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24BCS298

CSE-A1

Installation of Java and Simple Java Programs

Aim:

To install Java Development Kit (JDK), configure the environment, and write simple Java programs including Hello World.

PRE LAB EXERCISE:

QUESTIONS:

1. What is JDK and why is it required?

JDK (Java Development Kit) is a software package used to develop Java programs. It includes the compiler, libraries, and tools needed to write, compile, and run Java applications.

2. Difference between JDK, JRE, and JVM.

JDK: Used for developing Java programs; includes JRE and development tools.

JRE: Used to run Java programs; includes JVM and libraries.

JVM: Executes Java bytecode and makes Java platform independent.

3. What is the purpose of the main() method in Java?

The main() method is the starting point of a Java program. Program execution begins from this method.

IN LAB EXERCISE:

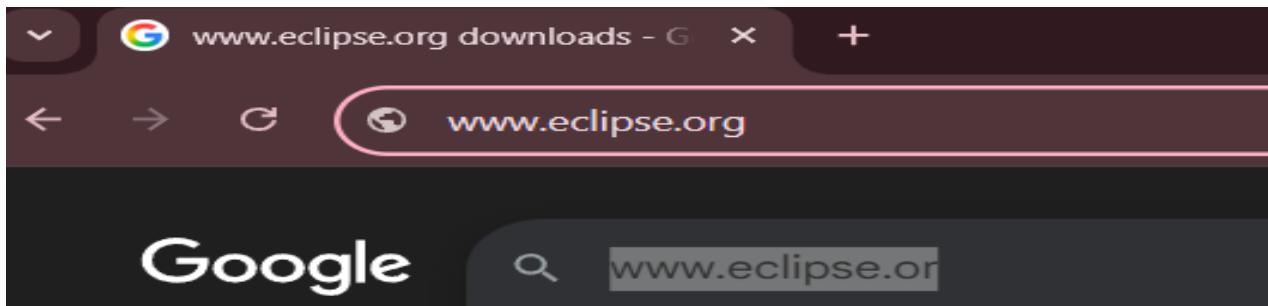
Objective:

To verify Java installation and execute a basic Java program.

INSTALLATION STEPS:

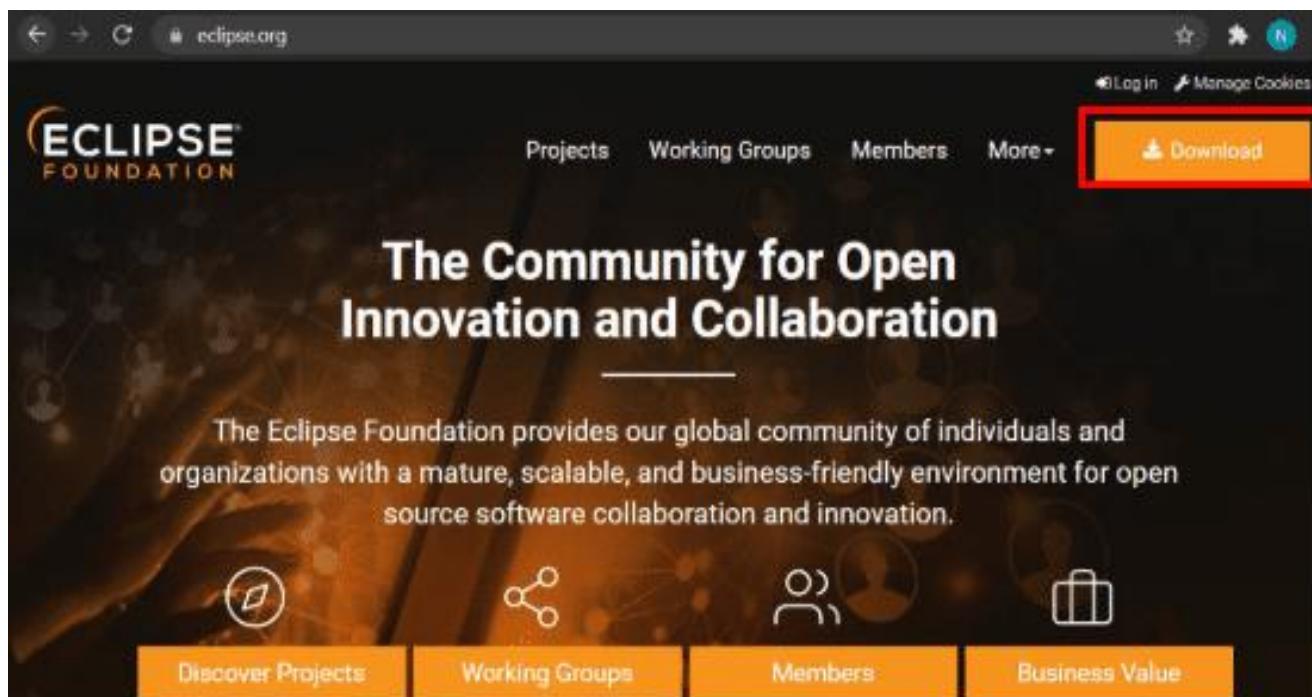
STEP 1: Open Browser

- Open your browser and go to the official [URL](http://www.eclipse.org) Eclipse Downloads page.



