Preparing Proposals in LATEX with proposal.cls*

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Abstract

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. It is optimized towards collaborative projects, and should specialized to particular funding agencies.

Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	The User Interface	3
	2.1 Package Options	3
	2.2 Proposal Metadata	4
	2.3 Proposal Appearance	5
	2.4 The proposal Environment and Title Page	5
	2.5 Objectives	5
	2.6 Work Areas and Work Packages	5
	2.7 Tasks	6
	2.8 Work Phase Metadata	7
	2.9 Milestones and Deliverables	7
	2.10 Project Data, Referencing, and Hyperlinking	8
	2.11 The Work Package Table	8
	2.12 Gantt Charts	9
	2.13 Coherence	9
	2.14 Localization	9
	2.15 Project Management	9
3	Limitations and Enhancements	10
4	The Implementation	11
	4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization	11
	4.2 Proposal Metadata	13
	4.3 Proposal Appearance	15
	4.4 The proposal Environment and Title Page	15
	4.5 Objectives	17
	4.6 Work Areas and Work Packages	17
	4.7 Tasks	21
	4.8 Work Phase Metadata	23
	4.9 Milestones and Deliverables	24
	4.10 Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking	27

^{*}Version ? (last revised ?)

4.11	The Work Package Table	29
4.12	Gantt Charts	34
4.13	Coherence	37
4.14	Relevant Papers & References	39
4.15	Miscellaneous	40

1 Introduction

Writing grant proposals is a collaborative effort that requires the integration of contributions from many individuals. The use of an ASCII-based format like LATEX allows to coordinate the process via a source code control system like GIT or Subversion, allowing the proposal writing team to concentrate on the contents rather than the mechanics of wrangling with text fragments and revisions. In fact the proposal package has evolved out of a series of collaborative proposal writing efforts, where large teams (up to 30 individuals from up to 20 sites) have written a 100-page proposal in three weeks (with over 2000 commits). Such collaborative writing sprints are impossible without a revision control system and a "semantic" document class that generates tables, charts, and deliverable lists from content markup and thus takes care of many of the routine tasks of keeping information consistent.

The **proposal** class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. The package documentation is still preliminary, fragmented and incomplete.

The proposal class is distributed under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License from CTAN archives in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt. Either version 1.0 or, at your option, any later version.

The CTAN archive always contains the latest stable version, the development version can be found on GitHub at https://github.com/KWARC/LaTeX-proposal. For bug reports please use the issue tracker there. Please feel free to fork the repository and provide extensions and improvements.

The development version also contains example proposals and a very useful script that generates GitHub issues for all the workpackages, tasks, and deliverables. This is a great way of starting up a project and controlling its progress. The OpenDreamKit EU project (see http://opendreamkit.org) uses this for its (very public) project planning on the issue tracker at https://github.com/OpenDreamKit after (also publicly) developing the proposal on GitHub.

Finally, the GitHub reposistory contains example project proposals and specialized Makefiles that help start off the proposal development process. These are not part of the CTAN/TeXLive distributions.

2 The User Interface

In this section we will describe the functionality offered by the proposal class along the lines of the macros and environments the class provides.

2.1 Package Options

The proposal package takes the options submit, noworkareas, RAM, deliverables, wpsubsection, keys, svninfo, gitinfo, numericcites, public, longtasklabels, and attachments.

submit

The submit option will disable various proposal management decorations which are enabled by default for submission.

noworkareas

The noworkareas option specifies that we do not want to structure our work plan into work areas (see section 2.6).

RAM

The RAM option specifies that we specify research assistant months in the effort tallies (see section 2.6).

deliverables

The deliverables option specifies that we specify deliverables in the grant proposal (see section 2.9). As the deliverables management needs extra support, we only activate them via this option.

wpsubsection

The wpsubsection option specifies that we want to see subsections headings for the WPs (and WAs, if we have them).

longtasklabels The longtasklabels option specifies that we want to long task labels (i.e. including the WP and possibly WA numbers).

attachments The attachments option specifies that we want a list of attachments generated by the

\end{proposal}. This uses the macor \prop@attachments which can be customized.

report

The report option specifies that we want to use the report.cls class as a basis for proposal instead of the default article.cls.

keys

The keys option specifies that we want to see the values of various keyval arguments in the

svninfo

The syninfo option specifies specifies that we want to use the syninfo package for displaying version control metadata in the document (except when the submit option is also given). For this we need the svninfo metadata line of the form

```
\SVN $Id: proposal.tex 13610 2007-07-11 04:30:16Z kohlhase $
\svnKeyword $HeadURL: https://svn.kwarc.info/../proposal.tex $
```

• title for the proposal title (used on the title page),

The acronym will also be used in the page headings.

specify a date until which the funds last.

at the beginning of each file (or in the preamble).

gitinfo

Analogously, the gitinfo option uses the gitinfo2 package for GIT metadata. Note that you will need to install the post-commit hooks in your working copy according to [gitinfo2:on] for this to work.

numericcites public private

The numericcites option changes citations to numeric from the default alphabetic.

Finally, the public option allows to hide certain sensitive (e.g. financial) parts of the proposal. For this, the proposal class provides the private environment. If the option public is set, the parts of the document between \begin{private} and \end{private} do not produce output. This is useful for producing public versions of the proposal that hide confidential parts. Note that both \begin{private} and \end{private} have to be on lines of their own may not have any leading whitespace otherwise an error occurs and LATEX gives error messages that are difficult to comprehend. An alternative way to distinguish private and public sections are to use the \ifpublic conditional: \ifpublic{3}\else{5}\fi will result in "5" in the submitted draft and "3" in the public document.

\ifpublic

2.2Proposal Metadata

proposal

The metadata of the proposal is specified in the proposal environment, which also generates the title page and the first section of the proposal as well as the last pages of the proposal with the signatures, enclosures, and references. The proposal environment should contain all the mandatory parts of the proposal text. The proposal environment uses the following keys to specify metadata.

• acronym for the proposal acronym, possibly accompanied by an acrolong that explains it.

• start for the start date of the proposed fragment of the project, and months for the length

specify the date since when the overall project runs. Finally, the fundsuntil allows to

• discipline for the academic discipline and areas for the research areas in that discipline. • PI to declare the principal investigator. For collaborative proposals we can use the PI key

• Many collaborative proposals are shared between two institutions, which we can declare with the site key. As this changes the interface this should not be used for single-institution

of the proposal in months. Both have to be specified for the proposal class to work. • If the proposal only concerns a part of a longer-running project, the since key allows to

• instrument for the instrument of funding that you would like to apply for,

title

instrument acronym acrolong

start months since

fundsuntil

discipline

EdN:1

site

EdN:2

proposals. We will describe the setup for a single-site proposal below and point out the differences. The example proposal.tex is a two-site proposal.²

multiple times. ¹

PΤ

 $^1\mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ document the generated keys

²EdNote: document the generated keys

• Sometimes it makes sense to document the proposal number in the metadata, e.g. to use the generated metadata file $\langle main \rangle$.pdata for project reports. The proposal number can be used for that.

\pn \pnlong If the acronym and acrolong are given, then they automatically define the macros \pn and \pnlong which allow to use the project acronym (<u>project name</u>) and its long version in the text. Note that these macros use \xspace internally, so they do not have to be enclosed in curly braces.

There are two ways of organizing the distribution of personnel resources when developing a proposal. Either the coordinator takes a *top-down approach* where she assigns person months (PM) to the respective site, of she takes a *bottom-up approach*, where the sites "request" personnel resources by marking them up in the CVs of the researchers in the site descriptions. proposal.cls supports both of these. Support for the first is configured via the topdownPM key and for the other via the botupPM key. They add respective lines for planning in the WA/WP figure (see 2.6).

topdownPM botupPM

2.3 Proposal Appearance

EdN:3 compactht EdN:4 The proposal environment takes a second set of keyval arguments that allow to fine-tune the appearance of the proposal document. 3

• If the compactht key is given (it does not need a value), then the header tables⁴ are made compact, i.e. the sites that do not have a contribution to the work package or work area do not get listed. This is useful for proposals with more than 8 partners.

emphbox

The proposal package supplies the emphbox environment to create boxes of emphasized material we want to call attention to.

2.4 The proposal Environment and Title Page

EdN:5

5

2.5 Objectives

objective

The work plan starts with a discussion of objectives, which may be referenced in the text later. The proposal package provides the objective environment that allows to mark up individual objectives. It takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for the objective title, and short for a short title that can be used for referencing when the title is too long. The objectives can be referenced via $OJBref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by their label and via $OJBtref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by label and (short if it was specified) title.

\OBJref \OBJtref

2.6 Work Areas and Work Packages

Grant proposals have another part that is often highly stylized; the work plan. This is usually structured into "work packages" — i.e. work items that address a cohesive aspect of the proposed work. These work packages are usually consecutively numbered, have a title, and an associated effort estimation. As work packages are the "atomic" planning units, they are usually heavily cross-referenced. A well-written proposal usually contains a table giving an overview over the work packages and their efforts and a Gantt chart showing the temporal distribution of the proposed work to allow the reviewers to get a clear picture of the feasibility of the research and development proposed. But this picture is also essential during the development of a proposal (which the proposal package aims to support), when the work packages (and their estimated efforts) usually change considerably. Therefore the proposal class standardizes markup for work packages and automatically computes the work package table (which can be inserted into the table via the \wpfig macro) and the Gantt Chart (see Section 2.12).

\wpfig workplan

To achieve the automation, work plan is marked up by the workplan environment, which

³EdNote: move the RAM, wpsectionheadings,... options here.

⁴EdNote: describe them somewhere and reference here

 $^{^5\}mathrm{EdNote}$: add documentation

sets up various internal counters and bookeeping macros. It contains texts and workpackage environments for the work packages.

workpackage

The purpose of the workpackage environment is to mark up a fragment of text as a work package description and specify the metadata so that it can be used in the work package table and Gantt chart generation. The metadata is specified by the following keys:

id

• The id key is used to specify a label for cross-referencing the work package or work area, it must be document-unique.

title short • The title and short keys are used for the work package/group title. The short title is used in tables and should not be longer than 15 characters.

wphases requires

- The wphases key is used according to Section 2.8
- The requires key can be used to mark, up dependencies between tasks. If requires=\taskin{ $\langle rid \rangle$ }{ $\langle wp \rangle$ } is given in a task with $id=\langle t \rangle$, then task $\langle rid \rangle$ in work package $\langle wp \rangle$ must be completed for task $\langle t \rangle$ to become possible. This key will draw an arrow into the gantt chart from the end of task $\langle rid \rangle$ to $\langle t \rangle$. Note that dependencies should always point forward in time. Furthermore, note that the fact that dependencies always go from the end of the source to the beginning of the target work phase is intentional, if this does not meet your needs, then you should probably break a work phase into pieces that can be addressed separately.

RM RAM • In single-site proposals, the RM (and RAM if the RAM option was given) keys are used to specify the estimated efforts to be expended on research and development in this work package. Both are specified in person months. RM is used for "researcher months" (wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter) and RAM for "research assistant months" (wissenschaftliche Hilfskraft).

*RM *RAM • In multi-site proposals, the proposal package generates the keys $\langle site \rangle RM$ (and $\langle site \rangle RAM$) where $\langle site \rangle$ is any site label declared via the site key in the top-level proposal environment. This can be used to specify the person months that the site spends on this work package (the value for work areas is automatically computed (remember to run LATEX twice for this)).

lead

- In multi-site proposals the lead key specifies the work package or work area lead, the value of this feature should be the short name of the respective partner.
- In multi-site proposals the number of sites can be written as \pdatacount{all}{site}.

swsites

• For work packages with many prospers the swsites key can be given (no value needed) to turn the site names sideways to conserve (horizontal) space.

workarea

It is often useful to group the work packages in a proposal further (especially for larger, collaborative proposals). This can be done via the workarea environment, which groups work packages. This environment takes the same keys as the workpackage environment, except for the efforts, which can be computed automatically from the work packages it groups.

As the author of the proposal class likes more structured proposals, using work areas is the default, but the proposal class can also be used with the noworkareas option for less structured (smaller) proposals.

2.7 Tasks

tasklist

In the work packages we can list tasks that need to be undertaken with the tasklist environment. The individual tasks are marked up with the task environment. This takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for a title, and the workphase keys wphases, start, end, and force (see Section 2.8). For planning involvement we can specify the overall person months via the PM key, the task lead via lead, and the partners involved via the partners key. Instead of just listing the partners, we can also specify the contributions of the partners with $RM\langle site \rangle$ and $RAM\langle site \rangle$ keys. Finally task dependencies can be specified via the requires key.

Tasks can be referenced by the \taskref macro that takes two arguments: the work package identifier and the task identifier. As for work packages and work areas, there is a long reference variant with work package title: \tasktref. Finally, \localtaskref references a task in the local \localtaskref work package by the identifier in its argument.

Work Phase Metadata 2.8

The task and workpackage allow the wphases key to specify the a list of work phases. The value of this key is comma-separated list of work phase specifications of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle$ or $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$, where $\langle start \rangle$ and $\langle end \rangle$ delimit the run time of the work phase and the optional $!\langle force \rangle$ specifies the work force, i.e. the intensity of work as a number between 0 and 1. If no force is given, the default is 1. The main reason for specifying this metadata for tasks is to generate a Gantt chart (see Section 2.12).

2.9 Milestones and Deliverables

Many proposal formats foresee that project progress will be tracked in the form of milestones – points in the project, where a predefined state of affairs is reached – and deliverables – tangible project outcomes that have to be delivered. Correspondingly, milestones and deliverables have to be specified in the proposal and accounted for in the project reports. To facilitate this the proposal class and its instances provide a simple infrastructure for dealing with milestones and deliverables.

milestones

\milestone

Milestones are usually given in a special table¹, which we markup up with the milestones environment that takes care of initialization and numbering issues. This contains a list of milestone descriptions via the \milestone macro which is invoked as \milestone $[\langle keys \rangle]$ { $\langle title \rangle$ } { $\langle desc \rangle$ }, where $\langle keys \rangle$ supports the keys id for identification month for specifying the milestone date (in months of the project duration). Milestones are numbered with labels whose shape can \milestone@laber customized by redefining \milestone@label and referenced by the \mileref{\langle id\rangle} and $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title. $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title.

