Preparing Proposals in LATEX with proposal.cls*

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Abstract

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. It is optimized towards collaborative projects, and should specialized to particular funding agencies.

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^{*}Version ? (last revised ?)

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1 Introduction

Writing grant proposals is a collaborative effort that requires the integration of contributions from many individuals. The use of an ASCII-based format like IATEX allows to coordinate the process via a source code control system like GIT or Subversion, allowing the proposal writing team to concentrate on the contents rather than the mechanics of wrangling with text fragments and revisions. In fact the proposal package has evolved out of a series of collaborative proposal writing efforts, where large teams (up to 30 individuals from up to 20 sites) have written a 100-page proposal in three weeks (with over 2000 commits). Such collaborative writing sprints are impossible without a revision control system and a "semantic" document class that generates tables, charts, and deliverable lists from content markup and thus takes care of many of the routine tasks of keeping information consistent.

The **proposal** class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. The package documentation is still preliminary, fragmented and incomplete.

The proposal class is distributed under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License from CTAN archives in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt. Either version 1.0 or, at your option, any later version.

The CTAN archive always contains the latest stable version, the development version can be found on GitHub at https://github.com/KWARC/LaTeX-proposal. For bug reports please use the issue tracker there. Please feel free to fork the repository and provide extensions and improvements.

The development version also contains example proposals and a very useful script that generates GitHub issues for all the workpackages, tasks, and deliverables. This is a great way of starting up a project and controlling its progress. The OpenDreamKit EU project (see http://opendreamkit.org) uses this for its (very public) project planning on the issue tracker at https://github.com/OpenDreamKit after (also publicly) developing the proposal on GitHub.

Finally, the GitHub reposistory contains example project proposals and specialized Makefiles that help start off the proposal development process. These are not part of the CTAN/TeXLive distributions.

2 The User Interface

In this section we will describe the functionality offered by the proposal class along the lines of the macros and environments the class provides.

2.1 Package Options

The proposal package takes the options submit, noworkareas, RAM, deliverables, wpsubsection, keys, svninfo, gitinfo, numericcites, and public.

submit

The submit option will disable various proposal management decorations which are enabled by default for submission.

noworkareas

The noworkareas option specifies that we do not want to structure our work plan into work areas (see section 2.6).

RAM

The RAM option specifies that we specify research assistant months in the effort tallies (see section 2.6).

deliverables

The deliverables option specifies that we specify deliverables in the grant proposal (see section 2.9). As the deliverables management needs extra support, we only activate them via this option.

wpsubsection

The wpsubsection option specifies that we want to see subsections headings for the WPs (and WAs, if we have them).

longtasklabels The longtasklabels option specifies that we want to long task labels (i.e. including the WP and possibly WA numbers)

report The report option specifies that we want to use the report.cls class as a basis for proposal

instead of the default article.cls.

keys

The keys option specifies that we want to see the values of various keyval arguments in the

syninfo

The syning option specifies specifies that we want to use the syning package for displaying version control metadata in the document (except when the submit option is also given). For this we need the svninfo metadata line of the form

```
\SVN $Id: proposal.tex 13610 2007-07-11 04:30:16Z kohlhase $
\svnKeyword $HeadURL: https://svn.kwarc.info/../proposal.tex $
```

at the beginning of each file (or in the preamble).

gitinfo

Analogously, the gitinfo option uses the gitinfo2 package for GIT metadata. Note that you will need to install the post-commit hooks in your working copy according to [gitinfo2:on] for

numericcites public private

The numericcites option changes citations to numeric from the default alphabetic.

Finally, the public option allows to hide certain sensitive (e.g. financial) parts of the proposal. For this, the proposal class provides the private environment. If the option public is set, the parts of the document between \begin{private} and \end{private} do not produce output. This is useful for producing public versions of the proposal that hide confidential parts. Note that both \begin{private} and \end{private} have to be on lines of their own may not have any leading whitespace otherwise an error occurs and LATEX gives error messages that are difficult to comprehend. An alternative way to distinguish private and public sections are to use the \ifpublic conditional: \ifpublic{3}\else{5}\fi will result in "5" in the submitted draft and "3" in the public document.

\ifpublic

2.2Proposal Metadata

proposal

The metadata of the proposal is specified in the proposal environment, which also generates the title page and the first section of the proposal as well as the last pages of the proposal with the signatures, enclosures, and references. The proposal environment should contain all the mandatory parts of the proposal text. The proposal environment uses the following keys to specify metadata.

title

instrument acronym acrolong

start months

since fundsuntil

discipline ΡI

- title for the proposal title (used on the title page),
- instrument for the instrument of funding that you would like to apply for,
- acronym for the proposal acronym, possibly accompanied by an acrolong that explains it. The acronym will also be used in the page headings.
- start for the start date of the proposed fragment of the project, and months for the length of the proposal in months. Both have to be specified for the proposal class to work.
- If the proposal only concerns a part of a longer-running project, the since key allows to specify the date since when the overall project runs. Finally, the fundsuntil allows to specify a date until which the funds last.

• discipline for the academic discipline and areas for the research areas in that discipline.

- PI to declare the principal investigator. For collaborative proposals we can use the PI key multiple times. The proposal package uses the workaddress package for representation of personal metadata, see [Kohlhase:workaddress:ctan] or the file proposal.tex for details.
- Many collaborative proposals are shared between two institutions, which we can declare with the site key. As this changes the interface this should not be used for single-institution proposals. We will describe the setup for a single-site proposal below and point out the differences. The example proposal.tex is a two-site proposal.
- Sometimes it makes sense to document the proposal number in the metadata, e.g. to use the generated metadata file $\langle main \rangle$ pdata for project reports. The proposal number can be used for that.

If the acronym and acrolong are given, then they automatically define the macros \pn and \pn \pnlong \pnlong which allow to use the project acronym (project nname) and its long version in the text.

site

Note that these macros use \xspace internally, so they do not have to be enclosed in curly braces.

There are two ways of organizing the distribution of personnel resources when developing a proposal. Either the coordinator takes a *top-down approach* where she assigns person months (PM) to the respective site, of she takes a *bottom-up approach*, where the sites "request" personnel resources by marking them up in the CVs of the researchers in the site descriptions. proposal.cls supports both of these. Support for the first is configured via the topdownPM key and for the other via the botupPM key. They add respective lines for planning in the WA/WP figure (see 2.6).

topdownPM botupPM

2.3 Proposal Appearance

EdN:1 compactht EdN:2 The proposal environment takes a second set of keyval arguments that allow to fine-tune the appearance of the proposal document.

If the correction level is given (it does not need a value), then the headen tables are made

• If the compactht key is given (it does not need a value), then the header tables² are made compact, i.e. the sites that do not have a contribution to the work package or work area do not get listed. This is useful for proposals with more than 8 partners.

emphbox

The proposal package supplies the emphbox environment to create boxes of emphasized material we want to call attention to.

2.4 The proposal Environment and Title Page

EdN:3

3

2.5 Objectives

objective

The work plan starts with a discussion of objectives, which may be referenced in the text later. The proposal package provides the objective environment that allows to mark up individual objectives. It takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for the objective title, and short for a short title that can be used for referencing when the title is too long. The objectives can be referenced via $OJBref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by their label and via $OJBtref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by label and (short if it was specified) title.

\OBJref \OBJtref

2.6 Work Areas and Work Packages

Grant proposals have another part that is often highly stylized; the work plan. This is usually structured into "work packages" — i.e. work items that address a cohesive aspect of the proposed work. These work packages are usually consecutively numbered, have a title, and an associated effort estimation. As work packages are the "atomic" planning units, they are usually heavily cross-referenced. A well-written proposal usually contains a table giving an overview over the work packages and their efforts and a Gantt chart showing the temporal distribution of the proposed work to allow the reviewers to get a clear picture of the feasibility of the research and development proposed. But this picture is also essential during the development of a proposal (which the proposal package aims to support), when the work packages (and their estimated efforts) usually change considerably. Therefore the proposal class standardizes markup for work packages and automatically computes the work package table (which can be inserted into the table via the \wpfig macro) and the Gantt Chart (see Section 2.12).

