

Installation of Java and Simple Java Programs

Aim:

To install Java Development Kit (JDK), configure the environment, and write simple Java programs including Hello World.

PRE LAB EXERCISE

QUESTIONS

1. What is JDK and why is it required?

Ans:

JDK means java development kit. It is a software package used to create and run the java program. It contains tools like write, compile and java code but without JDK cannot run the java application.

2. Difference between JDK, JRE, and JVM.

Ans:

JVM – java virtual machine – Run only java program and other program compiled in byte code.

JRE – java runtime environment – It provide environment for JVM.

JDK – java development kit – It contain JRE and development tools and also include for JVM executing bytecode.

3. What is the purpose of the main() method in Java?

Ans:

It is the starting point of the program. Without the main() function, the program will not be executed.

IN LAB EXERCISE

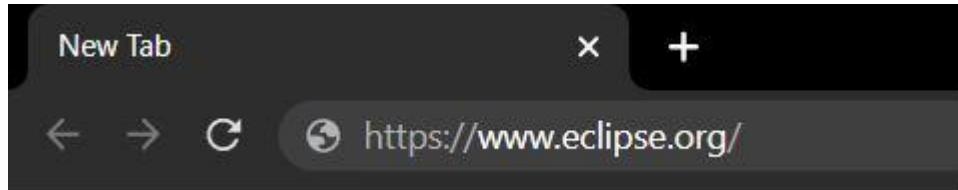
Objective:

To verify Java installation and execute a basic Java program.

INSTALLATION STEPS:

STEP 1: Open Browser

- Open your browser and go to the official [URL](https://www.eclipse.org/) Eclipse Downloads page.



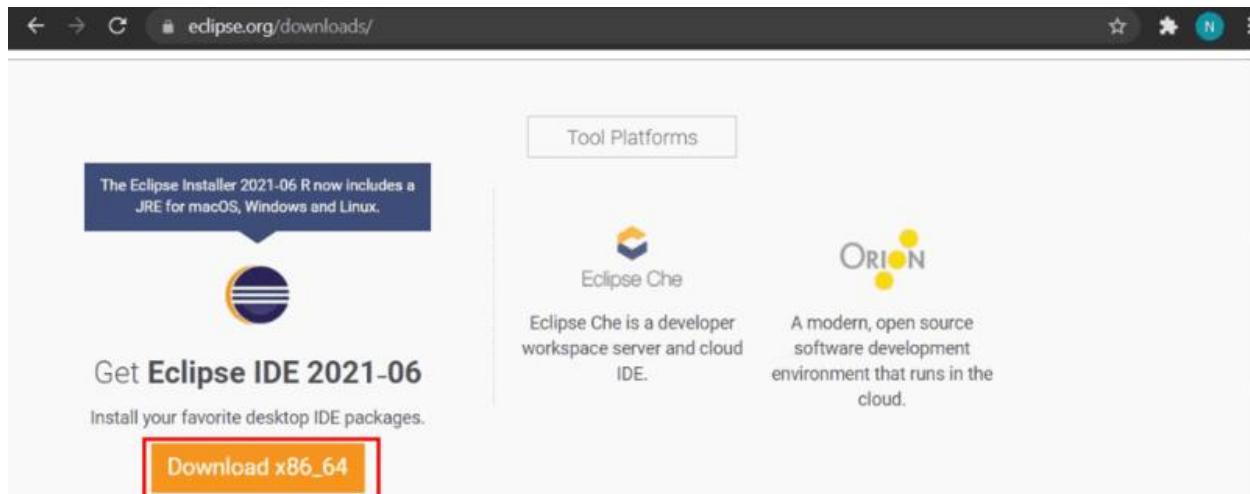
STEP 2: Download Eclipse Installer

- Then, click on the "Download" button to download Eclipse IDE.



STEP 3: Download EXE

- Now, click on the "Download x86_64" button.

