## ProblemSet2\_Ex3\_Cyan

## February 28, 2024

[]: import pandas as pd

```
import matplotlib as mpl
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.ticker as ticker
     import sys
     from iminuit import Minuit
     from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
     from tqdm import tqdm
     # 6.2sec
[]: sys.path.append('../External_Functions')
     from ExternalFunctions import Chi2Regression, BinnedLH, UnbinnedLH, simpson38
     from ExternalFunctions import nice_string_output, add_text_to_ax
[]: COLOUR = ['#1E90FF', # 0 # Dodgerblue
               '#FFBF00', # 1 # Amber
               '#FF6347', # 2 # Tomato
               '#00A86B', # 3 # Jade
               '#8A2BE2', # 4 # Blueviolet
               '#FF6FFF', # 5 # Ultra Pink
               '#00CCFF', # 6 # Vivid Sky Blue
               '#FFD800', # 7 # School Bus Yellow
               '#FF004F', # 8 # Folly
               '#0063A6', # 9 # Lapis Lazuli
             ]
     def setMplParam(classNum):
         # Define effective colors, line styles, and markers based on the class_{\sqcup}
      \rightarrow number
         LINE = ['-', '-.', '--', ':', '--', '-.', ':', '--']
         MARKER = ['.','*', '^', 's', '.', 'p', 'o', 's', '.', 'd']
         COLOUR_EFF = COLOUR[:classNum]
         LINE_EFF = LINE[:classNum]
         MARKER_EFF = MARKER[:classNum]
         # Set the color cycle for lines including color, line style, and marker
         plt.rcParams['axes.prop_cycle'] = (plt.cycler(color=COLOUR_EFF) +
```

```
plt.cycler(linestyle=LINE_EFF)+
                                       plt.cycler(marker=MARKER_EFF))
    # Set default line and marker sizes
   plt.rcParams['lines.markersize'] = 3 # Example size
   plt.rcParams['lines.linewidth'] = 2  # Example width for lines
    # Set label and title sizes
   plt.rcParams['axes.labelsize'] = 20
   plt.rcParams['axes.titlesize'] = 20
    # Set tick properties
   plt.rcParams['xtick.direction'] = 'in'
   plt.rcParams['xtick.labelsize'] = 20
   plt.rcParams['ytick.direction'] = 'in'
   plt.rcParams['ytick.labelsize'] = 20
    # Set legend font size
   plt.rcParams['legend.fontsize'] = 12
    # Enable and configure grid
   plt.rcParams['axes.grid'] = True
   plt.rcParams['grid.alpha'] = 0.8
   plt.rcParams['grid.linestyle'] = '--'
   plt.rcParams['grid.linewidth'] = 1
    # Set axes line width
   plt.rcParams['axes.linewidth'] = 2
    # Set tick sizes and widths
   plt.rcParams['xtick.major.size'] = 7
   plt.rcParams['xtick.major.width'] = 3
   plt.rcParams['xtick.minor.size'] = 2
   plt.rcParams['xtick.minor.width'] = 2
   plt.rcParams['ytick.major.size'] = 7
   plt.rcParams['ytick.major.width'] = 3
   plt.rcParams['ytick.minor.size'] = 2
   plt.rcParams['ytick.minor.width'] = 2
setMplParam(10)
```

## • Constants

```
- RADIUS: 5,000 m

- RESOLUTION: 1,000

- unit grid width = RADIUS / RESOLUTION m
```

```
[]: RADIUS = 5000
# RESOLUTION = 1000
# lower comes first
CMAP = ['#00B7EB', '#F5F5DC'] # Process cyan & Desert sand

[]: def showMap(Z, X, Y):
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (11, 8))
    cmap = ListedColormap(CMAP)
    # Using pcolormesh; X, Y, and Z dimensions must all match.
    c = ax.pcolormesh(X, Y, Z, cmap=cmap, shading='auto')
    ax.set_xlabel('x')
    ax.set_ylabel('y')
    # plt.colorbar(c, ax=ax)
    # d = {'Resolution': RESOLUTION}
# add_text_to_ax(0.02, 0.95, nice_string_output(d, 0), ax, fontsize=12)
    plt.show()
```

