

特别提示：本代码为所有顶点的数据类型由整型改为双精度后代码，这样可避免因类型转换引起精度损失。其中被替代的代码仍保留，但已被注释掉。

特别提示：本代码为所有顶点的数据类型由整型改为双精度后代码，这样可避免因类型转换引起精度损失。其中被替代的代码仍保留，但已被注释掉。

功能：节点细化。对包括均匀、准均匀、分段贝齐尔、一般非均匀和包绕型B样条闭曲线的节点矢量批量插入节点。

输入参数：m_manyR为重复插入相异节点的次数序列；

m_manyM为插入节点序列在原节点矢量中已有的重复度序列；

m_manyU为插入递增的相异节点序列；

未列入形参的控制顶点(m_newVertex, m_ynewVertex)、节点矢量m_newNode、次数m_nTimes，均为被保护成员。

输出参数：p、q分别为插入的相异节点序列在原节点矢量中左右端节点下标；插入节点序列后生成的新控制顶点(含未改变的原顶点)(m_xnewVertex, m_ynewVertex)

与节点矢量m_newNode均为被保护成员。InsertTimes=总的插入次数，即增加控制顶点数，公有成员。

调用函数：GetKnotsRepeats为获得顶点数为n+1的k次B样条曲线的节点矢量TemNode中的相异节点数组Knots与重复度数组(两者均为公有成员)。

```
void InsertManyU(CArray<int, int> &m_manyR, CArray<int, int> &m_manyM, CArray<double, double> &m_manyU, int
&p, int &q)
{
    int j, pj, ii, jj;
    int k=m_nTimes;
//获得要被插入的节点区间左端节点下标值
    for(ii=0; ii<m_newNode.GetSize(); ii++)
        if(m_manyU[0]<m_newNode[ii]) {p=ii-1; break;}
//获得要被插入的节点区间右端节点下标值
    for(ii=0; ii<m_newNode.GetSize(); ii++)
        if(m_manyU[m_manyU.GetSize()-1]<m_newNode[ii]) {q=ii; break;}
//确定总的插入次数，即增加的顶点数InsertTimes
    for(ii=0; ii<m_manyU.GetSize(); ii++)
    {
        int Rii=m_manyR[ii];
        InsertTimes=InsertTimes+Rii;
    }
//确定节点矢量m_newNode中的相异节点数组Knots与重复度数组Repeats及其长度l。
//
    int n=m_newVertex.GetSize()-1;
    int n=m_xnewVertex.GetSize()-1;
    CArray<double, double> TemNode;
    TemNode.SetSize(m_aNode.GetSize());
    for(ii=0; ii<m_aNode.GetSize(); ii++) TemNode[ii]=m_newNode[ii];
    GetKnotsRepeats(k, n, TemNode);
//开始按节点值递增顺序插入节点过程
    for(j=0; j<m_manyU.GetSize(); j++)
    {
        double aU=m_manyU[j]; //插入的相异节点值
        int l=m_manyR[j]; //重复插入相异节点值aU的次数
        int r=m_manyM[j]; //该相异节点值aU在原节点矢量中已有的重复度
//确定节点矢量m_newNode中的相异节点数组Knots与重复度数组Repeats及其长度l。
//
        int n=m_newVertex.GetSize()-1;
        int n=m_xnewVertex.GetSize()-1;
//
        CArray<CPoint, CPoint> m_temp1;
        CArray<double, double> m_xtemp1, m_ytemp1;
//确定第j个待插相异节点m_manyU[j]在m_manyR[j-1]次插入m_manyU[j-1]生成的节点矢量中所在的节点区间左端节点下
        标pj
        for(ii=1; ii<Knots.GetSize(); ii++)
            if(aU>=Knots[ii-1]&&aU<Knots[ii]) break;
        int pp=0;
        for(int i3=0; i3<ii; i3++) pp=pp+Repeats[i3];
        pj=pp-1;
//给出第j个待插相异节点m_manyU[j]涉及的老控制顶点m_tempVertex。这里将原始顶点称为原顶点，相对于本回插入生
        成的新顶点，将上回插入生成的新顶点称为老顶点。
//
        m_tempVertex.RemoveAll();
        m_xtempVertex.RemoveAll(); m_ytempVertex.RemoveAll();
//将m_manyR[j]次插入第j个待插相异节点m_manyU[j]称为第j回插入。插入后, 如果m_manyU[j]=0., 则节点数与顶点数
        保持不变; 否则, 顶点数增加l=m_manyR[j]个。

        if((m_OpenClose==1&&aU==0.) || (m_OpenClose==0&&(aU==m_newNode[k] || aU==m_newNode[m_newNode.GetSize()-k-1]))
        )
        {
//
            for(jj=pj-k; jj<=pj-r; jj++) m_temp1.Add(m_newVertex[jj]);
            for(jj=pj-k; jj<=pj-r; jj++) {m_xtemp1.Add(m_xnewVertex[jj]);
            m_ytemp1.Add(m_ynewVertex[jj]);}
//
            if(1+r<k) m_tempVertex.SetSize(k-r+1-1);
            if(1+r<k) {m_xtempVertex.SetSize(k-r+1-1); m_ytempVertex.SetSize(k-r+1-1);}
//
            if(1+r==k) m_tempVertex.SetSize(2*1-1);
