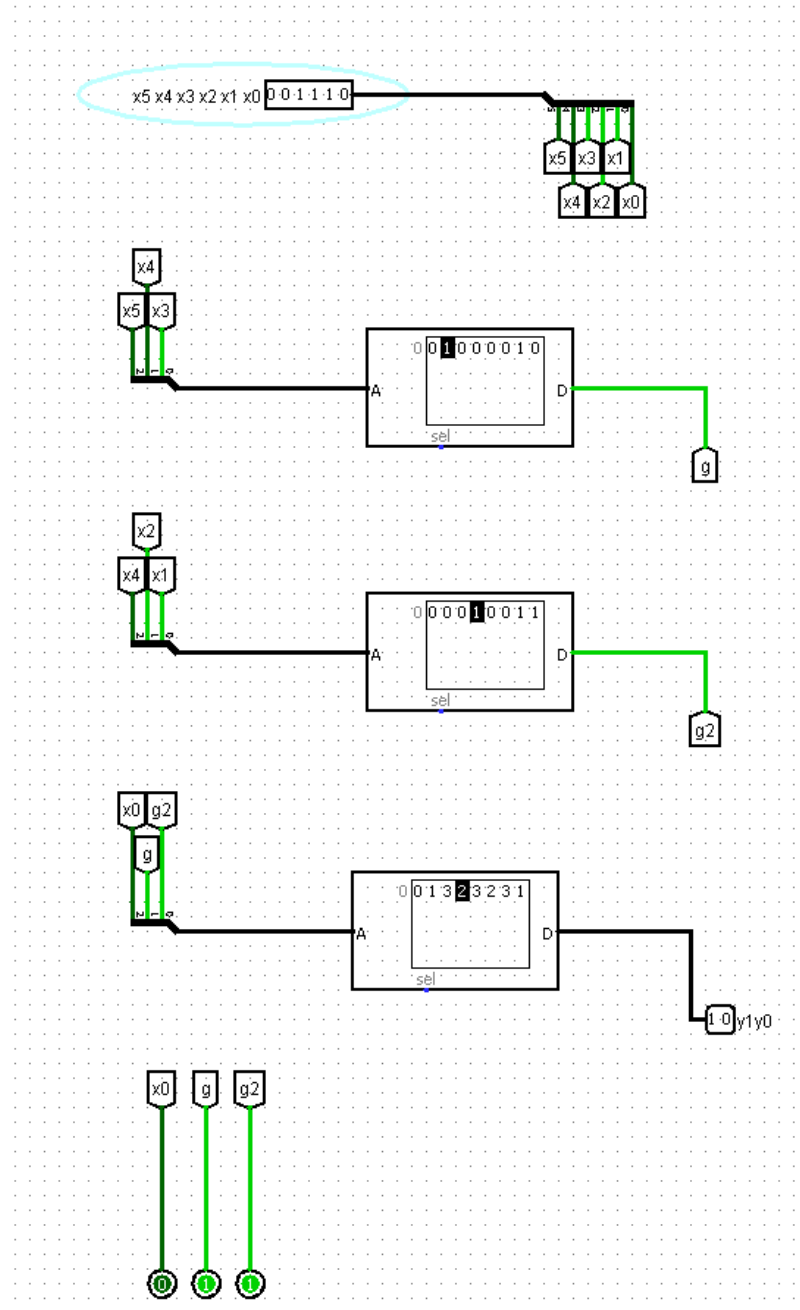


$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1=110111$$



