

Theeran. P

24BCS298

CSE-A1

Installation of Java and Simple Java Programs

Aim:

To install Java Development Kit (JDK), configure the environment, and write simple Java programs including Hello World.

PRE LAB EXERCISE:

QUESTIONS:

1. What is JDK and why is it required?

JDK (Java Development Kit) is a software package used to develop Java programs. It includes the compiler, libraries, and tools needed to write, compile, and run Java applications.

2. Difference between JDK, JRE, and JVM.

JDK: Used for developing Java programs; includes JRE and development tools.

JRE: Used to run Java programs; includes JVM and libraries.

JVM: Executes Java bytecode and makes Java platform independent.

3. What is the purpose of the main() method in Java?

The main() method is the starting point of a Java program. Program execution begins from this method.

IN LAB EXERCISE:

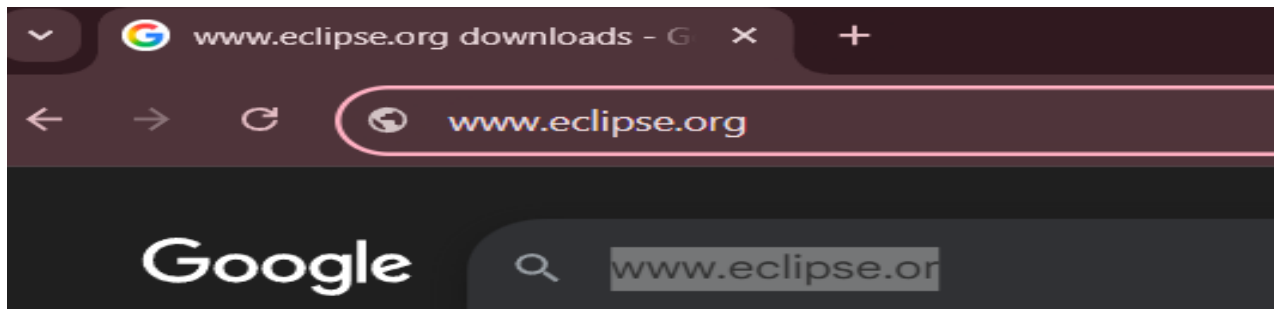
Objective:

To verify Java installation and execute a basic Java program.

INSTALLATION STEPS:

STEP 1: Open Browser

- Open your browser and go to the official [URL](https://www.eclipse.org) Eclipse Downloads page.



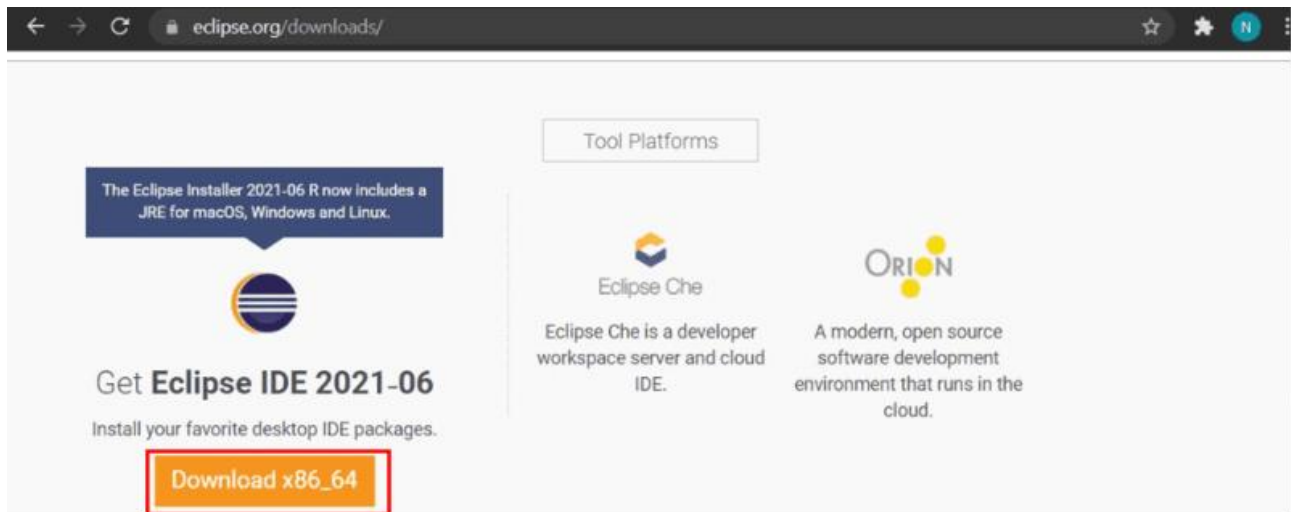
STEP 2: Download Eclipse Installer:

- Then, click on the "Download" button to download Eclipse IDE.

