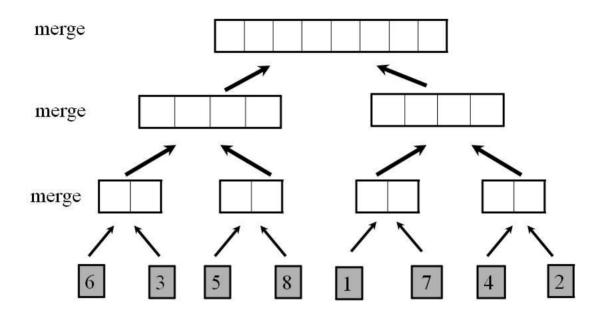
## Review 2

1. Fill in the blanks when the numbers are sorted by merge sort in non-decreasing order.



2. Fill in the blanks with proper asymptotic running times. Assume that p = 1, r = n.

MERGE-SORT( $A, p, r$ )	running time
if $p < r$	
then $q = \lfloor (p+r)/2 \rfloor$	
MERGE-SORT( $A, p, q$ )	
MERGE-SORT( $A$ , $q+1$ , $r$ )	
MERGE(A, p, q, r)	

3. Solve the recurrence of merge sort by using a recursion tree.

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} \theta(1) & \text{if } n = 1\\ 2T(n/2) + \theta(n) & \text{if } n > 1 \end{cases}$$

**4.** What is the number of multiplications to evaluate the following cubic polynomial f(x) when x = 3 if the Horner's rule is used?

$$f(x) = 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 5x + 2$$

**5.** Fill in the blank entries when the numbers are sorted by selection sort in non-decreasing order.

7	4	3	6	8	1	2
1	4	3	6	8	7	2
1	2	3	6	8	7	4