# Fit Thermal Models

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# Goal

- Fit series of thermal models found in rTPC to data collected in the Derryberry lab.
- Intial analysis should be with GLM and mixture models.

# Set up

### Install libraries

```
## install packages user might not have by replacing FALSE with TRUE
if(FALSE) {
    BiocManager::install("mixOmics") ## needed by RVAideMemoire
    install.packages(c("RSQLite", "nls.multstart", "lme4", "RVAideMemoire"))
    ## Install the thermal curve package from git_hub, not cran
    remotes::install_github("padpadpadpad/rTPC")
}
## load libraries
library(stats)
require(MASS) # provides negative binomial fitting: glm.nb
## Loading required package: MASS
library(RSQLite) # Don't think we need this.
library(rTPC) ##
library(nls.multstart)
library(broom)
library(tidyverse)
```

```
v stringr 1.4.1
## v tidyr 1.2.0.9000
## v readr 2.1.2
                          v forcats 0.5.2
## -- Conflicts ------ tidyverse_conflic
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## x dplyr::select() masks MASS::select()
require(ggplot2)
require(ggpubr)
## Loading required package: ggpubr
require(viridisLite)
## Loading required package: viridisLite
#options(ggplot2.continuous.colour="viridis",
        ggplot2.discrete.colour="viridis",
#
        ggplot2.scale_fill_discrete = scale_fill_viridis_d,
        ggplot2.scale_fill_continuous = scale_fill_viridis_c)
require(GGally)
## Loading required package: GGally
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
    method from
    +.gg
         ggplot2
require(reshape2)
## Loading required package: reshape2
## Attaching package: 'reshape2'
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
      smiths
require(lme4)
## Loading required package: lme4
## Loading required package: Matrix
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
      expand, pack, unpack
```

```
require(RVAideMemoire) # provides overdisp.glmer()

## Loading required package: RVAideMemoire
## *** Package RVAideMemoire v 0.9-81-2 ***

##
## Attaching package: 'RVAideMemoire'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:lme4':
##
## dummy
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:broom':
```

#### Load Data

bootstrap

## ##

```
## Read in ZEFI Data sets
## Treat 'repeatability' as round = 0
## Add round info
## Repeatability was done between round 1 and 2, female was present, but only one temp. so treating as
git_root <- system("git rev-parse --show-toplevel", intern = TRUE)</pre>
data_raw = list()
data_raw[[1]] <- read.csv(file.path(git_root, "data", "raw_data", "HSPi-Round-1-Heat-Trials.csv")) %>% 1
    ## Note T237 and T230 are missing numbers in the song_count column
    ## so we are filtering these observations out until they are found
    filter(!is.na(song_count))
data_raw[[2]] <- read.csv(file.path(git_root, "data", "raw_data", "HSPi-Repeatability-Song-Count.csv"))
   mutate(round = 2) %>%
   group_by(male) %>%
   mutate(test_order = rank(date)) %>%
   ungroup()
data_raw[[3]] <-read.csv(file.path(git_root, "data", "raw_data", "HSPi-Round-2-Heat-Trials.csv")) %%
   mutate(round = 3) \#\%>\%
     group_by(male) %>% mutate(total_count_round_3 = sum(song_count) )
## Join data and discard empty columns
data_full <- full_join(data_raw[[1]], data_raw[[2]]) %>%
   full_join(data_raw[[3]]) %>%
   discard(~all(is.na(.) | . =="")) %>% ## get rid of columns of only NA
   mutate(trial_completed = !(is.na(song_count)) ) %>%
   mutate(song_count = ifelse(is.na(song_count), 0, song_count)) %>%
   mutate(song_count = song_count*1.0) %>% ## convert to a double so it's not treated as an integer
   mutate(chamber = as.factor(chamber), male = as.factor(male)) %>%
    ## create a global variable trial_order based on individual rounds
```

```
mutate(trial_index = as.integer(round*10+test_order)) %>%
mutate(song_count_plus_1 = (song_count + 1)) %>%
mutate(log_song_count_plus_1 = log(song_count + 1)) %>%
mutate(temp_target = as.numeric(temp_target)) %>%
## Add column with total song_count for a given round
group_by(male, round) %>% mutate(count_total_round = sum(song_count)) %>%
ungroup() %>%
mutate() ## Dummy function so we can comment out lines above it w/o any issues
```

```
## Joining, by = c("male", "chamber", "date", "song_count", "counter", "test_order", "temp_target", "ro
## Joining, by = c("male", "chamber", "date", "song_count", "counter", "test_order", "temp_target", "ro
```

