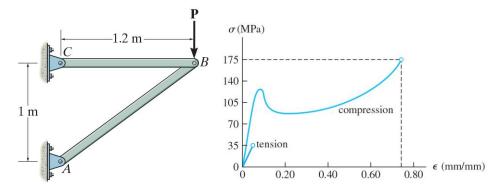
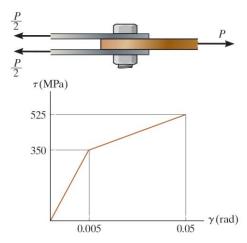
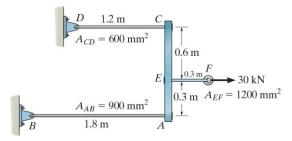
- 1. Please use words or figures to explain the following terms.
 - (a) Gauge length (gage length) (b) True stress (c) Offset method (d) Necking (e) Poisson's ratio [5%x5]
- 2. The two bars are made of polystyrene, which has the stress-strain diagram shown. If the cross-sectional area of bar *AB* is 975 mm² and *BC* is 2600 mm², determine the largest force *P* that can be supported before any member ruptures (破壞). Assume that buckling does not occur. [15%] Ans:75.8 kN

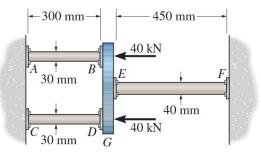


3. The lap joint (重疊結合) is connected together using a 30 mm diameter bolt. If the bolt is made from a material having a shear stress-strain diagram that is approximated as shown, determine the <u>permanent shear strain</u> in the shear plane of the bolt when the applied force *P*=680 kN is removed. [15%] Ans:0.0318 rad





5. The assembly (組合) consists of two red brass C83400 copper rods AB and CD of diameter 30 mm, a stainless 304 steel alloy rod EF of diameter 40 mm, and a rigid cap (剛體帽) G. If the supports at A, C, and F are rigid, determine the average normal stress developed in the rods. $E_{br} = 101 \, \text{GPa}$, $E_{st} = 193 \, \text{GPa}$. [15%] Ans:26.5, 33.8 MPa



6. The 50-mm-diameter cylinder is made from Am 1004-T61 magnesium and is placed in the clamp (箝) when the temperature is T_1 =20 0C . If the 304-stainless-steel carriage bolts of the camp each have a diameter of 10 mm, they hold the cylinder snug (鬆緊適合的) with negligible (可忽略的) force against the rigid jaws (顎), determine the force in the cylinder when the temperature rises to T_2 =130 0C . E_{mg} = 44.7 GPa, α_{mg} = 26(10 $^{-6}$)/ 0C ,

$$E_{st} = 193$$
 GPa, $\alpha_{st} = 17(10^{-6})/{}^{0}C$. [15%] Ans:904 N