\miletref

wpdelivs wpdeliv

\mileref

ber of milestones.

Deliverables are usually defined as part of the work package descriptions (see Section 2.6) and listed in an overview table in a separate of the proposal. As for the milestones, we use an environment wpdelivs that contains the deliverable descriptions. These are marked up via the environment which takes an optional keyval argument for the deliverable metadata a regular argument for the title and contains the description of the deliverable as the body. For the metadata we have the keys id for the deliverable identifier, due for the target date (a number that denotes the project month), nature and dissem for specifying the deliverable nature and dissemination status (usually as short strings prescribed by the proposal template), and miles for the milestone this deliverable is targeted for (specified by the milestone identifier). For repeating deliverables (e.g. project reports), both due and miles can contain comma-separated lists. The status key gives the status of the deliverable. If it has the value canceled, then the deliverable is grayed out and it is not mentioned in the deliverables table given by \inputdelivs below.

\deliv@label \delivref \delivtref

Deliverables are numbered by labels whose shape can be customized by number, where the shape of the label can be specified by redefining \deliv@label and referenced by \delivref $\{\langle wp \rangle\}\{\langle id \rangle\}$ where $\langle wp \rangle$ is the work package identifier and $\langle id \rangle$ that if the deliverable and $\langle delivtref\{\langle wp \rangle\}\{\langle id \rangle\}$ for a reference with title. \localdelivref can be used to reference deliverables in the same work \localdelivrefpackage. \pdatacount{\langle wp\}{\delivs} gives the number of milestones of the work package $\langle wp \rangle$ \pdatacount{all}{delivs} that of all deliverables (aggregating over all work packages).

\inputdelivs

Some proposal templates ask for an overview table of the deliverables which aggregates the deliverables of the respective work packages and areas ordered by due date. This can be generated with the \inputdelivs macro. This works index generation in LATEX. The wpdeliv environment writes the deliverable data to a file $\langle main \rangle$. delivs, which can be processed externally (usually just sorting with sort in Unix is sufficient) into $\langle main \rangle$. deliverables, which is then input via the \inputdelivs macro. Finally, the issue key can be used to bind the deliverable to an issue identifier in a project management system.

wadelivs wadeliv

In some proposals, also work areas can have deliverables, then the above hold analogously for wpdelivs and wadeliv environments.

¹this is the default provided by the base proposal class, it can be specialized for proposal class instances by redefining the @milestones environment and correspondingly the milestone macro.

Note that handling deliverables adds considerable overhead to proposal formatting and adds auxiliary files, so they are only activated if the deliverables option is given (see Section 2.1).

2.10 Project Data, Referencing, and Hyperlinking

The proposal package extends the hyperlinking provided by the hyperref package it includes to work packages, work areas, Whenever these are defined using the proposal infrastructure, the class saves the relevant information in the auxiliary file $\langle proposal \rangle$. aux. This information can be referenced via the \pdataref macro, which takes three arguments.

\pdataref

In a reference $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle aspect \rangle}$ the first argument $\langle type \rangle$ specifies the type of the object (currently one of wp, wa, and partner) to be referenced, $\langle id \rangle$ specifies the identifier of the referenced object (it matches the identifier given in the id key of the object), and $\langle aspect \rangle$ specifies the aspect of the saved information that is referenced.

\pdatarefFB

 $\label{eq:local_pdata} $$ \displaystyle \operatorname{FB}_{\langle type\rangle}_{\langle id\rangle}_{\langle a1\rangle}_{\langle a2\rangle} $$ tries first \operatorname{pdataref}_{\langle type\rangle}_{\langle id\rangle}_{\langle a1\rangle} $$ and if that is not given \operatorname{pdataref}_{\langle type\rangle}_{\langle id\rangle}_{\langle a2\rangle}.$

For a work package $\langle aspect \rangle$ can be number, (the work package number), label (the label **WP**n where n is the work package number for referencing), title (the work package title), lead the work package leader, short (a short version of the WP title for tables). For work areas we have the same aspects with analogous meanings. In all cases, the referenced information carries a hyperlink to the referenced object.

\pdataRef \pdataRefFB \pdatacount The \pdataRef and \pdataRefFB macros are variant of \pdataref and \pdataRef that also carry a hyperlink (if the hyperref package is loaded).

The \pdatacount macro gives access to the numbers of certain aspects. For instance, the number of work packages in the proposal can be cited by \pdatacount{all}{wp}, similarly for work areas (if they are enabled), and finally, \pdatacount{ $\langle wa \rangle$ }{wp} gives the number of work packages for a work area $\langle wa \rangle$. This is very useful for talking about work plans in a general way. Other objects that can be counted are deliverables (\pdatacount{all}{deliverables}) and milestones (\pdatacount{all}{milestones}).

Note that since the referenceable information is written into the project data file $\langle proposal \rangle$.pdata file, it is available for forward references. However, it will only become available when the project data file is read, so the proposal has to be formatted twice for references to be correct.

\WPref \WPtref Finally, the proposal package supplies specialized reference macros for work packages and areas. The \WPref macro takes a work package identifier as an argument and makes a reference: \\WPref{\langle id}\\\ abbreviates \pdataRef{\wp}{\langle id}\\\ abbreviates \pdot{\wp}{\langle id}\\\ abbreviates \pdot{\wp}{\langle id}\\\ abbreviates \pdot{\wp}{\langle id}\\\ ab

\WAref \WAtref Unless the noworkareas macro is set, we also have the variants \WAref and \WAtref for work areas.

2.11 The Work Package Table

\wpfig

One of the most useful features of the proposal class is that we can generate an overview table for the distribution of workloads in the project fully automatically. All it takes is the \mbox{wpfig} macro. We invoke this as $\mbox{wpfig}[\langle opt \rangle]$, where $\langle opt \rangle$ contains the following keywords:

pages makes a column with page numbers of the respective work package/area description.

type makes a column with work package/area types

start, end, and length makes a columns with work package/area start/end months and length (in months).

if caption is given then the table contains an explicatory caption.

label allows to specify a label other than the default fig:wplist.

For instance \wpfig[pages,start,length,caption=Overview of Work Packages] gives a table with columns for page references, duration information, and a special caption.

\wpfigstyle

The general appearance of the table \wpfigstyle macro takes a token sequence to specialize the global appearance (mostly used for text sizes and color) of the work package table. Cell styling can be tweaked by redefining special internal macros; see section ??.

2.12 Gantt Charts

Gantt charts are used in proposals to show the distribution of activities in work packages over time. A gantt chart is represented by the gantt environment that takes a on optional keyval argument. The keys xscale and yscale are used to specify a scale factors for the chart so that it fits on the page. The step key allows to specify the steps (in months) of the vertical auxiliary lines. Finally, the draft key specifies that plausibility checks (that can be expensive to run) are carried out. Note that the value does not have to be given, so \begin{gantt}{draft,yscale=.5,step=3} is a perfectly good invocation.

\ganttchart

gantt

xscale vscale

step

draft

Usually, the gantt environment is not used however, since it is part of the macro that takes the same keys. This generates a whole Gantt chart automatically from the work phase specifications in the work packages. As above we have to run LATEX two times for the work phases to show up.

2.13 Coherence

Many proposals require ways to show coherence between the partners. The proposal class of \coherencematrfexs the macro \coherencematrix for this which generates a matrix of symbols specifying joint publications, project organization, software/resource development, and supervision of students by the project partners that have been declared by the \jointpub, \jointproj, \jointorga \jointsoft, and \jointsup macros before. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site \jointorga identifiers as an argument. Use for instance \jointproj{a,b,c} to specify that the sites with the identifiers a, b and c have a joint project. \coherencetable is a variant which packages the coherence table in a table figure with label tab:collaboration.

\coherencetable The symbols used an be configured by redefining \jpub, \jproj, and \jorga, \jsoft, and \jpub \jsup.

\jproj

\jorga \jsoft \jsup

2.14 Localization

The proposal class offers some basic support for localization. This is still partial though, and I am not sure that this is the best way of setting things up. What I do is to define macros for all generated texts that can be redefined in the proposal classes that build in proposal. For instance the dfgproposal class [Kohlhase:pdrp:ctan] provides an option german for german-language proposals and project reports that triggers a redefinition of all of these macros at read time.

2.15 Project Management

Much of the metadata that is explicitly represented in proposals written with the proposal class is very useful for project management. For instance, it is possible to use the metadata in the $\langle main \rangle$.pdata file to generate issues for all the tasks, work packages, and deliverables automatically. The LaTeX-proposal repository [LaTeX-proposal:git] contains an experimental script that automates that. After that, we can cross-reference them using the issue key to get extra mileage⁶

issue EdN:6

⁶EdNote: MK: how to use this?

3 Limitations and Enhancements

The **proposal** is relatively early in its development, and many enhancements are conceivable. We will list them here.

1. macros cannot be used in work package and work area titles. They really mess up our \wpfig automation. The problem is that they are evaluated too early, and our trick with making them undefined while collecting the parts of the table-rows only works if we know which macros we may expect. We might specify all "allowable" macros in an optional key protectmacro, which is defined via

- 2. It would be great, if in the Gantt Charts, we could include some plausibility checks (for draft = not submit mode). I can see two at the moment:
 - calculating the effort (i.e. the weight of the black area) and visualizing it. Then we could check whether that is larger than the effort declared for the work package.
 - calculating (and visualizing) the monthly effort. That should be kind of even (or it has to be explained in the positions requested).
- 3. we currently do not have a way to relate PIs to sites, but we do not really need to.

If you have other enhancements to propose or feel you can alleviate some limitation, please feel free to contact the author.

Acknowledgements

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4 The Implementation

In this section we describe the implementation of the functionality of the proposal package.

4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization

We first set up the options for the package.

EdN:7

```
1 (*cls | reporting)
2 \newif\if@wpsubsection\@wpsubsectionfalse
3 \newif\ifsubmit\submitfalse
4 \newif\ifgrantagreement\grantagreementfalse
5 \neq 5 
6 \newif\ifkeys\keysfalse
7 \newif\ifdelivs\delivsfalse
8 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
9 \newif\if@RAM\@RAMfalse
10 \newif\if@svninfo\@svninfofalse
11 \newif\if@gitinfo\@gitinfofalse
12 \newif\if@numericcites\@numericcitesfalse
13 \newif\if@longtasklabels\@longtasklabelsfalse
14 \newif\if@attachments\@attachmentsfalse
15 \def\proposal@class{article}
16 \DeclareOption{wpsubsection}{\@wpsubsectiontrue}
17 \DeclareOption{submit}{\submittrue}
18 \DeclareOption{grantagreement}{\grantagreementtrue}
19 \DeclareOption{gitinfo}{\@gitinfotrue}
20 \DeclareOption{numericcites}{\@numericcitestrue}
21 \DeclareOption{svninfo}{\@svninfotrue}
22 \DeclareOption{public}{\publictrue}
23 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{pdata}}
24 \DeclareOption{RAM}{\@RAMtrue}
25 \DeclareOption{report}{\def\proposal@class{report}}
26 \DeclareOption{keys}{\keystrue}
27 \DeclareOption{deliverables}{\delivstrue}
28 \DeclareOption{longtasklabels}{\@longtasklabelstrue}
29 \DeclareOption{attachments}{\@attachmentsfalse}
30 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{\proposal@class}}
31 \ProcessOptions
32 \LoadClass[a4paper,twoside]{\proposal@class}
33 \RequirePackage{proposal}
34 (/cls | reporting)
   For proposal.sty we load the packages we make use of
36 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
37 \RequirePackage{wasysym}
38 \RequirePackage{url}
39 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
40 \RequirePackage{colortbl}
41 \RequirePackage[dvipsnames] {xcolor}
42 \RequirePackage{rotating}
43 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
44 \RequirePackage{array}
45 \RequirePackage{xspace}
46 \RequirePackage{comment}
```

 $^{^7{}m EdNote}$: We should probably try to move all the grantagreement stuff into the euproposal class.

```
47 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\fi}
48 \RequirePackage{tikz}
49 \RequirePackage{paralist}
50 \RequirePackage[a4paper,margin=18mm]{geometry}
51 \RequirePackage{boxedminipage}
52 % so that ednotes in wps do not run out of symbols
53 \renewcommand{\thempfootnote}{\roman{mpfootnote}}
54 \RequirePackage[T1]{fontenc}
55 \RequirePackage[utf8]{inputenc}
56 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
57 \if@numericcites
58 \RequirePackage[style=numeric,hyperref=auto,defernumbers=true,giveninits=true,maxbibnames=9,maxcitenames=3,is
60 \RequirePackage[style=alphabetic,hyperref=auto,defernumbers=true,giveninits=true,maxbibnames=9,maxcitenames=
62 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
63 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
in submit mode, we make the links a bit darker, so they print better.
64 \RequirePackage{pdata}
65 \definecolor{darkblue}{rgb}{0,0,.7}
66 \ifsubmit\def\prop@link@color{darkblue}\else\def\prop@link@color{blue}\fi
67 \RequirePackage[bookmarks=true,linkcolor=\prop@link@color,
68 citecolor=\prop@link@color,urlcolor=\prop@link@color,colorlinks=true,
69 breaklinks=true, bookmarksopen=true]{hyperref}
    the \operatorname{\mathtt{ed}} package [\operatorname{\mathbf{Kohlhase:ed:ctan}}] is very useful for collaborative writing and passing mes-
sages between collaborators or simply reminding yourself of editing tasks, so we preload it in the
class. However, we only want to show the information in draft mode. Furthermore, we adapt the
options for the syninfo and gitinfo2 packages.
71 \RequirePackage[hide,marginnote] {ed}
72 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[final,today]{svninfo}\fi
74 \RequirePackage[show,marginnote]{ed}
75 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[eso-foot,today]{svninfo}\fi
76 \if@gitinfo\RequirePackage[mark]{gitinfo2}\fi
78 \renewcommand\ednoteshape{\sl\footnotesize}
We configure the comment package, so that it provides the private environment depending on the
status of the public option.
79 \ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\else\includecomment{private}\fi
    And we set up the appearance of the proposal. We want numbered subsubsections.
80 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{3}
We specify the page headings.
81 \let\prop@gen@acronym\@empty
82 \newif\ifofpage\ofpagefalse
83 \ifgrantagreement
84 \fancyhead{}
85 \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{Opt}
86 \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0.4pt}
88 \fancyhead[RE,L0]{\ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else\prop@gen@acronym\fi}
89 \fancyhfoffset{0pt}
90 \fi
91 \fancyfoot[C]{}
```

```
92 \newcommand\prop@of@pages[2]{page~#1\ifofpage~of~#2\fi}
93 \ifgrantagreement
94 \fancyfoot[L]{\prop@gen@proposalnumber%
95 \ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else\quad \prop@gen@acronym\fi\quad --\quad Part B}
96 \fancyfoot[R]{\thepage}
97 \else
98 \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\prop@of@pages\thepage{\pdataref@num{prop}{page}{last}}}
99 \fi
100 \pagestyle{fancyplain}
101 \/sty\
```

