

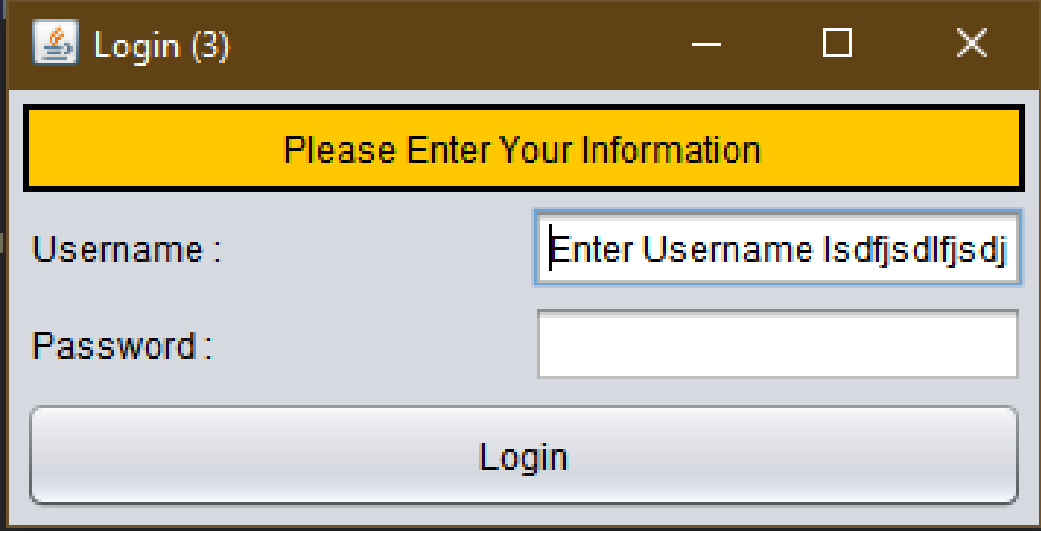
JavaGUIProgramming

Part 2

Chapter 12 and 22

P. Deitel , H. Deitel - Java How To Program, 10th Edition

LoginFrame-ActionListener



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Steps to Set Up Event Handling for a GUI Component

☞ Coding steps for an application to respond to events:

- Create a private class for the event handler
 - Implement an appropriate event-listener interface
- ```
private class ButtonHandler implements ActionListener, FocusListener {

}
```

- Register the event handler

```
ButtonHandler handler = new ButtonHandler();
unameField.addActionListener(handler);
unameField.addFocusListener(handler);
psswdField.addActionListener(handler);
psswdField.addFocusListener(handler);
loginButton.addActionListener(handler);
```

