

## LAB PROGRAMS

### 1. Write a C program to implement stack using static array?

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

#define SIZE 6

int stack[SIZE];

int top = -1;

int isEmpty() {

    return top == -1;

}

int isFull() {

    return top == SIZE - 1;

}

void push(int ele) {

    if (isFull()) {

        printf("stack overflow %d", ele);

        return;

    }

    stack[++top] = ele;
```

```
printf("%d pushed to stack\n", ele); }
```

```
int pop() {  
    if (isEmpty()) {  
        printf("stack underflow\n");  
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);  
    }  
    int ele = stack[top--];  
    return ele;  
}  
  
int peek() {  
    if(isEmpty()) {  
        printf("stack is empty\n");  
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);  
    }  
    return stack[top];  
}  
  
void display() {  
    if (isEmpty()) {  
        printf("stack is empty");  
        return;  
    }
```

```
printf("stack elements ");

for (int i = top; i >= 0;i--) {
    printf("%d", stack[i]);
}

printf("\n");
}

int main() {
    push(5);
    push(10);
    push(15);
    display();

    printf("%d popped element\n", pop);
    display();
    push(20);
    push(30);
    push(40);
    printf("Top element %d", peek);
    display();
    return 0;
}
```

## **2. Write a C program to implement stack using dynamic array?**

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

int *stack,size,top=-1;

int isempty();

int isfull();

void push(int);

int pop();

void display();

void topelement();

int main()

{

    int ch,x;

    printf("enter initial size of the stack: ");

    scanf("%d",&size);

    stack=(int*)calloc(sizeof(int),size);

    do

    {

        printf("1.PUSH 2.POP 3.TOP ELEMENT 4.DISPLAY 5.EXIT

\n"); printf("PLEASE ENTER YOUR CHOICE : ");

        scanf("%d",&ch);
```

```
switch(ch)

{
    case 1 :printf("ENTER THE ELEMENT :\n");

        scanf("%d",&x);

        push(x);

        break;

    case 2 :x=pop();

        if(x==0)

            printf("STACK UNDERFLOW !\n");

        else

            printf("POPPED ELEMENT IS %d \n",x);

        break;

    case 3 :topelement();

        break;

    case 4 :display();

        break;

    default : printf("INVALID INPUT !\n");
}

}while(ch>0 &&
ch<5); free(stack);

return 0;
```

```
}

int isfull()

{

    if(top == size-1)

        return 1;

    else

        return 0;

}

int isempty()

{

    if(top == -1)

        return 1;

    else

        return 0;

}

void push(int e)

{

    if(isfull())

    {

        stack=(int*)realloc(stack,2*size);

        printf("size of the stack is

increased\n"); }

    top++;

}
```

```
stack[top]=e;

printf("%d is pushed into the
stack\n",e); }

int pop()

{
if(isempty())

{
return 0;

}

int x=stack[top];

top--;

return x;

}

void topelement()

{
if(isempty())

    printf("STACK IS EMPTY !");

else

    printf("Top Element element is %d \n",stack[top]);

}

void display()

{
if(isempty())
```

```

{
    printf("STACK IS EMPTY ! \n");

}

printf("STACK ELEMENTS ARE : \n");

for(int i=top;i>=0;i--)

    printf("%d\n",stack[i]);

}

```

### **3. Write a C program to convert infix to postfix using stack?**

```

#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

#include<string.h>

#include<ctype.h>

#define MAX 30

char stack[MAX];

int top;
void push(char);

char pop();

void

infixtopostfix(char*); int

priority(char ch); void

push(char x)

{ if (top != MAX-1)

```

```

{
    top++;
    stack[top] = x;
}

char pop()
{
    char x;
    if(top!=-1)
    {
        x = stack[top];
        top--;
        return x;
    }
}

int isempty()
{
    if (top== -1)
        return 1;
    return 0;
}

int priority(char ch);

// infix to postfix conversion

void infixtopostfix(char *a)
{
    int x,j=0;
    char b[20]; //for storing resultant postfix
    expression int len=strlen(a);
}