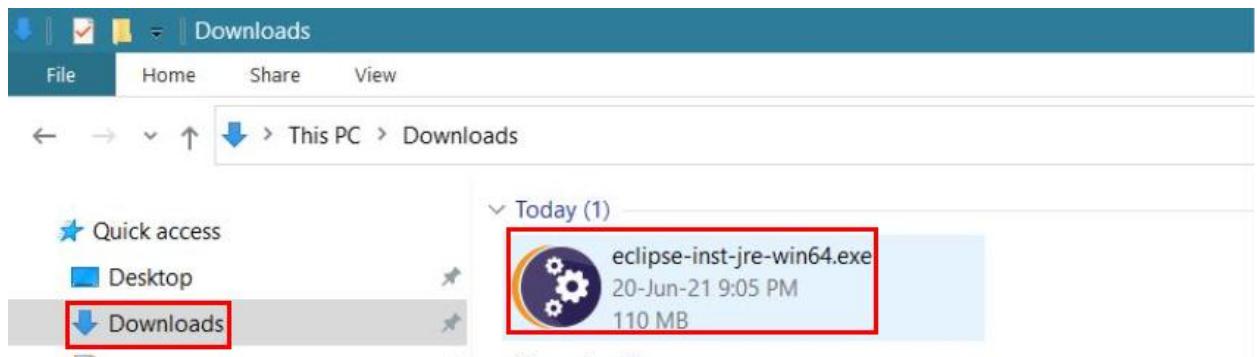


STEP 4: Then click on the "Download" button. After clicking on the download button the .exe file for the eclipse will be downloaded.

The screenshot shows the Eclipse Foundation Downloads page. At the top left is the Eclipse Foundation logo. At the top right is a menu icon. Below the header, the breadcrumb navigation shows Home / Downloads / Eclipse downloads - Select a mirror. A note below the breadcrumb states: "All downloads are provided under the terms and conditions of the Eclipse Foundation Software User Agreement unless otherwise specified." In the center, there is a large orange "Download" button with a white icon. Below it, the text "Download from: Japan - Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology (https)" is followed by a file link "File: eclipse-inst-jre-win64.exe" and its SHA-512 hash. At the bottom of the central area is a link "">> Select Another Mirror".

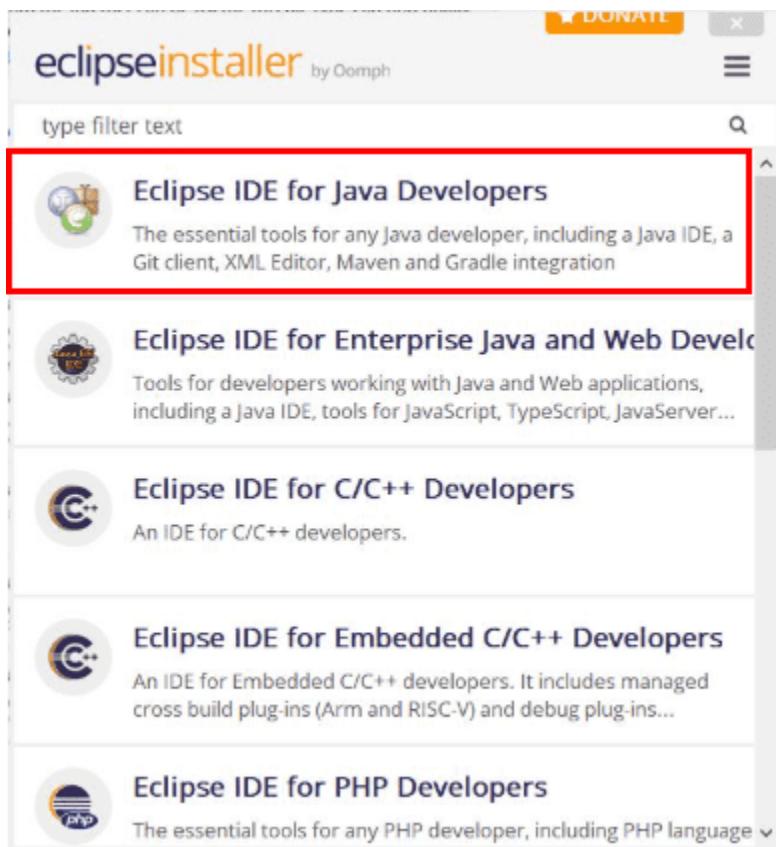
STEP 5: Open Download EXE

- Now go to File Explorer and click on "Downloads" after that click on the "*eclipse-inst-jre-win64.exe*" file for installing Eclipse IDE.



STEP 6: Install Eclipse

- Then, click on "Eclipse IDE for Java Developers".