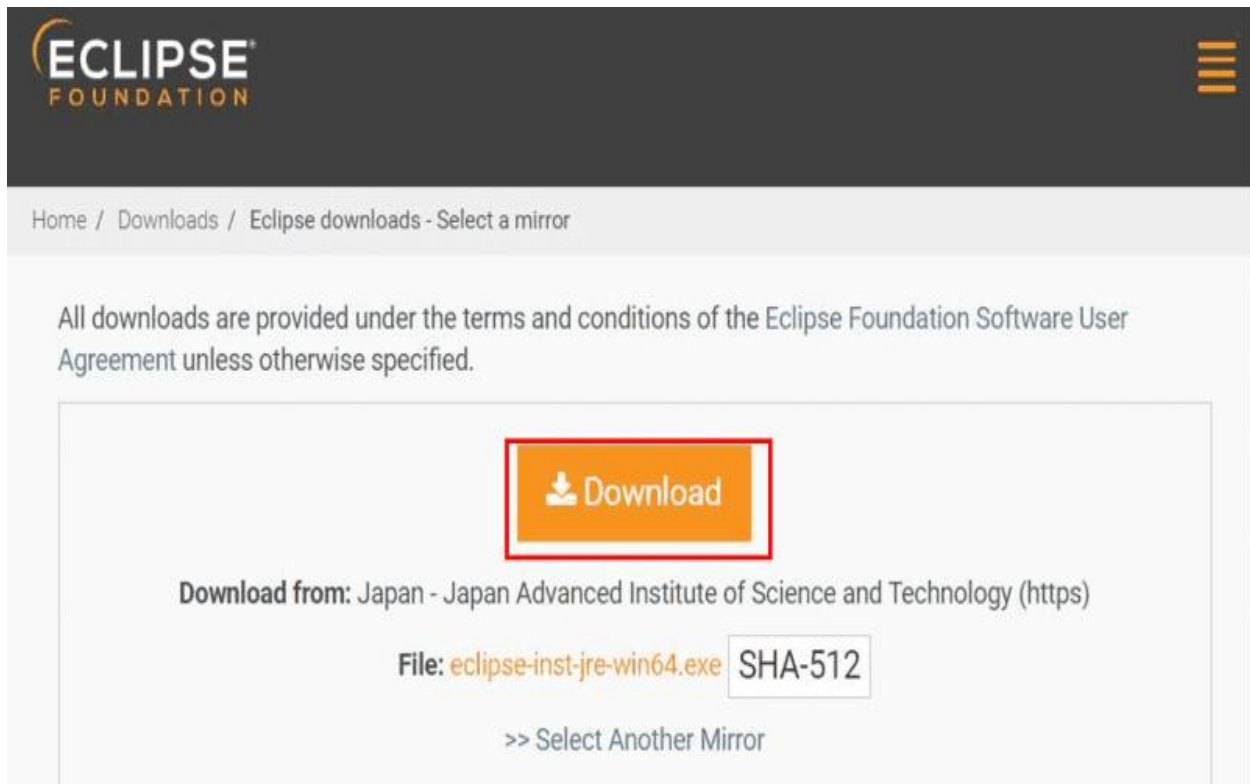


STEP 3: Download EXE

- Now, click on the "Download x86_64" button.

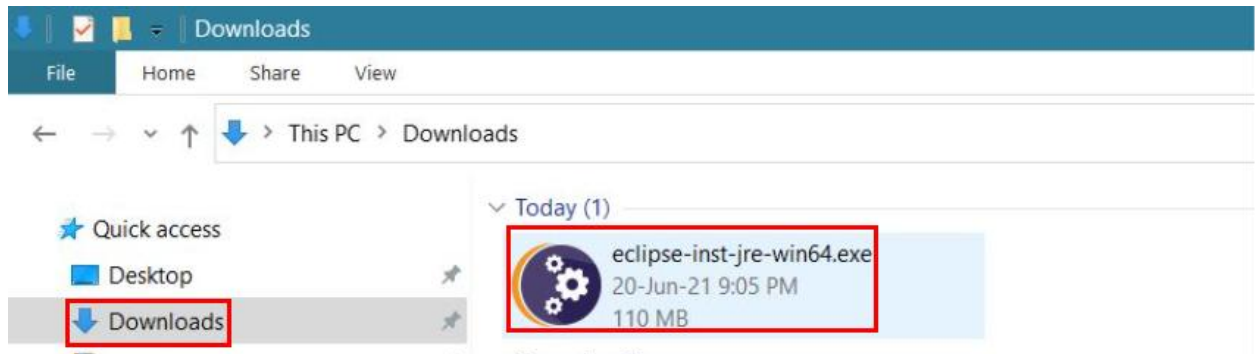


STEP 4: Then click on the "Download" button. After clicking on the download button the .exe file for the eclipse will be downloaded.