\wpfig workplan

To achieve the automation, work plan is marked up by the workplan environment, which sets up various internal counters and bookeeping macros. It contains texts and workpackage environments for the work packages.

workpackage

The purpose of the workpackage environment is to mark up a fragment of text as a work package description and specify the metadata so that it can be used in the work package table and Gantt chart generation. The metadata is specified by the following keys:

¹EDNOTE: move the RAM, wpsectionheadings,... options here.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{EdNote}$: describe them somewhere and reference here

 $^{^3{\}rm EdNote}$: add documentation

• The id key is used to specify a label for cross-referencing the work package or work area, it must be document-unique.

title short wphases

requires

id

- The title and short keys are used for the work package/group title. The short title is used in tables and should not be longer than 15 characters.
- The wphases key is used according to Section 2.8

• The requires key can be used to mark, up dependencies between tasks. If requires= $\text{taskin}\{\langle rid \rangle\}\{\langle wp \rangle\}$ is given in a task with $id=\langle t \rangle$, then task $\langle rid \rangle$ in work package $\langle wp \rangle$ must be completed for task $\langle t \rangle$ to become possible. This key will draw an arrow into the gantt chart from the end of task $\langle rid \rangle$ to $\langle t \rangle$. Note that dependencies should always point forward in time. Furthermore, note that the fact that dependencies always go from the end of the source to the beginning of the target work phase is intentional, if this does not meet your needs, then you should probably break a work phase into pieces that can be addressed separately.

RM RAM • In single-site proposals, the RM (and RAM if the RAM option was given) keys are used to specify the estimated efforts to be expended on research and development in this work package. Both are specified in person months. RM is used for "researcher months" (wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter) and RAM for "research assistant months" (wissenschaftliche Hilfskraft).

*RM *RAM • In multi-site proposals, the proposal package generates the keys \(\site \) RM (and \(\site \) RAM) where $\langle site \rangle$ is any site label declared via the site key in the top-level proposal environment. This can be used to specify the person months that the site spends on this work package (the value for work areas is automatically computed (remember to run LATEX twice for this)).

lead

- In multi-site proposals the lead key specifies the work package or work area lead, the value of this feature should be the short name of the respective partner.
- In multi-site proposals the number of sites can be written as \pdatacount{all}{site}.

swsites

• For work packages with many prospers the swsites key can be given (no value needed) to turn the site names sideways to conserve (horizontal) space.

workarea

It is often useful to group the work packages in a proposal further (especially for larger, collaborative proposals). This can be done via the workarea environment, which groups work packages. This environment takes the same keys as the workpackage environment, except for the efforts, which can be computed automatically from the work packages it groups.

As the author of the proposal class likes more structured proposals, using work areas is the default, but the proposal class can also be used with the noworkareas option for less structured (smaller) proposals.

2.7 Tasks

tasklist task In the work packages we can list tasks that need to be undertaken with the tasklist environment. The individual tasks are marked up with the task environment. This takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for a title, and the workphase keys wphases, start, end, and force (see Section 2.8). For planning involvement we can specify the overall person months via the PM key, the task lead via lead, and the partners involved via the partners key. Instead of just listing the partners, we can also specify the contributions of the partners with $RM\langle site \rangle$ and RAM(site) keys. Finally task dependencies can be specified via the requires key.

\taskref

Tasks can be referenced by the \taskref macro that takes two arguments: the work package identifier and the task identifier. As for work packages and work areas, there is a long reference variant with work package title: \tasktref. Finally, \localtaskref references a task in the local \tasktref \localtaskref work package by the identifier in its argument.

2.8 Work Phase Metadata

The task and workpackage allow the wphases key to specify the a list of work phases. The value of this key is comma-separated list of work phase specifications of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle$ or $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$, where $\langle start \rangle$ and $\langle end \rangle$ delimit the run time of the work phase and the optional ! $\langle force \rangle$ specifies the work force, i.e. the intensity of work as a number between 0 and 1. If no force is given, the default is 1. The main reason for specifying this metadata for tasks is to generate a Gantt chart (see Section 2.12).

2.9 Milestones and Deliverables

Many proposal formats foresee that project progress will be tracked in the form of milestones – points in the project, where a predefined state of affairs is reached – and deliverables – tangible project outcomes that have to be delivered. Correspondingly, milestones and deliverables have to be specified in the proposal and accounted for in the project reports. To facilitate this the proposal class and its instances provide a simple infrastructure for dealing with milestones and deliverables.

milestones

\milestone

Milestones are usually given in a special table¹, which we markup up with the milestones environment that takes care of initialization and numbering issues. This contains a list of milestone descriptions via the \milestone macro which is invoked as \milestone $[\langle keys \rangle]$ { $\langle title \rangle$ } { $\langle desc \rangle$ }, where $\langle keys \rangle$ supports the keys id for identification month for specifying the milestone date (in months of the project duration). Milestones are numbered with labels whose shape can \milestone@laber customized by redefining \milestone@label and referenced by the \mileref{\langle id\rangle} and $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title. $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title. ber of milestones.

wpdelivs wpdeliv

\mileref

\miletref

Deliverables are usually defined as part of the work package descriptions (see Section 2.6) and listed in an overview table in a separate of the proposal. As for the milestones, we use an environment wpdelivs that contains the deliverable descriptions. These are marked up via the environment which takes an optional keyval argument for the deliverable metadata a regular argument for the title and contains the description of the deliverable as the body. For the metadata we have the keys id for the deliverable identifier, due for the target date (a number that denotes the project month), nature and dissem for specifying the deliverable nature and dissemination status (usually as short strings prescribed by the proposal template), and miles for the milestone this deliverable is targeted for (specified by the milestone identifier). For repeating deliverables (e.g. project reports), both due and miles can contain comma-separated lists. The status key gives the status of the deliverable. If it has the value canceled, then the deliverable is grayed out and it is not mentioned in the deliverables table given by \inputdelivs below.

\deliv@label \delivref \delivtref

Deliverables are numbered by labels whose shape can be customized by number, where the shape of the label can be specified by redefining \deliv@label and referenced by \delivref $\{\langle up \rangle\}$ $\{\langle id \rangle\}$ where $\langle wp \rangle$ is the work package identifier and $\langle id \rangle$ that if the deliverable and $\langle delivtref\{\langle wp \rangle\}\{\langle id \rangle\}$ for a reference with title. \localdelivref can be used to reference deliverables in the same work \localdelivrefpackage. \pdatacount{\langle wp\}{delivs} gives the number of milestones of the work package $\langle wp \rangle$ \pdatacount{all}{delivs} that of all deliverables (aggregating over all work packages).

\inputdelivs

Some proposal templates ask for an overview table of the deliverables which aggregates the deliverables of the respective work packages and areas ordered by due date. This can be generated with the \inputdelivs macro. This works index generation in IATEX. The wpdeliv environment writes the deliverable data to a file $\langle main \rangle$. delivs, which can be processed externally (usually just sorting with sort in Unix is sufficient) into $\langle main \rangle$. deliverables, which is then input via the \inputdelivs macro. Finally, the issue key can be used to bind the deliverable to an issue identifier in a project management system.

wadelivs wadeliv

In some proposals, also work areas can have deliverables, then the above hold analogously for wpdelivs and wadeliv environments.

Note that handling deliverables adds considerable overhead to proposal formatting and adds auxiliary files, so they are only activated if the deliverables option is given (see Section 2.1).

¹this is the default provided by the base proposal class, it can be specialized for proposal class instances by redefining the Omilestones environment and correspondingly the milestone macro.

2.10 Project Data, Referencing, and Hyperlinking

The proposal package extends the hyperlinking provided by the hyperref package it includes to work packages, work areas, Whenever these are defined using the proposal infrastructure, the class saves the relevant information in the auxiliary file $\langle proposal \rangle$. aux. This information can be referenced via the \pdataref macro, which takes three arguments.

\pdataref

In a reference $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle aspect \rangle}$ the first argument $\langle type \rangle$ specifies the type of the object (currently one of wp, wa, and partner) to be referenced, $\langle id \rangle$ specifies the identifier of the referenced object (it matches the identifier given in the id key of the object), and $\langle aspect \rangle$ specifies the aspect of the saved information that is referenced.

