map

```
map和切片结合
元素为map的切片
值为切片类型的map
```

Go语言中提供映射关系的容器为map,内部使用哈希表实现

```
1 var al map[string]int
2 = a1 = make(map[string]int, 10) //要估算好map容量, 避免动态扩容
3 a1["理想"] = 9000
4 a1["李静"] = 35
    fmt.Println(a1)
6 fmt.Println(a1["理想"])
       //map的遍历
8 for k, v := range a1 {
        fmt.Println(k, v)
10
11
    //删除键值对
12
    delete(a1, "李静")
        for k, v := range a1 { \cdots }
13
```

map和切片结合

元素为map的切片

```
    /元素类型为map的切片
    var s1 = make([]map[int]string, 10, 10)
    for i := 0; i < len(s1); i++ {
        s1[i] = make(map[int]string)
    }
    s1[0][100] = "王文宇"
    fmt.Println(s1[0][100])
</pre>
```

值为切片类型的map

```
1  //值为切片类型的map
2  var m1 = make(map[string][]int, 10)
3  m1["北京"] = []int{100, 200, 300}
4  fmt.Println(m1)
```