STEP 5: Open Download EXE

- Now go to File Explorer and click on "Downloads" after that click on the "*eclipse-inst-jre-win64.exe*" file for installing Eclipse IDE.



STEP 6: Install Eclipse

- Then, click on "Eclipse IDE for Java Developers".

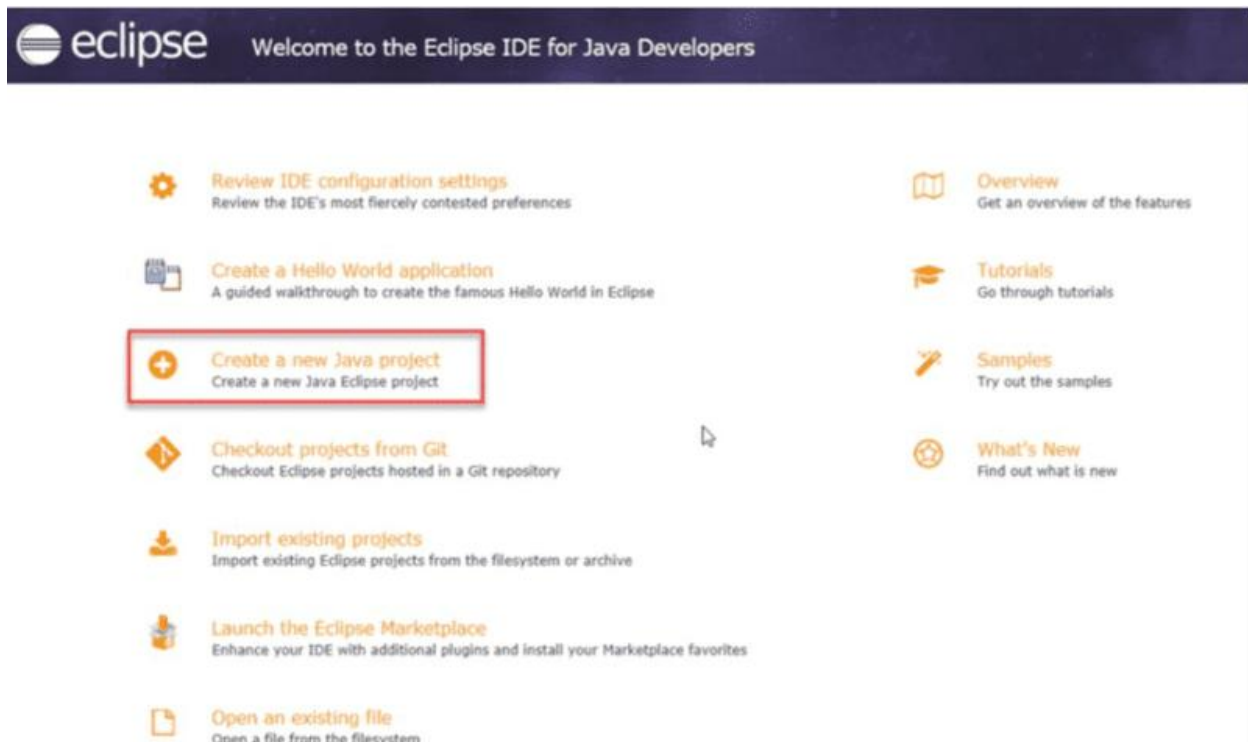


- **STEP 7: Then, click on the "Install" button.**




Step 8: Create New Project

Now click on "Create a new Java project".

