

Transport SaaS – Developer Documentation

1. Overview

This project is a **Multi-Tenant Transport ERP / SaaS system** built using **Node.js, Express, MongoDB (Mongoose)**.

The system is designed so that **each business runs in its own isolated tenant (Account)**. A tenant can be a **Supplier owner, Company owner, or Vehicle owner**, but technically all tenants behave the same.

Core Rule: `Account (Tenant)` is the only isolation boundary in the system.

2. High-Level Goal

The system allows transport-related businesses to:

- Manage Suppliers, Companies, Vehicles
 - Create Users (Admin / Staff)
 - Record Trips involving Supplier + Company + Vehicle
 - Calculate revenue, payouts, and profit
 - Ensure strict data isolation between tenants
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3. Tenant-Based Architecture

What is a Tenant?

A **Tenant** represents one independent business system.

Tenant (Account)

- ├ Users
- ├ Suppliers
- ├ Companies
- ├ Vehicles
- └ Trips

- Each tenant has its own data
 - Tenants never see each other's data
 - Same database, different `accountId`
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4. Account (Tenant) Model

Purpose

- Represents one business system
- Used for data isolation
- Used for future billing / subscription

Schema

```
Account
{
  name: String,
  accountId: String (unique),
  status: active | inactive,
  plan: FREE | PAID,
  timestamps
}
```

Important Notes

- No owner-specific logic stored here
 - `accountId` is referenced everywhere
-

5. User Model & Access Control

Purpose

- Users log in to a tenant
- Role-based access inside a tenant

Roles

- ADMIN → Full access
- STAFF → Limited access (defined at API level)

Schema

```
User
{
  accountId: ObjectId (Account),
  accountType: SUPPLIER | COMPANY | VEHICLE,
  name,
  email,
  password,
  role: ADMIN | STAFF,
  resetPasswordToken,
  resetPasswordExpires,
}
```

```
    timestamps
}
```

Business Rules

- Same email allowed in different tenants
- Email must be unique within a tenant

6. Business Master Records

These are **data records**, not system owners.

6.1 Supplier

```
Supplier
{
    accountId,
    name,
    email,
    mobile,
    address,
    gstNumber,
    timestamps
}
```

6.2 Company

```
Company
{
    accountId,
    name,
    address,
    mobile,
    gstNumber,
    timestamps
}
```

6.3 Vehicle

```
Vehicle
{
    accountId,
    vehicleNumber,
    ownerName,
    mobile,
    driverName,
```

```
driverPhone,  
capacity,  
timestamps  
}
```

Key Rule

Any tenant can create **Suppliers, Companies, and Vehicles**, regardless of who owns the tenant.

7. Trip (Core Business Logic)

Purpose

Trips represent actual transport operations.

Each trip involves: - 1 Supplier - 1 Company - 1 Vehicle - All belonging to the same tenant

Schema

```
Trip  
{  
  accountId,  
  supplierId,  
  companyId,  
  vehicleId,  
  loadingPoint,  
  unloadingPoint,  
  tripDate,  
  totalTonLoad,  
  companyRatePerTon,  
  vehicleRatePerTon,  
  status: pending | running | completed,  
  createdByUserId,  
  timestamps  
}
```

8. Business Logic (Important)

Trip Financial Calculation

```
Company Amount = totalTonLoad × companyRatePerTon  
Vehicle Payment = totalTonLoad × vehicleRatePerTon  
Profit = Company Amount - Vehicle Payment
```

Status Flow

```
pending → running → completed
```

9. Data Isolation Rule (MOST IMPORTANT)

Every query MUST include:

```
{ accountId: req.user.accountId }
```

Example

```
Supplier.find({ accountId: req.user.accountId })  
Trip.find({ accountId: req.user.accountId })
```

This guarantees: - No data leakage - Secure multi-tenant system

10. What This System Can Do

- Multi-tenant SaaS
 - Supplier / Company / Vehicle management
 - Role-based user access
 - Trip tracking
 - Profit calculation
 - Scalable for thousands of tenants
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11. What This System Intentionally Does NOT Do

- No cross-tenant sharing
- No owner-based hard restrictions
- No business logic inside database

(All permissions handled at API / UI level)

12. Future Enhancements (Planned)

- Invoice generation
- GST / TDS handling
- Dashboard analytics
- Subscription billing
- Mobile application

- Advanced permissions
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13. Summary for New Developers

This is a **tenant-first transport ERP system**.

- `Account` = Tenant
 - `accountId` = Security boundary
 - All business records belong to tenant
 - Trips connect Supplier + Company + Vehicle
 - Simple schema, powerful business logic
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✓ If you understand this document, you can work on any part of the system confidently.