4.2 Proposal Metadata

Most of the metadata functionality is encapsulated into the pdata package, which is shared by the proposal and report classes. pdata.sty first supplies the Euro symbol.

```
102 \( \prescript{*pdata} \)
103 \RequirePackage{eurosym}
```

We define the keys for metadata declarations in the proposal environment, they park their argument in an internal macro for use in the title page. The site key is the most complicated, so we take care of it first: We need a switch \if@sites that is set to true when the site key is used. Furthermore $site=\langle site \rangle$ makes new keys $\langle site \rangle$ RM and $\langle site \rangle$ RAM (if the RAM option was set) for the workpackage environment and records the sites in the \prop@gen@sites token register.

```
104 \newif\if@sites\@sitesfalse\let\prop@gen@sites=\relax%
105 \newcounter{@site}%
106 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}} site} {\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}}} site = \#1}\%
107 \end{figure} $$107 \Rightarrow {\text{0site}}\phi (site) {\text{1}}{\text{number}}(\end{figure}) $$
108 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{\#1name}{\pdata@def{site}{\#1}{name}{\#1}}}
\label{local-prop-quantition} $$109 \end{site}_{\#1}{acronym}_{\#1}} $$
110 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1country}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{country}{##1}}
111 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1countryshort}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{countryshort}{##1}}
112 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1streetaddress}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{streetaddress}{##1}}
113 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1townzip}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{townzip}{##1}}
\label{limit} $$114 \end{site}_{\#1}_{\url}_{\#1}} $$
\label{logo} $$115 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{$\#1\logo}{\pdata@def{site}{$\#1}{\logo}{\#$1}}}$
116 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1type}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{type}{\#1}}
117 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}}\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}%
118 \end{fine} \end{
119 \if@RAM\define@key{prop@gen}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRAM}{##1}}\fi
\label{local-prop} $$121 \left(\frac{4+1}{RAM}_{\mu}^{4+1}\right) fi $$121 \left(\frac{4+1}{RAM}_{\mu}\right). $$
\label{local-prop} 122 \end{condense} $$122 \end{condense} {\#1RM}_{\#1}}% $$122 \end{condense} $$122 \end{condens
\label{local-property} $$123 \left(\frac{41}{\pi M}_{\pi }\right)^{12} \left(\frac{41}{\pi M}_{\pi }\right)^{12} .
124 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1shortname}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{shortname}{##1}}
125 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1employed}{{\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let%
126 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@employed@lines}%
127 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\pdataref{site}{\#1}{shortname} \& \##1\tabularnewline\hline}} \%
128 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\prop@gen@employed@lines\ \pdataref{site}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline
  If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research
  (assistant months). Unfortunately, we cannot just include this in the \ifesites conditional here,
  since that is only set at runtime.
```

13

129 \define@key{prop@gen}{RM}{\@dmp{RM=#1}\if@sites%

132 \define@key{prop@gen}{RAM}{\@dmp{RAM=#1}\if@sites%

131 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RM}{#1}\fi}

134 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RAM}{#1}\fi}

130 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RM key in the presence of sites}\else%

133 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RAM key in the presence of sites}\else%

```
similarly, the PI keys are registered in \prop@gen@PIs.
                                       135 \define@key{prop@gen}{PI}{\@dmp{PI=#1}%
                                       136 \end{fine} \end{fine} $$136 \end{fine} \end{fine}
                                       137 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1title}{\pdata@def{PI}{#1}{title}{\#1}}%
                                       138 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1affiliation}{\pdata@def{PI}{#1}{affiliation}{##1}}%
                                       139 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1dept}{\pdata@def{PI}{#1}{dept}{\##1}}%
                                       140 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{\prop@gen@PIs,#1}}}
                                           and the pubspage keys in \prop@gen@pubspages.
                                       141 \define@key{prop@gen}{pubspage}{\@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}%
                                       142 {\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{#1}}}{\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{\prop@gen@pubspages,#1}}}
                                           the importfrom key reads the proposal data from its argument.
                                       143 \define@key{prop@gen}{importfrom}{\message{importing proposal data from #1.pdata}\readpdata{#1}}
                                          The rest of the keys just store their value.
                                       144 \define@key{prop@gen}{instrument}{\def\prop@gen@instrument{#1}%
                                       145 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{instrument}{#1}\@dmp{inst=#1}}
                                       146 \define@key{prop@gen}{title}{\def\prop@gen@title{#1}%
                                       147 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{title}{#1}}
                                       148 \define@key{prop@gen}{acronym}{\gdef\prop@gen@acronym{#1}%
                                       149 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acronym}{#1}\@dmp{acro=#1}}
                                       150 \define@key{prop@gen}{acrolong}{\def\prop@gen@acrolong{#1}%
                                       151 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acrolong}{#1}}
                                       152 \define@key{prop@gen}{proposalnumber}{\def\prop@gen@proposalnumber{#1}%
                                       153 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{proposalnumber}{#1}}
                                       154 \define@key{prop@gen}{discipline}{\def\prop@gen@discipline{#1}%
                                       155 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{discipline}{#1}}
                                       156 \define@key{prop@gen}{areas}{\def\prop@gen@areas{#1}%
                                       157 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{areas}{#1}}
                                       158 \define@key{prop@gen}{start}{\def\prop@gen@start{#1}%
                                       159 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{start}{#1}}
                                       160 \end{fine} \end{
                                       161 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{months}{#1}}
                                       162 \define@key{prop@gen}{since}{\def\prop@gen@since{#1}%
                                       163 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{since}{#1}}
                                       164 \define@key{prop@gen}{totalduration}{\def\prop@gen@totalduration{#1}%
                                       165 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{totalduration}{#1}}
                                       166 \end{fine} \end{
                                       167 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{fundsuntil}{#1}}
                                       168 \end{fine} $$ \end{fine} energy {$\end{fine} energy {$\end{f
                                       169 \end{fine} \end{fine} $$ \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} $$ \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} $$ \end{fine} $$ \end{fine} \end{fine} $$ \en
                                       170 \define@key{prop@gen}{keywords}{\def\prop@gen@keywords{#1}}
                                          and the default values, these will be used, if the author does not specify something better.
                                       171 \newcommand\prop@gen@acro@default{ACRONYM}
                                       172 \def\prop@gen@acro{\prop@gen@acro@default}
                                       173 \newcommand\prop@gen@months@default{???months???}
                                       174 \def\prop@gen@months{\prop@gen@months@default}
                                       175 \newcommand\prop@gen@title@default{????Proposal Title???}
                                       176 \def\prop@gen@title{\prop@gen@title@default}
                                       177 \newcommand\prop@gen@instrument@default{??? Instrument ???}
                                       178 \def\prop@gen@instrument{\prop@gen@instrument@default}
\prop@tl An auxiliary macro that is handy for making tables of metadata.
                                       179 \newcommand\prop@tl[2]{\xdef\tab@line{}
                                       180 \@for\tl@ext:={#1}\do{\xdef\tab@line{\tab@line&#2}}
                                       181 \tab@line}
```

4.3 Proposal Appearance

```
We define the keys for the proposal appearance

182 \def\prop@gen@compactht{false}

183 \define@key{prop@gen}{compactht}[true]{\def\prop@gen@compactht{#1}}

184 \def\pdata\

emphbox

185 \lambda*sty\
186 \newmdenv[settings=\large]{emphbox}
```

4.4 The proposal Environment and Title Page

prop@proposal

This internal environment is called in the proposal environment from the proposal class. The implementation here is only a stub to be substituted in a specialized class.

```
187 \newenvironment{prop@proposal}
188 {\thispagestyle{empty}%
189 \begin{center}
               {\LARGE \prop@gen@instrument}\\[.2cm]
190
               {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
191
               \label{large Acronym: $$ \operatorname{\conym}} \ (\.2cm) find the convex of the c
192
                {\large\today}\\[1em]
193
                \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
194
                      \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{name}}\\
195
196
                      \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{affiliation}}\\
197
                      \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{dept}}\\
           \end{tabular}\\[2cm]
198
199 \end{center}
200 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
  Now we come to the end of the environment:
201 {\if@attachments\proposal@attachments\fi
202 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]}
203 \newcommand\prop@attachments{%
204 \section{List of Attachments}\label{sec:attachments}%
205 \begin{itemize}%
206 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
207 \item Curriculum Vitae and list of publications for%
               \pdataref{PI\@I}{title} \pdataref{PI}\@I{name}}%
```

209 \end{itemize}\newpage}

\prop@attachments

The proposal environment reads the metadata keys defined above, and if there were no site keys, then it defines keys RM and RAM (if the RAM package option was given) for the workpackage environment. Also it reads the project data file and opens up the project data file \pdata@out, which it also closes at the end.

The environment calls an internal version of the environment prop@proposal that can be customized by the specializing classes.

```
210 \newenvironment{proposal}[1][]{\readpdata\jobname
211 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}
212 \pdata@open\jobname
213 \if@sites\else
214 \define@key{workpackage}{RM}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RM}{##1}\@dmp{RM=##1}}
215 \if@RAM\define@key{workpackage}{RAM}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RAM}{##1}\@dmp{RAM=##1}}\fi
216 \define@key{task}{RM}{\pdata@def{task}{\wp@id @\task@id}{RM}{##1}\@dmp{RAM=##1}}
217 \if@RAM\define@key{task}{RAM}{\pdata@def{wp}}\wp@id @\task@id}{RAM}{##1}\@dmp{RAM=##1}}\fi
218 \fi
```

```
219 \newcounter{@PIs}
                         {\tt 220 \end{fineds} {\tt 220 \end{fineds} {\tt 20} \end{fineds} } {\tt 220 \end{fineds} {\tt 20} \end{fined} {\tt 20} \end{fineds} {\tt 20} \end{fined} {\tt 20} \end{fined}
                         221 \pdata@def{all}{PI}{ids}{\prop@gen@PIs}%
                         222 \displaystyle \frac{91}{PI}{count}_{\theta}
                         223 \newcounter{@sites}
                         224 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}
                         225 \pdata@def{all}{site}{ids}{\prop@gen@sites}%
                         226 \pdata@def{all}{site}{count}{\the@site}}
                         227 \setcounter{page}{0}
                         228 \begin{prop@proposal}}
                           Now we come to the end of the environment, we take care of the last page and print the references.
                         229 {\end{prop@proposal}
                         230 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse%
                         231 \pdata@close}
                         232 (/sty)
                                  The report environment is similar, but somewhat simpler
          report
                         233 (*reporting)
                         234 \newif\if@report\@reportfalse
                         235 \newenvironment{report}[1][]%
                         236 {\@reporttrue\readpdata\jobname%
                         237 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}%
                         238 \pdata@open\jobname%
                         239 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\newcounter{@PIs}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}%
                         240 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\newcounter{@sites}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}%
                         241 \setcounter{page}{0}%
                         242 \begin{prop@report}}
                         243 {\end{prop@report}%
                         244 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse\newpage
                         245 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]
                         246 \pdata@close}
prop@report
                         247 \newenvironment{prop@report}
                         248 {\begin{center}
                         249
                                    {\LARGE Final Project Report}\\[.2cm]
                         250
                                    {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
                         251
                                    \ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else{\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]\fi
                         252
                                    {\large\today}\\[1em]
                         253
                                    \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                         254
                                         \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                                         \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{affiliation}}\\
                         255
                                         \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{dept}}\\
                         256
                         257
                                 \end{tabular}\\[2cm]
                         258 \end{center}
                         259 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
                         260 {}
                         261 (/reporting)
          \site*
                         262 (*sty)
                         263 \newcommand\site[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\textbf{\pdataref{site}{#1}{acronym}}}}
                         264 \newcommand\sitename[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\textbf{\pdataref{site}{#1}{name}}}}
```