• RESOLUTION : radius divided by RESOLUTION for form a grid

```
[]: ISLAND, ISLAND_X, ISLAND_Y = defineIsland()
showMap(ISLAND, ISLAND_X, ISLAND_Y)
```

```
4000

2000

-2000

-4000

-4000 -2000 0 2000 4000 6000 8000
```

```
[]:
def getDistanceBetween(p1, p2):
    if p1 is None or p2 is None:
        return None # or you can return some default value or raise an_
        *exception
    elif None in p1 or None in p2: # Check if any coordinate is None
        return None
    else:
        return np.sqrt((p1[0] - p2[0])**2 + (p1[1] - p2[1])**2)

def getDistanceFromCenter(position):
        return getDistanceBetween([0, 0], position)
```

- let's keep x, y to be the positions in the coordinate.
- daily random walk generator

```
[]: class Crab:
    def __init__(self, position):
        self.position = position
        self.history = [position]
        self.totalTravel = 0.0
```

```
self.hasAlreadyBeenToSea = False
   self.travelToFirstSea = 0.0
   self.dailyTravel = 0.0
   self.mass = 1.0
   self.isAlive = True
   self.merge = 0
## ----- public getters ----- ##
def getPosition(self):
   return self.position
def getHistory(self):
   return self.history
def getTravel(self):
   return self.totalTravel
def getTravelToSea(self):
   return self.travelToFirstSea
def getIsAlive(self):
   return self.isAlive
def getMass(self):
   return self.mass
def getDailyTravel(self):
   return self.dailyTravel
## ----- main executors ----- ##
def walk(self):
   p1 = self.position
   p2 = self.__dailyWalk(p1)
   self.position = p2
   self.history.append(p2)
   distance = getDistanceBetween(p1, p2)
   if distance is not None: # Check if distance is None
       self.totalTravel += distance
       self.dailyTravel = distance
       if not self.hasAlreadyBeenToSea:
           self.travelToFirstSea += distance
def eaten(self):
   infPos = None
   self.mass = 0
   self.position = [infPos, infPos]
```

```
self.isAlive = False
  def devour(self, massAddtion):
      self.mass += massAddtion
      self.merge += massAddtion
  ## ----- private handlers ----- ##
  def __dailyWalk(self, position):
      if position == [None, None]:
          return [None, None]
      angle = self.__getRandomTravelAngle()
      r = self.__getRandomTravelDistance()
      # print(f'angle: \{angle\}, r: \{r\}') # check if the angle and r are_{\sqcup}
\hookrightarrow random
      new_P = [position[0] + r * np.cos(angle), position[1] + r * np.
⇔sin(angle)]
      if not self.__isThisPostionInIsland(new_P):
          r_toEdge = self.__howFarCanYouGet(position, new_P)
          new_P = [position[0] + r_toEdge * np.cos(angle), position[1] +__
→r_toEdge * np.sin(angle)]
          self.hasAlreadyBeenToSea = True
      return new P
  # geometry
  def __howFarCanYouGet(self, p1, p2):
      d1 = getDistanceFromCenter(p1)
      d2 = getDistanceFromCenter(p2)
      1 = getDistanceBetween(p1, p2)
      includedAngle = np.arccos((d1**2 + d2**2 - 1**2)/(2*d1*d2))
      triangleArea = 0.5 * d1 * d2 * np.sin(includedAngle)
      h = 2 * triangleArea / 1
      distToSeaShore = np.abs(np.sqrt(d1**2 - h**2) - np.sqrt(RADIUS**2 -
→h**2))
      return distToSeaShore
  ## ----- private getters ----- ##
  def __getRandomTravelDistance(self):
      DAILYMAXDISTANCE = 200.1 # 200 m a day max
      return np.random.uniform(low = 0, high = DAILYMAXDISTANCE)
  def __getRandomTravelAngle(self):
      return np.random.uniform(0, 2*np.pi)
  def __isThisPostionInIsland(self, position):
```

```
return getDistanceFromCenter(position) <= RADIUS</pre>
```