STEP 2: Download Eclipse Installer:

- Then, click on the "Download" button to download Eclipse IDE.



STEP 3: Download EXE

- Now, click on the "Download x86_64" button.

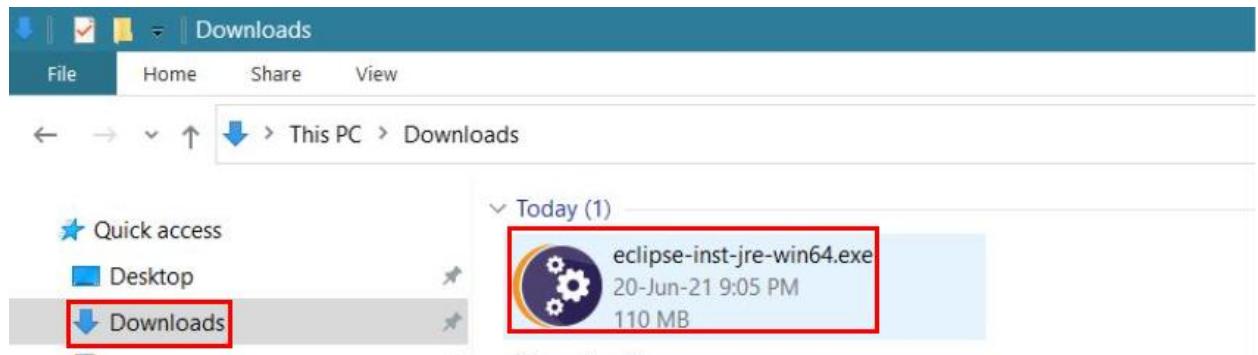
The screenshot shows the Eclipse.org downloads page. A blue banner at the top left states: "The Eclipse Installer 2021-06 R now includes a JRE for macOS, Windows and Linux." Below this, there's a section titled "Get Eclipse IDE 2021-06" with a sub-section for "Tool Platforms". On the left, there's a logo for "Eclipse IDE" and a "Download x86_64" button. To the right, there are sections for "Eclipse Che" and "ORION". The "Eclipse Che" section includes a logo and a brief description: "Eclipse Che is a developer workspace server and cloud IDE." The "ORION" section includes a logo and a brief description: "A modern, open source software development environment that runs in the cloud."

STEP 4: Then click on the "Download" button. After clicking on the download button the .exe file for the eclipse will be downloaded.

The screenshot shows the Eclipse Foundation Downloads page. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the Eclipse Foundation logo and a menu icon. Below it, a breadcrumb trail reads: "Home / Downloads / Eclipse downloads - Select a mirror". A note below the trail states: "All downloads are provided under the terms and conditions of the Eclipse Foundation Software User Agreement unless otherwise specified." In the center, there's a large orange "Download" button with a downward arrow icon. Below the button, text reads: "Download from: Japan - Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology (https)". Underneath that, it shows the file name: "File: [eclipse-inst-jre-win64.exe](#) SHA-512". At the bottom, there's a link: ">> Select Another Mirror".

STEP 5: Open Download EXE

- Now go to File Explorer and click on "Downloads" after that click on the "eclipse-inst-jre-win64.exe" file for installing Eclipse IDE.



STEP 6: Install Eclipse

- Then, click on "Eclipse IDE for Java Developers".