4.5 Objectives

We first define a presentation macro for objectives

```
\objective@label
                                                                                265 \newcommand\objective@label[1]{0#1}
                                                                                    We define the keys for the objectives environment
                                                                                266 \end{define} {\def \obj@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                                                                267 \define@key{obj}{title}{\def\obj@title{#1}}
                                                                                268 \define@key{obj}{short}{\def\obj@short{#1}\@dmp{short=#1}}
                                                                                    And a counter for numbering objectives
                                                                                269 \newcounter{objective}
                                objective
                                                                                270 \newenvironment{objective}[1][]
                                                                                271 {\verb|\let\obj@id\relax\let\obj@title\relax\let\obj@short\relax\%|}
                                                                                272 \setkeys{obj}{#1}\stepcounter{objective}%
                                                                                273 \goodbreak\smallskip\par\noindent%
                                                                                274 \textbf{\objective@label{\arabic{objective}}:%
                                                                                275 ~\pdata@target{obj}{\obj@id}{\pdataref{obj}}{\obj@id}{title}}\ignorespaces}%
                                                                                276 \del{abel}{\odel{abel}{\odel}\del}\del{abel}{\odel}\del{abel}{\odel}\del{abel}{\odel}\del{abel}{\odel}\del{abel}{\odel}\del{abel}
                                                                                277 \end{obj} \label{lem:condition} a title $$\{ \end{obj} \label{lem:condition} \label{lem:condition} a title $$\color= \color= \col
                                                                                278 \@ifundefined{obj@short}{}\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{short}\obj@short}}
                                                                                279 {}
                                         \OBJref
                                                                                280 \newcommand\OBJref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}}
                                                                                281 \newcommand\OBJtref[1]{\OBJref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{obj}{#1}{short}{title}}
                                                                                    4.6
                                                                                                                   Work Areas and Work Packages
                                                                                    We first define keys for work areas (if we are in larger project).
                                                                                282 \ifwork@areas
                                                                                283 \define@key{workarea}{id}{\def\wa@id{#1}\demp{id=#1}}
                                                                                284 \end{define} {\bf wa}\widetilde{title}{\pdata@def\{wa\}\wa@id\{title\}\{\#1\}\}}
                                                                                285 \define@key{workarea}{short}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{short}{#1}}
                                                                                286 \end{define} {\bf a}\end{def} {\bf
                                                                                287 \fi
                                                                                    work packages have similar ones.
                                                                                288 \end{are} id} {\end{are} id} {
                                                                                289 \define@key{workpackage}{title}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{title}{#1}}
                                                                                290 \define@key{workpackage}{short}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{short}{#1}}
                                                                                291 \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} \end{{\good} $$\end{{\good} $$}$} \end{{\good} \end{{\good} $$}$
                                                                                292 \define@key{workpackage}{type}{\def\wp@type{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}{#1}}
                                                                                293 \end{area} {\bf \pdata@def\{wp}\wp@id\{status\}\{\#1\}\} area \end{area} 
                                                                                294 \define@key{workpackage}{\wphases}{\def\wp@wphases{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{wphases}{#1}}
                                                                                295 \define@key{workpackage}{swsites}[true]{\def\wp@swsites{#1}}
                                                                                    We define the constructors for the work package and work area labels and titles.
                                                                                296 \newcommand\wp@mk@title[1]{Work Package {#1}}
                                                                                297 \newcommand\wp@label[1]{WP{#1}}
                                                                                298 \ifwork@areas
                                                                                299 \newcommand\wa@label[1]{WA{#1}}
                                                                                300 \newcommand\wa@mk@title[1]{Work Area {#1}}
                                                                                301 \fi
```

The wa and wp counters are for the work packages and work areas, the counter deliv for deliverables. $302 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{1}}} wa]\else\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{1}}} if in the counter \ensuremath{\mbox{4}} if in the counter \ensuremath{\mbox{4 303 \ifdelivs\newcounter{deliv}[wp]\fi 304 \newcounter{allwp} \update@* update the list \@wps of the work packages in the local group and the list \@was work areas for the staff efforts table: if \@wps is undefined, then initialize the comma-separated list, otherwise $305 \newcommand\update@wps[1]{\cifundefined{@wps}{\xdef\@wps{#1}}}{\xdef\@wps{\cite{wps}}}$ $306 \newcommand \update @ tasks[1]{\wdefined{@ tasks}{\xdef(\wdefined{\wde$ $307 \newcommand \update @deps [1] {\update @deps { task @deps { task$ 308 \ifworkQareas\def\updateQwas#1{\Qifundefined{Qwas}{\xdef\Qwas{#1}}}{\xdef\Qwas{\Qwas,#1}}}\fi \decode@wphase decodes a string of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$ and defines the macros \wphase@start, \wphase@end, and \wphase@force with the three parts and also computes \wphase@len. The intermediate parsing macro \decode@p@start parses out the start (a number), and passes on to \decode@p@end, which parses out the end (another number) and the force string, which is either empty (if the $!\langle force \rangle$ part is omitted) or of the form $!\langle force \rangle$. In the first case the default value 1 is returned for \decode@force in the second \(force \). 309 \newcommand\decode@wphase[1]{\expandafter\decode@p@start#1@% 310 \local@count\wphase@end\advance\local@count by -\wphase@start% 311 \def\wphase@len{\the\local@count}} 312 \def\decode@p@start#1-#2@{\def\wphase@start{#1}\decode@p@end#2!@} 313 $\def\decode@p@end#1!#2@{\def\wphase@end{#1}\def\@test{#2}%$ 314 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\wphase@force{1}\else\decode@p@force#2\fi} 315 \def\decode@p@force#1!{\def\wphase@force{#1}} We first iteratively decode the work phases, so that the last definition of \wphase@end remains, \startend@wphases then we parse out the start of the first workphase to define \wphase@start 316 \def\wphases@start#1-#20{\def\wphase@start{#1}} 317 \newcommand\startend@wphases[1] ${\def\def\def\#1}$ $318 \ifx\end{0}\end{0}\end{0}\end{0}\end{0}\end{0}$ 319 \Ofor\OI:=#1\do{\expandafter\decodeOpOstart\OI O} 320 \expandafter\wphases@start#1@\fi} with these it is now relatively simple to define the interface macros. The workpackage environment collects the keywords, steps the counters, writes the metadata to the aux file, updates the work packages in the local group, generates the work package number \wp@num. 321 \newcounter{wp@RM} 322 \if@RAM\newcounter{wp@RAM}\fi 323 \newenvironment{work@package}[1][]% 324 {\def\wp@wphases{0-0}% default values 325 \def\wp@swsites{false}

EdN:8

\decode@wphase

work@package

 $329 \quad \texttt{goid} \\ \texttt{wp} \\ \texttt{wp} \\ \texttt{od} \\ \texttt{end} \\ \texttt{wphase@end\%}$

326 \setkeys{workpackage}{#1}\stepcounter{wp}\stepcounter{allwp}%

330 \@ifundefined{wp@type}{}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}\wp@type}%

332 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}% 333 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{label}{\wp@label\wp@num}%

327 \pdata@target{wp}{\wp@id}{}% 328 \startend@wphases\wp@wphases%

331 \let\@tasks=\relax%

 $^{^8\}mathrm{EdNote}$: with the current architecture, we cannot have work areas that do not contain work packages, this leads to the error that wps is undefined in endworkplan

```
334 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{number}{\thewp}%
                   335 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{page}{\thepage}%
                   336 \update@wps\wp@id%
                   337 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%
                   338 \displaystyle \frac{\text{quid}{\text{num}}{\text{thewp}}}{
                    If we have sites, we have to compute the total RM and RAM for this WP.
                   339 \if@sites%
                   340 \setcounter{wp@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wp@RAM}{0}\fi%
                   341 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                   342 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RM}}\addtocounter{wp@RM}{\@RM}%
                   343 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RAM}}\addtocounter{wp@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                   344 \pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{RM\}{\thewp@RM}\%
                   345 \if@RAM\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{RAM\}\{\thewp@RAM\}\fi\%
                   346 \fi% if@sites
                   347 \ifx\wp@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi}
                   348 {\@ifundefined{@tasks}{}{\pdata@def{\wp@id}{task}{ids}\@tasks}}
                   With this, it becomes simple to define a work package environment. We consider two cases, if
      workpackage
                    we have sites, then we make a header table. If not, we can make things much simpler: we just
                    generate a subsection
                   349 \newenvironment{workpackage}[1][]%
                   350 {\begin{work@package}[#1]%
                   351 \ifgrantagreement\else%
                   352 %\ifQwpsubsection\subsubsection*{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}\fi
                   353 \if@sites\goodbreak\medskip\wpheadertable%
                   354 \else\subsubsection*{{\wptitle} (\wprm)}\fi%
                   355 \addcontentsline{toc}{paragraph}{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}}
                   356 \noindent\ignorespaces%
                   357 \fi
                   358 \ifx\wp@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi}
                   359 {\end{work@package}}
     EdN:Optitle
                   360 \newcommand\wptitle{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}
     EdN:10\wprm
                   361 \end{aref@safe{wp}\p@id{RM}\if@RAM\ RM+\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RAM}\ RAM\fi}
@site@contributes
                   Called as \left(\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta}\right) = \left(\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta}\right) the following happens: If \left(\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta}\right)
                    is \@true (set by the compactht attribute on the proposal environment), then \langle tokens \rangle is pro-
                    cessed. Otherwise, \langle tokens \rangle is only processed if \langle site \rangle contributes to the current work package (i.e.
                    the RM \neq 0 and RAM \neq 0)
                   362 \newcount\site@contribution%
                   363 \newcommand\if@site@contributes[2]{%
                   364 \ifx\prop@gen@compactht\@true
                   365 \ifQRAM\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 \ifnum \pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RAM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                   366 \leq \inf \mathbb{RM} > 0 \#2 
                   367 \else #2\fi}
                       The following macro computes the sites line (in the token register \wp@sites@line), the efforts
     \wp@sites@line
```

368 \newcounter{wp@sites@num}

are listed in the table.

\wp@efforts@lihae (in \wp@efforts@line), and the sites number (in the counter \sites@num) for later inclusion \wp@sites@num in the \wpheadertable. If \prop@gen@compactht is \@true, then no sites without contributions

