

Welcome To ...

PATTERN RECOGNITION

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What is Learning?

Using **Experience** to gain **Expertise** (专门知识或技能)



What The Course Is About (1)



Machine Learning is concerned with

- a large set of input vectors x_1, \dots, x_N , or a training set is used to tune the parameters of an adaptive model.
- The category of an input vector is expressed using a target vector t .
- The result of a machine learning algorithm: $y(x)$ where the output y is encoded as the target vectors.

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What The Course Is About (2)

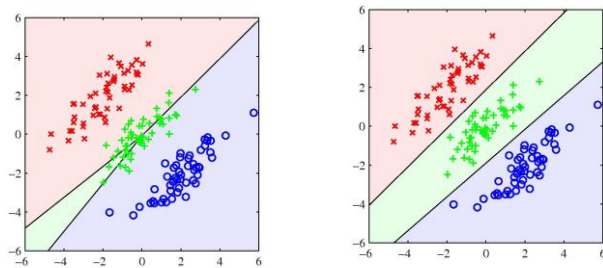


Pattern recognition is concerned with

- The automatic discovery of regularities in data
- Through the use of computer algorithms and with the use of these regularities to take actions
 - classifying the data into different categories.
- Example: handwritten recognition. Input: a vector x of pixel values. Output: A digit from 0 to 9.

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Example of a synthetic data set

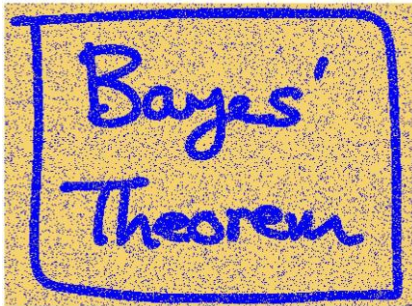


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Illustration: Image De-Noising (1)



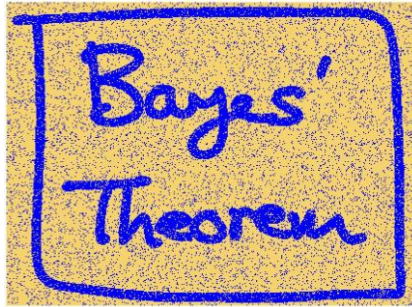
Original Image



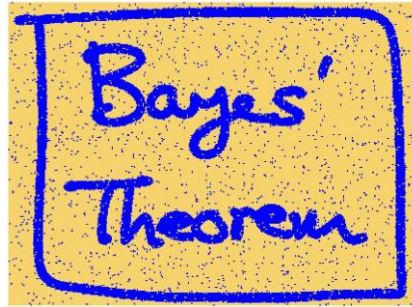
Noisy Image

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Illustration: Image De-Noising (2)



Noisy Image



Restored Image (ICM)

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Why do we need Machine Learning

- Tasks that are too complex to program!
 - **Computer vision**: we know to detect objects but have no idea how we do it!
 - **Search engines**: a human can't read the entire internet!
- Adaptivity and speed of development

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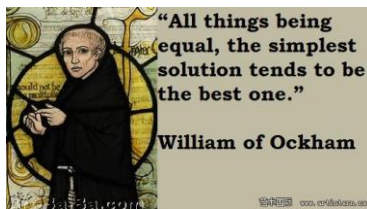
Occam's Razor

“A short explanation tends to be more valid than a long explanation”

若无必要 勿增实体



William of Ockham,
a 14th-century English logician



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No Free Lunch



No learning is possible without
some prior knowledge

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Vapnik's Principle



“When solving a problem of interest,
do not solve a more general
problem as an intermediate step”

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Many applications

- **AI**: Object recognition, face detection, autonomous driving, text categorization, speech-to-text, voice recognition, ...!
- **Science**: Gene expression, drug design, medical imaging, climate, astronomy, ...!
- **Web applications**: Search engines, spam detection, machine translation ...!
- **Economy**: E-commerce, trades, ...

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Example

**You've just
arrived in
some small
pacific island**



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Example

**You soon find that
papayas are a
significant ingredient
in the local diet**



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Example

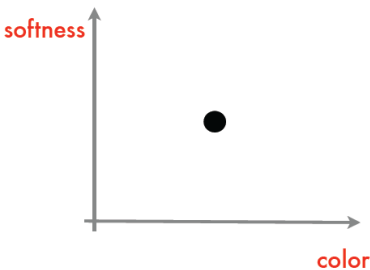


How can you know if a papaya is tasty?