\pdatarefFB

For a work package $\langle aspect \rangle$ can be number, (the work package number), label (the label **WP**n where n is the work package number for referencing), title (the work package title), lead the work package leader, short (a short version of the WP title for tables). For work areas we have the same aspects with analogous meanings. In all cases, the referenced information carries a hyperlink to the referenced object.

\pdataRef \pdataRefFB \pdatacount The \pdataRef and \pdataRefFB macros are variant of \pdataref and \pdataRef that also carry a hyperlink (if the hyperref package is loaded).

The \pdatacount macro gives access to the numbers of certain aspects. For instance, the number of work packages in the proposal can be cited by \pdatacount{all}{wp}, similarly for work areas (if they are enabled), and finally, \pdatacount{ $\langle wa \rangle$ }{wp} gives the number of work packages for a work area $\langle wa \rangle$. This is very useful for talking about work plans in a general way. Other objects that can be counted are deliverables (\pdatacount{all}{deliverables}) and milestones (\pdatacount{all}{milestones}).

Note that since the referenceable information is written into the project data file $\langle proposal \rangle$. pdata file, it is available for forward references. However, it will only become available when the project data file is read, so the proposal has to be formatted twice for references to be correct.

\WPref

Finally, the proposal package supplies specialized reference macros for work packages and areas. The \WPref macro takes a work package identifier as an argument and makes a reference: \WPref{\langle id\rangle} \abbreviates \pdataRef{\wp}{\langle id\rangle} \langle \text{label}. The \WPtref macro is similar, but also prints out the (short) title: \WPref{\langle id\rangle} \abbreviates \pdataRef{\wp}{\langle id\rangle} \langle \text{label}: \pdataRef{\wp}{\langle id\rangle} \text{title}.

\WAref \WAtref Unless the noworkareas macro is set, we also have the variants \WAref and \WAtref for work areas.

2.11 The Work Package Table

\wpfig

One of the most useful features of the proposal class is that we can generate an overview table for the distribution of workloads in the project fully automatically. All it takes is the \mbox{wpfig} macro. We invoke this as $\mbox{wpfig}[\langle opt \rangle]$, where $\langle opt \rangle$ contains the following keywords:

pages makes a column with page numbers of the respective work package/area description.

type makes a column with work package/area types

start, end, and length makes a columns with work package/area start/end months and length (in months).

if caption is given then the table contains an explicatory caption.

label allows to specify a label other than the default fig:wplist.

For instance \wpfig[pages,start,length,caption=Overview of Work Packages] gives a table with columns for page references, duration information, and a special caption.

\wpfigstyle

The general appearance of the table \wpfigstyle macro takes a token sequence to specialize the global appearance (mostly used for text sizes and color) of the work package table. Cell styling can be tweaked by redefining special internal macros; see section ??.

2.12**Gantt Charts**

Gantt charts are used in proposals to show the distribution of activities in work packages over time. A gantt chart is represented by the gantt environment that takes a on optional keyval argument. gantt The keys xscale and yscale are used to specify a scale factors for the chart so that it fits on the xscale page. The step key allows to specify the steps (in months) of the vertical auxiliary lines. Finally, vscale the draft key specifies that plausibility checks (that can be expensive to run) are carried out. step Note that the value does not have to be given, so \begin{gantt}{draft,yscale=.5,step=3} is draft a perfectly good invocation.

\ganttchart

Usually, the gantt environment is not used however, since it is part of the macro that takes the same keys. This generates a whole Gantt chart automatically from the work phase specifications in the work packages. As above we have to run LATEX two times for the work phases to show up.

2.13 Coherence

Many proposals require ways to show coherence between the partners. The proposal class of-\coherencematrfers the macro \coherencematrix for this which generates a matrix of symbols specifying joint publications, project organization, software/resource development, and supervision of students by the project partners that have been declared by the \jointpub, \jointproj, \jointorga \jointpub \jointsoft, and \jointsup macros before. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site \jointsub identifiers as an argument. Use for instance \jointproj{a,b,c} to specify that the sites with \jointorga \jointsoft the identifiers a, b and c have a joint project. \coherencetable is a variant which packages the coherence table in a table figure with label tab:collaboration. \jointsup

\coherencetable The symbols used an be configured by redefining \jpub, \jproj, and \jorga, \jsoft, and \jsup. \jpub

\jproj

\jorga

2.14

\jsoft

\jsup

The proposal class offers some basic support for localization. This is still partial though, and I am not sure that this is the best way of setting things up. What I do is to define macros for all generated texts that can be redefined in the proposal classes that build in proposal. For instance

the dfgproposal class [Kohlhase:pdrp:ctan] provides an option german for german-language proposals and project reports that triggers a redefinition of all of these macros at read time.

2.15**Project Management**

Localization

Much of the metadata that is explicitly represented in proposals written with the proposal class is very useful for project management. For instance, it is possible to use the metadata in the (main).pdata file to generate issues for all the tasks, work packages, and deliverables automatically. The LaTeX-proposal repository [LaTeX-proposal:git] contains an experimental script that automates that. After that, we can cross-reference them using the issue key to get extra mileage⁴

EdN:4

3 Limitations and Enhancements

The proposal is relatively early in its development, and many enhancements are conceivable. We will list them here.

1. macros cannot be used in work package and work area titles. They really mess up our \wpfig automation. The problem is that they are evaluated too early, and our trick with making them undefined while collecting the parts of the table-rows only works if we know which macros we may expect. We might specify all "allowable" macros in an optional key protectmacro, which is defined via

⁴EDNOTE: MK: how to use this?

- 2. It would be great, if in the Gantt Charts, we could include some plausibility checks (for draft = not submit mode). I can see two at the moment:
 - calculating the effort (i.e. the weight of the black area) and visualizing it. Then we could check whether that is larger than the effort declared for the work package.
 - calculating (and visualizing) the monthly effort. That should be kind of even (or it has to be explained in the positions requested).
- 3. we currently do not have a way to relate PIs to sites, but we do not really need to.

If you have other enhancements to propose or feel you can alleviate some limitation, please feel free to contact the author.

Acknowledgements

The author is indebted to Jake Hartenstein, Christoph Lange, Florian Rabe, Lutz Schröder, and Tsanko Tsankov for error reports, feature suggestions, and code snippets.

4 The Implementation

In this section we describe the implementation of the functionality of the proposal package.

4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization

We first set up the options for the package.

EdN:5

```
1 (*cls | reporting)
2 \newif\if@wpsubsection\@wpsubsectionfalse
3 \newif\ifsubmit\submitfalse
4 \newif\ifgrantagreement\grantagreementfalse
5 \newif\ifpublic\publicfalse
6 \newif\ifkeys\keysfalse
7 \newif\ifdelivs\delivsfalse
8 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
9 \newif\if@RAM\@RAMfalse
10 \newif\if@svninfo\@svninfofalse
11 \newif\if@gitinfo\@gitinfofalse
12 \newif\if@numericcites\@numericcitesfalse
13 \newif\if@longtasklabels\@longtasklabelsfalse
14 \def\proposal@class{article}
15 \DeclareOption{wpsubsection}{\@wpsubsectiontrue}
16 \DeclareOption{submit}{\submittrue}
17 \DeclareOption{grantagreement}{\grantagreementtrue}
18 \DeclareOption{gitinfo}{\@gitinfotrue}
19 \DeclareOption{numericcites}{\@numericcitestrue}
20 \DeclareOption{svninfo}{\@svninfotrue}
21 \DeclareOption{public}{\publictrue}
22 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{pdata}}
23 \DeclareOption{RAM}{\@RAMtrue}
24 \DeclareOption{report}{\def\proposal@class{report}}
25 \DeclareOption{keys}{\keystrue}
26 \DeclareOption{deliverables}{\delivstrue}
27 \DeclareOption{longtasklabels}{\@longtasklabelstrue}
28 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{\proposal@class}}
29 \ProcessOptions
30 \LoadClass[a4paper,twoside]{\proposal@class}
31 \RequirePackage{proposal}
32 (/cls | reporting)
   For proposal.sty we load the packages we make use of
34 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
35 \RequirePackage{wasysym}
36 \RequirePackage{url}
37 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
38 \RequirePackage{colortbl}
39 \RequirePackage[dvipsnames] {xcolor}
40 \RequirePackage{rotating}
41 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
42 \RequirePackage{array}
43 \RequirePackage{xspace}
44 \RequirePackage{comment}
45 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\fi}
46 \RequirePackage{tikz}
```