⁹EDNOTE: document above

 $^{^{10}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: document above

```
369 \newcommand\wp@sites@efforts@lines{%
                                                 370 \setcounter{wp@sites@num}{0}
                                                 371 {\let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\@sw\relax%
                                                 372 \let\site\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\sum@style\relax\let\lead@style\relax\
                                                 373 \let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                                                 374 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@legend@site}\xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@legend@effort}%initialize lines
                                                 375 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\if@site@contributes\@site{\stepcounter{wp@sites@num}}%
                                                 376 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line%
                                                 377 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                                 378 \ifx\ \ensuremath{$\ $$}
                                                  379 \ensuremath{\tt 379 \ensuremath{\tt 0site}} \ensuremath{\tt 0site} \ensuremath{\tt 0site} \ensuremath{\tt 12} \ensuremath{\tt 13} \ensuremath{\tt 14} \ensuremath{\tt
                                                 380 \else\ifx\cute{\wp@lead\lead\cute{\cute}}\else\site{\cute{\cute}}\fi
                                                 382 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line%
                                                 383 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                                 384 \ifx\@site\wp@lead%
                                                 385 \lead@style{\pdataref@safe\p@id\esite{RM}\fi} At aref@safe\p@id\esite{RAM}\fi}
                                                 386 \else\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi\fi}}%
                                                 387 }% do
                                                 388 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line\&\sum@style{\wp@legend@all}}\%
                                                 389 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line&
                                                 390 \sum@style{\textbf{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RAM}\fi}}}}
\wpheadertable This macro computes the default work package header table, if there are sites.
                                                 391 \newcommand\wpheadertable{%
                                                 392 \wp@sites@efforts@lines%
                                                 393 \par\noindent\begin{tabular}{||||||*{\thewp@sites@num}{c|}|c|}\hline%
                                                 394 \textbf{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}}\&\wp@sites@line\\\hline{\colored{Align: colored}}
                                                 395 \text{$$ \text{$p\hat{\theta}_{\phi}}} & \end{0.05} \\
                                                 396 \end{tabular}\smallskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces}
                                                   and now multilinguality support
                                                 397 \newcommand\wp@legend@site{Site}
                                                 398 \newcommand\wp@legend@effort{Effort\if@RAM{ (RM+RAM)}\fi}
                                                 399 \newcommand\wp@legend@all{\textbf{all}}
                   workarea the workarea environment for work areas is almost the same, but we also have to initialize the
                                                    work package counters. Also, the efforts can be computed from the work packages in this group
                                                   via the wa@effort counter
                                                 400 \newcounter{prop@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{prop@RAM}\fi
                                                 401 \ifwork@areas
                                                 402 \newcounter{wa@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{wa@RAM}\fi\newcounter{wa@wps}
                                                 403 \newenvironment{workarea}[1][]
                                                 404 {\setkeys{workarea}{#1}
                                                 405 \let\@wps=\relax
                                                 406 \stepcounter{wa}
                                                 407 \del{abel}{\del{abel}{\del}\del{abel}} \del{abel} \del{abel}
                                                 408 \def{wa}{\wa@id}{\number}{\thewa}
                                                 409 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{page}{\thepage}
                                                 410 \update@was{\wa@id}
                                                 411 \dot{ma}{\dot{mum}}{\dot{mum}}{\dot{mum}}
                                                 412 \setcounter{wa@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wa@RAM}{0}\fi\setcounter{wa@wps}{0}
                                                 413 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@aux\wa@id{wp}{ids}}
                                                 414 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{0for}\mbox{\mbox{0}}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}
                                                 415 \if@sites
                                                 416 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                                 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RM}}
                                                                 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RAM}}\fi
                                                                 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
```

```
\if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                                         421 \else
                                         422 \edef\encom{m}{\pdataref@num{wp}\encom{RM}}
                                         424 \add to counter\{wa@RM\}\{\QRM\}\add to counter\{prop@RM\}\{\QRM\}\}
                                         425 \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi
                                         427 \ \ensuremath{\mbox{ }} \ensuremath{\m
                                         428 \def{prop}{all}{RM}\theprop@RM
                                         429 \if@RAM
                                         430 \def{wa}\wa@id{RAM}\thewa@RAM
                                         431 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RAM}\theprop@RAM
                                         433 \subsubsection*{{\wa@mk@title\thewa}: {\pdata@target{wa}\wa@id{\pdataref{wa}\wa@id{title}}}}}
                                         434 \addcontentsline{toc}{subsubsection}{{\wa@mk@title\thewa}: \pdataref{wa}\wa@id{title}}{},
                                         435 \ignorespaces}
                                         436 $$ \odd{wps}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{wp}_{\odd{w
workplan The workplan environment sets up the accumulator macros \@wps, \@was, for the collecting the
                                            identifiers of work packages and work areas. At the end of the workplan description it writes out
                                            their content to the aux file for reference.
                                         437 \ifdelivs\newwrite\wpg@delivs\fi
                                         438 \newenvironment{workplan}%
                                         439 {\ifdelivs\immediate\openout\wpg@delivs=\jobname.delivs\fi
                                         440 \ifwork@areas\let\@was=\relax\else\let\@wps=\relax\fi}%
                                         441 \end{task@deps}{}{\pdata@def{all}{task}{deps}{\task@deps}}}
                                         442 \pdata@def{all}{task}{count}{\thealltasks}
                                         443 \ifwork@areas
                                         444 \end{2} all}{wa}{ids}\end{2} all}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}
                                         446 \enskip {\pdata@def{all}{wp}{ids}\enskip {\pdata@def{all}{wp
                                         447 \fi
                                         448 \ifdelivs\edef\mile@stones{\pdataref@safe{all}{mile}{ids}}
                                         449 \@for\@I:=\mile@stones\do{%
                                                             \message{milestone: \@I, delivs: \csname\@I delivs\endcsname}
                                                               \pdata@def{mile}\@I{delivs}{\@ifundefined{\@I delivs}{}\csname\@I delivs\endcsname}}\fi
                                         452 \ifwork@areas\pdata@def{all}{wa}{count}{\thewa}\fi
                                         453 \pdata@def{all}{wp}{count}{\theallwp}
                                         454 \ifdelivs
                                         455 \pdata@def{all}{deliverables}{count}{\thedeliverable}
                                         456 \pdata@def{all}{milestones}{count}{\themilestone}
                                         457 \fi
                                         458 \ifdelivs\closeout\wpg@delivs\fi}
                                                                          Tasks
                                             4.7
tasklist
                                         459 \newenvironment{tasklist}
                                         460 {\smallskip\begin{compactenum}}{\end{compactenum}\smallskip}
                                                           The next step is to define task labels
                                         461 \mbox{ } \mbox{mewcommand} \mbox{c@label[1]{\textbf{T#1}}}
                                         462 \ifwork@areas
                                         463 \newcommand\task@label[3]{\task@@label{#1.#2.#3}}
                                         465 \newcommand\task@label[2]{\task@@label{#1.#2}}
                                         466 \fi
```

```
467 \define@key{task}{id}{\def\task@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                          468 \define@key{task}{wphases}{\def\task@wphases{#1}\@dmp{wphases=#1}}
                                          469 \define@key{task}{requires}{\@requires\task@id{#1}\@dmp{req=#1}}
                                          470 \define@key{task}{title}{\def\task@title{#1}}
                                          471 \define@key{task}{lead}{\def\task@lead{#1}}
                                          472 \define@key{task}{partners}{\def\task@partners{#1}}
                                          473 \define@key{task}{PM}{\def\task@PM{#1}}
                                          474 \define@key{task}{issue}{\def\task@issue{#1}}
                                          475 \define@key{task}{status}{\def\task@status{#1}}
                                          476 \def\@@status@canceled{canceled}
                                          477 \newif\if@taskshowwps\@taskshowwpsfalse
                                          478 \det \text{set#1{\edef}} 
                                          479 \def\task@partners{}\def\task@lead{}\def\task@PM{}\def\task@title{}}
                                          480 \text{setkeys} \{ \text{task} \} \{ \text{#1} \} \}
                                          make the space after the title tweakable
@post@title@space
                                          481 \def\task@post@title@space{\;}
                              task The task environment. We first set up config stuff
                                          482 \newcounter{alltasks}
                                          483 \if@taskshowwps\else\def\task@post@title@space{}\fi
                                           484 \newcommand\task@legend@partners{Sites: }
                                          485 \newcommand\task@legend@PM{PM}
                                             now comes the environment proper. We first call \Otask on the keyval argument to do the
                                             metadata handling. Then we start formatting the task as an item in the description list from
                                             the tasklist environment, and print the title if there is one
                                          486 \newenvironment{task}[1][]%
                                          487 {\stepcounter{alltasks}%
                                          488 \@task{#1}%
                                          489 \ifx\task@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi
                                          490 \item[\pdata@target{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}%
                                          491 {\if@longtasklabels%
                                          492 \ \texttt{lifwork@areas} \\ \texttt{label} \\ \texttt{thewp} \\ \texttt{thew
                                          493 \else\task@@label\thetask@wp\fi}]%
                                          494 \textbf\task@title\task@post@title@space%
                                            now we decode and show the work phases on the task, if they have been specified.
                                          495 \if@taskshowwps
                                          496 \left(0\right)
                                          497 \ifx\task@wphases\@initial\else%
                                          498 \let\@@sep=\relax\@for\@I:=\task@wphases%
                                          499 \do{\decode@wphase\@I%
                                          500 \@@sep\show@wphase\wphase@start\wphase@end\wphase@force%
                                          501 \let\@@sep=\sep@wphases}%
                                          502 \fi% initial
                                          503 \fi\% \if@taskshowwps
                                            in non-submit mode we give the specified PM for cross-checking
                                          504 \ifsubmit\else\ifx\task@PM\@empty\else; \task@PM~\task@legend@PM\fi\fi%
                                            and we list the partners who contribute if they are specified.
                                          505 \if@sites%
                                          506 \ifx\task@title\@empty\else;\ \fi% deal with spaces and separator
                                          507 \ifx\task@lead\@empty\else\ \task@legend@partners\site\task@lead~(\legend@lead)%
                                          508 \@for\@I:=\task@partners\do{, \site\@I}\\%
                                          509 \fi% if@sites
```

We define the keys for the task macro

```
if there are no partners, then we show the RM/RAM contributions specified (if any)
       510 \ifx\task@partners\@empty
       511 \xdef\@@involvement{}\xdef\@@inv{}%
       512 \xdef\@@sep{, }\def\m@sep{}% do not show the sep the first time around
       513 \edef\@@sites{\prop@gen@sites}%
       514 {\let\site\relax% to render it insert here
       515 \@for\@site:=\@@sites\do{%
       516 \edef\@QRM{\pdataref@safe{\wp@id @\task@id}\@site{RM}}%
       517 \ifx\@@RM\@empty\else\xdef\@@inv{showit}%
       518 \xdef\@@involvement{\@@involvement% and
       519 \m@sep\site{\@site}: \@@RM\if@RAM\ifx\@@RAM\@empty\else/\@@RM\fi\fi}
       520 \let\m@sep=\@@sep% but the second time show it.
       521 \fi}}% \@@RM empty
       522 \ifx\@@inv\@empty\else(RM{\if@RAM/RAM\fi} distribution: \@@involvement)\strut\\fi
       523 \fi% no partners key
       524 fi\% sites
        finally, we ignore any spaces that may follow the task environment
       525 \ignorespaces}
       526 {\smallskip}
        now the multilingual support and presentation configuration
       527 \newcommand\month@label[1]{M#1}
       528 \mbox{ \newcommand\show@wphase[3]{\edef\@test{#3}\def\@one{1}%} } \label{fig:3}
       529 \mbox{ }\mbox{month@label{#1}-\mbox{month@label{#2}}% }
       530 \ifx\@test\@empty\else\ifx\@test\@one\else @#3\fi\fi}
       531 \newcommand\sep@wphases{; }
       532 \newcommand\legend@partners{Partners}
       533 \newcommand\legend@lead{lead}
       534 \newcommand\task@label@long{Task}
\@task The \@task macro is a internal macro which takes a bunch of keyword keys and writes their values
        to the aux file.
       535 \newcounter{task@all}\newcounter{task@wp}[wp]
       536 \newcount\task@@end
       537 \def\@task#1{\stepcounter{task@all}\stepcounter{task@wp}%
       538 \task@set{#1}%
       539 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{title}{\task@title}
       540 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{lead}{\task@lead}
       541 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{partners}{\task@partners}
       542 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{PM}{\task@PM}
       543 \q task {\task in \task @id \wp @id} {\wp hases} {\task @wp hases} 
       544 \@ifundefined{task@issue}{}
       545 {\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{issue}{\task@issue}}%
       546 \ifwork@areas
       547 \pdata@def{task}{\hat{taskin}task@id\p@id}{label}{\hat{task@label}thewa\thewp\thetask@wp}%}
       548 \else
       549 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{label}{\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp}%
       550 \fi
       551 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{locallabel}{\task@@label\thetask@wp}%
       552 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{number}{\thetask@wp}%
       553 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{page}{\thepage}%
       554 \update@tasks{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}}
```

