

Maxwell's equations:  $\oint_C \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{\ell} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_S \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{S} \quad [emf = -\frac{d\Phi}{dt}]$ ,  $\Phi_m = \int_S \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{S}$  [Wb]

$\nabla \times \vec{E} = -\partial \vec{B} / \partial t$ $\nabla \times \vec{H} = \vec{J} + \partial \vec{D} / \partial t$ $\nabla \cdot \vec{D} = \rho$ $\nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0$	$\oint_C \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{\ell} = \left( \vec{J} + \frac{\partial \vec{D}}{\partial t} \right) \cdot d\vec{S}$ $\oint_S \vec{D} \cdot d\vec{S} = \int_{vol} \rho dV = Q$ $\oint_S \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{S} = 0$	$\vec{B} = \mu_0 (\vec{H} + \vec{M})$ , $\vec{D} = \epsilon_0 \vec{E} + \vec{P}$ Linear: $\vec{B} = \mu_0 \mu_r \vec{H}$ $\vec{D} = \epsilon_0 \epsilon_r \vec{E}$ $E [V/m]$ , $H [A/m]$ , $D [C/m^2]$ , $B [T]$ $\epsilon_0 [F/m]$ , $\mu_0 [H/m]$
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Statics:  $C = \frac{Q}{V}$  [F],  $W_e = \frac{1}{2} CV^2$  [J],  $w_e = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon E^2$  [J/m<sup>3</sup>],  $F_x = \pm \frac{dW_e}{dx} \Big|_{V=const, Q=const}$

$\vec{F}_e = Q \vec{E}$ ,  $V_{AB} = \int_A^B \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{\ell}$ ,  $\vec{F}_{12} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{r^2} \vec{u}_{r_{12}}$

DC Currents:  $\vec{J} = NQ\vec{v}$  [A/m<sup>2</sup>],  $I = \frac{dq}{dt} = \int_S \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{S}$ ,  $\oint_S \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{S} = 0$  (KCL),  $\vec{J} = \sigma \vec{E} = \frac{1}{\rho} \vec{E}$  [S/m],  $\rho [Ωm]$   
 $[W/m^3]$   $P_J = \sigma E^2 = J^2 / \rho$

Static magnetic field:  $d\vec{F}_{m12} = I_2 d\vec{\ell}_2 \times \underbrace{\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{I_1 d\vec{\ell}_1 \times \vec{u}_{r_{12}}}{r^2}}_{d\vec{B}}$ ,  $d\vec{F} = I d\vec{\ell} \times \vec{B}$   
 $\vec{F}_m = Q \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$

Induced Field:  $\vec{E}_{ind} = \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$ ,  $(\vec{F}_{tot} = Q(\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B}) = Q(\vec{E}_{stat} + \vec{E}_{ind})) \rightarrow$  Lorentz force  
 $L = \frac{\Phi}{I}$  self-ind.  $L_{12} = \frac{\Phi_{12}}{I_1} = L_{21}$  mutual inductance  
 $[H]$   $emf = -L \frac{di}{dt}$ ,  $W_m = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j,k} L_{jk} I_j I_k = \frac{1}{2} L_{11} I_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} L_{22} I_2^2 + L_{12} I_1 I_2$   
 for 2 contours

Single Contour:  $W_m = \frac{1}{2} LI^2$ ,  $w_m = \frac{1}{2} \mu H^2$ ,  $F_x = \pm \frac{dW_m}{dx} \Big|_{I=const, \Phi=const}$   
 [J] [J/m<sup>3</sup>]

Boundary conditions:  $E_{1tang} = E_{2tang}$ ,  $H_{1tang} = H_{2tang}$  [ $H_{1n} - H_{2n} = J_s$ ]  
 $D_{1norm} = D_{2norm}$ ,  $B_{1norm} = B_{2norm}$   
 $[D_{1n} - D_{2n} = \sigma]$  Also,  $I_{1n} = I_{2n}$

