

Q1: Identify the network address and subnet mask for the IP Address 192.168.1.0

-> Given IP Address is 192.168.1.0

-> The subnet mask is 255.255.255.0 (as it belongs to class C)

In binary form:

11111111.11111111.11111111.00000000

In this the first 24 bits represent the network part & last 8 bits represent host part

Q2: Create 4 subnets:

-> To create 4 subnets we need to borrow two bits from the host part.

$2^2=4$

So the new subnet mask is 255.255.255.192

Binary form: 11111111.11111111.11111111.11000000

-> 26 bits for the network part & 6 bits for host part

Total no of subnet 4

Combining 2 or more subnet will give us the Supernet

Total no of usable IP address in each subnet is 64-2 because 1 address is for network and 1 for broadcast.

$64-2=62$ IP address are usable

CIDR format = Class Inter Domain Representation.

-> new subnet mask 255.255.255.192/26

-> The 1st Subnet is 192.168.1.0/26

-> The 2nd Subnet is 192.168.1.64/26

Subnet 1: 192.168.1.0-> Network address

usable host address 192.168.1.62/26

Broadcast address 192.168.1.63/26

Subnet 2: 192.168.1.64

1st host address 192.168.1.65

last host address 192.168.1.126/26

broadcast address 192.168.1.127

Subnet 3: 192.168.1.128
 1st address is 192.168.1.129
 last address is 192.168.1.190
 broadcast address 192.168.1.191
 Subnet 4: 192.168.1.192
 1st host address 192.168.1.193
 last address 192.168.1.254
 broadcast address 192.168.1.255

Q3. A network Address 192.168.1.0/24
 create a subnet mask with subnet 1
 consisting of 50 subnet 2 with 20,
 and subnet 3 with 10
 Since the no of host bit is determine
 on the IP address... IP address
 formula to calculate no of bits
 required to satisfy each subnet IP
 address is $2^n \geq n$ of IP address
 required + 2
 while $n=3$ the no of host bits and
 addr +2 represent $n/(6)$
 Subnet 1 of 50 ip address
 i.e $2^6 \geq 64$ with 62 usable IP
 addresses we need to 6 host bits.
 \therefore Subnet mask is 255.255.255.192/26
 $2^5=32$, 30 usable
 Subnet mask is 255.255.255.224/27
 $2^4=16$
 Subnet mask 255.255.255.240/28
 Subnet 1:
 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.192/26
 network address 192.168.1.0/26
 host address 192.168.1.1/26
 last host address 192.168.1.30/26
 usable IP address 62
 Broadcast 192.168.1.63/26

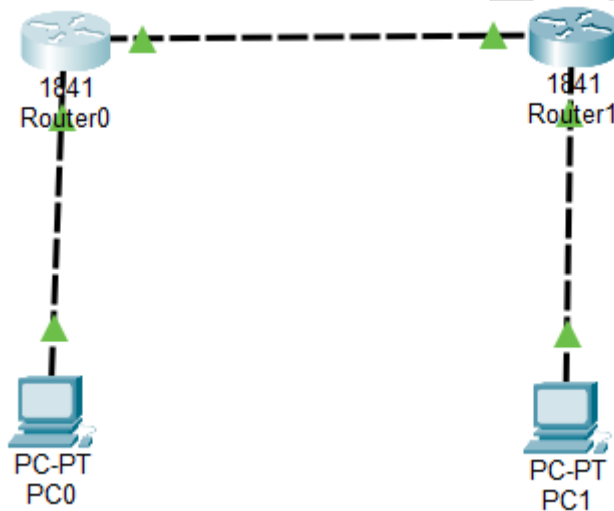
Q1. Demonstrate the Static Routing in Packet Tracer.

Aim : To configure and demonstrate static routing between two networks using two routers in Packet Tracer.

Steps :

1. In packet tracer place 2 PCs and 2 Routers.
2. Connect Router0 with PC0 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord and Router1 with PC1 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord.
3. Connect both routers via FastEthernet0/1 using cross-copper cord.
4. Set the IP address and default gateway of both the PCs in IP configuration of both PCs respectively.

Topology :



Code:

Router0 configuration

```
Router>enable
```

```
Router#configure terminal
```

```
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
```

```
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
```

```
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#ip route 40.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 20.0.0.2
Router(config)#exit
Router1 configuration
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 40.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 20.0.0.1
Router(config)#exit
```

PC 0 :

```
C:\>ipconfig
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1
C:\>ping 20.0.0.1
C:\>ping 20.0.0.2
C:\>ping 40.0.0.1
C:\>ping 40.0.0.2
```

```
C:\>ipconfig
C:\>ping 40.0.0.1
C:\>ping 20.0.0.2
C:\>ping 20.0.0.1
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1
C:\>ping 10.0.0.2
```

OUTPUT

PC 0:

```
C:\>ping 40.0.0.2

Pinging 40.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 40.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 40.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 40.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

PC 1:

```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

Pinging 10.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

Conclusion :

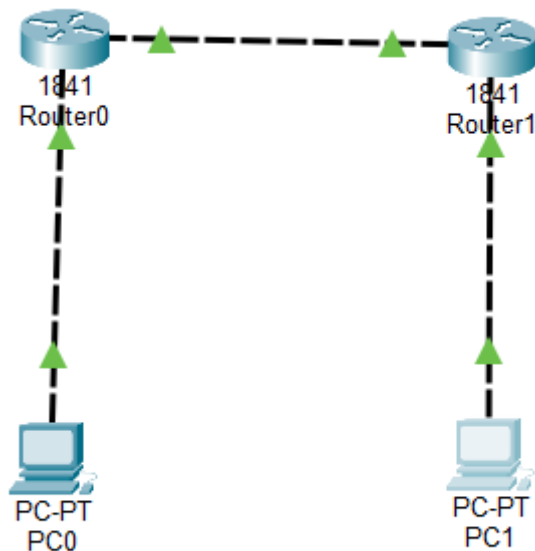
The above network topology has been executed successfully and static routing has been demonstrated. Communication between PC0 (10.0.0.2) and PC1 (40.0.0.2) across two routers has been verified with successful ping results.

Q2. Demonstrate the RIP Routing in Packet Tracer.

Aim: To configure and demonstrate RIP dynamic routing protocol between two networks using two routers in Packet Tracer.

Steps:

1. In packet tracer place 2 PCs and 2 Routers.
2. Connect Router0 with PC0 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord and Router1 with PC1 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord.
3. Connect both routers via FastEthernet0/1 using cross-copper cord.
4. Set the IP address and default gateway of both the PCs in IP configuration of both PCs respectively.
5. Configure RIP version 2 routing protocol on both routers.