 $^{^5\}mathrm{EdNote}$: We should probably try to move all the grantagreement stuff into the euproposal class.

```
47 \RequirePackage{paralist}
48 \RequirePackage[a4paper,margin=18mm]{geometry}
49 \RequirePackage{boxedminipage}
50 \% so that ednotes in wps do not run out of symbols
51 \renewcommand{\thempfootnote}{\roman{mpfootnote}}
52 \RequirePackage[T1]{fontenc}
53 \RequirePackage[utf8]{inputenc}
54 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
55 \if@numericcites
58 \RequirePackage[style=alphabetic,hyperref=auto,defernumbers=true,giveninits=true,maxbibnames=9,maxcitenames=
60 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
61 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
in submit mode, we make the links a bit darker, so they print better.
62 \RequirePackage{pdata}
63 \definecolor{darkblue}{rgb}{0,0,.7}
64 \ifsubmit\def\prop@link@color{darkblue}\else\def\prop@link@color{blue}\fi
65 \RequirePackage[bookmarks=true,linkcolor=\prop@link@color,
66 citecolor=\prop@link@color,urlcolor=\prop@link@color,colorlinks=true,
67 breaklinks=true, bookmarksopen=true]{hyperref}
   the ed package [Kohlhase:ed:ctan] is very useful for collaborative writing and passing mes-
sages between collaborators or simply reminding yourself of editing tasks, so we preload it in the
class. However, we only want to show the information in draft mode. Furthermore, we adapt the
options for the svninfo and gitinfo2 packages.
68 \ifsubmit
69 \RequirePackage[hide,marginnote] {ed}
70 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[final,today]{svninfo}\fi
72 \RequirePackage[show,marginnote]{ed}
73 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[eso-foot,today]{svninfo}\fi
74 \if@gitinfo\RequirePackage[mark]{gitinfo2}\fi
76 \renewcommand\ednoteshape{\sl\footnotesize}
We configure the comment package, so that it provides the private environment depending on the
status of the public option.
77 \ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\else\includecomment{private}\fi
   And we set up the appearance of the proposal. We want numbered subsubsections.
78 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{3}
We specify the page headings.
79 \let\prop@gen@acronym\@empty
80 \newif\ifofpage\ofpagefalse
81 \ifgrantagreement
82 \fancyhead{}
83 \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{Opt}
84 \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0.4pt}
86 \fancyhead[RE,L0]{\ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else\prop@gen@acronym\fi}
87 \fancyhfoffset{0pt}
88 \fi
89 \fancyfoot[C]{}
90 \newcommand\prop@of@pages[2]{page~#1\ifofpage~of~#2\fi}
```

private

91 \ifgrantagreement

```
92 \fancyfoot[L]{\prop@gen@proposalnumber%
93 \ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else\quad \prop@gen@acronym\fi\quad --\quad Part B}
94 \fancyfoot[R]{\thepage}
95 \else
96 \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\prop@of@pages\thepage{\pdataref@num{prop}{page}{last}}}
97 \fi
98 \pagestyle{fancyplain}
99 \( /\sty \)
```

4.2 Proposal Metadata

Most of the metadata functionality is encapsulated into the pdata package, which is shared by the proposal and report classes. pdata.sty first loads the workaddress package from sTeX and supplies the Euro symbol.

```
100 (*pdata)
101 \RequirePackage{workaddress}[2016/07/06]
102 \RequirePackage{eurosym}
```

103 \newif\if@sites\@sitesfalse\let\prop@gen@sites=\relax%

We define the keys for metadata declarations in the proposal environment, they park their argument in an internal macro for use in the title page. The site key is the most complicated, so we take care of it first: We need a switch \if@sites that is set to true when the site key is used. Furthermore $site=\langle site \rangle$ makes new keys $\langle site \rangle$ RM and $\langle site \rangle$ RAM (if the RAM option was set) for the workpackage environment and records the sites in the \prop@gen@sites token register.

```
104 \newcounter{@site}%
105 \define@key{prop@gen}{site}{\@sitestrue\@dmp{site=#1}%
106 \stepcounter{@site}\pdata@def{site}{#1}{number}{\the@site}%
107 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}}\
108 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1RM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRM}{##1}}%
109 \if@RAM\define@key{prop@gen}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRAM}{##1}}\fi
110 \end{area} $$110 \end{area} {\#1RM}_{\pdata@def\wp@id{\#1}_{RM}_{\#1}}% $$
111 \if@RAM\define@key{workpackage}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def\wp@id{#1}{RAM}{##1}}\fi
112 \define@key{task}{\#1RM}_{\pdata@def{\wp@id @\task@id}_{\#1}_{RM}_{\#1}}%
113 \if@RAM\define@key{task}{\#1RAM}{\pdata@def{\wp@id @\task@id}{\#1}{RAM}{\#1}\fi
114 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1employed}{{\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\wa@ref\relax%
115 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@employed@lines}%
116 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline\hline}}%
117 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines {\prop@gen@employed@lines \wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnev
If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research
(assistant months). Unfortunately, we cannot just include this in the \if@sites conditional here,
since that is only set at runtime.
118 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$118$ $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$118$ }$ \ensuremath{\mbox{$18$ }$}}}} RM} {RM=\#1} \ensuremath{\mbox{$118$ }$} if @sites \% }
119 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RM key in the presence of sites}\else%
120 \def{all}{intended}{RM}{\#1}\fi
122 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RAM key in the presence of sites}\else%
123 \def{all}{intended}{RAM}{\#1}\fi
similarly, the PI keys are registered in \prop@gen@PIs.
124 \define@key{prop@gen}{PI}{\@dmp{PI=#1}%
125 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{\prop@gen@PIs,#1}}}
and the pubspage keys in \prop@gen@pubspages.
126 \define@key{prop@gen}{pubspage}{\@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}%
127 {\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages(\prop@gen@pubspages,#1}}}
the importfrom key reads the proposal data from its argument.
128 \define@key{prop@gen}{importfrom}{\message{importing proposal data from #1.pdata}\readpdata{#1}}
```

```
129 \define@key{prop@gen}{instrument}{\def\prop@gen@instrument{#1}%
                130 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{instrument}{#1}\@dmp{inst=#1}}
                131 \define@key{prop@gen}{title}{\def\prop@gen@title{#1}%
                132 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{title}{#1}}
                133 \define@key{prop@gen}{acronym}{\gdef\prop@gen@acronym{#1}%
                134 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acronym}{#1}\@dmp{acro=#1}}
                135 \define@key{prop@gen}{acrolong}{\def\prop@gen@acrolong{#1}%
                136 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acrolong}{#1}}
                137 \define@key{prop@gen}{proposalnumber}{\def\prop@gen@proposalnumber{#1}%
                138 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{proposalnumber}{#1}}
                140 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{discipline}{#1}}
                141 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$1$}}} areas} {\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$1$}}}} areas {\ensuremath{\mbox{$1$}}} % areas {\ensuremath{\mbox{$1$}}}} % areas {\ensuremath{\mbox{$1$}}
                142 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{areas}{#1}}
                143 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{start}{\def\prop@gen@start{\#1}\%}}
                144 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{start}{#1}}
                145 \define@key{prop@gen}{months}{\def\prop@gen@months{#1}%
                146 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{months}{#1}}
                147 \define@key{prop@gen}{since}{\def\prop@gen@since{#1}%
                148 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{since}{#1}}
                149 \define@key{prop@gen}{totalduration}{\def\prop@gen@totalduration{#1}%
                150 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{totalduration}{#1}}
                151 \define@key{prop@gen}{fundsuntil}{\def\prop@gen@fundsuntil{#1}%
                152 \end{fundsuntil} \{\#1\} \}
                153 \define@key{prop@gen}{topdownPM}[true] {\def\prop@gen@topdownPM{#1}}
                154 \define@key{prop@gen}{botupPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@botupPM{#1}}
                155 \define@key{prop@gen}{keywords}{\def\prop@gen@keywords{#1}}
                  and the default values, these will be used, if the author does not specify something better.
                156 \newcommand\prop@gen@acro@default{ACRONYM}
                157 \def\prop@gen@acro{\prop@gen@acro@default}
                158 \newcommand\prop@gen@months@default{???months???}
                159 \ \ def\ \ prop@gen@months {prop@gen@months@default}
                160 \newcommand\prop@gen@title@default{???Proposal Title???}
                161 \def\prop@gen@title{\prop@gen@title@default}
                162 \newcommand\prop@gen@instrument@default{??? Instrument ???}
                163 \def\prop@gen@instrument{\prop@gen@instrument@default}
\prop@tl An auxiliary macro that is handy for making tables of WorkAddress data.
                164 \newcommand\prop@tl[2]{\xdef\tab@line{}
                165 \@for\tl@ext:={#1}\do{\xdef\tab@line{\tab@line&#2}}
                166 \tab@line}
                              Proposal Appearance
                  4.3
                  We define the keys for the proposal appearance
                167 \def\prop@gen@compactht{false}
                168 \define@key{prop@gen}{compactht}[true]{\def\prop@gen@compactht{#1}}
                169 (/pdata)
 emphbox
                171 \newmdenv[settings=\large]{emphbox}
```

