

Input and Output Statements in Java

Aim:

To understand and use input and output statements in Java using the Scanner class.

PRE LAB EXERCISE

QUESTIONS

1. What is input in a program?

Input is the **data or values given to a program** for processing.
It is provided by the **user or another program**.

Example:

Entering a number from the keyboard.

2. What is output in a program?

Output is the **result produced by the program** after processing the input.
It is displayed to the **user**.

Example:

Displaying the sum of two numbers on the screen.

3. Which class is used to read input from the user in Java?

The **Scanner class** is used to read input from the user in Java.

Package: java.util.Scanner

Example:

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

IN LAB EXERCISE

Objective:

To read input from the user and display the output using Java input and output statements.

INPUT STATEMENT:

SCANNER CLASS

- ✓ The Scanner class in Java is used to read input from the user through the keyboard. It is available in the package java.util.
- ✓ The Scanner object reads different types of input such as integer, float, double, and string and stores them in variables.
- ✓ To use the Scanner class, it must be imported before using it in the program.

SYNTAX:

- ✓ `Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);`

Commonly Used Scanner Methods:

- ✓ `nextInt()` – reads an integer value
- ✓ `nextFloat()` – reads a float value
- ✓ `nextDouble()` – reads a double value
- ✓ `next()` – reads a single word
- ✓ `nextLine()` – reads a complete line of text

PROGRAMS:

Program 1: Read and Display Name

Source Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class ReadName {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter your name: ");

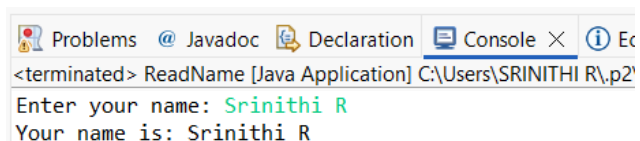
        String name = sc.nextLine();

        System.out.println("Your name is: " + name);

    }

}
```

Output:



```
<terminated> ReadName [Java Application] C:\Users\SRINITHI R\.p2
Enter your name: Srinithi R
Your name is: Srinithi R
```

Program 2: Read Two Numbers and Print Sum

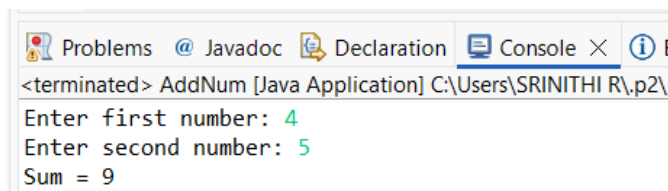
Source Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class SumInput {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter first number: ");
        int a = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter second number: ");
        int b = sc.nextInt();
        int sum = a + b;
        System.out.println("Sum = " + sum);
    }
}
```

Output:



```
<terminated> AddNum [Java Application] C:\Users\SRINITHI R\p2\
Enter first number: 4
Enter second number: 5
Sum = 9
```

Program 3: Read Length and Breadth and Find Area of Rectangle

Source Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class AreaRectangleInput {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter length: ");
        int length = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter breadth: ");
```

```

int breadth = sc.nextInt();

int area = length * breadth;

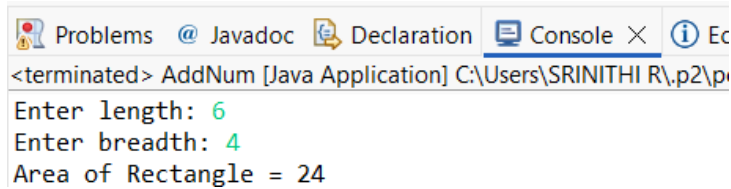
System.out.println("Area of Rectangle = " + area);

}

}

```

Output:



```

<terminated> AddNum [Java Application] C:\Users\SRINITHI R\p2\p
Enter length: 6
Enter breadth: 4
Area of Rectangle = 24

```

POST LAB EXERCISE

- What is the use of the Scanner class in Java?
The **Scanner class** is used to **read input from the user** through the keyboard.
- Which package contains the Scanner class?
The **java.util** package contains the **Scanner class**.
- What does System.in represent?
System.in represents the **standard input stream**, used to take **input from the keyboard**.
- What does System.out represent?
System.out represents the **standard output stream**, used to **display output on the screen**.
- Name any two methods used to read input using Scanner.
 - `nextInt()`
 - `nextLine()`
- What is the difference between `next()` and `nextLine()`?

next()	nextLine()
Reads a single word	Reads a full line
Stops at space	Reads until Enter key
Cannot read spaces	Can read spaces

Example:

Input: Srinithi R

- `next()` → Srinithi
- `nextLine()` → Srinithi R

Result:

Thus the input was successfully read from the user and the corresponding output was displayed using Java input and output statements.

ASSESSMENT

Description	Max Marks	Marks Awarded
Pre Lab Exercise	5	
In Lab Exercise	10	
Post Lab Exercise	5	
Viva	10	
Total	30	
Faculty Signature		