



## Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



	1.4.1 Percentage of households with an access to basic conitation and water
Name of the indicator	1.4.1 Percentage of households with an access to basic sanitation and water supply
Sustainable Development Goal	Goal 1. No poverty
Target	1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance
Definition	Percentage of households with an access to basic sanitation and water supply. The indicator doesn't include an access to sewage disposal.
Unit	percent [%]
Available dimensions	total
Methodological explanations	The indicator is calculated on the basis of information obtained from the <b>EU-SILC</b> survey.  EU-SILC survey (European Union Statistics on Income and Living Conditions) is a constant survey (conducted every year) whose subject are households and persons aged 16 and more in households. The survey is a panel study, i.e. selected group of respondents is subject to several rounds of observation at intervals, so that it allows to observe and analyze the changing situation, attitudes, behaviour or opinions of a surveyed group. Survey is conducted by face-to-face interview techniqueusing 2 questionnaires one of which is used to obtain data on households, and the second to obtain data on individuals.  The purpose of EU-SILC survey is to obtain information which allows the assessment of living conditions of Polish society and allows to compare them to the living conditions in other countries of European Union. This is achieved by adoption of a uniform methodology by Eurostat. At current requests of European Union authorities, module surveys devoted to selected issue are also conducted within EU-SILC survey (that is an additional questionnaire proceeded together with the basic survey).  Central Statistical Office of Poland implemented EU-SILC survey in 2005.  A household is understood as the persons may be related or unrelated, living together and maintaining themselves jointly (multi-person household). Household can also be formed by one individual maintaining himself/herself independently, regardless of whether the individual lives alone or with other persons (one-person household).  Basic sanitation include a bathroom with bath and/or shower, flushable toilet with running water. Water supply means access to the tap with cold running water. The indicator does not include access to garbage disposal.
Data source	Statistics Poland
Data availability	Annual data since 2010
Notes	No data for 2021. From 2020 the indicator has been moved to the EU-SILC survey module implemented every few years. The next edition of the module will take place in 2023.

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