# Second Analysis for Liz

### **Examine Data**

```
data_count_total <- data_full %>% group_by(round) %>%
    select(male, round, count_total_round) %>%
    distinct() %>% mutate(filtered = FALSE)

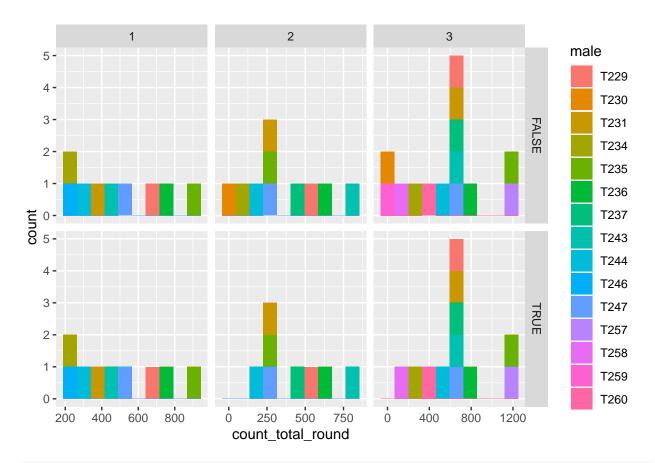
data_count_total_filter <- data_count_total %>%
    filter(count_total_round > 150) %>%
    mutate(filtered = TRUE)

data_tmp <- full_join(data_count_total, data_count_total_filter)

## Joining, by = c("male", "round", "count_total_round", "filtered")

t <- ggplot(data_tmp, aes(count_total_round, fill = male)) +
    geom_histogram(bins = 10) #+

# scale_x_log10()
hist_count_total <- t +
    facet_grid(cols =vars(round), rows = vars(filtered), scales = "free_x")
hist_count_total</pre>
```



```
data <- data_full #%>% filter(round ==3)

data %>% group_by(temp_target) %>%
    summarize(ave = mean(song_count), sd = sd(song_count), n = length(song_count), n_completed = sum(transference)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 5
     temp_target
                   ave
                          sd
                                 n n_completed
##
           <dbl> <dbl> <int>
                                          <int>
## 1
              27 124.
                       105.
                                24
                                             24
## 2
                                23
                                             23
              35 103.
                        82.4
## 3
              40 112.
                        84.6
                                53
                                             53
## 4
              42 112.
                        96.1
                                23
                                             23
## 5
              44 78.2 78.5
                                23
                                             22
```

```
## Look at occurrance of males across rounds
tmp1 <- data_full %>%
```

```
filter(round==1) %>%
pull(male) %>%
unique(); tmp1
```

```
## [1] T236 T243 T246 T247 T234 T231 T244 T235 T229
## 15 Levels: T229 T230 T231 T234 T235 T236 T237 T243 T244 T246 T247 T257 ... T260
```

```
tmp2 <- data_full %>%
    filter(round %in% c(2,3)) %>%
    pull(male) %>%
    unique(); tmp2

## [1] T247 T236 T243 T234 T244 T231 T235 T229 T237 T230 T259 T258 T257 T260

## 15 Levels: T229 T230 T231 T234 T235 T236 T237 T243 T244 T246 T247 T257 ... T260

lapply(list(tmp1, tmp2, intersect(tmp1, tmp2)), length)

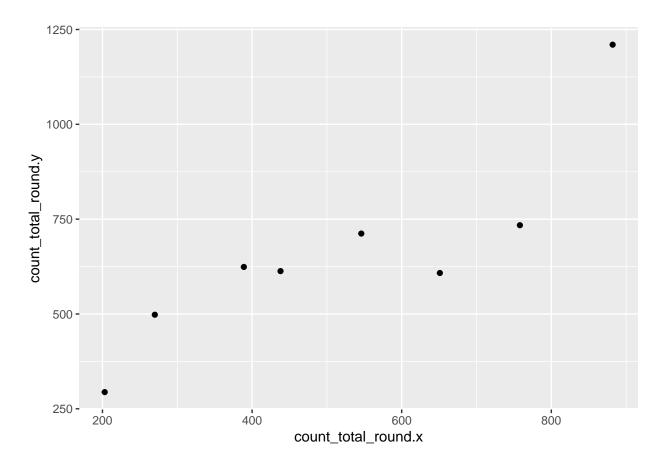
## [[1]]
## [1] 9
##
## [[2]]
## [1] 14
##
## [[3]]
## [1] 18
```

