



Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



| Name of the indicator | 3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Sustainable Development Goal | Goal 3. Good health and well-being |
| Target | 3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination |
| Definition | Death rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution (deaths per 100,000 population). |
| Unit | persons |
| Available dimensions | total |
| Methodological explanations | The estimate of the mortality resulting from exposure to air pollution takes into account the following important diseases: • Acute respiratory infections in young children (estimated under 5 years of age); • Cerebrovascular diseases (stroke) in adults (estimated above 25 years); • Ischaemic heart diseases (IHD) in adults (estimated above 25 years); • Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) in adults (estimated above 25 years); and • Lung cancer in adults (estimated above 25 years). |
| Data source | World Health Organization |
| Data availability | Data every few years since 2016 |
| Notes | 'Estimated data, computed by WHO.' |

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