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Example

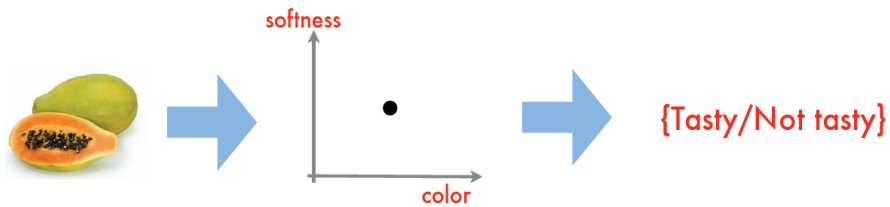
Based on previous experience with other fruits, you decide to use two features:



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Example

Your goal is to find a prediction rule:



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Semester Schedule

Week1~Week19: Lectures

Tuesday 16:20pm-18:00pm, 1~19周

Thursday 16:20pm-18:00pm, 11~19周

Location: B205/ B103

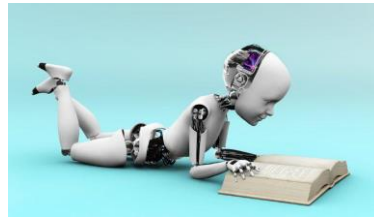
Course material:

- <ftp://222.200.180.156/方老师/PatternRecognition2019>
- User name: student
- password: 2019s

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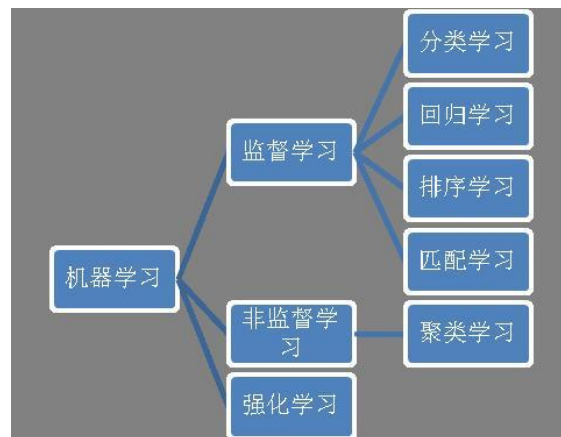
课程内容