# Compare count\_total\_round between round 1 and 3

```
x <- data_count_total %>% filter(round ==1) %>% select(male, count_total_round, round)
y <- data_count_total %>% filter(round ==3) %>% select(male, count_total_round, round)

data_xy <- full_join(x = x, y = y, by = "male") %>% na.omit()

ggplot(data_xy) +
    aes(x = count_total_round.x, y = count_total_round.y) +
    geom_point()
```



### Result

- We see consistancy between count\_total\_round which is good
- Note one male has trial\_completed = FALSE and, thus, temp\_mean = NA. In future will create new column temp\_working and use temp\_target for this instance and temp\_mean for remaining ones.

### Plot Filtered Data

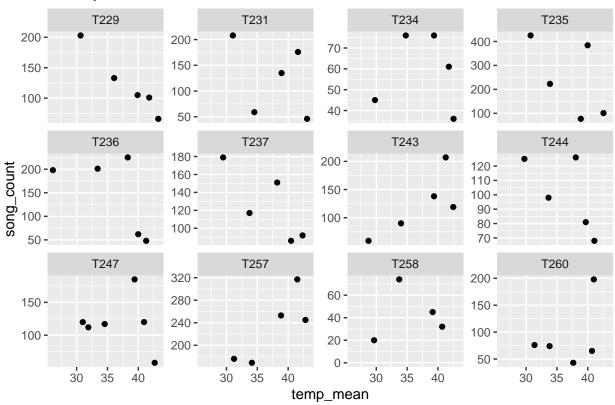
```
data <- data_full %>%
    filter(round==3) %>%
    filter(count_total_round >=100)

xlab <- "Temperature"
ylab <- "song_count"

plot_temp_data <-
    ggplot(data) +
    aes(x = temp_mean,
        y = song_count) +
    facet_wrap("male", scales = "free_y") +
    geom_point() +
    labs( title = paste( substitute(x), " vs ", substitute(y)))
last_plot()</pre>
```

## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).

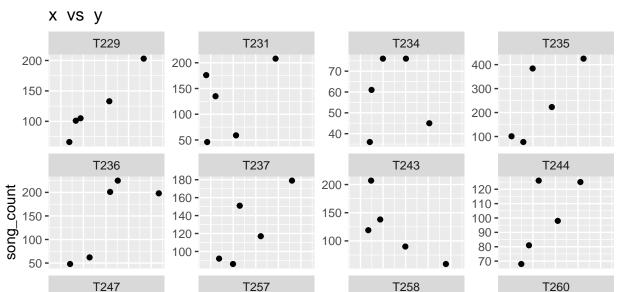
# x vs y



```
## Create again for humidity

xlab <- "humidity"
ylab <- "song_count"

plot_humidity_data <-
    ggplot(data) +
    aes(x = humidity_mean,
        y = song_count) +
    facet_wrap("male", scales = "free_y") +
    geom_point() +
    labs( title = paste( substitute(x), " vs ", substitute(y)))
last_plot()</pre>
```



60 -

40 -

20 -

humidity\_mean

20 25 30 35 40

200 -

150 -

100 -

50 -

20 25 30 35 40

# Work with mean

20 25 30 35 40

150 -

100 -

• This approach won't work because temp\_target varies greatly from temp\_mean.