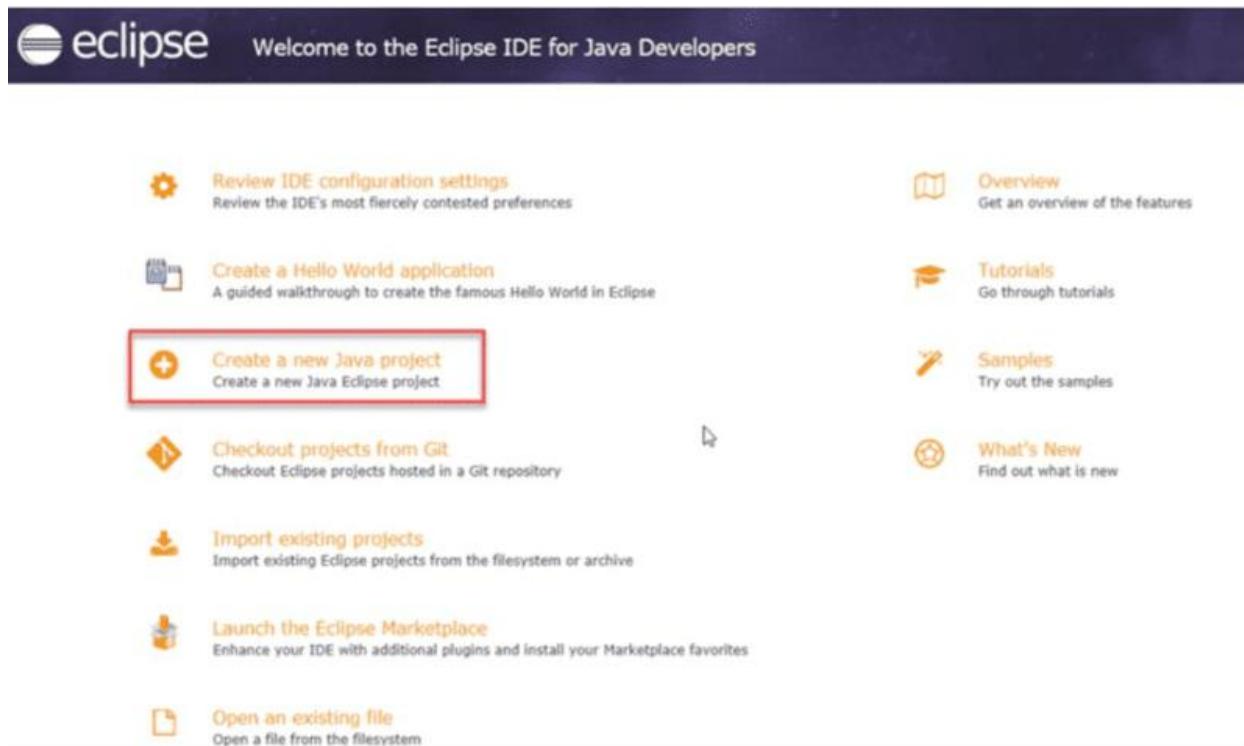


- **STEP 7:** Then, click on the "Install" button.



Step 8: Create New Project

Now click on "Create a new Java project".

