

# 200 words - 10 essential vocabulary topics for lelts 7+

speaking ielts 1 (Trường Đại học Ngoại ngữ, Đại học Đà Nẵng)

# 200 TỪ VỰNG - 10 CHỦ ĐIỂM THIẾT YẾU CHO IELTS BAND 7+

Và bài tập, bài mẫu ứng dụng

Tú Phạm (MSc.) & Trần Đức Phương Anh (MA.)

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a>
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth

# HƯỚNG DẪN CÁCH HOC

#### Kết cấu tài liệu

Khoảng 200 từ vựng trong tài liệu được chia làm 10 nhóm, bao gồm: Business – Crime – Culture and Tourism – Children – Education – Environment – Governments – Individuals and Society – Transport – Technology. Tổng thời gian bạn có thể hoàn thành cả tài liệu này là khoảng từ 5-10 giờ học.

Khi hoàn thành, bạn **chắc chắn** sẽ có một nhóm từ vựng "đinh" sẽ đi cùng các bạn qua phần lớn chủ điểm phổ biến nhất của IELTS, đủ để bạn ứng biến trong bài Writing.

Kết cấu mối bài học rất đơn giản và dễ đi theo, bao gồm một list từ đã được giải nghĩa, từ 1-2 bài tập với rất nhiều dạng khác nhau như sắp xếp câu và dịch câu, và cuối cùng là bài tập điền từ vào một bài luận với văn cảnh và ý rõ ràng. Ngay cuối mỗi bài học là đáp án để bạn tiện tra cứu.

#### Độ khó từ vựng

100% từ vựng trong các chủ điểm là từ vựng học thuật, và phần lớn trong số đó ở trình độ C1-C2, tức là từ **7.0 tới 9.0 IELTS**. Tuy nhiên do kết cấu tài liệu đơn giản và bài tập rất rõ ràng, các bạn từ trình độ **intermediate** hoặc **pre-intermediate** đã có thể bắt đầu học tài liệu này.

#### Bài mẫu

100% bài mẫu tài liệu này do thầy Tú Phạm trực tiếp viết, với đề bài là các đề thi IELTS thực tế tại Việt Nam. Bởi vậy ngoài mục tiêu học từ vựng, tài liệu còn có thể sử dụng như bộ bài mẫu tham khảo cho tất cả các bạn ôn luyện IELTS.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

### MỤC LỤC

CHỦ ĐIỂM 1: BUSINESS	4
Vocabulary:	4
Exercises:	5
Key:	8
CHỦ ĐIỂM 2: CRIME	10
Vocabulary:	
Exercises:	11
Key:	15
CHỦ ĐIỂM 3: CULTURE AND TOURISM	17
Vocabulary:	
Exercises:	18
Key:	21
CHỦ ĐIỂM 4: CHILDREN	23
Vocabulary:	23
Exercises:	24
Key:	27
CHỦ ĐIỂM 5: EDUCATION	29
Vocabulary:	29
Exercises:	30
Key:	33
CHỦ ĐIỂM 6: ENVIRONMENT	35
Vocabulary:	35
Exercises:	36
Key:	39
CHỦ ĐIỂM 7: GOVERNMENTS	41
Vocabulary:	41
Exercises:	42
Key	46
CHỦ ĐIỂM 8: INDIVIDUALS AND SOCIETY	48

Follow thay I'u tren Facebook: https://facebook.com/phamquangtu	
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a>	
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>	
Vocabulary:	48
Exercises:	49
Key:	53
CHỦ ĐIỂM 9: TRANSPORT	
Vocabulary:	55
Exercises:	56
Key:	59
CHỦ ĐIỂM 10: TECHNOLOGY	61
Vocabulary:	
Exercises:	62
Kev:	65

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# **CHỦ ĐIỂM 1: BUSINESS**

# **Vocabulary:**

- 1. **bombard** (v): oanh tạc, dồn dập tấn công (dung cả nghĩa đen & nghĩa bóng)
- 2. **conglomerate** (n): tập đoàn
- 3. consume (v) consumption (n): tiêu dùng, tiêu thụ
- 4. dominate (v): chi phối, khống chế
- 5. endorse (v): ủng hộ, tán thành
- 6. exaggerate (v): phóng đại
- 7. fallacy (n): ngụy biện, sai lầm
- 8. gain popularity (collocation): trở nên phố biến, thu hút sự chú ý
- 9. merchandise (n): hàng hóa, thương phẩm
- 10. **obsolete** (adj): lỗi thời
- 11. **predecessor** (n): tiền nhiệm
- 12. processor (n): bộ vi xử lý
- 13. revolutionary (adj): mang tính cách mạng, đột phá
- 14. saturate (v): bão hòa
- 15. tuberculosis (n): bệnh lao

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# **Exercises:**

Task :	1: Fill in the blank	s with suitable	words/phr	ases				
1. The	troops		the city, killi	ng and in	juring hun	dreds.		
2. It is	a common	······································	that womer	n are wors	se drivers t	han men.		
3. Gas	s lamps became _		v	when elec	ctric lightin	g was inve	nted.	
4. Sin	ce the US market	has now been <sub>.</sub>		, (	drug deale	rs are looki	ng to Euro	pe.
5. He was.	has	_ the whole ev	ent to make	e it sound	rather mo	re dramati	c than it ac	tually
Task 2	2: Translate from	Vietnamese to	English					
1.		_		các hoạt đ	fộng cách	mạng.		
2. của cl	Các tập đoàn tài nính phủ.	chính chi phối	nền kinh tế	quốc gia,	làm ảnh h	ưởng đến l	kế hoạch cl	hi tiêu
3.	Lao phổi là căn l	oệnh có thể gâ	y chết ngườ	i nếu khô	ng được cl	nữa trị đún	g cách.	
	Với sự giúp đỡ c từ cộng đồng mại			ıội, rất dễ	dàng để c	ác bạn trẻ	thu hút đu	ťợc sụ 
5.	Mỗi nhà lãnh đạ	ıo mới đều đổ	lỗi cho ngườ	yi tiền nhi	ệm vì nhữ	ng lỗi lầm t	rong quá k	—– ‹hứ.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Task 3: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

bombard (v)	gain popularity (collocation)
conglomerate (n)	merchandise (n)
consume (v) – consumption (n)	obsolete (adj)
dominate (v)	predecessor (n)
endorse (v)	processor (n)
exaggerate (v)	revolutionary (adj)
fallacy (n)	saturate (v)
	tuberculosis (n)

Some people say that advertising encourages us to buy things that we really do not need. Others say that advertisements tell us about new products that may improve our lives.

# Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

Recently, commercial advertisements have 1	a variety of television channels,
	ome claim that this trend helps popularise new
	dards, the main result is the unnecessary
There is a common 3 that ac	dvertising is an important means to introduce new
	may argue that in the past, a number of world-
changing products 4 thank	ks to advertising, such as the success story of
	rly 2000s, which were believed to have saved
	ncer. However, in more recent years, the market
has become 6 , leaving	very little chance that one can invent a
	ple's life. Even when there are such life-changing
inventions, it is still very unlikely that they	can reach their potential customers through
advertising channels, because these cha	innels tend to be owned, controlled or
8by 9, v	vho have no top 10 other than
promoting their own 11	
I believe the main purpose of most advertiseme	ents is to persuade customers to make a purchase
regardless of their true needs. To m	eet sales targets, large companies often
12 the usefulness of a small	I feature of their products when advertising. For
example, the latest Samsung mobile phone se	ems no different from its 13,
	, but Samsung marketers are skilful enough to
	re 15 . and that these devices

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a>
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>
must be upgraded to the latest version. Some other companies, including Unilever, have hired celebrities to 16 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their products, so as to appeal to customers who are fans of these famous people. All these advertising techniques may promote sales, but are far less likely to encouraging customers to purchase the goods they truly need.

In conclusion, advertising has been used as an important selling tool for many businesses, whose primary goal is profit, rather than meeting customers' needs.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# Key:

# **Task 1:**

1. bombarded 2. fallacy 3. obsolete 4. saturated 5. exaggerated

#### Task 2: Answers may vary

- 1. Many people were arrested for taking part in revolutionary activities.
- 2. Financial conglomerates have dominated the national economy, influencing the governmental spending plans.
- 3. Tuberculosis can be fatal if not properly treated.
- 4. With the aid of a variety of social networks, it is easy for young people to gain popularity from netizens.
- 5. Each new leader would blame their predecessor for all the evils of the past.

#### Task 3:

Some people say that advertising encourages us to buy things that we really do not need. Others say that advertisements tell us about new products that may improve our lives.

#### Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

Recently, commercial advertisements have 1 **bombarded** a variety of television channels, newspapers, magazines and websites. While some claim that this trend helps popularise new goods that enhance people's living standards, the main result is the unnecessary 2 **consumption** of goods by the public.

