



C16-EC/CHPC/PET-101

6027

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16)
SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER - 2020
FIRST YEAR (COMMON) EXAMINATION

ENGLISH

Time : 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A

$3 \times 10 = 30$

- Instructions :** (1) Answer **all** questions.
(2) Each question carries **three** marks.
(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed **five** simple sentences.
1. Write any three advantages of learning English language.
2. Change the following sentences as directed :
(a) Cancel my bus ticket. (Request)
(b) Wear helmet when riding a motorcycle. (Obligation)
(c) Attend my marriage. (Invitation)
3. Give directions to your friend in four sentences to reach your college from the railway station.

- 4.** Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions :
- I was born ____ the month of July.
 - The city of Vijayawada is just ____ the Krishna river.
 - Don't disturb, I am listening ____ an important news.
- 5.** Fill in the blanks with suitable verb form using the base form given in the brackets :
- Ravi ____ English newspaper everyday. (Read)
 - I ____ SSC Exam last year. (Pass)
 - We ____ to Chennai next week. (Go)
- 6.** Change the voice of the following sentences :
- The television is repaired by him.
 - He built two houses.
 - She is writing a letter.
- 7.** Write a sentence (one each) in the following pattern :
- S + V
 - S + V + O
 - S + V + SC
- 8.** You went to buy a laptop in a shop. Frame any three questions that you would like to ask the shopkeeper.
- 9.** Change the speech of the following :
- The teacher says, "The earth revolves around the sun".
 - She said that she could play chess.
- 10.** Correct the following sentences :
- I read English newspaper beside Telugu newspaper.
 - We are going to our polytechnic daily to attend the classes.
 - She is my cousin sister.

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PART—B

10×5=50

- Instructions :** (1) Answer **five** questions.
(2) Question No. **18** is compulsory.
(3) Each question carries **ten** marks.
(4) Answers should be comprehensive and the criteria for valuation are the content but not the length of the answer.

- 11.** Fill in the blanks with suitable words given from the list in the brackets :

(fright, tangible, restricted, amongst, intuition, comprehend, would not be, interestingly, attitude, myth)

It is a well-established _____ that some people have ‘mathematical mind’ while others do not. _____, the myth is _____ to mathematics; you never hear, for example, that someone with a historical mind. It is a general belief _____ us that if we do not learn something it is because we cannot. In fact mathematical ideas that are difficult at an early age are much easier to _____ a few years later, if we give them another try. Another handicap (followed/shown/borne) by the math anxious seems to be a distrust of their own _____. An immediate right formula or give up the problem is the real action on the part of a mathematician. Mathematicians trust their intuition in solving problems and they _____ able to function without it. Another _____ distinction between the mathematics anxious and people who are not good at figures is a difference in attitude. So the persons with guessing and estimating _____ and having intuitive thinking should be encouraged and rewarded in the class. This helps in learning word problems, coping with equations and confronting theorems and thereby overpowering the mythical _____ of mathematics.

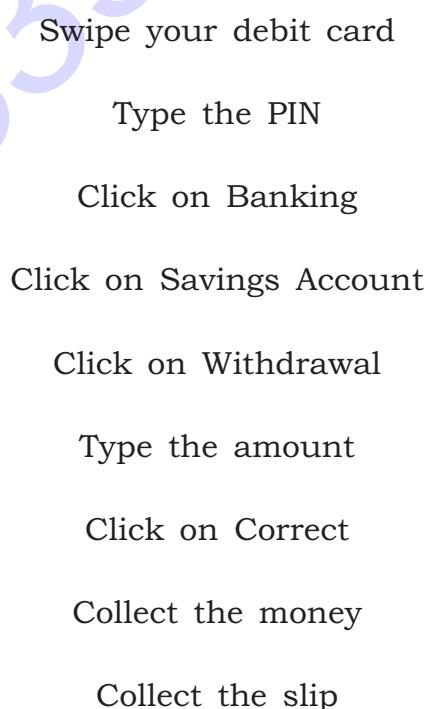
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- 12.** Write a list of instructions on how to open a bank account.

- 13.** (a) Make three 'Wh' questions and two 'Yes' or 'No' questions from the following passage :

C. V. Raman was born on February, 28, 1888 at Tiruchirapalli in Tamil Nadu. His father was a college Physics teacher. He was a brilliant student from the very start. When Raman passed his matriculation, his parents were keen to send him abroad for higher studies. But on medical grounds, Raman stayed in the country to do the M.A. course at Presidency College in Chennai.

- (b) Correct the following sentences :
- (i) They did not attended the party.
 - (ii) He has posted the letter yesterday.
 - (iii) She is sitting among two friends.
 - (iv) My uncle has three son-in-laws.
 - (v) We are studying in this polytechnic since 2016.
- 14.** Write a paragraph describing Annual Day celebrations in your polytechnic.
- 15.** Write a paragraph by interpreting the following flowchart on withdrawing money from an ATM :



- 16.** Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper on the irregular supply of drinking water in your town.
- 17.** Read the following passage and make a summary of it :

Online education is fast becoming a major preferred mode of education among students. Enrolling in regular courses is increasingly getting highly competitive in India : so online education has provided a wonderful alternative and several students opt for it. As the term itself suggests, online education means web based learning, but there is no universally accepted definition. So, the methods used for implementing online education may differ from institute to institute. Some online courses may require students and teachers to meet from time to time for physical lectures or to conduct laboratory experiments while some may not require this. This can vary depending on the course which one opts to take up.

There are various benefits of opting for an online study course. Students will not have to make any alteration in their present daily routine. In fact an additional degree might actually help the student in improving career prospects. By sitting in the comfort of their homes or any other place in the world, one can obtain degrees from many renowned universities across the world. Students will not have to travel anywhere to get the degree and can thus save huge amounts on boarding and lodging. Though online education is yet to pick up in India as compared to other countries of the world, the prospect in this field is huge. E-learning scope in India is immense. There are several universities and other educational institutes that offer online education facilities to their students.

- 18.** Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow :

Professor Amartya Sen is a noted economist-philosopher. He was the first Asian economist to get the coveted Nobel Prize in 1998 for Economic Science which was instituted by the Bank of Sweden in the memory of Alfred Nobel. The prize was in recognition of Sen's contribution to the study of famines. Sen was born in Shantiniketan in 1933. He was named 'Amartya'—'The one who deserves immortality' by Rabindranath Tagore. The poet had told Amartya's parents, "I can see the boy will grow into an outstanding person".

* As a school boy Amartya had dreamt of different professions : first Sanskrit scholar like his grandfather, then a Physicist, later a Mathematician. However, when he joined Calcutta's Presidency College, he studied economics. As a boy of ten, he had witnessed the horrors of Bengal famine of 1943. More than five million people had died. He had seen people dying in front of his house. It made him think about the cause of famine. "When I took on the famine work in a formal way thirty years later, I was still haunted by the memories of the period", he said.

- (a) Who is Amartya Sen?
- (b) What did Amartya Sen get in 1998?
- (c) Who instituted the Nobel Prize?
- (d) Where and when was Amartya Sen born?
- (e) Pick the word from the passage that would mean—
‘extreme scarcity of food’.

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