# Using a Nested Class to Implement an Event Handler

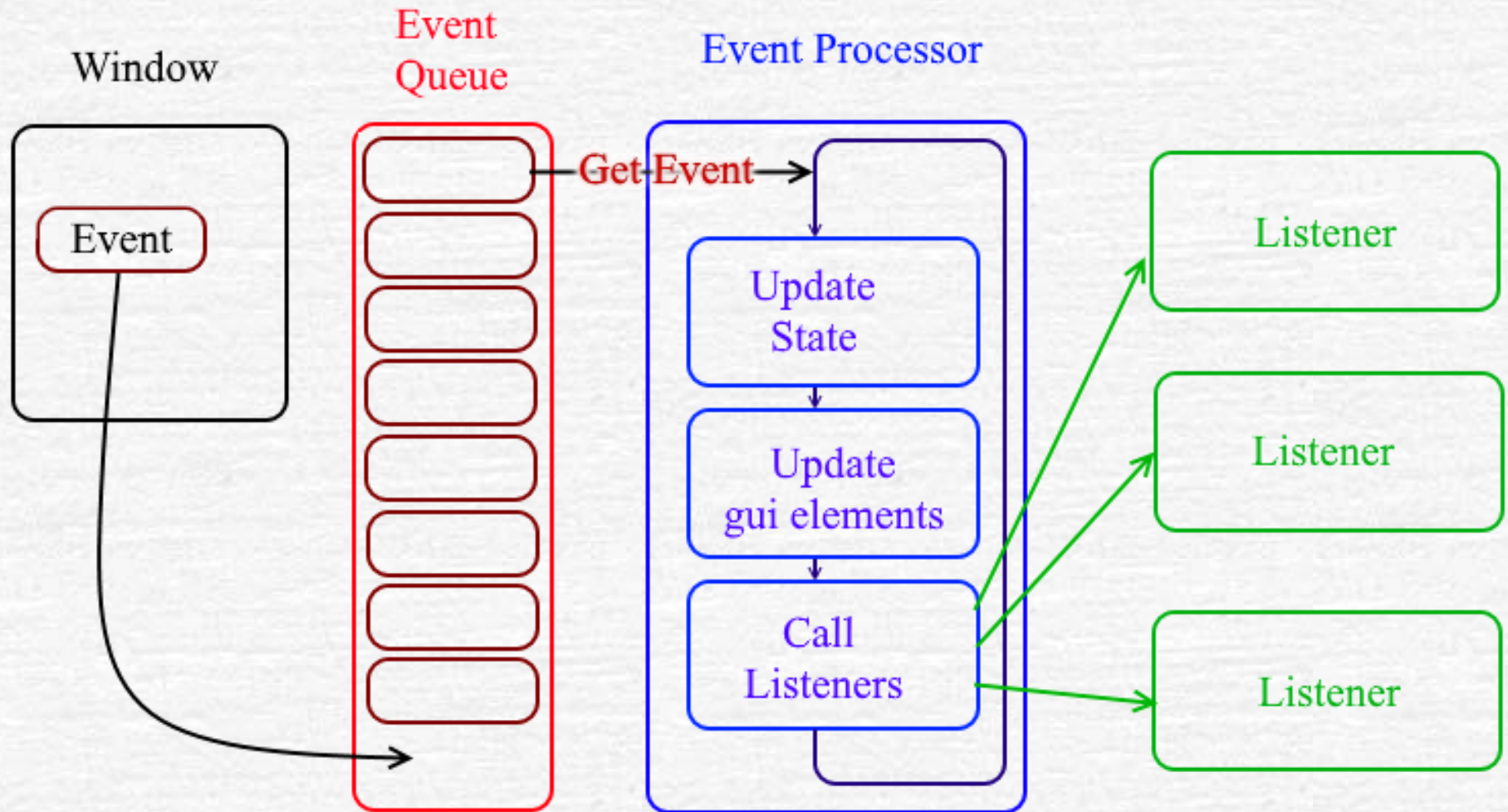
## ☞ Top-level classes

- Not declared within another class