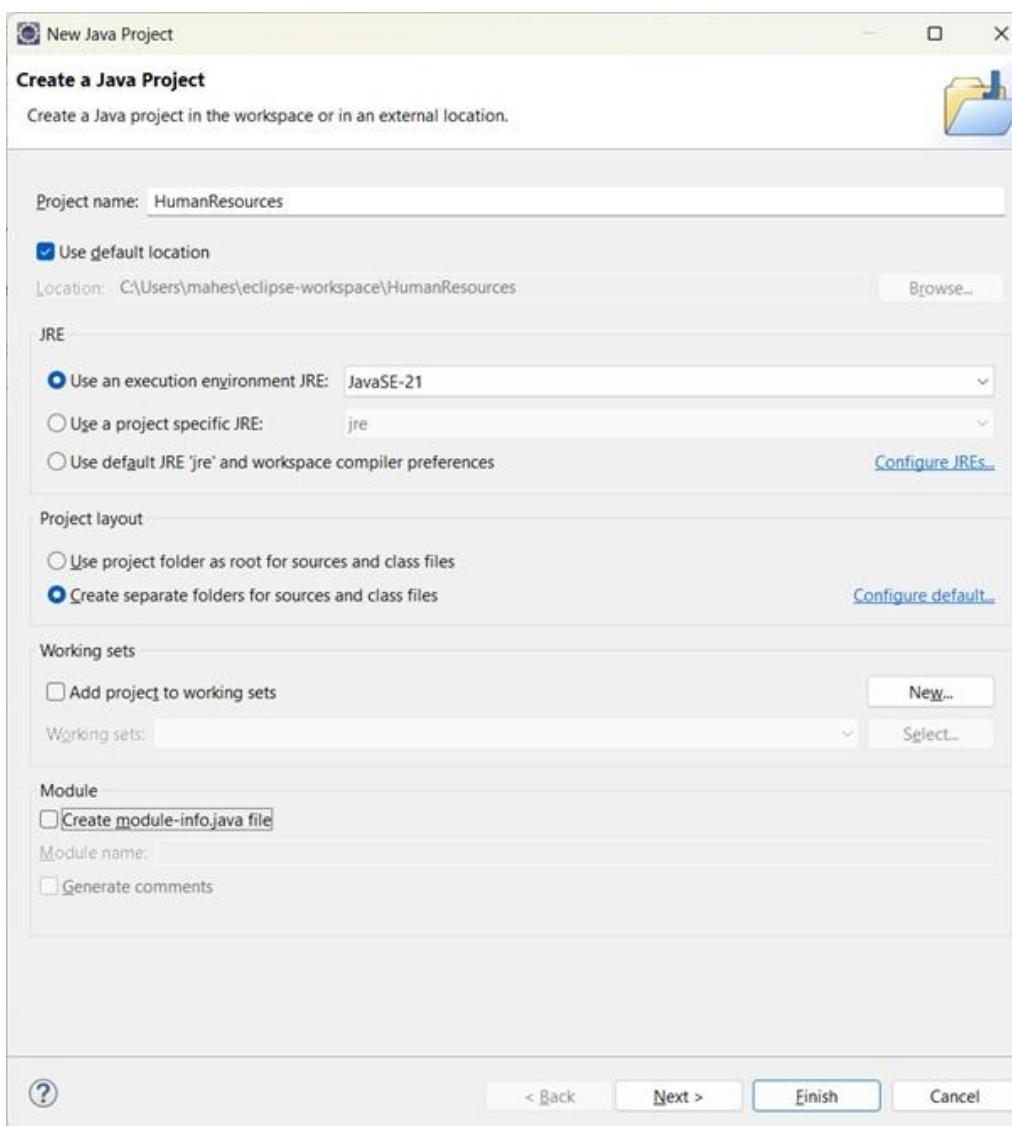


STEP 9: Create a new java project

- By clicking on the File menu and choosing New → Java Project.
- By right clicking anywhere in the Project Explorer and selecting New → Java Project.
- By clicking on the New button () in the Tool bar and selecting Java Project.

STEP 10: Enter the Project Name

- Select the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) or leave it at the default
- Select the Project Layout which determines whether there would be a separate folder for the source codes and class files. The recommended option is to create separate folders for sources and class files.