The rest of the keys just store their value.

4.4 The proposal Environment and Title Page

prop@proposal

This internal environment is called in the proposal environment from the proposal class. The implementation here is only a stub to be substituted in a specialized class.

```
172 \newenvironment{prop@proposal}
173 {\thispagestyle{empty}%
174 \begin{center}
     {\LARGE \prop@gen@instrument}\\[.2cm]
175
     {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
176
     \ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else{\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]\fi
177
178
     {\large\today}\\[1em]
     \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
179
       \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
180
       \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{institution}{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
181
182 \end{tabular}\ [2cm]
183 \end{center}
184 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
Now we come to the end of the environment:
185 {\section{List of Attachments}
186 \begin{itemize}
187 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
188 \item Curriculum Vitae and list of publications for
     \wa@ref3{person}\@I{personaltitle} \wa@ref3{person}\@I{name}}
190 \end{itemize}\newpage
191 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]}
```

212 (/sty)

proposal The proposal environment reads the metadata keys defined above, and if there were no site keys, then it defines keys RM and RAM (if the RAM package option was given) for the workpackage environment. Also it reads the project data file and opens up the project data file \pdata@out, which it also closes at the end.

The environment calls an internal version of the environment prop@proposal that can be customized by the specializing classes.

```
192 \newenvironment{proposal}[1][]{\readpdata\jobname
193 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}
194 \pdata@open\jobname
195 \if@sites\else
196 \end{figure} $$196 \end{figure} \end{figure} \end{figure} $$196 \end{figure} \end{figure} $$196 \end{f
197 \if@RAM\define@key{workpackage}{RAM}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RAM}{##1}\@dmp{RAM=##1}}\fi
198 \define@key{task}{RM}{\pdata@def{task}{\wp@id @\task@id}{RM}{##1}\@dmp{RM=##1}}
199 \ f@RAM\ fine@key{task}{RAM}{\ pdata@def\{wp}{\ wp@id @\ task@id}{RAM}{\##1}\ dmp{RAM=\##1}\ fine@key{task}{RAM}{\#m}{\ pdata@def\{wp}{\ pdata@def\{wp\}{\ pdat
200 \fi
201 \newcounter{@PIs}
202 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}
203 \newcounter{@sites}
204 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}
205 \pdata@def{all}{site}{ids}{\prop@gen@sites}%
206 \pdata@def{all}{site}{count}{\the@site}}
207 \setcounter{page}{0}
208 \begin{prop@proposal}}
   Now we come to the end of the environment, we take care of the last page and print the references.
209 {\end{prop@proposal}
210 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse%
211 \pdata@close}
```

The report environment is similar, but somewhat simpler

```
report
                                        213 (*reporting)
                                        214 \newif\ig@report\end{Coreport}
                                        215 \newenvironment{report}[1][]%
                                        216 {\@reporttrue\readpdata\jobname%
                                        217 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}%
                                        218 \pdata@open\jobname%
                                        219 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\newcounter{@PIs}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}%
                                        220 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\newcounter{@sites}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}%
                                        221 \setcounter{page}{0}%
                                        222 \begin{prop@report}}
                                        223 {\end{prop@report}%
                                        224 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse\newpage
                                        225 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]
                                        226 \pdata@close}
           prop@report
                                        227 \newenvironment{prop@report}
                                        228 {\begin{center}
                                        229
                                                   {\LARGE Final Project Report}\\[.2cm]
                                        230
                                                   {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
                                        231
                                                   \ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else{\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]\fi
                                                    {\large\today}\\[1em]
                                        232
                                                    \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                                        233
                                                         \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                                        234
                                        235
                                                         \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{institution}{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                                        236 \end{tabular}\[2cm]
                                        237 \end{center}
                                        238 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
                                        239 {}
                                        240 \langle / reporting \rangle
                       \site*
                                        241 (*sty)
                                        242 \newcommand\site[1] {\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\textbf{\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{acronym}}}}
                                        243 \newcommand\sitename[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\textbf{\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{name}}}}
                                          4.5
                                                         Objectives
                                          We first define a presentation macro for objectives
\objective@label
                                        244 \newcommand\objective@label[1]{0#1}
                                          We define the keys for the objectives environment
                                        245 \define@key{obj}{id}{\def \obj@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                        246 \define@key{obj}{title}{\def\obj@title{#1}}
                                        247 \end{array} {\bf 0bj}{\bf 0b
                                          And a counter for numbering objectives
                                        248 \newcounter{objective}
                objective
                                        249 \newenvironment{objective}[1][]
                                        250 {\let\obj@id\relax\let\obj@title\relax\let\obj@short\relax%
                                        251 \setkeys{obj}{#1}\stepcounter{objective}%
                                        252 \goodbreak\smallskip\par\noindent%
                                        253 \textbf{\objective@label{\arabic{objective}}:%
```

```
254 ~\pdata@target{obj}{\obj@id}{\pdataref{obj}}\obj@id}{\title}}\ignorespaces}%
                                                         255 \pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{label}{\objective@label\theobjective}%
                                                         256 \end{obj} title}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{title}\obj@title}%
                                                         257 \@ifundefined{obj@short}{}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{short}\obj@short}}
                          \OBJref
                                                         259 \newcommand\OBJref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}}
                                                         260 \newcommand\OBJtref[1]{\OBJref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{obj}{#1}{short}{title}}
                                                                                    Work Areas and Work Packages
                                                            We first define keys for work areas (if we are in larger project).
                                                         261 \ifwork@areas
                                                         262 \define@key{workarea}{id}{\def\wa@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                                         263 \define@key{workarea}{title}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{title}{#1}}
                                                         264 \define@key{workarea}{short}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{short}{#1}}
                                                         265 \end{fine} \end{
                                                         266 \fi
                                                            work packages have similar ones.
                                                         267 \end{fine} \end{
                                                         268 \define@key{workpackage}{title}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{title}{#1}}
                                                         269 \define@key{workpackage}{short}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{short}{#1}}
                                                         270 \define@key\{workpackage\}\{lead\}\{\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{lead\}\{#1\}\def\wp@lead\{#1\}\def\#1\}\}\}
                                                         271 \define@key{workpackage}{type}{\def\wp@type{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}{#1}}
                                                         272 \define@key{workpackage}{status}{\def\wp@status{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{status}{#1}}
                                                         273 \define@key{workpackage}{\wphases}{\def\wp@wphases{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{wphases}{#1}}
                                                         274 \define@key{workpackage}{swsites}[true]{\def\wp@swsites{#1}}
                                                            We define the constructors for the work package and work area labels and titles.
                                                         275 \newcommand\wp@mk@title[1]{Work Package {#1}}
                                                         276 \mbox{newcommand}\mbox{wp@label[1]{WP{#1}}}
                                                         277 \ifwork@areas
                                                         278 \newcommand\wa@label[1]{WA{#1}}
                                                         279 \newcommand\wa@mk@title[1]{Work Area {#1}}
                                                         280 \fi
                                                           The wa and wp counters are for the work packages and work areas, the counter deliv for deliver-
                                                         281 \ifwork@areas\newcounter{wa}\newcounter{wp}[wa]\else\newcounter{wp}\fi
                                                         282 \ifdelivs\newcounter{deliv}[wp]\fi
                                                         283 \newcounter{allwp}
                  \update@*
                                                          update the list \@wps of the work packages in the local group and the list \@was work areas for
                                                            the staff efforts table: if \@wps is undefined, then initialize the comma-separated list, otherwise
                                                            extend it.6
       EdN:6
                                                         284 \end{Qwps} {\end{Qwps}} {
                                                         285 \end{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\u
                                                         286 \end{task@deps} {\xdef\task@deps{\#1}} {\xdef\task@deps{\task@deps{\task@deps}}} } \label{task@deps} $$
                                                         \decode@wphase
                                                           \wphase@start, \wphase@end, and \wphase@force with the three parts and also computes
                                                            \wphase@len. The intermediate parsing macro \decode@p@start parses out the start (a number),
```