20 25 30 35 40

320 -

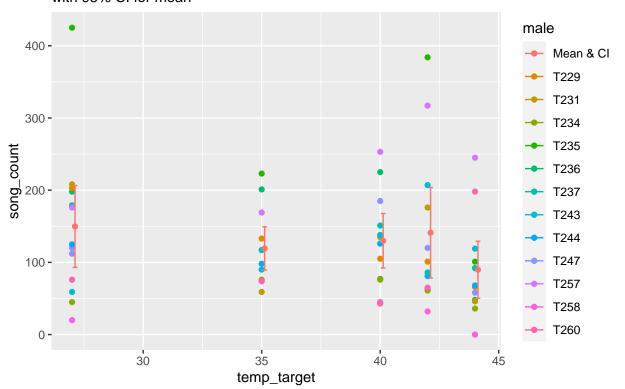
280 -

240 -

200 -

```
plot_combine <- ggplot(data) +</pre>
                  aes(x = temp_target, y = song_count, color = male) +
                  geom_point()
# last_plot()
data_summarize <-
    data %>% group_by(temp_target) %>%
    summarize(song_mean = mean(song_count),
              song_sd = sd(song_count),
              song_n= dplyr::n(),
              song_se = song_sd/sqrt(song_n),
              song_ci = song_se*1.96
plot_summarize <- ggplot(data_summarize) +</pre>
    aes(x = temp\_target, y = song\_mean) +
    geom_point()+
    geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=song_mean - song_ci, ymax=song_mean+song_ci), width=.2)
# last_plot()
plot_combine +
```

# Raw and Mean(song\_count) vs. Target Temp with 95% CI for mean



### Result

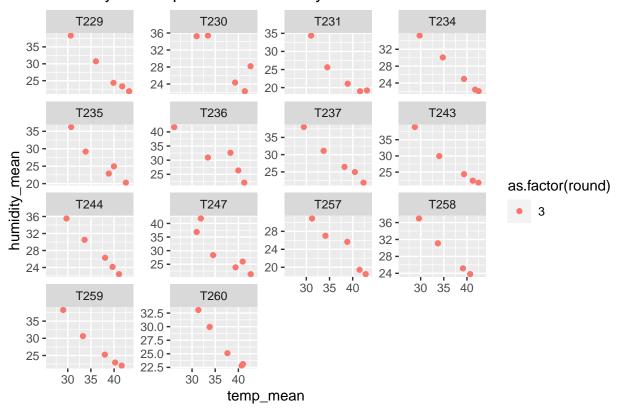
- Data is noisy.
- Note temp\_target is not necessarily accurate.

### Humidity vs. Temp

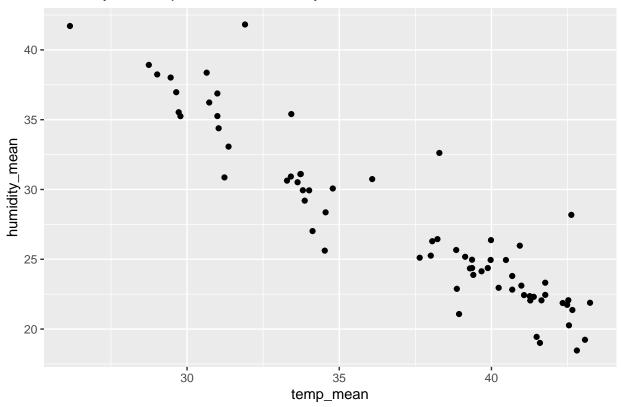
```
y = humidity_mean,
    color = as.factor(round)) +
facet_wrap("male", scales = "free_y") +
geom_jitter() +
labs( title = "Humidity vs Temperature: Data Only")
last_plot()
```

## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).