There is a common 3 **fallacy** that advertising is an important means to introduce new and invaluable products to the public. People may argue that in the past, a number of world-changing products 4 **gained popularity** thanks to advertising, such as the success story of electronic cigarette advertisements in the early 2000s, which were believed to have saved millions from 5 **tuberculosis** and lung cancer. However, in more recent years, the market has become 6 **saturated**, leaving very little chance that one can invent a 7 **revolutionary** product that changes people's life. Even when there are such life-changing inventions, it is still very unlikely that they can reach their potential customers through advertising channels, because these channels tend to be owned, controlled or 8 **dominated** by 9 **conglomerates**, who have no top 10 **priority** other than promoting their own 11 **merchandise**.

I believe the main purpose of most advertisements is to persuade customers to make a purchase regardless of their true needs. To meet sales targets, large companies often 12 exaggerate the usefulness of a small feature of their products when advertising. For example, the latest Samsung mobile phone seems no different from its 13 predecessor, except for a slightly faster 14 processor, but Samsung marketers are skilful enough to convince customers that their older phones are 15 obsolete, and that these devices must be upgraded to the latest version. Some other companies, including Unilever, have hired celebrities to 16 endorse their products, so as to

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

appeal to customers who are fans of these famous people. All these advertising techniques may promote sales, but are far less likely to encouraging customers to purchase the goods they truly need.

In conclusion, advertising has been used as an important selling tool for many businesses, whose primary goal is profit, rather than meeting customers' needs.

333 words, written by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# **CHỦ ĐIỂM 2: CRIME**

# **Vocabulary:**

- 1. carry out (phr.v): thực hiện
- 2. deter (v): cản trợ, làm nhụt chí, ngăn chặn
- 3. empathy (n): đồng cảm, thấu cảm
- 4. equip sb with (collocation): trang bị cho ai điều gì
- 5. have the intention of (collocation): có ý định làm gì
- 6. instil (v): vun đắp
- 7. **offender** (n): người phạm lỗi, phạm nhân
- 8. preventive (adj): phòng chống, ngăn ngừa
- 9. prospect (n): triển vọng
- 10. ripple (adj): hiệu ứng dây chuyền, lan tràn
- 11. ripple (n): lan tràn của một tiếng động hoặc cảm giác
- 12. self-worth (n): giá trị bản thân
- 13. to earn a living (collocation): kiếm sống
- 14. undeniably (adv): chắc chắn, hiển nhiên, không thể chối cãi

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

**Exercises:** 

Task 1: Write sentences from given cues. Make changes to the cues when needed.
1. high price / deter / young people / buy / house.
2. offender / need / more / empathy / surround / people / after / leave / prison
3. when / she / hear / news / her best friend's wedding / ripple / excitement / flow up / her spine.
4. it / part / a teacher / job / instil / confidence / their students.
5. There / not / many / prospect / that / the war / will / over / soon.
6. police / carry out / thorough search / premises / but / fail / find / any drugs
7. sometimes / when / it / hard / earn a living / we / seem / doubt / self-worth.

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a> Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a>
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>
8. past / ten years / preventive / measure / radically / reduce / level / tooth decay / children.
9.All / police / equip / shields / defend / themselves / rioters.
10. I / have / no intention / change / my plans / just / fit in / his.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Task 2: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

carry out (phr.v)	offender (n)
deter (v)	preventive (adj)
empathy (n)	prospect (n)
equip sb with (collocation)	ripple (adj)
have the intention of (collocation)	ripple (n)
instil (v)	self-worth (n)
undeniably (adv):	to earn a living (collocation)

Studies show that criminals get a low level of education. Some people believe that the best way to reduce crime is educating people in prison so they can get a job after leaving prison. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Educating 1\_\_\_\_\_\_ during imprisonment as a method of reducing the future crime rates is major topic of concern in today's society. While I agree that such a solution is effective in reducing crime, I am convinced that it is far from being the best method and there are many better ways of reducing crime.

I accept that education for prisoners may contribute to the reduction of crime. The primary

. accept	tilat caacation	.o. prisoners .	,	are to the reduc		oee r	, ,
reason i	s that such a for	m of education	could prov	ide offenders wit	h the wo	orking skills t	hat are
essentia	l when they retu	n to the comm	unity. With	improved job 2		, pr	isoners
may the	erefore 3	aft	er leaving	prison and are le	ss likely	to commit a	a crime
again. A	nother significan	t reason is tha	t education	could 4		a sense c	of value
and 5_		_in offenders	As a co	nsequence, they	may	demonstrate	more
6	tow	ards others in	the wider o	community, and b	ecome	better citizer	າs after
their pri	son years. This m	ay even have 7		effect or	others	around them	າ to live
without	crime.						
	-	-		for offenders is no			
			•	e who have comm		•	
				d to other strong			
severe	punishments	such as	longer	imprisonment	for	criminals	could
9	crim	inal acts by ot	her membe	ers of the public v	who 10		а

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebo	ook: https://facebook.com/phamquangtu
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trê	ên Youtube: https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube
Follow cô Phương Anh trêr	Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth
crime. There are also oth	ner educational methods that may have a stronger and more long-lasting
impact on the reduction	of crime. An excellent example of this is crime education at school, which
helps	_the necessary knowledge about crime and crime prevention. This
measure is	a more sustainable crime-fighting solution than education for
criminals.	

To conclude, I firmly believe that although educating prisoners is an effective way to reduce crime, it is not the best solution, as there are more preventive and sustainable measures such as crime education at school and stricter punishments for criminals.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# Key:

#### **Task 1:**

- 1. High prices are deterring many young people from buying houses.
- 2. Offenders need more empathy from surrounding people after leaving prison.
- 3. When she heard the news of her best friend's wedding, a ripple of excitement flowed up her spine.
- 4. It is part of a teacher's job to instil confidence into their students.
- 5. There's not much prospect that the war will be over soon.
- 6. The police carried out a thorough search of the premises, but failed to find any drugs.
- 7. Sometimes when it is hard to earn a living, we seem to doubt our self-worth.
- 8. In the past ten years, preventive measures have radically reduced levels of tooth decay in children.
- 9. All the police officers were equipped with shields to defend themselves against the rioters.
- 10. I have no intention of changing my plans just to fit in with his.

#### Task 2:

Studies show that criminals get a low level of education. Some people believe that the best way to reduce crime is educating people in prison so they can get a job after leaving prison. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Educating 1 **offenders** during imprisonment as a method of reducing the future crime rates is major topic of concern in today's society. While I agree that such a solution is effective in reducing crime, I am convinced that it is far from being the best method and there are many better ways of reducing crime.

I accept that education for prisoners may contribute to the reduction of crime. The primary reason is that such a form of education could provide offenders with the working skills that are essential when they return to the community. With improved job 2 **prospects**, prisoners may therefore 3 **earn a living** after leaving prison and are less likely to commit a crime again. Another significant reason is that education could 4 **instil** a sense of value and 5 **self-worth** in offenders. As a consequence, they may demonstrate more 6 **empathy** towards others in the wider community, and become better citizens after their prison years. This may even have 7 **ripple** effect on others around them to live without crime.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

However, I am firmly of the opinion that education for offenders is not the best solution to reduce crime. This form of education is offered only to those who have committed a crime, and therefore has far less 8 **preventive** value, compared to other stronger solutions. For example, severe punishments such as longer imprisonment for criminals could 9 **deter** criminal acts by other members of the public who 10 **have the intention of carrying out** a crime. There are also other educational methods that may have a stronger and more long-lasting impact on the reduction of crime. An excellent example of this is crime education at school, which helps 11 **equip students with** the necessary knowledge about crime and crime prevention. This measure is 12 **undeniably** a more sustainable crime-fighting solution than education for criminals.

To conclude, I firmly believe that although educating prisoners is an effective way to reduce crime, it is not the best solution, as there are more preventive and sustainable measures such as crime education at school and stricter punishments for criminals.

342 words, written by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth

# **CHỦ ĐIỂM 3: CULTURE AND TOURISM**

# **Vocabulary:**

- 1. antagonise (v) antagonistic (adj): phản kháng, chống đối
- 2. **benefit from** (collocation): hưởng lợi từ việc gì
- 3. dishonour (v) dishonoured (PP): hổ thẹn, tổn thương đến danh dự
- 4. disparate (v): khác nhau, khác loại
- 5. emerge (v): xuất hiện
- 6. fortify (v): củng cố, làm cho vững chắc
- 7. **hostile** (adj) hostility (n): chống đối, không thân thiện
- 8. **perceive** (v) perception (n): nhìn nhận, nhận thức
- 9. prevail (v): trở nên phổ biến, giành được quyền kiểm soát
- 10. prosperous (adj): giàu có, thành công, thịnh vượng
- 11. social cohesion (np): gắn kết xã hội

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# **Exercises:**

Task 1: Write sentences from given cues.	Make changes to the cues when needed
--	--------------------------------------

	g
2.	he / take / deep breath / fortify / himself / before / step / the stage.
3.	Japanese samurai / commit suicide / self-disembowel / when / they / felt / dishonour.
4.	story / be / perceive / different / different angles.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

### Task 2: Translate from Vietnamese to English

- 1. Sự tôn trọng lẫn nhau là điều phố biến giữa học sinh và giáo viên tại ngôi trường này.
- 2. Nhân chứng khai với cảnh sát rằng, có hai người đàn ông xuất hiện từ con hẻm cạnh tòa nhà sau khi tiếng súng đầu tiên phát nổ.
- 3. Sẽ là vô ích khi chống đối một kẻ say.
- 4. Điều làm nên sự khác biệt giữa các quốc gia là sự gắn kết xã hội trong mỗi quốc gia đó.
- 5. Đã có phản ứng chống đối từ người dân đối với đề xuất tăng giá thuế của chính phủ.

