

Assignment 13

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Download codes from

<https://github.com/KUSUMAPRIYAPULAVARTY/assignment13>

2.2 Part (b)

$$\text{range}(\mathbf{T}) = \{\mathbf{y} : \mathbf{T}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{y} \text{ where } \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \in F^3\}$$

1 QUESTION

Let F be a subfield of the complex numbers and let T be the function from F^3 into F^3 defined by

$$T(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (1.0.1)$$

$$(x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3, 2x_1 + x_2, -x_1 - 2x_2 + 2x_3) \quad (1.0.2)$$

(a) Verify that T is a linear transformation.

(b) If (a, b, c) is a vector in F^3 , what are the conditions on a, b, c that the vector be in the range of T ? What is the rank of T ?

(c) What are the conditions on a, b, c that (a, b, c) be in the null space of T ? What is the nullity of T ?

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.2.1)$$

$$\mathbf{T}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{y} \quad (2.2.2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{B}\mathbf{T}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{B}\mathbf{y} \quad (2.2.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ \frac{-2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \quad (2.2.4)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ \frac{-2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.2.5)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{-4}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a+b}{3} \\ \frac{-2a+b}{3} \\ -a+b+c \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.2.6)$$

So, $\text{rank}(\mathbf{T})=2$ and

$$-a + b + c = 0 \quad (2.2.7)$$

2 SOLUTION

Representing the transformation in matrix form

$$T(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \mathbf{T}\mathbf{x} \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$\mathbf{T} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

All vectors $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} \in F^3$ that satisfy (2.2.7) lie in the range of \mathbf{T}

2.1 Part (a)

Consider the matrices $\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \in F^3$ and the scalar $c \in F$

By the associativity of matrix multiplications, we can write

$$\mathbf{T}(c\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y}) = \mathbf{T}(c\mathbf{x}) + \mathbf{T}\mathbf{y} \quad (2.1.1)$$

$$= c\mathbf{T}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{T}\mathbf{y} \quad (2.1.2)$$

So, \mathbf{T} is a linear transformation.

2.3 Part (c)

$$\text{nullspace}(\mathbf{T}) = \{\mathbf{x} : \mathbf{T}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0} \text{ where } \mathbf{x} \in F^3\}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.3.1)$$

$$\mathbf{T}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0} \quad (2.3.2)$$

$$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{T}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0} \quad (2.3.3)$$

where \mathbf{BT} is in reduced row echelon form

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0} \quad (2.3.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.3.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow a + \frac{2}{3}c = 0 \quad (2.3.6)$$

$$b - \frac{4}{3}c = 0 \quad (2.3.7)$$

The number of free variables in the reduced row echelon form of \mathbf{T} is 1 hence $\text{nullity}(\mathbf{T}) = 1$

So, the null space of \mathbf{T} is set of all vectors $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} \in F^3$

that satisfy (2.3.6) and (2.3.7)

Note

$$\text{rank}(\mathbf{T}) + \text{nullity}(\mathbf{T}) = 2 + 1 = \dim(F^3)$$