

Q1: Identify the network address and subnet mask for the IP Address 192.168.1.0

- > Given IP Address is 192.168.1.0
- > The subnet mask is 255.255.255.0 (as it belongs to class C)

In binary form:

11111111.11111111.11111111.00000000

In this the first 24 bits represent the network part & last 8 bits represent host part

Q2: Create 4 subnets:

- > To create 4 subnets we need to borrow two bits from the host part.

$$2^2=4$$

So the new subnet mask is 255.255.255.192

Binary form: 11111111.11111111.11111111.11000000

- > 26 bits for the network part & 6 bits for host part

Total no of subnet 4

Combining 2 or more subnet will give us the Supernet

Total no of usable IP address in each subnet is 64-2 because 1 address is for network and 1 for broadcast.

$64-2=62$  IP address are usable

CIDR format = Class Inter Domain Representation.

- > new subnet mask 255.255.255.192/26
- > The 1st Subnet is 192.168.1.0/26
- > The 2nd Subnet is 192.168.1.64/26

Subnet 1: 192.168.1.0-> Network address  
usable host address 192.168.1.62/26

Broadcast address 192.168.1.63/26

Subnet 2: 192.168.1.64

1st host address 192.168.1.65

last host address 192.168.1.126/26

broadcast address 192.168.1.127

Subnet 3: 192.168.1.128  
 1st address is 192.168.1.129  
 last address is 192.168.1.190  
 broadcast address 192.168.1.191  
 Subnet 4: 192.168.1.192  
 1st host address 192.168.1.193  
 last address 192.168.1.254  
 broadcast address 192.168.1.255

Q3. A network Address 192.168.1.0/24  
 create a subnet mask with subnet 1  
 consisting of 50 subnet 2 with 20,  
 and subnet 3 with 10  
 Since the no of host bit is determine  
 on the IP address... IP address  
 formula to calculate no of bits  
 required to satisfy each subnet IP  
 address is  $2^3 \geq n$  of IP address  
 required + 2  
 while  $n=3$  the no of host bits and  
 $addr +2$  represent  $n/(6)$   
 Subnet 1 of 50 ip address  
 i.e  $2^6 \geq 64$  with 62 usable IP  
 addresses we need to 6 host bits.  
 therefore Subnet mask is 255.255.255.192/26  
 $2^5=32$ , 30 usable  
 Subnet mask is 255.255.255.224/27  
 $2^4=16$   
 Subnet mask 255.255.255.240/28  
 Subnet 1:  
 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.192/26  
 network address 192.168.1.0/26  
 host address 192.168.1.1/26  
 last host address 192.168.1.30/26  
 usable IP address 62  
 Broadcast 192.168.1.63/26

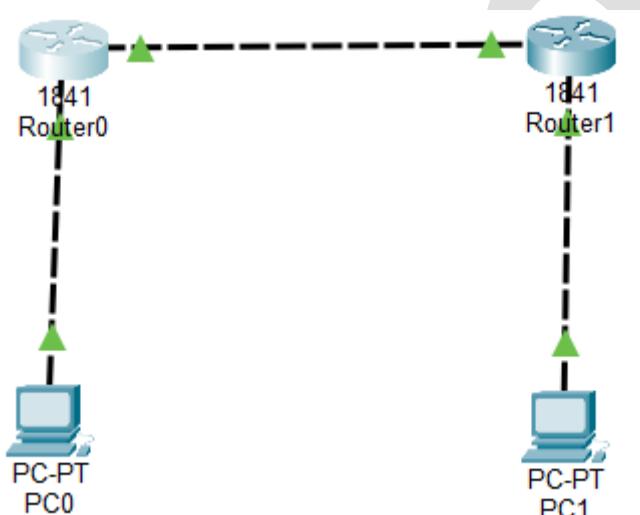
**Q1. Demonstrate the Static Routing in Packet Tracer.**

**Aim :** To configure and demonstrate static routing between two networks using two routers in Packet Tracer.

**Steps :**

1. In packet tracer place 2 PCs and 2 Routers.
2. Connect Router0 with PC0 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord and Router1 with PC1 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord.
3. Connect both routers via FastEthernet0/1 using cross-copper cord.
4. Set the IP address and default gateway of both the PCs in IP configuration of both PCs respectively.

**Topology :**



**Code:**

**Router0 configuration**

```

Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
  
```

```
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#ip route 40.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 20.0.0.2
Router(config)#exit
Router1 configuration
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 40.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 20.0.0.1
Router(config)#exit
PC 0 :
C:\>ipconfig
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1
C:\>ping 20.0.0.1
C:\>ping 20.0.0.2
C:\>ping 40.0.0.1
C:\>ping 40.0.0.2
```

C:\>ipconfig

C:\>ping 40.0.0.1

C:\>ping 20.0.0.2

C:\>ping 20.0.0.1

C:\>ping 10.0.0.1

C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

#### OUTPUT

PC 0:

```
C:\>ping 40.0.0.2

Pinging 40.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 40.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 40.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 40.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

PC 1:

```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

Pinging 10.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

Conclusion :

The above network topology has been executed successfully and static routing has been demonstrated. Communication between PC0 (10.0.0.2) and PC1 (40.0.0.2) across two routers has been verified with successful ping results.

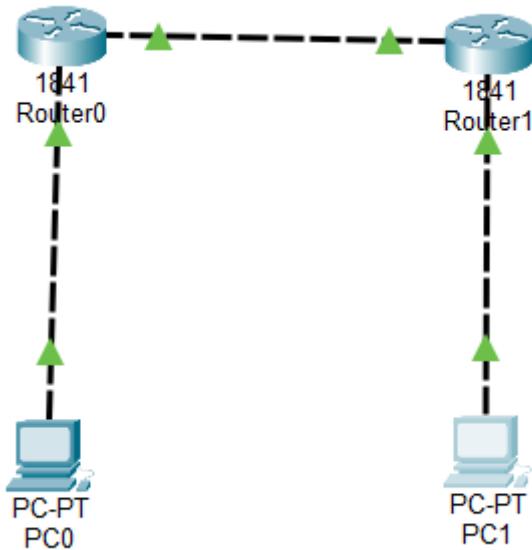
## Q2. Demonstrate the RIP Routing in Packet Tracer.

**Aim:** To configure and demonstrate RIP dynamic routing protocol between two networks using two routers in Packet Tracer.

### Steps:

1. In packet tracer place 2 PCs and 2 Routers.
2. Connect Router0 with PC0 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord and Router1 with PC1 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord.
3. Connect both routers via FastEthernet0/1 using cross-copper cord.
4. Set the IP address and default gateway of both the PCs in IP configuration of both PCs respectively.
5. Configure RIP version 2 routing protocol on both routers.