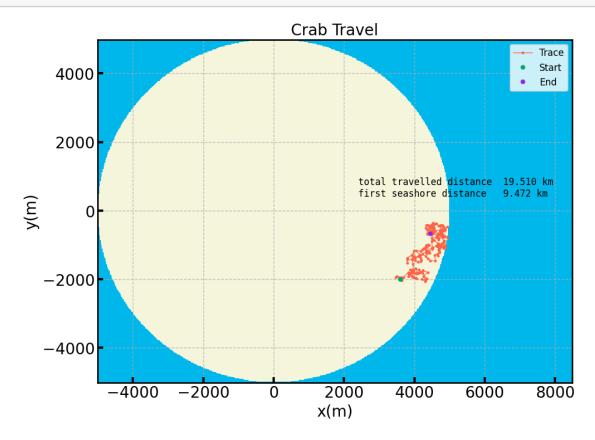
• Ex3(a) positional evolution of a single crab for 200 days

```
[]: def evolveSingleCrab():
         crab = Crab([3600, -2000])
         for _ in tqdm(range(200)):
             crab.walk()
         print(crab.getPosition())
         print(f'travel: {crab.getTravel():,.3f} m')
         print(f'travel to sea: {crab.getTravelToSea()/1000:,.3f} km')
         return crab
     crab0 = evolveSingleCrab()
    100%|
               | 200/200 [00:00<00:00, 200588.43it/s]
    [4440.926703585226, -673.5978449811117]
    travel: 19,510.257 m
    travel to sea: 9.472 km
[]: def showMakerSingle(Z, X, Y, crab):
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (11, 8))
         # Create a custom colormap
         cmap = ListedColormap(CMAP)
         # Using pcolormesh; X, Y, and Z dimensions must all match.
         c = ax.pcolormesh(X, Y, Z, cmap=cmap, shading='auto')
         positions = crab.getHistory()
         positions_x, positions_y = zip(*positions)
         positions_x, positions_y = zip(*positions) # Unpacking the positions into_
      \hookrightarrow x and y coordinates
         ax.plot(positions_x, positions_y, c = COLOUR[2], marker='.', linestyle='-',u
      →linewidth=1, markersize=5, label='Trace')
         ax.plot(positions_x[0], positions_y[0], c = COLOUR[3], marker='o',_u
      ⇔linestyle = '', markersize=5, label='Start')
         ax.plot(positions_x[-1], positions_y[-1], c = COLOUR[4], marker='o',_
      ⇔linestyle = '', markersize=5, label='End')
         ax.set_xlabel('x(m)')
         ax.set_ylabel('y(m)')
         ax.set_title('Crab Travel')
         # plt.colorbar(c, ax=ax)
         d = {'total travelled distance ': f'{crab.getTravel()/1000.0:,.3f} km',__

¬'first seashore distance': f'{crab.getTravelToSea()/1000.0:,.3f} km'}

         add_text_to_ax(0.55, 0.6, nice_string_output(d, 0), ax, fontsize=12)
         ax.legend()
```

[]: showMakerSingle(ISLAND, ISLAND\_X, ISLAND\_Y, crab0)
# 9.5 sec

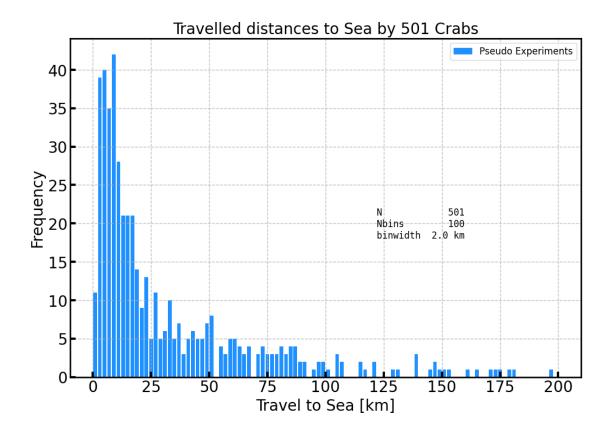


- Ex3 (b): a pseudo expriement with 501 crabs
- days are not constrained

```
[]: def getHistoParam(data):
    Nbins = int(np.sqrt(data.shape[0])/2)
    counts, x_edges = np.histogram(data, bins=Nbins)
    binwidth = x_edges[1] - x_edges[0]
    x_centres = x_edges[:-1] + binwidth/2
    return Nbins, binwidth, counts, x_centres
```

```
[]: def getHistoParamWithBinWidth(data, binwidth, isDensity = False):
    start_bin = np.floor(data.min()) - 0.5 * binwidth
    end_bin = np.ceil(data.max()) + 0.5 * binwidth
    bins = np.arange(start_bin, end_bin + binwidth, binwidth)
    bin_centers = (bins[:-1] + bins[1:]) / 2
    counts, x_edges = np.histogram(data, bins=bins, density=isDensity)
    x_centres = x_edges[:-1] + binwidth/2
    return bins, counts, bin_centers, x_centres
```

```
[]: def histoTravelToSea(data):
        data = data/1000
        x_min, x_max = 0, 200
        binwidth = 2
        Nbins = int((x_max - x_min) / binwidth)
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(12, 8))
        ax.hist(data, bins=Nbins, range=(x_min, x_max), rwidth=0.8, label='Pseudou
      ax.set_title('Travelled distances to Sea by 501 Crabs')
        ax.set_xlabel('Travel to Sea [km]')
        ax.set_ylabel('Frequency')
        ax.legend()
        d = {'N': len(data), 'Nbins': Nbins, 'binwidth': f'{binwidth:.1f} km'}
        text = nice_string_output(d, extra_spacing=2, decimals=3)
        add text to ax(0.6, 0.5, text, ax, fontsize=12, color='k')
[ ]: def repeatPseudoExp(PSEUDO_SIZE):
        travelToSea = np.zeros(PSEUDO_SIZE)
        for i in tqdm(range(PSEUDO_SIZE)):
             crab = Crab([3600, -2000])
            while crab.getDailyTravel() < 200:</pre>
                 crab.walk()
             travelToSea[i] = crab.getTravelToSea()
        return travelToSea
[]: def pseudo501():
        PSEUDO_SIZE = 501
        travelToSea = repeatPseudoExp(PSEUDO_SIZE)
        histoTravelToSea(travelToSea)
     pseudo501()
     ## 21.8 sec
              | 501/501 [00:06<00:00, 76.54it/s]
    100%|
```