#### Task 3: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

antagonise (v) – antagonistic (adj)	hostile (adj) – hostility (n)
benefit from (collocation	perceive (v) – perception (n)
dishonour (v) – dishonoured (PP)	prevail (v)
disparate (v)	prosperous (adj)
emerge (v)	social cohesion (np)
fortify (v)	

# Many people believe that international tourism is a bad thing for their country. What are the reasons? Solutions to change negative attitudes?

in recent years, inter	national touris	im nas becor	ne a growin	g trena in	many 1		
parts of the worl							
3							
forward, before som	e possible solu	tions are pro	oposed.				
There are two signifi	cant reasons a	s to why $4_{\_}$		is fel	lt by local	residents a	gainst
international tourisr	n. One signific	cant factor of	could be the	e threat t	hat this i	ndustry pos	ses to
5	in the local	community	. In other	words,	a group	of people	may
6	providing se	ervices for	r foreign	tourists,	and	become	more
7	than the rest, v	who are mos	tly fisherme	n and farm	ners. As su	ch an incon	ne gap
is created, people o	f lower levels o	of earnings i	may feel dis	advantage	ed, and a	negative at	titude
towards foreign tr	avellers may	8	·	In addition	on, forei	gn visitors	may
unintentionally 9		_the locals b	ecause of th	ne cultural	difference	es between	these
two groups of people	e. An example	of this is tha	t a Japanese	waiter in	a local res	staurant ma	y fee
10	_if an Americ	can tourist	leaves him	a tip, a	very cor	nmon and	well-
appreciated practice	in the US and	other counti	ries.				

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a>
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>
Some measures can be implemented to change the 11attitude of locals
towards international tourism. The first important solution is that the authorities may introduce
new taxation schemes on tourism-related services, and use this tax money to invest in other
industries. In this way, all residents can equally benefit from the rise of international tourism, and
social balance in the area is maintained. Besides, there should be free-of-charge cultural-
exchange programmes for all people. If such programmes were held, mutual cultural
understandings between the locals and the visitors would be 12, and the
problem of cultural differences could be mitigated.
To conclude, the fact that local citizens may 13international travel as an
adverse trend could be ascribed to cultural misunderstandings and the loss of social cohesion in
the area. This negative perception can be properly addressed by a new tax on services for tourists
and cultural-exchange activities.
336 words, written by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# Key:

#### Task 1:

- 1. The two cultures were so utterly disparate that she found it hard to adapt from one to the other.
- 2. He took a deep breath to fortify himself before stepping onto the stage.
- 3. Japanese samurai would commit suicide by self-disembowelling when they felt dishonoured.
- 4. A story could be perceived differently from different angles.
- 5. It is believed that a little drizzle on the grand opening day will bring the company a lot of luck and a prosperous future.

#### Task 2: Answers may vary

- 1. Mutual respect prevails among students and teachers at this school.
- 2. The witness reported to the police that, there were two men who emerged from the alley beside the building after the first shot was fired.
- 3. It is no point antagonising a drunk.
- 4. What makes the difference among countries is the social cohesion within each country.
- 5. There has been a hostile reaction from the citizens to the government's proposed tax increases.

#### Task 3:

Many people believe that international tourism is a bad thing for their country. What are the reasons? Solutions to change negative attitudes?

In recent years, international tourism has become a growing trend in many 1 **disparate** parts of the world. However, a 2 **hostile** attitude towards this trend has 3 **emerged** amongst local people. Some explanations for this social problem will be put forward, before some possible solutions are proposed.

There are two significant reasons as to why 4 **hostility** is felt by local residents against international tourism. One significant factor could be the threat that this industry poses to 5 **social cohesion** in the local community. In other words, a group of people may 6 **benefit from** providing services for foreign tourists, and become more 7 **prosperous** than the rest, who are mostly fishermen and farmers. As such an income gap is created, people of lower levels of earnings may feel disadvantaged, and a negative attitude towards foreign travellers may 8 **prevail**. In addition, foreign visitors may unintentionally 9 **antagonise** the locals because of the cultural differences between these two groups of people. An example of this is that a Japanese

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

waiter in a local restaurant may feel 10 **dishonoured** if an American tourist leaves him a tip, a very common and well-appreciated practice in the US and other countries.

Some measures can be implemented to change the 11 **antagonistic** attitude of locals towards international tourism. The first important solution is that the authorities may introduce new taxation schemes on tourism-related services, and use this tax money to invest in other industries. In this way, all residents can equally benefit from the rise of international tourism, and social balance in the area is maintained. Besides, there should be free-of-charge cultural-exchange programmes for all people. If such programmes were held, mutual cultural understandings between the locals and the visitors would be 12 **fortified**, and the problem of cultural differences could be mitigated.

To conclude, the fact that local citizens may 13 **perceive** international travel as an adverse trend could be ascribed to cultural misunderstandings and the loss of social cohesion in the area. This negative perception can be properly addressed by a new tax on services for tourists and cultural-exchange activities.

336 words, written by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth

# CHỦ ĐIỂM 4: CHILDREN

# **Vocabulary:**

- 1. activate (v): khởi động, kích hoạt
- 2. addictive (adj): gây nghiện / addict (v/n): gây nghiện, nghiện nghiện
- 3. appeal (v) appeal to (collocation): có sức hấp dẫn với ai
- 4. ascribe (v) ascribe sth to sth/sb: quy cái gì cho ai đó, đổ tại cho ai đó
- 5. excessive (adj): quá mức, thái quá
- 6. **feasible** (adj): khả thi
- 7. remedy (n): phương thuốc, cách điều trị, cách giải quyết
- 8. sedentary (adj): (lối sống) ít hoạt động
- 9. stimulate (v) stimulating (adj): kích thích, khuyến khích
- 10. tackle (v): giải quyết (vấn đề nào đó)
- 11. vivid (adj): sinh động

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# **Exercises:**

Task 1: Write sentences from given cues.	. Make changes to the cues when needed.
--	---

1. there / great deal / indecision / over / how / tackle / problem.	
2. win / grand award / the group / ascribe / success / company's training / hard work support.	/ and / fans'
3. it / believe / human brain / capability / limitless / but / question / is / how / fully /	activate / it.
4. it / difficult / design / programme / appeal / 16 to 25-year-olds / since / age range	/ too broad.
5. build / more roads / not / always / best / remedy / traffic congestion.	
Task 2: Translate from Vietnamese to English  1. Để phòng tránh các vấn đề sức khỏe gây ra bởi lối sống trì trệ ít vận động, mọi khuyên chơi ít nhất một môn thể thao thường xuyên.	người được
2. Một số dấu hiệu của bệnh là sốt cao, buồn nôn và ra nhiều mồ hôi.	

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Một điều đáng chú ý khi dạy ở bậc đại học là, sinh viên có thể yêu thích các hoạt động mang tính kích thích trí tuệ hơn học sinh cấp dưới.
 4. Cô ấy có một tài năng là ghi nhớ sống động từng chi tiết các giấc mơ của mình.
 5. Sau khi được giáo viên hướng dẫn phản hồi, luận văn của tôi có vẻ khả thi hơn.

Task 3: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

activate (v)	feasible (adj)
addictive (adj)	remedy (n)
addict (v/n)	sedentary (adj)
appeal (v) – appeal to (collocation)	stimulate (v) – stimulating (adj)
ascribe (v) – ascribe sth to sth/sb	tackle (v)
excessive (adj)	vivid (adj)

Studies have suggested that children watch much more television than they did in the past and spend less time on active or creative things. What are the reasons and what measures should be taken to encourage children to spend more time on active or creative things?