- 贝叶斯决策论
- 参数估计和非参数估计
- 线性判别函数
- 深度神经网络
- 独立于算法的机器学习
- 聚类算法

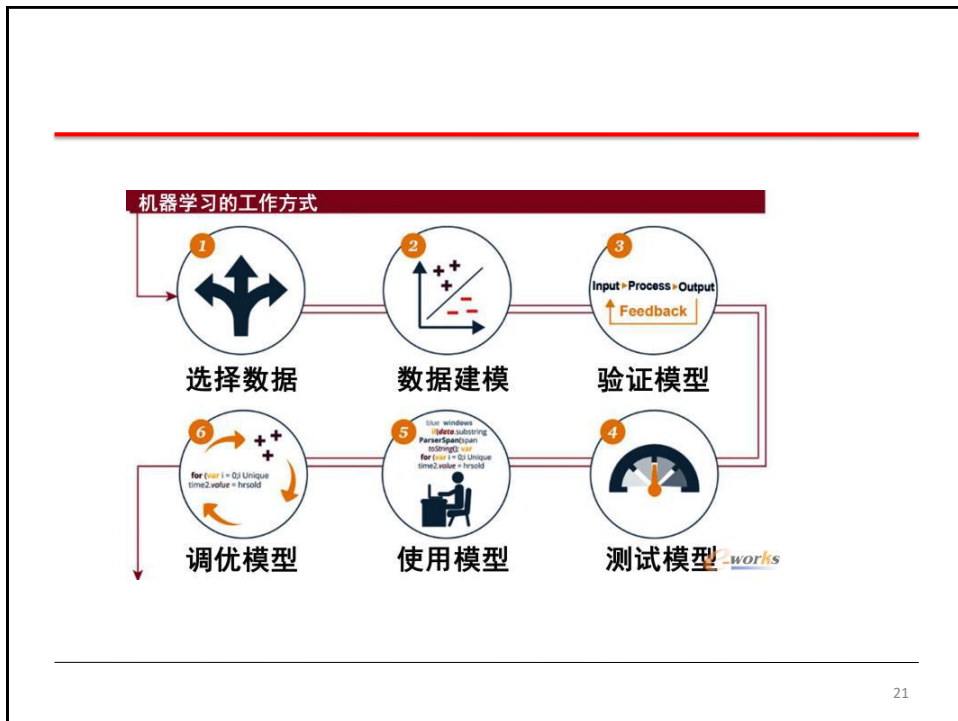


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Machine Learning

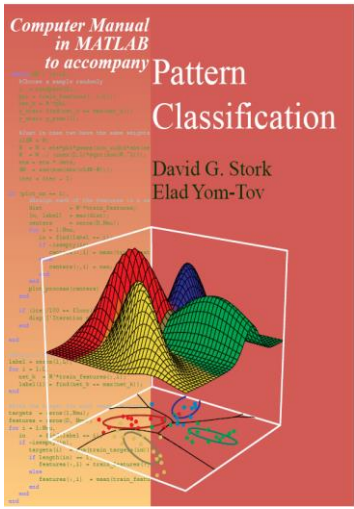
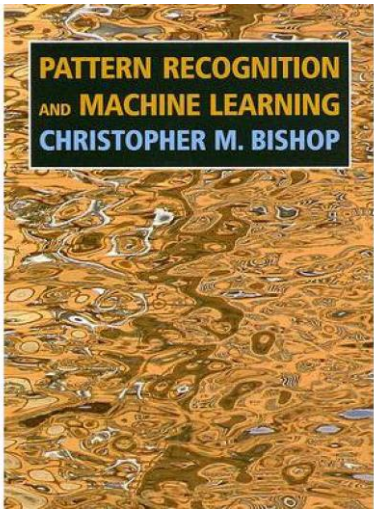
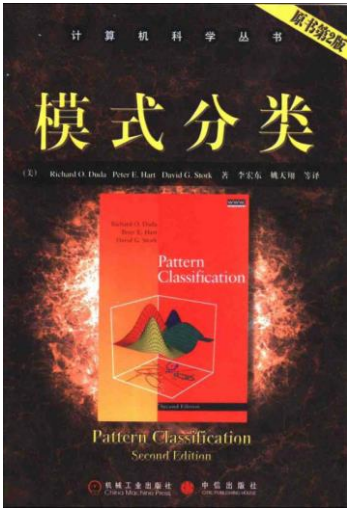
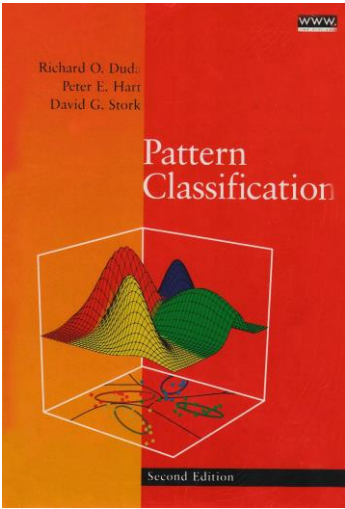


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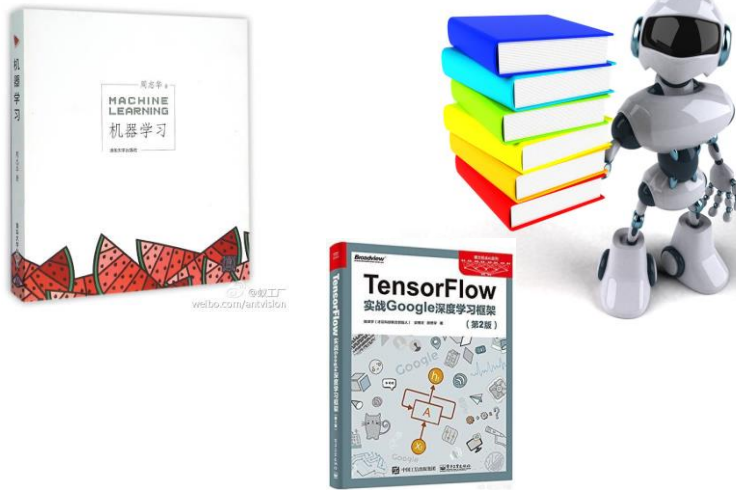


教材:

- **Pattern Classification, R. O. Duda, P. E. Hart, D. G. Stock, second edition, 2000;**
- **《模式分类》，R. O. Duda, P. E. Hart, D. G. Stock著，李宏东 姚天翔译，机械工业出版社，2003;**
- *Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning*, Christopher M. Bishop, Springer Science&Business Media, LLC, 2006.



Many books



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成绩评定

•课程要求与成绩评定:

平时成绩: 出勤、课后作业 **20%**;
编程作业: **20%**;
期末闭卷考试: **60%**。

总评成绩: 平时成绩**40%+**期末成绩**60%**

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