### Topology :



**CODE:**

**Router0 Configuration:**

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#hostname Router0

Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0

Router0(config-if)#ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0

Router0(config-if)#no shutdown

Router0(config-if)#exit

Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1

Router0(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.1 255.255.255.0

Router0(config-if)#no shutdown

Router0(config-if)#exit

Router0(config)#router rip

Router0(config-router)#version 2

Router0(config-router)#network 192.168.10.0

Router0(config-router)#network 10.10.10.0

Router0(config-router)#no auto-summary

Router0(config-router)#exit

Router0(config)#exit

Router0#copy running-config startup-config

**Router1 configuration:**

```
Router>enable
```

```
Router#configure terminal
```

```
Router(config)#hostname Router1
```

```
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1
```

```
Router1(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.2 255.255.255.0
```

```
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
Router1(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
```

```
Router1(config-if)#ip address 172.16.20.1 255.255.255.0
```

```
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
Router1(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router1(config)#router rip
```

```
Router1(config-router)#version 2
```

```
Router1(config-router)#network 10.10.10.0
```

```
Router1(config-router)#network 172.16.20.0
```

```
Router1(config-router)#no auto-summary
```

```
Router1(config-router)#exit
```

```
Router1(config)#exit
```

```
Router1#copy running-config startup-config
```

**PC0 Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.10.2
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.10.1

**PC1 Configuration:**

- IP Address: 172.16.20.2
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 172.16.20.1

**PC0 Command Prompt :**

C:\>ipconfig

C:\>ping 192.168.10.1

C:\>ping 10.10.10.1

C:\>ping 10.10.10.2

C:\>ping 172.16.20.1

C:\>ping 172.16.20.2

**PC0 Command Prompt :**

C:\>ipconfig

C:\>ping 172.16.20.1

C:\>ping 10.10.10.2

C:\>ping 10.10.10.1

C:\>ping 192.168.10.1

**18084**

C:\>ping 192.168.10.2

### **Router Verification Commands:**

Router0#show ip route

Router0#show ip protocols

Router0#show ip rip database

Router1#show ip route

Router1#show ip protocols

### **OUTPUT :**

#### **PC0 OUTPUT :**

```
C:\>ping 172.16.20.2

Pinging 172.16.20.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 172.16.20.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.20.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.20.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.20.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 172.16.20.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

#### **PC1 OUTPUT :**

```
C:\>ping 192.168.10.2

Pinging 192.168.10.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 192.168.10.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.10.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.10.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.10.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

18084

## IP ROUTE OUTPUT :

```
router0#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

      10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C        10.10.10.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
      172.16.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
R        172.16.20.0 [120/1] via 10.10.10.2, 00:00:13, FastEthernet0/1
C        192.168.10.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
```

## RIP PROTOCOL OUTPUT :

```
router0#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 9 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
    Interface          Send   Recv   Triggered RIP  Key-chain
      FastEthernet0/0     22
      FastEthernet0/1     22
  Automatic network summarization is not in effect
  Maximum path: 4
  Routing for Networks:
    10.0.0.0
    192.168.10.0
  Passive Interface(s):
  Routing Information Sources:
    Gateway          Distance      Last Update
      10.10.10.2        120          00:00:02
  Distance: (default is 120)
```

**CONCLUSION :** The above network topology has been executed successfully and RIP version 2 dynamic routing has been demonstrated.

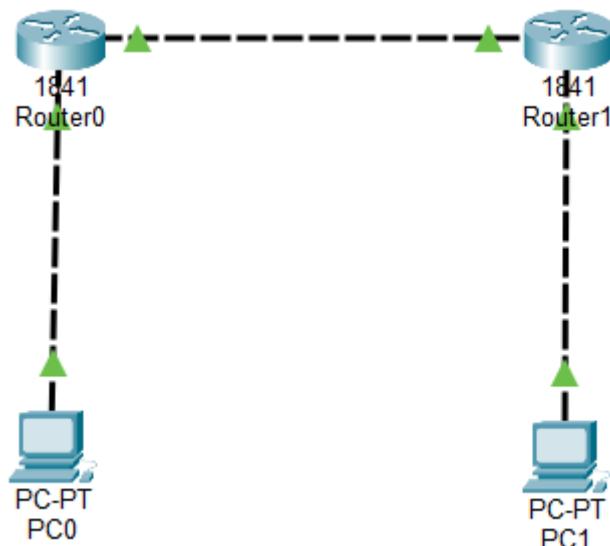
### **Q3. Demonstrate the OSPF Routing in Packet Tracer.**

**Aim :To configure and demonstrate OSPF dynamic routing protocol between two networks using two routers in Packet Tracer.**

**Steps :**

- 1. In packet tracer place 2 PCs and 2 Routers.**
- 2. Connect Router0 with PC0 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord and Router1 with PC1 via FastEthernet0/0 using cross-copper cord.**
- 3. Connect both routers via FastEthernet0/1 using cross-copper cord.**
- 4. Set the IP address and default gateway of both the PCs in IP configuration of both PCs respectively.**
- 5. Configure OSPF routing protocol on both routers.**

**Topology :**



## **Code :**

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 2

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

### **Router0 configuration :**

**Router>enable**

**Router#configure terminal**

**Router(config)#hostname Router0**

**Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0**

**Router0(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0**

**Router0(config-if)#no shutdown**

**Router0(config-if)#exit**

**Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1**

**Router0(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0**

**Router0(config-if)#no shutdown**

**Router0(config-if)#exit**

**Router0(config)#router ospf 1**

**Router0(config-router)#network 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0**

**Router0(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 0**

**Router0(config-router)#exit**

**Router0(config)#exit**

**Router0#copy running-config startup-config**

### **Router1 configuration :**

**Router>enable**

**Router#configure terminal**

**Router(config)#hostname Router1**

VAISHNAVI KURIYALA  
NO 2

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

**Router1(config-if)#interface FastEthernet0/1**

**Router1(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.0**

**Router1(config-if)#no shutdown**

**Router1(config-if)#exit**

**Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0**

**Router1(config-if)#ip address 172.16.1.1 255.255.255.0**

**Router1(config-if)#no shutdown**

**Router1(config-if)#exit**

**Router1(config)#router ospf 1**

**Router1(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 0**

**Router1(config-router)#network 172.16.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0**

**Router1(config-router)#exit**

**Router1(config)#exit**

**Router1#copy running-config startup-config**

**PC0 configuration :**

- **IP Address: 192.168.1.2**
- **Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0**
- **Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1**

**PC1 Configuration :**

- **IP Address: 172.16.1.2**

- **Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0**
- **Default Gateway: 172.16.1.1**

VAISHNAVI KURIYALA  
NO 2

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

### **PC0 Command Prompt :**

```
C:\>ipconfig  
C:\>ping 192.168.1.1  
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1  
C:\>ping 10.0.0.2  
C:\>ping 172.16.1.1  
C:\>ping 172.16.1.2
```

### **PC1 Command Prompt :**

```
C:\>ipconfig  
C:\>ping 172.16.1.1  
C:\>ping 10.0.0.2  
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1  
C:\>ping 192.168.1.1  
C:\>ping 192.168.1.2
```

### **Router Verification Commands:**

```
Router0#show ip route  
Router0#show ip ospf neighbour  
Router0#show ip ospf database
```

**Router1#show ip route**

**Router1#show ip ospf neighbour**

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 2

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

## **OUTPUT:**

### **PC0 OUTPUT :**

```
C:\>PING 172.16.1.2

Pinging 172.16.1.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 172.16.1.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

### **PC1 OUTPUT :**

```
C:\>PING 192.168.1.2

Pinging 192.168.1.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

## **OSPF Neighbour Output:**

```
Router#show ip ospf neighbor
```

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
172.16.1.1	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:34	10.0.0.2	FastEthernet0/1