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: https://fa	acebook.com/phamquangtu	
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <u>h</u>	-	
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <u>h</u>		
It is now a norm that children wat		
engaging much in active or creative a	ctivities. This trend can be 2	2to a number
of factors and it must be addressed by	by definite actions.	
Reasons for the trend vary. The prima	ary reason is that children's f	television programmes are being
broadcast all day with 3	content, such as 4_	and colourful
animation. Cartoon Network and Dis	sney Channel with their day	y-long series of animation shows
are an evident example of this. Anoth	ner clear reason is that pare	nts nowadays are busy with their
work, so they want children to focus	on an activity that does not	require much of their attention,
such as watching television. These to	wo reasons tend to make ch	nildren spend more time in front
of the television screen; this 5	lifestyle prev	ents them from participating in
active or creative activities.		, , ,
A number of strong measures should	l be implemented to 6	the issue. The first
solution is limiting the amount of tir	ne that a child can watch to	elevision. This could be done by
7the parental co	ntrol mode and setting a fix	ked operating time limit on their
television set. Another 8	solution is that pare	ents could spend more time with
their children and together they co		
parents could form a family spor		
9to children more	· ·	. a regular sasis, illian
5to emarch more	e than television.	
To conclude, there are obvious reason	ons why children watch too	much television and spend little
time on more 10	activities. This negative trer	nd could be tackled by a number
of 11, such as act		
281 words, written by Tu Pham		

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# Key:

#### **Task 1:**

- 1. There is a great deal of indecision over how to tackle the problem.
- 2. Winning the grand award, the group ascribed their success to the company's training, their hard work, and their fans' support.
- 3. It is believed that human brain's capability is limitless, but the question is how to fully activate it.
- 4. It is difficult to design a programme that appeal to 16 to 25-year-olds since the age range is too broad.
- 5. Building more roads isn't always the best remedy for traffic congestion.

#### **Task 2: Answers may vary**

- 1. To prevent health problems caused by sedentary lifestyles, it is advised to play a least one sport on a regular basis.
- 2. Some symptoms of the disease are high fever, nausea, and excessive sweating.
- 3. One note when teaching at university is, the students may favour more intellectually stimulating activities than high schoolers do.
- 4. She has a talent for remembering her dreams in vivid details.
- 5. After receiving feedbacks from the supervisor, my graduation thesis looks more feasible to conduct.

#### Task 3:

Studies have suggested that children watch much more television than they did in the past and spend less time on active or creative things. What are the reasons and what measures should be taken to encourage children to spend more time on active or creative things?

It is now a norm that children watch an 1 excessive amount of television and not engaging much in active or creative activities. This trend can be 2 ascribed to a number of factors and it must be addressed by definite actions.

Reasons for the trend vary. The primary reason is that children's television programmes are being broadcast all day with 3 **addictive** content, such as 4 **vivid** and colourful animation. Cartoon Network and Disney Channel with their day-long series of animation shows are an evident example of this. Another clear reason is that parents nowadays are busy with their work, so they

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

want children to focus on an activity that does not require much of their attention, such as watching television. These two reasons tend to make children spend more time in front of the television screen; this 5 **sedentary** lifestyle prevents them from participating in active or creative activities.

A number of strong measures should be implemented to 6 **tackle** the issue. The first solution is limiting the amount of time that a child can watch television. This could be done by 7 **activating** the parental control mode and setting a fixed operating time limit on their television set. Another 8 **feasible** solution is that parents could spend more time with their children and together they could engage in outdoor or creative activities. For example, parents could form a family sport team that practices on a regular basis, which may 9 **appeal** to children more than television.

To conclude, there are obvious reasons why children watch too much television and spend little time on more 10 **stimulating** activities. This negative trend could be tackled by a number of 11 **remedies**, such as activating the parental control mode on television sets.

281 words, written by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth

# **CHỦ ĐIỂM 5: EDUCATION**

# **Vocabulary:**

- 1. (an) open discussion(s) (np): cuộc thảo luận mở
- 2. **better** (v): cải thiện
- 3. **detrimentally** (adv): bất lợi
- 4. discipline indiscipline (n): kỉ luật vô kỉ luật
- 5. educational quality (np): chất lượng giáo dục
- 6. exacerbate (v): làm trầm trọng thêm
- 7. imitate (v): bắt chước
- 8. initial instability (np): những bất ổn ban đầu
- 9. lose one's temper (collocation): mất bình tĩnh, nổi nóng
- 10. pedagogical skills (np): kĩ năng sư phạm
- 11. proactive (adj): chủ động
- 12. sense of n/Ving (collocation): cảm giác, ý thức
- 13. student centred teaching: cách giảng dạy lấy người học làm trung tâm
- 14. two-way communication: giao tiếp hai chiều (giáo viên <--> học sinh)
- 15. undermine (v): làm tổn hại, gây ảnh hưởng
- 16. undoubtedly (adv): rõ ràng, chắc chắn

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# **Exercises:**

	-		_	2.45		
Task	11.	Translat	'e trom	<b>Vietnamese</b>	tο	<b>English</b>
		I I WIIJIW		VICTIONICSC		

1. Điều quyết định một nơi làm việc lý tưởng là "cảm giác thuộc về".	
2. Mặc dù có những bất ổn ban đầu, sự thay đổi về chương trình giảng dạy đã l lượng giáo dục và cải thiện kĩ năng sư phạm của giáo viên.	 làm nâng cao chất 
3. Cách giảng dạy lấy người học làm trung tâm, sử dụng giao tiếp hai chiều và c mở giúp học sinh chủ động hơn trong việc học và thúc đẩy giáo viên tạo ra nhiề hơn.	
4. Kỉ luật chắc chắn là điều không thể thiếu trong giáo dục chính thống.	
5. Việc nhập cư vào nước Mĩ bị ảnh hưởng bất lợi kể từ khi ông Donald Trump đ	— Tắc cử tổng thống. —
Task 2: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases  1. The exorbitant cost of land in urban areas only the probation that cat cost of land in urban areas only	— blem. (exorbitant:
2 characters in movies can be an effective way of practicing s	peaking.
3. A hurried decision can years of hard work.	
4. After a long day at work, I and yelled at my cu	ustomers.

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a>
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

5. Recent student violence statistics worry public about ...... in schools.

# Task 3: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

(an) open discussion(s) (np)	lose one's temper (collocation)
better (v)	pedagogical skills (np)
detrimentally (adv)	proactive (adj)
discipline – indiscipline (n)	sense of n/Ving (collocation)
educational quality (np)	student – centred teaching
exacerbate (v)	two-way communication
imitate (v)	undermine (v)
initial instability (np)	undoubtedly (adv)

Many people argue that in order to improve educational quality, high school students are encouraged to make comments or even criticism on their teachers. Others think it will lead to loss of respect and discipline in the classroom. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

In recent deca	ides, whether high school	students should I	be free to evalua	ite and criticise their
educators has	evolved into a major topic	of concern. Wh	ile some people	think that disrespect
and 1	are an unavoi	dable outcome o	of this approach	, there are stronger
reasons why it	would result in increased 2	<u></u>	·	
On the one h	and, there is a common	belief that enabl	ling students to	judge teachers may
3	students' 4	respec	ct and 5	This is
primarily beca	ause some high school s	tudents are gen	erally immature	and inexperienced.
Therefore, so	me of them tend to 6 $\_$		_and overreact	each time they are
disciplined by	teachers. The problem car	be further 7	v	vhen all the students
see their peers	s criticising the teachers. Th	ey may think of s	such action as the	right way to behave
and start to 8	it. As a	result, respect	for the teacher i	may be lost and the
classroom lear	ning environment may be	9	affected.	
On the other	hand, I side with those w	ho believe that	giving students t	the total freedom in
expressing the	eir thoughts and feelings to	owards teachers	may enhance ed	ucational quality. To
explain, many	countries are promoting 10	)	with 11	, where
12	between teachers	and students	on any topic.	including teaching

Follow thây Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phame">https://facebook.com/phame</a>	<u>quangtu</u>			
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: https://bit.ly/TuPhan	<u>nYoutube</u>			
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: https://www.facebook	k.com/lizzie.benneth			
methodology and the effectiveness of the teaching pro	grammes, are encou	raged. This approach		
has a clear advantage of making students become	13	_in studying. It also		
provides teachers with a chance to 14	their 15	by receiving		
feedback from students. In this way, both the learners and the educators can achieve higher academically.				
In conclusion, the educational method of encouragi	ng high school stud	dents to judge their		
teachers will 16lead to enhance	d academic achieve	ements, despite the		
possibility that some classes may experience som	e 17	in the form of		
disrespect or lack of discipline.				

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# Key:

#### Task 1: Answers may vary

- 1. The key that decides an ideal workplace is the sense of belonging.
- 2. Despite initial instability, the changes in curriculum have enhanced educational quality and bettered teachers' pedagogical skills.
- 3. Student centred teaching using two-way communication and open discussions have helped students to be more proactive in learning and motivated teachers to create more exciting lessons.
- 4. Discipline is undoubtedly unavoidable in formal schooling.
- 5. Immigrating to America has been detrimentally affected since Donald Trump was elected President.

#### Task 2: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

- 1. exacerbated
- 2. Imitating 3.
- 3. undermine 4. lost my temper
- 5. Indiscipline

#### **Task 3:**

Many people argue that in order to improve educational quality, high school students are encouraged to make comments or even criticism on their teachers. Others think it will lead to loss of respect and discipline in the classroom. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

In recent decades, whether high school students should be free to evaluate and criticise their educators has evolved into a major topic of concern. While some people think that disrespect and 1 **indiscipline** are an unavoidable outcome of this approach, there are stronger reasons why it would result in increased 2 **educational quality**.