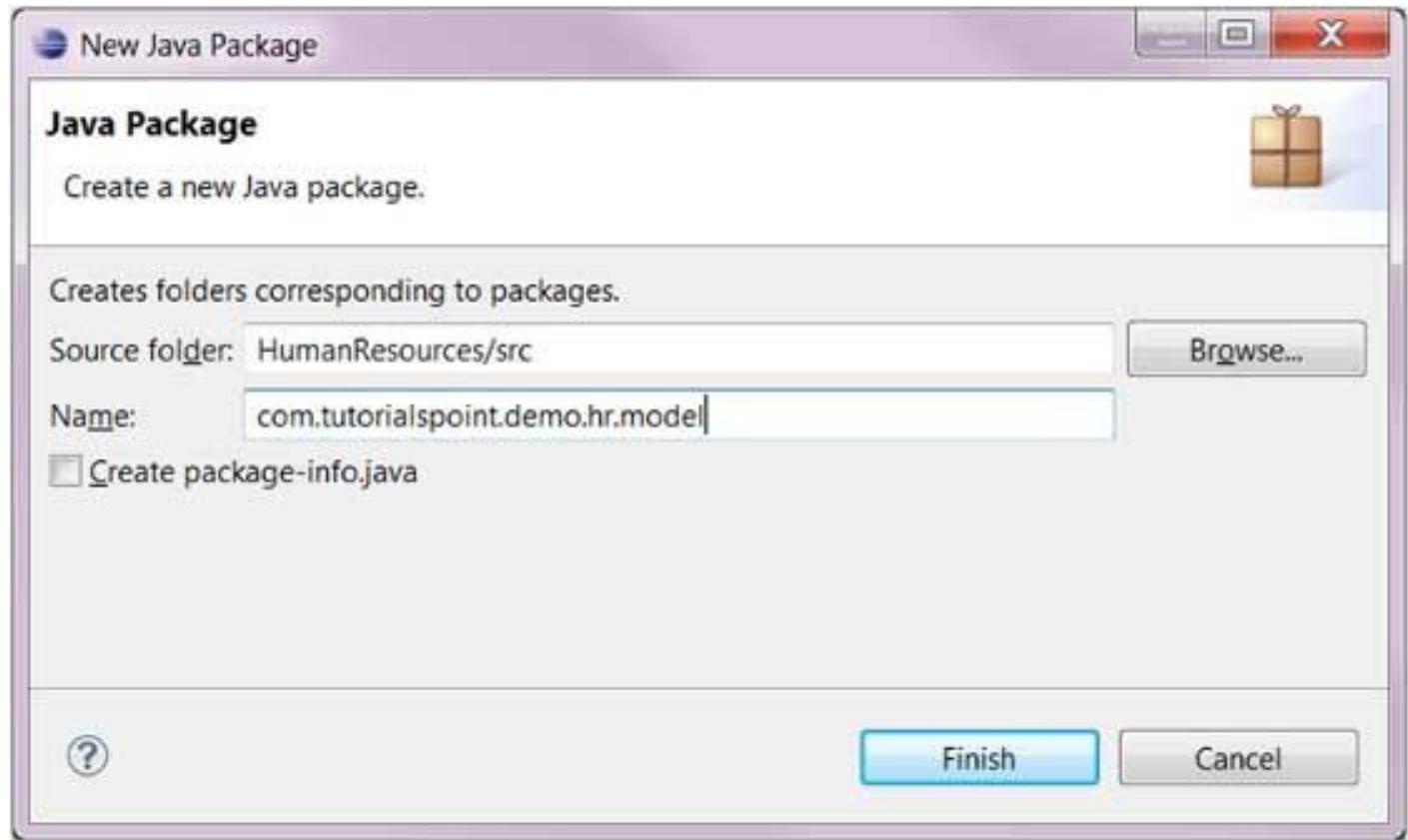


STEP 11: Create a new java package

- By clicking on the File menu and selecting New → Package.
- By right click in the package explorer and selecting New → Package.
- By clicking on the package icon which is in the tool bar().

STEP 11:

- Enter/confirm the source folder name.
- Enter the package name.
- Click on the Finish button.