 $\bullet$  Ex3(c) simulate 20 crabs

```
[]: def readData():
    filename = 'resources/crabs_initial.data'
    df = pd.read_csv(filename, sep=' ', header=None)
    df = pd.DataFrame(df.astype(float))
    df.columns = ['X', 'Y']
    df = df.apply(lambda x: x * 1000)
    return df
```

```
class Crabs:
    ## ------ CTOR ----- ##

def __init__(self, initial_df):
    self.initial_df = initial_df
    self.crabs = self.__makeCrabs()
    self.passedDays = 0

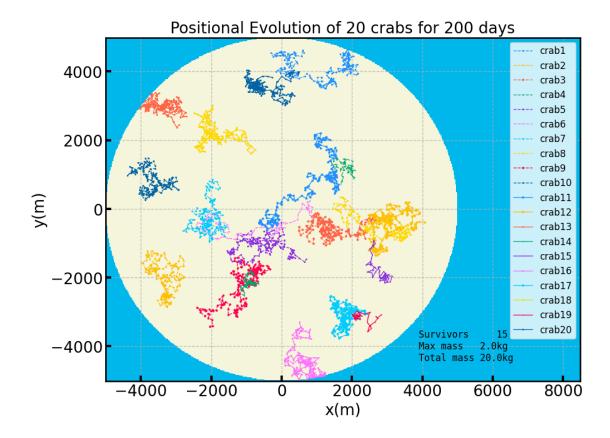
def __makeCrabs(self):
    crabs = []
    for _, row in self.initial_df.iterrows():
        crabs.append(Crab([row['X'], row['Y']]))
    return crabs
```

```
## ----- public getters ----- ##
  def getCrabs(self):
      return self.crabs
  def getPopulation(self):
      alive_crabs = [crab for crab in self.crabs if crab.getIsAlive()]
      return len(alive_crabs)
  def getDays(self):
      return self.passedDays
  ## ----- main executors ----- ##
  def evolve(self, days):
      for _ in range(days):
          for crab in self.crabs:
              crab.walk()
              theOtherCrabs = self.__getTheOtherCrabs(crab)
              if self.__isIntruded(crab, theOtherCrabs):
                  competitor = self.__getCompetitor(crab, theOtherCrabs)
                  self._handleCombat(crab, competitor)
          self.passedDays += 1
  def evolveWithPopulationLimit(self, thresholdPopulation):
      while self.getPopulation() > thresholdPopulation:
          self.evolve(1)
  ## ----- private getters ----- ##
  def __getTheOtherCrabs(self, crab):
      theOtherCrabs = [c for c in self.crabs if c != crab and c.getIsAlive()]
      return theOtherCrabs
  def __isIntruded(self, crab, theOtherCrabs):
      TERRITORY = 175
      for other_crab in theOtherCrabs:
          between = getDistanceBetween(crab.position, other_crab.position)
          if between is not None and between < TERRITORY: # Check if
⇔distance is not None
              return True
      return False
  def __getCompetitor(self, crab, theOtherCrabs):
      TERRITORY = 175
      min_between = 1e6
      competitor = None
      for other_crab in theOtherCrabs:
          between = getDistanceBetween(crab.position, other_crab.position)
```

```
if between < TERRITORY and between < min_between:</pre>
                     min_between = between
                     competitor = other_crab
             return competitor
         ## ----- private handlers ----- ##
        def __handleCombat(self, crab, competitor):
            mass1, mass2 = crab.getMass(), competitor.getMass()
             if mass1 > mass2:
                 p_devour = mass1**2 / (mass1**2 + mass2**2)
             else:
                 p_{evour} = mass2**2 / (mass1**2 + mass2**2)
            p_challenge = np.random.uniform(0, 1)
             if p_devour > p_challenge:
                 if mass1 > mass2:
                     predator, prey = crab, competitor
                     predator, prey = competitor, crab
                 predator.devour(prey.mass)
                 prey.eaten()
[]: def getStats(crabs, verbose = False):
        alives = [crab for crab in crabs if crab.getIsAlive()]
        masses = [crab.mass for crab in alives]
        N alives = len(alives)
        maxMass = max(masses)
        totalMass = sum(masses)
        if verbose:
            print(f'Number of alive crabs: {N_alives}')
            print(f'Maximum mass: {maxMass:.1f} kg')
        return N_alives, maxMass, totalMass
[]: def showMaker(Z, X, Y, crabs):
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(11, 8))
         cmap = ListedColormap(CMAP)
         # Using pcolormesh; X, Y, and Z dimensions must all match.
        c = ax.pcolormesh(X, Y, Z, cmap=cmap, shading='auto')
        half = len(crabs) // 2
        # Plot the first half of crabs with dashed lines
        for i, crab in enumerate(crabs[:half]):
            positions = crab.getHistory()
            positions_x, positions_y = zip(*positions)
             # Filter out positions of eaten crabs (set to None)
```

```
positions_x = [x for x in positions_x if x is not None]
      positions_y = [y for y in positions_y if y is not None]
      markersize = (crab.getMass() + 0.5) * 1.5
      ax.plot(positions_x, positions_y, marker='.', linestyle='--',_
⇔linewidth=1, markersize=markersize, label=f'crab{i+1}')
  # Plot the rest of the crabs with solid lines
  for i, crab in enumerate(crabs[half:]):
      positions = crab.getHistory()
      positions_x, positions_y = zip(*positions)
      # Filter out positions of eaten crabs (set to None)
      positions_x = [x for x in positions_x if x is not None]
      positions_y = [y for y in positions_y if y is not None]
      markersize = (crab.getMass() + 0.5) * 1.5
      ax.plot(positions_x, positions_y, marker='.', linestyle='-',__
olinewidth=1, markersize=markersize, label=f'crab{half + i + 1}')
  ax.set_xlabel('x(m)')
  ax.set_ylabel('y(m)')
  ax.set_title('Positional Evolution of 20 crabs for 200 days')
  # plt.colorbar(c, ax=ax)
  N_alives, maxMass, totalMass = getStats(crabs)
  d = {'Survivors ': N_alives,
       'Max mass ': f'{maxMass:.1f}kg',
       'Total mass': f'{totalMass:.1f}kg'
  add text to ax(0.66, 0.15, nice string output(d, 0), ax, fontsize=12)
  ax.legend()
  crabs = Crabs(readData())
  crabs.evolve(200)
  crabs = crabs.getCrabs()
  showMaker(ISLAND, ISLAND_X, ISLAND_Y, crabs)
```