            if(1+r==k) {m_xtempVertex.SetSize(2*1-1); m_ytempVertex.SetSize(2*1-1);}
//
            if(1+r==k+1) m_tempVertex.SetSize(2*(1-1)-1);
        }
    }
}
```

```

                                InsertManyU.txt
                                if(l+r==k+1) {m_xtempVertex.SetSize(2*(l-1)-1);
m_ytempVertex.SetSize(2*(l-1)-1);}
                                for(int s=1;s<=l;s++)
                                {
                                    for(jj=pj-k;jj<=pj-r-s;jj++)
                                    {
                                        int h=pj-k;
                                        double alpha;
                                        if((m_newNode[jj+k+1]-m_newNode[jj+s])==0.) alpha=0.;
                                        else
                                        alpha=(aU-m_newNode[jj+s])/(m_newNode[jj+k+1]-m_newNode[jj+s]);
                                        //
                                        m_temp1[jj-h].x=int((1-alpha)*m_temp1[jj-h].x+alpha*m_temp1[jj-h+1].x);
                                        //
                                        m_temp1[jj-h].y=int((1-alpha)*m_temp1[jj-h].y+alpha*m_temp1[jj-h+1].y);
                                        m_xtemp1[jj-h]=(1-alpha)*m_xtemp1[jj-h]+alpha*m_xtemp1[jj-h+1];
                                        m_ytemp1[jj-h]=(1-alpha)*m_ytemp1[jj-h]+alpha*m_ytemp1[jj-h+1];
                                    }
                                    if(m_OpenClose==0&&r+1==k+1&&(aU==0. || aU==1.))
                                    {
                                        if(aU==0.)
                                        {
                                            if(s<l) m_tempVertex[s-1]=m_temp1[0];
                                            if(s<l) {m_xtempVertex[s-1]=m_xtemp1[0];
                                            if(s==1) m_tempVertex[s-2]=m_temp1[0];
                                            if(s==1) {m_xtempVertex[s-2]=m_xtemp1[0];
                                            for(jj=1;jj<=k-r-1;jj++)
                                            for(jj=1;jj<=k-r-1;jj++)
                                            {m_xtempVertex[jj+1-2]=m_xtemp1[jj]; m_ytempVertex[jj+1-2]=m_ytemp1[jj];}
                                            //
                                            if(aU==1.&&s<l) m_tempVertex[s-1]=m_temp1[0];
                                            if(aU==1.&&s<l) {m_xtempVertex[s-1]=m_xtemp1[0];
                                            m_ytempVertex[s-1]=m_ytemp1[0];}
                                            }
                                            if(r+1<=k)
                                            {
                                                m_tempVertex[s-1]=m_temp1[0];
                                                m_xtempVertex[s-1]=m_xtemp1[0]; m_ytempVertex[s-1]=m_ytemp1[0];
                                                for(jj=1;jj<=k-r-1;jj++) m_tempVertex[jj+1-1]=m_temp1[jj];