```

```
for(int i=0;i<len;i++)
{
    char ch=a[i];
    if(isalnum(ch)) //if a[i] is operand
        b[j++]=ch;
    else if(ch=='(')
        push(ch);
    else if(ch==')')
        {
            while(stack[top]!='(')
                b[j++]=pop();
            pop(); //popping '('
        }
    else //if a[i] is operator
        {
            if(ch=='('|| isempty()) //if stack top has '(' or stack is
                empty push(ch);
            else
                {
                    while(priority(ch)<=priority(stack[top]))
                        b[j++]=pop();
                    push(ch);
                }
        }
}//end of for
```

```
while(isempty()==0)

    b[j++]=pop();

    b[j]='\0';

    printf("postfix expression is.:

%s",b); }

int priority(char ch)

{

switch(ch)

{

case '$':return(3);

case '*':;

case '/':;

case '%':return(2);

case '+':;

case '-':return(1);

} }

int main()

{

char p[20];

printf("enter proper infix expression : ");

scanf("%s",p);

infixtopostfix(p);

return 0;
```

}

#### **4. Write a C program to implement evaluation of postfix expression?**

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

#include<ctype.h>

#include<math.h>

#define MAX 30

int stack[MAX];

int top=-1;

char pop();

void evaluate(char *);

void push(char x)

{ if(top!=MAX-1)

  {

    top++;

    stack[top]=x;

  }

}

char pop()

{ char x;

  if(top!=-1)

  { x=stack[top];

  
```

```
    top--;
    return x;
}

int isempty()
{
    if(top== -1)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

void evaluate(char
*a) {
    int i;
    char ch;
    int op1,op2;
    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        ch=a[i];
        if(isdigit(ch))
            push(ch-48);
        else
            { switch(ch){
                case '$':op2=pop();
                op1=pop();
                push(pow(op1,op2));
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
case '*':op2=pop();
    op1=pop();
    push(op1*op2);
    break;

case '/':op2=pop();
    op1=pop();
    push(op1/op2);
    break;

case '%':op2=pop();
    op1=pop();
    push(op1%op2);
    break;

case '+':op2=pop();
    op1=pop();
    push(op1+op2);
    break;

case '-':op2=pop();
    op1=pop();
    push(op1-op2);
    break;

default:printf("wrong input\n");
}

printf("result=%d\n",pop());
```

```

    }

void main()
{
    char p[20];

    printf("enter a postfix expression with digits as
operands\n");
    scanf("%s",p);

    evaluate(p);

}

```

## **5. Write a C program to implement queue using arrays?**

```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#define SIZE 5
int queue[SIZE];

int front = -1, rear = -1;

void enqueue(int ele)

{
    if (rear == SIZE - 1)
    {
        printf("Queue is Full \n");
    }
    else
    {
        if (front == -1)

```

```
    front = 0;

    rear++;
    queue[rear] = ele;
    printf("%d inserted ele into the queue.\n",
ele); }

void dequeue()

{
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {

        printf("Queue is Empty \n");
    }
    else

    {
        printf("%d deleted ele from the queue.\n",
queue[front]); front++;
    }
}

void display() {

    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {

        printf("Queue is Empty\n");
    }
    else

    {

```

```
printf("\nQueue elements are: ");

for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++)

{

    printf("%d ", queue[i]);

}

printf("\n");

}

int main()

{

    int ch, ele;

    while (1) {

        printf("\n----- Queue Operations -----\\n");

        printf("1. Enqueue\\n2. Dequeue\\n3. Display\\n4.