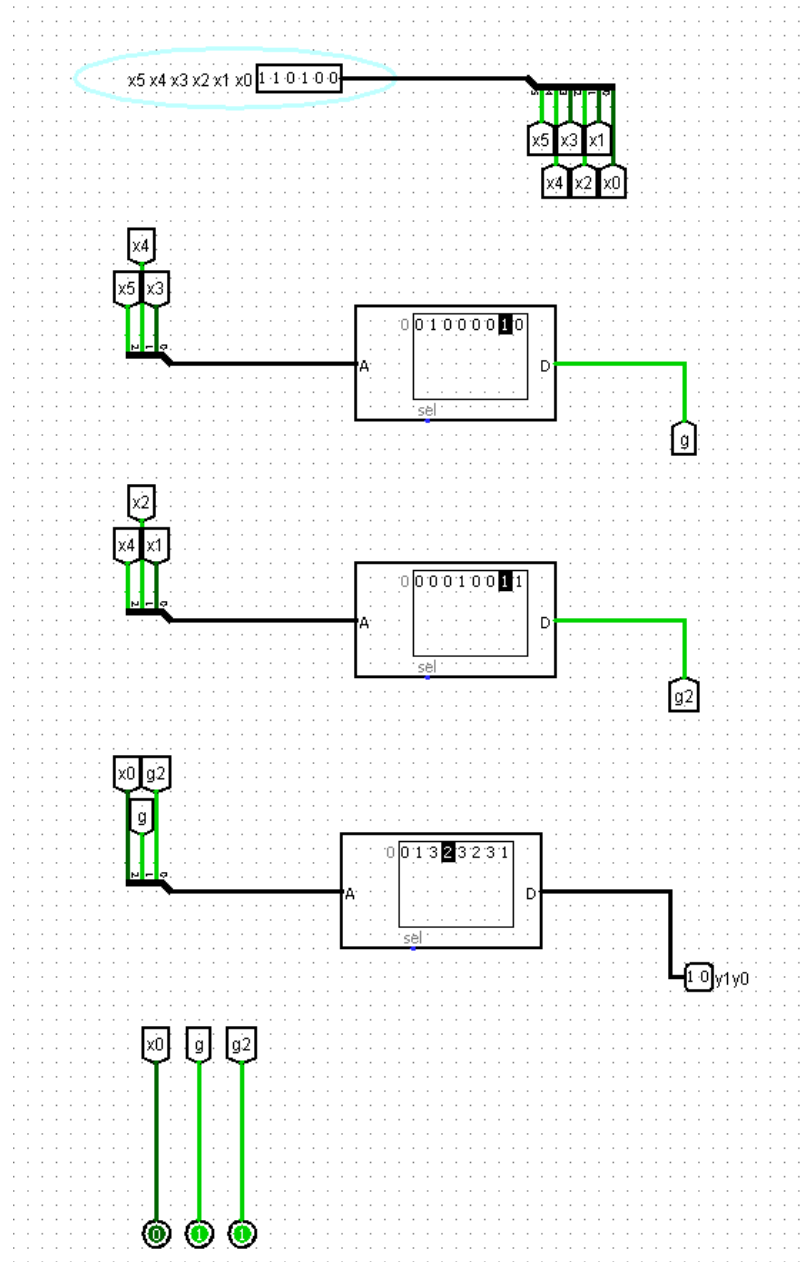


$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1=001110$$

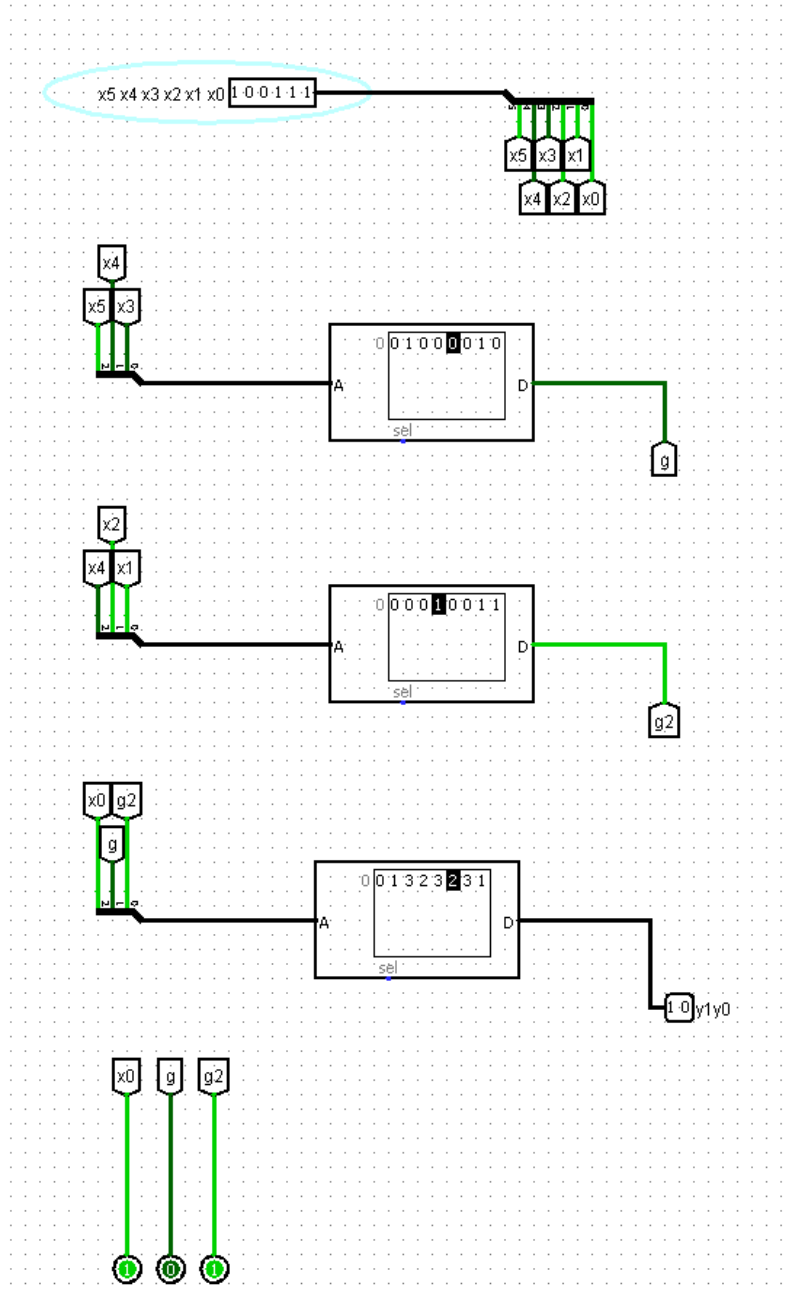