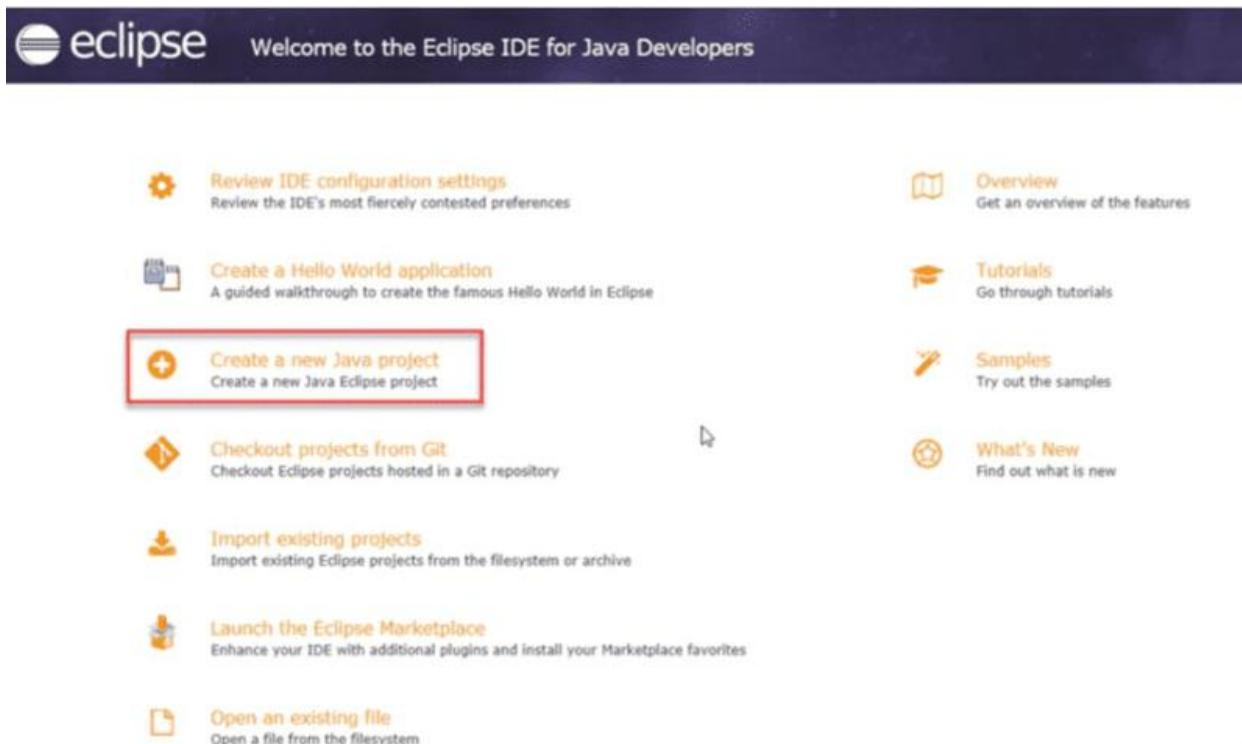


STEP 7: Then, click on the "Install" button.



Step 8: Create New Project

Now click on "Create a new Java project".