Exit\\n"); printf("Enter your choice: ");

        scanf("%d", &ch);

        switch (ch) {

            case 1:

                printf("Enter value to insert: ");

                scanf("%d", &ele);

                enqueue(ele);
```

```
break;
```

```
case 2:
```

```
    dequeue();
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 3:
```

```
    display();
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 4:
```

```
    printf("Exiting program.\n");
```

```
    exit(0);
```

```
default:
```

```
    printf("Invalid choice! Please try again.\n");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

## 6. Write a C program to implement circular queue using arrays?

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

#include <stdlib.h>

#define SIZE 5

int CQ[SIZE];

int front = -1, rear = -1;
void enqueue(int ele)

{
    if ( (front == rear + 1) || (front == 0 && rear == SIZE -
1)) {
        printf("Queue is Full \n");
    }
    else
    {
        if (front == -1)
            front = 0;
        rear = (rear + 1) % SIZE;
        CQ[rear] = ele;
        printf("%d inserted ele into the queue.\n", ele); }
    }
}

void dequeue()

{
    if (front == -1)
    {

```

```
    printf("Queue is Empty \n");
}
else
{
    printf("%d deleted ele from the queue.\n",
CQ[front]); if (front == rear) {
        front = rear = -1;
    }
else
{
    front = (front + 1) % SIZE;
}
}

void peek()
{
    if (front == -1)
{
    printf("Queue is Empty!\n");
}
else
{
    printf("Front element is: %d\n", CQ[front]);
}
```

```
        }
    }

void display() {
    if (front == -1)
    {
        printf("Queue is Empty!\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\nQueue elements are:
"); int i = front;
        while (1) {
            printf("%d ", CQ[i]);
            if (i == rear)
                break;
            i = (i + 1) % SIZE;
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}


```

```
void isEmpty()
```

```
{  
    if (front == -1)  
        printf("Queue is Empty.\n");  
    else  
        printf("Queue is NOT Empty.\n");  
}  
  
void isFull() {  
    if ((front == 0 && rear == SIZE - 1) || (front == rear +  
        1)) printf("Queue is Full.\n");  
    else  
        printf("\nQueue is NOT Full.\n");  
}  
  
  
int main()  
{  
    int ch, ele;  
  
  
    while (1) {  
        printf("\n***Circular Queue Operations  
***\n"); printf("1. Enqueue (Insert)\n");  
        printf("2. Dequeue (Delete)\n");  
        printf("3. Peek (Front Element)\n");  
        printf("4. Display Queue\n");  
    }  
}
```

```
printf("5. Check if Queue is Empty\n");
printf("6. Check if Queue is Full\n");
printf("7. Exit\n");
printf("*****\n");
printf("Enter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &ch);

switch (ch)
{
    case 1:
        printf("Enter element to insert: ");
        scanf("%d", &ele);
        enqueue(ele);
        break;

    case 2:
        dequeue();
        break;

    case 3:
        peek();
        break;
}
```

```
case 4:
```

```
    display();
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 5:
```

```
    isEmpty();
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 6:
```

```
    isFull();
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 7:
```

```
    printf("Exiting program.\n");
```

```
    exit(0);
```

```
default:
```

```
    printf("Invalid choice! Please try again.\n");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

**7. Write a C program to implement stack using linked list?**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node {
    int data;
    struct node* next;
};

struct node* top = NULL;

void push(int ele) {
    struct node* newnode = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if (!newNode) {
        printf("Stack Overflow (Memory not allocated)\n");
        return;
    }
    newnode->data = ele;
    newnode->next = top;
    top = newnode;
    printf("%d inserted at beg\n", ele);
```

```
}
```

```
int pop() {  
    if (top == NULL) {  
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");  
        return -1;  
    }  
    struct node* temp = top;  
    top = top->next;  
    free(temp);  
}
```

```
int peek() {  
    if (top == NULL) {  
        printf("Stack is empty\n");  
        return -1;  
    }  
    return top->data;  
}
```

```
void display() {  
    if (top == NULL) {  
        printf("Stack is empty\n");  
        return;  
    }  
    struct node* temp = top;  
    printf("elements in stack are: ");  
    while (temp != NULL) {  
        printf("%d ", temp->data);  
        temp = temp->next;  
    }  
    printf("\n");  
}  
  
int main() {  
    int ch, ele;  
  
    while (1) {  
        printf("\n~~~~ Stack Menu ~~~~\n");  
        printf("1. Push\n2.Pop\n3.Peek\n4.Display\n5.Exit\n");  
        printf("Enter your choice: ");  
        scanf("%d", &ch);
```