and passes on to \decode@p@end, which parses out the end (another number) and the force string,

 $^{^6{\}rm EDNOTE}$: with the current architecture, we cannot have work areas that do not contain work packages, this leads to the error that wps is undefined in endworkplan

which is either empty (if the ! $\langle force \rangle$ part is omitted) or of the form ! $\langle force \rangle$. In the first case the default value 1 is returned for \decode@force in the second \(\frac{force}{\).

```
288 \newcommand\decode@wphase[1] {\expandafter\decode@p@start#10%
```

- 289 \local@count\wphase@end\advance\local@count by -\wphase@start%
- 290 \def\wphase@len{\the\local@count}}
- 291 \def\decode@p@start#1-#20{\def\wphase@start{#1}\decode@p@end#2!0}
- 292 \def\decode@p@end#1!#20{\def\wphase@end{#1}\def\@test{#2}%
- 293 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\wphase@force{1}\else\decode@p@force#2\fi}
- 294 \def\decode@p@force#1!{\def\wphase@force{#1}}

\startend@wphases

We first iteratively decode the work phases, so that the last definition of \wphaseQend remains, then we parse out the start of the first workphase to define \wphase@start

```
295 \def\wphases@start#1-#2@{\def\wphase@start{#1}}
```

- 296 \newcommand\startend@wphases[1] ${\def\def\def\#1}$
- $297 \ \texttt{\colored} \ \texttt{\color$
- 298 \@for\@I:=#1\do{\expandafter\decode@p@start\@I @}
- 299 \expandafter\wphases@start#1@\fi}

with these it is now relatively simple to define the interface macros.

work@package

The workpackage environment collects the keywords, steps the counters, writes the metadata to the aux file, updates the work packages in the local group, generates the work package number \wp@num.

- 300 \newcounter{wp@RM}
- 301 \if@RAM\newcounter{wp@RAM}\fi
- 302 \newenvironment{work@package}[1][]%
- 303 {\def\wp@wphases{0-0}% default values
- 304 \def\wp@swsites{false}
- 305 \setkeys{workpackage}{#1}\stepcounter{wp}\stepcounter{allwp}%
- 306 \pdata@target{wp}{\wp@id}{}%
- 307 \startend@wphases\wp@wphases%
- 308 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{start}\wphase@start\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{end}\wphase@end%
- 309 \@ifundefined{wp@type}{}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}\wp@type}%
- 310 \let\@tasks=\relax%
- 311 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%
- 312 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{label}{\wp@label\wp@num}%
- 313 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{number}{\thewp}%
- $314 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{page}{\thepage}%$
- 315 \update@wps\wp@id%
- 317 \pdata@def{wp}{\wp@id}{num}{\thewp}%

If we have sites, we have to compute the total RM and RAM for this WP.

- 318 \if@sites%
- 319 \setcounter{wp@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wp@RAM}{0}\fi%
- 320 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
- 321 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RM}}\addtocounter{wp@RM}{\@RM}%
- 322 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RAM}}\addtocounter{wp@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
- 323 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RM}{\thewp@RM}%
- 325 \fi% if@sites
- 326 \ifx\wp@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi}

workpackage With this, it becomes simple to define a work package environment. We consider two cases, if we have sites, then we make a header table. If not, we can make things much simpler: we just generate a subsection

328 \newenvironment{workpackage}[1][]%

```
330 \ifgrantagreement\else%
                  331 %\if@wpsubsection\subsubsection*{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}\fi
                  332 \if@sites\goodbreak\medskip\wpheadertable%
                  333 \else\subsubsection*{{\wptitle} (\wprm)}\fi%
                  335 \noindent\ignorespaces%
                  337 \ifx\wp@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi}
                  338 {\end{work@package}}
     EdN_{\overline{\textbf{v}}}ptitle
                  339 \newcommand\wptitle{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}
     EdN:8 \wprm
                  340 \newcommand\wprm{\pdataref@safe{wp}\wp@id{RM}\if@RAM\ RM+\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RAM} RAM\fi}
                   Called as if@site@contributes{\langle site \rangle}{\langle tokens \rangle} the following happens: If prop@gen@compactht
@site@contributes
                   is \@true (set by the compactht attribute on the proposal environment), then \langle tokens \rangle is pro-
                   cessed. Otherwise, \langle tokens \rangle is only processed if \langle site \rangle contributes to the current work package (i.e.
                   the RM \neq 0 and RAM \neq 0)
                  341 \newcount\site@contribution%
                  342 \newcommand\if@site@contributes[2]{%
                  343 \ifx\prop@gen@compactht\@true
                  344 \if@RAM\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 \ifnum \pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RAM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                  345 \else\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                  346 \leq #2 \leq 
     \wp@sites@line
                      The following macro computes the sites line (in the token register \wp@sites@line), the efforts
     \wp@efforts@lihae (in \wp@efforts@line), and the sites number (in the counter \sites@num) for later inclusion
     \wp@sites@num in the \wpheadertable. If \prop@gen@compactht is \@true, then no sites without contributions
                   are listed in the table.
                  347 \newcounter{wp@sites@num}
                  348 \newcommand\wp@sites@efforts@lines{%
                  349 \setcounter{wp@sites@num}{0}
                  350 {\let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\@sw\relax%
                  351 \let\site\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\sum@style\relax\let\lead@style\relax%
                  352 \let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                  353 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@legend@site}\xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@legend@effort}%initialize lines
                  354 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\if@site@contributes\@site{\stepcounter{wp@sites@num}}%
                  355 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line%
                  356 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                  357 \ifx\wp@swsites\@true%
                  358 \@sw{\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi}%
                  359 \else\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi%
                  360 \fi}}%
                  361 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line%
                  362 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                  363 \ifx\@site\wp@lead%
                  364 \lead@style{\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi}
                  365 \else\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi\fi}}%
                  367 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line\&\sum@style{\wp@legend@all}}\%
                  368 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line&
                  369 \sum@style{\textbf{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RAM}\fi}}}}
                      <sup>7</sup>EDNOTE: document above
```

