

Shiny

Data Products

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What is Shiny?

- Shiny is a platform for creating interactive R programs embedded into a web page.
- Suppose that you create a prediction algorithm, with shiny you can very easily create web input form that calls R and thus your prediction algorithm and displays the results.
- Using Shiny, the time to create simple, yet powerful, web-based interactive data products in R is minimized.
 - However, it lacks the flexibility of full featured (and more complex) solutions.
- Shiny is made by the fine folks at R Studio.

Some mild prerequisites

- Shiny doesn't really require it, but as with all web programming, a little knowledge of html, css and js is very helpful
 - html gives a web page structure and sectioning as well as markup instructions
 - css gives the style
 - js for interactivity
- There are too many tutorials online to count for getting basic proficiency in these topics to count.
- Shiny uses bootstrap (no relation to the statistics bootstrap) style, which (to me) seems to look nice and renders well on mobile platforms

What else is out there?

- Creating any solution requiring fairly deep knowledge of web client/server programming
- OpenCPU by Jerome Ooms, is a really neat project providing an API for calling R from web documents
 - And he even hosts an OpenCPU server, but you can create your own

Context

- You created a novel prediction algorithm to predict risk for developing diabetes.
 - You're hoping patients and caregivers will be able to enter their data and, if needed, take preventative measures.
- You want to create a web site so that users can input the relevant predictors and obtain their prediction.
- Your prediction algorithm (ok, so you're not going to be saving the world with this one)
 - link for a real prediction score

diabetesRisk <- function(glucose) glucose/200</pre>

Getting started

- Make sure you have the latest release of R installed
- If on windows, make sure that you have Rtools installed
- install.packages("shiny")
- libray(shiny)
- Great tutorial at http://rstudio.github.io/shiny/tutorial/
- Basically, this lecture is walking through that tutorial offering some of our insights
- Note, some of the proposed interactive plotting uses of Shiny could be handled by the very simple manipulate function rstudio manipulate
- Also, rCharts is will be covered in a different lecture.

A Shiny project

- A shiny project is a directory containing at least two parts
 - One named ui.R (for user interface) controls how it looks.
 - One named server.R that controls what it does.

ui.R

```
library(shiny)
shinyUI(pageWithSidebar(
  headerPanel("Data science FTW!"),
  sidebarPanel(
    h3('Sidebar text')
  ),
  mainPanel(
    h3('Main Panel text')
  )
))
```

server.r

```
library(shiny)
shinyServer(
  function(input, output) {
  }
)
```

To run it

- In R, change to the directories with these files and type runApp()
- or put the path to the directory as an argument
- · It should open an browser window with the app running

Hello Shiny!

Sidebar text

Main Panel text

R functions for HTML markup

ui.R

```
shinyUI(pageWithSidebar(
 headerPanel("Illustrating markup"),
 sidebarPanel(
     h1('Sidebar panel'),
     h1('H1 text'),
     h2('H2 Text'),
     h3('H3 Text'),
     h4('H4 Text')
 ),
 mainPanel(
     h3('Main Panel text'),
     code('some code'),
     p('some ordinary text')
))
```

Illustrating markup

Sidebar panel

H1 text

H2 Text

H₃ Text

H4 Text

Main Panel text

some code some ordinary text

Illustrating inputs ui.R

Illustrating inputs



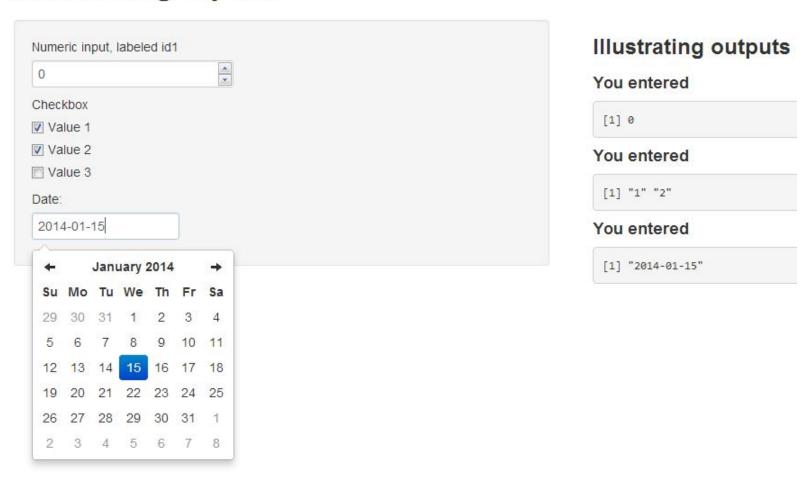
Part of ui.R

```
mainPanel(
    h3('Illustrating outputs'),
    h4('You entered'),
    verbatimTextOutput("oid1"),
    h4('You entered'),
    verbatimTextOutput("oid2"),
    h4('You entered'),
    verbatimTextOutput("odate")
)
```

