## Assignment1

## Kolli Ravi EE20MTECH11017

Abstract—This document illustrates the distance of the point from the point of intersection of the line and the plain.

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/KOLLI11017/ ASSIGNMENT-1/tree/master

## 1 Problem

Find  $\theta$  and P if  $(\sqrt{3} \ 1)x = -2$  is equivalent to  $(\cos \theta \ \sin \theta)x = p$ ?

## 2 Solution

The given equation of line is,

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = c \tag{2.0.1}$$

where  $\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and c = -2Now obtain a new equation,

$$\frac{\mathbf{n}}{\|\mathbf{n}\|}\mathbf{x} = \frac{c}{\|\mathbf{n}\|};\tag{2.0.2}$$

where  $\|\mathbf{n}\|$  is the norm of the  $\mathbf{n} \implies$ 

$$\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} = P \tag{2.0.3}$$

where 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $P = \frac{c}{\|\mathbf{n}\|}$ 

Substituting the values of **n** and c, we get

$$||\mathbf{n}|| = 2 \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$(\sqrt{3}/2 \quad 1/2)\mathbf{x} = -1 \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$(-\sqrt{3}/2 - 1/2)\mathbf{x} = 1$$
 (2.0.6)

From (2.0.3) and (2.0.6). we derive,

$$\cos \theta = -\sqrt{3}/2$$
;  $\sin \theta = -1/2$  (2.0.7)

$$P = 1$$
 (2.0.8)

$$\therefore \theta = \cos^{-1}(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}) = \sin^{-1}(\frac{-1}{2}) = 210 , P = 1$$
(2.0.9)