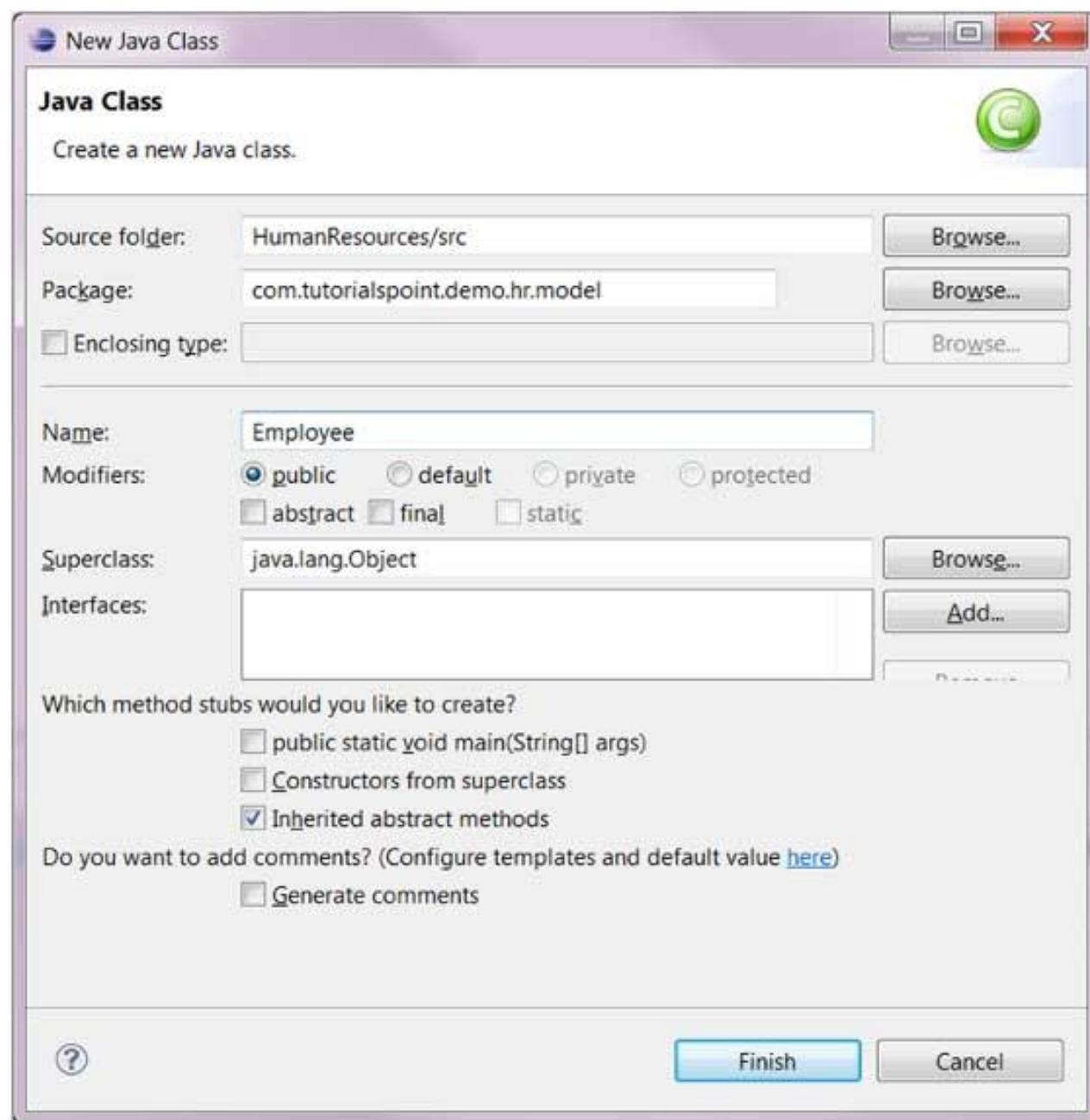


STEP 12:Create a New Java class.

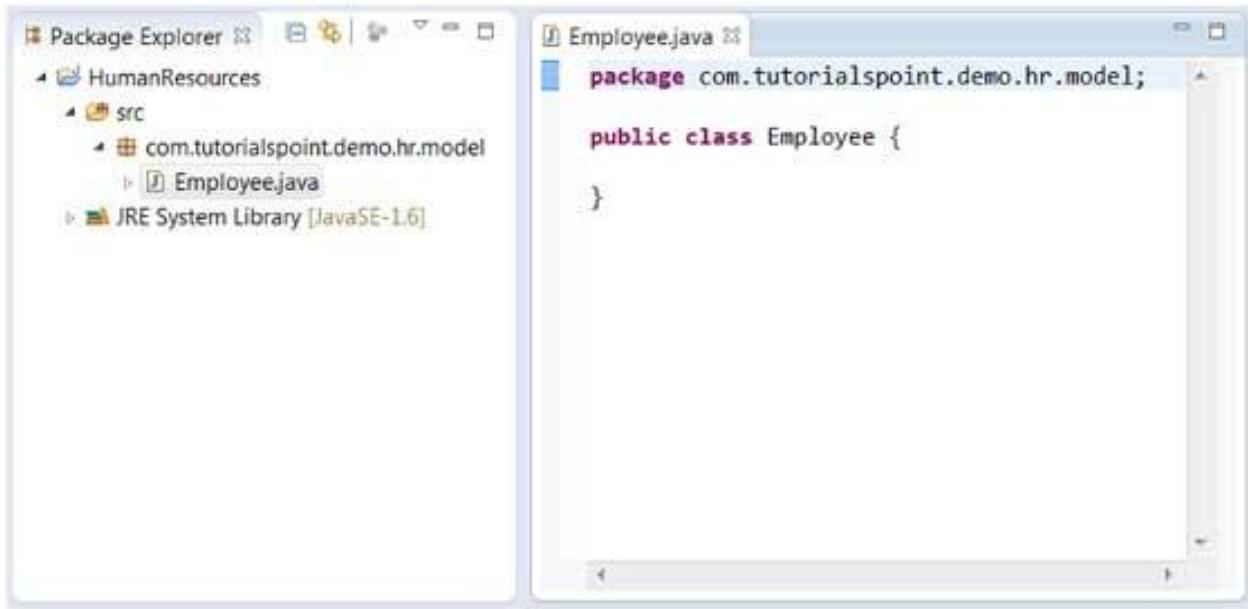
- By clicking on the File menu and selecting New → Class.
- By right clicking in the package explorer and selecting New → Class.
- By clicking on the class drop down button () and selecting class ().

STEP 13:

- Ensure the source folder and package are correct.
- Enter the class name.
- Select the appropriate class modifier.
- Enter the super class name or click on the Browse button to search for an existing class.
- Click on the Add button to select the interfaces implemented by this class.
- Examine and modify the check boxes related to method stubs and comments.



STEP 14: Class created successfully.



