

MAT2003 (Optimization Techniques) Final Lab

KHAN MOHD OWAIS RAZA

20BCD7138

Code-1 :-

```
%% KHAN MOHD OWAIS RAZA
%% 20BCD7138
%% MAT2003 FINAL LAB
%% CODE-1
clc
clear
format short
%%%%%%%% Stage 1: %%%%%%%%%
C= [-1 2];
A= [ 1 -1 ; -0.5 1 ];
b= [-1; 2];
%%%%%%%% Stage 2: plotting the constraints in 2d graph%%%%%%%%
y1= 0:1: max(b);
X21= (b(1) - A(1,1) .*y1)./A(1,2);
X22= (b(2) - A(2,1) .*y1)./A(2,2);
X21= max(0,X21);
X22= max(0,X22);
plot(y1,X21, 'r', y1,X22,'k');
xlabel( 'value of x1');
ylabel( 'value of x2');
title('x1 vs x2');
legend('x1-x2<=-1', '-0.5x1+x2<=2')
%%%%%%%%Phase 3 Find the corner point i.e., pt of intersections
Cx1=find(y1==0);
C1 = find(X21==0);
Line1= [y1(:, [C1 Cx1]) ; X21(:, [C1 Cx1])]';
C2 = find(X22==0);
Line2= [y1(:, [C2 Cx1]) ; X22(:, [C2 Cx1])]';
Corpt= unique([Line1;Line2],'row');
%%%%%%%%Stage 4 Find the intersection points%%%%%%%%
HG=[0;0];
for i=1:size(A,1)
Hg1=A(i,: );
B1=b(i,: ) ;
for j=i+1: size(A,1)
Hg2= A(j,: );
B2= b (j, : );
Aa= [Hg1; Hg2];
Bb= [B1;B2];
Xx= Aa\Bb;
HG=[ HG Xx];
end
end
Pt = HG';
```

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%% Stage 5 write all points, i.e., corner + intersection
points **

```

```

Allpt = [Pt; Corpt];

```

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%% stage 6: find the feasible region %%%%%%%%%%

```

```

PT= constraint(Allpt);

```

```

PT= unique(PT,'row');

```

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%% stage 7***

```

```

for i=1: size(PT,1)

```

```

    FX(i, : ) = sum (PT (i,: ).*C);

```

```

end

```

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%% final Stage optimal Solution %%%%%%%%%%

```

```

vert_fns = [PT FX];

```

```

[fxval, indfx]= max(FX);

```

```

optval = vert_fns(indfx, :);

```

```

optimal_bfs= array2table( optval);

```

```

disp(" x value is")

```

```

disp(optimal_bfs(1,[1]))

```

```

disp("y value is")

```

```

disp(optimal_bfs(1,[2]))

```

```

disp("max value is")

```

```

disp(optimal_bfs(1,[3]))

```

```

function X = constraint(X)

```

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%% write the first constraint here%%%%%%%%%

```

```

X1= X(: , 1);

```

```

X2= X(: , 2);

```

```

Cons1 = X1-1*X2+1;

```

```

H1=find(Cons1>0);

```

```

X(H1,: )=[];

```

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%% write the Second constraint here%%%%%%%%%

```

```

X1= X(: , 1);

```

```

X2= X(: , 2);

```

```

Cons2 = -0.5*X1+X2-2;

```

```

H2=find(Cons2>0);

```

```

X(H2,: )=[];

```

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%% write the Third constraint here%%%%%%%%%

```