On the one hand, there is a common belief that enabling students to judge teachers may 3 undermine students' 4 sense of respect and 5 discipline. This is primarily because some high school students are generally immature and inexperienced. Therefore, some of them tend to 6 lose their temper and overreact each time they are disciplined by teachers. The problem can be further 7 exacerbated when all the students see their peers criticising the teachers. They may think of such action as the right way to behave and start to 8 imitate it. As a result, respect for the teacher may be lost and the classroom learning environment may be 9 detrimentally affected.

On the other hand, I side with those who believe that giving students the total freedom in expressing their thoughts and feelings towards teachers may enhance educational quality. To explain, many countries are promoting 10 **student-centred teaching** with 11 **two-way** 

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

**communication**, where 12 **open discussions** between teachers and students on any topic, including teaching methodology and the effectiveness of the teaching programmes, are encouraged. This approach has a clear advantage of making students become 13 **proactive** in studying. It also provides teachers with a chance to 14 **better** their 15 **pedagogical skills** by receiving feedback from students. In this way, both the learners and the educators can achieve higher academically.

In conclusion, the educational method of encouraging high school students to judge their teachers will 16 **undoubtedly** lead to enhanced academic achievements, despite the possibility that some classes may experience some 17 **initial instability** in the form of disrespect or lack of discipline.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# **CHỦ ĐIỂM 6: ENVIRONMENT**

#### **Vocabulary:**

- 1. catalyst (n): chất xúc tác
- 2. collaboration cooperation (n): hop tác
- 3. deforestation (n): nạn phá rừng
- 4. **degradation** (n): suy thoái
- 5. fumes (n): khói, khí độc hại
- 6. global scale/global level (np): quy mô toàn cầu
- 7. insignificant (adj): không đáng kể
- 8. interconnect (v): nối liền với nhau
- 9. legislation (n): lập pháp
- 10. **petition** (n): kiến nghị
- 11. play a/an (adj) role in (collocation): có vai trò trong việc gì
- 12. precursor (n): tiền đề
- 13. reforest (v): phục hồi rừng, phủ xanh
- 14. underestimate (v): đánh giá thấp
- 15. upper-course (adj): thượng nguồn
- 16. with regard to (collocation): về việc

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Exercises:
Task 1: Write sentences from given cues. Make changes to the cues when needed.
1. problem / poverty / unemployment / all / interconnect.
, <del></del>
2. upper course / river / often / in / steep / mountain area / which / make / section / river / flow
/ fast.
3. Cooperation / nations / precursor / effective / environment / solution.
er cooperation, matter, producer, encourse, encourse, continuent
<del></del>
4. High / suicide rate / act / catalyst / change / prison system.
5. There / need / careful plan / reforest / spoiled / areas.
<del></del>
6. Several / government / adopt / tough / new / anti-terrorist / legislation / the wake of / attacks
erecerent, gerenment, adept, cought, ment, and terrender, regulation, and manie er, accusing
7. problem / environment / degradation / go / beyond / nation / scale. Interconnect ,
collaboration / countries / play a significant role / find / solution.
·

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a>
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>
8. He / miscalculate / bad / when / he / underestimate / response / international community / invasion.

9. petition / sign / against / propose / closure / local hospital.

10. Some / people / not / stand / petrol / fumes.

Task 2: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

catalyst	
collaboration –	legislation
cooperation	petition
deforestation	play a/an (adj) role in
degradation	precursor
fumes	reforest
global scale/global level	underestimate
insignificant	upper-course
interconnect	with regard to

Some people think that environmental problems are too big for individuals to solve. Others believe individuals can also do some things to solve these problems.

Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

Some vast environmental problems, such as global warming and 1 **deforestation**, occur on a 2 **global scale**. Consequently, some people believe the job of addressing these problems is 3

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>

Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

beyond the capability of individuals. However, I contend that the effort of each individual is 4

indispensable.

There is a common belief that an individual's actions are 5 insignificant with regard to large-scale

environmental issues. Because environmental problems in different geographical regions are 6

interconnected, 7 collaboration at national and international level, not merely an individual's

effort, is essential for a comprehensive solution. For example, deforestation in the 8 upper-

course area of the Red River in Tibet, China, is the 9 precursor to the 10 degradation of soil and

water quality in the Red River Delta, Vietnam. In this case, the Vietnamese and Chinese

governments must cooperate to 11 reforest the aforementioned area in Tibet. There are also 12

global-level problems such as climate change, which require every single country to reduce its

greenhouse gas emissions. Intergovernmental 13 cooperation must always 14 play a central role

in the resolution of such vast problems.

However, I believe one should not 15 underestimate the importance of the efforts of individuals

in preserving the environment. The first reason is that being voters, individuals can be a 16

catalyst for the 17 legislation of environmental protection. For instance, a 18 petition signed by

10,000 Vietnamese in 2005 has fostered the legislation process of a new law that makes cutting

down trees lining city streets illegal. Furthermore, one's action can be small, but it can be seen

by hundreds, whose actions can be recognised by thousands. As a result of this domino effect, a

great number of people can be inspired to help protect the environment. Finally, individuals can

also purchase environmentally-friendly products, such as electric vehicles, because these means

of transport may considerably mitigate the negative impact of traffic 19 fumes on the

atmosphere.

In brief, besides intergovernmental cooperation, individuals' efforts to preserve the environment

are indispensable.

313 words, written by Tu Pham

38

Downloaded by Kopei Niera (niera3107@gmail.com)

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Key:

Task 1

1. The problems of poverty and unemployment are all interconnected.

2. The upper course of a river is often in steep mountain areas, which makes this section of the

river flow fast.

3. Cooperation among nations is the precursor to effective environmental solutions.

4. The high suicide rate acted as a catalyst for changes in the prison system.

5. There needs to be a careful plan to reforest those spoiled areas.

6. Several governments have adopted tough new anti-terrorist legislation in the wake of the

attacks.

7. The problems of environmental degradation have gone beyond national scale. Interconnected

collaboration among countries play a significant role in finding the solutions.

8. He miscalculated badly when he underestimated the response of the international community

to the invasion.

9. A petition was signed against the proposed closure of the local hospital.

10. Some people can't stand petrol fumes.

Task 2

Some vast environmental problems, such as global warming and 1 deforestation, occur on a 2

global scale. Consequently, some people believe the job of addressing these problems is 3

beyond the capability of individuals. However, I contend that the effort of each individual is 3

indispensable.

There is a common belief that an individual's actions are 4 insignificant with regard to large-scale

environmental issues. Because environmental problems in different geographical regions are 5

interconnected, 6 collaboration at national and international level, not merely an individual's

effort, is essential for a comprehensive solution. For example, deforestation in the 7 upper-

course area of the Red River in Tibet, China, is the 8 precursor to the 9 degradation of soil and

water quality in the Red River Delta, Vietnam. In this case, the Vietnamese and Chinese

governments must cooperate to 10 reforest the aforementioned area in Tibet. There are also 11

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>

Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a>

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

global-level problems such as climate change, which require every single country to reduce its

greenhouse gas emissions. Intergovernmental 12 cooperation must always 13 play a central role

in the resolution of such vast problems.

However, I believe one should not 14 underestimate the importance of the efforts of individuals

in preserving the environment. The first reason is that being voters, individuals can be a 15

catalyst for the 16 legislation of environmental protection. For instance, a 17 petition signed by

10,000 Vietnamese in 2005 has fostered the legislation process of a new law that makes cutting

down trees lining city streets illegal. Furthermore, one's action can be small, but it can be seen

by hundreds, whose actions can be recognised by thousands. As a result of this domino effect, a

great number of people can be inspired to help protect the environment. Finally, individuals can

also purchase environmentally-friendly products, such as electric vehicles, because these means

of transport may considerably mitigate the negative impact of traffic 18 fumes on the

atmosphere.

In brief, besides intergovernmental cooperation, individuals' efforts to preserve the environment

are indispensable.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# **CHỦ ĐIỂM 7: GOVERNMENTS**

#### **Vocabulary:**

- 1. Aid (n): sự trợ giúp
- 2. Compelling (adj): thuyết phục
- 3. Cost effective (adj): hiệu quả kinh tế, hiệu quả chi phí
- 4. **Deprived** (adj): thiếu thốn
- 5. Digital technology (np): công nghệ kĩ thuật số
- 6. Financial assistance (np): hỗ trợ tài chính
- 7. Financial resources (np): nguồn lực tài chính
- 8. **Governmental budget/ allowance/ spending** (np): ngân sách chính phủ / trợ cấp chính phủ /chi tiêu chính phủ
- 9. Inadequate (adj): không thỏa đáng
- 10. Money wasting (adj): lãng phí tiền bạc
- 11. Precursor (n): tiền thân
- 12. Promote (v): khuyến khích, thúc đẩy, ủng hộ
- 13. Recompense (n): phần thưởng, đền bù
- 14. **Stimulate** (v): kích thích
- 15. Sustainable (adj): bền vững
- 16. Take a (giant) leap (collocation): thực hiện bước nhảy vọt, tiến một bước dài
- 17. Treasure (v): quý trọng, coi trọng
- 18. Willingly (adv): sẵn lòng, vui lòng

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

## **Exercises:**

Task 1: Translate from Vi	ietnamese to	<b>English</b>
---------------------------	--------------	----------------

1. Trong bản dự thảo mới về ngân sách chính phủ, ngành công nghiệp du lịch nhận được nhiều
hỗ trợ tài chính hơn.
2. Với sự ra đời của Iphone, Apple đã tiến một bước dài để trở thành công ty dẫn đầu về công nghệ điện thoại thông minh.
3. Với sự trợ giúp của công nghệ kĩ thuật số, các nghệ sĩ có nhiều cách hơn để tạo ra tác phẩm nghệ thuật và tiếp cận công chúng.
4. Chiếc nhẫn này đã được truyền qua nhiều thế hệ trong gia đình tôi, bởi vậy tôi luôn trân trọng
nó.
5. Bác sỹ và giáo viên tại Việt Nam thường được trả lương thấp, điều này là một sự đền bù không thỏa đáng đối với những gì họ đóng góp cho xã hội.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Task 2: Write sentences from given cues. Make changes to the cues when needed.

