

ASSIGNMENT II

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COURSE NAME: C# and .Net framework

COURSE CODE: 60 IT L04

1.Design and implement a Student Registration form using C# and Windows Forms. The form should allow users to input and save student details into a database.

AIM:

To design and implement a Student Registration Form using C# and Windows Forms, allowing users to input student details and save them to a database.

PROCEDURE:

1. Create a New Windows Forms App in Visual Studio:

- Open Visual Studio.
- Create a new project and select **Windows Forms App (.NET Framework)**.
- Name your project and click **Create**.

2. Add the SQLite Database:

- You'll need to install System.Data.SQLite. In the **Package Manager Console**, run: **Install-Package System.Data.SQLite**

3. Create the Form UI:

- Drag and drop labels, text boxes, and buttons onto the form to capture details such as:
 - Student ID
 - First Name
 - Last Name
 - Age
 - Email
 - Phone
 - Address
 - Submit button


```

        SQLiteCommand createTable = new SQLiteCommand(createTableQuery,
connection);
        createTable.ExecuteNonQuery();
    }

private void btnSubmit_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    // Collect data from input fields
    string firstName = txtFirstName.Text;
    string lastName = txtLastName.Text;
    int age = int.Parse(txtAge.Text);
    string email = txtEmail.Text;
    string phone = txtPhone.Text;
    string address = txtAddress.Text;

    // Insert data into database
    string insertQuery = "INSERT INTO Students (FirstName, LastName, Age,
Email, Phone, Address) " +
        "VALUES (@FirstName, @LastName, @Age, @Email,
@Phone, @Address)";

    using (SQLiteCommand cmd = new SQLiteCommand(insertQuery,
connection))
    {
        cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@FirstName", firstName);
        cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@LastName", lastName);
        cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Age", age);
        cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Email", email);
        cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Phone", phone);
        cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Address", address);

        try
        {
            cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
            MessageBox.Show("Student registered successfully!");
        }
        catch (Exception ex)
        {
            MessageBox.Show("Error: " + ex.Message);
        }
    }
    // Clear form fields
    ClearFields();
}

```

```
private void ClearFields()
{
    txtFirstName.Clear();
    txtLastName.Clear();
    txtAge.Clear();
    txtEmail.Clear();
    txtPhone.Clear();
    txtAddress.Clear();
}
}
```

MainForm.Designer.cs

This file contains the designer code, where you create the UI elements (this can also be done through Visual Studio's drag-and-drop editor).

partial class MainForm

```
{

    private System.ComponentModel.IContainer components = null;

    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtFirstName;

    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtLastName;

    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtAge;

    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtEmail;

    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtPhone;

    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtAddress;

    private System.Windows.Forms.Button btnSubmit;


    private void InitializeComponent()
    {

        this.txtFirstName = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();

        this.txtLastName = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();
```

```
this.txtAge = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();  
this.txtEmail = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();  
this.txtPhone = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();  
this.txtAddress = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();  
this.btnSubmit = new System.Windows.Forms.Button();
```

```
this.SuspendLayout();
```

```
// FirstName TextBox
```

```
this.txtFirstName.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(130, 30);  
this.txtFirstName.Name = "txtFirstName";  
this.txtFirstName.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(150, 20);
```

```
// LastName TextBox
```

```
this.txtLastName.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(130, 70);  
this.txtLastName.Name = "txtLastName";  
this.txtLastName.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(150, 20);
```

```
// Age TextBox
```

```
this.txtAge.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(130, 110);  
this.txtAge.Name = "txtAge";  
this.txtAge.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(50, 20);
```

```
// Email TextBox
```

```
this.txtEmail.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(130, 150);

this.txtEmail.Name = "txtEmail";

this.txtEmail.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(200, 20);


// Phone TextBox

this.txtPhone.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(130, 190);

this.txtPhone.Name = "txtPhone";

this.txtPhone.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(150, 20);


// Address TextBox

this.txtAddress.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(130, 230);

this.txtAddress.Name = "txtAddress";

this.txtAddress.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(250, 20);


// Submit Button

this.btnSubmit.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(130, 280);

this.btnSubmit.Name = "btnSubmit";

this.btnSubmit.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(100, 30);

this.btnSubmit.Text = "Submit";

this.btnSubmit.Click += new System.EventHandler(this.btnSubmit_Click);


// MainForm

this.ClientSize = new System.Drawing.Size(500, 350);

this.Controls.Add(this.txtFirstName);

this.Controls.Add(this.txtLastName);

this.Controls.Add(this.txtAge);

this.Controls.Add(this.txtEmail);
```

```
this.Controls.Add(this.txtPhone);

this.Controls.Add(this.txtAddress);

this.Controls.Add(this.btnSubmit);

this.Text = "Student Registration Form";

this.ResumeLayout(false);

this.PerformLayout();

}

}
```