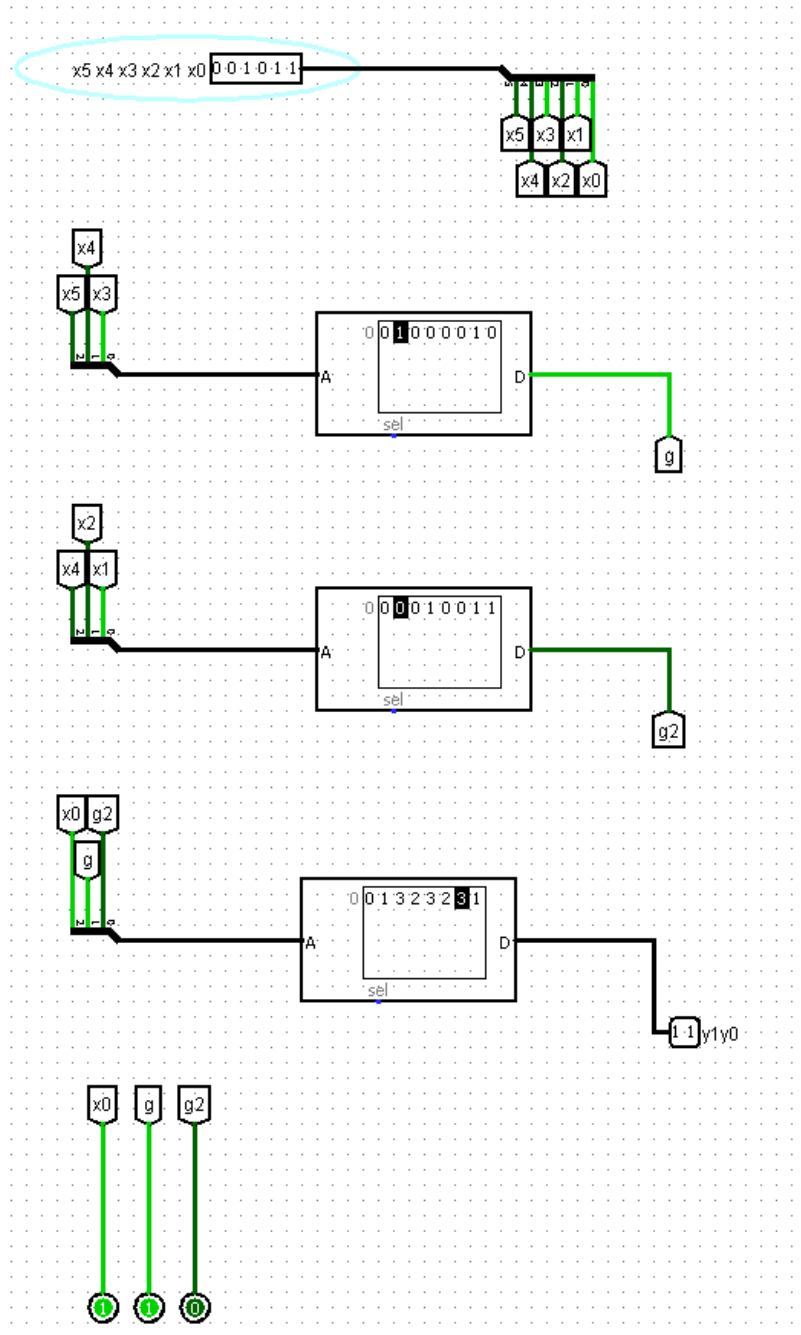
$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1=110100$$