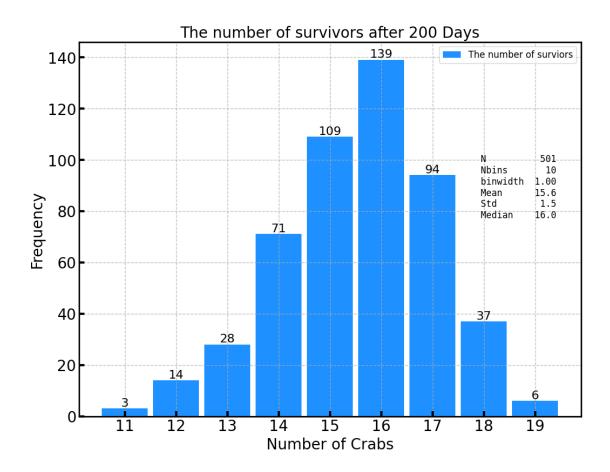
```
[]: def crabsShell():
     crabsShell()
     # 10.9 sec
```

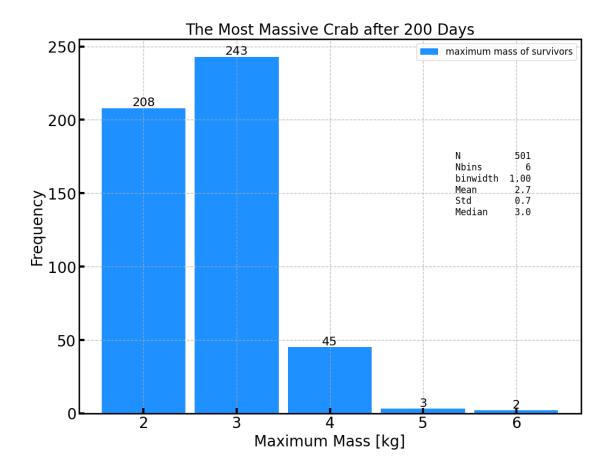


```
[]: def buildHistoTexts(title, label, binwidth,
                         d_text_x, d_text_y,
                         xlabel = 'X', ylabel = 'Y',
                         rotation = 0, density = False,
                         additional_d = {}):
         texts = {}
         texts['title'] = title
         texts['label'] = label
         texts['binwidth'] = binwidth
         texts['d_x'] = d_text_x
         texts['d_y'] = d_text_y
         texts['xlabel'] = xlabel
         texts['ylabel'] = ylabel
         texts['rotation'] = rotation
         texts['density'] = density
         texts['add_d'] = additional_d
         return texts
[]: def plotHisto(data, texts):
         title = texts['title']
         label = texts['label']
```

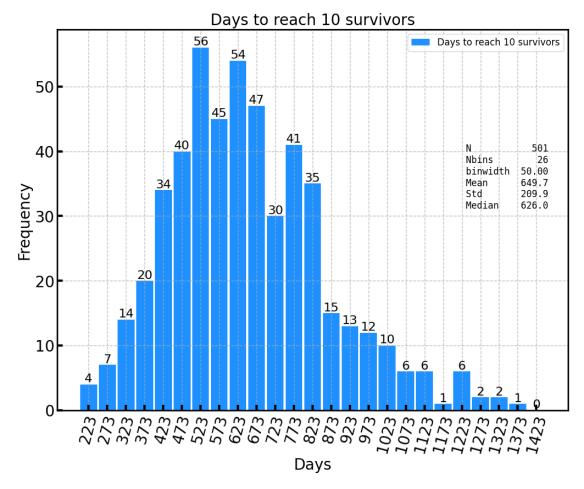
```
binwidth = texts['binwidth']
         xlabel = texts['xlabel']
         ylabel = texts['ylabel']
         d_text_x = texts['d_x']
         d_text_y = texts['d_y']
         rotation = texts['rotation']
         density = texts['density']
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(12, 9))
         bins, counts, bin_centers, x_centres = getHistoParamWithBinWidth(data,__
      ⇒binwidth)
         Nbins = len(bins)
         _, _, patches = ax.hist(data, bins=bins, rwidth=0.9, label=label)
         ax.set_title(title)
         ax.set xlabel(xlabel)
         ax.set_ylabel(ylabel)
         ax.set_xticks(bin_centers)
         ax.set_xticklabels([f'{int(label)}' for label in bin_centers],_
      →rotation=rotation)
         ax.legend()
         # display the count of each bar on the top
         for patch, count in zip(patches, counts):
              height = patch.get_height()
              ax.text(patch.get_x() + patch.get_width() / 2.,
                       height, f'{count:.0f}',
                       ha='center', va='bottom',
                       fontsize=16)
         add_d = texts['add_d']
         d = \{'N': len(data),
              'Nbins': Nbins,
              'binwidth': f'{binwidth:.2f}',
              'Mean': f'{np.mean(data):.1f}',
              'Median': f'{np.median(data):.1f}',
              'Std': f'{np.std(data):.1f}',
         text = nice_string_output(d, extra_spacing=2, decimals=3)