Topology :

CODE:**Router0 Configuration:**

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#hostname Router0

Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0

Router0(config-if)#ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0

Router0(config-if)#no shutdown

Router0(config-if)#exit

Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1

Router0(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.1 255.255.255.0

Router0(config-if)#no shutdown

Router0(config-if)#exit

Router0(config)#router rip

Router0(config-router)#version 2

Router0(config-router)#network 192.168.10.0

Router0(config-router)#network 10.10.10.0

Router0(config-router)#no auto-summary

Router0(config-router)#exit

Router0(config)#exit

Router0#copy running-config startup-config

Router1 configuration:

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#hostname Router1

Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1

Router1(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.2 255.255.255.0

Router1(config-if)#no shutdown

Router1(config-if)#exit

Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0

Router1(config-if)#ip address 172.16.20.1 255.255.255.0

Router1(config-if)#no shutdown

Router1(config-if)#exit

Router1(config)#router rip

Router1(config-router)#version 2

Router1(config-router)#network 10.10.10.0

Router1(config-router)#network 172.16.20.0

Router1(config-router)#no auto-summary

Router1(config-router)#exit

Router1(config)#exit

Router1#copy running-config startup-config

PC0 Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.10.2
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.10.1

PC1 Configuration:

- IP Address: 172.16.20.2
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 172.16.20.1

PC0 Command Prompt :

C:\>ipconfig

C:\>ping 192.168.10.1

C:\>ping 10.10.10.1

C:\>ping 10.10.10.2

C:\>ping 172.16.20.1

C:\>ping 172.16.20.2

PC0 Command Prompt :

C:\>ipconfig

C:\>ping 172.16.20.1

C:\>ping 10.10.10.2

C:\>ping 10.10.10.1

C:\>ping 192.168.10.1

C:\>ping 192.168.10.2

Router Verification Commands:

Router0#show ip route

Router0#show ip protocols

Router0#show ip rip database

Router1#show ip route

Router1#show ip protocols

OUTPUT :

PC0 OUTPUT :

```
C:\>ping 172.16.20.2

Pinging 172.16.20.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 172.16.20.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.20.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.20.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.20.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 172.16.20.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

PC1 OUTPUT :

```
C:\>ping 192.168.10.2

Pinging 192.168.10.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 192.168.10.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.10.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.10.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.10.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

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IP ROUTE OUTPUT :

```
router0#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

    10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C       10.10.10.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
    172.16.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
R       172.16.20.0 [120/1] via 10.10.10.2, 00:00:13, FastEthernet0/1
C       192.168.10.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
```

RIP PROTOCOL OUTPUT :

```
router0#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 9 seconds
Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Redistributing: rip
Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
  Interface          Send Recv Triggered RIP Key-chain
  FastEthernet0/0      22
  FastEthernet0/1      22
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
  10.0.0.0
  192.168.10.0
Passive Interface(s):
Routing Information Sources:
  Gateway         Distance      Last Update
  10.10.10.2             120          00:00:02
Distance: (default is 120)
```

CONCLUSION : The above network topology has been executed successfully and RIP version 2 dynamic routing has been demonstrated.

18084

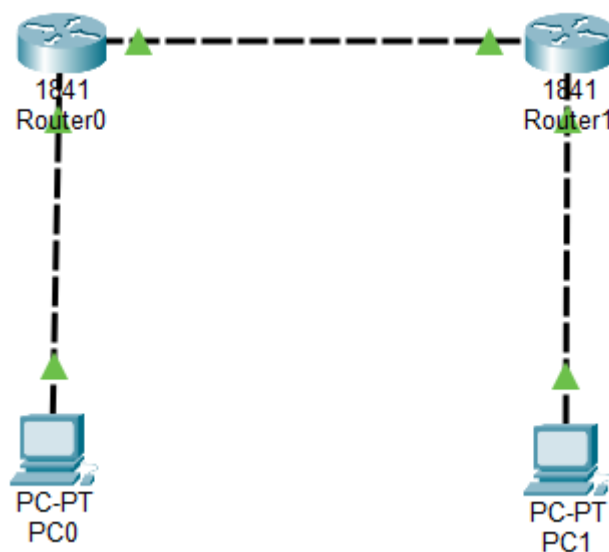
Q3. Demonstrate the OSPF Routing in Packet Tracer.

Aim : To configure and demonstrate OSPF dynamic routing protocol between two networks using two routers in Packet Tracer.

Steps :

1. In packet tracer place 2 PCs and 2 Routers.
2. Connect Router0 with PC0 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord and Router1 with PC1 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord.
3. Connect both routers via FastEthernet0/1 using cross-copper cord.
4. Set the IP address and default gateway of both the PCs in IP configuration of both PCs respectively.
5. Configure OSPF routing protocol on both routers.

Topology :



Code :

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Router0 configuration :

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#hostname Router0

Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0

Router0(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0

Router0(config-if)#no shutdown

Router0(config-if)#exit

Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1

Router0(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0

Router0(config-if)#no shutdown

Router0(config-if)#exit

Router0(config)#router ospf 1

Router0(config-router)#network 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

Router0(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

Router0(config-router)#exit

Router0(config)#exit

Router0#copy running-config startup-config

Router1 configuration :

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#hostname Router1

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Router1(config-if)#interface FastEthernet0/1

Router1(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.0

Router1(config-if)#no shutdown

Router1(config-if)#exit

Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0

Router1(config-if)#ip address 172.16.1.1 255.255.255.0

Router1(config-if)#no shutdown

Router1(config-if)#exit

Router1(config)#router ospf 1

Router1(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

Router1(config-router)#network 172.16.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

Router1(config-router)#exit

Router1(config)#exit

Router1#copy running-config startup-config

PC0 configuration :

- **IP Address: 192.168.1.2**
- **Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0**
- **Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1**

PC1 Configuration :

- **IP Address: 172.16.1.2**

- **Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0**
- **Default Gateway: 172.16.1.1**

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PC0 Command Prompt :

C:\>ipconfig

C:\>ping 192.168.1.1

C:\>ping 10.0.0.1

C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

C:\>ping 172.16.1.1

C:\>ping 172.16.1.2

PC1 Command Prompt :

C:\>ipconfig

C:\>ping 172.16.1.1

C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

C:\>ping 10.0.0.1

C:\>ping 192.168.1.1

C:\>ping 192.168.1.2

Router Verification Commands:

Router0#show ip route

Router0#show ip ospf neighbour

Router0#show ip ospf database

Router1#show ip route

Router1#show ip ospf neighbour

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OUTPUT:

PC0 OUTPUT :

```
C:\>PING 172.16.1.2

Pinging 172.16.1.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 172.16.1.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

PC1 OUTPUT :

```
C:\>PING 192.168.1.2

Pinging 192.168.1.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

OSPF Neighbour Output:


```
Router#show ip ospf neighbor
```

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
172.16.1.1	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:34	10.0.0.2	FastEthernet0/1

