

Legal Aspects of Business

Dr. J Bhavani, Faculty, Business School Vellore Institute of Technology

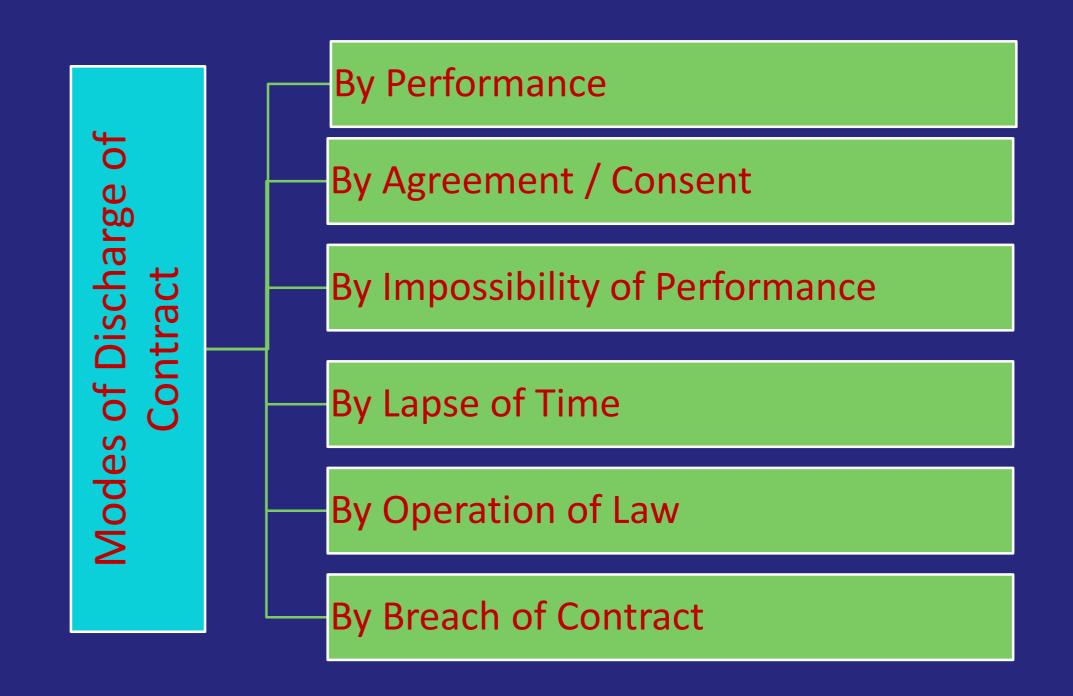
Recapitulate