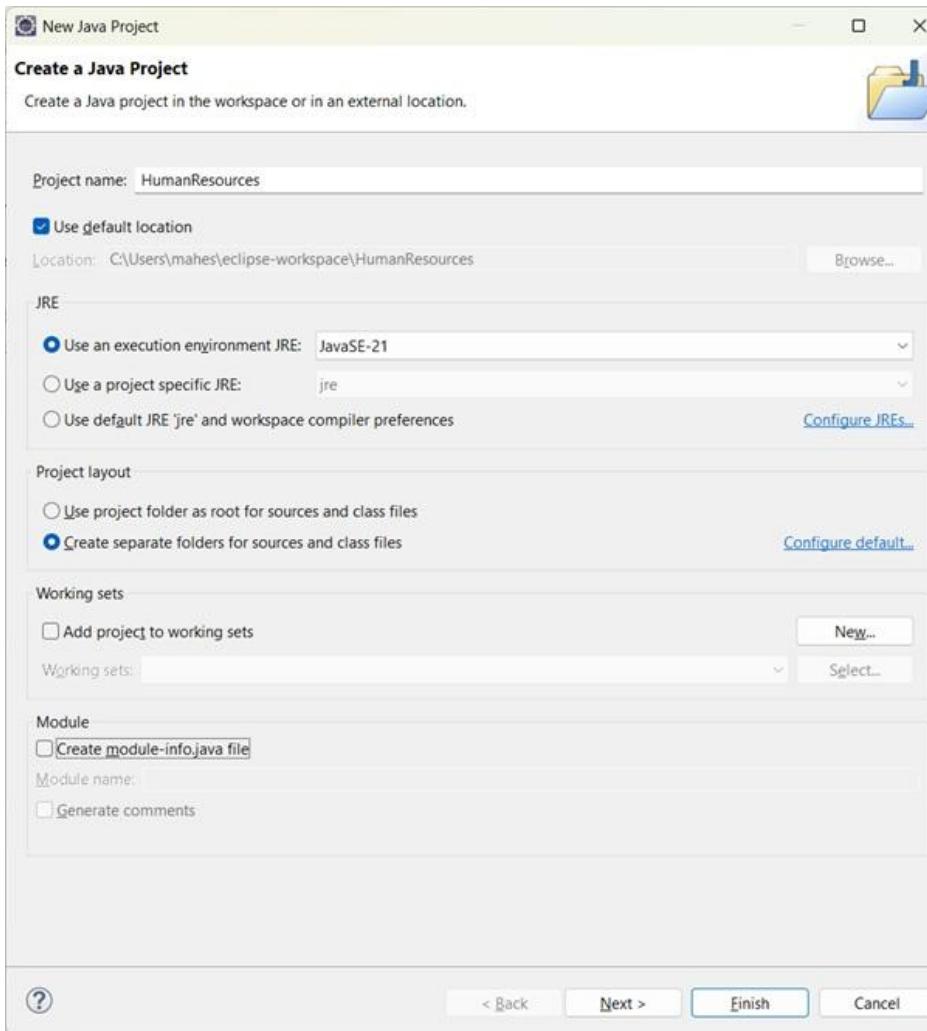
STEP 9: Create a new java project

- By clicking on the File menu and choosing New → Java Project.

- By right clicking anywhere in the Project Explorer and selecting New → Java Project.
- By clicking on the New button () in the Tool bar and selecting Java Project.

STEP 10: Enter the Project Name

- Select the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) or leave it at the default
- Select the Project Layout which determines whether there would be a separate folder for the source codes and class files. The recommended option is to create separate folders for sources and class files.

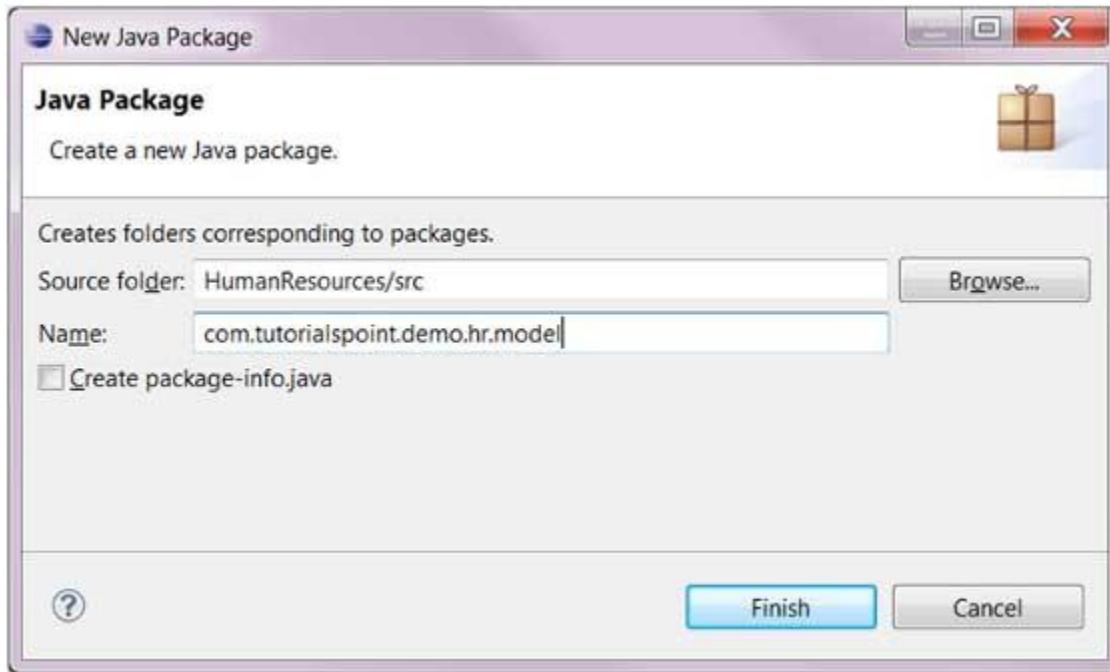


STEP 11: Create a new java package

- By clicking on the File menu and selecting New → Package.
- By right click in the package explorer and selecting New → Package.
- By clicking on the package icon which is in the tool bar().