329 {\begin{work@package}[#1]%

⁸EdNote: document above

```
This macro computes the default work package header table, if there are sites.
\wpheadertable
                                            370 \newcommand\wpheadertable{%
                                            371 \wp@sites@efforts@lines%
                                            372 \par\noindent\begin{tabular}{||||||*{\thewp@sites@num}{c|}|c|}\hline%
                                            373 \textbf{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}}&\wp@sites@line\\hline%
                                            374 \textsf{\pdata@target{wp}{\wp@id}{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}} &\wp@efforts@line\\hline%
                                            375 \end{tabular}\smallskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces}
                                               and now multilinguality support
                                            376 \newcommand\wp@legend@site{Site}
                                            377 \newcommand\wp@legend@effort{Effort\if@RAM{ (RM+RAM)}\fi}
                                            378 \newcommand\wp@legend@all{\textbf{all}}
                 workarea the workarea environment for work areas is almost the same, but we also have to initialize the
                                               work package counters. Also, the efforts can be computed from the work packages in this group
                                               via the wa@effort counter
                                            379 \newcounter{prop@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{prop@RAM}\fi
                                            380 \ifwork@areas
                                            381 \newcounter{wa@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{wa@RAM}\fi\newcounter{wa@wps}
                                            382 \newenvironment{workarea}[1][]
                                            383 {\setkeys{workarea}{#1}
                                            384 \let\@wps=\relax
                                            385 \stepcounter{wa}
                                            386 \d {wa@id}{label}{wa@label\thewa}
                                            387 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{number}{\thewa}
                                            388 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{page}{\thepage}
                                            389 \update@was{\wa@id}
                                            390 \del{wa}{\wa@id}{\num}{\thewa}
                                            391 \setcounter{wa@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wa@RAM}{0}\fi\setcounter{wa@wps}{0}
                                            392 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@aux\wa@id{wp}{ids}}
                                            393 \@for\@wp:=\@@wps\do{\stepcounter{wa@wps}%
                                            394 \if@sites
                                            395 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                           \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RM}}}
                                            396
                                                            \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RAM}}\fi
                                            397
                                                           \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                                            398
                                                           \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                                            399
                                            400 \else
                                            401 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RM}}
                                            402 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RAM}}\fi
                                            403 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                                            404 \ \texttt{GRAM} 
                                            405 \fi}
                                            406 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RM}\thewa@RM
                                            407 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RM}\theprop@RM
                                             408 \if@RAM
                                            409 \def{wa}\wa@id{RAM}\thewa@RAM
                                            410 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RAM}\theprop@RAM
                                            413 \addcontentsline{toc}{subsubsection}{{\wa@mk@title\thewa}: \pdataref{wa}\wa@id{title}}}
                                            414 \ignorespaces}
                                            415 {\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colored{cwps}}{\colore
                                            The workplan environment sets up the accumulator macros \@wps, \@was, for the collecting the
                                               identifiers of work packages and work areas. At the end of the workplan description it writes out
```

20

their content to the aux file for reference.

416 \ifdelivs\newwrite\wpg@delivs\fi

```
418 {\ifdelivs\immediate\openout\wpg@delivs=\jobname.delivs\fi
                                                                                                                                                      420 {\tt defined{task@deps}{}{\tt def{all}{task}{deps}{\tt task@deps}}} \\
                                                                                                                                                      421 \pdata@def{all}{task}{count}{\thealltasks}
                                                                                                                                                      422 \ifwork@areas
                                                                                                                                                      423 \end{2} all}{wa}{ids}\end{2} all}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}{wa}{ids}
                                                                                                                                                      425 \end{conv} {\pdata@def{all}{wp}{ids}\end{conv} } \label{conv} $$ \end{conv} $$ \
                                                                                                                                                      426 \fi
                                                                                                                                                      427 \end{figure} \end{figure} \label{figure} \end{figure} \end{figur
                                                                                                                                                      428 \@for\@I:=\mile@stones\do{%
                                                                                                                                                                                                \message{milestone: \@I, delivs: \csname\@I delivs\endcsname}
                                                                                                                                                                                                  \pdata@def{mile}\@I{delivs}{\@ifundefined{\@I delivs}{}{\csname\@I delivs\endcsname}}}\fi
                                                                                                                                                      431 \ifwork@areas\pdata@def{all}{wa}{count}{\thewa}\fi
                                                                                                                                                      432 \def{all}{wp}{count}{\theallwp}
                                                                                                                                                      433 \ifdelivs
                                                                                                                                                      434 \pdata@def{all}{deliverables}{count}{\thedeliverable}
                                                                                                                                                      435 \pdata@def{all}{milestones}{count}{\themilestone}
                                                                                                                                                      436 \fi
                                                                                                                                                      437 \ifdelivs\closeout\wpg@delivs\fi}
                                                                                                                                                              4.7
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Tasks
                                                                          tasklist
                                                                                                                                                      438 \newenvironment{tasklist}
                                                                                                                                                      439 {\smallskip\begin{compactenum}}{\end{compactenum}\smallskip}
                                                                                                                                                                                        The next step is to define task labels
                                                                                                                                                      440 \newcommand\task@@label[1] \{\text{T#1}\}
                                                                                                                                                      441 \ifwork@areas
                                                                                                                                                      442 \newcommand\task@label[3] {\task@@label{#1.#2.#3}}
                                                                                                                                                      443 \else
                                                                                                                                                      444 \newcommand\task@label[2]{\task@@label{#1.#2}}
                                                                                                                                                      445 \fi
                                                                                                                                                              We define the keys for the task macro
                                                                                                                                                      446 \efine@key{task}{id}{\def\task@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                                                                                                                                      447 \end{area} {\bf 447 \end{a
                                                                                                                                                      448 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                                                                                                      449 \define@key{task}{title}{\def\task@title{#1}}
                                                                                                                                                      450 \end{task} {lead} {\def \task@lead{#1}}
                                                                                                                                                      451 \define@key{task}{partners}{\def\task@partners{#1}}
                                                                                                                                                      452 \ensuremath{ \ensuremath{
                                                                                                                                                      453 \ensuremath{\def \ensuremath{\amb}\amb}\amb}\ensuremath{\def \ensuremath{\def \ensuremath{\def \ensuremath{\def \ensuremath{\def \ensuremath{\amb}\amb}\amb}\amb}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensu
                                                                                                                                                      454 \define@key{task}{status}{\def\task@status{#1}}
                                                                                                                                                      455 \def\@@status@canceled{canceled}
                                                                                                                                                      456 \newif\if@taskshowwps\@taskshowwpsfalse
                                                                                                                                                      457 \det \text{sk@set#1{\edef}}
                                                                                                                                                      458 \ef \ask@phases {0-0} \def \ask@partners{} \def \ask@lead{} \def \task@PM{} \def \task@title{} \ef \ask@partners{} \def \ask@part
                                                                                                                                                      459 \text{setkeys}{task}{\#1}}
OpostOtitleOspace make the space after the title tweakable
                                                                                                                                                      460 \def\task@post@title@space{\;}
                                                                                                          task The task environment. We first set up config stuff
                                                                                                                                                      461 \newcounter{alltasks}
                                                                                                                                                        462 \if@taskshowwps\else\def\task@post@title@space{}\fi
```

