



Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



Name of the indicator	11.b.1 Countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030
Sustainable Development Goal	Goal 11. Sustainable cities and communities
Target	11.b By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels
Definition	The indicator takes a value of 1 if a country has adopted and implemented a national disaster risk reduction strategy in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030.
	The indicator presented as score of adoption and implementation of national DRR strategies in line with the Sendai Framework is expressed as a decimal fraction in the interval (0, 1) measured in 0.05 steps.
Unit	(0,1)
Available dimensions	total, the scope of compliance of the national strategy with the Sendai Program 2015-2030
Methodological explanations	The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 is the program of the United Nations adopted at the 2015 Third UN World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction (WCDRR) in Sendai, Japan. The priorities of the program are: 1. Understanding the risks associated with disasters. 2. Strengthening of disaster risk management to enable its management. 3. Investing in disaster risk reduction to strengthen resilience. 4. Improving the system of preparedness to respond effectively to disasters and "better rehabilitation" for recovery, repair and reconstruction. National disaster risk reduction strategy, including natural disasters, in line with the Sendai Framework is a part of the Report on Threats to National Security. This report is updated periodically. Updates took place in 2015, 2018 and 2021. The main goals of the strategy are to reduce existing and future threats by performing risk assessment, alerting and building disaster resilience. Score of adoption and implementation of national DRR strategies in line with the Sendai Framework is calculated as a qualitative assessment of compliance between the national document and requirements for national disaster risk reduction strategy.
Data source	Government Centre for Security (RCB)
Data availability	Annual data; since 2015
Notes	
Data updated on	28-02-2023
Metadata updated on	24-01-2022