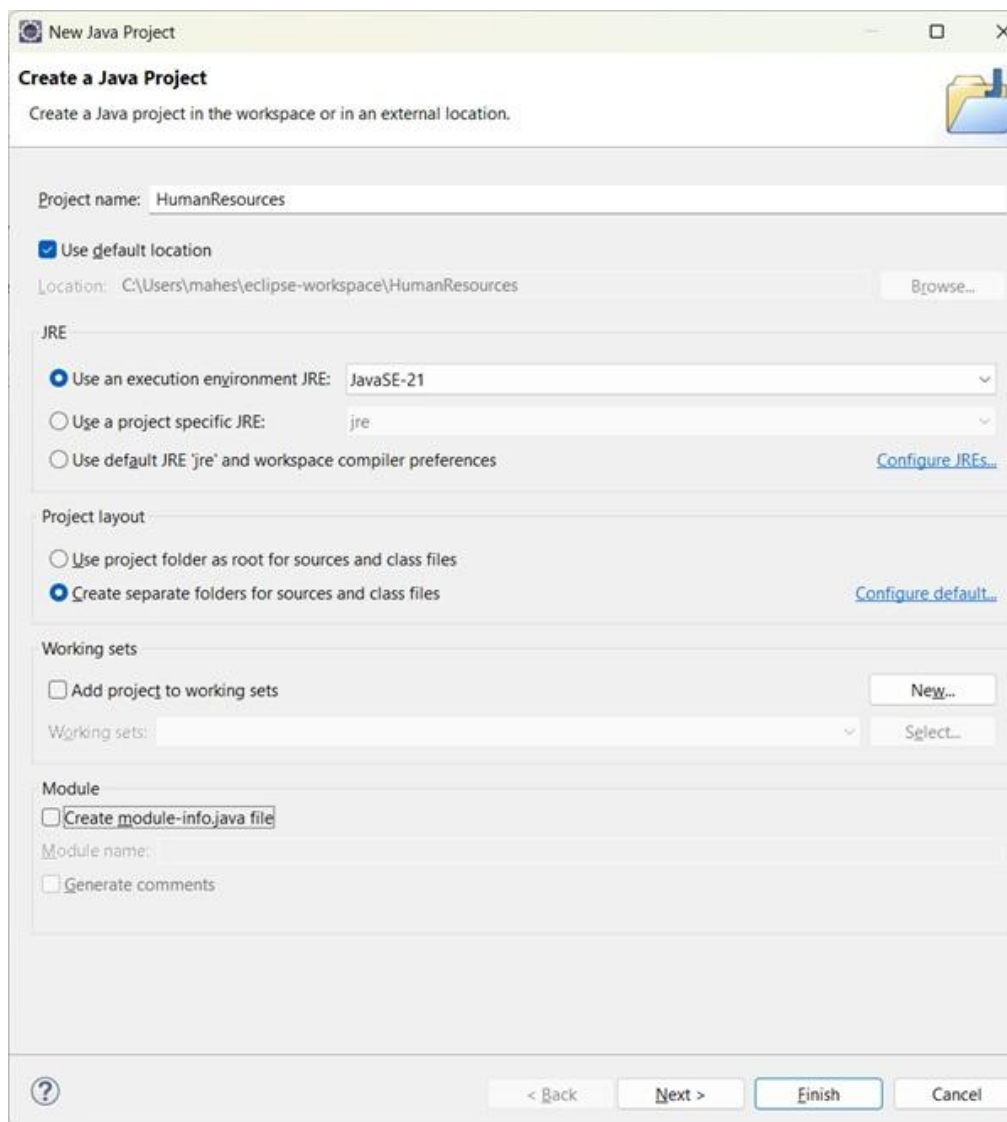


STEP 9: Create a new java project

- By clicking on the File menu and choosing New → Java Project.
- By right clicking anywhere in the Project Explorer and selecting New → Java Project.
- By clicking on the New button () in the Tool bar and selecting Java Project.

STEP 10: Enter the Project Name

- Select the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) or leave it at the default
- Select the Project Layout which determines whether there would be a separate folder for the source codes and class files. The recommended option is to create separate folders for sources and class files.




The screenshot shows the 'New Java Project' dialog box with the following settings:

- Project name:** HumanResources
- Use default location:** ☒ (Location: C:\Users\mahes\eclipse-workspace\HumanResources)
- JRE:**
 - ☒ Use an execution environment JRE: JavaSE-21
 - ☐ Use a project specific JRE: jre
 - ☐ Use default JRE 'jre' and workspace compiler preferences
- Project layout:**
 - ☐ Use project folder as root for sources and class files
 - ☒ Create separate folders for sources and class files
- Working sets:**
 - ☐ Add project to working sets
 - Working sets: (empty list)
- Module:**
 - ☐ Create module-info.java file
 - Module name: (empty field)
 - ☐ Generate comments

