/
$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^{2}h \qquad \frac{dr}{dt} = 3, \frac{dh}{dt} = 5.$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial h} \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \qquad 10.72$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\pi rh \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{3}\pi r^{2} \cdot 5$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\pi \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{3}\pi \cdot 3^{2} \cdot 5$$

$$= 1125\pi$$

2. (1)
$$\nabla G = (2\pi y, \pi^2 + 2e^y, e^y + 2z)$$

$$\frac{\partial G}{\partial x} = 2\pi y \Rightarrow G(xy,t) = x^2y + g(y,t)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial G}{\partial y} = x^2 + \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} = x^2 + 2e^y$$

$$\Rightarrow g = 2e^y + h(z) \quad (\rightleftharpoons) \quad G = x^2y + 2e^y + h(z)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial G}{\partial z} = e^y + h'(z) = e^y + 2z$$

$$\Rightarrow G(x,y,z) = x^2y + z e^y + z^2 + C$$

$$\Rightarrow G(x,y,z) = x^2y + z e^y + z^2 + C$$

1 203

(2)
$$F'(x_1y_1z) = \begin{pmatrix} 2y & 2\pi & 0 \\ 2\pi & ze^{\gamma} & e^{\gamma} \\ 0 & e^{\gamma} & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$F'(x_1y_1z) = \begin{pmatrix} 2y & 2\pi & 0 \\ 2\pi & ze^{\gamma} & e^{\gamma} \\ 0 & e^{\gamma} & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

3.
$$x^4 + y^2 \ge 2 \sqrt{x^4 y^2} = 2 |x^2 y|$$
 $1 = 5 \frac{\pi}{2}$

:
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \left| \frac{x^2y}{x^2+y^2} \right| \leq \lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2+y^2} = 0$$

: 월월에서 연속.

4. $V(x,y) = 50 + ax^2 - by^2$

1) grad V(x, y) = (2ax, -2by) : grad V(1, -2) = (2a, 4b) | 5-212

: (2a, 4b) // (-2, 1b) i.e. (a, 2b) = t(-1,8) for some tER.

a=-t, b=4t > b=-4a 1021

2) V(1,-2) = 50 + a - 4b = 33 : a = -1, b = 4and qrad V(1,-2) = (-2, 16)

: 7/28 mil 2/28/2 4/3/2 (25) MZ) = \(\frac{1}{(-2)^2 + 16^2}\)

= (1, -8) 622

0) zule 1948 DV (1,-2) 2

$$D_{V} V(1,-2) = grad V(1,-2) \cdot V = (-2,16) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{65}} (1,-8)$$

く糾ねりる>

- · 22 chalout m/2/24 1 -2 2/2
- · 时外见 DeV((1-2) = 吃于外中年至 2月初 完全的

$$\delta = f(x-y, y-x)$$

$$\frac{\partial \omega}{\partial x} = D_1 f(x-y, y-x) \cdot \frac{\partial(x-y)}{\partial x} + D_2 f(x-y, y-x) \frac{\partial(y-x)}{\partial x}$$

$$= D_1 f(x-y, y-x) + D_2 f(x-y, y-x) \cdot (-1)$$

$$\frac{\partial \omega}{\partial y} = D_1 f(x-y, y-x) \cdot \frac{\partial(x-y)}{\partial y} + D_2 f(x-y, y-x) \cdot \frac{\partial(y-x)}{\partial y}$$

$$= D_1 f(x-y, y-x) \cdot (-1) + D_2 f(x-y, y-x) \cdot 1$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} = 0$$

〈 체제기》〉

• ज्याप्त भाष ध्या ० (22101 岭川 紫花 兴, 可管地 至川 号).