                                                for(jj=1;jj<=k-r-1;jj++) {m_xtempVertex[jj+1-1]=m_xtemp1[jj];
                                                m_ytempVertex[jj+1-1]=m_ytemp1[jj];}
                                            }
                                            if(m_OpenClose==1&&aU==0.)
                                            {
                                                for(jj=pj-k;jj<=pj-r;jj++) m_newVertex[jj-pj+k]=m_temp1[jj-pj+k];
                                                for(jj=pj-k;jj<=pj-r;jj++) {m_xnewVertex[jj-pj+k]=m_xtemp1[jj-pj+k];
                                                m_ynewVertex[jj-pj+k]=m_ytemp1[jj-pj+k];}
                                                //
                                                for(jj=0;jj<pj-r;jj++) m_newVertex[n+1-pj+r+jj]=m_tempVertex[jj];
                                                for(jj=0;jj<pj-r;jj++) {m_xnewVertex[n+1-pj+r+jj]=m_xtempVertex[jj];
                                                m_ynewVertex[n+1-pj+r+jj]=m_ytempVertex[jj];}
                                                int newNodeCount=m_newNode.GetSize();
                                                for(jj=0;jj<=k-1-1;jj++) m_newNode[jj]=m_newNode[jj+1];
                                                for(jj=newNodeCount-1;jj>=newNodeCount-k+1;jj--)
                                                m_newNode[jj]=m_newNode[jj-1];
                                                for(jj=1;jj<=1;jj++)
                                                {
                                                    m_newNode[k-jj]=m_newNode[k];
                                                    m_newNode[newNodeCount-1-k+jj]=m_newNode[newNodeCount-1-k];
                                                }
                                            }
                                            if(m_OpenClose==0&&aU==m_newNode[k])
                                            {
                                                for(jj=1;jj<=k-1;jj++)
                                                m_newVertex[jj-1]=m_tempVertex[m_tempVertex.GetSize()-k+jj];
                                                for(jj=1;jj<=k-1;jj++)
                                                {m_xnewVertex[jj-1]=m_xtempVertex[m_xtempVertex.GetSize()-k+jj];
                                                m_ynewVertex[jj-1]=m_ytempVertex[m_ytempVertex.GetSize()-k+jj];}
                                                //
                                                m_tempVertex.SetSize(k-1);
                                                m_xtempVertex.SetSize(k-1); m_ytempVertex.SetSize(k-1);
                                                //
                                                for(jj=0;jj<k-1;jj++) m_tempVertex[jj]=m_newVertex[jj];
                                                for(jj=0;jj<k-1;jj++) {m_xtempVertex[jj]=m_xnewVertex[jj];
                                                m_ytempVertex[jj]=m_ynewVertex[jj];}