server.R

```
shinyServer(
  function(input, output) {
    output$oid1 <- renderPrint({input$id1})
    output$oid2 <- renderPrint({input$id2})
    output$odate <- renderPrint({input$date})
}
</pre>
```

Illustrating inputs



Let's build our prediction function

```
shinyUI(
 pageWithSidebar(
   # Application title
   headerPanel("Diabetes prediction"),
   sidebarPanel(
     numericInput('glucose', 'Glucose mg/dl', 90, min = 50, max = 200, step = 5),
     submitButton('Submit')
    ),
   mainPanel(
       h3('Results of prediction'),
       h4('You entered'),
       verbatimTextOutput("inputValue"),
       h4('Which resulted in a prediction of '),
        verbatimTextOutput("prediction")
```

server.R

```
diabetesRisk <- function(glucose) glucose / 200

shinyServer(
  function(input, output) {
    output$inputValue <- renderPrint({input$glucose})
    output$prediction <- renderPrint({diabetesRisk(input$glucose)})
  }
}</pre>
```

The result

Diabetes prediction



Results of prediction You entered [1] 120 Which resulted in a prediction of

[1] 0.6

Image example

- · Let's build an example with an image
- How about we create a histogram of data
- Put a slider on so that the user has to guess the mean

ui.R

```
shinyUI(pageWithSidebar(
  headerPanel("Example plot"),
  sidebarPanel(
    sliderInput('mu', 'Guess at the mean',value = 70, min = 62, max = 74, step = 0.05,)
  ),
  mainPanel(
    plotOutput('newHist')
  )
))
```

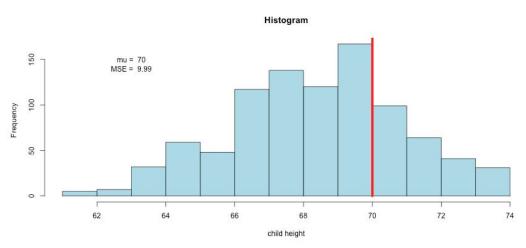
server.R

```
library(UsingR)
data(galton)
shinyServer(
  function(input, output) {
    output$newHist <- renderPlot({</pre>
      hist(galton$child, xlab='child height', col='lightblue',main='Histogram')
      mu <- input$mu
      lines(c(mu, mu), c(0, 200),col="red",lwd=5)
      mse <- mean((galton$child - mu)^2)</pre>
      text(63, 150, paste("mu = ", mu))
      text(63, 140, paste("MSE = ", round(mse, 2)))
      })
```

The output

Example plot





Tighter control over style

- All of the style elements are handled through ui.R
- Instead, you can create a www directory and then an index.html file in that directory
 - This link goes through the html needed
 - You just have to have specific js libraries and appropriately name ids and classes. This is beyond the scope of this class
 - For students with a lot of experience in html, js, css it would be a breeze and probably easier and more flexible than the R html controls in ui.R

Other things Shiny can do

- Allow users to upload or download files
- Have tabbed main panels
- Have editable data tables
- Have a dynamic UI
- User defined inputs and outputs
- Put a submit button so that Shiny only executes complex code after user hits submit

Distributing a Shiny app

- The quickest way is to send (or put on github or gist or dropbox or whatever) someone the app directory and they can then call runApp
- You could create an R package and create a wrapper that calls runApp
 - Of course, these solutions only work if the user knows R
- Another option is to run a shiny server
 - Requires setting up a (Shiny server)[http://www.rstudio.com/shiny/server/]
 - Probably easiest if you use one of the virtual machines where they already have Shiny servers running well (for example, on AWS)
 - Setting up a Shiny server is beyond the scope of this class as it involves some amount of linux server administration
 - Groups are creating a Shiny hosting services that will presumably eventually be a fee for service or freemium service
 - BTW, don't put system calls in your code (this is one of the first things many of us do for fun, but it introduces security concerns)