IP Route Output:

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```
Router#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP  
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area  
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2  
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP  
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area  
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR  
P - periodic downloaded static route
```

```
Gateway of last resort is not set
```

```
10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
C 10.0.0.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1  
O 172.16.0.0/16 [110/2] via 10.0.0.2, 00:07:45, FastEthernet0/1  
C 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
```

Conclusion : The above network topology has been executed successfully and OSPF dynamic routing has been demonstrated.

18084

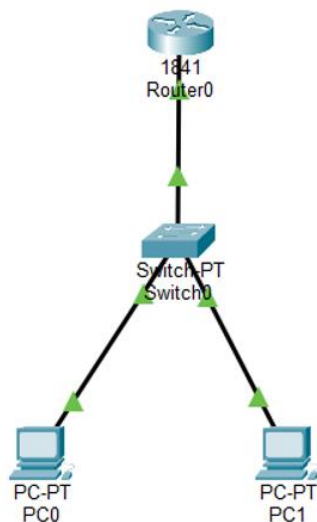
Q1. Demonstrate DHCP Server in Cisco Packet Tracer.

Aim: To configure a router as DHCP server to automatically assign IP addresses to clients.

Connections:

- Router FastEthernet0/0 to Switch FastEthernet0/1 (Straight-through cable)
- PC0 to Switch FastEthernet0/2 (Straight-through cable)
- PC1 to Switch FastEthernet0/3 (Straight-through cable)

Topology :



Code :

Router Configuration Commands:

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#hostname DHCP-Router

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DHCP-Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0

DHCP-Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0

DHCP-Router(config-if)#no shutdown

DHCP-Router(config-if)#exit

DHCP Pool Configuration:

DHCP-Router(config)#ip dhcp pool STUDENT_NETWORK

DHCP-Router(dhcp-config)#network 10.0.0.0 255.255.255.0

DHCP-Router(dhcp-config)#default-router 10.0.0.1

DHCP-Router(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8

DHCP-Router(dhcp-config)#exit

Exclude IP Addresses:

DHCP-Router(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.0.0.1 10.0.0.10

DHCP-Router(config)#exit

DHCP-Router#copy running-config startup-config

PC Configuration:

- On each PC, go to **Desktop** tab → **IP Configuration**
- Select **DHCP** option

Verification command :

On Router:

DHCP-Router#show ip dhcp pool

DHCP-Router#show ip dhcp binding

DHCP-Router#show ip interface brief

On both PCs (Command Prompt):

C:\>ipconfig

C:\>ipconfig /all

C:\>ping 10.0.0.1

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Output:

PC0 - ipconfig:

```
C:\>ipconfig

FastEthernet0 Connection:(default port)

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix...: collegelab.local
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: FE80::250:FFF:FEBC:55D2
    IPv6 Address.....: ::
    IPv4 Address.....: 10.0.0.11
    Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway.....: ::
                           10.0.0.1
```

PC1 - ipconfig:

```
C:\>ipconfig

FastEthernet0 Connection:(default port)

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix...: collegelab.local
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: FE80::20C:85FF:FE14:5DE7
    IPv6 Address.....: ::
    IPv4 Address.....: 10.0.0.12
    Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway.....: ::
                           10.0.0.1
```

Router - DHCP Bindings (WORKING COMMAND):

DHCP-router#show ip dhcp binding			
IP address	Client-ID/ Hardware address	Lease expiration	Type
10.0.0.11	0050.0FBC.55D2	--	Automatic
10.0.0.12	000C.8514.5DE7	--	Automatic

Router - DHCP Pool Status (WORKING COMMAND):

```
DHCP-router#show ip dhcp pool
```

```
Pool STUDENT_NETWORK :
  Utilization mark (high/low) : 100 / 0
  Subnet size (first/next) : 0 / 0
  Total addresses : 254
  Leased addresses : 2
  Excluded addresses : 1
  Pending event : none

1 subnet is currently in the pool
Current index      IP address range      Leased/Excluded/Total
10.0.0.1           10.0.0.1 - 10.0.0.254  2 / 1 / 254
```

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Router - Interface Status:

```
DHCP-router#show ip interface brief
Interface      IP-Address      OK? Method Status      Protocol
FastEthernet0/0 10.0.0.1        YES manual up          up
FastEthernet0/1 unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
Serial10/0/0    unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
Serial10/0/1    unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
Vlan1           unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
```

Connectivity Test - PC0 to Router:

```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1

Pinging 10.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

Conclusion: The DHCP server has been successfully configured on the router using commands compatible with Cisco Packet Tracer.

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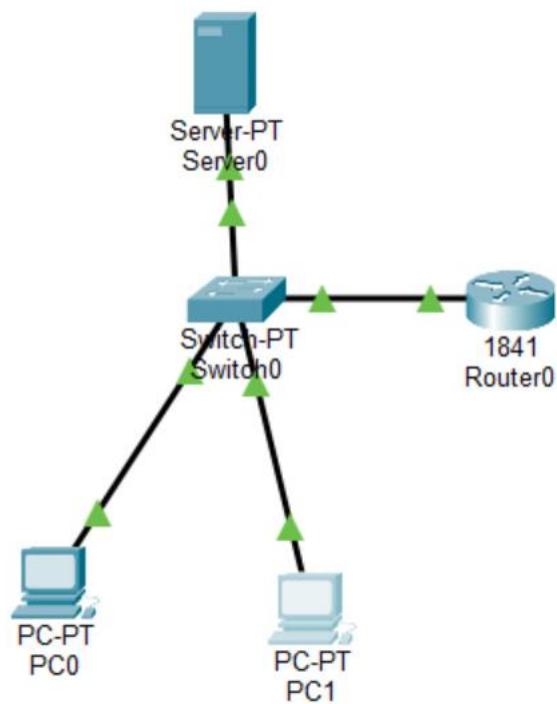
Q2. Demonstrate DNS Server in Packet Tracer.

Aim: To configure a DNS server to resolve domain names to IP addresses and test name resolution in the network.