$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1=100111$$



$$x_5x_4x_3x_2x_1=001011$$



## 3.2 Realizacja w Quartus

Tworzymy plik Verilog HDL File o nazwie funkcja\_F. Zakodujemy funkcję F. Zawartość pliku funkcja\_f1:

```
1 module funkcja_F
2 (
3     input  x5,x4,x3,x2,x1,x0,
4     output y1,y0
5 );
6 wire g,g2;
7
8 funkcja_G b0 (.x5(x5),.x4(x4),.x3(x3),.g(g));
9 funkcja_G1 b1 (.x4(x4),.x2(x2),.x1(x1),.g2(g2));
10 funkcja_H b2 (.x0(x0),.g(g),.g2(g2),.y1(y1),.y0(y0));
11
12 endmodule
```

Tworzymy nowy plik Verilog HDL File o nazwie funkcja\_G. Zakodujemy funkcję G

Zawartość pliku funkcja\_G:

```
1 module funkcja_G
2 (
3     input  x5, x4, x3,
4     output g
5 );
6 );
7 reg temp;
8
9 always@*
10     case ({x5,x4,x3})
11         3'd4 : temp = 1'd0;
12         3'd5 : temp = 1'd0;
13         3'd6 : temp = 1'd1;
14         3'd1 : temp = 1'd1;
15         default: temp = 1'd0;
16     endcase
17 assign {g} = temp;
18 endmodule
```

Tworzymy nowy plik Verilog HDL File o nazwie funkcja\_G1. Zakodujemy funkcję G1.

Zawartość pliku funkcja\_G1:

```
1 module funkcja_G1
2 (
3     input  x4, x2, x1,
4     output g2
5 );
6 );
7 reg temp;
8
9 always@*
10     case ({x4,x2,x1})
11         3'd1 : temp = 1'd0;
12         3'd2 : temp = 1'd0;
13         3'd3 : temp = 1'd1;
14         3'd6 : temp = 1'd1;
15         3'd7 : temp = 1'd1;
16         default: temp = 1'd0;
17     endcase
18 assign {g2} = temp;
19 endmodule
```

Tworzymy nowy plik Verilog HDL File o nazwie funkcja\_H. Zakodujemy funkcję H.

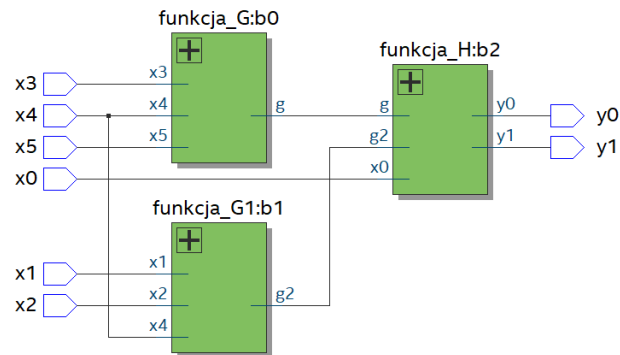
Zawartość pliku funkcja\_H:

```

1 module funkcja_H
2 (
3     input x0, g, g2,
4     output y1,y0
5 );
6
7 reg [0:1] temp;
8 always@*
9     case ({x0, g, g2})
10         3'd0 : temp = 2'd0;
11         3'd1 : temp = 2'd1;
12         3'd2 : temp = 2'd3;
13         3'd3 : temp = 2'd2;
14
15         3'd4 : temp = 2'd3;
16         3'd5 : temp = 2'd2;
17         3'd6 : temp = 2'd3;
18         3'd7 : temp = 2'd1;
19         default: temp = 2'd0;
20     endcase
21 assign {y1,y0} = temp;
22 endmodule