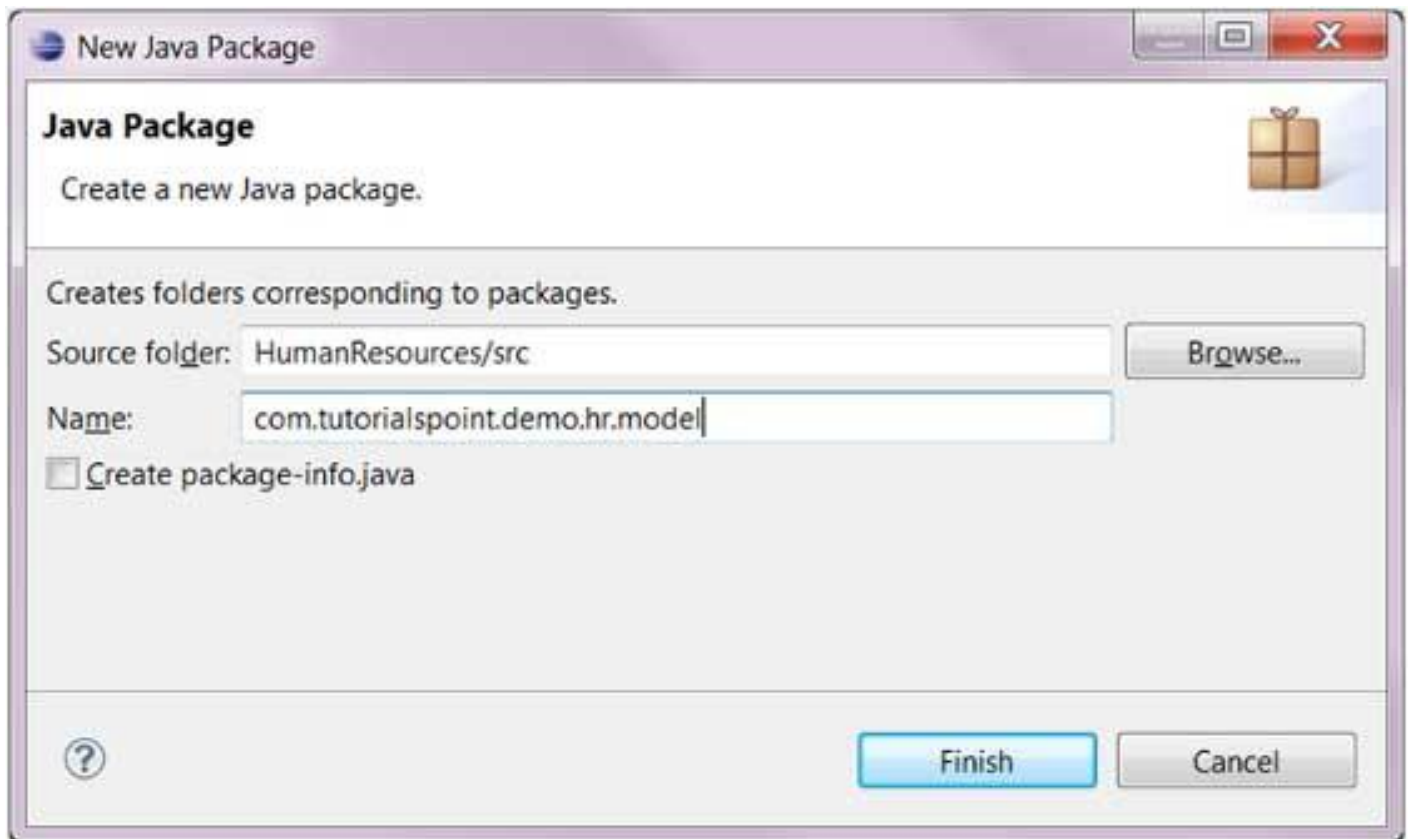
Buttons at the bottom: < Back, Next >, Finish, Cancel.

STEP 11: Create a new java package



- By clicking on the File menu and selecting New → Package.
- By right click in the package explorer and selecting New → Package.
- By clicking on the package icon which is in the tool bar().

STEP 11:

- Enter/confirm the source folder name.
- Enter the package name.
- Click on the Finish button.



STEP 12: Create a New Java class.

- By clicking on the File menu and selecting New → Class.
- By right clicking in the package explorer and selecting New → Class.
- By clicking on the class drop down button () and selecting class ().

STEP 13:

- Ensure the source folder and package are correct.
- Enter the class name.
- Select the appropriate class modifier.
- Enter the super class name or click on the Browse button to search for an existing class.
- Click on the Add button to select the interfaces implemented by this class.
- Examine and modify the check boxes related to method stubs and comments.

New Java Class

Create a new Java class.

Source folder:

Package:

☐ Enclosing type:

Name:

Modifiers: ☒ public ☐ default ☐ private ☐ protected
☐ abstract ☐ final ☐ static

Superclass:

Interfaces:

Which method stubs would you like to create?