6.(1)
$$\chi(t) = (t^3, 2t^4)$$
, $0 \le t \le 1 \le 1 \text{ or matative}$

$$\int_{X} F \cdot ds = \int_{0}^{1} (t^6, 4t^4) \cdot (3t^4, 4t) dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} (3t^6 + 16t^5) dt$$

$$= 3$$
(>) $\int_{X} xy dx + xy^3 dy = \int_{0}^{2} t^4 dt + \int_{0}^{5} 2t^3 dt$

(3)
$$\int_{X} x^{2}y dx + xy^{3}dy = \int_{-1}^{2} t^{2}dt + \int_{-1}^{5} 2t^{3}dt$$

(3)
$$\int_{X} al \cdot ds = 2\pi \text{ wind } (X)$$

$$= \frac{7}{2}\pi - \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{19}{6}\pi$$

f(x,y,z)= 2(2+y+(2-1)2 7. 同計 计对 9(71, 4, 2) = 7-27(2-342 (710.71.70) 章 9=0 인접특度 우리 목정이라 하자. 그러면 라그갛크 승규 밖에 위해 $\nabla f(\gamma_0, y_0, z_0) = (2\gamma_0, 2y_0, 2(z_{0-1}))$ $= \lambda \left(-4 \times (0, -6 \times 0, 1) = \lambda \nabla \beta \left(\times 0, \times 0, \times 0 \right) \right)$ $(70, 70, 70) = (\pm \sqrt{3}, 0, \frac{3}{4})$ (ii) $\lambda = -\frac{1}{3} \mathcal{Q} \alpha y$ $(x_0, y_0, z_0) = (o, \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{8}}, \frac{1}{6})$ --- II (ii) $\lambda^{\pm} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = 2 \exp \left((x_0, y_0, z_0) = (0, 0, 0) \right) = 1$ 可观气管 有效是 到红 都是 及은 (0, 土)产, 分)则 7 张 11 四年月 产部之 新时刊之 | 11

米洲型元 エ-10位 エ,亚, 亚 - 각3位 マ - 1位

$$\begin{cases} P. & \text{whi} \\ P'' = 1 + x + o(x) & \text{if } \\ \log(1+y) = y - \frac{y^2}{2} + o(y^2) & \text{if } \\ e^{y} \log(1+y) = y - \frac{y^2}{2} + iy - \frac{y^2}{2} + o(y^2) + iy \end{cases}$$

$$e^{x} \log (1+y) = y - \frac{y^{2}}{2} + xy - \frac{xy^{2}}{2} + \alpha(y^{2}) + xo(y^{2}) + yo(x) - \frac{y^{2}}{2}o(x)$$

$$+ o(x)o(y^{2})$$

$$= y - \frac{y^{2}}{2} + xy + o(x^{2}+y^{2}) - II$$

$$D_{1}f = e^{x}\log(1+y) \qquad D_{1}f = e^{y}\log(1+y) \qquad D_{2}f = e^{y}\log(1+y) \qquad D_{2}f = D_{2}D_{1}f = \frac{e^{y}}{1+y} \qquad D_{2}f = -\frac{e^{y}}{1+y} \qquad D_{3}f = -\frac{e^{y}}{1+y}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{2}f(X,y) &= f(0,0) + grad f(0,0) \cdot (X,y) \\
&+ \frac{1}{2!} \left[D_{1}^{2}f(0,0) \chi^{2} + 2D_{1}D_{2}f(0,0) \chi^{2} + D_{2}^{2}f(0,0) \chi^{2} \right] I \\
&= \int_{0}^{\infty} \left[T_{2}f(x,y) - \frac{y^{2}}{2} \right] I \\
&= \int_{0}^{\infty} \left[T_{2}f(x,y) - \frac{y^{2}}{2} \right] I \\
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&= \int_{0}^{\infty} \left[T_{2}f(x,y) - \frac{y^{2}}{2} \right] I \\
&= \int_{0}^{\infty} \left[T_{2}f(x,y) - \frac{y^{2}}{$$

7.
$$D_1f = 3x^2 - 6y + 6$$
 $D_2f = 2y - 6y + 6$
 $D_2f = 2y - 6y + 3$
 $D_2f = 2y - 6y + 6$
 $D_2f = 2y - 6$
 $D_2f = 2y -$

해제 완정병에 의해
$$\det f''(1,\frac{3}{2}) = \det \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -6 \\ -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} < 0 \Rightarrow \underbrace{(1,\frac{3}{2})} : 약정절 \dots I$$

$$f''(5,\frac{27}{2}) = \begin{pmatrix} 30 & -6 \\ -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} > 0 \Rightarrow \underbrace{(5,\frac{27}{2})} : ₹조절 \dots I$$

*神科行

I - 学校

工, 西, 각 短