BASIC PROGRAMS:

Program 1: Hello World Program

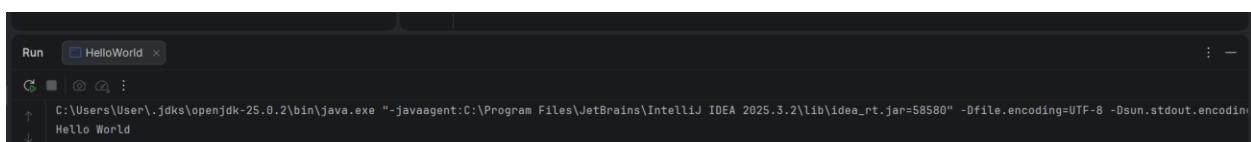
Source Code:

```
class HelloWorld {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello World");
    }
}
```

Output:

Hello World



Program 2: Display Personal Details

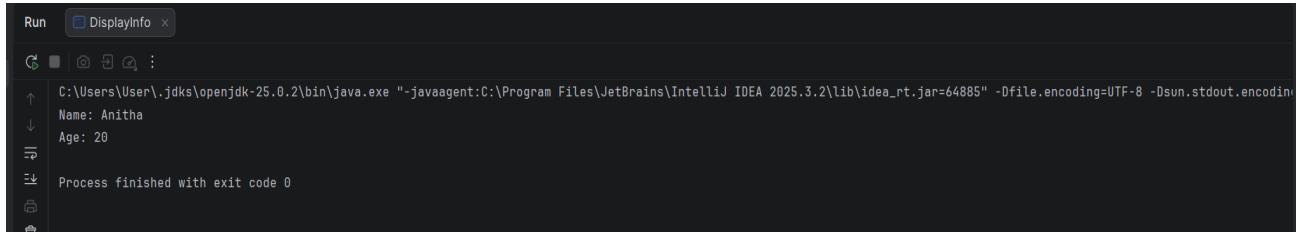
Source Code:

```
class DisplayInfo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Name: Anitha");  
        System.out.println("Age: 20");  
    }  
}
```

Output:

Name: Anitha

Age: 20



A screenshot of an IDE's run window titled "DisplayInfo". The window shows the command line used to run the program: "C:\Users\User\.jdks\openjdk-25.0.2\bin\java.exe "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA 2025.3.2\lib\idea_rt.jar=64885" -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stdout.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stderr.encoding=UTF-8 -jar C:\Users\User\IdeaProjects\JavaBasics\src\main\java\DisplayInfo.jar". Below the command, the output of the program is displayed: "Name: Anitha" and "Age: 20". At the bottom, it says "Process finished with exit code 0".

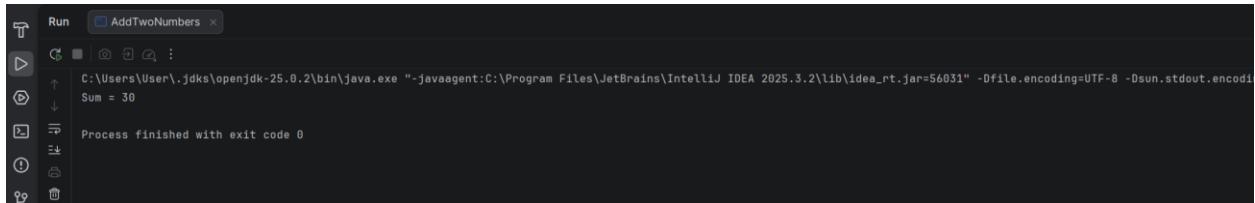
Program 3: Addition of Two Numbers

Source Code:

```
class AddTwoNumbers {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 10, b = 20;  
        System.out.println("Sum = " + (a + b));  
    }  
}
```

Output:

Sum = 30



The screenshot shows the IntelliJ IDEA interface with the 'Run' tab selected. The run configuration is named 'AddTwoNumbers'. The output window displays the command used to run the Java application and the resulting output: 'Sum = 30'. Below the output, it says 'Process finished with exit code 0'.

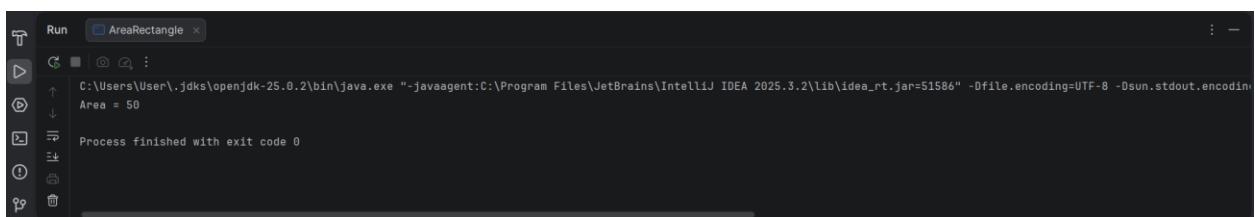
Program 4: Area of a Rectangle

Source Code:

```
class AreaRectangle {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int length = 10, breadth = 5;  
        System.out.println("Area = " + (length * breadth));  
    }  
}
```

Output:

Area = 50



The screenshot shows the IntelliJ IDEA interface with the 'Run' tab selected. The run configuration is named 'AreaRectangle'. The output window displays the command used to run the Java application and the resulting output: 'Area = 50'. Below the output, it says 'Process finished with exit code 0'.

