Code No: 154AQ

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD Time: 3 Hours B. Tech II Year II Semester Examinations, August/September - 2021 **DISCRETE MATHEMATICS**

(Common to CSE, IT, ITE)

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

- Obtain the principal conjunctive normal form of 1.a) $(p \rightarrow (q \land r)) \land (\sim p \rightarrow (\sim q \land \sim r))$
 - What do you mean by Well Formed Formula? Explain about Tautology with example? b)

[7+8]

- Consider the following relation on $\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ R= $\{(i, j) : i-j=2\}$ Is R transitive? Is R 2.a) reflexive? Is R Symmetric?
 - If R and S are equivalence relations on a set A. Prove that $R \cap S$ is an equivalence b)
 - Define the terms: POSET and Hasse diagram. c)

[5+5+5]

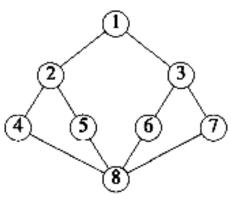
- 3. Use strong induction to prove "Every positive integer greater than 1 can be written uniquely as a prime or as the product of two or more primes where the prime factors are written in order of non decreasing size". [15]
- Obtain recurrence relation for tower of Hanoi problem and find its time complexity. 4.a)
 - Explain the methods of solving recurrence relations with suitable examples. [7+8]b)
- Give an example graph which is Hamiltonian but not Eulerian. 5.a)
 - How to determine adjacency matrix for a graph. Explain properties of adjacency matrix b) by taking suitable graph with minimum 4 nodes 6 edges. [7+8]
- Prove or Disprove that the following statements are logically equivalent without using 6.a) truth table. $(P \rightarrow Q) \land (P \rightarrow R) \Leftrightarrow P \rightarrow (Q \land R)$?
 - b) Find the disjunctive normal forms of the following:

i)
$$\neg (P \lor Q) \leftrightarrow (P \land Q)$$

ii)
$$P \rightarrow \{ (P \rightarrow Q) \land (\neg Q \lor \neg P) \}$$

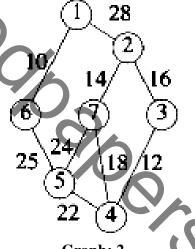
- 7.aCompute the number of rows of 6 Americans, 7 Mexicans and 10 Canadians in which are American invariably stands between a Mexican and a Canadian and in which a Mexican and a Canadian never stand side by side.
 - [7+8]b) Solve the recurrence relation $a_n+4a_{n-1}+4a_{n-2}=8$ for n>=2 where $a_0=1$, $a_1=2$.

8.a) Explain Breadth First Search algorithm with following Graph 1.



Graph: 1

b) Define Spanning tree. Apply Krushkal's algorithm to find minimum spanning tree on the following weighted graph 2. [7+8]



Graph: 2

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