1. Long / public holiday / be / way / stimulate / economic growth.		
2. It / not / be / cost – effective / buy / expensive / new / computer / when / all / you / want / do / be / store / photos.		
3. Financial resources / be / money / available / business / spend.		
4. Biological research/ often / be / precursor / medical breakthrough.		
5. Deprived / life / be / double-edged sword: / It / motivate / or / discourage / people / try.		

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Task 3: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

Aid	Money – wasting
Compelling	Precursor
Cost – effective	Promote
Deprived	Recompense
Digital technology	Stimulate
Financial assistance	Sustainable
Financial resources	
Governmental budget/ allowance/	Take a (giant) leap
spending	Treasure
Inadequate	Willingly

Some people think that governments should give financial support to artists, musicians and poets. Others think that it is a waste of money.

Discuss both views and give your opinion.

Governmental finance as a form	of support for artists ha	as evolved into a major	topic of concern
in modern society. While some b	pelieve there are real b	enefits to this policy, th	ere are stronger
reasons why this is a waste of 1_	•		
There is a common belief that a	artists should be provid	led with financial suppo	ort by the state.
People may argue that some	artists receive 2	compared \	with what they
contribute to society. For examp	le, Binh Binh, the comp	oser of many nationally-	famous songs in
Vietnam, lived a 3	life and died in pove	erty. Another significant	t reason for this
belief is that once the 4	on supporting	artists is allowed, thou	usands of young
artists would be 5	to contribute more to	the development of art.	A clear example
of this is that the 2005 6	.7	for young photograph	ners in Singapore
acted as a 8to a	an era in which Singap	orean photography 9	to
become a leading industry in the	whole country's art sec	ctor.	

Follow thây Tú trên Facebook: https://facebook.com/phamquangtu
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a> Follow số Phương Anh trên Fasahook: <a href="https://www.fasahook.com/lizzia-hannoth">https://www.fasahook.com/lizzia-hannoth</a>
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a> However, I am convinced that this type of 10 is wasteful. The primary reason is
that in today's economy, artists can take care of themselves financially without the help of the
government. With the 11of the Internet and 12, artists can now
reach millions of people by publishing their artwork online. With this larger target audience,
artists may easily find buyers for their paintings, songs or writing and therefore do not need
13 Another significant reason why this is a waste of money is that there are
better ways for the government to spend their budget for development of the arts. Investment
in education in the arts, for example, not only raises the public awareness of the arts, but also
makes people 14them more. The result of this practice is that the public would
.pay more for paintings, music or poetry, which is a more
16way to 17the arts. This makes providing artists with financial
assistance a less 18and thus a 19policy.
To conclude, although the idea of giving artists financial assistance is worthwhile in the view of
some people, I firmly believe that there are far more 20reasons why this policy
is a waste of money in today's society.
362 words, written by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth

Key

Task 1: Answers may vary

1. In the new proposal regarding governmental budget, more financial assistance is provided to

the tourism industry.

2. With the invention of Iphone, Apple took a (giant) leap to become the leading company in

smart phone technology.

3. With the aid of digital technology, artists have more ways to create artworks and approach

general public.

4. This ring has been passed on through generations in my family; hence, I always treasure it.

5. Doctors and teachers in Vietnam are often underpaid, which is an inadequate recompense

compared with what they contribute to the society.

Task 2:

1. Long public holidays can be a way to stimulate economic growth.

2. It wouldn't be cost – effective to buy an expensive new computer when all you want to do is

to store your photos.

3. Financial resources are the money available to a business for spending.

4. Biological research has often been a precursor to medical breakthroughs.

5. A deprived life is a double-edged sword: It can motivate or discourage people from trying.

Task 3

Governmental finance as a form of support for artists has evolved into a major topic of concern

in modern society. While some believe there are real benefits to this policy, there are stronger

reasons why this is a waste of 1 financial resources.

There is a common belief that artists should be provided with financial support by the state.

People may argue that some artists receive 2 inadequate recompense compared with what they

contribute to society. For example, Binh Binh, the composer of many nationally-famous songs in

Vietnam, lived a 3 deprived life and died in poverty. Another significant reason for this belief is

46

Downloaded by Kopei Niera (niera3107@gmail.com)

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>

Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

that once the 4 governmental budget on supporting artists is allowed, thousands of young artists

would be 5 stimulated to contribute more to the development of art. A clear example of this is

that the 2005 6 governmental allowance for young photographers in Singapore acted as a 7

precursor to an era in which Singaporean photography 8 took a giant leap to become a leading

industry in the whole country's art sector.

However, I am convinced that this type of 9 governmental spending is wasteful. The primary

reason is that in today's economy, artists can take care of themselves financially without the help

of the government. With the 10 aid of the Internet and 11 digital technology, artists can now

reach millions of people by publishing their artwork online. With this larger target audience,

artists may easily find buyers for their paintings, songs or writing and therefore do not need 12

financial assistance. Another significant reason why this is a waste of money is that there are

better ways for the government to spend their budget for development of the arts. Investment

in education in the arts, for example, not only raises the public awareness of the arts, but also

makes people 13 treasure them more. The result of this practice is that the public would 14

willingly pay more for paintings, music or poetry, which is a more 15 sustainable way to 16

promote the arts. This makes providing artists with financial assistance a less 17 cost-effective

and thus a 18 money-wasting policy.

To conclude, although the idea of giving artists financial assistance is worthwhile in the view of

some people, I firmly believe that there are far more 19 compelling reasons why this policy is a

waste of money in today's society.

362 words, written by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

## **CHỦ ĐIỂM 8: INDIVIDUALS AND SOCIETY**

#### **Vocabulary:**

- 1. Albeit (conjunction): mặc dù
- 2. Attitude towards someone/something: thái độ đối với một người/một việc
- 3. Catalyst (n): chất xúc tác
- 4. **Deter** (v): ngăn cản, cản trở
- 5. **Deter** + n + from + V-ing
- 6. Discriminate (v)
- 7. Discrimination (n)
- 8. Discriminatory (adj): phân biệt đối xử
- 9. Insolent (a) = ill-mannered (a) = disrespectful (a) = disrespectful (a): thiếu tôn trọng người khác
- 10. Parental guidance: sự giáo dục từ cha mẹ
- 11. Reaffirm (v): khẳng định lại
- 12. Reprimand (v): khiển trách, mắng mỏ
- 13. To be indifferent to something: thờ ơ với một việc
- 14. To disrespect someone: không tôn trọng người khác
- 15. Viable (adj): khả thi, có thể tồn tại
- 16. Widespread (adj): lan rộng, phổ biến

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

**Exercises:** 

1. some / developing countries / Vietnam / there / concern / whether / government / be able	/
provide / viable / social service / poorer families.	
	_
2. order to / increase / number / female representatives / selection committee / decide discriminate / favour / women / three years.	/
3. social charity / help / reaffirm / belief / humanity / love.	_
	_
4. one / classroom rules / insolent behaviour / not / tolerate.	_
5. Malnutrition / the region / widespread / affect / up to 78 percent / children / under / five	/
year old.	_

## **Task 2: Translate from Vietnamese to English**

1. Buổi tối hôm đó rất dễ chịu, có điều hơi yên tĩnh.

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a> Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a> Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>
2. Dạy học ở trường cấp 3 có thể trở nên khó khan, đặc biệt khi trong lớp toàn là những cô cậ thiếu niên thờ ơ với học hành.
3. Trẻ con ở trường mẫu giáo hay bị cô giáo nhắc nhở vì đánh bạn.
4. Mặc dù trải qua nhiều thăng trầm trong cuộc sống, không khó khăn nào có thể cản trở anh á trở thành một trong những cầu thủ thành công nhất.
5. Sau buổi họp, có vẻ anh ấy đã thể hiện sự thay đổi trong thái độ làm việc, và gần đây đã tr nên hợp tác hơn.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Task 3: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

Albeit			Ill-mannered
Attitude	towards	someone/	Disrespectful
something			Parental guidance
Catalyst			Reaffirm
Deter			Reprimand
Discriminate	e		To be indifferent to something
discriminati	on		To disrespect someone
discriminato	ory		Viable
Insolent			Widespread

# There is a general increase in anti-social behaviours and lack of respect for others. What are the causes and solutions?