☐ public static void main(String[] args)

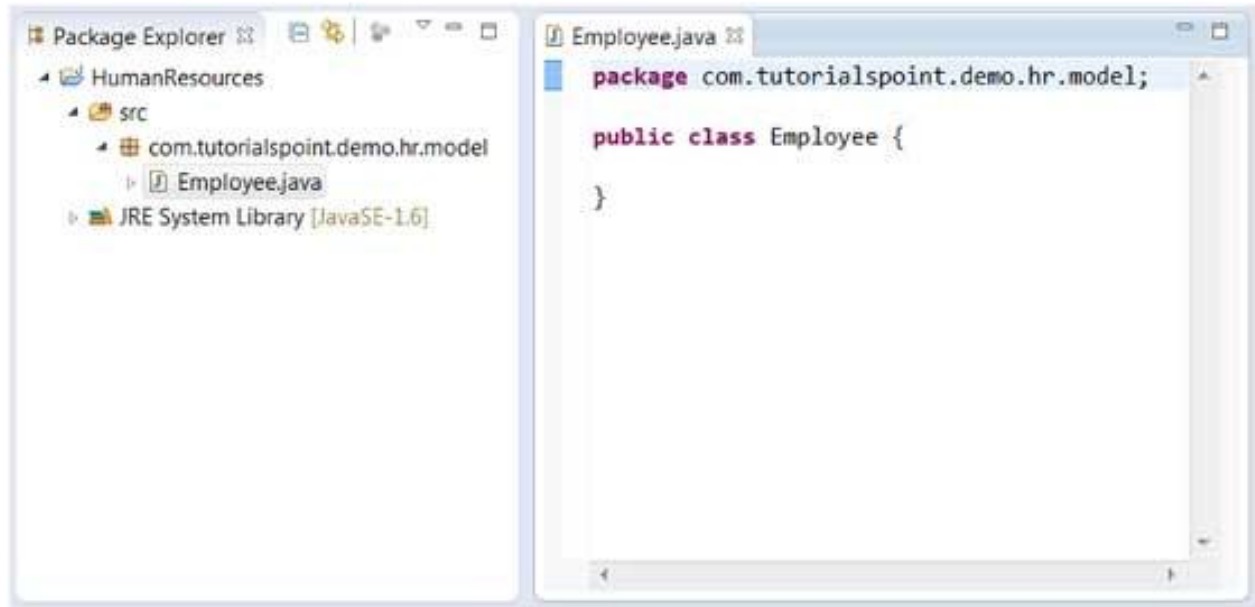
☐ Constructors from superclass

☒ Inherited abstract methods

Do you want to add comments? (Configure templates and default value [here](#))

☐ Generate comments

STEP 14: Class created successfully.



BASIC PROGRAMS:

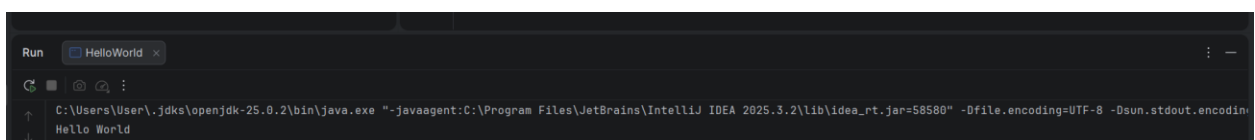
Program 1: Hello World Program

Source Code:

```
class HelloWorld {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Hello World");  
    }  
}
```

Output:

Hello World



Program 2: Display Personal Details

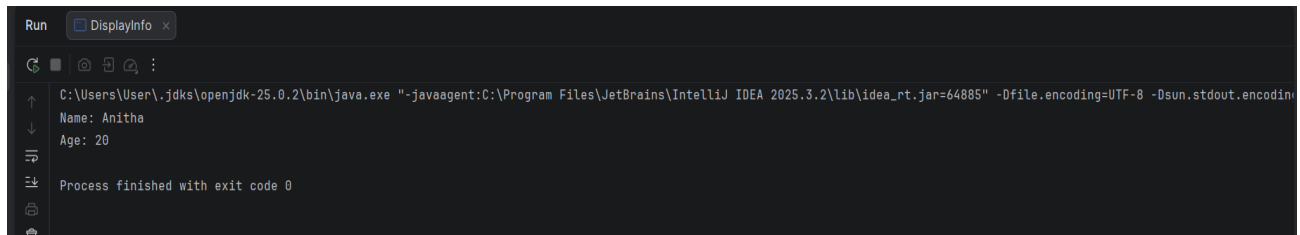
Source Code:

```
class DisplayInfo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Name: Anitha");  
        System.out.println("Age: 20");  
    }  
}
```

Output:

Name: Anitha

Age: 20

A screenshot of a Java IDE's run console. The window title is 'Run' with a sub-tab 'DisplayInfo'. The console shows the command: 'C:\Users\User\jdk-25.0.2\bin\java.exe "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA 2025.3.2\lib\idea_rt.jar=64085" -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stdout.encoding=UTF-8'. The output is 'Name: Anitha' followed by 'Age: 20' on the next line. At the bottom, it says 'Process finished with exit code 0'.

```
Run  DisplayInfo x  
C:\Users\User\jdk-25.0.2\bin\java.exe "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA 2025.3.2\lib\idea_rt.jar=64085" -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stdout.encoding=UTF-8  
Name: Anitha  
Age: 20  
Process finished with exit code 0
```

Program 3: Addition of Two Numbers

Source Code:

```
class AddTwoNumbers {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 10, b = 20;  
        System.out.println("Sum = " + (a + b));  
    }  
}
```

Output:

Sum = 30

A screenshot of the IntelliJ IDEA Run console. The title bar shows 'Run' and 'AddTwoNumbers'. The console output displays the command path, the execution of 'Sum = 30', and a message 'Process finished with exit code 0'.

```
Run AddTwoNumbers x
C:\Users\User\.jdk\openjdk-25.0.2\bin\java.exe "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA 2025.3.2\lib\idea_rt.jar=56031" -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stdout.encoding=UTF-8
Sum = 30
Process finished with exit code 0
```

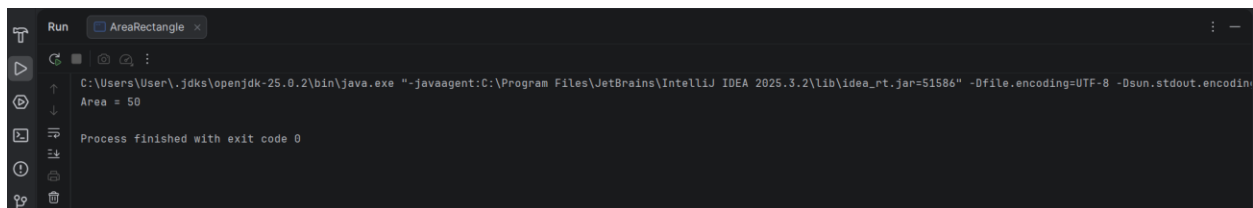
Program 4: Area of a Rectangle

Source Code:

```
class AreaRectangle {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int length = 10, breadth = 5;
        System.out.println("Area = " + (length * breadth));
    }
}
```

Output:

Area = 50

A screenshot of the IntelliJ IDEA Run console. The title bar shows 'Run' and 'AreaRectangle'. The console output displays the command path, the execution of 'Area = 50', and a message 'Process finished with exit code 0'.

```
Run AreaRectangle x
C:\Users\User\.jdk\openjdk-25.0.2\bin\java.exe "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA 2025.3.2\lib\idea_rt.jar=51586" -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stdout.encoding=UTF-8
Area = 50
Process finished with exit code 0
```

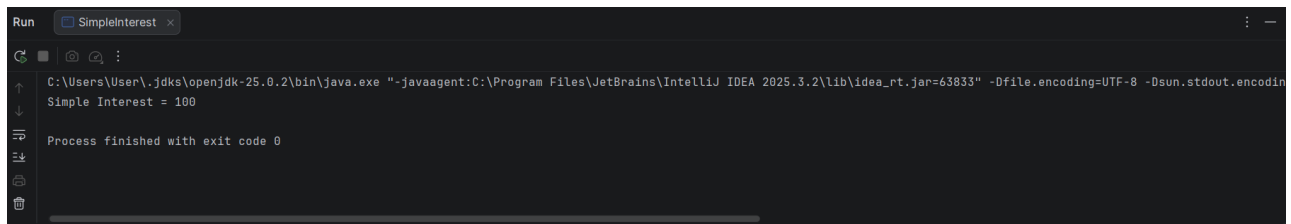
Program 5: Simple Interest Calculation

Source Code:

```
class SimpleInterest {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int p = 1000;  
        int r = 5;  
        int t = 2;  
        int si = (p * r * t) / 100;  
        System.out.println("Simple Interest = " + si);  
    }  
}
```