## IP Route Output:

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

NO 2

18084

```
Router#show ip route
```

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP  
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area  
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2  
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP  
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area  
\* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR  
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

```
    10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C      10.0.0.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
O  172.16.0.0/16 [110/2] via 10.0.0.2, 00:07:45, FastEthernet0/1
C      192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
```

**Conclusion : The above network topology has been executed successfully and OSPF dynamic routing has been demonstrated.**

18084

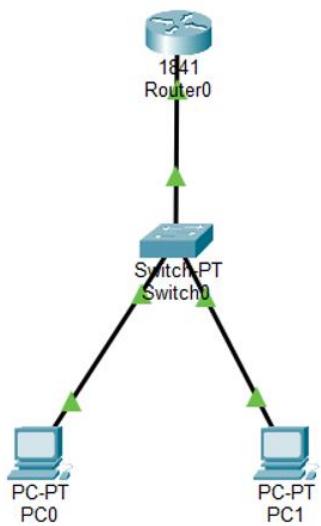
### **Q1. Demonstrate DHCP Server in Cisco Packet Tracer.**

**Aim:** To configure a router as DHCP server to automatically assign IP addresses to clients.

#### **Connections:**

- Router FastEthernet0/0 to Switch FastEthernet0/1 (Straight-through cable)
- PC0 to Switch FastEthernet0/2 (Straight-through cable)
- PC1 to Switch FastEthernet0/3 (Straight-through cable)

#### **Topology :**



#### **Code :**

#### **Router Configuration Commands:**

```
Router>enable  
Router#configure terminal  
Router(config)#hostname DHCP-Router
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
PPRACTICAL NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR

18084

```
DHCP-Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0  
DHCP-Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0  
DHCP-Router(config-if)#no shutdown  
DHCP-Router(config-if)#exit
```

### **DHCP Pool Configuration:**

```
DHCP-Router(config)#ip dhcp pool STUDENT_NETWORK  
DHCP-Router(dhcp-config)#network 10.0.0.0 255.255.255.0  
DHCP-Router(dhcp-config)#default-router 10.0.0.1  
DHCP-Router(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8  
DHCP-Router(dhcp-config)#exit
```

### **Exclude IP Addresses:**

```
DHCP-Router(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 10.0.0.1 10.0.0.10  
DHCP-Router(config)#exit  
DHCP-Router#copy running-config startup-config
```

### **PC Configuration:**

- On each PC, go to **Desktop** tab → **IP Configuration**
- Select **DHCP** option

### **Verification command :**

#### **On Router:**

```
DHCP-Router#show ip dhcp pool
```

```
DHCP-Router#show ip dhcp binding
```

```
DHCP-Router#show ip interface brief
```

### On both PCs (Command Prompt):

```
C:\>ipconfig
```

```
C:\>ipconfig /all
```

```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA

SIWS COLLEGE

NO 3

MAJOR PRACTICAL

18084

### Output:

#### PC0 - ipconfig:

```
C:\>ipconfig

FastEthernet0 Connection: (default port)

  Connection-specific DNS Suffix...: collegelab.local
  Link-local IPv6 Address....: FE80::250:FFF:FEBC:55D2
  IPv6 Address.....: ::
  IPv4 Address.....: 10.0.0.11
  Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.0
  Default Gateway.....: ::
                      10.0.0.1
```

#### PC1 - ipconfig:

```
C:\>ipconfig

FastEthernet0 Connection: (default port)

  Connection-specific DNS Suffix...: collegelab.local
  Link-local IPv6 Address....: FE80::20C:85FF:FE14:5DE7
  IPv6 Address.....: ::
  IPv4 Address.....: 10.0.0.12
  Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.0
  Default Gateway.....: ::
                      10.0.0.1
```

### Router - DHCP Bindings (WORKING COMMAND):

IP address	Client-ID/ Hardware address	Lease expiration	Type
10.0.0.11	0050.0FBC.55D2	--	Automatic
10.0.0.12	000C.8514.5DE7	--	Automatic

## Router - DHCP Pool Status (WORKING COMMAND):

```
DHCP-router#show ip dhcp pool

Pool STUDENT_NETWORK :
  Utilization mark (high/low)      : 100 / 0
  Subnet size (first/next)        : 0 / 0
  Total addresses                 : 254
  Leased addresses                : 2
  Excluded addresses              : 1
  Pending event                   : none

  1 subnet is currently in the pool
  Current index      IP address range           Leased/Excluded/Total
  10.0.0.1           10.0.0.1       - 10.0.0.254     2 / 1 / 254
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

18084

## Router - Interface Status:

```
DHCP-router#show ip interface brief
Interface          IP-Address      OK? Method Status          Protocol
FastEthernet0/0    10.0.0.1        YES manual up           up
FastEthernet0/1    unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
Serial0/0/0        unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
Serial0/0/1        unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
Vlan1             unassigned      YES unset   administratively down down
```

## Connectivity Test - PC0 to Router:

```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1

Pinging 10.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.1:
  Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
  Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

**Conclusion:** The DHCP server has been successfully configured on the router using commands compatible with Cisco Packet Tracer.

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
PRACTICAL NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR

18084

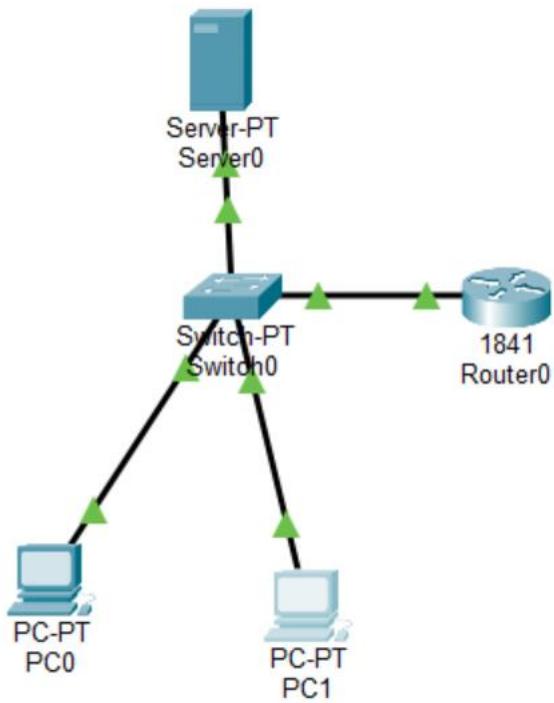
## **Q2. Demonstrate DNS Server in Packet Tracer.**

**Aim:** To configure a DNS server to resolve domain names to IP addresses and test name resolution in the network.

### **Devices Needed:**

- 1 Server (DNS Server)
- 1 Router
- 1 Switch
- 2 PCs (Clients)

### **Topology:**



**Code:**

**Configure DNS Records:**

Name: [www.company.com](http://www.company.com)

Type: A Record

Address: 192.168.1.5 # Points to Server itself

-> Add

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

Name: ftp.company.com

Type: A Record

Address: 192.168.1.5 # Points to Server itself

-> Add

Name: mail.company.com

Type: A Record

Address: 192.168.1.5 # Points to Server itself

-> Add

#### **Server IP Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.5
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- DNS Server: 192.168.1.5

#### **Router Configuration:**

```
Router>enable  
Router#configure terminal  
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0  
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0  
Router(config-if)#no shutdown  
Router(config-if)#exit  
Router(config)#exit  
Router#copy running-config startup-config
```

