# Math Notes

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## 1 Comments

# 2 Text Formatting

# 2.1 Font Styles

Type	Format	Result
Bold	\textbf{Text}	Text
Italics	\textit{Text}	Text
Underline	\underline{Text}	$\underline{\text{Text}}$

#### Source

• https://latex-tutorial.com/symbols/text-formatting/

#### **Further Study**

- https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Bold%2C\_italics\_and\_underlining
- https://latex-tutorial.com/changing-font-style/

### 2.2 Font Sizes

Type	Format	Result
tiny	{\tiny Text}	Text
scriptsize	{\scriptsize Text}	Text
footnotesize	{\footnotesize Text}	Text
$\operatorname{small}$	{\small Text}	Text
normalsize (default)	{\normalsize Text}	Text
large	{\large Text}	$\operatorname{Text}$
Large	{\Large Text}	$\operatorname{Text}$
LARGE	{\LARGE Text}	Text
huge	{\huge Text}	Text
Huge	{\Huge Text}	Text

#### Source

- https://texblog.org/2012/08/29/changing-the-font-size-in-latex/
- https://latex-tutorial.com/symbols/text-formatting/

### 2.3 Verbatim

• https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Code\_listing

# 3 Symbols

## 3.1 Degrees Symbol

The \degree command is provided by the gensymb package, so if you add:

\usepackage{gensymb}

to your preamble, that should enable the command.

Another alternative is the **\textdegree** command, which is provided by the textcomp package. And finally, \$^{\circ}\$ is another way of obtaining roughly the right symbol.

### 4 Tables

Tables are Included in LATEX there are no packages are required to be used.

#### 4.1 Table with no Borders

```
cell1
                                                          cell2
                                                                 cell3
   \begin{center}
1
2
     \begin{tabular}{ c c c }
                                                    cell4
                                                          cell5
                                                                 cell6
3
       cell1 & cell2 & cell3\\
                                                          cell8
                                                                 cell9
                                                   cell7
       cell4 & cell5 & cell6\
4
       cel17 & cel18 & cel19
5
6
     \end{tabular}
   \end{center}
```

#### 4.2 Table with Borders

```
cell1
                                                          cell2
                                                                 cell3
1
   \begin{center}
2
     \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
                                                   cell4
                                                          cell5
                                                                 cell6
3
       \hline
                                                   cell7
                                                          cell8
                                                                 cell9
       cell1 & cell2 & cell3\\
4
5
       cel14 & cel15 & cel16\\
       cel17 & cel18 & cel19\\
       \hline
     \end{tabular}
   \end{center}
```

### 4.3 Table with Double Borders

```
\begin{center}
                                6
                                      cel14 & cel15 & cel16\\
1
                                      \hline
2
    7
3
                                8
                                      cel17 & cel18 & cel19\\
      \hline
      cell1 & cell2 & cell3\\ [0.59]
4
                                      \hline
                                      cell10 & cell11 & cell12\\
5
      \hline \hline
                                      [1ex]
```

```
11 | \hline
12 | \end{tabular}
13 | \end{center}
```

	cell1	cell2	cell3
	cell4	cell5	cell6
I	cell7	cell8	cell9
Ī	cell10	cell11	cell12
н			

#### Source

• https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Tables

## 5 Columns

Include the following in the preamble:

Preamble

## 5.1 Column Separation

#### First Section

All things are subject to decay. And when fate summons, Monarchs must obey.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullam-corper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor

sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

Thanks to the genius of the authors of life itself this occurs and will continue until the cycle ends.

#### Source

• https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Multiple\_columns

# 6 Tikz

#### 6.1 circuitikz

#### Source

• https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/LaTeX\_Graphics\_using\_TikZ% 3A\_A\_Tutorial\_for\_Beginners\_(Part\_4)%E2%80%94Circuit\_Diagrams\_Using\_Circuitikz

# 7 Including Files

```
for(int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
     parents[i] = i;
3
     colors[i] = i;
     colors[i] = 'W';
5
6
7
   int t = 0;
8
   for(int i =0; i < size; i++) {
10
     //nodes are either White or Black in here
11
     if(colors[i] == 'W'){
       //color[i] = 'G';
12
       bool res = isCycleVisit(i, t);
13
       if(res)
14
15
        return res;
16
    }//if
17
   }//for
18
   return false;
19
```

Function: Graph::isCycle()

#### Source

• https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Code\_listing