```
// CompletableFuture -> Non-Blocking Asynchronous programming Model in Java
// thenApply (Just like a Stream map)
// thenCombine (Just like a Stream reduce)
// thenCompose (Just like a Stream flatMap)
```

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JavaProject of com demo Sample main

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The above output showing the completable feature is non blocking. And if we want to do further transformation on outcome then use "thenApply"

```
public static int compute2(int n) {
    return n * 10;
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
     // CompletableFuture -> Non-Blocking Asynchronous programming Model in Java
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                                                                                                                                     Sample ×
    System.out.println("Start");
                                                                                                                                      D:\jdk-14\
    CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> compute( n: 2))
.thenApply(d->compute2( n: d+1))
                                                                                                                                      Start
                                                                                                                               \downarrow
               .thenAccept(System.out::println);
                                                                                                                                     End
                                                                                                                                      210
                                                                                                                              ===
     System.out.println("End");
    sleep( t 5);
```

## We can apply n number of "thenApply"

```
CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> compute( n: 2))
                      .thenApply(d->compute2( n: d+1))
26
                       .thenApply(d->d/100)
                       .thenAccept(System.out::println);
28
              System.out.println("End");
30
               sleep( t 5);
           public static void sleep(long t) {
Run:
       D:\jdk-14\bin\java.exe --enable-preview "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\Inte
C 1
        Start
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       End
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```

One method that has a CompletableFuture as return type.

```
public CompletableFuture<Integer> create(int d) {
    return CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> compute(d));
    }
}
```

## "thenCombine" example

```
CompletableFuture<Integer> completableFuture1 = create(2);
36
37
               CompletableFuture<Integer> completableFuture2 = create(3);
               completableFuture1.thenCombine(completableFuture2, (r1, r2) -> r1 + r2)
                       .thenAccept(System.out::println);
40
               System.out.println("End");
               sleep( t 5);
Run:
       D:\jdk-14\bin\java.exe --enable-preview "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition 2020.1\l
C
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        Start
        End
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   =+
```

## "thenCompose" example

```
completableFuture<CompletableFuture<Intendumbline(completableFuture2, (ri, riz) -> ritriz)

thenAccept(System.out::println);

CompletableFuture<CompletableFuture<Integer>> chmpletableFutureCompletableFuture = create(2).thenApply(d -> create(d + 1));

completableFutureCompletableFuture.thenAccept(System.out::println);

System.out.println("End");

Run:

Sample ×

0:\jdk-14\bin\java.exe --enable-preview "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition 2020.1\lib\idea_rt.jar=53036:C:\f

start

java.util.concurrent.CompletableFuture@9807454[Completed normally]

End
```

## It is printing object value not value. Use compose

