Modulidentifikation hier öffnen

# **Spring Boot Setup and Implementation Checklist**

# 1. Initial Setup

Project Creation Go to [Spring Initializr](https://start.spring.io/)
Configure project:
Choose Maven or Gradle (Maven recommended for beginners)
Select Java version (17+ recommended)     Chasse Spring Root version (2 x recommended)
Choose Spring Boot version (3.x recommended)
Add essential dependencies:
• `spring-boot-starter-web`
<ul><li> `spring-boot-starter-data-jpa`</li><li> `spring-boot-starter-security`</li></ul>
`spring-boot-starter-validation`
`lombok` (optional but recommended)     ``anyoni appropriate invo\ on `anyoni detalage absize)
<ul><li> `mysql-connector-java` or `postgresql` (depending on your database choice)</li><li> `jjwt` for JWT token handling</li></ul>
IDE Setup  ☐ Import project into IDE (IntelliJ IDEA recommended)
☐ Verify Maven/Gradle builds successfully
☐ Configure IDE hot reload (DevTools)
2. Database Setup
·
Local Database
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Local Database  Install MySQL/PostgreSQL locally
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spring.datasource.url=\${DATABASE URL}

```
spring.datasource.username=${DATABASE_USERNAME}
spring.datasource.password=${DATABASE_PASSWORD}
```

# 3. Project Structure Implementation (In Order)

### 1. Domain Models

- Create `model` package
- ☐ Implement entity classes with JPA annotations:

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "users")
public class User {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private Long id;

    private String username;

    private String email;

    private String password;

    // other fields, getters, setters
}
```

☐ Create necessary DTOs (Data Transfer Objects)

### 2. Repositories

- Create `repository` package
- Create interfaces extending JpaRepository:

```
@Repository
public interface UserRepository extends JpaRepository<User, Long> {
    Optional<User> findByEmail(String email);
}
```

### 3. Services

- Create `service` package
- Define service interfaces
- Implement service classes:

```
@Service
public class UserService {
    private final UserRepository userRepository;

    @Autowired
    public UserService(UserRepository userRepository) {
        this.userRepository = userRepository;
    }

// Service methods
```

# 4. Controllers Create `controller` package Implement REST controllers: @RestController @RequestMapping("/api/users") public class UserController { private final UserService userService; @Autowired public UserController(UserService userService) { this.userService = userService; // Controller endpoints 4. Security Implementation **Basic Security Setup** Create security configuration class: @Configuration @EnableWebSecurity public class SecurityConfig { public SecurityFilterChain filterChain(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception { // Security rules **JWT Implementation** Create JWT utility class ☐ Implement JWT token generation and validation Create JWT filter for request authentication **Security Checklist** Implement password encryption (BCrypt) Configure CORS Set up CSRF protection Implement rate limiting Set up request validation Configure security headers Implement role-based authorization Set up error handling Configure logout mechanism 5. Frontend Integration **CORS Configuration**

Configure CORS in Spring Boot:

```
@Configuration
   public class WebConfig implements WebMvcConfigurer {
      @Override
      public void addCorsMappings(CorsRegistry registry) {
          registry.addMapping("/api/**")
             .allowedOrigins("http://localhost:5173")
             .allowedMethods("GET", "POST", "PUT", "DELETE")
             .allowedHeaders("*");
    }
Documentation
Add GitHub Pages documentation
```

- Document all endpoints
- ☐ Add Class Diagrams / images of Unit Test Results

## **Environment Configuration**

- Set up different profiles (dev/prod)
- Configure environment-specific properties
- Set up logging

# 6. Testing

### **Unit Tests**

- Test service layer
- Test repositories
- Test security configurations

### **Integration Tests**

- Test API endpoints
- Test database operations
- Test security features

## **Frequent Gotchas and Solutions**

- Remember to use @CrossOrigin for development
- Always use DTOs for request/response
- Never expose entity objects directly
- Always validate input data
- Use proper exception handling
- Implement proper logging
- Use environment variables for sensitive data
- Implement proper error responses
- Use proper HTTP status codes