Devices Needed:

- 1 Server (DNS Server)
- 1 Router
- 1 Switch
- 2 PCs (Clients)

Topology:



Code:

Configure DNS Records:

Name: www.company.com

Type: A Record

Address: 192.168.1.5 # Points to Server itself

-> Add

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Name: ftp.company.com

Type: A Record

Address: 192.168.1.5 # Points to Server itself

-> Add

Name: mail.company.com

Type: A Record

Address: 192.168.1.5 # Points to Server itself

-> Add

Server IP Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.5
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- DNS Server: 192.168.1.5

Router Configuration:

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#exit

Router#copy running-config startup-config

PC0 Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.10
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- DNS Server: 192.168.1.5

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PC1 Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.11
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- DNS Server: 192.168.1.5

In PC Command Prompt

PC0:

C:\>nslookup www.company.com

C:\>nslookup ftp.company.com

C:\>nslookup mail.company.com

C:\>ping www.company.com

C:\>ping ftp.company.com

PC1:

C:\>nslookup www.company.com

C:\>nslookup mail.company.com

C:\>ping www.company.com

C:\>ping mail.company.com

Output:

PC0 nslookup Results:

C:\>nslookup www.company.com

```
C:\>nslookup www.company.com

Server: [192.168.1.5]
Address: 192.168.1.5

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:    www.company.com
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

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NO 3

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18084

C:\>nslookup ftp.company.com

```
C:\>nslookup ftp.company.com

Server: [192.168.1.5]
Address: 192.168.1.5

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:    ftp.company.com
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

C:\>nslookup mail.company.com

```
C:\>nslookup mail.company.com

Server: [192.168.1.5]
Address: 192.168.1.5

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: mail.company.com
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

PC0 Ping Results:

C:\>ping www.company.com

```
C:\>ping www.company.com

Pinging 192.168.1.5 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.5:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

PC1 nslookup Results:

C:\>nslookup mail.company.com

```
C:\>nslookup mail.company.com

Server: [192.168.1.5]
Address: 192.168.1.5

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: mail.company.com
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

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NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

18084

C:\>nslookup www.company.com

```
C:\>nslookup www.company.com

Server: [192.168.1.5]
Address: 192.168.1.5

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: www.company.com
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

PC2 Ping Results:

C:\>ping mail.company.com

```
C:\>ping mail.company.com

Pinging 192.168.1.5 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.5:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

Conclusion: The DNS server has been configured successfully

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18084

Q3. Demonstrate FTP Server in Packet Tracer.

Aim: To configure an FTP server and test file transfer between server and clients in the network.

Devices Needed:

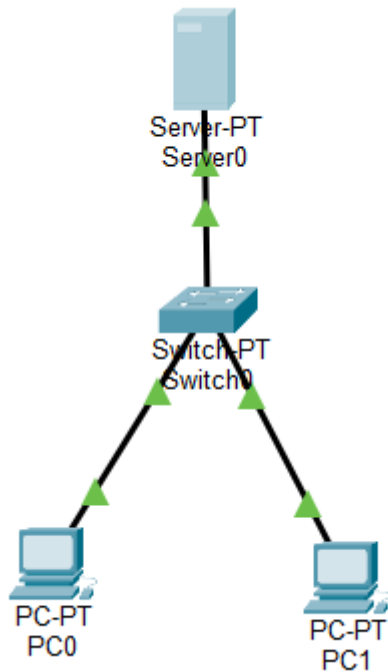
- 1 Server (FTP Server)
- 1 Switch

- 2 PCs (FTP Clients)

Connection :

- Connect all devices to the switch using copper straight-through cables

Topology:



Code:

Server Configuration (FTP):

1. Click on Server → Services tab → FTP
2. FTP Server Settings:
 - FTP Service: ON
3. Add User Account:
 - Username: admin

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NO 3

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18084

- Password: cisco
- Click Add

Server IP Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.5

- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

PC1 Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.10
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

PC2 Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.11
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

Create Test File on PC1

1. Click on PC1 → Desktop tab → Text Editor
2. Type: This is a test file for FTP transfer
3. Save as: upload_test.txt

Verification: In PC Command Prompt

PC1 FTP Commands:

C:\>ftp 192.168.1.5

Username: admin

Password: cisco

ftp> dir

ftp> put upload_test.txt

ftp> dir

ftp> get welcome.txt

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NO 3

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18084

ftp> delete notes.txt

ftp> quit

PC2 FTP Commands:

C:\>ftp 192.168.1.5

Username: admin

Password: cisco

ftp> dir

ftp> get upload_test.txt

ftp> rename upload_test.txt downloaded_file.txt

ftp> dir

ftp> quit

Ping Test (Both PCs):

C:\>ping 192.168.1.5

Output:

PC1 FTP Session:

```
C:\>ftp 192.168.1.5
Trying to connect...192.168.1.5
Connected to 192.168.1.5
220- Welcome to PT Ftp server
Username:admin
331- Username ok, need password
Password:*****
230- Logged in
(passive mode On)
ftp>dir
```

```
33 : notes_text.txt                24
34 : pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin        5571584
35 : pt3000-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA4.bin 3117390
36 : upload_text.txt              37
37 : welcome_text.txt             26
```

```
ftp>put upload_text.txt

Writing file upload_text.txt to 192.168.1.5:
File transfer in progress...

[Transfer complete - 36 bytes]

36 bytes copied in 0.021 secs (1714 bytes/sec)
ftp>put welcome.txt
```

```
ftp>dir

Listing /ftp directory from 192.168.1.5:
0   : asa842-k8.bin                    5571584
1   : asa923-k8.bin                    30468096
2   : c1841-advipservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin 33591768
3   : c1841-ipbase-mz.123-14.T7.bin    13832032
4   : c1841-ipbasek9-mz.124-12.bin     16599160
5   : c1900-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M4a.bin 33591768
6   : c2600-advipservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin 33591768
7   : c2600-i-mz.122-28.bin            5571584
8   : c2600-ipbasek9-mz.124-8.bin      13169700
9   : c2800nm-advipservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin 50938004
10  : c2800nm-advipservicesk9-mz.151-4.M4.bin 33591768
11  : c2800nm-ipbase-mz.123-14.T7.bin   5571584
12  : c2800nm-ipbasek9-mz.124-8.bin     15522644
13  : c2900-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M4a.bin 33591768
14  : c2950-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA4.bin   3058048
15  : c2950-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA8.bin   3117390
16  : c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.FX.bin    4414921
17  : c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.SEE1.bin  4670455
18  : c2960-lanbasek9-mz.150-2.SE4.bin  4670455
19  : c3560-advipservicesk9-mz.122-37.SE1.bin 8662192
20  : c3560-advipservicesk9-mz.122-46.SE.bin 10713279
21  : c800-universalk9-mz.SPA.152-4.M4.bin 33591768
22  : c800-universalk9-mz.SPA.154-3.M6a.bin 83029236
23  : cat3k_caa-universalk9.16.03.02.SPA.bin 505532849
24  : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.154-2.CG 159487552
25  : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.CG 184530138
26  : ie9k_iosxe.17.09.04.SPA.bin      596133776
27  : ir800-universalk9-bundle.SPA.156-3.M.bin 160968869
28  : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M   61750062
29  : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.M   63753767
30  : ir800_yocto-1.7.2.tar             2877440
31  : ir800_yocto-1.7.2_python-2.7.3.tar 6912000
32  : ir8340-mono-universalk9_iot.17.08.01a.SPA.pkg 685645824
33  : notes_text.txt                    24
34  : pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin            5571584
35  : pt3000-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA4.bin   3117390
36  : upload_text.txt                  36
37  : welcome.txt                      25
38  : welcome_text.txt                 26
```

```
ftp>get welcome.txt

Reading file welcome.txt from 192.168.1.5:
File transfer in progress...

