



## Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



Name of the indicator	8.3.1 Persons performing unregistered work as the percentage share of the employed (according to LFS)
Sustainable Development Goal	Goal 8. Decent work and economic growth
Target	8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services
Definition	Share of persons performing unregistered work in the total number of the employed.
Unit	percent [%]
Available dimensions	total, sex
Methodological explanations	Data on persons performing unregistered work (used in the numerator when calculating the indicator) come from the representative survey "Unregistered employment in Poland" conducted as a module to the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The module survey is an additional survey implemented at the same time as the basic survey, allowing to extend the scope of information obtained in the basic survey. Since 2017, the observation period of the modular survey "Unregistered employment in Poland" has covered 12 months of the year (previous editions of the survey covered a period of 9 months, i.e. months from January to September). The extension of the observation period made it possible to assess the scale of the phenomenon throughout the year. Due to the change introduced, the comparability of the time series of data prior to 2017 is limited. In addition, the lack of comparability of the time series for data from 2022 onwards is also affected by methodological changes concerning the definition of the employed person introduced in the basic LFS from Q1 2021. (data on employed persons are used in the denominator when calculating the indicator).  *Unregistered unemployment* is defined as:  - employment performed without employment relationship, that is, without a contract, order-agreement, contract for a particular task/work or any other written agreement between the employer and employee, regardless of the ownership sector (also in private households and in private farms) unregistered work cannot be performed on the basis of call, appointment, or election performing unregistered work does not entitle the employee to social security and, by implication, to the right to social Insurance Institution the employer does not allot contribution from the employee's wages and salaries to Social Insurance Institution and Labour Found income taxes are not deducted from income generated through unregistered employment, - self-employment if the concluded economic activity does not meet financial obligations to the state (e.g. taxes). The em





## Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



	In accordance with the international standards, among the employed, there are also included apprentices who entered into occupational training or occupational preparation contract with a private or public employer if they received remuneration.
Data source	Statistics Poland
Data availability	Data every few years; since 2010.
Notes	The presented indicator (8.3.1 Persons performing unregistered work as the percentage share of the employed (according to LFS)) in the total number of heads of agricultural holding) is a proxy indicator to the one adopted in the official list of indicators of the UN Sustainable Development Goals. The replacement of the original indicator (8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in total employment, by sector and sex) is due to the inability to obtain data for it. The proxy indicator has been selected so as to most fully reflect the essence of the observed phenomenon.
Data updated on	23-04-2024
Metadata updated on	23-04-2024