Next Prime Number

1) Write a program that takes an integer from the user and prints the first prime number after it.

Input:

integer n where -1000 <= n <= 1000

Output:

first prime number after n.

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5	4
2	-100

Rhombus

2) Write a program that receives two numbers m and n as input from the user and print m Rhombus next to each other in a row with diameter n as output using the * character. (n is an odd number)

Input:

1 <= m <= 4

1 <= n <= 15

Output:

Print Rhombus next to each other

Input:

2

5

Output:

```
* *
*** ***
**** ****
```

Perfect Number

3) A number is a perfect number if is equal to sum of its proper divisors, that is, sum of its positive divisors excluding the number itself. Write a program take two integers as input and find all perfect numbers between them.

Input:

Take two integers, in two lines.

Output:

All perfect numbers between two integers.

Example

Input: 0 100 Output: 6 28

ستون 3	ستون 2	ستون 1
Sum of all factors excluding itself	Positive factors	Perfect number
6	1,2,3,6	6
28	1,2,4,7,14,28	28

Palindrome

Write a program that takes a number and checks whether it is a palindrome or not.



```
1<=n<= 2*(10^9)
```

output

If number is palindrome print "yes" and if not print "no" as output

Example

input1

234565432

output1

Yes

input2

7010

output2

Fibonacci

The Fibonacci numbers are the numbers in the following integer sequence. 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, ...

In mathematical terms, the sequence of Fibonacci numbers is defined by the recurrence relation:

```
Fib(1) = 1 , Fib(2)= 2
Fib(n) = fib(n-1) + fib(n-2)
```

Write a program that get and integer and print a string like: s1, s2, s3, s4,....

si is "+" where i is a member of Fibonacci series and si is "-" where i is not a member of Fibonacci series.

input

take a integer number n where 0 < n < 100

output

Print string with length of n.

Example

input1

15

output1

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ورودی نمونه ۲

4

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