```

X1= X(: , 1);

```

```

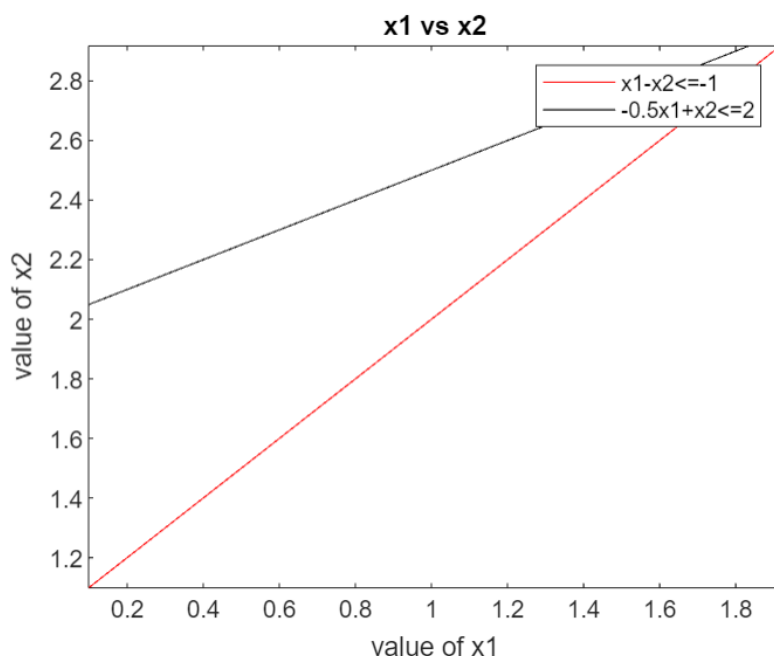
X2= X(: , 2);

```

```

end

```



Command Window

```

x value is
optval1

```

```

0

```

```

y value is
optval2

```

```

2

```

```

max value is
optval3

```

```

4

```

Code-2 :-

```
%% KHAN MOHD OWAIIS RAZA
%% 20BCD7138
%% MAT2003 FINAL LAB
%% CODE-2
clc;
clear all;
close all;
x=[2 3 11 7 6;1 0 6 1 1;5 8 15 9 10;7 5 3 2 0]
[m n]=size(x);
x1=zeros(m,n);
sumc=0;
sumr=0;
for i=1:m-1
sumc=sumc+x(i,n);
end
for j=1:n-1
sumr=sumr+x(m,j);
end
if(sumc == sumr)
for i=1:m
for j=1:n
x11=min(x(i,n),x(m,j));
x1(i,j)=x11;
x(i,n)=x(i,n)-x11;
x(m,j)=x(m,j)-x11;
end
end
else disp('unbalanced transportation');
end
xre=0;
for i=1:m-1
for j=1:n-1
xre=xre+(x(i,j).*x1(i,j));
end
end
disp(['the transportation cost is ',num2str(xre)]);
```

Command Window

x =

2	3	11	7	6
1	0	6	1	1
5	8	15	9	10
7	5	3	2	0

the transportation cost is 116

>> |

Code-3 :-

```
%% KHAN MOHD OWAIIS RAZA
%% 20BCD7138
%% MAT2003 FINAL LAB
%% CODE-3
clc
clear all;
% Setting x as symbolic variable
syms x;
% Input Section
y = input('Enter non-linear equations: ');
a = input('Enter initial guess: ');
e = input('Tolerable error: ');
N = input('Enter maximum number of steps: ');
% Initializing step counter
step = 1;
% Finding derivate of given function
g = diff(y,x);
% Finding Functional Value
fa = eval(subs(y,x,a));
while abs(fa)> e
    fa = eval(subs(y,x,a));
    ga = eval(subs(g,x,a));
    if ga == 0
        disp('Division by zero. ');
        break;
    end
    b = a - fa/ga;
    fprintf('step=%d\ta=%f\tf(a)=%f\n',step,a,fa);
    a = b;
    if step>N
        disp('Not convergent');
        break;
    end
    step = step + 1;
end
fprintf('Root is %f\n', a);
```

Command Window

```
Enter non-linear equations:
x^2 + 2*x + 1 == 0
Enter initial guess:
1
Tolerable error:
2
Enter maximum number of steps:
3
Root is 1.000000
>> |
```

Code-4 :-

```
%% KHAN MOHD OWAIS RAZA
%% 20BCD7138
%% MAT2003 FINAL LAB
%% CODE-4
N=6;
e_num=8;
s=1;
w=[2 5 2 3 -2 -1 4 1];
m=[1 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 ];
n=[2 6 4 2 3 4 2 5 ];
names={'S','A','B','C','D','E'};
G=digraph(m,n,w)
h=plot(G,'EdgeLabel',G.Edges.Weight,'Nodelabel',names,'EdgeColor','k','NodeColor','b')
h.MarkerSize=8;
S=sparse(m','n',w');
distance(1:N)=Inf;
distance(s)=0;
predecessor(1:N)=0;
for i = 1 : N - 1
for j = 1 : e_num
v = n(j);
u = m(j);
t = distance(u) + w(j);
if (t < distance(v) )
distance(v) = t;
predecessor(v) = u
end
end
end

