Table Definitions Document

1. USERS Table

- **Purpose**: Manages customer records and core user profiles (name, contact details, creation date).
- Primary Key: user_id
- Foreign Keys: None
- Relationships:
 - One-to-Many with ACCOUNTS (a user can own multiple accounts).
 - One-to-Many with LOANS, INSURANCE_POLICIES, INVESTMENTS, and TAX_RECORDS (a user can hold multiple financial products).

General Structure:

Contains user identification details (e.g., name, email) and timestamps. Acts as a central reference for linking all financial products back to the customer.

2. ACCOUNTS Table

- **Purpose**: Represents deposit accounts (checking, savings, money market, etc.) owned by users.
- Primary Key: account_id
- Foreign Key: user_id → USERS.
- Relationships:
 - One-to-Many with CARDS (an account can have multiple credit/debit cards).
 - One-to-Many with **TRANSACTIONS** (each transaction often references a deposit account).

• General Structure:

Table Definitions Document

Tracks account type, balance, status, and the date opened. Balances are updated by relevant **TRANSACTIONS**.

3. CARDS Table

- Purpose: Stores credit or debit card data linked to a deposit or credit account.
- Primary Key: card_id
- Foreign Key: account_id → ACCOUNTS
- Relationships:
 - One-to-Many with **TRANSACTIONS** (if this card is used for purchases or payments).

General Structure:

Contains card number (typically encrypted), type (credit or debit), expiration, and card status.

4. LOANS Table

- Purpose: Captures information about loans (personal, auto, mortgage, etc.)
 extended to users.
- Primary Key: loan_id
- Foreign Key: user_id → USERS
- Relationships:
 - One-to-Many with **TRANSACTIONS** (loan payments or disbursements can appear in transactions).

General Structure:

Stores details such as the principal, remaining balance, interest rate, and status (current, delinquent, etc.).

5. INSURANCE_POLICIES Table

Table Definitions Document 2

- Purpose: Records various insurance policies (life, auto, health, etc.) held by users.
- Primary Key: policy_id
- Foreign Key: user_id → USERS
- Relationships:
 - Typically independent but references USERS. May optionally relate to TRANSACTIONS if premium payments are tracked.

• General Structure:

Includes policy type, coverage amount, monthly premium, dates (start/end), and policy status.

6. INVESTMENTS Table

- **Purpose**: Represents user-owned investment or portfolio accounts (brokerage, IRA, 401K, etc.).
- Primary Key: investment_id
- Foreign Key: user_id → USERS
- Relationships:
 - Typically independent but can be linked to TRANSACTIONS if buy/sell orders or distributions are recorded.

General Structure:

Holds the type of investment account, current portfolio value, and key dates (date opened, last updated).

7. TAX_RECORDS Table

- Purpose: Maintains tax-related information for each user, such as forms (W2, 1099) and amounts withheld.
- Primary Key: tax_record_id
- Foreign Key: user_id → USERS

Relationships:

 Typically independent but may combine data from ACCOUNTS or LOANS for interest reporting.

• General Structure:

Includes the tax year, form type, relevant financial data (gross income, withheld), and filing date.

8. TRANSACTIONS Table

- Purpose: Logs monetary movements across deposit accounts, card purchases, or loan payments.
- Primary Key: transaction_id
- Foreign Keys:
 - related_account_id → ACCOUNTS
 - loan_id → LOANS (if this transaction is a loan payment)
 - card_id → CARDS (if this transaction is a card transaction)

· Relationships:

 Many-to-One with ACCOUNTS, LOANS, and CARDS (each transaction ties to one or more of these).

General Structure:

Captures transaction type (deposit, withdrawal, payment, purchase), amount, date, description, and status.

9. AUDIT_LOGS Table (Optional)

- **Purpose**: Records database operations (INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, SELECT) for compliance and auditing.
- Primary Key: audit_id
- Foreign Key (typical usage): performed_by → USERS (or system account)
- Relationships:

• Indirectly references all tables by logging table_name and the primary key of the affected row.

• General Structure:

Documents each DML or read operation, storing the table name, operation type, date/time, and user/system performing it.

Overview of Relationships

- **USERS** is the parent table for most other entities (e.g., ACCOUNTS, LOANS, INSURANCE_POLICIES, INVESTMENTS, TAX_RECORDS).
- ACCOUNTS ties to CARDS and TRANSACTIONS.
- LOANS and CARDS optionally link into TRANSACTIONS for financial events.
- AUDIT_LOGS is a meta-table that can reference any row's changes for compliance.

