

## Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



<b>Name of the indicator</b>	<b>3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)</b>
<b>Sustainable Development Goal</b>	Goal 3. Good health and well-being
<b>Target</b>	3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination
<b>Definition</b>	Death rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution (deaths per 100,000 population).
<b>Unit</b>	persons
<b>Available dimensions</b>	total
<b>Methodological explanations</b>	<p>The estimate of the mortality resulting from exposure to air pollution takes into account the following important diseases:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Acute respiratory infections in young children (estimated under 5 years of age);</li> <li>• Cerebrovascular diseases (stroke) in adults (estimated above 25 years);</li> <li>• Ischaemic heart diseases (IHD) in adults (estimated above 25 years);</li> <li>• Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) in adults (estimated above 25 years);</li> </ul> <p>and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lung cancer in adults (estimated above 25 years).</li> </ul>
<b>Data source</b>	WHO
<b>Data availability</b>	Data every few years since 2016
<b>Notes</b>	'Estimated data, computed by WHO.'
<b>Data updated on</b>	31-01-2023
<b>Metadata updated on</b>	25-01-2023