

May 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2019

Dear Editors,

We are submitting “Chemically Selective Transport in a Cross-linked  $H_{II}$  Phase Lyotropic Liquid Crystal Membrane” by Benjamin J. Coscia and Michael R. Shirts, for consideration for publication as an Article in the Journal of Physical Chemistry B. We expect this work to be of significant interest to researchers who study nanostructured polymer membranes for aqueous separations.

In this article, we use molecular dynamics (MD) simulations in order to observe transport of small solutes in an inverted hexagonal ( $H_{II}$ ) phase self-assembled lyotropic liquid crystal (LLC) polymer membrane. Recently, we published our first article on this subject in which we built and characterized an atomistic molecular model of an LLC membrane that is maximally consistent with experimental observations. By observing transport of solutes within a similar model, we can learn the optimal ways to tune the shape, size and chemical functionality of LC monomers in order to intelligently design the pore environment and facilitate solute-specific separations.

In this work, we observe and quantify transport of water, sodium and 20 small polar solutes within the pores of our atomistic  $H_{II}$  phase LLC membrane model. In general, all solutes exhibit subdiffusive transport behavior characterized by intermittent hops between long periods of entrapment. However, due the pores’ inhomogeneous architecture, we observed 3 different mechanisms of entrapment. First, solutes can diffuse out of the pores and become entangled between tails. Second, many of the solutes are capable of donating hydrogen bonds to monomer head groups for extended periods of time. Finally, solutes can associate with monomer head group counter-ions within nanopores. Each solute is influenced by each mechanism to varying degrees dependent on its size and chemical functionality. We begin our discussion with a broad description of these mechanisms in the context of all solutes before restricting the discussion to more detailed analyses of subsets of chemically-similar solutes.

Some suggestions for reviewers are:

1. Menachem Elimelech is a leader in the development of membrane technologies for water desalination and water reuse (Yale University, 203-432-2789, menachem.elimelech@yale.edu).
2. Francisco Hung has used molecular simulations to study nematic liquid crystals and various nanostructured materials (Northeastern University, 617-373-8619 f.hung@northeastern.edu)
3. Eric Jankowski has experience modeling soft materials using molecular dynamics including work done simulating structure factors from simulations, much like the techniques we use in our work (Boise State University, 208-426-5681, ericjankowski@boisestate.edu)

Please send correspondence regarding this paper to Michael R. Shirts (contact details in letterhead).

Sincerely,  
Michael R. Shirts  
Benjamin J. Coscia