4.8 Work Phase Metadata

\workphase

 $555 \verb| newcommand \verb| workphase[1]{PackageError{proposal}}$

```
{The \protect\workphase macro is deprecated, \MessageBreak
             557
                    use the attributes wphase on the workpackage environment instead!}}
  \*task*ref
             558 \newcommand\taskin[2]{#20#1}
             559 \newcommand\taskref[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#10#2}{label}}
             560 \newcommand\tasktref[2]{\taskref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{task}{#1@#2}{short}{title}}
             561 \newcommand\localtaskref[1]{\pdataRef{task}{\wp@id @#1}{locallabel}}
             562 \newcommand\localtasktref[2]{\localtaskref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{task}{\wp@id @#1}{short}{title}}
              now we initialize experimental infrastructure for task dependencies (not very well used/tested)
             563 \newcounter{gantt@deps}
             564 \def\@requires#1#2{\stepcounter{gantt@deps}%
             565 \edef\dep@id{taskdep\thegantt@deps}%
             566 \def{taskdep}\dep@id{from}{\taskin{#1}\wp@id}%
             567 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{to}{#2}%
             568 \update@deps\dep@id}
                    Milestones and Deliverables
              4.9
deliv@error this macro raises an error if deliverable commands are used without the deliverables option
              being set.
             569 \newcommand\deliv@error{\PackageError{proposal}
             570 {To use use deliverables, you have to specify the option 'deliverables'}}
    wpdelivs
             571 \newenvironment{wpdelivs}{\begin{wp@delivs}}{\end{wp@delivs}}
  wp@delivs
             572 \newenvironment{wp@delivs}
             573 {\ifdelivs\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]%
             574 \begin{compactdesc}\else\deliv@error\fi}
             575 {\ifdelivs\end{compactdesc}\fi}
              and now multilinguality support
             576 \newcommand\deliv@legend@delivs{Deliverables}
  \wadelivs
             577 \newenvironment{wadelivs}
             578 {\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]\begin{wp@delivs}}
             579 {\end{wp@delivs}}
        \lec This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
             one if there is not enough space.
             580 \newcommand\lec[1]{\strut\hfil\strut\null\nobreak\hfill\hbox{$\leadsto$#1}\par}
\deliv@label
             581 \newcommand\deliv@label[1]{D{#1}}
\*deliv*ref
             582 \newcommand\delivref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#10#2}{label}}
             583 \newcommand\localdelivref[1]{\delivref{\wp@id}{#1}}
             584 \newcommand\delivtref[2]{\delivref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{deliv}{#10#2}{short}{title}}
             585 \newcommand\localdelivtref[1]{\delivtref{\wp@id}{#1}}
```

```
\wpg@deliv We first define the keys
           586 \define@key{deliv}{id}{\def\deliv@id{#1}}
           587 \define@key{deliv}{due}{\def\deliv@due{#1}}
           588 \define@key{deliv}{dissem}{\def\deliv@dissem{#1}}
           589 \define@key{deliv}{nature}{\def\deliv@nature{#1}}
           590 \define@key{deliv}{miles}{\def\deliv@miles{#1}}
           591 \define@key{deliv}{short}{\def\deliv@short{#1}}
           592 \define@key{deliv}{lead}{\def\deliv@lead{#1}}
           593 \define@key{deliv}{issue}{\def\deliv@issue{#1}}
           594 \define@key{deliv}{status}{\def\deliv@status{#1}}
           595 \define@key{deliv}{blog}{\def\deliv@blog{#1}}
            The \wpdeliv macro cycles over the due dates and generates the relevant entries into the deliv-
            erables file. The first step is to write the general metadata to the pdata file.
           596 \newcounter{deliverable}
           597 \newcommand{\wpg@deliv}[3]{% keys, title, type
           598 \stepcounter{deliverable}
           599 \let\deliv@miles=\relax% clean state
           600 \left(\frac{9}{0}\right)\% set up ifx
           601 \def\wpg@id{\csname #3@id\endcsname}
           602 \setkeys{deliv}{#1}\stepcounter{deliv}% set state
           603 \ ifx \ Qtype \ Qwp \ def \ current \ Qlabel \ (if work \ Qareas \ thewa. \ fi \ the \ deliv) \}
           604 \leq \left(\frac{1}{\tilde{t}}\right)
           605 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{label}{\current@label}
           606 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{title}{#2}
           607 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{page}{\thepage}%
           608 \@ifundefined{deliv@short}
           609 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{#2}}
           610 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{\deliv@short}}
            and now the error messages
           611 \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}
           612 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'nature' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
           613 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{nature}{\deliv@nature}}
           614 \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}
           615 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'dissem' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
           616 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{dissem}{\deliv@dissem}}
           617 \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}
           618 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'lead' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
           619 $$  \left( \frac{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{lead}{\deliv@lead} \right) $$
           620 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{due}{\deliv@due}}
           621 \end{fined} $\{deliv@issue} {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{issue} {\deliv@issue} } $
           622 \@ifundefined{deliv@status}{}{\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{status}{\deliv@status}}
           623 \@ifundefined{deliv@blog}{}\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{blog}{\deliv@blog}}
            Then we iterate over the due dates and generate an entry for teach of them in the *.deliverables
            file; but only if the status is not canceled.
           624 \ifx\deliv@status\@@status@canceled\else
           625 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}{%
           626 \@for\@I:=\deliv@due\do{\protected@write\wpg@delivs{}{\string\deliverable%
           627 {\inv 0I<10 0\else\else\fi}\%  sort key
           628 {\@I}% due date
           629 {\current@label}% label
           630 {\tt \cifundefined\{deliv@id\}\{??\}\{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id\}\}\% id}
           631 {\Cifundefined{delivCdissem}{??}{\delivCdissem}}% dissemination level
           632 {\@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature}}% nature
           633 {#2}
           634 {\ifx\@type\@wp{WP\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}\else{WA\thewa}\fi}%WP
           635 {\@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\string\site{\deliv@lead}}}}} % lead
```

```
636 }%deliv@due defined
                 637 \fi% status != canceled
                 And finally, we generate the entry into the deliverables table.
                 638 {\ifx\deliv@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi
                 639 \item[\current@label\ (%
                 640 \delivs@legend@due: \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{??}{\deliv@due},
                 641 \delivs@legend@nature: \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature},
                 642 \delivs@legend@dissem: \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem},
                 643 \delivs@legend@lead: \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{???}{\site{\deliv@lead}})]
                 644 \pdata@target{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{\textit{#2}}
                 645 \@ifundefined{deliv@miles}{}{% print the milestones and update their deliverables
                 646 \let\m@sep=\relax% do not print the separator the first time round
                 647 \lec{\@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                 648 \m@sep\pdataRef{mile}{\@I}{label}% print the milestone reference
                 649 \let\m@sep=,}}%set the separator for the next times
                 651 \Office\CI:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                 652 \expandafter\ifx\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\relax% Check that the miles@delivs is empty
                      {\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname{\wpg@id @\deliv@id}}% if so, skip the separator
                 653
                       \else\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\if not add it
                 654
                       656 }% end gray color
                 657 }
                     Now, we only need to instantiate
        wadeliv
                 658 \newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wa}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
        wpdeliv
                 659 \newenvironment{wpdeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wp}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
\milestone@label
                 660 \newcommand\milestone@label[1]{\textbf{M{#1}}}
        \mileref
                 661 \newcommand\mileref[1]{\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}}
                 662 \newcommand\miletref[1]{\mileref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{mile}{#1}{short}{title}}
     \milestone create a new milestone, initialize its deliverables accumulator macro, set up hyperlinking, and
                 extend the milestones list.
                 663 \newcounter{milestone}
                 664 \define@key{milestone}{id}{\gdef\mile@id{#1}}
                 665 \define@key{milestone}{month}{\gdef\mile@month{#1}}
                 666 \newcommand\milestone[3][]{%
                 667 \ifdelivs%
                 668 \setkeys{milestone}{#1}\stepcounter{milestone}%
                 669 \def{mile}\mile@id{label}{\milestone@label{\themilestone}}\%
                 670 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{month}{\mile@month}%
                 671 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{title}{#2}%
                 672 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{description}{#3}%
                 673 \@ifundefined{mile@stones}%
                 674 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@id}}%
                 675 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@stones,\mile@id}}%
                 676 \@milestone{\mile@id}{#2}{#3}% presentation
                 677 \else\deliv@error\fi}
```

```
\@milestone the corresponding presentation macro.
                                                  678 \newcommand\@milestone[3]{% id, title, description
                                                  679 \item \textbf{\miles@legend@milestone\xspace\pdata@target{mile}\mile@id{\pdataref{mile}{#1}{label}}
                                                  680 (\miles@legend@month \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{month})
                                                  681 \textbf{#2}} #3}
                                                  682 \newcommand\miles@legend@month{Month}
                                                  683 \newcommand\miles@legend@milestone{Milestone}
       milestones This does the metadata bookkeeping, the layout is delegated to the presentation environment
                                                     Omilestones and the legend macros that can be customized for specific proposals.
                                                  684 \newenvironment{milestones}%
                                                  685 {\ifdelivs\begin{@milestones}\else\deliv@error\fi}
                                                  686 {\clip{content} all}{mile}{ids}{\clip{content} all}{mile}{ids}{\clip{content} all}{\clip{content} al
                                                  687 \pdata@def{all}{mile}{count}{\themilestone}%
                                                  688 \end{@milestones}\fi}
    Omilestones here we do the work.
                                                  689 \newenvironment{@milestones}{\begin{enumerate}}{\end{enumerate}}
\deliverable the first argument is an extended due date to facilitate sorting.
                                                  690 \newcommand{\deliverable} [9] {\pdataRef{deliv}{#4}{label}\&\#7\&\#8\&\#9\&\#6\&\#5\&\#2\\\hline}\\ %sortkey, due, label, id, title (above the command of the comman
deliverables
                                                  691 \newenvironment{deliverables}[1]{\ifdelivs\begin{longtable}{|1|p{#1}|1|1|1|1|1}}\hline{} for the content of the content 
                                                  692 \#&\textbf{\delivs@legend@name}&%
                                                  693 \textbf{\delivs@legend@wp}&%
                                                  694 \textbf{\delivs@legend@lead}&%
                                                  695 \textbf{\delivs@legend@nature}&%
                                                  696 \textbf{\delivs@legend@level}&%
                                                  697 \textbf{\delivs@legend@due}\\\hline\hline%
                                                  698 \endhead%
                                                  699 \else\deliv@error\fi}
                                                  700 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}\fi}
                                                   now the multilingual support
                                                  701 \newcommand\delivs@legend@name{Deliverable name}
                                                  702 \newcommand\delivs@legend@wp{WP}
                                                  703 \newcommand\delivs@legend@nature{Type}
                                                  704 \newcommand\delivs@legend@level{Level}
                                                  705 \newcommand\delivs@legend@due{Due}
                                                  706 \newcommand\delivs@legend@dissem{Dissem.}
                                                  707 \newcommand\delivs@legend@lead{Lead}
\inputdelivs
                                                  708 \newcommand{\inputdelivs}[1]{%
                                                  709 \begin{deliverables}{#1}%
                                                  710 \IfFileExists{\jobname.deliverables}%
                                                  711 {\input{\jobname.deliverables}}%
                                                  712 {\IfFileExists{\jobname.delivs}{\input{\jobname.delivs}}}}
                                                  713 \end{deliverables}}
                                                  714 \langle /sty \rangle
                                                                                  Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking
                                                   \pdata@out is the file handle for the project data file, we define internal macros to open and close
               \pdata@*
```

715 (*pdata)

```
716 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
                         717 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse}
                         718 \ProcessOptions
                         719 \RequirePackage{xspace}
                         720 \newwrite\pdata@out
                         721 \newcommand\pdata@open[1] {\immediate\openout\pdata@out=#1.pdata}
                         722 \newcommand\pdata@close{\closeout\pdata@out}
     \readpdata This macro reads the project data file and its error handling
                         723 \newcommand\readpdata[1]{\IfFileExists{./#1.pdata}
                         724 {\message{proposal: Reading Project Data}\makeatletter\input{./#1.pdata}\makeatother}
                         725 {proposal: No Project Data found, (forward) references may be compromized}}
\pdata@target This internal macro makes a hyper-target: \pdata@target{\langle cat\rangle} \{\langle label\rangle} \prints \langle label\rangle}
                           with a target name \langle cat \rangle \mathbb{Q} \langle id \rangle \mathbb{Q} target attached to it.
                         726 \newcommand\pdata@target[3]{\hypertarget{#1@#2@target}{#3}}
     \pdata@def This macro writes an \@pdata@def command to the current aux file and also executes it.
                         727 \newcommand\pdata@def [4] {\%\pdata@def \#1}{\#2}{\#3}{\#4}%
                                  \protected@write\pdata@out{}{\string\@pdata@def{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}}
   \Copdata@def This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
                         729 \newcommand\@pdata@def[4] {\expandafter\gdef\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname{#4}}
       \pdataref
                         730 \newcommand\pdataref[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                                                          {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
                         732
                                                            {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
                         733 \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3]{\@ifundefined{#10#20#3}{??}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
                         734 \newcommand\pdataref@num[3]{\qifundefined{#10#20#3}{0}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}\%
                         735 \newcommand\pdataref@safe[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}{}{\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}%
   \pdatareffB a variant with fallback field,
                         736 \newcommand\pdatarefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                         737 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
                         738 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
                         739 {\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}
                         740 {\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}
       \pdataRef
                         741 \newcommand\pdataRef[3] {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                         742 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}%
                         743 {\hyperlink{\#10\#20target}{\csname \#10\#20\#3\endcsname}}}
   \pdataRefFB a variant with fallback field,
                         744 \newcommand\pdataRefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                         745 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
                         746 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
                         747 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}}
                         748 {\hyperlink{\#10\#20target}{\csname \#10\#20\#3\endcsname}}}
   \pdatacount
                         749 \newcommand\prop@count[1]{\ifcase #1 zero\or one\or two\or three\or four\or five\or six\or seven \or
                                  eight\or nine\or ten\or eleven \or twelve\else#1\fi}
                         751 \end{pdatacount} \end{pdatacount}
```

```
752 \newcommand\pn{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acronym}\xspace}
             753 \newcommand\pnlong{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acrolong}\xspace}
      \W*ref
             754 \newcommand\WPref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}}
             755 \newcommand\WPtref[1]{\WPref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{wp}{#1}{short}{title}}
             756 \ifwork@areas
             757 \newcommand\WAref[1]{\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}}
             758 \newcommand\WAtref[1]{\WAref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{wa}{#1}{short}{title}}
             759 \fi
             760 (/pdata)
              4.11
                      The Work Package Table
              These macros<sup>11</sup> determine the styling of cells in the work package table. That can be tweaked by
EdN: *dstyle
              redefining them.
             761 (*sty)
             762 \definecolorset{gray/rgb/hsb/cmyk}{}{}%
             763 {leadgray, .90/.90, .90, .90/0,0, .90/0,0,0, .10;%
             764 wagray, .70/.70, .70, .70/0,0, .70/0,0,0, .30;%
             765 ganttgray, .60/.60, .60, .60/0, 0, .60/0, 0, 0, .40}
             766 \newcommand\sum@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
             767 \newcommand\wa@style[1] {\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
             768 \newcommand\wp@style[1]{#1}
             769 \newcommand\lead@style[1]{\cellcolor{leadgray}{\textit{#1}}}
             770 \newcommand\wp@lead@style@explained{light gray italicised}
 \wpfigstyle
             771 \def\wpfig@style{}
             772 \newcommand\wpfigstyle[1]{\def\wpfig@style{#1}}
                 We first define the options for the \wpfig macro, they specify what columns we have in the
              table.
             773 \newcounter{wpfig@options}
             774 \define@key{wpfig}{size}{\def\wpfig@size{#1}\@dmp{size=#1}}
             775 \def\@true{true}
             776 \def\wpfig@pages{false}
             777 \define@key{wpfig}{pages}[true] {\def\wpfig@pages{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             778 \def\wpfig@type{false}
             779 \define@key{wpfig}{type}[true]{\def\wpfig@type{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             780 \def\wpfig@start{false}
             781 \define@key{wpfig}{start}[true]{\def\wpfig@start{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             782 \def\wpfig@length{false}
             783 \define@key{wpfig}{length}[true]{\def\wpfig@length{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             784 \def\wpfig@end{false}
             785 \define@key{wpfig}{end}[true]{\def\wpfig@end{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             786 \define@key{wpfig}{label}{\def\wpfig@label{#1}}
             787 \define@key{wpfig}{caption}{\def\wpfig@caption{#1}}
              This environment makes legend for the table (but not the contents) for the \wpfig macro. The
  wp@figure
              main work achieved here is to generate the head line (sideways) and the footer in the various
```

pn*

EdN:12

header and footer line for the table.

cases given by the package options. ¹² Depending on the various class and wpfig options, we make

 $^{^{11}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: maybe add "wpfig" in the name to show dependency

 $^{^{12}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: this is a bit of misnomer, it does not do the figure bit.

```
788 \def\@sw#1{\begin{sideways}#1\end{sideways}}
             789 \newenvironment{wp@figure}{\begin{table}[ht]\wpfig@style\begin{center}
             790 {\let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\site\relax\let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
             791 \end{arganetic} $$ \gdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@legend@wap\&\wpfig@legend@title\%$} $$
             792 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wpfig@legend@type\fi%
             793 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@page}\fi%
             794 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@start}\fi%
             795 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@length}\fi
             796 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@end}\fi}%
             797 \if@sites%
             798 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
             799 \xdef\wpfig@headline(\wpfig@headline(\wpfig@headline(\wpfig@legend@siteRM{\csite}))
             800 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRAM{\@site}}}\fij%
             801 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRM}}%
             802 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRAM}}\fi%
             803 \else% if@sites
             804 \xdef\wpfig@headline \\\wpfig@headline \\\wpfig@legend@RM\\\if@RAM\\\wpfig@legend@RAM\\\fi]
             805 \fi}%if@sites
             806 \ifQRAM\begin{tabular}{|1|1|*{\thewpfigQoptions}{r|}*{\theQsites}{r|r|}|r|r|}\hline
             807 \else\begin{tabular}{||1||*{\thewpfig@options}{r|}|*{\the@sites}{r|}|r|}\hline\fi%||
             808 \wpfig@headline\\\hline\hline}
             809 {\end{tabular}\smallskip\\
             810 \verb|\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl\if@sites; \wpfig@legend@lead@expl\fi|
             811 \@ifundefined{wpfig@label}{\caption{\wpfig@legend@caption}}{\caption{\wpfig@caption}}
             812 \@ifundefined{wpfig@label}{\label{fig:wplist}}{\label{\wpfig@label}}
             813 \end{center}\end{table}}
              and now multilinguality support
             814 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@wap{\textbf{\ifwork@areas{WA/P}\else{WP}\fi}}
             815 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@title{\textbf{Title}}
             816 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@type{\textbf{type}}
             817 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@page{\textbf{page}}
             818 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@start{\textbf{start}}
             819 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@length{\textbf{length}}
             820 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@end{\textbf{end}}
             821 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRM[1]{\site{#1}\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
             822 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRAM[1]{\site{#1}\ RAM}
             823 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRM{total\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
             824 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRAM{total RAM}
             825 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RM{RM}
             826 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM{RAM}
             827 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl{\if@RAM R(A)M $\widehat=$ Researcher (Assistant) Months\else\ Efforts in Ph
             828 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@lead@expl{WP lead efforts \wp@lead@style@explained}
             829 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@caption{{\ifwork@areas Work Areas and \fi}Work Packages}
EdN:18wpfig
             830 \newcount\local@count
             831 \newcount\@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\@@@RAM\fi
             832 \newcount\all@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\all@@@RAM\fi
             833 \newcommand{\wpfig}[1][]{\setcounter{wpfig@options}{0}\setkeys{wpfig}{#1}
              the first thing to do is to build the body of the table programmatically by (globally) extending the
              \@wp@lines token register inside a bracket group which locally redefines all macros we are using
```

in the extensions, so that they do not get into the way. We start this group now.