```
switch (ch)
{
    case 1:
        printf("Enter element to push: ");
        scanf("%d", &ele);
        push(ele);
        break;

    case 2:
        pop()=ele;
        if (ele!= -1)
            printf("deleted %d\n", ele);
        break;

    case 3:
        peek()=ele;
        if (ele != -1)
            printf("Top element: %d\n", ele);
        break;

    case 4:
        display();
```

```
        break;

case 5:
    printf("Exiting...\n");
    exit(0);

default:
    printf("Invalid choice! Try again.\n");

}

}

return 0;
}
```

## **8. Write a C program to implement Queue using linked list?**

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct node {
    int data;
    struct node* next;
};
```

```
struct node* front = NULL;  
struct node* rear = NULL;  
  
void enqueue(int ele) {  
    struct node* newnode = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));  
    newnode->data = ele;  
    newnode->next = NULL;  
  
    if (front == NULL) {  
        front = rear = newnode;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        rear->next = newnode;  
        rear = newnode;  
    }  
    printf("%d inserted to queue.\n", ele);  
}
```

```
void dequeue() {  
    if (front == NULL) {  
        printf("Queue is empty\n");  
        return;  
    }  
    struct node* temp = front;  
    printf("%d deleted from queue\n", front->data);  
  
    front = front->next;  
    free(temp);  
  
    if (front == NULL) {  
        rear = NULL;  
    }  
}  
void peek() {  
    if (front == NULL) {  
        printf("Queue is empty.\n");  
        return;  
    }  
    printf("Front element: %d\n", front->data);
```

```
}

void display() {

    if (front == NULL)

    {

        printf("Queue is empty.\n");

        return;

    }

}
```

```
struct node* temp = front;

printf("Queue: ");

while (temp != NULL) {

    printf("%d ", temp->data);

    temp = temp->next;

}

printf("\n");
```

```
int main() {

    int ch, ele;

    while (1) {

        printf("\n***Queue Menu ***\n");


```

```
printf("1. Enqueue\n2.Dequeue\n3.Peek\n4.Display\n5.Exit\n");

printf("Enter your choice: ");

scanf("%d", &ch);

switch (ch)

{

    case 1:

        printf("Enter value to insert: ");

        scanf("%d", &ele);

        enqueue(ele);

        break;

    case 2:

        dequeue();

        break;

    case 3:

        peek();

        break;

    case 4:

        display();

        break;

    case 5:

        printf("Exiting...\n");

        exit(0);
}
```

default:

```
    printf("Invalid choice! Please try again.\n");  
}  
}  
return 0;  
}
```

## **9. Write a C program to implement double linked list?**

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
#include <stdlib.h>  
  
  
  
struct node {  
    int data;  
    struct node* prev;  
    struct node* next;  
};  
  
  
  
struct node* head = NULL;  
  
void insertBeg(int ele) {  
    struct node* newnode = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));  
    newnode->data=ele;  
    if (head == NULL)  
        head = newnode;  
    else {  
        newnode->next = head;  
        head->prev = newnode;  
        head = newnode;  
    }  
}  
  
void insertEnd(int ele) {  
    struct node* newnode = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));  
    newnode->data=ele;  
    if (head == NULL)  
        head = newnode;  
    else {  
        struct node* temp = head;  
        while (temp->next != NULL)  
            temp = temp->next;  
        temp->next = newnode;  
        newnode->prev = temp;  
    }  
}  
  
void display() {  
    struct node* temp = head;  
    while (temp != NULL) {  
        printf("%d ", temp->data);  
        temp = temp->next;  
    }  
}
```