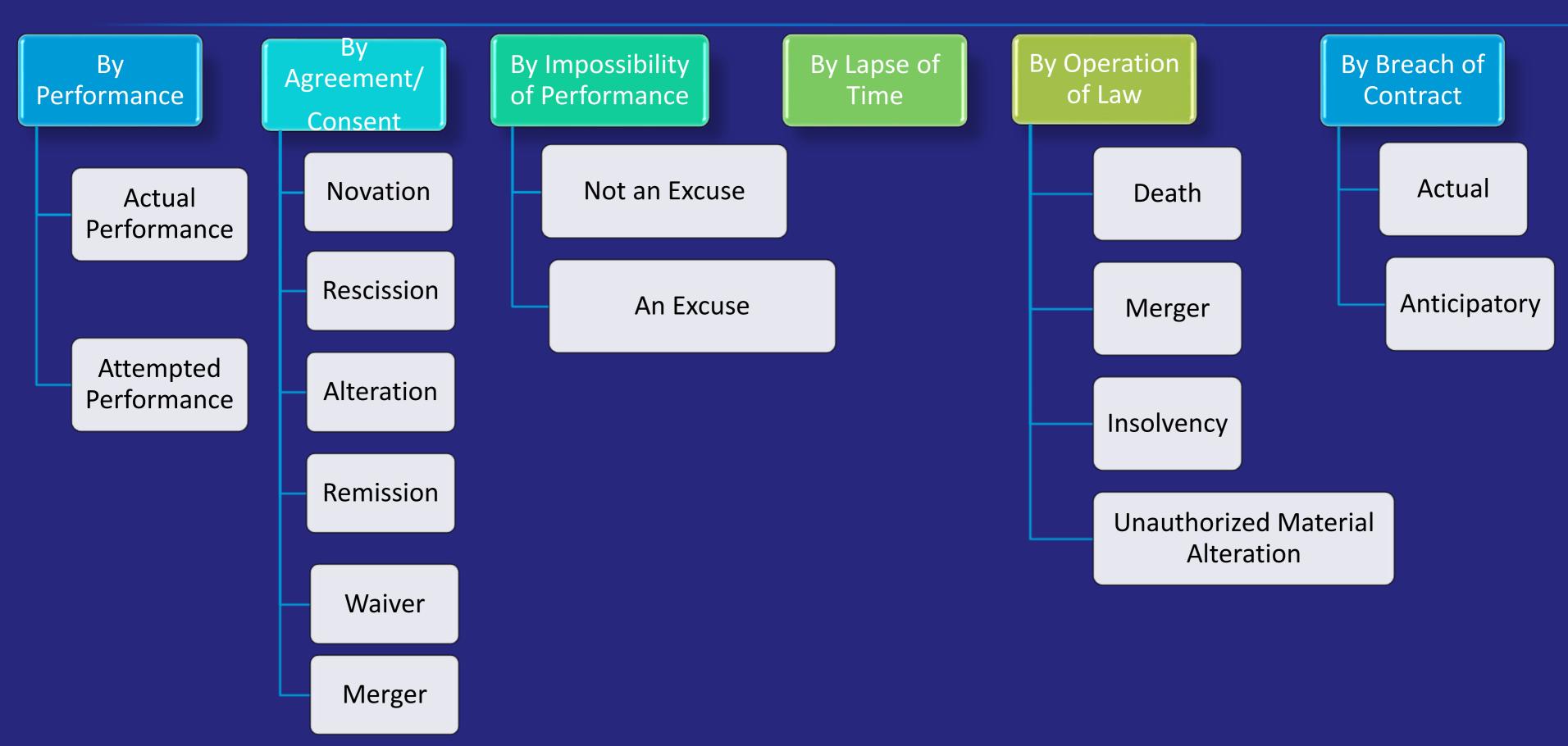
Performance of contract

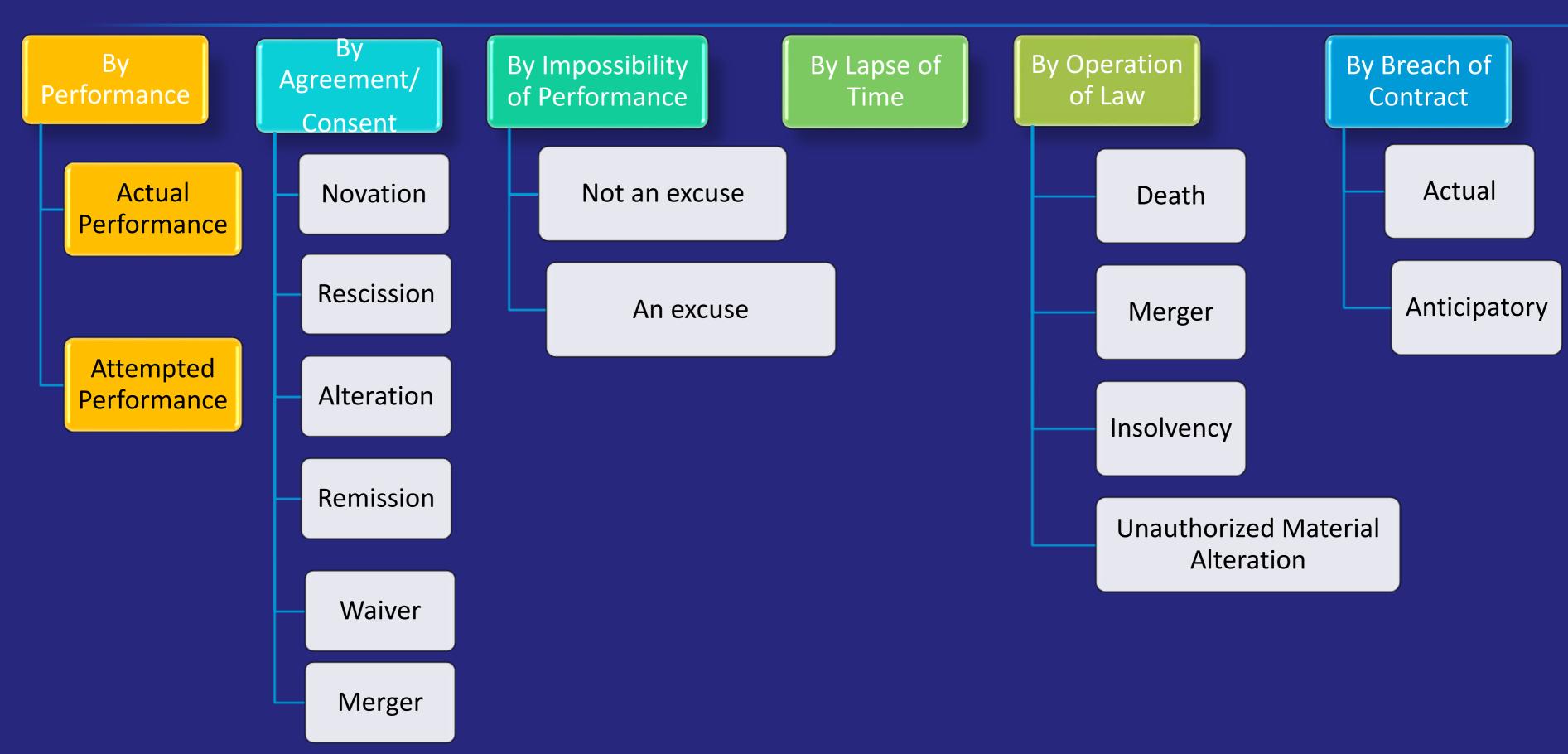
- Requisites
- when contract need not to be
 - performed
- Reciprocal promise