#### **PC0 Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.10
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- DNS Server: 192.168.1.5

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
PRACTICALNO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR

**18084**

#### **PC1 Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.11
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- DNS Server: 192.168.1.5

#### **In PC Command Prompt**

#### **PC0:**

C:\>nslookup [www.company.com](http://www.company.com)

C:\>nslookup ftp.company.com

C:\>nslookup mail.company.com

C:\>ping [www.company.com](http://www.company.com)

C:\>ping ftp.company.com

**PC1:**

C:\>nslookup [www.company.com](http://www.company.com)

C:\>nslookup mail.company.com

C:\>ping [www.company.com](http://www.company.com)

C:\>ping mail.company.com

**Output:**

**PC0 nslookup Results:**

C:\>nslookup [www.company.com](http://www.company.com)

```
C:\>nslookup www.company.com
Server: [192.168.1.5]
Address: 192.168.1.5

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: www.company.com
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

C:\>nslookup ftp.company.com

```
C:\>nslookup ftp.company.com
Server: [192.168.1.5]
Address: 192.168.1.5

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: ftp.company.com
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

```
C:\>nslookup mail.company.com
```

```
C:\>nslookup mail.company.com  
Server: [192.168.1.5]  
Address: 192.168.1.5  
  
Non-authoritative answer:  
Name: mail.company.com  
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

#### PC0 Ping Results:

```
C:\>ping www.company.com
```

```
C:\>ping www.company.com  
  
Pinging 192.168.1.5 with 32 bytes of data:  
  
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128  
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128  
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128  
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128  
  
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.5:  
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),  
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:  
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

#### PC1 nslookup Results:

```
C:\>nslookup mail.company.com
```

```
C:\>nslookup mail.company.com  
Server: [192.168.1.5]  
Address: 192.168.1.5  
  
Non-authoritative answer:  
Name: mail.company.com  
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

```
C:\>nslookup www.company.com
```

```
C:\>nslookup www.company.com  
Server: [192.168.1.5]  
Address: 192.168.1.5  
  
Non-authoritative answer:  
Name: www.company.com  
Address: 192.168.1.5
```

## **PC2 Ping Results:**

C:\>ping mail.company.com

```
C:\>ping mail.company.com

Pinging 192.168.1.5 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.5:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

**Conclusion:** The DNS server has been configured successfully

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

**Q3. Demonstrate FTP Server in Packet Tracer.**

**Aim:** To configure an FTP server and test file transfer between server and clients in the network.

**Devices Needed:**

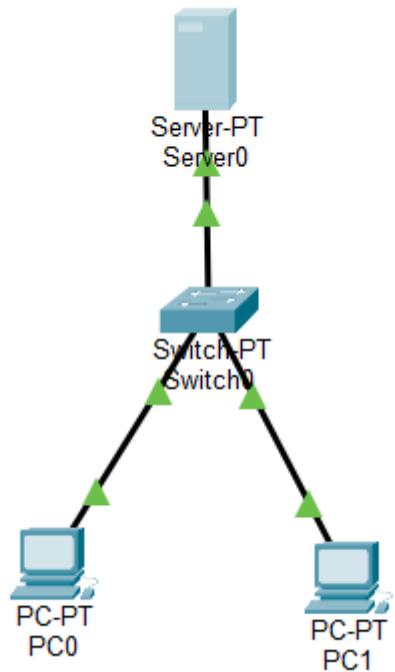
- **1 Server (FTP Server)**
- **1 Switch**

- 2 PCs (FTP Clients)

**Connection :**

- Connect all devices to the switch using copper straight-through cables

**Topology:**



**Code:**

**Server Configuration (FTP):**

1. Click on Server → Services tab → FTP
2. FTP Server Settings:
  - FTP Service: ON
3. Add User Account:
  - Username: admin

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

- Password: cisco
- Click Add

**Server IP Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.5

- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

**PC1 Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.10
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

**PC2 Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.11
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

**Create Test File on PC1**

1. Click on PC1 → Desktop tab → Text Editor
2. Type: This is a test file for FTP transfer
3. Save as: upload\_test.txt

**Verification: In PC Command Prompt**

**PC1 FTP Commands:**

```
C:\>ftp 192.168.1.5
```

Username: admin

Password: cisco

```
ftp> dir
```

```
ftp> put upload_test.txt
```

```
ftp> dir
```

```
ftp> get welcome.txt
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

```
ftp> delete notes.txt
```

```
ftp> quit
```

**PC2 FTP Commands:**

```
C:\>ftp 192.168.1.5
```

```
Username: admin
```

```
Password: cisco
```

```
ftp> dir
```

```
ftp> get upload_test.txt
```

```
ftp> rename upload_test.txt downloaded_file.txt
```

```
ftp> dir
```

```
ftp> quit
```

**Ping Test (Both PCs):**

```
C:\>ping 192.168.1.5
```

**Output:**

**PC1 FTP Session:**

```
C:\>ftp 192.168.1.5
Trying to connect...192.168.1.5
Connected to 192.168.1.5
220- Welcome to PT Ftp server
Username:admin
331- Username ok, need password
Password:*****
230- Logged in
(passive mode On)
ftp>dir
```

33	:	notes_text.txt	-	24
34	:	pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin		5571584
35	:	pt3000-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA4.bin		3117390
36	:	upload_text.txt		37
37	:	welcome_text.txt		26

```

ftp>put upload_text.txt

Writing file upload_text.txt to 192.168.1.5:
File transfer in progress...

[Transfer complete - 36 bytes]

36 bytes copied in 0.021 secs (1714 bytes/sec)
ftp>put welcome.txt

```

```

ftp>dir

Listing /ftp directory from 192.168.1.5:
0   : asa842-k8.bin                               5571584
1   : asa923-k8.bin                               30468096
2   : c1841-advipservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin    33591768
3   : c1841-ipbase-mz.123-14.T7.bin              13832032
4   : c1841-ipbasek9-mz.124-12.bin               16599160
5   : c1900-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M4a.bin    33591768
6   : c2600-advipservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin    33591768
7   : c2600-i-mz.122-28.bin                      5571584
8   : c2600-ipbasek9-mz.124-8.bin                13169700
9   : c2800nm-advipservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin  50938004
10  : c2800nm-advipservicesk9-mz.151-4.M4.bin   33591768
11  : c2800nm-ipbase-mz.123-14.T7.bin          5571584
12  : c2800nm-ipbasek9-mz.124-8.bin            15522644
13  : c2900-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M4a.bin    33591768
14  : c2950-i6q412-mz.121-22.EA4.bin           3058048
15  : c2950-i6q412-mz.121-22.EA8.bin           3117390
16  : c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.FX.bin          4414921
17  : c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.SEE1.bin        4670455
18  : c2960-lanbasek9-mz.150-2.SE4.bin        4670455
19  : c3560-advipservicesk9-mz.122-37.SE1.bin  8662192
20  : c3560-advipservicesk9-mz.122-46.SE.bin   10713279
21  : c800-universalk9-mz.SPA.152-4.M4.bin    33591768
22  : c800-universalk9-mz.SPA.154-3.M6a.bin   83029236
23  : cat3k_caa-universalk9.16.03.02.SPA.bin  505532849
24  : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.154-2.CG     159487552
25  : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.CG     184530138
26  : ie9k_iosxe.17.09.04.SPA.bin             596133776
27  : ir800-universalk9-bundle.SPA.156-3.M.bin 160968869
28  : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M       61750062
29  : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.M       63753767
30  : ir800_yocto-1.7.2.tar                  2877440
31  : ir800_yocto-1.7.2_python-2.7.3.tar    6912000
32  : ir8340-mono-universalk9_iot.17.08.01a.SPA.pkg 685645824
33  : notes_text.txt                         24
34  : pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin                 5571584
35  : pt3000-i6q412-mz.121-22.EA4.bin      3117390
36  : upload_text.txt                       36
37  : welcome.txt                          25
38  : welcome_text.txt                     26

```