Table Definitions Document 5

Capstone Project

Data Dictionary

1. USERS Table

Column	Data Type	Constraints	Description
user_id	INT	PK (AUTO_INCREMENT), NOT NULL	Unique primary key for the user.
first_name	VARCHAR(50)	NOT NULL	Customer's first name.
last_name	VARCHAR(50)	NOT NULL	Customer's last name.
email	VARCHAR(100)	UNIQUE, NOT NULL	User's unique email address.
phone_number	VARCHAR(20)	NULLABLE	Contact phone number.
date_created	DATETIME	DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, NOT NULL	Timestamp of when user was created.
last_updated	DATETIME	ON UPDATE CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, NOT NULL	Timestamp of last update to the user's record.

2. ACCOUNTS Table

Column	Data Type	Constraints	Description
account_id	INT	PK (AUTO_INCREMENT), NOT NULL	Unique primary key for the account.
user_id	INT	$FK \rightarrow users.user_id$, NOT NULL	ID of the user who owns this account.
account_type	VARCHAR(30)	CHECK (account_type IN ('CHECKING','SAVINGS',))	Type of account (e.g. CHECKING, SAVINGS, MONEY_MARKET, etc.).
balance	DECIMAL(12, 2)	DEFAULT 0, NOT NULL	Current monetary balance of the account.
status	VARCHAR(20)	CHECK (status IN ('ACTIVE','FROZEN','CLOSED',))	Current status of the account.
date_opened	DATETIME	DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, NOT NULL	Timestamp when the account was opened.
last_updated	DATETIME	ON UPDATE CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, NOT NULL	Timestamp of the last update to the account record.

CARDS Table

Column	Data Type	Constraints	Description
card_id	INT	PK (AUTO_INCREMENT), NOT NULL	Unique primary key for the card.
account_id	INT	FK → accounts.account_id, NOT NULL	Links the card to its associated deposit or credit account.
card_number	VARCHAR(255)	Encrypted/Tokenized, NOT NULL	The card number (encrypted or tokenized).
card_type	VARCHAR(20)	CHECK (card_type IN ('CREDIT_CARD',))	Type of card (credit or debit).
expiration_date	VARCHAR(7)	NOT NULL	Expiration in MM-YYYY format (or separate month/year fields).

cvv_hash	VARCHAR(255)	Encrypted/Tokenized, NULLABLE	Encrypted or tokenized CVV (omit storing actual CVV if not permissible).
credit_limit	DECIMAL(12, 2)	NULLABLE	Max credit limit (only relevant for credit cards).
status	VARCHAR(20)	CHECK (status IN ('ACTIVE','BLOCKED','EXPIRED',))	Status of the card.

LOANS Table

Column	Data Type	Constraints	Description
loan_id	INT	PK (AUTO_INCREMENT), NOT NULL	Unique primary key for the loan record.
user_id	INT	FK → users.user_id, NOT NULL	The user who took out the loan.
loan_type	VARCHAR(50)	CHECK (loan_type IN ('PERSONAL','AUTO','MORTGAGE','STUDENT',))	Type of loan.
principal_amount	DECIMAL(15, 2)	NOT NULL	Original loan principal.
remaining_balance	DECIMAL(15, 2)	NOT NULL	Current outstanding balance.
interest_rate	DECIMAL(5, 2)	NOT NULL	Annual interest rate (e.g., 5.75).
status	VARCHAR(20)	CHECK (status IN ('CURRENT','DELINQUENT','PAID_OFF',))	Loan status (active, delinquent, etc.).
start_date	DATE	NOT NULL	Date loan funds were disbursed.
end_date	DATE	NULLABLE	Projected or actual payoff date.
last_updated	DATETIME	ON UPDATE CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, NOT NULL	Timestamp of the last update to the loan record