The 1	presence of ant	ti-social behaviour and 2_	towar	ds others has
long been a pr	evalent issue in socie	ty today. Some of the m	ajor roots of this pro	blem will be
discussed befor	re the most 3	solutions are prop	osed.	
Reasons for thi	s alarming situation v	ary. In some cases, peopl	le may hold an anti-s	ocial attitude
or disrespect ot	thers because they live	e in an environment where	e violence and 4	are
the norm. For	example, children of	sexist parents in rural fan	nilies in Vietnam sho	w a worrying
tendency of dis	respecting women. In	some other cases, it is the	e lack of 5	that is to
blame. As mod	lern parents are beco	ming increasingly busy w	vith their jobs, they r	nay have the
proclivity 6	children's	moral education. Wher	n there is no one to	help young
children disting	guish between right	and wrong, 7	attitudes may	emerge and
develop among	them without being	controlled.		
A number of st	rong measures could	be adopted to mitigate th	he problem. On the r	national level,
the governmen	nt should take definite	e actions against violence	and discrimination.	This could be
done by ensu	ring strict enforcem	ent of the laws on vio	plent and discrimina	tory acts to
8	_ them from happenii	ng. In addition, on the nuc	clear-family level, pa	rents need to

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>
Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a>
Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>
9 their role in morally guiding their children. If they notice any signs of anti-social
or 10 behaviour in children, the children should be 11 accordingly.
At the same time, parents could also educate their children about social manners by instilling a
moral code in them. These actions, 12 small, could have a strong influence on
children when they grow up.
To conclude, it is clear that violence, discrimination and the indifference of parents to children's
education are the major 13 for the increase in anti-social behaviour and disrespect
towards others. Strong measures, such as stringent law enforcement on violent and
discriminatory acts, should be taken to alleviate this distressing situation.
338 words, written by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Key:

**Task 1:** 

 ${\bf 1.}\ In\ some\ developing\ countries\ like\ Vietnam,\ there\ are\ concerns\ about\ whether\ the\ government$ 

will be able to provide viable social services for poorer families.

2. In order to increase the number of female representatives, the selection committee decided

to discriminate in favour of women for three years.

3. Social charity helps reaffirm my belief in humanity and love.

4. One of the classroom rules is that insolent behaviours will not be tolerated.

5. Malnutrition in the region is widespread, affecting up to 78 percent of children under five years

old.

Task 2: Answers may vary.

1. The evening was very pleasant, albeit a little quiet.

2. Teaching at high schools can be tough, especially when a class is full of teenage boys and girls

who are indifferent to learning.

3. Kids at kindergarten are often reprimanded by their teachers for hitting classmates.

4. Despite a lot of ups and downs in life, no obstacles could deter him from becoming one of the

most successful football players.

5. After the meeting, he seemed to show changes in working attitude, and recently has become

more cooperative.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Task 3

The 1 widespread presence of anti-social behaviour and 2 disrespectful attitudes towards others

has long been a prevalent issue in society today. Some of the major roots of this problem will be

discussed before the most 3 viable solutions are proposed.

Reasons for this alarming situation vary. In some cases, people may hold an anti-social attitude

or disrespect others because they live in an environment where violence and 4 discrimination

are the norm. For example, children of sexist parents in rural families in Vietnam show a worrying

tendency of disrespecting women. In some other cases, it is the lack of 5 parental guidance that

is to blame. As modern parents are becoming increasingly busy with their jobs, they may have

the proclivity 6 to be indifferent to their children's moral education. When there is no one to

help young children distinguish between right and wrong, 7 ill-mannered attitudes may emerge

and develop among them without being controlled.

A number of strong measures could be adopted to mitigate the problem. On the national level,

the government should take definite actions against violence and discrimination. This could be

done by ensuring strict enforcement of the laws on violent and discriminatory acts to 8 deter

them from happening. In addition, on the nuclear-family level, parents need to 9 reaffirm their

role in morally guiding their children. If they notice any signs of anti-social or 10 insolent

behaviour in children, the children should be 11 reprimanded accordingly. At the same time,

parents could also educate their children about social manners by instilling a moral code in them.

These actions, 12 albeit small, could have a strong influence on children when they grow up.

To conclude, it is clear that violence, discrimination and the indifference of parents to children's

education are the major 13 catalysts for the increase in anti-social behaviour and disrespect

towards others. Strong measures, such as stringent law enforcement on violent and

discriminatory acts, should be taken to alleviate this distressing situation.

338 words, written by Tu Pham

54

Downloaded by Kopei Niera (niera3107@gmail.com)

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

## CHỦ ĐIỂM 9: TRANSPORT

## **Vocabulary:**

- 1. Adopt (v): áp dụng
- 2. Allocate (v): phân bố, chỉ định
- 3. Commute (v): di chuyển, đi lại đều đặn (ví dụ: việc đi làm hàng ngày)
- 4. Convince (v): thuyết phục
- 5. convincing (adj): có sức thuyết phục
- 6. **Dedicated** (adj): dành riêng cho, tận tụy
- 7. Hesitate (v): do dự, ngần ngại
- 8. Impose a (heavy) tax on (collocation): đánh thuế (nặng) vào mặt hàng gì
- 9. **Overreliance** (n)
- 10. Overdependence (n): quá dựa dẫm, quá phụ thuộc
- 11. Prevalent (adj): phổ biến
- 12. **Prominent** (adj): nổi bật
- 13. Promote (v): khuyến khích, đẩy mạnh, xúc tiến
- 14. Shortage (n): thiếu hụt

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

## **Exercises:**

Task 1: Write sentences from	given cues.	Make changes to	the cues when needed	d.
------------------------------	-------------	-----------------	----------------------	----

1. government / programme / grow / cash crops / export / be / double-edged sword / since / it /
create / local food shortage.
2. he / move / house / three time / just / find / convenient location / commute / work.
3. agriculture / company / fail / convince / consumers / that / GM (genetically modified) foods /
safe.
4. recruiter / surprised / see / him / hesitate / accept / job offer.
5. overdependence / use / pain killers / lead / drug addict.
Task 2: Translate from Vietnamese to English
1. Nhờ có sự phát triển của các hãng hàng không giá rẻ, việc đi du lịch nước ngoài trở nên phổ biến hơn, đặc biệt với các bạn trẻ.

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Thuốc lá bị đánh thuế rất nặng, tuy nhiên, điều này có vẻ không hiệu quả trong việc giảm thiểu số người hút thuốc.
 Chính phủ nên đóng vai trò nổi bật hơn trong việc khuyến khích và bảo vệ nhân quyền.
 Vé cho buổi hòa nhạc sẽ hạn chế số lượng, và chỉ được phân phát cho những ai đăng kí sớm.
 Vi nghiên cứu của chúng tôi tới thời điểm hiện tại chưa trả lời được câu hỏi nào cho vấn đề nghiên cứu đề ra trước đó, chúng tôi cần áp dụng một cách tiếp cận khác.

Task 3: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

	Impose a (heavy) tax		
Adopt	on		
Allocate	Overreliance (n) –		
Commute	overdependence		
Convince— convincing	Prevalent		
Dedicated	Prominent		
Hesitate	Promote		
	Shortage		
	_		

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Nowadays people use bicycles less as a form of transport.

#### Why is that? What can we do to encourage people to use bicycles more?

Cycling has long been considered an ef	fective way of impro	oving physical health a	nd reducing the
risk of obesity. However, in recent de	cades, there has b	een a 1	trend for
people to use bicycles less to 2	This tre	end could be ascribed to	o a few reasons,
and definite actions must be taken to	3	_ the use of bicycles.	
There are obvious reasons as to why pe	eople 4	to choose bicyc	cles as a form of
transport. The most 5	reason is the 6 _	on	modern means
of transport, such as cars and motorbik	es. These modes of	transport are faster an	d more suitable
for long journeys than bicycles. Anothe	r 7	reason is that in ma	ny places in the
world, including Vietnam, there are no	8	_ cycling paths for bicy	cles. This means
that cyclists in these regions would ha	ave to ride in the s	ame lane as motor ve	hicles, which is
without doubt a dangerous practice.			
To 9 the use of bicy	cles, the governme	nt should 10	both
of the following measures. First, the go	vernment should 1	1 m	notor vehicles.
This tax would discourage people from	using motor vehicle	es, and thus encourage	them to
switch to bicycles, a human-powered la	and vehicle. Second	, the government shou	ld 12
more money to the	e construction of cy	cling paths for citizens.	If a system of
cycling paths was well-developed, peop	ole would consider	oicycles a safe and con	venient mode
of transport.			
In conclusion, the unpopularity of bicy	cles could be attrib	outed to the 13	on
modern means of transport and the	e 14	of dedicated cy	cling paths. To
encourage people to cycle more, the	government should	therefore introduce	a tax on motor
vehicles and invest money in building of	ledicated paths for	cyclists.	
281 words, by Tu Pham			

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Key:

**Task 1:** 

1. The government's programme to grow cash crops for export is a double-edged sword because

it has created a local food shortage.

