



Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



Name of the indicator	16.5.1 Number of corruptions
Sustainable Development Goal	'Goal 16. Peace, justice and strong institutions'
Target	16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms
Definition	Number of corruptions (Art. 229 of the Criminal Code).
Unit	[-]
Available dimensions	total
Methodological explanations	 Data on corruption (Art. 228-231, 250a, 296a and 296b of the Criminal Code) come from the National Police Headquarters and National Prosecutor's Office. In connection with the Central Anticorruption Office Law (dated 9th of June 2006) corruption consists is: promising, offering or giving by any person, directly or indirectly, of any undue advantage to a person performing a public function for itself or for any other person, in exchange for an act or omission in the performance of its functions, demanding or accepting by a person exercising a public function, either directly or indirectly, of any undue advantage for itself or for any other person, or accepting an offer or promise of such benefits, in exchange for an act or omission in the performance of its functions.
Data source	National Police Headquarters / National Prosecutor's Office
Data availability	Annual data; since 2010.
Notes	"The presented indicator (16.5.1 Number of corruptions) is a proxy indicator to the one adopted in the official list of indicators of the UN Sustainable Development Goals. The replacement of the original indicator (16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12_months) is due to the inability to obtain data for it. The proxy indicator has been selected so as to most fully reflect the essence of the observed phenomenon."

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