for j = 1 : e_num
u = m(j);
v = n(j);
if ( distance(u) + w(j) < distance(v) )
fprintf ( 1, '\n' );
fprintf ( 1, 'BELLMAN_FORD - Fatal error!\n' );
fprintf ( 1, ' Graph contains a cycle with negative weight.\n' );
error ( 'BELLMAN_FORD - Fatal error!' );
end
end
for i=1:(N-1)
d=input('Please enter the destination node:');
totalCost = distance(d)
TR=shortestpathtree(G,1,d);
p=plot(G,'EdgeLabel',G.Edges.Weight,'Nodelabel',names,'EdgeColor','k','NodeColor','b')
p.MarkerSize=8;
highlight(p,TR,'EdgeColor','g','LineWidth',5);
end
```

Command Window

G =

[digraph](#) with properties:

Edges: [8×2 table]

Nodes: [6×0 table]

h =

[GraphPlot](#) with properties:

NodeColor: [0 0 1]

MarkerSize: 4

Marker: 'o'

EdgeColor: [0 0 0]

LineWidth: 0.5000

LineStyle: '-'

NodeLabel: {'S' 'A' 'B' 'C' 'D' 'E'}

EdgeLabel: {'2' '5' '2' '3' '-2' '4' '-1' '1'}

XData: [0.3342 -0.4963 -1.5892 -0.4430 0.6968 1.4975]

YData: [1.3507 0.0587 -0.8275 -1.0911 -0.3381 0.8472]

ZData: [0 0 0 0 0 0]

predecessor =

0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

predecessor =

0	1	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---

predecessor =

0	1	0	2	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---

predecessor =

0	1	4	2	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---

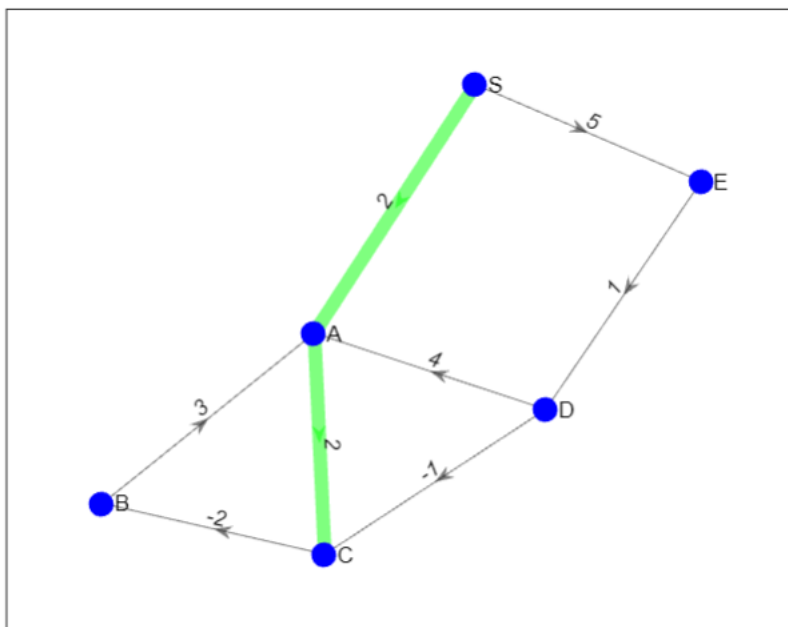
Please enter the destination node:

4

totalCost =

|

4



Code-5 :-

```

%% KHAN MOHD OWAIS RAZA
%% 20BCD7138
%% MAT2003 FINAL LAB
%% CODE-5
function fordfulkerson
clc; clear;
s = 1; t = 6; f = 0;
cap = [ 0 2 0 7 0 0 ;
0 0 7 6 8 0;
0 0 0 0 11 11;
0 0 5 0 4 0;
0 0 0 0 0 12;
0 0 0 0 0 0];
len = length(cap);
while true
p = findPath(cap);
if p(1) == 0, break; end
flow = max(max(cap));
for j = 2:length(p)
flow = min(flow,cap(p(j),p(j-1)));
end
for j = 2:length(p)
a = p(j); b = p(j-1);
cap(a,b) = cap(a,b) - flow;
cap(b,a) = cap(b,a) + flow;
end
f = f + flow;
end
disp(['Max flow is ' num2str(f)]);
disp('Residual graph:');
disp(cap);
function F = findPath(A)
q = zeros(1,len);
pred = zeros(1,len);
front = 1; back = 2;

```

```

pred(s) = s; q(front) = s;
while front ~= back
v = q(front);
front = front + 1;
for i = 1:len
if pred(i) == 0 && A(v,i) > 0
q(back) = i;
back = back + 1;
pred(i) = v;
end
end
end
path = zeros(1,len);
if pred(t) ~= 0
i = t; c = 1;
while pred(i) ~= i
path(c) = i;
c = c + 1;
i = pred(i);
end
path(c) = s;
path(c+1:len) = [];
end
F = path;
end
end

```

Command Window

Max flow is 9

Residual graph:

0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	5	6	8	0
0	2	0	5	11	4
7	0	0	0	2	0
0	0	0	2	0	10
0	0	7	0	2	0