835 \let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\lead@style\relax% so they

834 {\gdef\@wp@lines{}%initialize

 $^{^{13}\}mathrm{EDNoTE}$: The computation can be distributed much more efficiently (by intermingling the counter advances with the row creation), but this works now

```
836 \let\wa@style\relax\let\wp@style\relax \let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax% do not
837 \let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\hyperlink=\relax% bother
838 \let\pn\relax\let\xspace\relax% us
   The code that follows now, could be more elegant, if we had a better way of organizing the data,
   but this works for now, we have four cases: with/without work areas and with/without sites. All
   do something very similar.
839 \ifwork@areas
840 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
841 \colon \co
842 \end{align} \label} \% $$
843 \&\wa@style{\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\climatef{wa}\
844 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{type}}\fi%
845 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{page}}\fi%
846 \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{ii} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{ii} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{
848 \fix\wpfig@end\@true\&\wa@style{\pdataref\{wa\}\@@wa\{end\}\}fi}
849 \if@sites
850 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
851 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
852 \local@count 0%
853 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
854 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RM}{\the\local@count}%
855 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
856 \if@RAM
857 \local@count 0%
858 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}
859 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RAM}{\the\local@count}%
860 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
861 \fi}
862 \local@count0\relax%
863 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wa\@site{RM}}%
865 \if@RAM
866 \local@count0\relax%
867 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wa\@site{RAM}}%
868 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line &\wa@style{\textbf{\the\local@count}}}
870 \else% if@sites
871 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
872 \del{00wa0line}\del{00wa0line}\del{00wa0line}\del{00wa0line}
873 \if@RAM&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RAM}}\fi}%
874 \fi% if@sites
875 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wa@line\tabularnewline\hline}% add the line for the workarea
876 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
877 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over its work packages
878 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
879 \& @ifundefined = @short + \pdataref = \pdataref 
880 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
881 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
882 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
883 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
884 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
885 \if@sites
886 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
887 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
888 \edef\@QRM{\ifx\QQlead\Qsite\leadQstyle{\pdatarefQsafe\QQwp\Qsite{RM}}} \else\wp\Qstyle{\pdatarefQsafe\QQwp\Qsite} \end{20}
889 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
```

890 \if@RAM

```
891 \edef\@GRAM{\ifx\@Glead\@site\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}
892 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RAM}
893 \fi}
894 \local@count0\relax%
895 \cline{M}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline{M}}{\cline
896 % XXX does not work XXX \pdata@def{\@site}{RM}{count}{\the\local@count}
897 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
898 \if@RAM
899 \global\local@count0\relax%
900 \end{area} $$00 \end{are
901 % XXX does not work XXX \pdata@def{\@site}{RAM}{count}{\the\local@count}
902 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
903 \fi% if@RAM
904 \else% if@sites
905 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
906 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}}\fi
907 \fi% if@sites
908 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}
 Now the case where we do not have work areas.
909 \else% ifwork@areas
910 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
911 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over its work packages
912 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
913 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp \@short}{\pdataref\wp}\@@wp\title}}\pdataref\wp}\@@wp\short}}
914 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
915 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
916 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
917 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
918 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
919 \if@sites
920 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
921 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
922 \edef\@QRM{\ifx\@Qlead\@site\lead\@style{\pdataref\@safe\@Qwp\@site{RM}}\else\wp\@style{\pdataref\@safe\QQwp\gsite}\end{$$
923 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
924 \if@RAM
925 \edef\@GRAM{\ifx\@Glead\@site\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}
926 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style\@@RAM}
927 \fi}
928 \global\local@count0\relax%
929 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
930 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
931 \if@RAM
932 \global\local@count0\relax%
933 \ Qfor \ Qsite:=\prop \ Qgen \ Qsite \ \ do \ \ global \ advance \ local \ Qcount by \ pdataref \ Qnum \ \ #1 \ \ Qsite \ RAM \ \ \ Parallel \ RAM \ Parallel \ Parallel \ Parallel \ Parallel \ Parallel \ 
934 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
935 \fi
936 \else% if@sites
937 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
938 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}\fi}
939 \fi% if@sites
940 \xdef\@wp@lines(\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline)\}
941 \fi%ifwork@areas
 Now we compute the totals lines in the \@totals macros; again there are four cases to consider
942 \gdef\@totals{}
943 \ifwork@areas
944 \if@sites
945 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{% iterate over the sites
```

```
946 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt 000RM=0\if}\mbox{\tt 000RAM=0\fi}}
 947 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
 948\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 00wa}:=\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 00wa}\sc 00}}\xspace iterate over the work areas
 949 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
 950 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
 951 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
 952 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}}
 953 \quad def{all}\\ site{RM}{\the\\@@RM}\fi
 954 \advance\all@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi
 955 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}}
 956 \xdef\dtotals{\dtotals & \textbf{\the\all@0gRM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@0gRAM}\fi}
 957 \quad $957 \quad all}{total}{RM}_{the\all@QQRM}\to $1000RM}\to $1000RM}\to $1000RMM
 958 \else% if@sites
 959 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
 960 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
 961 \colone{1.00} \colone{1.
 962 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
 963 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
 964 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}}
 966 \xdef\@totals{&\the\@@@RM\if@RAM &\the\@@@RAM\fi}
 967 \fi% if@sites
 968 \else%i.e. no work@areas
 969 \if@sites
 970 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%iterate over the sites
 971 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi%
 972 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
 973 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
 974 \advance\@@QRM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
 975 \ensuremath{\mbox{975}}\ \if@RAM\advance\@@GRAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}
 977 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}
 978 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi}
 979 \xdef\@totals{\@totals &\textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\figRAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fij}
 980 \pdata@def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}
 981 \else% if@sites
 982 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt Q@QRM=0\fi}}
 983 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
 984 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
 985 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
 986 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}
 987 \quad $987 \quad addef{all}{total}{RM}{\the\\000RM}\if0RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM}\if0RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}
 988 \ensuremath{\tt 0000RM\ensuremath{\tt 0000RAM\fi}}
 989 \fi% if@sites
 990 \fi
   And we finally have a line for the intended totals which we use in draft mode.
 991 \gdef\intended@totals{}\gdef\requested@totals{}
 992 \if@sites
 993 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
 994 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRM}}}
 995 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{reqPM}}
 996 \ if QRAM \ xdef\ intended Qtotals \ textbf \ ydataref Qsafe \{site\} \ vertex \ and \ vertex \ are for all the properties of the prop
 997 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&&}\else%
 998 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&}%
 999 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&}%
1000 \fi
1001 \else% if@sites
1002 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RM}}} \\
```

```
1003 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RAM}}}\fi
1004 \fij\% if@sites
```

finally, we make all of this into a figure, computing the colspan of the the legend cells for the totals via \local@count from the optional columns.

```
1005 \local@count\thewpfig@options\advance\local@count by 2
1006 \begin{wp@figure}
1007 \@wp@lines\hline%
1008 \verb|\multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dto
1009 \ifsubmit\else%
1010 \ifx\prop@gen@topdownPM\@true%
1011 \mbox{$1011 \mbox{$\c]}{\c]}{\c}\count}{\c}\count}{\c}\count{\c}\count}
1012 \fi% topdownPM
1013 \ifx\prop@gen@botupPM\@true%
1014 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@requestedtotals}\requested@totals\\\hline%
1015 \fi% botupPM
1016 \fi% submit
1017 \end{wp@figure}}
     and now multilinguality support
1018 \newcommand\prop@legend@totals{\textbf{totals}}
1019 \newcommand\prop@legend@intendedtotals{\textbf{intended totals}}
1020 \newcommand\prop@legend@requestedtotals{\textbf{requested totals}}
```

4.12 Gantt Charts

Gantt Charts are done with help of the tikz package. The gantt environments pick up on the declared duration of the proposal in months stored in the \prop@gen@months macro.

We define the keys for Gantt tables

```
1021 \newif\ifgantt@draft\gantt@draftfalse
1022 \newif\ifgantt@miles\gantt@milesfalse
1023 \define@key{gantt}{xscale}{\def\gantt@xscale{#1}}
1024 \define@key{gantt}{yscale}{\def\gantt@yscale{#1}}
1025 \define@key{gantt}{step}{\def\gantt@step{#1}}
1026 \define@key{gantt}{size}{\def\gantt@size{#1}}
1027 \define@key{gantt}{draft}[true]{\ifsubmit\else\gantt@drafttrue\fi}
1028 \define@key{gantt}{milestones}[true]{\gantt@milestrue}
```

Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the internal macros.

```
1029 \end{align} $$1029 \end{align} $$1030 \setkeys{gantt}{\#1}}
```

Finally, the Gantt Chart environment itself.