STEP 11:

- Enter/confirm the source folder name.
- Enter the package name.
- Click on the Finish button.

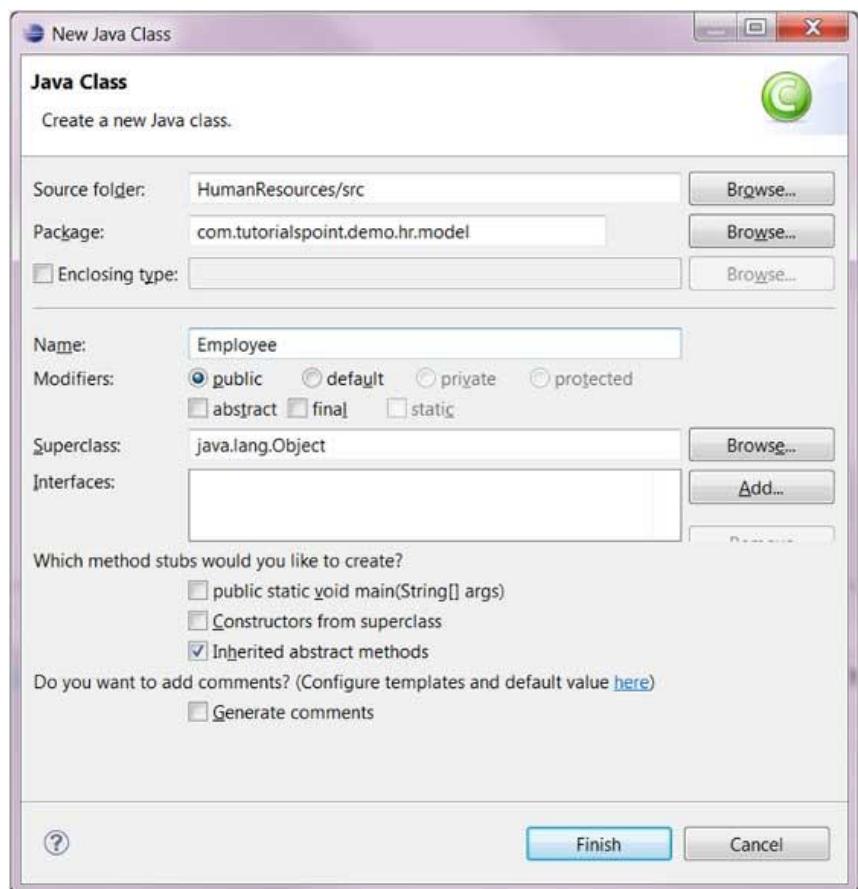


STEP 12: Create a New Java class.

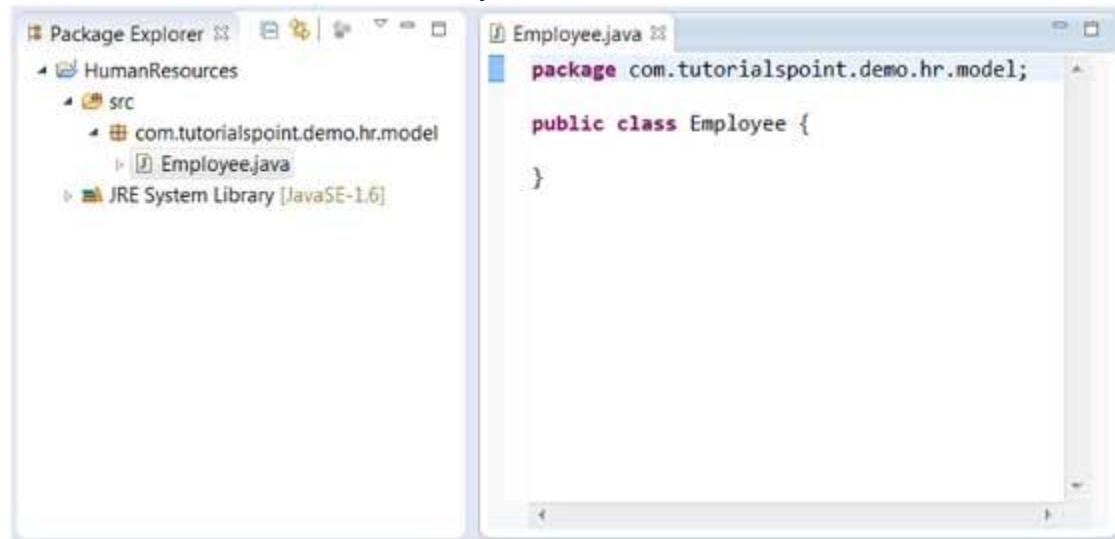
- By clicking on the File menu and selecting New → Class.
- By right clicking in the package explorer and selecting New → Class.
- By clicking on the class drop down button (C+) and selecting class (C).