         add_text_to_ax(d_text_x, d_text_y, text, ax, fontsize=12, color='k')
[ ]: def core200DaysExp(EXP_SIZE):
         N alives = np.zeros(EXP SIZE)
         maxMass = np.zeros(EXP_SIZE)
         totalMass = np.zeros(EXP SIZE)
         NDAYS = 200
         for i in tqdm(range(EXP_SIZE)):
```

```
crabs = Crabs(readData())
             crabs.evolve(NDAYS)
             N_alives[i], maxMass[i], totalMass[i] = getStats(crabs.getCrabs())
         return N_alives, maxMass, totalMass
[]: N_alives, maxMass, totalMass = core200DaysExp(501)
     # Mac 5m 22sec = 322 sec
     # Win : 43 sec
              | 501/501 [00:46<00:00, 10.76it/s]
    100%|
[ ]: def plot200DaysExp(N_alives, maxMass):
         histoText_alive = buildHistoTexts('The number of survivors after 200 Days',
                                         'The number of surviors',
                                         1.0,
                                         0.8,
                                         0.7,
                                          'Number of Crabs',
                                          'Frequency')
         plotHisto(N_alives, histoText_alive)
         histoText_maxMass = buildHistoTexts('The Most Massive Crab after 200 Days',
                                         'maximum mass of survivors',
                                         1.0,
                                         0.75,
                                         0.7,
                                          'Maximum Mass [kg]',
                                          'Frequency')
         plotHisto(maxMass, histoText_maxMass)
     plot200DaysExp(N_alives, maxMass)
```





```
[]: def core10survivors(EXP_SIZE):
         N_days = np.zeros(EXP_SIZE)
         for i in tqdm(range(EXP_SIZE)):
             crabs = Crabs(readData())
             crabs.evolveWithPopulationLimit(10)
             N_days[i] = crabs.getDays()
         return N_days
[]: N_days = core10survivors(501)
     # Win :2m 7sec = 127 sec
    100%|
               | 501/501 [02:09<00:00,
                                       3.86it/s
[]:|binwidth_10survivors = 50
[ ]: def plot10survivors(N_days):
         histoText_days = buildHistoTexts('Days to reach 10 survivors',
                                         'Days to reach 10 survivors',
                                         binwidth_10survivors, # binwidth
                                         0.8,
```