[Transfer complete - 25 bytes]

25 bytes copied in 0 secs
```

```
ftp>delete notes.txt

Deleting file notes.txt from 192.168.1.5: ftp>
[Deleted file notes.txt successfully ]
```

```
ftp>quit

221- Service closing control connection.
```

Ping Test Results:

```
C:\>ping 192.168.1.5

Pinging 192.168.1.5 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.5:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

PC2 FTP Session:

```
C:\>ftp 192.168.1.5
Trying to connect...192.168.1.5
Connected to 192.168.1.5
220- Welcome to PT Ftp server
Username:admin
331- Username ok, need password
Password:*****
230- Logged in
(passive mode On)
ftp>dir

Listing /ftp directory from 192.168.1.5:
```



```

31 : ir800_yocto-1.7.2_python-2.7.3.tar          6912000
32 : ir8340-mono-universalk9_iot.17.08.01a.SPA.pkg 685645824
33 : notes_text.txt                               24
34 : pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin                       5571584
35 : pt3000-i6q412-mz.121-22.EA4.bin             3117390
36 : upload_text.txt                              36
37 : welcome.txt                                  25
38 : welcome_text.txt                             26

```

```

ftp>get upload_text.txt

Reading file upload_text.txt from 192.168.1.5:
File transfer in progress...

[Transfer complete - 37 bytes]

37 bytes copied in 0 secs

```

```

ftp>rename upload_text.txt downloaded_text.txt

Renaming upload_text.txt
ftp>
[OK Renamed file successfully from upload_text.txt to downloaded_text.txt]

```

```

ftp>dir

Listing /ftp directory from 192.168.1.5:
0   : asa842-k8.bin                      5571584
1   : asa923-k8.bin                      30468096
2   : c1841-advipservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin 33591768
3   : c1841-ipbase-mz.123-14.T7.bin       13832032

```

```

25 : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.CG      184530138
26 : downloaded_text.txt                     37
27 : ie9k_iosxe.17.09.04.SPA.bin            596133776
28 : ir800-universalk9-bundle.SPA.156-3.M.bin 160968869
29 : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M        61750062
30 : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.M        63753767
31 : ir800_yocto-1.7.2.tar                  2877440
32 : ir800_yocto-1.7.2_python-2.7.3.tar     6912000
33 : ir8340-mono-universalk9_iot.17.08.01a.SPA.pkg 685645824
34 : notes_text.txt                         24
35 : pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin                  5571584
36 : pt3000-i6q412-mz.121-22.EA4.bin        3117390
37 : welcome.txt                            25
38 : welcome_text.txt                       26

```

```

ftp>quit

221- Service closing control connection.

```

Ping Test Results:

```
C:\>ping 192.168.1.5

Pinging 192.168.1.5 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.5:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

Conclusion: The FTP server has been configured successfully.

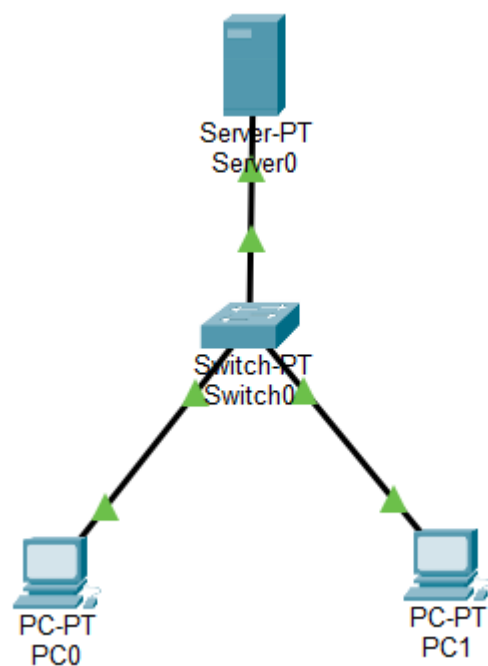
4.Demonstrate HTTP Server in Packet Tracer.

Aim: To configure a web server and test web page access from clients using web browsers.

Steps:

1. In packet tracer place 1 Server-PT and 2 PC-PT and 1 Switch.
2. Connect Server-PT with Switch via FastEthernet0 using straight-through copper cord.
3. Connect PC-PT0 and PC-PT1 with Switch via FastEthernet0 using straight-through copper cords.
4. Set the IP address of Server-PT and both PCs in IP configuration.
5. Configure HTTP service on Server-PT and create web pages.
6. Test web access from both PCs.

Topology:



Code:

Server-PT Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.10
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

18084

HTTP Service Configuration:

- HTTP Service: ON
- Created web pages: index.html, about.html, courses.html

Web Page Code:

index.html:

html

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>My College Website</title>

</head>

<body>

<h1>Welcome to College Server</h1>

<p>This website is hosted on Server-PT in Packet Tracer.</p>

About College |

Courses

</body>

</html>

about.html:

html

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>About Our College</title>

</head>

<body>

18084

```
<h1>About Our Institution</h1>
```

```
<p>Established in 1990, we provide quality technical education.</p>
```

```
<p><b>Departments:</b> Computer, IT, Electronics, Mechanical</p>
```

```
<a href="index.html">Home</a> |
```

```
<a href="courses.html">Our Courses</a>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

courses.html:

html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>College Courses</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<h1>Available Courses</h1>
```

```
<ul>
```

```
<li>Computer Engineering</li>
```

```
<li>Information Technology</li>
```

```
<li>Electronics & Telecommunication</li>
```

```
<li>Mechanical Engineering</li>
```

```
</ul>
```

```
<a href="index.html">Home</a> |
```

```
<a href="about.html">About College</a>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

PC-PT0 Configuration:

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NO 3

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18084

- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

PC-PT1 Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.30
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

Verification: In Both PCs Web Browser

PC-PT0:

- Open Web Browser
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10>
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10/about.html>
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10/courses.html>

PC-PT1:

- Open Web Browser
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10>
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10/about.html>
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10/courses.html>

Connectivity Test:

C:\>ping 192.168.1.10

Output:

Ping Test Results:

PC0:

18084

```
C:\>ping 192.168.1.10

Pinging 192.168.1.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 8ms, Average = 2ms
```