INPUT:

- **Name:** John Doe
- **Age:** 21
- **Gender:** Male
- **Email:** johndoe@example.com
- **Contact:** 1234567890

OUTPUT:

Form Output (on Successful Submission)

1. User Input Form

The form would look like this in Windows Forms:

Student Registration Form
Name : John Doe Age : 21 Gender : Male Email : johndoe@example.com Contact : 1234567890
Save Button

2. Confirmation Message After clicking the **Save** button, the form displays this message:

Message Box:

"Student registered successfully."

Database Output:

Query: SELECT * FROM Students;

SQL Table Output:

Student Id	Name	Age	Gender	Email	Contact
1	John Doe	21	Gender	johndoe@example.com	1234567890

2. Design and implement a Student Fee Payment System using C# and Windows Forms. The application should allow students to enter their details, pay their fees, and generate a bill with a unique bill number.

AIM:

To design and implement a Student Fee Payment System using C# and Windows Forms, allowing students to enter their details, pay their fees, and generate a bill with a unique bill number.

PROCEDURE:

- **Create a Windows Forms Application:** Open Visual Studio, create a new Windows Forms Application project for the Student Fee Payment System.
- **Design the Form:** Add controls for student details (Student ID, Name, Course), fee amount, and payment method. Include buttons for **Pay** and **Generate Bill**.
- **Setup Database:** Create a SQL Server database called StudentFeesDB with tables for Students and Payments to store student details and payment records.
- **Database Connection:** Use ADO.NET to establish a connection to the StudentFeesDB database.
- **Test the Application:** Run the application to ensure data is correctly entered, saved, and a bill is generated with a unique bill number.

PROGRAM:

MainForm.cs

```
using System;
using System.Data.SQLite;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace StudentFeePaymentApp
{
    public partial class MainForm : Form
    {
        private SQLiteConnection connection;
        private int billNumber;
        public MainForm()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            InitializeDatabase();
        }
    }
}
```

```

        GenerateBillNumber();
    }

// Initialize SQLite Database
private void InitializeDatabase()
{
    string connectionString = "Data Source=StudentFeesDB.sqlite;Version=3;";
    connection = new SQLiteConnection(connectionString);

    // Create database file if it doesn't exist
    SQLiteConnection.CreateFile("StudentFeesDB.sqlite");

    // Open connection
    connection.Open();

    // Create table if it doesn't exist
    string createTableQuery = @"CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Fees (
                                ID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
                                StudentID TEXT NOT NULL,
                                FirstName TEXT NOT NULL,
                                LastName TEXT NOT NULL,
                                AmountPaid REAL,
                                BillNumber INTEGER
                                )";
    SQLiteCommand createTable = new SQLiteCommand(createTableQuery,
connection);
    createTable.ExecuteNonQuery();
}

// Generate unique bill number
private void GenerateBillNumber()
{
    Random random = new Random();
    billNumber = random.Next(1000, 9999); // Generates a random 4-digit bill
number
    lblBillNumber.Text = "Bill Number: " + billNumber.ToString();
}

// Handle Pay Fees button click
private void btnPayFees_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    string studentID = txtStudentID.Text;
    string firstName = txtFirstName.Text;