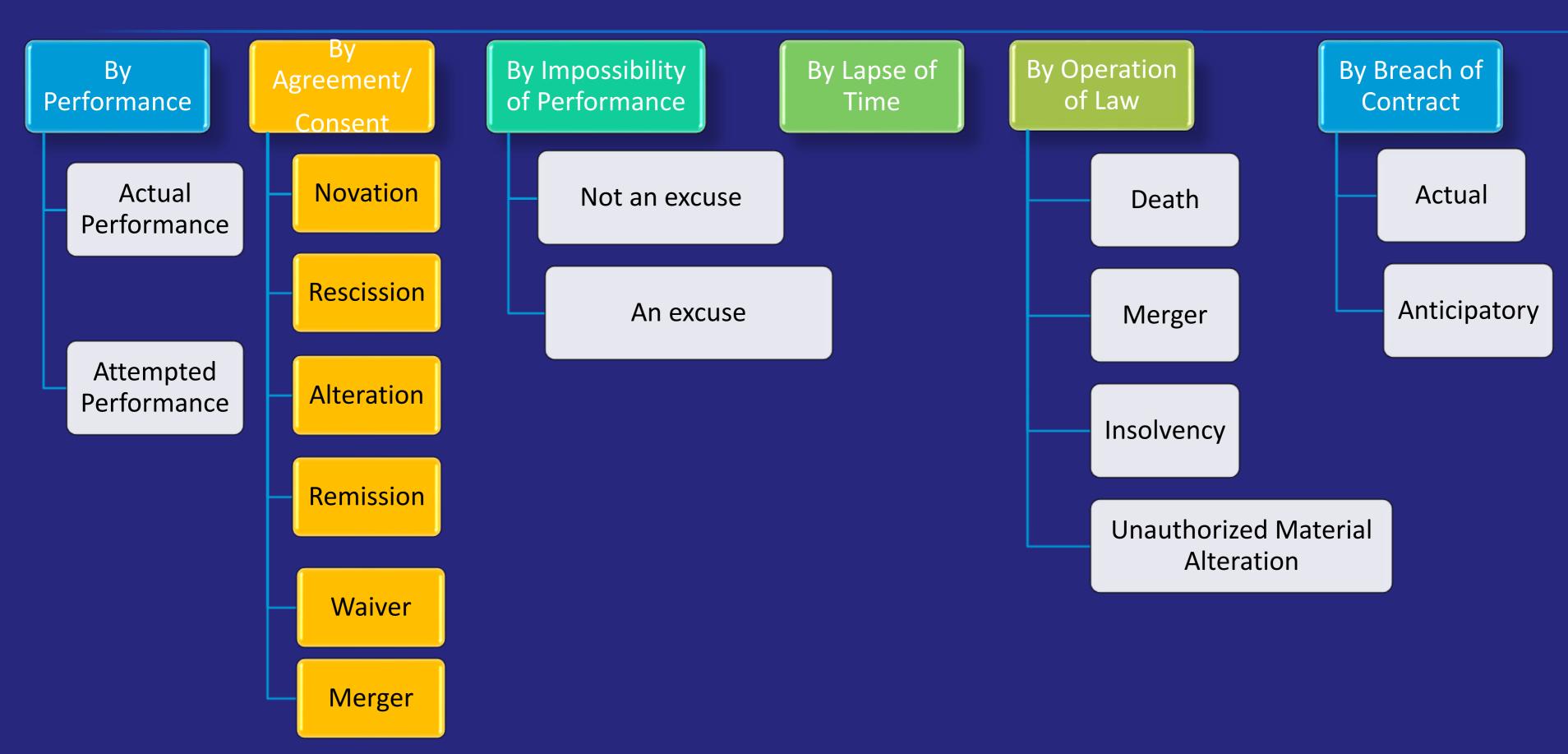
Discharge of Contract

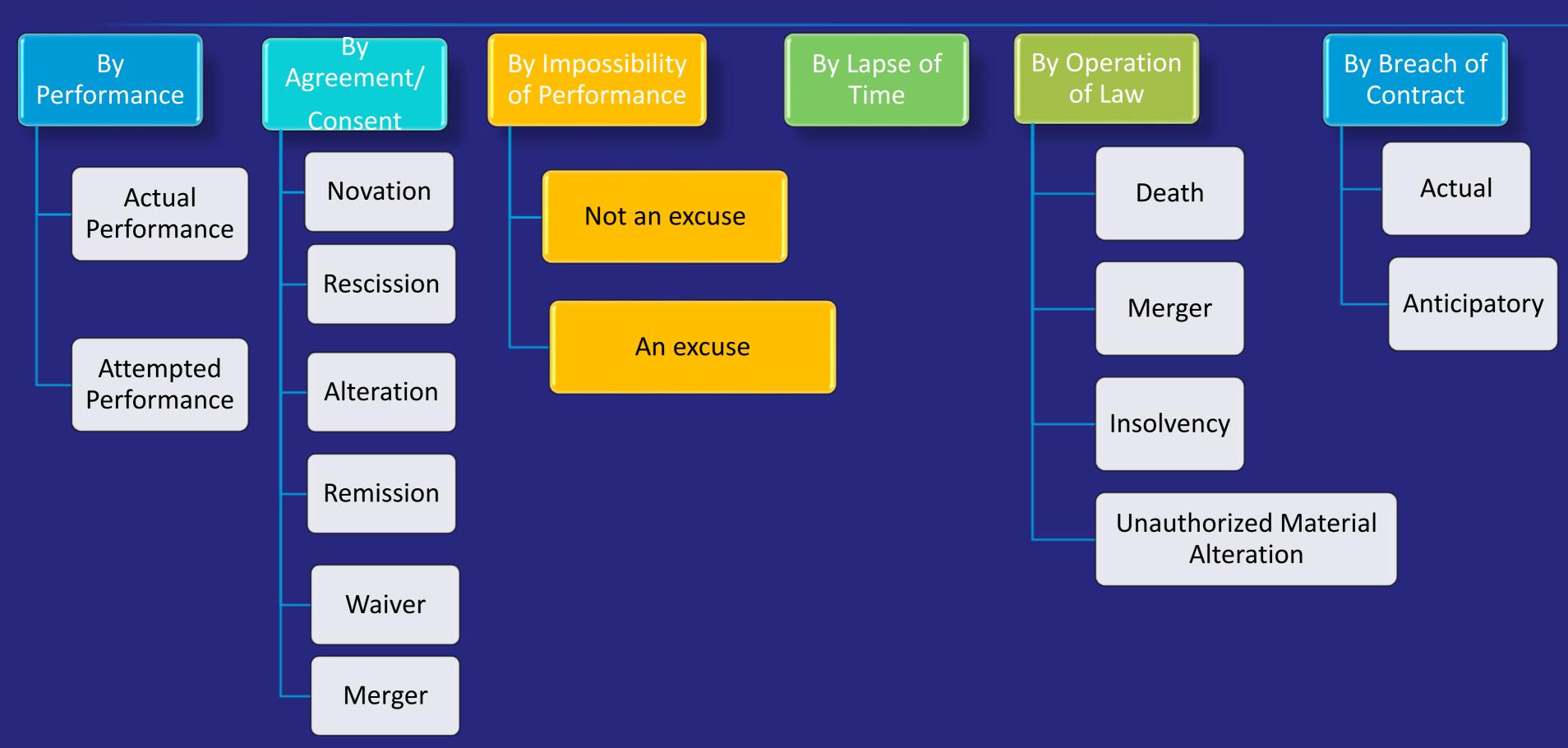
Termination / Discontinuation of contractual relationship between the parties.