```
ftp>get welcome.txt  
Reading file welcome.txt from 192.168.1.5:  
File transfer in progress...  
[Transfer complete - 25 bytes]  
25 bytes copied in 0 secs
```

```
ftp>delete notes.txt  
Deleting file notes.txt from 192.168.1.5: ftp>  
[Deleted file notes.txt successfully ]
```

```
ftp>quit  
221- Service closing control connection.
```

#### Ping Test Results:

```
C:\>ping 192.168.1.5  
Pinging 192.168.1.5 with 32 bytes of data:  
  
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128  
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128  
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128  
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128  
  
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.5:  
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),  
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:  
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

#### PC2 FTP Session:

```
C:\>ftp 192.168.1.5  
Trying to connect...192.168.1.5  
Connected to 192.168.1.5  
220- Welcome to PT Ftp server  
Username:admin  
331- Username ok, need password  
Password:*****  
230- Logged in  
(passive mode On)  
ftp>dir  
  
Listing /ftp directory from 192.168.1.5:
```

**18084**

31	:	ir800_yocto-1.7.2_python-2.7.3.tar	6912000
32	:	ir8340-mono-universalk9_iot.17.08.01a.SPA.pkg	685645824
33	:	notes_text.txt	24
34	:	pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin	5571584
35	:	pt3000-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA4.bin	3117390
36	:	upload_text.txt	36
37	:	welcome.txt	25
38	:	welcome_text.txt	26

```
ftp>get upload_text.txt  
  
Reading file upload_text.txt from 192.168.1.5:  
File transfer in progress...  
  
[Transfer complete - 37 bytes]  
  
37 bytes copied in 0 secs
```

```
ftp>rename upload_text.txt downloaded_text.txt  
  
Renaming upload_text.txt  
ftp>  
[OK Renamed file successfully from upload_text.txt to downloaded_text.txt]
```

```
ftp>dir  
  
Listing /ftp directory from 192.168.1.5:  
0   : asa842-k8.bin                                5571584  
1   : asa923-k8.bin                                30468096  
2   : c1841-advipservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin      33591768  
3   : c1841-ipbase-mz.123-14.T7.bin                13832032  
  
25  : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.CG          184530138  
26  : downloaded_text.txt                            37  
27  : ie9k_iosxe.17.09.04.SPA.bin                  596133776  
28  : ir800-universalk9-bundle.SPA.156-3.M.bin    160968869  
29  : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M            61750062  
30  : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.M            63753767  
31  : ir800_yocto-1.7.2.tar                        2877440  
32  : ir800_yocto-1.7.2_python-2.7.3.tar          6912000  
33  : ir8340-mono-universalk9_iot.17.08.01a.SPA.pkg 685645824  
34  : notes_text.txt                               24  
35  : pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin                      5571584  
36  : pt3000-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA4.bin            3117390  
37  : welcome.txt                                25  
38  : welcome_text.txt                           26
```

```
ftp>quit  
  
221- Service closing control connection.
```

**Ping Test Results:**

```
C:\>ping 192.168.1.5

Pinging 192.168.1.5 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.5:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

**Conclusion: The FTP server has been configured successfully.**

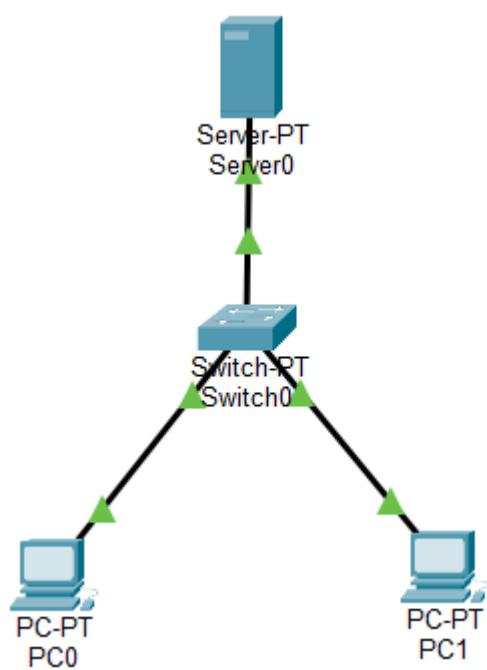
#### 4.Demonstrate HTTP Server in Packet Tracer.

**Aim:** To configure a web server and test web page access from clients using web browsers.

**Steps:**

1. In packet tracer place 1 Server-PT and 2 PC-PT and 1 Switch.
2. Connect Server-PT with Switch via FastEthernet0 using straight-through copper cord.
3. Connect PC-PT0 and PC-PT1 with Switch via FastEthernet0 using straight-through copper cords.
4. Set the IP address of Server-PT and both PCs in IP configuration.
5. Configure HTTP service on Server-PT and create web pages.
6. Test web access from both PCs.

**Topology:**



**Code:**

**Server-PT Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.10
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

**18084**

**HTTP Service Configuration:**

- **HTTP Service: ON**
- **Created web pages: index.html, about.html, courses.html**

**Web Page Code:**

**index.html:**

```
html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>My College Website</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to College Server</h1>
<p>This website is hosted on Server-PT in Packet Tracer.</p>
<a href="about.html">About College</a> |
<a href="courses.html">Courses</a>
</body>
</html>
```

**about.html:**

```
html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>About Our College</title>
</head>
<body>
```

18084

```
<h1>About Our Institution</h1>
<p>Established in 1990, we provide quality technical education.</p>
<p><b>Departments:</b> Computer, IT, Electronics, Mechanical</p>
<a href="index.html">Home</a> | 
<a href="courses.html">Our Courses</a>
</body>
</html>
courses.html:
html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>College Courses</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Available Courses</h1>
<ul>
<li>Computer Engineering</li>
<li>Information Technology</li>
<li>Electronics & Telecommunication</li>
<li>Mechanical Engineering</li>
</ul>
<a href="index.html">Home</a> | 
<a href="about.html">About College</a>
</body>
</html>
```

**PC-PT0 Configuration:**

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

**PC-PT1 Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.30
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

**Verification: In Both PCs Web Browser**

**PC-PT0:**

- Open Web Browser
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10>
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10/about.html>
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10/courses.html>

**PC-PT1:**

- Open Web Browser
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10>
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10/about.html>
- Enter URL: <http://192.168.1.10/courses.html>

**Connectivity Test:**

C:\>ping 192.168.1.10

**Output:**

**Ping Test Results:**

**PC0:**

**18084**

```
C:\>ping 192.168.1.10

Pinging 192.168.1.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 8ms, Average = 2ms
```

**PC1:**

```
C:\>ping 192.168.1.10

Pinging 192.168.1.10 with 32 bytes of data:

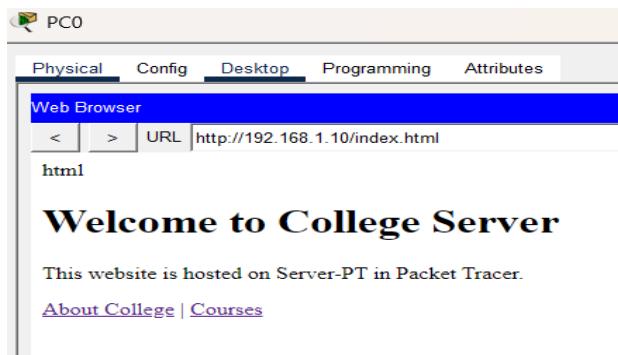
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

**Web Browser Output:**

**Homepage (<http://192.168.1.10>):**

**PC0 :**



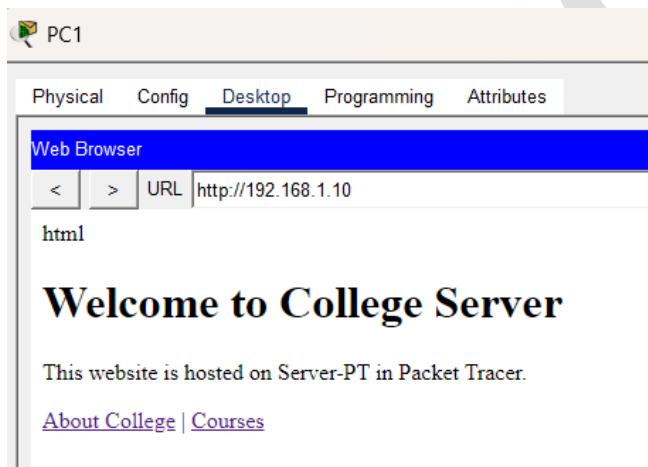
VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

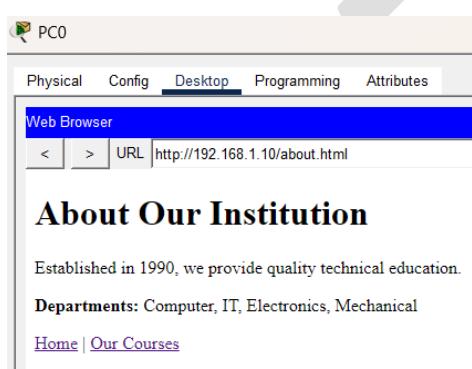
18084

**PC1:**

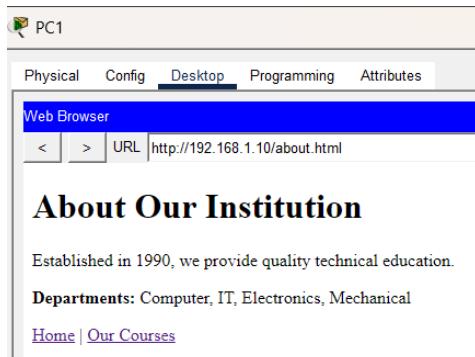


**About Page (<http://192.168.1.10/about.html>):**

**PC0 :**



**PC1:**



## About Our Institution

Established in 1990, we provide quality technical education.

**Departments:** Computer, IT, Electronics, Mechanical

[Home](#) | [Our Courses](#)

Courses Page (<http://192.168.1.10/courses.html>):

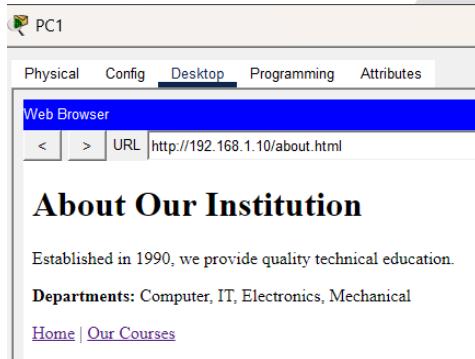
VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

18084

**PC1:**



## About Our Institution

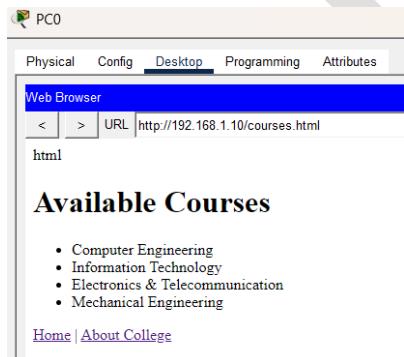
Established in 1990, we provide quality technical education.

**Departments:** Computer, IT, Electronics, Mechanical

[Home](#) | [Our Courses](#)

Courses Page (<http://192.168.1.10/courses.html>):

**PC0:**

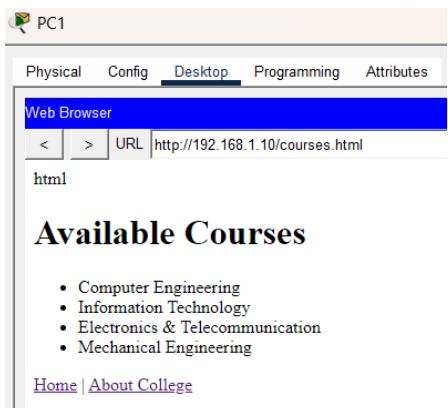


## Available Courses

- Computer Engineering
- Information Technology
- Electronics & Telecommunication
- Mechanical Engineering

[Home](#) | [About College](#)

**PC1:**



**Conclusion: The HTTP web server has been configured successfully on Server-PT.**

VAISHNAVI KURIYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

18084

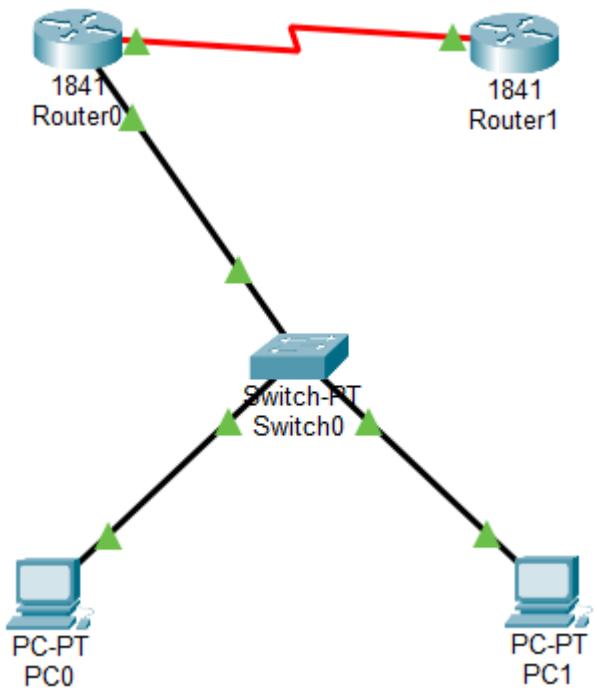
#### **Q5. Demonstrate Telnet in Packet Tracer.**

**Aim:** To configure Telnet on routers to enable remote administration and test remote connectivity between devices.

##### **Connections:**

- Connect Router0 and Router1 via serial cable (Serial DCE)
- Connect Router0 to Switch via Fast Ethernet
- Connect PCs to Switch via copper straight-through cables