Transmission lines:  $V(z) = V_+ e^{-j\beta z} + V_- e^{+j\beta z}$  (for  $\cos \omega t$  time-dep.)  
 $I(z) = \frac{V_+}{Z_0} e^{-j\beta z} - \frac{V_-}{Z_0} e^{+j\beta z}$

$\beta = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = \omega \sqrt{L'C'}$ ,  $c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L'C'}}$ ,  $Z_0 = \frac{V_+}{I_-} = -\frac{V_-}{I_-} = \sqrt{\frac{L'}{C'}}$ ,  $\lambda = \frac{c}{f}$  Lossless lines

$\rho = \frac{V_-}{V_+}$ ,  $\tau = \frac{V_{load}}{V_+}$ , At load:  $\rho = \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0}$ ,  $\tau = 1 + \rho$ ,  $VSWR = \frac{1+|\rho|}{1-|\rho|}$

$Z_{in}(z) = Z_0 \frac{Z_L \cos \beta l + j Z_0 \sin \beta l}{Z_0 \cos \beta l + j Z_L \sin \beta l}$ ,  $Z_{in}(l = \frac{\lambda}{4}) = \frac{Z_0^2}{Z_L}$   
 at  $l = z$  away from load

Lossy lines:  $Z_0 = \sqrt{\frac{R' + j\omega L'}{G' + j\omega C'}}$ ,  $\gamma = \alpha + j\beta = \sqrt{(R' + j\omega L')(G' + j\omega C')}$ ,  $P(z) = P(0) e^{-2\alpha z}$   
 $\alpha [Np, dB]$

Transmission line (1-D) wave equation:  $\frac{\partial^2 V(z,t)}{\partial z^2} - L'C' \frac{\partial^2 V(z,t)}{\partial t^2} = 0$   $\left| \frac{d^2 V}{dz^2} + \omega^2 L'C' V = 0 \right.$   
Plane waves in 3-D:  $\nabla^2 \vec{E} - \mu\epsilon \frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial t^2} = 0$   $\left| \nabla^2 \vec{E} + \omega^2 \mu\epsilon \vec{E} = 0 \right.$  Helmholtz  
 $\cos \omega t \Rightarrow$

Plane waves:  $\vec{E} \perp \vec{H}$ , both functions of  $z, t$ .

$c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon\mu}}$ ,  $\eta = Z = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}}$ ,  $\frac{E_x}{H_y} = \eta$ ,  $\vec{E} \times \vec{H} = \vec{P}$  Pointing vector  
 $\left[ \frac{W}{m^2} \right]$   $\rightarrow$  direction and power flow

$\rho = \frac{\eta_2 - \eta_1}{\eta_2 + \eta_1}$ ,  $\tau = 1 + \rho$ , Snell:  $\frac{\sin \theta_1}{\sin \theta_2} = \frac{c_1}{c_2} = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_2}{\epsilon_1}}$

Waveguides (TE modes)  $\beta_{TE} = \omega \sqrt{\epsilon\mu} \sqrt{1 - \frac{f_c^2}{f^2}}$ ,  $f_c = \frac{c}{2} \sqrt{\left(\frac{m}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n}{b}\right)^2}$ ,  $f_{c_{TE10}} = \frac{c}{2a}$

$Z_{TE10} = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - f_c^2/f^2}} > \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r}}$

Antennas:  $D = \frac{S(\theta, \phi)}{S_i}$ ,  $S_i = \frac{P_{Tr}}{4\pi r^2}$ ,  $A_{eff} = \frac{P_{rec}}{S_{rec}(\theta, \phi)}$ ,  $P_{rec} = P_{Tr} \frac{G_T A_R}{4\pi r^2}$

$\frac{D}{A} = \frac{4\pi}{\lambda^2}$

Skin depth:  $\delta = 1/\sqrt{\pi f \sigma \mu}$

Constants:  $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \cdot 10^{-12} \frac{F}{m}$ ,  $\mu_0 = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{H}{m}$ ,  $\eta_0 = 120\pi \Omega \approx 377\Omega$   
 $c_0 = 3 \cdot 10^8 \frac{m}{s}$ ,  $\epsilon_e = \epsilon = 1.6 \cdot 10^{-19} C$