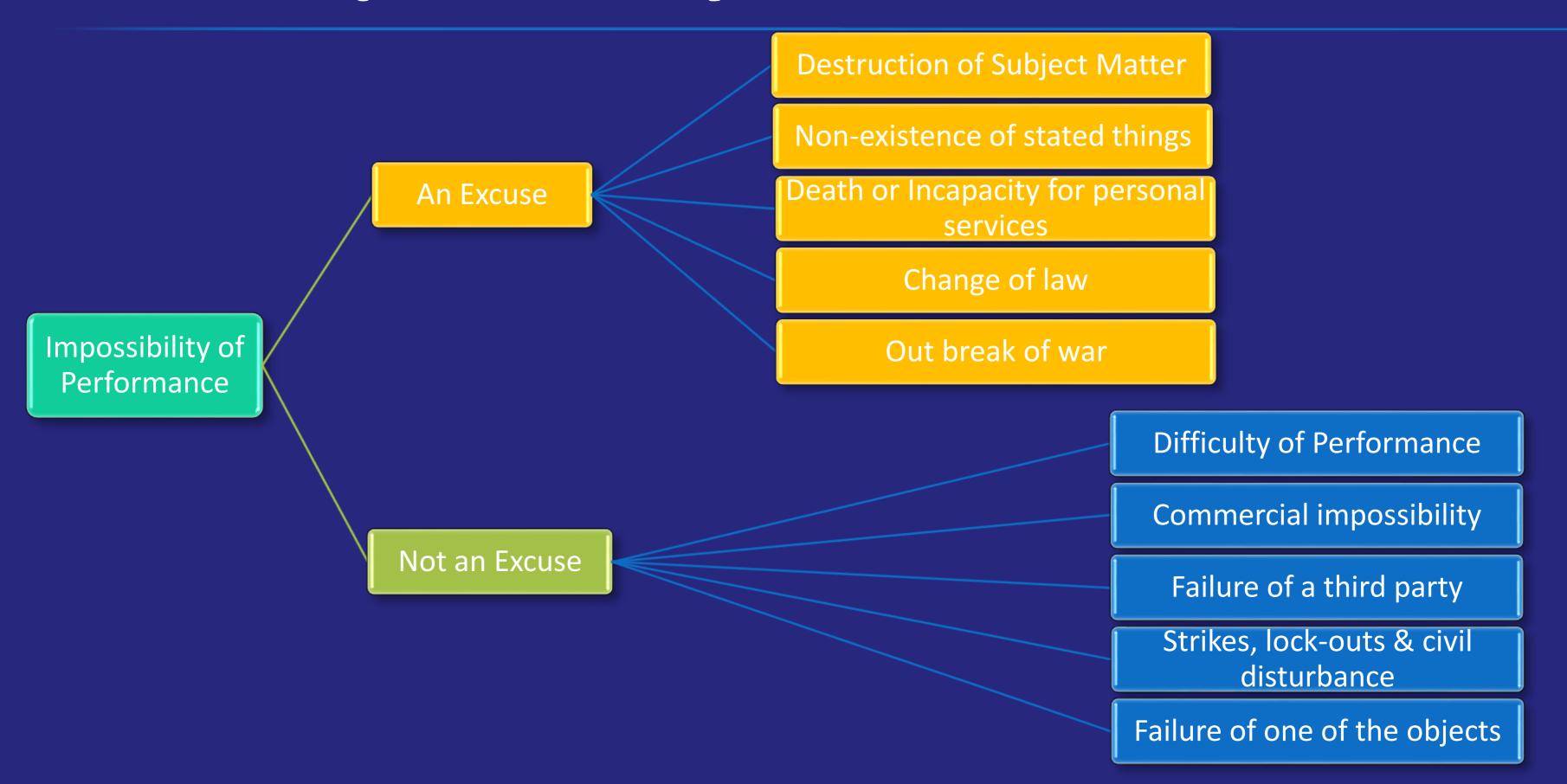








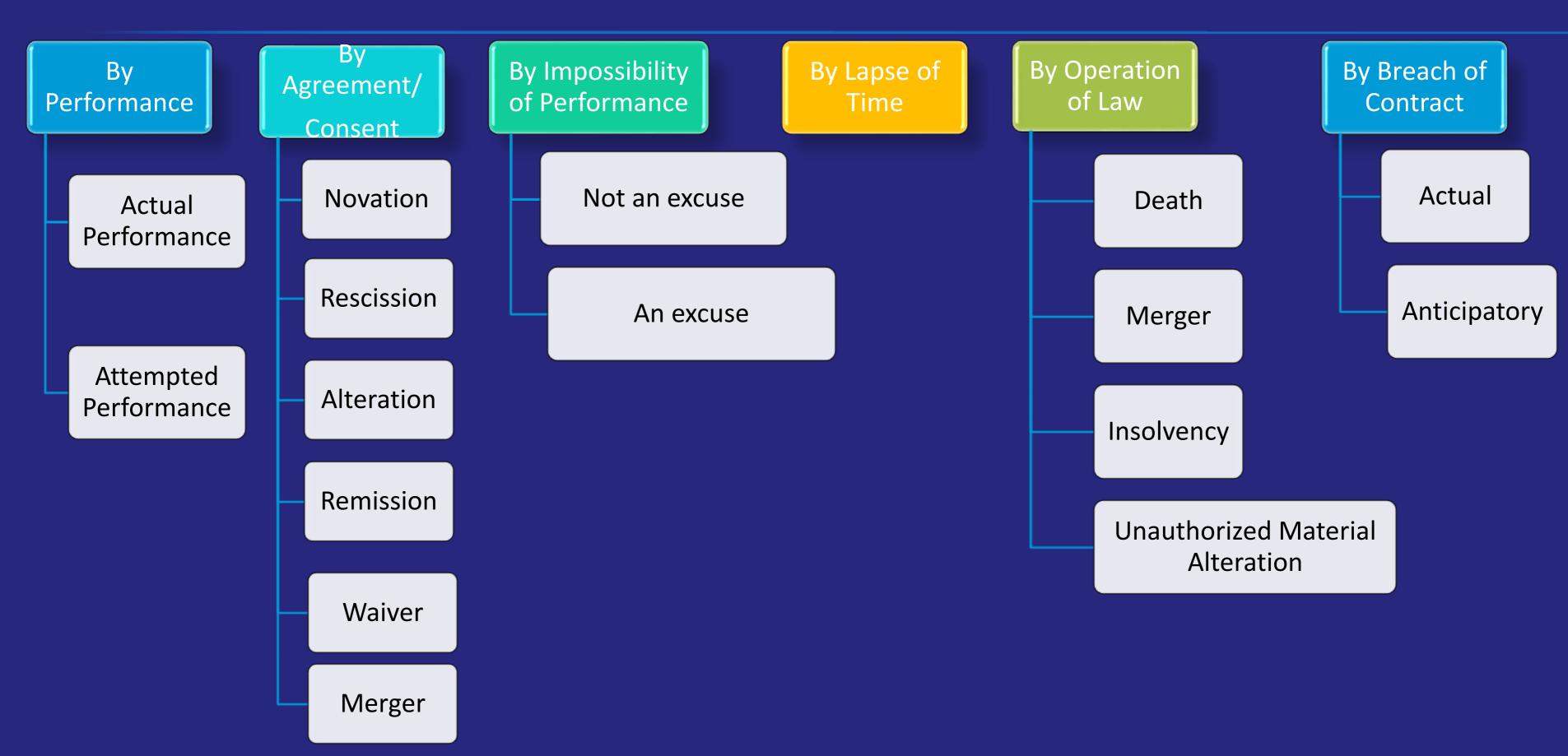
Impossibility of Performance

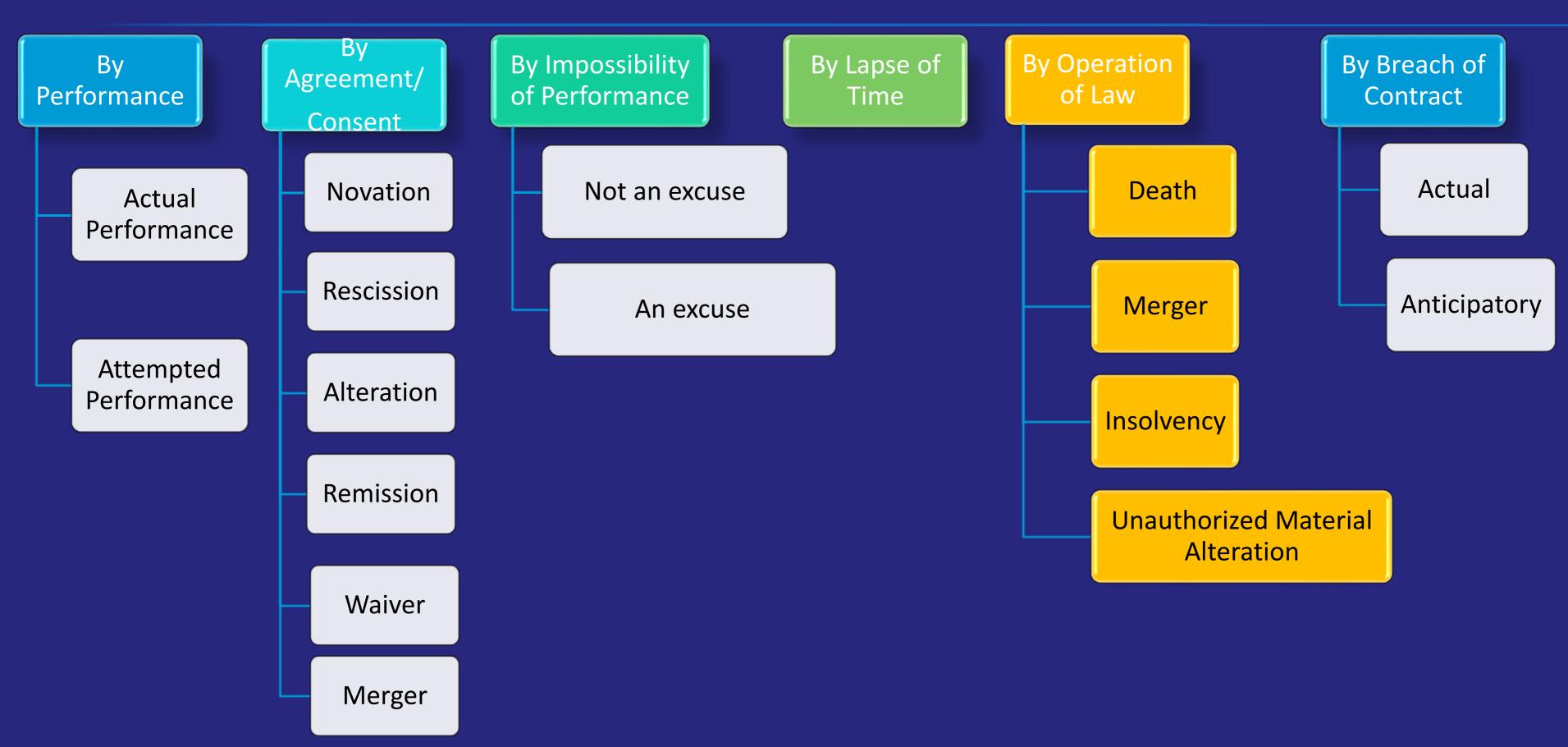


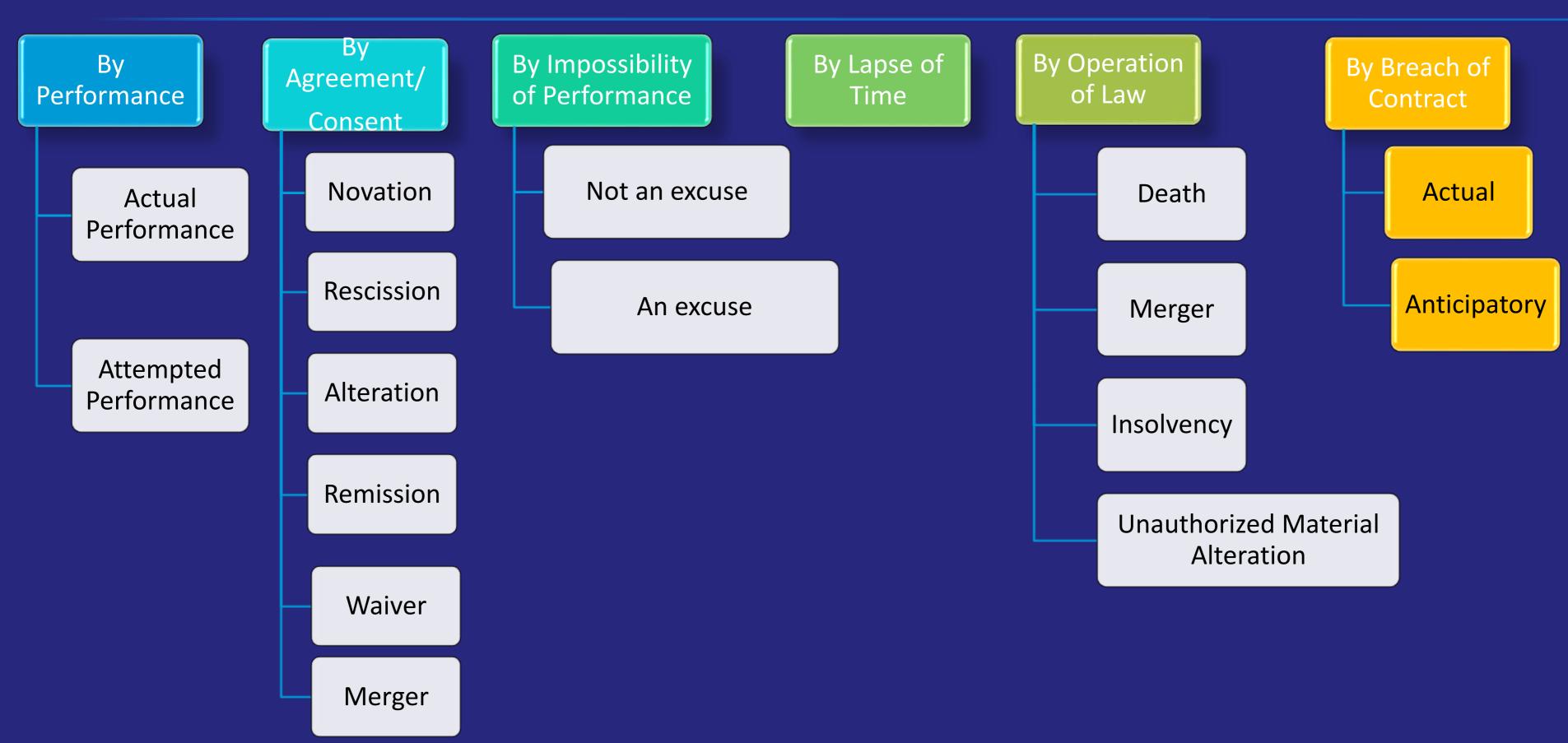
Impossibility of Performance

Destruction of Subject Matter Non-existence of stated things An Excuse Death or Incapacity for personal services Change of law Impossibility of Out break of war Performance Difficulty of Performance Commercial impossibility Not an Excuse Failure of a third party Strikes, lock-outs & civil disturbance

Dr. J Bhavani, VIT







Review Questions

- 1. A real estate agent agrees to sell a certain flat to A. It turns out that the house had been destroyed by fire before the time of the bargain, though neither party was not aware of the fact. A insists on the possession of the house. Would he succeed?
- 2. Cancellation of a contract by mutual consent of the parties is called waiver. True or False
- 3. Commercial impossibility does not make the contract void. True or False

Answer

- 1. A real estate agent agrees to sell a certain flat to A. It turns out that the house had been destroyed by fire before the time of the bargain, though neither party was aware of the fact. A insists on the possession of the house. Would he succeed?
- Answer: A cannot insist for possession of the house. The agreement is void.
- 2. Cancellation of a contract by mutual consent of the parties is called waiver.

Answer: False

3. Commercial impossibility does not make the contract void.

Answer: True