```
{  
    head = newnode;  
  
    return;  
}  
  
newnode->next = head;  
  
head->prev = newnode;  
  
head = newnode;  
}
```

```
void insertEnd(int ele) {  
  
    struct node* newnode =(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));  
  
    newnode->data=ele;  
  
    if (head == NULL) {  
  
        head = newnode;  
  
        return;  
    }  
  
    struct node* temp = head;  
  
    while (temp->next != NULL)  
  
        temp = temp->next;  
  
    temp->next = newnode;  
  
    newnode->prev = temp;
```

```
}
```

```
void insertPos(int ele, int pos) {
```

```
    if (pos == 1) {
```

```
        insertBeg(ele);
```

```
        return;
```

```
}
```

```
    struct node* temp = head;
```

```
    for (int i = 1; i < pos - 1 && temp != NULL; i++)
```

```
        temp = temp->next;
```

```
    if (temp == NULL) {
```

```
        printf("Position out of bounds!\n");
```

```
        return;
```

```
}
```

```
    struct node* newnode = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
```

```
    newnode->data=ele;
```

```
    newnode->next = temp->next;
```

```
    newnode->prev = temp;
```

```
if (temp->next != NULL)

    temp->next->prev = newnode;

temp->next = newnode;

}
```

```
void deleteBeg() {

    if (head == NULL) {

        printf("List is empty!\n");

        return;

    }

    struct node* temp = head;

    head = head->next;

    if (head != NULL)

        head->prev = NULL;

    free(temp);

}

void deleteEnd() {
```

```
if (head == NULL) {  
    printf("List is empty!\n");  
    return;  
}  
  
struct node* temp = head;  
  
if (temp->next == NULL) {  
    head = NULL;  
    free(temp);  
    return;  
}  
  
while (temp->next != NULL)  
{  
    temp = temp->next;  
    temp->prev->next = NULL;  
    free(temp);  
}  
  
void deletePos(int pos) {  
    if (head == NULL) {  
        printf("List is empty!\n");  
        return;  
}
```

```
}
```

```
struct node* temp = head;
```

```
if (pos == 1) {
```

```
    deleteBeg();
```

```
    return;
```

```
}
```

```
for (int i = 1; i < pos && temp != NULL; i++)
```

```
    temp = temp->next;
```

```
if (temp == NULL) {
```

```
    printf("Position not found!\n");
```

```
    return;
```

```
}
```

```
if (temp->next != NULL)
```

```
    temp->next->prev = temp->prev;
```

```
if (temp->prev != NULL)
```

```
    temp->prev->next = temp->next;
```

```
free(temp);

}

void displayForward() {
    struct node* temp = head;
    printf("List: ");
    while (temp != NULL) {
        printf("%d ", temp->data);
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void displayBackward()
{
    if (head == NULL)
    {
        printf("List is empty!\n");
        return;
    }
}
```

```
}

struct node* temp = head;

while (temp->next != NULL)

    temp = temp->next;

printf("List: ");

while (temp != NULL) {

    printf("%d ", temp->data);

    temp = temp->prev;

}

printf("\n");

}

int main() {

    int ch, ele, pos;

while (1) {

    printf("\n*** Doubly Linked List Menu ***\n");

    printf("1. Insert at Beginning\n2.Insertion at end\n3.Insertion at
specific position\n4.Deletion at the beginning\n5.Deletion at
end\n6.Deletion at position\n7.Display forward\n8.Display
backward\n9.Exit\n");

    printf("Enter choice: ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &ch);

switch (ch) {

    case 1:

        printf("Enter value: ");
        scanf("%d", &ele);
        insertBeg(ele);
        break;

    case 2:

        printf("Enter value: ");
        scanf("%d", &ele);
        insertEnd(ele);
        break;

    case 3:

        printf("Enter value and position: ");
        scanf("%d %d", &ele, &pos);
        insertPos(ele, pos);
        break;

    case 4:
```

```
    deleteBeg();  
    break;
```

case 5:

```
    deleteEnd();  
    break;
```

case 6:

```
    printf("Enter position: ");  
    scanf("%d", &pos);  
    deletePos(pos);  
    break;
```

case 7:

```
    displayForward();  
    break;
```

case 8:

```
    displayBackward();  
    break;
```

case 9:

```
    exit(0);
```

```
default:
```

```
    printf("Invalid choice!\n");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```