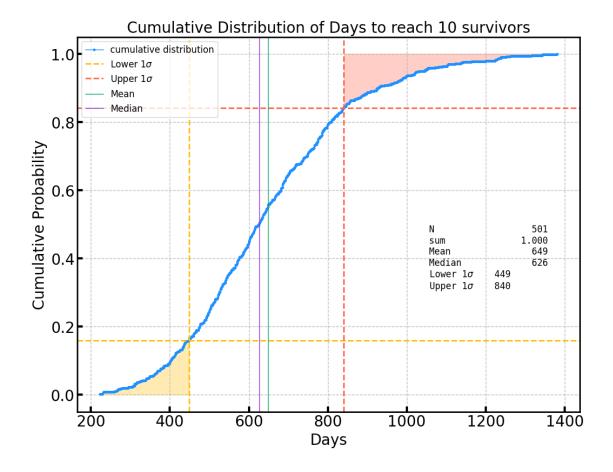


```
lower_oneSig = np.argmax(cumulation > tailPortion)
   upper_oneSig = np.argmax(cumulation > 1 - tailPortion)
   x_low_oneSig = int(x_centres[lower_oneSig])
   x_up_oneSig = int(x_centres[upper_oneSig])
   mean = int(np.mean(data))
   median = int(np.median(data))
   fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(12, 9))
   ax.plot(x_centres, cumulation, marker='.', linestyle='-', linewidth=1,__
 ⇔markersize=5, label='cumulative distribution')
    # lower 1 sigma
    ax.axvline(x_low_oneSig, color=COLOUR[1], linestyle='--', label=f'Lower_

¬1$\sigma$')
   ax.fill_between(x_centres, cumulation, where=(x_centres < x_low_oneSig),_
 ⇒color=COLOUR[1], alpha=0.3)
   ax.axhline(tailPortion, color=COLOUR[1], linestyle='--')
    # upper 1 sigma
   ax.axvline(x_up_oneSig, color=COLOUR[2], linestyle='--', label=f'Upper_

¬1$\sigma$')
   ax.axhline(1 - tailPortion, color=COLOUR[2], linestyle='--')
   ax.fill between(x centres, np.ones like(x centres), cumulation,
 where=(x_centres > x_up_oneSig), color=COLOUR[2], alpha=0.3)
   ax.axvline(mean, color=COLOUR[3], linestyle='-', lw = 1, label=f'Mean')
   ax.axvline(median, color=COLOUR[4], linestyle='-', lw = 1, label=f'Median')
   ax.set_title('Cumulative Distribution of Days to reach 10 survivors')
   ax.set xlabel('Days')
   ax.set_ylabel('Cumulative Probability')
   ax.legend(loc = 'upper left')
   d = \{'N\}
                        ': len(data),
         'sum
                        ': f'{np.sum(counts):.3f}',
                        ': f'{mean}',
         'Mean
         'Median
                        ': f'{median}',
         'Lower 1$\sigma$': f'{x_low_oneSig}',
         'Upper 1\sigma\sigma\s': f'\{x_up_oneSig}'
        }
   text = nice_string_output(d, extra_spacing=2, decimals=3)
   add_text_to_ax(0.7, 0.5, text, ax, fontsize=12, color='k')
   print(f'confidence interval: {x_low_oneSig} - {x_up_oneSig}')
   return mean, x_low_oneSig, x_up_oneSig
mean, x_low_oneSig, x_up_oneSig = stats10survivors(N_days, binwidth_10survivors)
```