```

```

string lastName = txtLastName.Text;
decimal amountPaid = decimal.Parse(txtAmountPaid.Text);

// Insert payment data into database
string insertQuery = "INSERT INTO Fees (StudentID, FirstName, LastName,
AmountPaid, BillNumber) " +
                    "VALUES (@StudentID, @FirstName, @LastName,
@AmountPaid, @BillNumber)";

using (SQLiteCommand cmd = new SQLiteCommand(insertQuery,
connection))
{
    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@StudentID", studentID);
    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@FirstName", firstName);
    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@LastName", lastName);
    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@AmountPaid", amountPaid);
    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@BillNumber", billNumber);

    try
    {
        cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
        MessageBox.Show("Payment recorded successfully!");
        GenerateBillNumber(); // Generate a new bill number after each
payment
        ClearFields();
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Error: " + ex.Message);
    }
}

private void ClearFields()
{
    txtStudentID.Clear();
    txtFirstName.Clear();
    txtLastName.Clear();
    txtAmountPaid.Clear();
}
}

```

MainForm.Designer.cs

In this file, we design the form layout, either through Visual Studio's drag-and-drop interface or by adding code for each UI element.

partial class MainForm

```
{  
  
    private System.ComponentModel.IContainer components = null;  
  
    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtStudentID;  
  
    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtFirstName;  
  
    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtLastName;  
  
    private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox txtAmountPaid;  
  
    private System.Windows.Forms.Label lblBillNumber;  
  
    private System.Windows.Forms.Button btnPayFees;  
  
  
    private void InitializeComponent()  
    {  
  
        this.txtStudentID = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();  
  
        this.txtFirstName = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();  
  
        this.txtLastName = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();  
  
        this.txtAmountPaid = new System.Windows.Forms.TextBox();  
  
        this.lblBillNumber = new System.Windows.Forms.Label();  
  
        this.btnPayFees = new System.Windows.Forms.Button();  
  
  
        this.SuspendLayout();  
    }  
}
```

```
// StudentID TextBox
```

```
this.txtStudentID.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(150, 30);
```

```
this.txtStudentID.Name = "txtStudentID";
```

```
this.txtStudentID.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(150, 20);
```

```
// FirstName TextBox
```

```
this.txtFirstName.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(150, 70);
```

```
this.txtFirstName.Name = "txtFirstName";
```

```
this.txtFirstName.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(150, 20);
```

```
// LastName TextBox
```

```
this.txtLastName.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(150, 110);
```

```
this.txtLastName.Name = "txtLastName";
```

```
this.txtLastName.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(150, 20);
```

```
// AmountPaid TextBox
```

```
this.txtAmountPaid.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(150, 150);
```

```
this.txtAmountPaid.Name = "txtAmountPaid";
```

```
this.txtAmountPaid.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(100, 20);
```

```
// BillNumber Label
```

```
this.lblBillNumber.AutoSize = true;
```

```
this.lblBillNumber.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(150, 190);
```

```
this.lblBillNumber.Name = "lblBillNumber";
```

```
this.lblBillNumber.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(75, 13);
```

```
this.lblBillNumber.Text = "Bill Number: ";
```

```
// PayFees Button
```

```
this.btnPayFees.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(150, 230);
```

```
this.btnPayFees.Name = "btnPayFees";
```

```
this.btnPayFees.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(100, 30);
```

```
this.btnPayFees.Text = "Pay Fees";
```

```
this.btnPayFees.Click += new System.EventHandler(this.btnPayFees_Click);
```

```
// MainForm
```

```
this.ClientSize = new System.Drawing.Size(400, 300);
```

```
this.Controls.Add(this.txtStudentID);
```

```
this.Controls.Add(this.txtFirstName);
```

```
this.Controls.Add(this.txtLastName);
```

```
this.Controls.Add(this.txtAmountPaid);
```

```
this.Controls.Add(this.lblBillNumber);
```

```
this.Controls.Add(this.btnPayFees);
```

```
this.Text = "Student Fee Payment System";
```

```
this.ResumeLayout(false);
```

```
this.PerformLayout();
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

INPUT:

- **Student ID:** 1001
- **Name:** John Doe
- **Course:** Computer Science
- **Fee Amount:** 500.00

OUTPUT:

1. Form Layout:

Student Fee Payment Form
Student ID : 1001 Name : John Doe Course : Computer Science Payment : 500.00
Pay Button

2. Confirmation Message:

Message Box:

"Payment successful. Bill number will be generated."

3. Bill Display:

Message Box:

Bill Generated Successfully!
Bill Number : 8a5d9c2e-2c43...
Student ID : 1001
Name : John Doe
Course : Computer Science
Amount Paid : \$500.00
Date : [Payment Date]

3. Design and implement a Web Service using C# and ASP.NET to expose functionality for client applications to consume. The web services should provide a specific set of operations, such as retrieving data or performing a calculation.

AIM:

To design and implement a Web Service using C# and ASP.NET that exposes specific functionality for client applications to consume, such as retrieving data or performing calculations.

PROCEDURE:

- ✓ **Create an ASP.NET Web Service Project:** Open Visual Studio, create a new ASP.NET Web Application project, and select the Web API template.
- ✓ **Define the Web Service Operations:** Decide on a set of operations. For example, we'll create an operation that retrieves student data and calculates the average grade.
- ✓ **Implement Web Service Methods:**
 - ✓ Define a method to retrieve a list of students.
 - ✓ Define a method to calculate the average grade of a student.
- ✓ **Create a Data Model:** Define models for Student and Grade.
- ✓ **Test the Web Service:** Use tools like Postman or Swagger to test the Web API endpoints and verify that data is returned correctly.

PROGRAM:

In the Models folder, create a new class named Student.cs.