##### **Topology:**



**Code:**

**Router1 Configuration:**

```

Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#hostname Router0
Router0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router0(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0

```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

```

Router0(config-if)#no shutdown
Router0(config-if)#exit
Router0(config)#interface Serial0/0/0
Router0(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.252
Router0(config-if)#clock rate 64000
Router0(config-if)#no shutdown
Router0(config-if)#exit

```

```
Router0(config)#line vty 0 4
Router0(config-line)#password cisco
Router0(config-line)#login
Router0(config-line)#exit
Router0(config)#enable secret class
Router0(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.0.2
Router0(config)#exit
Router0#copy running-config startup-config
```

Router2 Configuration:

```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#hostname Router1
Router1(config)#interface Serial0/0/0
Router1(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.252
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
Router1(config-if)#exit
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router1(config-if)#ip address 172.16.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
Router1(config-if)#exit
Router1(config)#line vty 0 4
Router1(config-line)#password cisco
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

```
Router1(config-line)#login
Router1(config-line)#exit
Router1(config)#enable secret class
Router1(config)#ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.0.1
Router1(config)#exit
Router1#copy running-config startup-config
```

**PC1 Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.10
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

**PC2 Configuration:**

- IP Address: 192.168.1.11
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

**Verification: In PC Command Prompt**

**PC1 Telnet Tests:**

C:\>ping 192.168.1.1

C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

C:\>ping 172.16.1.1

C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1

C:\>telnet 10.0.0.2

**PC2 Telnet Tests:**

C:\>ping 192.168.1.1

C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

C:\>ping 172.16.1.1

C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1

C:\>telnet 172.16.1.1

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

**Router Verification Commands:**

Router#show users

Router#show line vty 0

Router#show running-config | include vty

**Output:**

**PC1 Telnet to Router1:**

telnet 192.168.1.1

```
C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1
Trying 192.168.1.1 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:
Password:
router0>enable
Password:
router0#show users
  Line      User      Host(s)          Idle      Location
*196 vty 0            idle           00:00:00 192.168.1.10

  Interface    User          Mode      Idle      Peer Address
router0#exit

[Connection to 192.168.1.1 closed by foreign host]
```

**PC1 Telnet to Router2:**

C:\>telnet 10.0.0.2

```
C:\>telnet 10.0.0.2
Trying 10.0.0.2 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:
router1>enable
Password:
router1#show ip interface brief
Interface          IP-Address      OK? Method Status          Protocol
FastEthernet0/0    172.16.1.1    YES manual down        down
FastEthernet0/1    unassigned     YES unset administratively down down
Serial0/0/0        10.0.0.2      YES manual up         up
Serial0/0/1        unassigned     YES unset administratively down down
Vlan1              unassigned     YES unset administratively down down
router1#
[Connection to 10.0.0.2 closed by foreign host]
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 3

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

**PC2 Telnet to Router1:**

C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1

```
C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1
Trying 192.168.1.1 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:
router0>enable
Password:
router0#show running-config | include vty
line vty 0 4
router0#show running-config | include vty
line vty 0 4
router0#exit

[Connection to 192.168.1.1 closed by foreign host]
```

#### Ping Test Results:

```
C:\>ping 172.16.1.1

Pinging 172.16.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.2: Destination host unreachable.

Ping statistics for 172.16.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

#### Router Show Users Output:

```
router0#show users
  Line      User      Host(s)          Idle      Location
*196 vty 0           idle            00:00:00 192.168.1.10

  Interface   User          Mode      Idle      Peer Address
router0#exit
```

**Conclusion:** Telnet has been configured successfully on both routers.

Aim: To study and implement Substitution Techniques in Cryptography using Python to perform encryption and decryption of a message

Program:

```
# Practical 4: Study of Cryptography - Substitution Techniques (Caesar Cipher)

def encrypt(text, shift):

    result = ""

    for char in text:

        if char.isalpha():

            base = 'A' if char.isupper() else 'a'

            result += chr((ord(char) - ord(base) + shift) % 26 + ord(base))

        else:

            result += char

    return result

def decrypt(text, shift):

    return encrypt(text, -shift)

# Input

text = input("Enter plain text: ")

shift = int(input("Enter shift value: "))
```

```
# Encryption  
encrypted_text = encrypt(text, shift)  
  
print("Encrypted Text:", encrypted_text)  
  
# Decryption  
decrypted_text = decrypt(encrypted_text, shift)  
print("Decrypted Text:", decrypted_text)
```

OUTPUT:

```
*** Enter plain text: HELLO  
Enter shift value: 3  
Encrypted Text: KHOOR  
Decrypted Text: HELLO
```

CONCLUSION: THE ABOVE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED SUCCESSFULLY.

## STUDY OF SYMMETRIC KEY

## 1. DES

AIM: To write a program in python to demonstrate DES

## PROGRAM:

```
from Crypto.Cipher import DES
from Crypto.Util.Padding import pad, unpad

# Key must be 8 bytes
key = b'12345678'
cipher = DES.new(key, DES.MODE_ECB)

# Input
plaintext = input("Enter message: ")

# Encrypt
padded_text = pad(plaintext.encode(), DES.block_size)
encrypted_text = cipher.encrypt(padded_text)
print("Encrypted Text:", encrypted_text)

# Decrypt
decrypted_text = unpad(cipher.decrypt(encrypted_text), DES.block_size)
```

```
print("Decrypted Text:", decrypted_text.decode())
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter message: HELLO WORLD
Encrypted Text: b'\xf9\xd8\xc2\\xabt\r\xf9K\xfe\x97\x93\x94~\xc9'
Decrypted Text: HELLO WORLD
```

## 2. AES

AIM: To write a program in python to demonstrate AES

PROGRAM:

```
from Crypto.Cipher import AES
from Crypto.Util.Padding import pad, unpad

# Key must be 16, 24, or 32 bytes
key = b'thisismysecretky'
cipher = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_ECB)

# Input
plaintext = input("Enter message: ")
```

**18084**

```
# Encrypt  
padded_text = pad(plaintext.encode(), AES.block_size)  
encrypted_text = cipher.encrypt(padded_text)  
print("Encrypted Text:", encrypted_text)
```

```
# Decrypt  
decrypted_text = unpad(cipher.decrypt(encrypted_text), AES.block_size)  
print("Decrypted Text:", decrypted_text.decode())
```

OUTPUT:

```
*** Enter message: SECRET MESSAGE  
Encrypted Text: b'o\xef\xaf4\x7f\x9fg\xb9\x84pQ\r\x9e&/m'  
Decrypted Text: SECRET MESSAGE
```

CONCLUSION:

The above program has been executed successfully.

**18084**

### STUDY OF ASYMMETRIC KEY

#### 1. DH

AIM: To write a python program to demonstrate DH

PROGRAM:

```
P = 23 # prime number
```

```
G = 9 # primitive root
```

```
# Private keys
```

```
a = 4 # Alice's private key
```

```
b = 3 # Bob's private key
```

```
# Generate public keys
```

```
A = (G ** a) % P
```

```
B = (G ** b) % P
```

```
# Generate shared secret keys
```

```
key1 = (B ** a) % P # Alice's key
```

```
key2 = (A ** b) % P # Bob's key
```

```
print("Publicly Shared Values:")
```

```
print("P:", P, "G:", G)
```

```
print("Public Key of Alice (A):", A)
```

```
print("Public Key of Bob (B):", B)
```

```
print("\nSecret Keys:")
print("Alice's Secret Key:", key1)
```

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 6

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