```

## STRUKTURA

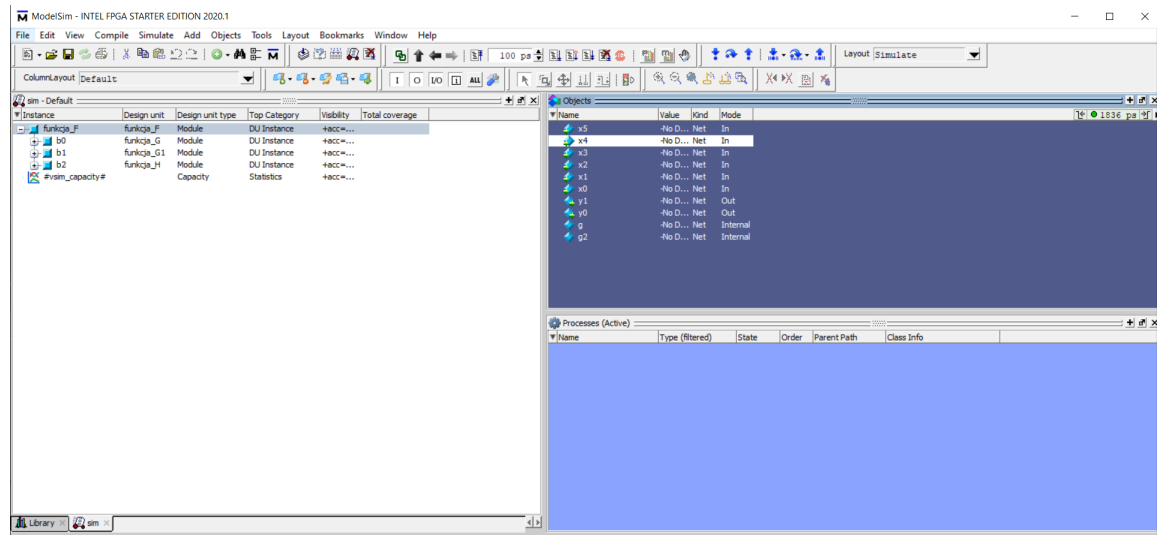


## Compilation Report

|                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Flow Status                        | Successful - Sun Jan 03 11:24:18 2021       |
| Quartus Prime Version              | 20.1.1 Build 720 11/11/2020 SJ Lite Edition |
| Revision Name                      | funkcja_F                                   |
| Top-level Entity Name              | funkcja_F                                   |
| Family                             | Cyclone IV E                                |
| Device                             | EP4CE115F29C7                               |
| Timing Models                      | Final                                       |
| Total logic elements               | 4 / 114,480 ( < 1 % )                       |
| Total registers                    | 0   |
| Total pins                         | 8 / 529 ( 2 % )                             |
| Total virtual pins                 | 0   |
| Total memory bits                  | 0 / 3,981,312 ( 0 % )                       |
| Embedded Multiplier 9-bit elements | 0 / 532 ( 0 % )                             |
| Total PLLs                         | 0 / 4 ( 0 % )                               |

### 3.3 Weryfikacja w ModelSim

Przeprowadzamy symulację w ModelSim.