```

```

        InsertManyU.txt
        for (jj=0; jj<=k-r-1; jj++) m_newNode[jj]=m_newNode[1+jj];
        for (jj=k-r-1+1; jj<=k-1; jj++) m_newNode[jj]=m_newNode[k];
    }
    if (m_OpenClose==0&&aU==m_newNode[m_newNode.GetSize()-k-1])
    {
        //
        for (jj=1; jj<=k-1; jj++)
        m_newVertex[m_newVertex.GetSize()-k+jj]=m_tempVertex[jj-1];
        for (jj=1; jj<=k-1; jj++)
        {m_xnewVertex[m_xnewVertex.GetSize()-k+jj]=m_xtempVertex[jj-1];
        m_ynewVertex[m_ynewVertex.GetSize()-k+jj]=m_ytempVertex[jj-1];}
        //
        m_tempVertex.SetSize(k-1);
        m_xtempVertex.SetSize(k-1); m_ytempVertex.SetSize(k-1);
        int n=m_newNode.GetSize()-1;
        for (jj=n; jj>=n-k+r+1; jj--) m_newNode[jj]=m_newNode[jj-1];
        for (jj=n-k+r; jj<=n-k+r+1-1; jj++) m_newNode[jj]=m_newNode[n-k];
    }
}
if (aU!=0. &&aU!=1.)
{
    int r0=1; //r0为定义域首端节点的重叠度
    for (ii=k-1; ii>=0; ii--) if (m_newNode[ii]==m_newNode[k]) r0++;
    //
    m_newVertex.SetSize(n+1+1);
    m_xnewVertex.SetSize(n+1+1); m_ynewVertex.SetSize(n+1+1);
    //l=m_manyR[j]次插入第j个相异节点aU=m_manyU[j]生成k-r+1-1个新顶点，这里
    r=m_manyM[j]是aU在原节点矢量中已有的重叠度。
    //
    m_tempVertex.SetSize(k-r+1-1);
    m_xtempVertex.SetSize(k-r+1-1); m_ytempVertex.SetSize(k-r+1-1);
    //l=m_manyR[j]次插入第j个相异节点aU=m_manyU[j]涉及k-r+1个老顶点。
    //
    for (ii=pj-k; ii<=pj-r; ii++) m_temp1.Add(m_newVertex[ii]);
    for (ii=pj-k; ii<=pj-r; ii++) {m_xtemp1.Add(m_xnewVertex[ii]);
    m_ytemp1.Add(m_ynewVertex[ii]);}
    //将m_newVertex中第pj-r个及后面的顶点下标后移1，腾出因插入节点增加顶点所要求的空
    间。
    //
    for (ii=n; ii>=pj-r; ii--) m_newVertex[ii+1]=m_newVertex[ii];
    for (ii=n; ii>=pj-r; ii--) {m_xnewVertex[ii+1]=m_xnewVertex[ii];
    m_ynewVertex[ii+1]=m_ynewVertex[ii];}
    //插入第j个待插相异节点m_manyU[j]，进行l=m_manyR[j]次。
    for (int s=1; s<=l; s++)
    {
        for (jj=pj-k; jj<=pj-r-s; jj++)
        //教材第7章式(7.6b) 德布尔
        {
            int h=pj-k;
            double alpha;
            alpha=(aU-m_newNode[jj+s])/(m_newNode[jj+k+1]-m_newNode[jj+s]);
            alpha=(aU-m_newNode[jj+s])/(m_newNode[jj+k+1]-m_newNode[jj+s]);
            //
            m_temp1[jj-h].x=int((1-alpha)*m_temp1[jj-h].x+alpha*m_temp1[jj-h+1].x);
            //
            m_temp1[jj-h].y=int((1-alpha)*m_temp1[jj-h].y+alpha*m_temp1[jj-h+1].y);
            m_xtemp1[jj-h]=(1-alpha)*m_xtemp1[jj-h]+alpha*m_xtemp1[jj-h+1];
            m_ytemp1[jj-h]=(1-alpha)*m_ytemp1[jj-h]+alpha*m_ytemp1[jj-h+1];
            //
            m_tempVertex[s-1]=m_temp1[0];
            m_xtempVertex[s-1]=m_xtemp1[0]; m_ytempVertex[s-1]=m_ytemp1[0];
        }
        //
        for (jj=1; jj<=k-r-1; jj++) m_tempVertex[jj+1-1]=m_temp1[jj];
        for (jj=1; jj<=k-r-1; jj++) {m_xtempVertex[jj+1-1]=m_xtemp1[jj];
        m_ytempVertex[jj+1-1]=m_ytemp1[jj];}
        //
        for (jj=pj-k+1; jj<=pj-r+1-1; jj++) m_newVertex[jj]=m_tempVertex[jj-pj+k-1];
        for (jj=pj-k+1; jj<=pj-r+1-1; jj++)
        {
            m_xnewVertex[jj]=m_xtempVertex[jj-pj+k-1];
            m_ynewVertex[jj]=m_ytempVertex[jj-pj+k-1];
            double xjj=m_xnewVertex[jj]; //测试
            double yjj=m_ynewVertex[jj]; //测试
        }
        if (m_OpenClose==1&&r0<k)
        {
            if (pj<2*k-r0)
            //
            for (jj=0; jj<=k-r0-1; jj++)
            m_newVertex[n+1-k+r0+1+jj]=m_newVertex[jj]; //由k-r0+1个顶点m_newVertex[j], j=0, 1, ..., k定义的首段曲线因插
            入节点导致顶点改变,
            //
            其中前k-r0个顶点即是末段曲线的后k个顶点，相应改变。
        }
    }
}