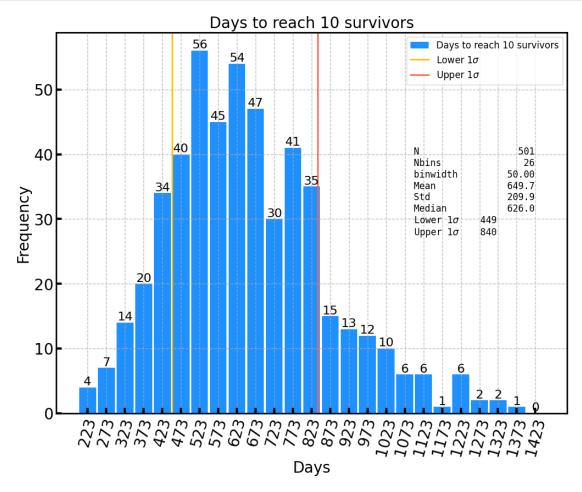
confidence interval: 449 - 840



```
[]: def finalHisto(data, texts):
         title = texts['title']
         label = texts['label']
         binwidth = texts['binwidth']
         xlabel = texts['xlabel']
         ylabel = texts['ylabel']
         d_text_x = texts['d_x']
         d_text_y = texts['d_y']
         rotation = texts['rotation']
         density = texts['density']
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(12, 9))
         bins, counts, bin_centers, x_centres = getHistoParamWithBinWidth(data,__
      ⇔binwidth)
         Nbins = len(bins)
         _, _, patches = ax.hist(data, bins=bins, rwidth=0.9, label=label)
          # lower 1 sigma
```

```
ax.axvline(x_low_oneSig, color=COLOUR[1], lw = 2, linestyle='-',__
      ⇔label=f'Lower 1$\sigma$')
           ax.fill\_between(x\_centres, cumulation, where=(x\_centres < x\_low\_oneSiq), 
      \hookrightarrow color=COLOUR[1], alpha=0.3)
         # upper 1 sigma
         ax.axvline(x_up_oneSig, color=COLOUR[2], lw = 2, linestyle='-',_
      ⇔label=f'Upper 1$\sigma$')
           ax.fill between(x centres, np.ones like(x centres), cumulation,
      \rightarrowwhere=(x_centres > x_up_oneSig), color=COLOUR[2], alpha=0.3)
         ax.set_title(title)
         ax.set_xlabel(xlabel)
         ax.set_ylabel(ylabel)
         ax.set_xticks(bin_centers)
         ax.set_xticklabels([f'{int(label)}' for label in bin_centers],_
      →rotation=rotation)
         ax.legend()
         # display the count of each bar on the top
         for patch, count in zip(patches, counts):
              height = patch.get_height()
              ax.text(patch.get_x() + patch.get_width() / 2.,
                       height, f'{count:.0f}',
                       ha='center', va='bottom',
                       fontsize=16)
         \# add_d = texts['add_d']
         d = \{'N': len(data),
              'Nbins': Nbins,
              'binwidth': f'{binwidth:.2f}',
              'Mean': f'{int(np.mean(data))}',
              'Median': f'{int(np.median(data))}',
              'Std': f'{np.std(data):.1f}',
                 'Lower 1$\sigma$': f'{x_low_oneSig}',
                 'Upper 1$\sigma$': f'{x_up_oneSig}'
         text = nice_string_output(d, extra_spacing=2, decimals=3)
         add_text_to_ax(d_text_x, d_text_y, text, ax, fontsize=12, color='k')
[]: def finalplot():
          histoText_days = buildHistoTexts('Days to reach 10 survivors',
                                          'Days to reach 10 survivors',
                                          binwidth_10survivors, # binwidth
                                          0.7,
                                          0.7,
```

```
'Days',
'Frequency',
75)
finalHisto(N_days, histoText_days)
finalplot()
```



```
[]: print(f'{mean} - {mean - x_low_oneSig} + {x_up_oneSig - mean} days')

Cell In[261], line 1
    print(f'{mean} - {mean - x_low_oneSig} + {x_up_oneSig - mean}' days)

SyntaxError: invalid syntax

[]:
[]:
```