

## PL/SQL Assignment 3

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Class: BTech 2<sup>nd</sup> Year

Division: B

1.

```
set serveroutput on size 30000;
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE factorial(n IN NUMBER, fact OUT NUMBER)
```

```
IS
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    fact := 1;
```

```
    FOR i IN 1..n
```

```
    LOOP
```

```
        fact := fact * i;
```

```
    END LOOP;
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

```
DECLARE
```

```
    n NUMBER := &n;
```

```
    fact NUMBER := 0;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    factorial(n, fact);
```

```
    dbms_output.put_line('The factorial of ' || n || ' is ' || fact || '!');
```

END;

/

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE getGrade(score IN NUMBER, grade OUT VARCHAR)

IS

BEGIN

IF score > 100 OR score < 0 THEN

grade := 'NULL';

ELSIF score >= 75 THEN

grade := 'A';

ELSIF score >= 50 THEN

grade := 'B';

ELSIF score >= 25 THEN

grade := 'C';

ELSE

grade := 'D';

END IF;

END;

/

```

DECLARE

    score NUMBER := &score;

    grade VARCHAR(5) := 'NULL';

BEGIN

    getGrade(score, grade);

    dbms_output.put_line('Given Score: ' || score);

    dbms_output.put_line('Obtained Grade: ' || grade);

END;

/

```

```
The factorial of 5 is 120!
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
Given Score: 85
Obtained Grade: A
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

2.

TABLE CREATION:

```

CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(

    ID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,

    NAME VARCHAR(50),

```

```
DEPT_NO NUMBER,
```

```
SALARY NUMBER(7, 2));
```

```
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES(101, 'MARK', 10, 5000.0);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES(102, 'DUG', 10, 5500.0);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES(103, 'ALAN', 20, 6000.0);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES(104, 'PETER', 30, 6200.0);
```

### **CODE:**

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION totalRows
```

```
RETURN number IS
```

```
    total number(2) := 0;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    SELECT count(*) into total
```

```
    FROM EMPLOYEE;
```

```
    RETURN total;
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION highestSalary
```

```
RETURN VARCHAR IS
```

```
    nameR VARCHAR(50) := '';
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    SELECT NAME INTO nameR
```

```

        FROM EMPLOYEE

        WHERE SALARY = (SELECT MAX(SALARY) FROM EMPLOYEE);

        RETURN nameR;

END;

/

DECLARE

    p NUMBER;

    nameR VARCHAR(50);

BEGIN

    p := totalRows;

    nameR := highestSalary;

    dbms_output.put_line('Total Rows in Employee: ' || p);

    dbms_output.put_line('Employee with Highest Salary: ' || nameR);

END;

/

```

Function HIGHESTSALARY compiled

Total Rows in Employee: 4

Employee with Highest Salary: PETER

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

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