Rysunek 2: Widok okna ModelSim

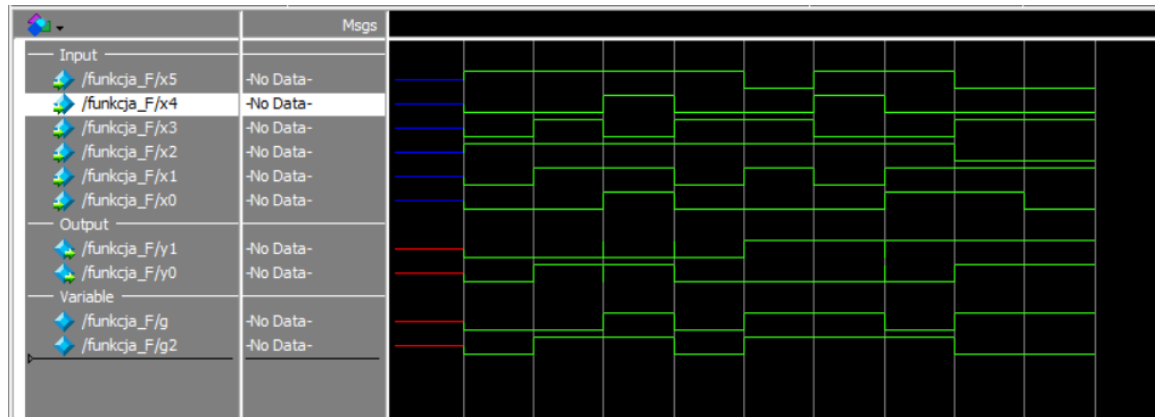
Sprawdzamy poprawność wyników dla wejść podanych w tabeli prawdy funkcji F.

Zawartość pliku testującego test.f.do:

| Ln# |                        |
|-----|------------------------|
| 1   | restart -nowave -force |
| 2   | add wave *             |
| 3   | run                    |
| 4   | # 36: 100100           |
| 5   | force x5 1 0           |
| 6   | force x4 0 0           |
| 7   | force x3 0 0           |
| 8   | force x2 1 0           |
| 9   | force x1 0 0           |
| 10  | force x0 0 0           |
| 11  | run                    |
| 12  | # 46: 101110           |
| 13  | force x5 1 0           |
| 14  | force x4 0 0           |
| 15  | force x3 1 0           |
| 16  | force x2 1 0           |
| 17  | force x1 1 0           |
| 18  | force x0 0 0           |
| 19  | run                    |
| 20  | # 55: 110111           |
| 21  | force x5 1 0           |
| 22  | force x4 1 0           |
| 23  | force x3 0 0           |
| 24  | force x2 1 0           |
| 25  | force x1 1 0           |
| 26  | force x0 1 0           |
| 27  | run                    |
| 28  | #44: 101100            |
| 29  | force x5 1 0           |
| 30  | force x4 0 0           |
| 31  | force x3 1 0           |
| 32  | force x2 1 0           |
| 33  | force x1 0 0           |
| 34  | force x0 0 0           |
| 35  | run                    |
| 36  | # 14: 001110           |
| 37  | force x5 0 0           |
| 38  | force x4 0 0           |
| 39  | force x3 1 0           |
| 40  | force x2 1 0           |
| 41  | force x1 1 0           |
| 42  | force x0 0 0           |
| 43  | run                    |
| 44  | # 52: 110100           |
| 45  | force x5 1 0           |
| 46  | force x4 1 0           |
| 47  | force x3 0 0           |
| 48  | force x2 1 0           |
| 49  | force x1 0 0           |
| 50  | force x0 0 0           |
| 51  | run                    |
| 52  | # 39: 100111           |
| 53  | force x5 1 0           |
| 54  | force x4 0 0           |
| 55  | force x3 0 0           |
| 56  | force x2 1 0           |
| 57  | force x1 1 0           |
| 58  | force x0 1 0           |
| 59  | run                    |
| 60  | # 11: 001011           |
| 61  | force x5 0 0           |
| 62  | force x4 0 0           |
| 63  | force x3 1 0           |
| 64  | force x2 0 0           |
| 65  | force x1 1 0           |
| 66  | force x0 1 0           |
| 67  | run                    |
| 68  | # 10: 001010           |
| 69  | force x5 0 0           |
| 70  | force x4 0 0           |
| 71  | force x3 1 0           |
| 72  | force x2 0 0           |
| 73  | force x1 1 0           |
| 74  | force x0 0 0           |
| 75  | run                    |



Widok okna Wave po wykonaniu przez ModelSim polecenia >do test.f.do:



Na podstawie otrzymanych sygnałów zapiszemy tabelę:

| $x_5$ | $x_4$ | $x_3$ | $x_2$ | $x_1$ | $x_0$ | $y_1$ | $y_0$ |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     |
| 1     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 1     |
| 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| 0     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     |
| 1     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     |
| 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 0     |
| 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     |
| 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     |

Powstała tabela zgadza się z podaną w treści zadania tabelą funkcji F.