5. INSURANCE_POLICIES Table

Column	Data Type	Constraints	Description
policy_id	INT	PK (AUTO_INCREMENT), NOT NULL	Unique primary key for the insurance policy record.
user_id	INT	FK → users.user_id, NOT NULL	The policy holder.
policy_type	VARCHAR(30)	CHECK (policy_type IN ('LIFE','AUTO','HOME','HEALTH',))	Type of insurance policy.
coverage_amount	DECIMAL(15, 2)	NOT NULL	The coverage limit for the policy.
monthly_premium	DECIMAL(10, 2)	NOT NULL	Recurring premium amount due monthly.
start_date	DATE	NOT NULL	Policy effective start date.
end_date	DATE	NULLABLE	Policy expiration date, if applicable.
status	VARCHAR(20)	CHECK (status IN ('ACTIVE','CANCELED','EXPIRED',))	Status of the policy.
last_updated	DATETIME	ON UPDATE CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, NOT NULL	

6. INVESTMENTS Table

Column	Data Type	Constraints	Description
investment_id	INT	PK (AUTO_INCREMENT), NOT NULL	Unique primary key for the investment record.
user_id	INT	FK → users.user_id, NOT NULL	Owner of the investment account.
investment_type	VARCHAR(30)	CHECK (investment_type IN ('BROKERAGE','IRA','401K','STOCK_OPTIONS'))	Type of investment or investment account.
portfolio_value	DECIMAL(15, 2)	NOT NULL	Current total market value of this investment or portfolio.
date_opened	DATETIME	NOT NULL	Timestamp when this investment account was opened.
status	VARCHAR(20)	CHECK (status IN ('ACTIVE','CLOSED','SUSPENDED',))	Current status of the investment account.
last_updated	DATETIME	ON UPDATE CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, NOT NULL	Timestamp of the last update to the investment record

7. TAX_RECORDS Table

Column	Data Type	Constraints	Description
tax_record_id	INT	PK (AUTO_INCREMENT), NOT NULL	Unique primary key for the tax record.
user_id	INT	FK → users.user_id, NOT NULL	The user to whom this tax record belongs.
tax_year	INT	NOT NULL	The year for which these records apply (e.g., 2025).
tax_form_type	VARCHAR(20)	CHECK (tax_form_type IN ('W2','1099INT','1099DIV'))	The type of tax form relevant to the record.
gross_income	DECIMAL(15, 2)	NOT NULL	Gross income for that tax year.
tax_withheld	DECIMAL(15, 2)	NOT NULL	Amount withheld for that year.
filed_date	DATE	NULLABLE	When it was filed (NULL if not yet filed).
notes	VARCHAR(255)	NULLABLE	Additional remarks or references.

8. TRANSACTIONS Table

Column	Data Type	Constraints	Description
transaction_id	INT	PK (AUTO_INCREMENT), NOT NULL	Unique primary key for the transaction.
related_account_id	INT	FK → accounts.account_id, NULLABLE	The deposit account primarily affected by this transaction (if applicable).

loan_id	INT	FK → Ioans.Ioan_id, NULLABLE	If the transaction is a loan payment, references the associated loan.
card_id	INT	FK → cards.card_id, NULLABLE	If the transaction is a card purchase or payment, references the associated card.
transaction_type	VARCHAR(30)	CHECK (transaction_type IN ('DEPOSIT','WITHDRAWAL','PAYMENT','PURCHASE','TRANSFER',))	Type of transaction.
amount	DECIMAL(15, 2)	NOT NULL	Monetary amount for the transaction.
transaction_date	DATETIME	DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, NOT NULL	The exact time the transaction occurred.
description	VARCHAR(255)	NULLABLE	Free-text description (e.g. "Mobile Deposit", "Online Bill Pay", etc.).
status	VARCHAR(20)	CHECK (status IN ('PENDING','COMPLETED','FAILED'))	

9. AUDIT_LOGS Table

Column	Data Type	Constraints	Description
audit_id	INT	PK (AUTO_INCREMENT), NOT NULL	Unique primary key for each audit record.
table_name	VARCHAR(50)	NOT NULL	Name of the table that was accessed or modified.
operation	VARCHAR(10)	CHECK (operation IN ('INSERT','UPDATE','DELETE','SELECT'))	Type of operation performed.
primary_key_value	INT	NULLABLE	The PK of the affected row, if applicable.
changed_data	TEXT	NULLABLE	Details on what changed (often stored in JSON).
performed_by	INT	$FK \rightarrow users.user_id$ or a system account ID, NOT NULL	Who performed the operation (or system ID).
timestamp	DATETIME	DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, NOT NULL	Date/time the operation occurred.