## ☞ Nested classes

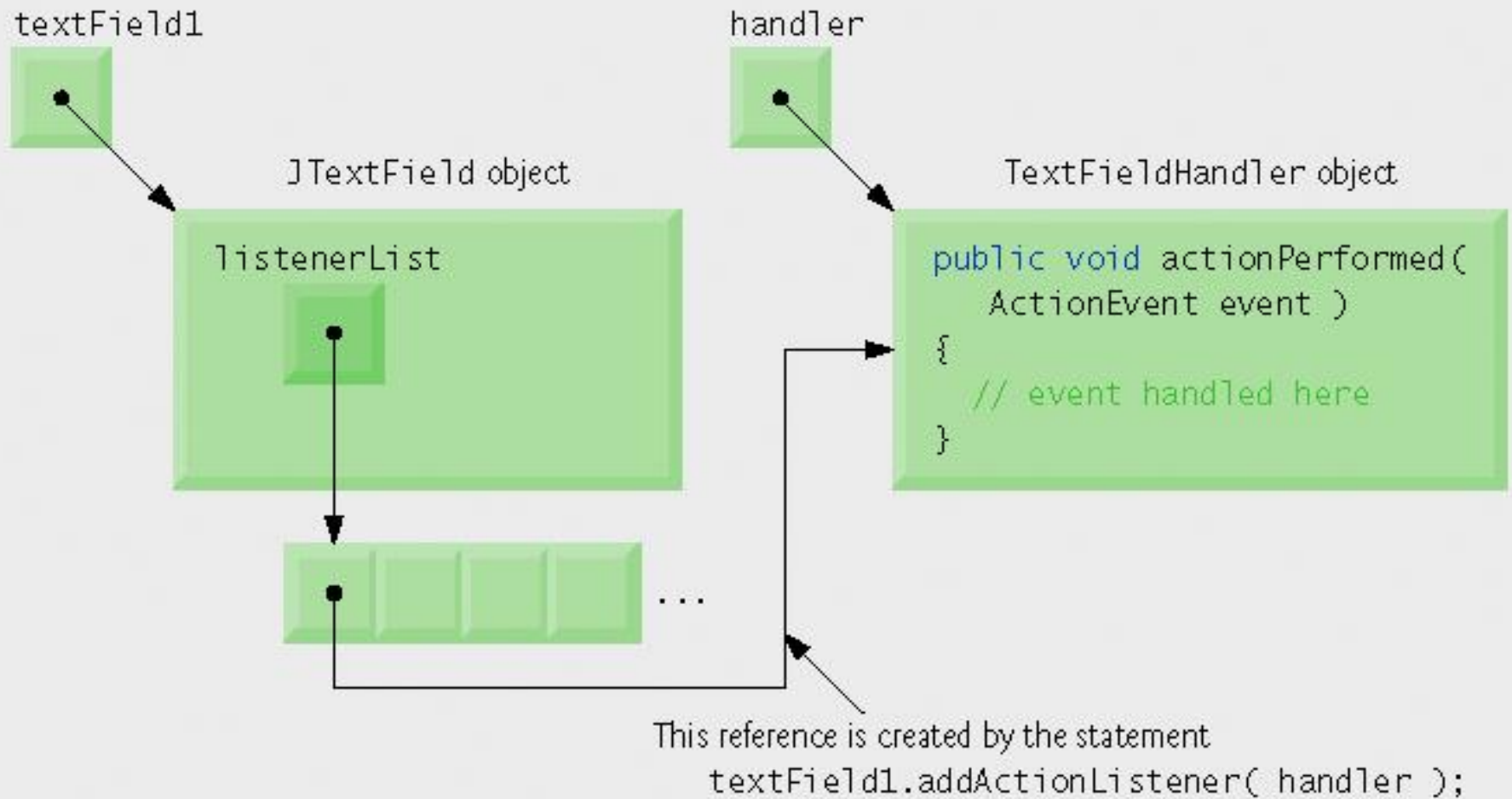
- Declared within another class
- Non-static nested classes are called inner classes
  - Frequently used for event handling