# Humidity vs Temperature: Data Only



# Humidity vs Temperature: Data Only

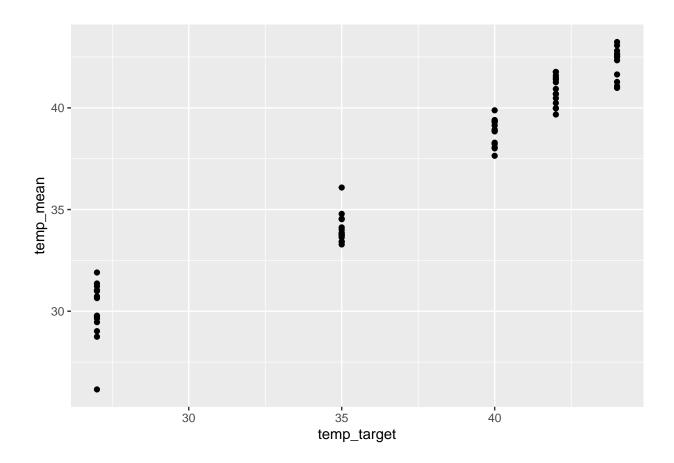


# Result

- These values clearly co-vary.
- Should consider using
  - Vapor Pressure Deficit
    - \* Uses temp to calculate max humidity and then looks at difference with relative humidity.
  - Heat Index
    - \* Adjusted for birds if available
    - \* Use just first terms ( $c_1 + c_2 T + c_3 R + c_4 T R + ...$ )

# Compare temp\_target and temp\_mean

```
p <- ggplot(data, aes(x = temp_target, y = temp_mean)) +
    geom_point()
p</pre>
```



### Result

- Lots of variation that sometimes spans between temp\_target categories.
- Clearly we want to work with temp\_mean, rather than temp\_target. As a result, only round = 3 since we don't have this data for the other rounds.

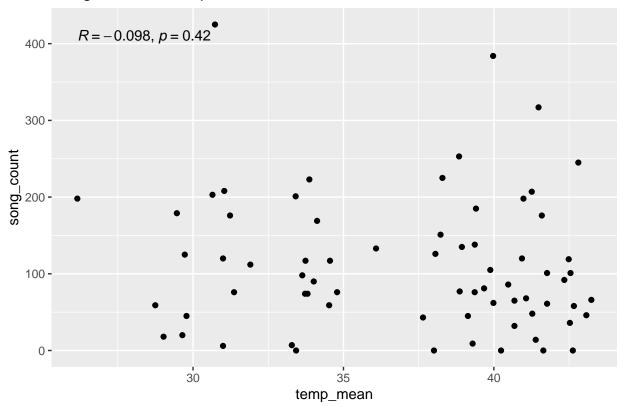
# Compare song\_count to temp\_mean and temp\_humidity

### Plot

```
p <- ggplot(data, aes(x = temp_mean, y = song_count), color = male) +
    geom_point() +
    stat_cor() +
labs(title = "Song_count vs temp_mean")
last_plot()</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (stat_cor).
```

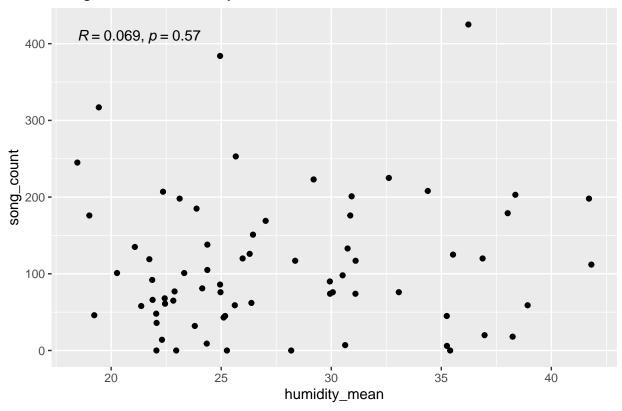
# Song\_count vs temp\_mean



```
p <- ggplot(data, aes(x = humidity_mean, y = song_count), color = male) +
    geom_point() +
    stat_cor() +
    labs(title = "Song_count vs humidity_mean")
last_plot()</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (stat_cor).
## Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

Song\_count vs humidity\_mean



knitr::knit\_exit()