PC1:

```
C:\>ping 192.168.1.10

Pinging 192.168.1.10 with 32 bytes of data:

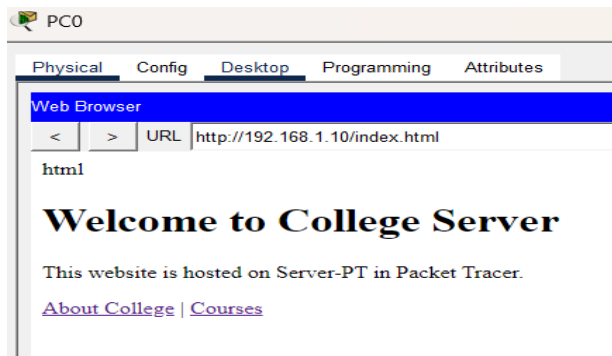
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

Web Browser Output:

Homepage (<http://192.168.1.10>):

PC0 :



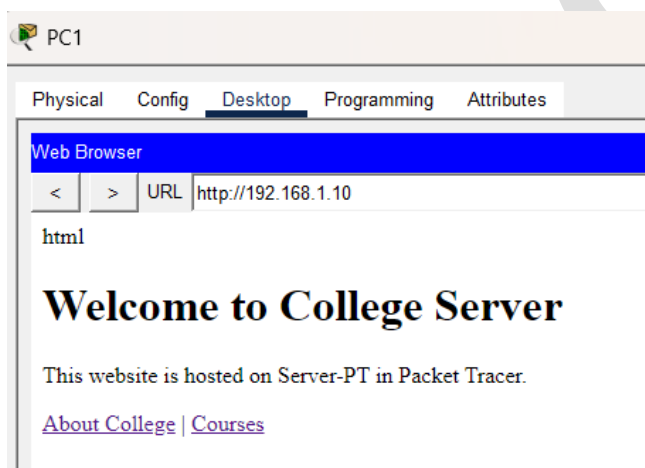
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NO 3

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18084

PC1:

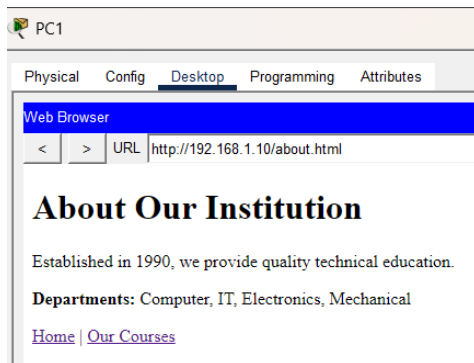


About Page (<http://192.168.1.10/about.html>):

PC0 :



PC1:



Courses Page (<http://192.168.1.10/courses.html>):

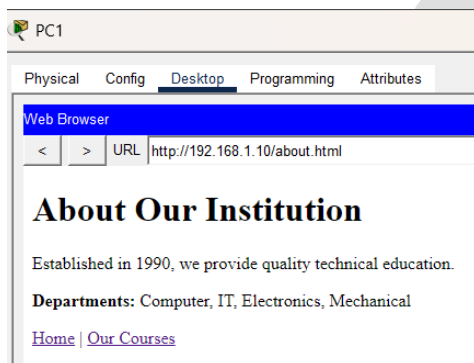
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NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

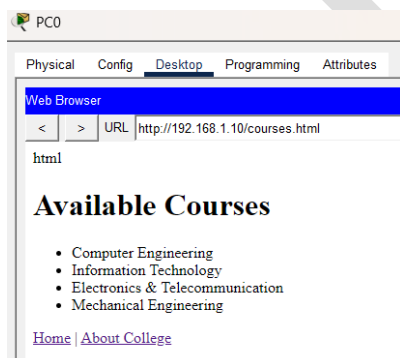
18084

PC1:

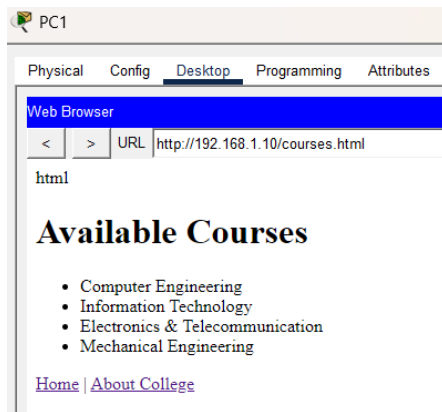


Courses Page (<http://192.168.1.10/courses.html>):

PC0:



PC1:



Conclusion: The HTTP web server has been configured successfully on Server-PT.

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18084

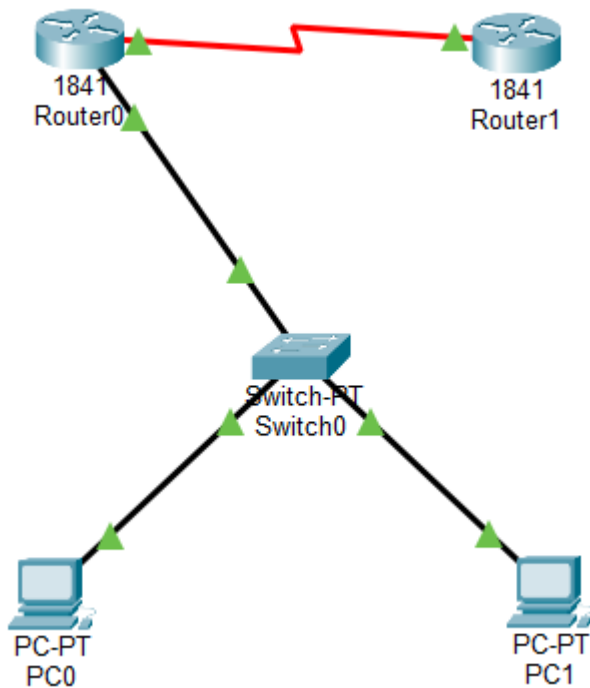
Q5. Demonstrate Telnet in Packet Tracer.

Aim: To configure Telnet on routers to enable remote administration and test remote connectivity between devices.

Connections:

- Connect Router0 and Router1 via serial cable (Serial DCE)
- Connect Router0 to Switch via Fast Ethernet
- Connect PCs to Switch via copper straight-through cables

Topology:



Code:

Router1 Configuration:

```
Router>enable
```

```
Router#configure terminal
```

```
Router(config)#hostname Router0
```

```
Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
```

```
Router0(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
```

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18084

```
Router0(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
Router0(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router0(config)#interface Serial0/0/0
```

```
Router0(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.252
```

```
Router0(config-if)#clock rate 64000
```

```
Router0(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
Router0(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router0(config)#line vty 0 4
Router0(config-line)#password cisco
Router0(config-line)#login
Router0(config-line)#exit
Router0(config)#enable secret class
Router0(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.0.2
Router0(config)#exit
Router0#copy running-config startup-config
```

Router2 Configuration:

```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#hostname Router1
Router1(config)#interface Serial0/0/0
Router1(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.252
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
Router1(config-if)#exit
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router1(config-if)#ip address 172.16.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
Router1(config-if)#exit
Router1(config)#line vty 0 4
Router1(config-line)#password cisco
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

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18084

```
Router1(config-line)#login
Router1(config-line)#exit
Router1(config)#enable secret class
Router1(config)#ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.0.1
Router1(config)#exit
Router1#copy running-config startup-config
```

PC1 Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.10
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

PC2 Configuration:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.11
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

Verification: In PC Command Prompt

PC1 Telnet Tests:

C:\>ping 192.168.1.1

C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

C:\>ping 172.16.1.1

C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1

C:\>telnet 10.0.0.2

PC2 Telnet Tests:

C:\>ping 192.168.1.1

C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

C:\>ping 172.16.1.1

C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1

C:\>telnet 172.16.1.1

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NO 3

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Router Verification Commands:

Router#show users

Router#show line vty 0

Router#show running-config | include vty

Output:

PC1 Telnet to Router1:

telnet 192.168.1.1

```
C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1
Trying 192.168.1.1 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:
Password:
router0>enable
Password:
router0#show users
      Line      User      Host(s)      Idle      Location
*196 vty 0      idle      idle         00:00:00  192.168.1.10

      Interface      User      Mode      Idle      Peer Address
router0#exit

[Connection to 192.168.1.1 closed by foreign host]
```

PC1 Telnet to Router2:

C:\>telnet 10.0.0.2

```
C:\>telnet 10.0.0.2
Trying 10.0.0.2 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:
router1>enable
Password:
router1#show ip interface brief
Interface      IP-Address      OK? Method Status      Protocol
FastEthernet0/0 172.16.1.1      YES manual  down       down
FastEthernet0/1 unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
Serial10/0/0    10.0.0.2        YES manual  up         up
Serial10/0/1    unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
Vlan1           unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
router1#

[Connection to 10.0.0.2 closed by foreign host]
```

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PC2 Telnet to Router1:

C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1

```

C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1
Trying 192.168.1.1 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:
router0>enable
Password:
router0#show running-config | include vty
line vty 0 4
router0#show running-config | include vty
line vty 0 4
router0#exit

[Connection to 192.168.1.1 closed by foreign host]

```

Ping Test Results:

```

C:\>ping 172.16.1.1

Pinging 172.16.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.2: Destination host unreachable.
Reply from 10.0.0.2: Destination host unreachable.
Reply from 10.0.0.2: Destination host unreachable.
Reply from 10.0.0.2: Destination host unreachable.

Ping statistics for 172.16.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

```

Router Show Users Output:

```

router0#show users

```

Line	User	Host(s)	Idle	Location
*196 vty 0		idle	00:00:00	192.168.1.10

```


```

Interface	User	Mode	Idle	Peer Address
router0#exit				

Conclusion: Telnet has been configured successfully on both routers.

Aim: To study and implement Substitution Techniques in Cryptography using Python to perform encryption and decryption of a message

Program:

Practical 4: Study of Cryptography - Substitution Techniques (Caesar Cipher)

```
def encrypt(text, shift):
```

```
    result = ""
```

```
    for char in text:
```

```
        if char.isalpha():
```

```
            base = 'A' if char.isupper() else 'a'
```

```
            result += chr((ord(char) - ord(base) + shift) % 26 + ord(base))
```

```
        else:
```

```
            result += char
```

```
    return result
```

```
def decrypt(text, shift):
```

```
    return encrypt(text, -shift)
```

Input

```
text = input("Enter plain text: ")
```

```
shift = int(input("Enter shift value: "))
```


Encryption

```
encrypted_text = encrypt(text, shift)
```

```
print("Encrypted Text:", encrypted_text)
```

Decryption

```
decrypted_text = decrypt(encrypted_text, shift)
```

```
print("Decrypted Text:", decrypted_text)
```

OUTPUT:

```
... Enter plain text: HELLO
Enter shift value: 3
Encrypted Text: KHOOR
Decrypted Text: HELLO
```

CONCLUSION: THE ABOVE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED SUCCESSFULLY.

STUDY OF SYMMETRIC KEY

1. DES

AIM: To write a program in python to demonstrate DES

PROGRAM:

```
from Crypto.Cipher import DES
from Crypto.Util.Padding import pad, unpad

# Key must be 8 bytes
key = b'12345678'
cipher = DES.new(key, DES.MODE_ECB)

# Input
plaintext = input("Enter message: ")

# Encrypt
padded_text = pad(plaintext.encode(), DES.block_size)
encrypted_text = cipher.encrypt(padded_text)
print("Encrypted Text:", encrypted_text)

# Decrypt
decrypted_text = unpad(cipher.decrypt(encrypted_text), DES.block_size)
```

```
print("Decrypted Text:", decrypted_text.decode())
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter message: HELLO WORLD
Encrypted Text: b'\xf9\xd8\xc2\\\xabt\r\xf9K\xfe\x97\x93\x94~\xc9'
Decrypted Text: HELLO WORLD
```

2. AES

AIM: To write a program in python to demonstrate AES

PROGRAM:

```
from Crypto.Cipher import AES
from Crypto.Util.Padding import pad, unpad

# Key must be 16, 24, or 32 bytes
key = b'thisismysecretky'
cipher = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_ECB)

# Input
plaintext = input("Enter message: ")
```

Encrypt

```
padded_text = pad(plaintext.encode(), AES.block_size)
```

```
encrypted_text = cipher.encrypt(padded_text)
```

```
print("Encrypted Text:", encrypted_text)
```

Decrypt

```
decrypted_text = unpad(cipher.decrypt(encrypted_text), AES.block_size)
```

```
print("Decrypted Text:", decrypted_text.decode())
```

OUTPUT:

```
*** Enter message: SECRET MESSAGE
    Encrypted Text: b'o\xef\xaf4\x7f\x9fg\xb9\x84pQ\r\x9e&/m'
    Decrypted Text: SECRET MESSAGE
```

CONCLUSION:

The above program has been executed successfully.