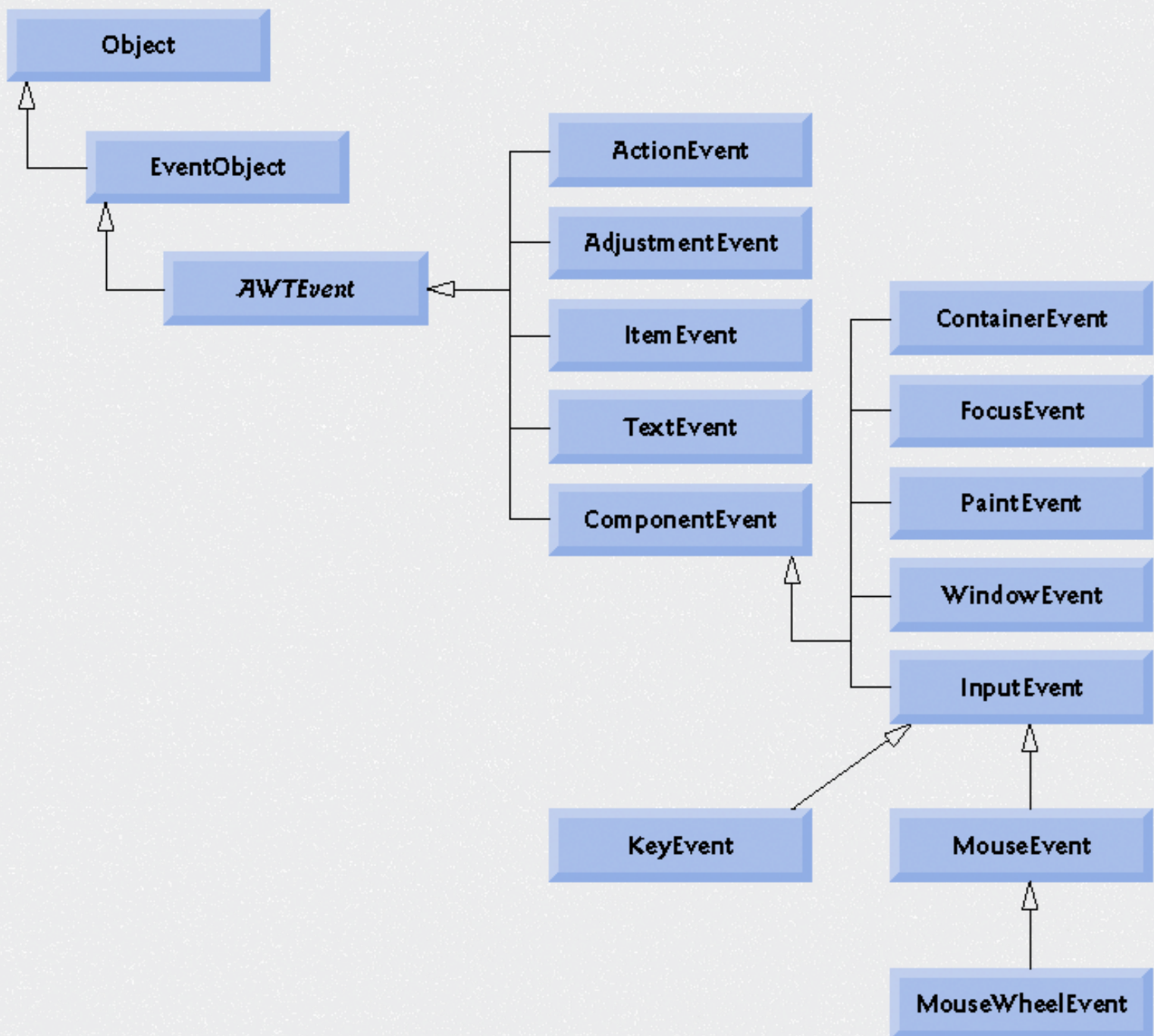
# How Event Handling Works

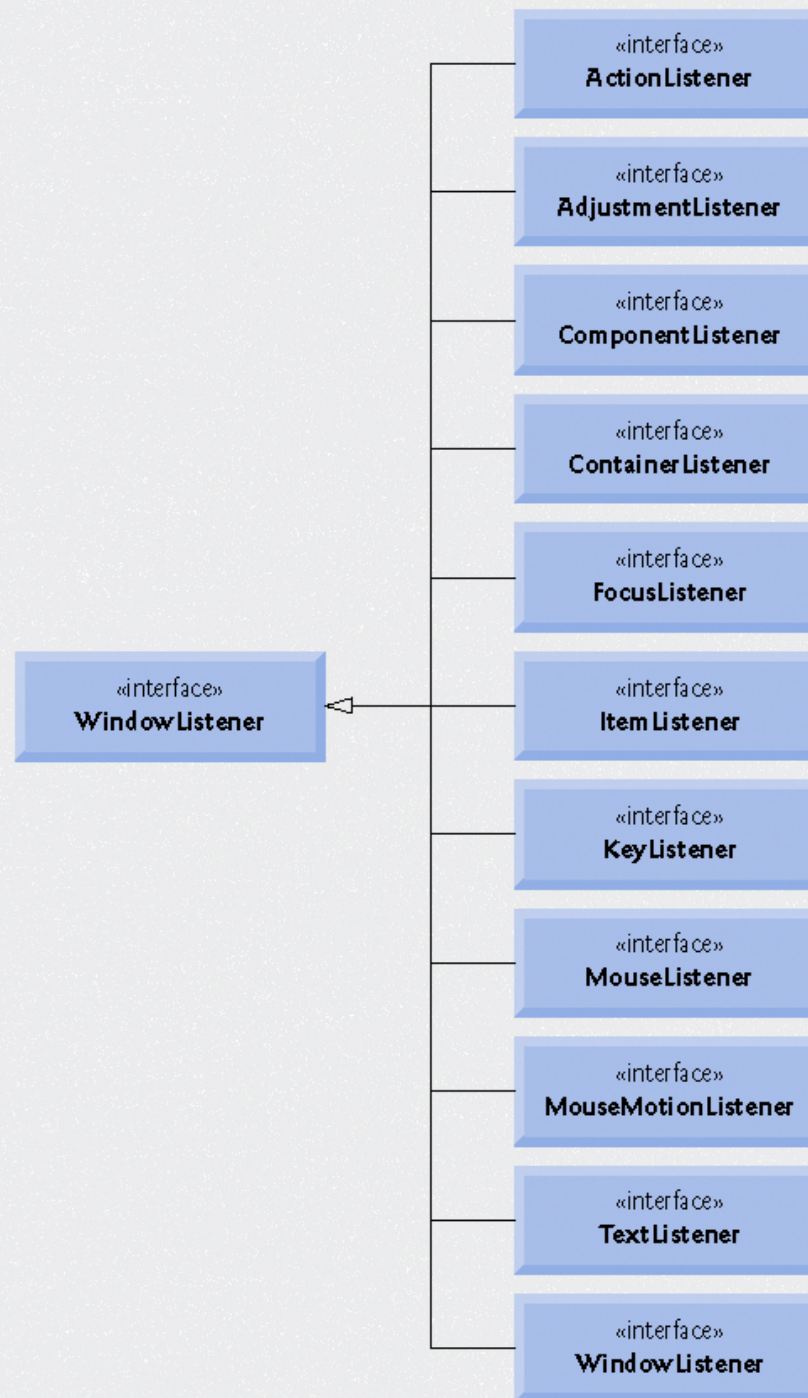




# How Event Handling Works









# Adapter Classes

Event-adapter class in `java.awt.event`

Implements interface

`ComponentAdapter`

`ComponentListener`

`ContainerAdapter`

`ContainerListener`