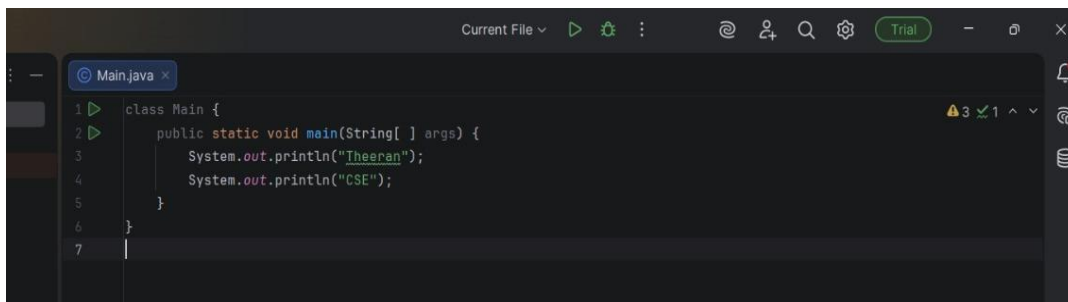
Output:

Simple Interest = 100

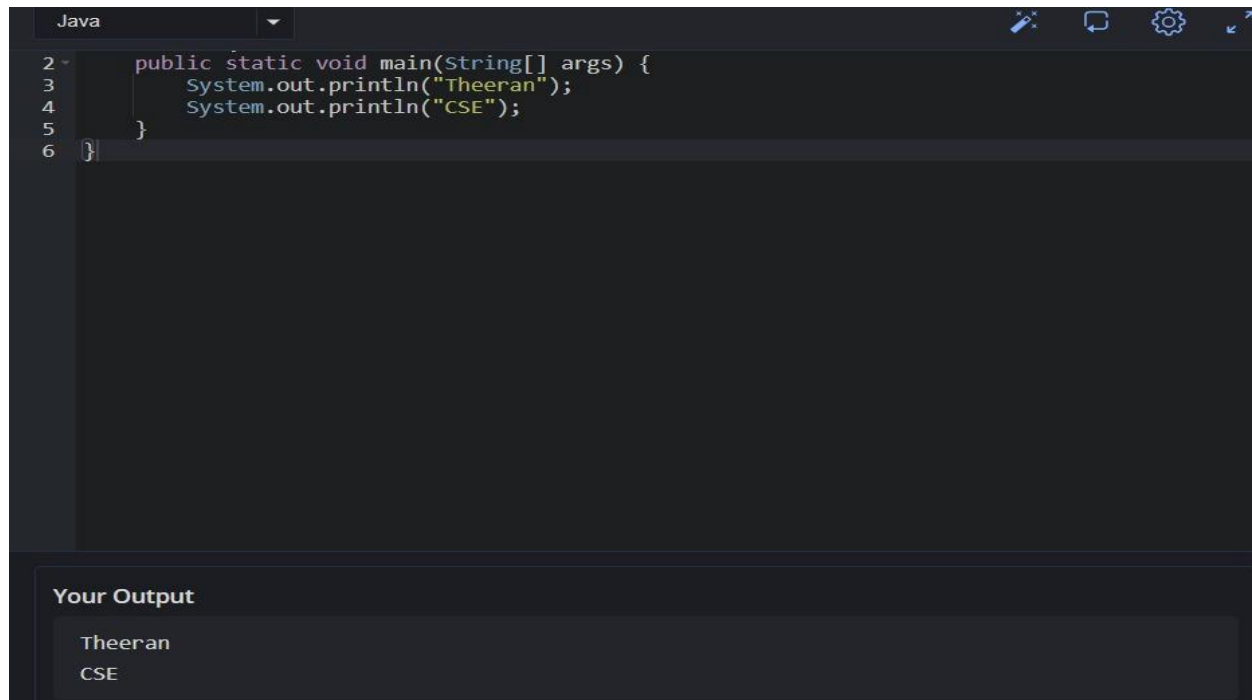


POST LAB EXERCISE

1. Write a Java program to display your name and department.



2. Modify the program to print the output in same line.

A screenshot of a Java IDE. The top pane shows a Java file with the following code:

```
2 public static void main(String[] args) {  
3     System.out.println("Theeran");  
4     System.out.println("CSE");  
5 }  
6
```

The bottom pane, titled "Your Output", shows the program's output:

```
Theeran  
CSE
```

2. What happens if `main()` is written without `static`?

The program will compile, but the JVM cannot call `main()` and throws a runtime error because `static` is required to run without creating an object.

3. Why is Java called platform independent?

Because Java programs compile into bytecode, which can run on any system that has a JVM (Write Once, Run Anywhere).

4. Write a program to find the cube of a number.

```
java  
  
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int n = 3;  
        int cube = n * n * n;  
        System.out.println(cube);  
    }  
}
```

Result:

Thus the Java IDE was successfully installed and a simple Java program was executed.

ASSESSMENT :

Description	Max Marks	Marks Awarded
Pre Lab Exercise	5	
In Lab Exercise	10	
Post Lab Exercise	5	
Viva	10	
Total	30	
Faculty Signature		