```
print("Bob's Secret Key:", key2)
```

OUTPUT:

```
... Publicly Shared Values:
P: 23 G: 9
Public Key of Alice (A): 6
Public Key of Bob (B): 16

Secret Keys:
Alice's Secret Key: 9
Bob's Secret Key: 9
```

## 2. RSA

AIM: To write a python program to demonstrate RSA

PROGRAM:

```
# Practical 6 - Asymmetric Key Cryptography (RSA)
```

```
def gcd(a, b):
    while b != 0:
        a, b = b, a % b
    return a
```

p = 7

q = 17

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 6

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

```
n = p * q
```

```
phi = (p - 1) * (q - 1)
```

```
# Choose e
```

```
e = 5
```

```
while gcd(e, phi) != 1:
```

```
    e += 1
```

```
# Compute d
```

```
d = pow(e, -1, phi)
```

```
print("Public Key (e, n):", (e, n))
```

```
print("Private Key (d, n):", (d, n))
```

```
# Encryption
```

```
msg = int(input("Enter message (as number): "))
```

```
cipher = pow(msg, e, n)
```

```
print("Encrypted Message:", cipher)
```

```
# Decryption
```

```
decrypted = pow(cipher, d, n)
```

```
print("Decrypted Message:", decrypted)
```

**18084**

OUTPUT:

```
...  Public Key (e, n): (5, 119)
      Private Key (d, n): (77, 119)
      Enter message (as number): 12
      Encrypted Message: 3
      Decrypted Message: 12
```

---

CONCLUSION:

The above program has been executed successfully.

**18084**

### STUDY OF MD5 ALGORITHM

AIM: TO WRITE A PYTHON PROGRAM TO DEMONSTRATE MD5 ALGORITHM

#### PROGRAM:

```
import hashlib
str1 = "syit class"
md5hash_value = hashlib.md5()
md5hash_value.update(str1.encode('utf-8'))
message_digest = md5hash_value.hexdigest()
print("Message Digest:", message_digest)
```

#### OUTPUT:

Message Digest: def2fae3fe87648dc2f8fc69bb2074c

#### CONCLUSION:

THE ABOVE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED SUCCESSFULLY.

**18084**

### Study of Hash function- RS Hash

AIM: TO WRITE A PROGRAM TO DEMONSTRATE RSHash FUNCTION IN PYTHON

#### PROGRAM:

```
# Function to calculate RS Hash value
def rs_hash_value(string):
    a = 63689
    b = 378551
    hash_value = 0

    for ch in string:
        hash_value = hash_value * a + ord(ch)
        a = a * b

    return hash_value & 0xFFFFFFFF

# Input string
text = "syit class"
```

```
# Calling the function  
h1 = rs_hash_value(text)
```

VAISHNAVI KURIYALA  
NO 8

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

```
# Displaying the hash value  
print("RS Hash Value:", h1)
```

OUTPUT:

```
*** RS Hash Value: 4113426761
```

---

CONCLUSION:

THE ABOVE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED SUCCESSFULLY.

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 8

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

**18084**

TO CREATE, EXPORT AND VALIDATE A DIGITAL CERTIFICATE.

AIM: To write a code to Create, Export and Validate a digital Certificate.

STEPS:

1. Download and Install Openssl
2. Add its bin path in Environmental Variables.
3. Open command prompt

PROGRAM:

```
C:\User\Sweta\Desktop>openssl req -x509 -days 365 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout  
private-key.pem -out certificate.pem
```

Enter PEM Pass: 123456

Country Name (2 letter code) []: IN

State or Province Name (full name) []: Maharashtra

Locality Name []: Mumbai

Organization Name []: SIWS

Organizational Unit Name []: IT

Common Name []: TMD

Email Address []: [swetapal39@gmail.com](mailto:swetapal39@gmail.com)

C:\User\Sweta\Desktop> openssl pkcs12 -export -in certificate.pem -inkey private-key.pem -out TMD.pfx

Enter Export Password: 5678

Verifying - Enter Export Password: 5678

C:\User\Sweta\Desktop> openssl pkcs12 -in TMD.pfx -clcerts -nokeys -out public-key.pem

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 9

SIWS COLLEGE

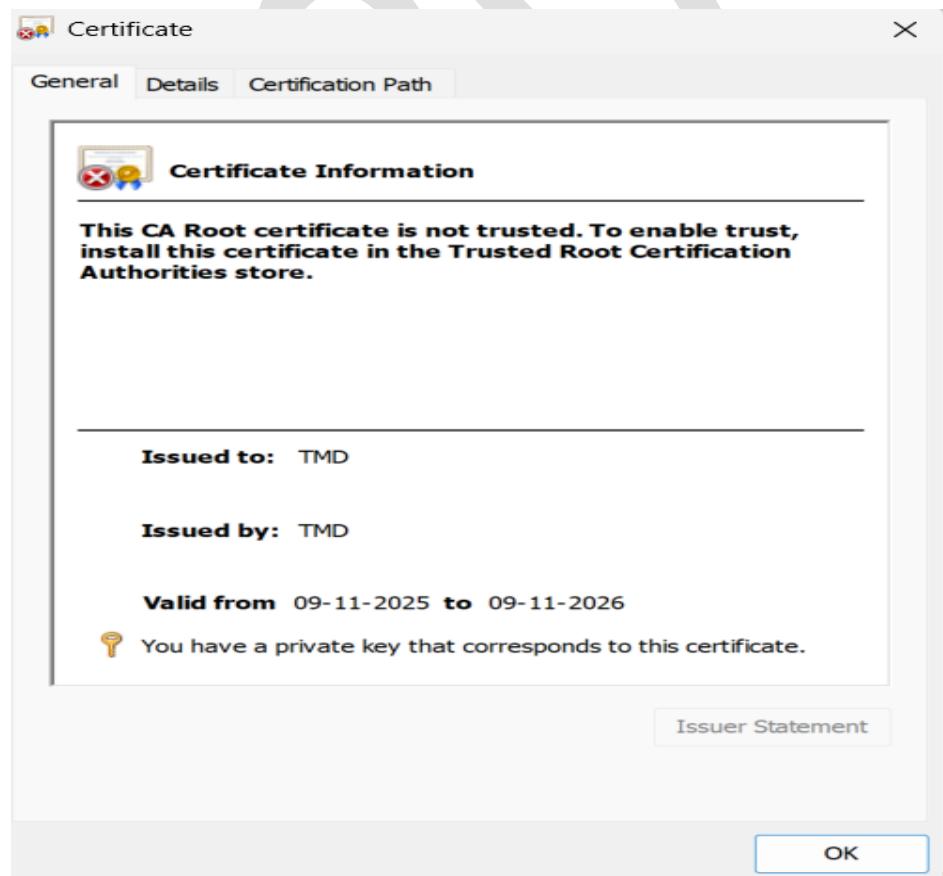
MAJOR PRACTICAL

18084

Enter Import Password: 5678

Import the certificate

OUTPUT:



Conclusion:

The above creation is done successfully.

VAISHNAVI KURIKYALA  
NO 9

SIWS COLLEGE

MAJOR PRACTICAL

180004