18084

STUDY OF ASYMMETRIC KEY

1. DH

AIM: To write a python program to demonstrate DH

PROGRAM:

P = 23 # prime number

G = 9 # primitive root

Private keys

a = 4 # Alice's private key

b = 3 # Bob's private key

Generate public keys

A = (G ** a) % P

B = (G ** b) % P

Generate shared secret keys

key1 = (B ** a) % P # Alice's key

key2 = (A ** b) % P # Bob's key

print("Publicly Shared Values:")

print("P:", P, "G:", G)

print("Public Key of Alice (A):", A)

print("Public Key of Bob (B):", B)

```
print("\nSecret Keys:")  
  
print("Alice's Secret Key:", key1)
```

18084

```
print("Bob's Secret Key:", key2)
```

OUTPUT:

```
... Publicly Shared Values:  
P: 23 G: 9  
Public Key of Alice (A): 6  
Public Key of Bob (B): 16  
  
Secret Keys:  
Alice's Secret Key: 9  
Bob's Secret Key: 9
```

2. RSA

AIM: To write a python program to demonstrate RSA

PROGRAM:

Practical 6 - Asymmetric Key Cryptography (RSA)

```
def gcd(a, b):  
    while b != 0:  
        a, b = b, a % b  
    return a  
  
p = 7  
q = 17
```

18084

```
n = p * q
phi = (p - 1) * (q - 1)

# Choose e
e = 5
while gcd(e, phi) != 1:
    e += 1

# Compute d
d = pow(e, -1, phi)

print("Public Key (e, n):", (e, n))
print("Private Key (d, n):", (d, n))

# Encryption
msg = int(input("Enter message (as number): "))
cipher = pow(msg, e, n)
print("Encrypted Message:", cipher)

# Decryption
decrypted = pow(cipher, d, n)
print("Decrypted Message:", decrypted)
```

18084

OUTPUT:

```
... Public Key (e, n): (5, 119)
    Private Key (d, n): (77, 119)
    Enter message (as number): 12
    Encrypted Message: 3
    Decrypted Message: 12
```

CONCLUSION:

The above program has been executed successfully.

18084

STUDY OF MD5 ALGORITHM

AIM: TO WRITE A PYTHON PROGRAM TO DEMONSTRATE MD5 ALGORITHM

PROGRAM:

```
import hashlib  
str1 = "syit class"  
md5hash_value = hashlib.md5()  
md5hash_value.update(str1.encode('utf-8'))  
message_digest = md5hash_value.hexdigest()  
print("Message Digest:", message_digest)
```

OUTPUT:

Message Digest: def2fae3fe87648dcd2f8fc69bb2074c

CONCLUSION:

THE ABOVE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED SUCCESSFULLY.

18084

Study of Hash function- RS Hash

AIM: TO WRITE A PROGRAM TO DEMONSTRATE RSHash FUNCTION IN PYTHON

PROGRAM:

Function to calculate RS Hash value

def rs_hash_value(string):

 a = 63689

 b = 378551

 hash_value = 0

 for ch in string:

 hash_value = hash_value * a + ord(ch)

 a = a * b

 return hash_value & 0xFFFFFFFF

Input string

text = "syit class"

Calling the function

```
h1 = rs_hash_value(text)
```

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NO 8

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Displaying the hash value

```
print("RS Hash Value:", h1)
```

OUTPUT:

```
... RS Hash Value: 4113426761
```

CONCLUSION:

THE ABOVE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED SUCCESSFULLY.

TO CREATE, EXPORT AND VALIDATE A DIGITAL CERTIFICATE.

AIM: To write a code to Create, Export and Validate a digital Certificate.

STEPS:

1. Download and Install Openssl
2. Add its bin path in Environmental Variables.
3. Open command prompt

PROGRAM:

```
C:\User\Sweta\Desktop>openssl req -x509 -days 365 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout  
private-key.pem -out certificate.pem
```

Enter PEM Pass: 123456

Country Name (2 letter code) []: IN

State or Province Name (full name) []: Maharashtra

Locality Name []: Mumbai

Organization Name []: SIWS

Organizational Unit Name []: IT

Common Name []: TMD

Email Address []: swetapal39@gmail.com

```
C:\User\Sweta\Desktop> openssl pkcs12 -export -in certificate.pem -inkey  
private-key.pem -out TMD.pfx
```

Enter Export Password: 5678

Verifying - Enter Export Password: 5678

```
C:\User\Sweta\Desktop> openssl pkcs12 -in TMD.pfx -clcerts -nokeys -out  
public-key.pem
```

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NO 9

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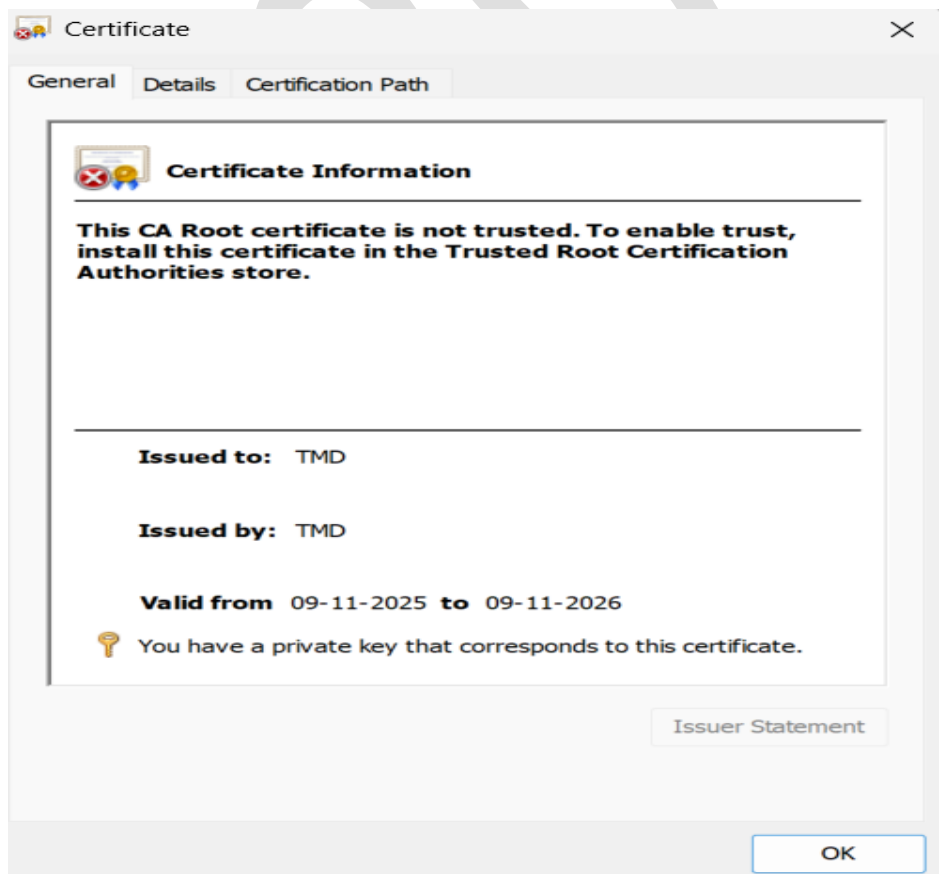
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Enter Import Password: 5678

Import the certificate

OUTPUT:



Conclusion:

The above creation is done successfully.

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NO 9

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180084