```

```

        InsertManyU.txt
        for(jj=0;jj<=k-r0-1;jj++)
        {m_xnewVertex[n+1-k+r0+1+jj]=m_xnewVertex[jj]; m_ynewVertex[n+1-k+r0+1+jj]=m_ynewVertex[jj];} //由k-r0+1
        个顶点m_newVertex[j], j=0, 1, ..., k定义的首段曲线因插入节点导致顶点改变,
        //其中前k-r0个顶点即是末段曲线的后k个顶点, 相应改变。
        if(pj>n-k+r0)
        //
        for(jj=0;jj<=k-r0-1;jj++)
        m_newVertex[j]=m_newVertex[n+1-k+r0+1+jj]; //由k-r0+1个顶点m_newVertex[j], j=0, 1, ..., k定义的末段曲线因插
        入节点导致顶点改变,
        for(jj=0;jj<=k-r0-1;jj++)
        {m_xnewVertex[j]=m_xnewVertex[n+1-k+r0+1+jj]; m_ynewVertex[j]=m_ynewVertex[n+1-k+r0+1+jj];} //由k-r0+1个
        顶点m_newVertex[j], j=0, 1, ..., k定义的末段曲线因插入节点导致顶点改变,
        //其中后k-r0个顶点即是首段曲线的前k个顶点, 相应改变。
        //其中后k-r0个顶点即是首段曲线的前k个顶点,
        相应改变。
    }
    CArray<double, double> TemNode;
    n=m_newNode.GetSize()-1;
    TemNode.SetSize(n+1);
    for(jj=0;jj<=n;jj++) TemNode[jj]=m_newNode[jj];
    if(m_OpenClose==0)
    {
        m_newNode.RemoveAll();
        m_newNode.SetSize(n+1+1);
        for(jj=0;jj<=pj;jj++) m_newNode[jj]=TemNode[jj];
        for(jj=n+1;jj>pj+1;jj--) m_newNode[jj]=TemNode[jj-1];
        for(jj=pj+1;jj<=pj+1;jj++) m_newNode[jj]=aU;
        int nn=m_newNode.GetSize()-k-2; //当前控制顶点数-1
        GetKnotsRepeats(k, nn, m_newNode);
    }
    if(m_OpenClose==1)
    {
        if(pj>=k&&aU!=TemNode[k]&&pj<=n-k&&aU!=TemNode[n-k]) //若
        m_newNode[k]<u<m_newNode[k+1], 定义域首端节点重复度r0=r; , 若u>=m_newNode[k+1], 定义域首端节点重复度r0<r。
        {
            for(jj=0;jj<=n;jj++) TemNode[jj]=m_newNode[jj];
            m_newNode.RemoveAll();
            m_newNode.SetSize(n+1+1);
            for(jj=0;jj<=pj;jj++) m_newNode[jj]=TemNode[jj];
            for(jj=n+1;jj>pj+1;jj--) m_newNode[jj]=TemNode[jj-1];
            for(jj=pj+1;jj<=pj+1;jj++) m_newNode[jj]=aU;
            if(pj>=k&&pj<=2*k&&aU!=TemNode[k]) //定义域首端点后
            k+1-r0-1个区间因1次插入同一节点导致定义域末端点后k+1-r0-1个节点与区间发生相应改变
            {
                for(jj=0;jj<=k;jj++)
                m_newNode[n+1-k+jj]=m_newNode[jj+k-r0+1]+1.;
            }
            if(pj>=n-2*k&&pj<=n-k&&aU!=TemNode[n-k]) //定义域末端点前
            k+1-r0-1个区间因1次插入同一节点导致定义域首端点前k+1-r0-1个节点与区间发生相应改变
            {
                for(jj=0;jj<=k;jj++)
                m_newNode[jj]=m_newNode[n+1+r0-2*k-1+jj]-1.;
            }
        }
    }
}

```