2. He has moved his house three times just to find a convenient location to commute to work.

3. Agricultural companies have failed to convince consumers that GM foods are safe.

4. The recruiters were surprised to see him hesitating to accept the job offer.

5. Overdependence on using pain killers can lead to drug addiction.

Task 2: Answers may vary

1. Thanks to the development of low-cost airlines, travelling abroad has now become more

prevalent, especially among young people.

2. Very high taxes have been imposed on cigarettes; however, this does not seem to be effective

in reducing the number of smokers.

3. The government should be playing a more prominent role in promoting and protecting human

rights.

4. Tickets to concerts are limited, and will only be allocated to those who apply early.

5. Since our research so far has not produced any answers to the research questions previously

discussed, we need to adopt a different approach.

Task 3

Cycling has long been considered an effective way of improving physical health and reducing the

risk of obesity. However, in recent decades, there has been a 1prevalent trend for people to use

bicycles less to 2 commute. This trend could be ascribed to a few reasons, and definite actions

must be taken to 3 **promote** the use of bicycles.

There are obvious reasons as to why people 4 **hesitate** to choose bicycles as a form of transport.

The most 5 prominent reason is the 6 overreliance on modern means of transport, such as cars

and motorbikes. These modes of transport are faster and more suitable for long journeys than

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>

Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

bicycles. Another 7 convincing reason is that in many places in the world, including Vietnam,

there are no 8 dedicated cycling paths for bicycles. This means that cyclists in these regions would

have to ride in the same lane as motor vehicles, which is without doubt a dangerous practice.

To 9 **boost** the use of bicycles, the government should 10 **adopt** both of the following measures.

First, the government should 11 impose a heavy tax on motor vehicles. This tax would discourage

people from using motor vehicles, and thus encourage them to switch to bicycles, a human-

powered land vehicle. Second, the government should 12 allocate more money to the

construction of cycling paths for citizens. If a system of cycling paths was well-developed, people

would consider bicycles a safe and convenient mode of transport.

In conclusion, the unpopularity of bicycles could be attributed to the 13 overdependence on

modern means of transport and the 14 shortage of dedicated cycling paths. To encourage people

to cycle more, the government should therefore introduce a tax on motor vehicles and invest

money in building dedicated paths for cyclists.

281 words, by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

# CHỦ ĐIỂM 10: TECHNOLOGY

#### **Vocabulary:**

- 1. adverse (adj): bất lợi
- 2. degradation: sự xuống cấp
- 3. digital platform (np): nền tảng công nghệ số
- 4. **erode** (v) **erosion** (n): hao mòn, xói mòn, xuống cấp
- formal language informal language (np): ngôn ngữ trang trọng ngôn ngữ không trang trọng
- 6. lexical range: độ rộng của từ vựng
- 7. **priority** (n): ưu tiên
- 8. **proclivity** (n): khuynh hướng
- 9. proofread (v): đọc và chỉnh sửa văn bản
- 10. sophistication (n): phức tạp, tinh vi
- 11. spoken expressions (np): cách diễn đạt kiểu văn nói
- 12. technological assistance: sự hỗ trợ của công nghệ
- 13. **utmost** (adj/n): tối đa, trước nhất, trên hết
- 14. virtual (adj): (thế giới) ảo, sử dụng công nghệ vi tính

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

## **Exercises:**

Exercises.
Task1: Write sentences from given cues. Make changes to the cues when needed.
1. survey / reveal / gradual / erosion / president / popularity / support.
2. players / this year / U.S. Open / make / daring fashion choice / scream / everything /
shimmering sophistication / to / retro dorky.
similinering sophistication / to / retro dorky.
3. English teachers / bemoan / degradation / language / that / email / instant messages / bring
about. (bemoan: than khóc).
4. bank / normally / give / priority / large business / when / decide / loans.
4. bank / normany / give / priority / large business / when / declue / loans.
5. he / attract / a lot / adverse / publicity / his speech / unmarry / mothers.
<del></del>
6. duty / content writer / involve / write original content / publishers / and / proofread content /
variety / websites.
variety / websites.

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a> Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: <a href="https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube">https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube</a> Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a> 7. website / provide / virtual / tour / stadium.
8. digital platform / refer / software / or / hardware / a site; / for example, / facebook / be / digital platform.
9. formal language / find / academic journals / or / official documents / where / it / bring / extra
degree / serious / the subject.
10. new model / the car / offer / utmost / power / and performance.

## Task 2: Fill in the blanks with suitable words/phrases

adverse		
degradation	proclivity	
digital platform	proofread	
erode – erosion	sophistication	
formal language –	spoken expressions	
informal language	technological assistance	
lexical range	utmost	
priority	virtual	

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Some people think that increasing communication usage of computers and mobile phones by young people has had a negative effect on their reading and writing skills.

To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Digital communication methods such as emails, text-messaging and 1 socia
networks have been helping billions of people write and read messages on a daily basis. At first
glance, this appears to support reading and writing skills. However, I believe that these means of
communication have a negative impact on one's overall ability to read and write.
The primary reason for my opinion is the 2 to use informal language in
communication via mobiles and computers. Whereas serious reading and writing involve the
exposure to 3, most of the messages exchanged using mobiles and computers are
rather short and contain 4 This is because on a 5, time saving and
convenience, rather than the 6 of language, are the 7 of people. Ir
brief, the more frequently people use a form of mobile and computer-based communication, the
more likely informal expressions would dominate their use of language.
Another root cause of the exacerbation of reading and writing problems is the over-dependence
on 8 This is the case because users of mobiles and computers are usually aided
by spell-check and predictive text services. Some computer programmes can also find the best
word choice to avoid Vocabulary mistakes. As these processes are continually repeated, users
sense of spelling and grammar and 9 may gradually 10 Eventually
this 11 leads to the 12 of both the writing and reading skills.
In conclusion, due to the tendency towards using spoken language and the over-reliance or
proofreading software when communicating via computers and mobiles, I am convinced that
digital communication has an 13 impact on one's overall reading and writing level
271 words, written by Tu Pham

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

Key:

Task 1

1. The survey reveals a gradual erosion of the president's popularity and support.

2. Some players at this year's U.S. Open are making daring fashion choices that scream everything

from shimmering sophistication to retro dorky.

3. English teachers bemoan the degradation of the language that e-mail and instant messages

have brought about.

4. Banks normally give priority to large businesses when deciding on loans.

5. He attracted a lot of adverse publicity with his speech about unmarried mothers.

6. The duties of a content writer involve writing original content for publishers and proofreading

content for a variety of websites.

7. The Website provides a virtual tour of the stadium.

8. A digital platform refers to the software or hardware of a site; for example, facebook is a digital

platform.

9. Formal language is found in academic journals or official documents where it brings an extra

degree of seriousness to the subject.

10. The new model of the car offers the utmost in power and performance.

Task 2

Digital communication methods such as emails, text-messaging and 1 virtual social networks

have been helping billions of people write and read messages on a daily basis. At first glance, this

appears to support reading and writing skills. However, I believe that these means of

communication have a negative impact on one's overall ability to read and write.

The primary reason for my opinion is the 2 **proclivity** to use informal language in communication

via mobiles and computers. Whereas serious reading and writing involve the exposure to 3 formal

language, most of the messages exchanged using mobiles and computers are rather short and

contain 4 spoken expressions. This is because on a 5digital platform, time saving and

Follow thầy Tú trên Facebook: <a href="https://facebook.com/phamquangtu">https://facebook.com/phamquangtu</a>

Subscribe thầy Tú Phạm trên Youtube: https://bit.ly/TuPhamYoutube

Follow cô Phương Anh trên Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth">https://www.facebook.com/lizzie.benneth</a>

convenience, rather than the 6 **sophistication** of language, are the 7 **utmost priority** of people.

In brief, the more frequently people use a form of mobile and computer-based communication,

the more likely informal expressions would dominate their use of language.

Another root cause of the exacerbation of reading and writing problems is the over-dependence

on 8 technological assistance. This is the case because users of mobiles and computers are

usually aided by spell-check and predictive text services. Some computer programmes can also

find the best word choice to avoid Vocabulary mistakes. As these processes are continually

repeated, users' sense of spelling and grammar and 9 lexical range may gradually 10 erode.

Eventually, this 11 erosion leads to the 12 degradation of both the writing and reading skills.

In conclusion, due to the tendency towards using spoken language and the over-reliance on

proofreading software when communicating via computers and mobiles, I am convinced that

digital communication has an 13 adverse impact on one's overall reading and writing level.

271 words, written by Tu Pham