```
16. dayStr = "Sunday";
17. else dayStr="Invalid Day";
18.
19. System.out.println(dayStr);
```

T5

Given that the following expression evaluates to "h":

```
"H".toLowerCase()
```

Can you improve the existing selection structure's code to correct its behaviour for **Test Case 3**?

Do not use equalsIgnoreCase().

Test the results of your modification.

Week 6 Lab Tasks

Click HERE to download the lab application shell

L1 (0.7 marks)

Code this task inside lab1() method.

For this task, you are required to do the following:

- 1. declare three integer local variables
- 2. initialize the three variables with three random values in range 0..100
- 3. print out to the console the second largest value of the three variables. **You should use** selection structures ONLY for this task.

Support

• How to get a random value in Java?

Expected output

```
    For values 22, 40, 83, the second max is 40
    For values 76, 95, 74, the second max is 76
```

L2 (1.3 marks)

Code this task inside lab2() method.

For this task, you are required to do the following:

- 1. declare a String local variable that starts with two or three letters represent an Australian state or territory followed by a number that represents suburb postcode. For example, 'VIC3150', 'NT0800','qld4660'.
 - a. the state/territory code can be a mixture of upper and lower cases
- 2. extract the state or territory code in a string variable
- 3. extract the suburb postcode in an integer variable
- 4. using the switch case control structure, find the capital city of the state/territory
 - a. your switch case must consider invalid codes
- 5. print out to the console the capital city and whether the suburb postcode is an even or odd number as shown in the examples below
 - a. if the state/territory code is invalid, then print 'Unknown state or territory'

Examples:

String input="vic3150"

your output: Your capital city is Melbourne and you live in a suburb with an even number of postcode

String input="ABC5698"

your output: Unknown state or territory

String input="ACT1972"

your output: Your capital city is Canberra and you live in a suburb with an even number of postcode

Support

- String subString() method
- String charAt() method
- String toUpperCase() method and String toLowerCase() method
- Convert String to integer in Java



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