



Statistics for the SDGs - indicators for national priorities



| Name of the indicator | 3.2.b Number of nurses and midwives per 10 thous. population |
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| Sustainable Development Goal | Goal 3. Good health and well-being |
| Priority | Inequality reduction in access to healthcare |
| Definition | Number of nurses and midwives (working directly with a patient) per 10 thous. population. |
| Unit | persons |
| Available dimentions | total |
| Methodological explanations | A nurse - a person who has required qualifications, confirmed by appropriate documents, to perform the profession of a nurse, which consists of providing health services (in particular as regards nursing, preventive, diagnostic, medical, rehabilitative and health promotion services. (Act of 5 July 1996 on the Profession of Nurses and Midwives - consolidated text: Journal of Laws of 2009, No. 151, item 1217, with subsequent amendments). A midwife - a person who has required qualifications, confirmed by appropriate documents, to perform the profession of a midwife, which consists of providing health services (in particular as regards nursing, preventive, diagnostic, medical, rehabilitative a and health promotion services, connected with care over a woman, a pregnant woman, a childbearing woman, a woman lying-in as well as over an infant). (Act of 5 July 1996 on the Profession of Nurses and Midwives. Original text: Journal of Laws 1996 No 91, item 410 consolidated text: Journal of Laws of 2001, No. 57, item 602, with later amendments). Persons working directly with a patient - persons indicated as working in at least one of the sources: Register of Entities Performing Medical Activity, list of entities having a contract with National Health Fund, entities from the Statistical Units Base, operating according to the Polish Classification of Activity in Section Q Health and social work or active practice (individual or group). The following criteria are used in determining the main place of work for people working with a patient: • if a person works in more than one workplace, the main workplace is considered to be the one where the working time is the greatest; • another criterion for choosing the main place of work was: the basis for assessing the pension insurance contribution, and if it is impossible to use it - the basis for assessing the health insurance contribution; • if the above, successively applied criteria do not allow for an unambiguous choice, the main place of work is considered to be the one wh |
| Data source | Statistics Poland |
| Data availability | Annual data; since 2019 |
| Notes | <u> </u> |





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| Data updated on | 06-02-2024 |
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| Metadata updated on | 12-12-2022 |