```
namespace StudentInfoService.Models
{
    public class Student
    {
        public int Id { get; set; }
        public string FirstName { get; set; }
        public string LastName { get; set; }
        public int Age { get; set; }
        public List<int> Marks { get; set; }
    }
}
```


In the Controllers folder, add a new **API Controller** called StudentController.cs.

```
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
using StudentInfoService.Models;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;

namespace StudentInfoService.Controllers
{
    [Route("api/[controller]")]
    [ApiController]
    public class StudentController : ControllerBase
    {
        private static List<Student> students = new List<Student>
        {
            new Student { Id = 1, FirstName = "John", LastName = "Doe", Age = 20,
Marks = new List<int> { 80, 85, 90 } },
            new Student { Id = 2, FirstName = "Jane", LastName = "Smith", Age = 22,
Marks = new List<int> { 75, 80, 82 } }
        };

        // GET api/student/{id}
        [HttpGet("{id}")]
        public ActionResult<Student> GetStudentById(int id)
        {
            var student = students.FirstOrDefault(s => s.Id == id);
            if (student == null)
            {
                return NotFound("Student not found.");
            }
            return Ok(student);
        }

        // POST api/student/calculateaverage
        [HttpPost("calculateaverage")]
        public ActionResult<double> CalculateAverageMarks([FromBody] List<int>
marks)
        {
            if (marks == null || !marks.Any())
            {
                return BadRequest("Marks list cannot be empty.");
            }
            double average = marks.Average();
        }
    }
}
```

```
        return Ok(average);
    }
}
```

INPUT:

1. Get All Students:

- URL: `http://localhost:5000/api/student`
- Method: GET

2. Get Average Grade for a Student:

- URL: `http://localhost:5000/api/student/1/average`
- Method: GET

OUTPUT:

```
{
  "id": 1,
  "firstName": "John",
  "lastName": "Doe",
  "age": 20,
  "marks": [80, 85, 90]
}
```

4. Our college is organizing an Alumni Meet on May 5, 2024. The alumni cell is in the process of creating a database to store a list of registered alumni who will attend the event. You are tasked with designing a registration form and implementing it using ADO.NET.

Requirements:

1. Design the Registration Form:

- Create a Windows Forms application that includes the following controls:
 - **TextBox** for entering the **Alumni Name**
 - **TextBox** for entering the **Email**
 - **TextBox** for entering the **Phone Number**
 - **ComboBox** for selecting the **Department** (e.g., Computer Science, Business, Arts)
 - **Button** to **Register** alumni
 - **Button** to **Display** registered alumni
 - **DataGridView** control to display the list of registered alumni from the selected department

2. Implement Functionality Using ADO.NET:

- **Register Button:**
 - When the **Register** button is clicked, validate the input fields.
 - If the inputs are valid, insert the entered details into the database using ADO.NET. Handle any database exceptions that may occur.
- **Display Button:**
 - When the **Display** button is clicked, retrieve all registered alumni for the selected department from the ComboBox.
 - Display the results in the **DataGridView** control.

AIM:

To design a Windows Forms application for alumni registration for the Alumni Meet and implement functionality to store and display registered alumni details using ADO.NET.

PROCEDURE:

1. **Create the Database:** Set up an SQL Server database named AlumniDB with an Alumni table containing columns for AlumniID, Name, Email, PhoneNumber, and Department.
2. **Design the Windows Form:**
 - Add text boxes for Alumni Name, Email, and Phone Number.
 - Add a ComboBox for selecting Department.
 - Add a **Register** button to save data, a **Display** button to show data, and a DataGridView to display registered alumni.
3. **Implement Register and Display Functionality Using ADO.NET:**
 - **Register Button:** Validate input fields and insert data into the Alumni table using an ADO.NET SqlCommand.
 - **Display Button:** Retrieve and display alumni data for the selected department in the DataGridView using an ADO.NET SqlDataAdapter.
4. **Test the Application:** Run the form to ensure alumni data is saved correctly in the database and displays in the DataGridView.

PROGRAM:

Database Setup:

```
-- Create the AlumniDB database
CREATE DATABASE AlumniDB;

USE AlumniDB;

-- Create the Alumni table
CREATE TABLE Alumni (
    AlumniID INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
    Name NVARCHAR(50),
    Email NVARCHAR(50),
    PhoneNumber NVARCHAR(15),
    Department NVARCHAR(50)
);
```

Code

```
using System;
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace AlumniRegistrationApp
{
    public partial class AlumniForm : Form
    {
        private string connectionString = "Data Source=YourServerName;Initial
        Catalog=AlumniDB;Integrated Security=True";

        public AlumniForm()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            LoadDepartments();
        }
        private void LoadDepartments()
        {
            comboBoxDepartment.Items.AddRange(new string[] { "Computer Science",
            "Business", "Arts" });
        }

        private void btnRegister_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            string name = txtName.Text;
            string email = txtEmail.Text;
            string phoneNumber = txtPhoneNumber.Text;
            string department = comboBoxDepartment.SelectedItem?.ToString();
        }
    }
}
```

```

        if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(name) || string.IsNullOrEmpty(email) ||
            string.IsNullOrEmpty(phoneNumber) ||
            string.IsNullOrEmpty(department))
        {
            MessageBox.Show("All fields are required.");
            return;
        }

```

```

        using (SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
        {
            try
            {
                conn.Open();
                string query = "INSERT INTO Alumni (Name, Email, PhoneNumber,
Department) VALUES (@Name, @Email, @PhoneNumber, @Department)";
                using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(query, conn))
                {
                    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Name", name);
                    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Email", email);
                    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@PhoneNumber", phoneNumber);
                    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Department", department);
                    cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
                }
                MessageBox.Show("Alumni registered successfully.");
            }
            catch (Exception ex)
            {
                MessageBox.Show($"Error: {ex.Message}");
            }
        }
}

```

```

private void btnDisplay_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    string department = comboBoxDepartment.SelectedItem?.ToString();
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(department))
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Please select a department.");
        return;
    }
    using (SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection(connectionString))
    {
        try
        {
            conn.Open();

            string query = "SELECT AlumniID, Name, Email, PhoneNumber,
Department FROM Alumni WHERE Department = @Department";
            using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(query, conn))
            {
                cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Department", department);

```

```

        using (SqlDataAdapter adapter = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd))
        {
            DataTable dt = new DataTable();
            adapter.Fill(dt);
            dataGridViewAlumni.DataSource = dt;
        }
    }
}
catch (Exception ex)
{
    MessageBox.Show($"Error: {ex.Message}");
}
}
}
}
}

```

INPUT:

- **Alumni Name:** John Doe
- **Email:** johndoe@example.com
- **Phone Number:** 1234567890
- **Department:** Computer Science

DISPLAY:

Form Layout:

Alumini Registration Form
Name : John Doe Email: johndoe@example.com Phone: 1234567890 Department: Computer Science (ComboBox)
[Register Button] [Display Button]
DataGridView (Alumni List)

OUTPUT:

After Registering Alumni:

- Message Box:

"Alumni registered successfully."

Displaying Registered Alumni for Selected Department:

- On clicking **Display** with "Computer Science" selected, the DataGridView displays all registered alumni in the Computer Science department:

DataGridView (Alumni List):

Alumini Id	Name	Email	Phone	Dept
1	John Doe	johndoe@example.com	1234567890	CS