gantt The gantt[$\langle keyvals \rangle$] { $\langle height \rangle$ } environment sets up the grid and legend for a gantt chart. The grid is $\prop@gen@months$ wide and $\langle height \rangle$ high.

```
1043 {\draw[xstep=\gantt@step,very thin] (0,0) grid (\prop@gen@months,\gantt@height);
                  1044 \foreach \x in {0,\gantt@step,...,\prop@gen@months} \node at (\x,\gantt@ymonths) {\x};
                  1045 \ifgantt@miles
                  1046 \mbox{ }\mbox{\sc hewdimen\sc gantt0ymiles=\sc gantt0height cm}
                  1047 \advance\gantt@ymiles by 2cm
                  1048 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles@top\gantt@ymiles@top=\gantt@height cm
                  1049 %\advance\gantt@ymiles@top by 2cm
                  1050 \edef\@@miles{\pdataref@safe{all}{mile}{ids}}
                  1051 \ensuremath{ \mbox{\tt 0for\ensuremath{\tt 0I:=\ensuremath{\tt 0miles\do}}} \
                  1052 \edgn(00month{\pdataref@safe{mile}{\qlue{month}}})
                  1053 \draw[very thick,blue] (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles@top) -- (\@@month,0);
                  1054 \node[blue] at (\00month,\gantt0ymiles) {\pdataref{mile}{\0I}{label}};}
                  1055 \fi %gantt@miles
                  1056 \end{tikzpicture}}
         creates a gantt node with name \langle name \rangle in line \langle line \rangle starting at month \langle month \rangle with length \langle len \rangle
                   that is \langle force \rangle thick.
                  1057 \newdimen\gantt@ymid\newdimen\gantt@yinc\newdimen\gantt@xend
                  1058 \newcommand{\Qaction}[6][]{\def\Qtest{#1}%}
                  1059 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\@@color{ganttgray}\else\def\@@color{#1}\fi
                  1060 \gantt@ymid=#3 cm\gantt@yinc=\gantt@yscale cm
                  1061 \gantt@xend=#4 cm\advance\gantt@xend by #5 cm
                  1062 \advance\gantt@ymid by \gantt@yinc
                  1063 \fill[\@@color] (#4,#3) rectangle +(#5,#6);
                  1064 \node (#2@left) at (#4,\gantt@ymid) {};
                  1065 \node (#2@right) at (\gantt@xend,\gantt@ymid) {};}
     \@dependency
                  1066 \def\@dependency#1#2{\draw[->,line width=2pt,color=red] (#1@right) -- (#2@left);}
tt@compute@effort A helper function that updates the dimension \gantt@effort according to whether the counter
                   \gantt@month is in the range. It is used in \gantt@chart
                  1067 \newcommand\gantt@compute@effort[3]{% start, len, force
                       \@@e=#1\advance\@@e by #2
                  1068
                        \ifnum\thegantt@month<#1\else
                        \ifnum\thegantt@month<\@@e
                        \gantt@plus=#3cm\advance\gantt@effort by \gantt@plus\fi\fi}
      \ganttchart This macro iterates over the work areas, their work packages, and finally their work phases to use
                   the internal macro \@action. All of this in the gantt setting.
                  1072 \newcommand{\ganttchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering
                  1073 \gantt@set{#1}
                  1074 \def\gantt@wps{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                  1075 \begin{gantt} [#1] {\gantt@wps}
                  1076 \newcounter{taskwps}\newcount\@@line
                  1077 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                  1078 \ifwork@areas
                      \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                  1079
                  1080
                         \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                         \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
                  1081
                  1082
                           \stepcounter{taskwps}
                           \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                  1083
                           \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                  1084
                           \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                  1085
                           \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                  1086
                           \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%wp-level work phases
                  1087
                  1088
                             \decode@wphase\@@ft
```

```
\@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1089
         \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% tasks
1090
           \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1091
           1092
1093
             \decode@wphase\@@ft
1094
             \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
     \else% ifwork@areas false
1095
     \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
1096
     \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
1097
       \stepcounter{taskwps}
1098
       \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
1099
1100
       \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
       \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
1101
1102
       \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
       \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1103
         \decode@wphase\@@ft
1104
         \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1105
1106
       \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% task-level work phases
1107
         \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
         \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
1108
1109
           \decode@wphase\@@ft
           \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1110
     \fi% ifwork@areas end
1111
     \edef\@@deps{\pdataref@safe{all}{task}{deps}}
1112
1113
     \@for\@@dep:=\@@deps\do{%
       \@dependency{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@@dep{from}}{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@@dep{to}}}
1114
 The next piece of code generates the effort sum table in draft mode
     \ifgantt@draft
1115
1116
        \newcounter{gantt@month}
1117
        \newcount\@@e\newdimen\gantt@effort\newdimen\gantt@plus
        \@whilenum\thegantt@month<\prop@gen@months\do{% step over months
1118
          \gantt@effort=0cm
1119
          \ifwork@areas
1120
1121
          \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
          \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
1122
            \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
1123
            \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
1124
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1125
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1126
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1127
1128
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1129
              \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
              \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1130
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1131
              \label{lem:condition} $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt 00for}\mbox{\tt 00ft:=\mbox{\tt 00wphases}\mbox{\tt 00for}\mbox{\tt wp-level work phases} $$
1132
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1133
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1134
          \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1135
          \else% ifwork@areas
1136
          \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
1137
          \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
1138
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1139
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1140
1141
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1142
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
              \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
1143
              \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1144
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1145
```

```
\Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
               1146
                                \decode@wphase\@@ft
               1147
                                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
               1148
                          \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
               1149
               1150
                          \fi% ifwork@areas
               1151
                          \stepcounter{gantt@month}}
                      \fi% ifgantt@draft
               1152
               1153
                     \end{gantt}
                     \caption{\gantt@caption}\label{fig:gantt}
               1154
               1155 \end{figure}\footnotetext\gantt@footnote}
                 now the multilingual support
               1156 \newcommand\gantt@caption@main{Gantt Chart: Overview Work Package Activities}
               1157 \newcommand\gantt@caption@lower{lower bar shows the overall effort \if@RAM (RM only) \fi per month}
               1158 \newcommand\gantt@caption{\gantt@caption@main\ifgantt@draft\xspace
                     -- \gantt@caption@lower\fi}
               1160 \newcommand\gantt@footnote{Bars shown at reduced height (e.g. 50\%) indicate reduced
                     intensity during that work phase (e.g. to 50\%).}
                 This macro is a variant of \ganttchart, but it shows the tasks consecutively, as is useful for EU
\gantttaskchart
   EdN:14
                 projects<sup>14</sup>
               1162 \newcommand{\gantttaskchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[hbtp]\centering\gantt@set{#1}
               1163 \newcounter{gantt@all@tasks}%
               1164 \setcounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{task}{count}}
               1165 \addtocounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
               1166 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\thegantt@all@tasks}
                      \newcounter{gantt@tasks}\newcount\@@line
               1167
                      \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
               1168
               1169
                      \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                         \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
               1170
               1171 %
                          \cline{2} \cline{48}1
                         \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
               1172
                         \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over the tasks
               1173
                           \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
               1174
               1175
                           \@@line=\thegantt@all@tasks\advance\@@line by -\thegantt@tasks
                           \node at (-.5/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {{\footnotesize\taskreflong\@@wp\@@task}};
               1176
               1177
                           \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
               1178
                           \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
               1179
                             \decode@wphase\@@ft
                             \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force
               1180
                          }}}% end all iterations
               1181
                        \end{gantt}
               1182
                        \caption{\gantt@caption@main{} -- \emph{\gantt@footnote}}\label{fig:gantt}
               1183
               1184 \end{figure}}
                         Coherence
                 4.13
            \j*
               1186 \newcommand\jpro{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\bullet$}}}}
               1187 \newcommand\jsoft{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{@}}}
               1188 \newcommand\jorga{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\circ$}}}}
               1189 \newcommand\jsup{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\smiley}}}
     \add@joint \add@joint{\langle first \rangle}{\langle second \rangle}{\langle sym \rangle} adds \langle sym \rangle to the the \coherence@\langle first \rangle@\langle second \rangle macro
                 for the coherence table.
```

 $^{^{-14}{}m EDNote}$: this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to the deadline

```
1190 \newcommand\add@joint[3]{\@ifundefined{coherence@#1@#2}%
                1191 {\@namedef{coherence@#1@#2}{#3}}%
                1192 {\expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname coherence@#1@#2\endcsname{#3}}}
     \prop@joint This iterates over a comma-separated list of names and makes the necessary entries into the
                  coherence table.
                1193 \newcommand\prop@joint[2]{\@for\@first:=#2\do{%
                1194 \@for\@second:=#2\do{\ifx\@first\@second\else\add@joint\@first\@second{#1}\fi}}
        \joint* Now, some instances that use these.
                1195 \newcommand\jointproj[1]{\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                1196 \newcommand\jointpub[1]{\prop@joint\jpub{#1}}
                1197 \newcommand\jointorga[1]{\prop@joint\jorga{#1}}
                1198 \newcommand\jointsoft[1] {\prop@joint\jsoft{#1}}
                1199 \newcommand\jointsup[1]{\prop@joint\jsup{#1}}
\coherencematrix
                1200 \newcommand{\coherencematrix}{
                1201 {\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\site\relax\ so they do
                1202 \let\@sw\relax\let\jpub\relax\let\jpro\relax\let\jorga\relax% not bother
                1203 \let\jsoft\relax\let\jsup\relax\let\cellcolor\relax\ us
                1204 \gdef\ct@head{}%
                1205 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@head{\@ct@head%
                1206 &\ifx\cht@swsites\@true\@sw{\site}\else\site{\@site}\fi}}%
                1207 \gdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@head\tabularnewline\hline\hline} %initialize with head line
                1208 \Ofor\Osite:=\propOgenOsites\do{\xdef\OctOline{\site{\Osite}}%
                      \@for\@@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                        \xdef\@ct@line{\@ct@line&\ifx\@site\@@site{\cellcolor{wagray}{}}\fi%
                1210
                1211
                          \@ifundefined{coherence@\@site @\@@site}{}{\@nameuse{coherence@\@site @\@@site}}}}%
                1212 \xdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}%
                1213 \begin{tabular}{|1||*{\the@site}{c|}}\hline%
                1214 \@ct@lines\hline%
                1215 joint&\multicolumn{\the@site}{1|}{\jpub $\hat=$ publication, \jpro $\hat=$ project,
                1216
                           \jorga $\hat=$ organization, \jsoft $\hat=$ software/resource dev,
                1217
                           \jsup $\hat=$ supervision}\\hline
                1218 \end{tabular}}
\coherencetable
                1219 \newskip\@bigflushglue \@bigflushglue = -100pt plus 1fil
                1220 \def\bigcenter{\trivlist \bigcentering\item\relax}
                1221 \def\bigcentering{\let\\\@centercr\rightskip\@bigflushglue%
                1222 \leftskip\@bigflushglue
                1223 \parindent\z@\parfillskip\z@skip}
                1224 \def\endbigcenter{\endtrivlist}
                1225 \define@key{coherencetable}{swsites}[true]{\def\cht@swsites{#1}}
                1226 \define@key{coherencetable}{stretch}{\def\cht@stretch{#1}}
                1227 \newcommand\coherencetable[1][]{%
                1228 \def\cht@swsites{false}%
                1229 \def\cht@stretch{1}%
                1230 \setkeys{coherencetable}{#1}%
                1231 \begin{table}[ht]%
                1232 \small\setlength{\tabcolsep}{.5em}%
                1233 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\cht@stretch}%
                1234 \begin{bigcenter}%
                1235 \coherencematrix%
                1236 \end{bigcenter}%
                1237 \caption{\coherence@caption}\label{tab:collaboration}
                1238 \end{table}}
```

now the multilinguality support

1239 \newcommand\coherence@caption{Previous Collaboration between {\pn} members}

4.14 Relevant Papers & References

We first define a bibLaTeX bibliography heading that does not create headers, we need it somewhere.

```
1240 \defbibheading{empty}{}
```

We define an internal macro \prop@ppl that prints a publication list of a given bibTEX entry type and title for convenience. It also adds a notype= to the token register \prop@rl to deal with the unclassified entries from the list.

```
1241 \newif\if@allpapers\@allpaperstrue
1242 \newcommand\prop@ppl[3][]{\@allpapersfalse\message{ppl processing: #2}%
1243 \printbibliography[category=featured,heading=subbibliography,type=#2,title=#3#1]%
1244 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{\xdef\prop@rl{#2}}{\xdef\prop@rl{\prop@rl, #2}}}
```

The following code does not work yet, it would have been nice to be able to just add a key unclassified to catch the unclassified ones. I guess we just have to issue a warning instead.

```
1245 \newcommand\prop@prl[1] {\message{unclassified: #1}%
1246 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,title=Unclassified,#1]}%
1247 \define@key{paperlist}{unclassified}[true] {\message{unclass: \prop@rl}\prop@prl\prop@rl}

with this, we define a couple of keys that use \prop@ppl generate the sub-bibliographies and add
that to the \prop@rl token register. We also make the headings configurable.

1248 \newcommand\prop@articles@heading{Articles}
1249 \define@key{paperlist}{articles}[true] {\prop@ppl{article}{\prop@articles@heading}}
1250 \newcommand\prop@chapters@heading{Book Chapters}
1251 \define@key{paperlist}{chapters}[true] {\prop@ppl{inbook}{\prop@chapters@heading}}
1252 \newcommand\prop@confpapers@heading{Conference Papers}
```

1255 \newcommand\prop@wspapers@heading{Workshop Papers}

1256 \define@key{paperlist}{wspapers}[true]%

1257 {\prop@ppl[,notkeyword=conference] {inproceedings} {\prop@wspapers@heading}}

 $1258 \verb| newcommand\prop@theses@heading{Theses}|$

1260 \newcommand\prop@submitted@heading{Submitted}

 $1261 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc loss}} \{submitted\} [true] \%$

1262 {\prop@ppl[,keyword=submitted]{unpublished}{\prop@submitted@heading}}

1263 \newcommand\prop@books@heading {Monographs}

 $1264 \end{fine} \{paperlist\} \{books\} [true] {prop@ppl\{book\}\{prop@books@heading\}\}}$

1265 \newcommand\prop@techreports@heading{Technical Reports}

 $1266 \ \texttt{\prop@ppl{techreports@heading}} \\$

featured We introduce a new bibLaTeX category featured for those papers that were already mentioned in \prop@paperlist and the macros defined from it.

 ${\tt 1267 \ \ \ \ } \texttt{DeclareBibliographyCategory\{featured\}}$

\prop@paperlist \prop@paperlist{ $\langle keys \rangle$ }{ $\langle refs \rangle$ } generates a paper list from a list $\langle keys \rangle$ of bibliography keys. It makes some local adaptions to the appearance of the bibliography, and then adds $\langle refs \rangle$ to the citable papers marks them as featured. Then it uses \printbibliography to make a bibliography EdN:15 of the cited papers. Note that these are not cited again in the main bibliography¹⁵

```
1268 \newcommand\prop@paperlist[2][]{%
```

1269 \let\biboldfont\bibfont%

1270 \renewcommand{\bibfont}{\footnotesize}%

¹⁵EdNote: MK: we may want to make this optional controlled by a package option eventually.

```
1271 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{.9}%
                         1272 \end{figure} $$1272 \rightarrow {\#1}\def\def\def} $$1272 \end{figure} $$1272 \end{figure}
                         1273 \setkeys{paperlist}{#1}
                         1274 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{}{\@latex@warning{some papers are not classified!}}
                         1275 \ \texttt{\fi} @allpapers \texttt{\printbibliography} [category=featured, heading=empty] \texttt{\fi} \% \\
                         1276 \let\bibfont\biboldfont}
                                   We define the warnpubs heading constructor.
                         1277 \def\prop@warnpubs@message{Many of the proposers' publications are online at one of the following URIs:}
                         1278 \def\prop@warnpubs@title{References}
                         1279 \defbibheading{warnpubs}{\section*{\prop@warnpubs@title}%
                                      \@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}
                         1280
                                   {\@latex@warning{No publication pages specified;
                         1281
                                                                           use the pubspage key in the proposal environment!}}
                         1282
                         1283
                                      {\prop@warnpubs@message%
                         1284
                                   \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@pubspages\do{\par\noindent\csname\@I\endcsname}}}
                                   Finally, we tweak bibLATEX to not give DOIs and URLS at the same time.
                         1285 \renewbibmacro*{event+venue+date}{}
                         1286 \renewbibmacro*{doi+eprint+url}{%
                         1287
                                      \iftoggle{bbx:doi}
                                          {\printfield{doi}\iffieldundef{doi}{}\clearfield{url}}}
                         1288
                         1289
                         1290
                                      \newunit\newblock
                         1291
                                      \iftoggle{bbx:eprint}
                         1292
                                          {\usebibmacro{eprint}}
                         1293
                                          {}%
                         1294
                                      \newunit\newblock
                                      \iftoggle{bbx:url}
                         1295
                                          {\usebibmacro{url+urldate}}
                         1296
                                          {}}
                         1297
                         1298 (/sty)
                                             Miscellaneous
                             4.15
\signatures
                         1299 (*pdata)
                         1300 \newcommand{\signatures}[1]{\section{#1}
                         1301 \qquad \ \quad\number\day. \number\month. \number\year\\[6ex]
                         1302 \strut\qquad Date\hfill\@for\@p:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
                         1303 \pdataref{PI}\@p{title}~\pdataref{PI}\@p{name}\hfill}}
             \@dmp The \@dmp macro shows metadata information about the keys in the margin if \keystrue is
                             specified. This is a debugging tool.
                         1304 \def\@dmp#1{\ifkeys\marginpar{\small #1}\fi}
             \euro
                         1305 \renewcommand\euro{\officialeuro\xspace}
                         1306 (/pdata)
```