STEP 13:

- Ensure the source folder and package are correct.
- Enter the class name.
- Select the appropriate class modifier.
- Enter the super class name or click on the Browse button to search for an existing class.
- Click on the Add button to select the interfaces implemented by this class.
- Examine and modify the check boxes related to method stubs and comments.



STEP 14: Class created successfully.



BASIC PROGRAMS:

Program 1: Hello World Program

Source Code:

```
class HelloWorld {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Hello World");  
    }  
}
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\prawin H\OneDrive\Desktop\tspot\bin\java.exe' '-XX:+ShowCodeDeta  
g\Code\User\workspaceStorage\99647c62e  
'HelloWorld'  
Hello World
```

Program 2: Display Personal Details

Source Code:

```
class DisplayInfo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Name: Anitha");  
        System.out.println("Age: 20");  
    }  
}
```

Output:

```
'C:\Program Files\Eclipse Add  
ionMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users'  
e0fec2abefad\redhat.java\jdt_  
Name: Prawin H  
Age: 19  
PS C:\Users\prawin H\OneDrive
```

Program 3: Addition of Two Numbers

Source Code:

```
class AddTwoNumbers {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
int a = 10, b = 20;  
System.out.println("Sum = " + (a + b));  
}  
}
```

Output:

```
'AddTwoNumbers'  
Sum = 50  
PS C:\Users\prawin H\OneDrive\Desktop'
```

Program 4: Area of a Rectangle

Source Code:

```
class AreaRectangle {  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
int length = 10, breadth = 5;  
System.out.println("Area = " + (length * breadth));  
}  
}
```

Output:

```
e0fec2abefad\redhat.java\jdt_ws\educat  
Area = 56  
PS C:\Users\prawin H\OneDrive\Desktop\
```

Program 5: Simple Interest Calculation

Source Code:

```
class SimpleInterest {  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
int p = 1000;  
int r = 5;  
int t = 2;  
int si = (p * r * t) / 100;  
System.out.println("Simple Interest = " + si);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Output:

```
Simple Interest = 300
PS C:\Users\prawin H\OneDrive\Desktop\ed
```

POST LAB EXERCISE

1. Write a Java program to display your name and department.

Code:

It is used `println` the output is print after that next output print in next line.

```
class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Name: Prawin H");
        System.out.println("Department: Computer Science");
    }
}
```

2. Modify the program to print the output in same line.

It is used `print` the output in same line not `println`.

Code:

```
class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.print("Name: Prawin H ");
        System.out.print("Department: Computer Science");
    }
}
```

}

3. What happens if `main()` is written without `static`?

Ans:

If `main()` is not static, the program cannot execute.

4. Why is Java called platform independent?

Ans:

Java is platform independent because it uses JVM, so we can write a program once and run it anywhere.

5. Write a program to find the cube of a number.

Ans:

```
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int n = 5;  
  
        int cube = n * n * n;  
  
        System.out.println("Cube of " + n + " is " + cube);  
    }  
}
```

Result:

Thus the Java IDE was successfully installed and a simple Java program was executed.

ASSESSMENT

Description	Max Marks	Marks Awarded
Pre Lab Exercise	5	
In Lab Exercise	10	
Post Lab Exercise	5	
Viva	10	
Total	30	
Faculty Signature		