`FocusAdapter`

`FocusListener`

`KeyAdapter`

`KeyListener`

`MouseAdapter`

`MouseListener`

`MouseMotionAdapter`

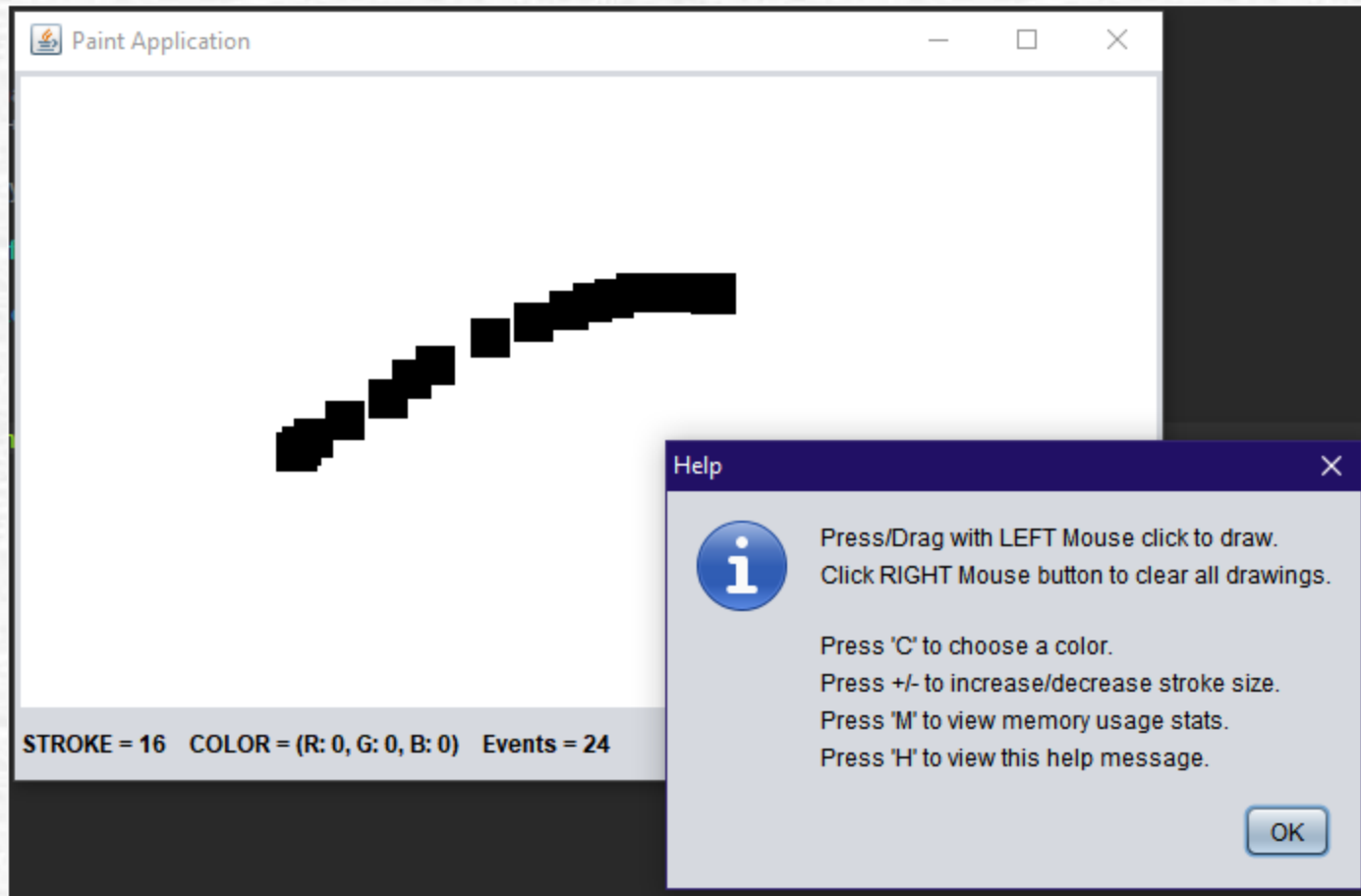
`MouseMotionListener`

`WindowAdapter`

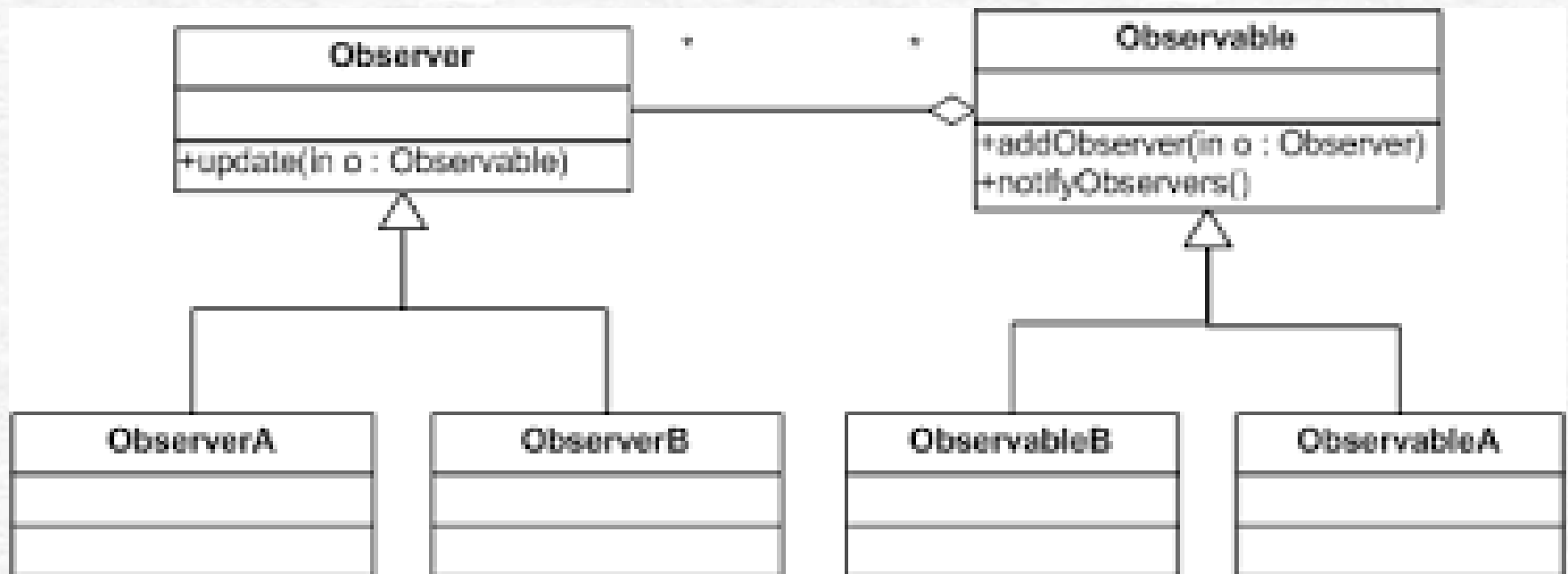
`WindowListener`

# Simple Paint Application

## Mouse and Keyboard Event Handling



# Observer Design Pattern



# Observer Design Pattern

- Think about two robots, which imitate each other actions. How can we code these two with the Observer design pattern? What are the challenges of programming it?
- Code a simple Java program for practicing the question.