## VT16 - EL2450 - Assignment II

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## 1 Question 1

Rate Monotonic is an scheduling method that assigns fixed priorities to tasks, proportional to its activation frequency. That means that for any given tasks  $J_a$ ,  $J_b$  with periods  $T_a < T_b$ ,  $J_a$  is assigned a higher priority than  $J_b$ .

## 2 Question 2

A set of periodic tasks  $\{J_i\}$  is schedulable with Rate Monotonic scheduling if

$$U = \sum_{i} \frac{C_i}{T_i} \le n(2^{1/n} - 1)$$

In the case where  $T_1 = 20, T_2 = 29, T_3 = 35$  ms and  $C_i = 6$  ms,  $i = \{1, 2, 3\}, U = 0.678$  and  $n(2^{1/n} - 1) = 0.78$ . Hence tasks  $J_1, J_2, J_3$  are schedulable with RM.

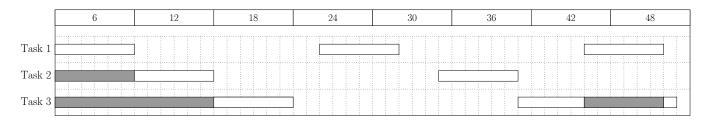


Figure 1: A portion of the RM schedule  $\sigma$  for tasks  $J_1, J_2, J_3$ . Shaded areas denote the waiting time.