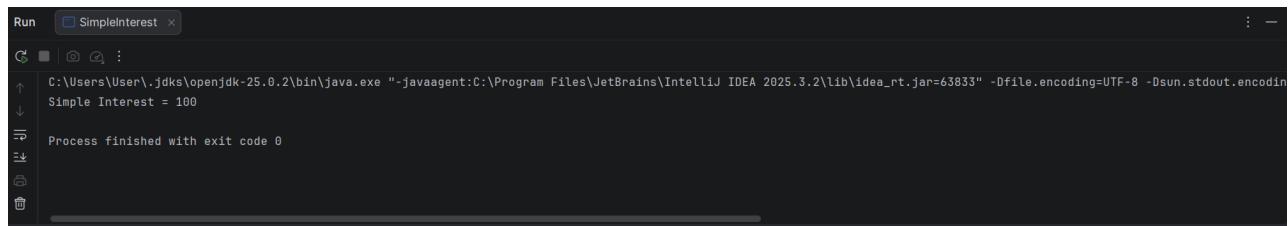
Program 5: Simple Interest Calculation

Source Code:

```
class SimpleInterest {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int p = 1000;  
        int r = 5;  
        int t = 2;  
        int si = (p * r * t) / 100;  
        System.out.println("Simple Interest = " + si);  
    }  
}
```

Output:

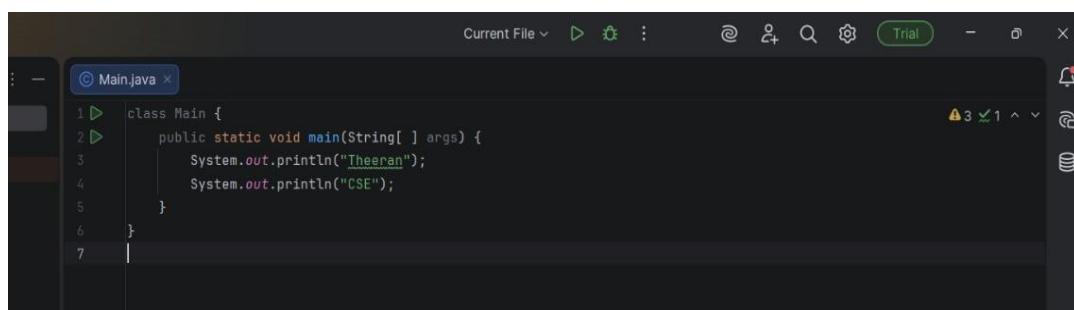
Simple Interest = 100



The screenshot shows the IntelliJ IDEA interface with the 'Run' tab selected. The title bar says 'Run SimpleInterest'. The run log displays the command used to run the Java application: 'C:\Users\User\.jdks\openjdk-25.0.2\bin\java.exe "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA 2025.3.2\lib\idea_rt.jar=63833" -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stdout.encoding=UTF-8'. Below this, the output of the program is shown: 'Simple Interest = 100'. At the bottom, it says 'Process finished with exit code 0'. There are icons for stopping and restarting the run.

POST LAB EXERCISE

1. Write a Java program to display your name and department.



The screenshot shows the IntelliJ IDEA code editor with a single file open: 'Main.java'. The code contains a simple main method that prints 'Theeran' and 'CSE' to the console. The code is as follows:

```
1 class Main {  
2     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3         System.out.println("Theeran");  
4         System.out.println("CSE");  
5     }  
6 }  
7
```

2.Modify the program to print the output in same line.



The screenshot shows a Java code editor with the following code:

```
Java
2 public static void main(String[] args) {
3     System.out.println("Theeran");
4     System.out.println("CSE");
5 }
6 }
```

Below the code editor is a "Your Output" window displaying the following text:

```
Your Output
Theeran
CSE
```

2. What happens if `main()` is written without `static`?

The program will compile, but the JVM cannot call `main()` and throws a runtime error because `static` is required to run without creating an object.

3. Why is Java called platform independent?

Because Java programs compile into bytecode, which can run on any system that has a JVM (Write Once, Run Anywhere).

4. Write a program to find the cube of a number.

```
java

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int n = 3;
        int cube = n * n * n;
        System.out.println(cube);
    }
}
```

Result:

Thus the Java IDE was successfully installed and a simple Java program was executed.

ASSESSMENT :

Description	Max Marks	Marks Awarded
Pre Lab Exercise	5	
In Lab Exercise	10	
Post Lab Exercise	5	
Viva	10	
Total	30	
Faculty Signature		