417 \newenvironment{workplan}%

```
463 \newcommand\task@legend@partners{Sites: }
464 \newcommand\task@legend@PM{PM}
   now comes the environment proper. We first call \Otask on the keyval argument to do the
   metadata handling. Then we start formatting the task as an item in the description list from
   the tasklist environment, and print the title if there is one
465 \newenvironment{task}[1][]%
466 {\stepcounter{alltasks}%
467 \@task{#1}%
468 \ifx\task@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi
469 \item[\pdata@target{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}%
470 {\if@longtasklabels%
471 \ifwork@areas\task@label\thewa\thewp\thetask@wp\else\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp\fi%
472 \else\task@@label\thetask@wp\fi}]%
473 \textbf\task@title\task@post@title@space%
  now we decode and show the work phases on the task, if they have been specified.
474 \if@taskshowwps
475 \def\0initial{0-0}%
476 \ifx\task@wphases\@initial\else%
477 \let\@@sep=\relax\@for\@I:=\task@wphases%
478 \do{\decode@wphase\@I%
479 \verb|\colored| wphase \verb|\colored| whase \verb|\colored| white \verb|\colored| with the property of 
480 \let\@@sep=\sep@wphases}%
481 \fi% initial
482 \fi% \if@taskshowwps
  in non-submit mode we give the specified PM for cross-checking
and we list the partners who contribute if they are specified.
484 \if@sites%
485 \ifx\task@title\@empty\else;\ \fi% deal with spaces and separator
486 \ \texttt{ifx} \ \texttt{(legend@lead)\%} \ \texttt{(legend
487 \ensuremath{\mbox{Qfor\@I:=\task\@partners\do{, \site\@I}\\%}
488 \fi% if@sites
 if there are no partners, then we show the RM/RAM contributions specified (if any)
489 \ifx\task@partners\@empty
490 \xdef\@@involvement{}\xdef\@@inv{}%
491 \xdef\@@sep{}, }\def\m@sep{}% do not show the sep the first time around
492 \edef\@@sites{\prop@gen@sites}%
493 {\let\site\relax% to render it insert here
494 \@for\@site:=\@@sites\do{%
495 \edef\@QRM{\pdataref@safe{\wp@id @\task@id}\@site{RM}}%
496 \ifx\@@RM\@empty\else\xdef\@@inv{showit}%
497 \xdef\@@involvement{\@@involvement% and
498 \m@sep\site{\@site}: \@@RM\if@RAM\ifx\@@RAM\@empty\else/\@@RM\fi\fi}
499 \left( \frac{99}{m@sep=0@sep\%} \right) but the second time show it.
500 \fi}}% \@@RM empty
501 \ifx\@@inv\@empty\else(RM{\if@RAM/RAM\fi} distribution: \@@involvement)\strut\\fi
502 \fi% no partners key
  finally, we ignore any spaces that may follow the task environment
504 \ignorespaces}
505 {\smallskip}
  now the multilingual support and presentation configuration
506 \newcommand\month@label[1]{M#1}
507 \mbox{\em command\show@wphase} [3] {\edef\@test{#3}\def\@one{1}}% \mbox{\em command\show@wphase} [3] {\edef\cone{1}}% \mbox{\em command\show@wphase} [3] {\edef\cone{1}}
```

```
508 \mbox{ }\mbox{month@label{#1}-\mbox{month@label{#2}}% }
            509 \ifx\@test\@empty\else\ifx\@test\@one\else @#3\fi\fi}
            510 \newcommand\sep@wphases{; }
            511 \newcommand\legend@partners{Partners}
            512 \newcommand\legend@lead{lead}
            513 \newcommand\task@label@long{Task}
     \@task The \@task macro is a internal macro which takes a bunch of keyword keys and writes their values
            to the aux file.
            514 \newcounter{task@all}\newcounter{task@wp}[wp]
            515 \newcount\task@@end
            516 \def\@task#1{\stepcounter{task@all}\stepcounter{task@wp}%
            517 \task@set{#1}%
            519 \data@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{lead}{\task@lead}
            520 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{partners}{\task@partners}
            521 \ \end{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{PM}{\task@PM}
            522 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{wphases}{\task@wphases}
            523 \@ifundefined{task@issue}{}
            524 {\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{issue}}\%
            525 \ifwork@areas
            526 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{label}{\task@label\thewa\thewp\thetask@wp}{},
            527 \ensuremath{\setminus} else
            528 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{label}{\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp}%
            529 \fi
            530 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{locallabel}{\task@@label\thetask@wp}%
            531 \q data@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{number}{\thetask@wp}\%
            533 \update@tasks{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}}
             4.8
                   Work Phase Metadata
 \workphase
            534 \newcommand\workphase[1]{\PackageError{proposal}
                 {The \protect\workphase macro is deprecated, \MessageBreak
            536
                   use the attributes wphase on the workpackage environment instead!}}
 \*task*ref
            537 \newcommand\taskin[2]{#20#1}
            538 \newcommand\taskref[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#10#2}{label}}
            539 \newcommand\tasktref[2]{\taskref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{task}{#1@#2}{short}{title}}
            540 \newcommand\localtaskref[1]{\pdataRef{task}{\wp@id @#1}{locallabel}}
            541 \newcommand\localtasktref[2]{\localtaskref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{task}{\wp@id @#1}{short}{title}}
            now we initialize experimental infrastructure for task dependencies (not very well used/tested)
            542 \newcounter{gantt@deps}
            543 \def\@requires#1#2{\stepcounter{gantt@deps}%
            544 \edef\dep@id{taskdep\thegantt@deps}%
            545 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{from}{\taskin{#1}\wp@id}%
            546 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{to}{#2}%
            547 \update@deps\dep@id}
                   Milestones and Deliverables
            4.9
deliv@error this macro raises an error if deliverable commands are used without the deliverables option
            being set.
            548 \newcommand\deliv@error{\PackageError{proposal}
            549 (To use use deliverables, you have to specify the option 'deliverables')}
```

```
wpdelivs
             550 \newenvironment{wpdelivs}{\begin{wp@delivs}}{\end{wp@delivs}}
  wp@delivs
             551 \newenvironment{wp@delivs}
             552 {\ifdelivs\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]%
             553 \begin{compactdesc}\else\deliv@error\fi}
             554 {\ifdelivs\end{compactdesc}\fi}
              and now multilinguality support
             555 \newcommand\deliv@legend@delivs{Deliverables}
   \wadelivs
             556 \newenvironment{wadelivs}
             557 {\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]\begin{wp@delivs}}
             558 {\end{wp@delivs}}
        \lec This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
              one if there is not enough space.
             559 \newcommand\lec[1]{\strut\hfil\strut\null\nobreak\hfill\hbox{$\leadsto$#1}\par}
\deliv@label
             560 \newcommand\deliv@label[1]{D{#1}}
\*deliv*ref
             561 \newcommand\delivref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#10#2}{label}}
             562 \mbox{ localdelivref[1]{\delivref{\wp@id}{#1}}}
             563 \newcommand\delivtref[2]{\delivref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{deliv}{#10#2}{short}{title}}
             564 \mbox{\command\localdelivtref[1]{\delivtref{\wp@id}{#1}}}
 \wpg@deliv We first define the keys
             565 \define@key{deliv}{id}{\def\deliv@id{\#1}}
             566 \define@key{deliv}{due}{\def\deliv@due{#1}}
             567 \define@key{deliv}{dissem}{\def\deliv@dissem{#1}}
             568 \define@key{deliv}{nature}{\def\deliv@nature{#1}}
             569 \define@key{deliv}{miles}{\def\deliv@miles{#1}}
             570 \define@key{deliv}{short}{\def\deliv@short{#1}}
             571 \define@key{deliv}{lead}{\def\deliv@lead{#1}}
             572 \define@key{deliv}{issue}{\def\deliv@issue{#1}}
             573 \define@key{deliv}{status}{\def\deliv@status{#1}}
             574 \define@key{deliv}{blog}{\def\deliv@blog{#1}}
              The \wpdeliv macro cycles over the due dates and generates the relevant entries into the deliv-
              erables file. The first step is to write the general metadata to the pdata file.
             575 \newcounter{deliverable}
             576 \newcommand{\wpg@deliv}[3]{% keys, title, type
             577 \stepcounter{deliverable}
             578 \let\deliv@miles=\relax% clean state
             579 \left(\frac{43}{\deg \mathbb{W}}\right)\% set up ifx
             580 \def\wpg@id{\csname #3@id\endcsname}
             581 \setkeys{deliv}{#1}\stepcounter{deliv}% set state
             582 \ifx\@type\@wp\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp.\thedeliv}}
             583 \else\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\thewa.\thedeliv}}\fi
             584 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{label}{\current@label}
             585 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{title}{#2}
             586 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{page}{\thepage}%
             587 \@ifundefined{deliv@short}
             588 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{#2}}
             589 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{\deliv@short}}
```

```
and now the error messages
590 \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}
591 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'nature' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
592 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{nature}{\deliv@nature}}
593 \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}
594 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'dissem' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
595 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{dissem}{\deliv@dissem}}
596 \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}
597 \ \{\protect\gCorefundefined true\glatex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glauex\glaue
598 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{lead}{\deliv@lead}}
599 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\\wpg@id}{due}{\deliv@due}}
600 \@ifundefined{deliv@issue}{}{\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{issue}{\deliv@issue}}
601 \@ifundefined{deliv@status}{}{\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{status}{\deliv@status}}
602 \@ifundefined{deliv@blog}{}\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{blog}{\deliv@blog}}
 Then we iterate over the due dates and generate an entry for teach of them in the *.deliverables
 file: but only if the status is not canceled.
603 \ifx\deliv@status\@@status@canceled\else
604 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}{%
605 \@for\@I:=\deliv@due\do{\protected@write\wpg@delivs{}{\string\deliverable%
606 {\ifnum\@I<10 0\@I\else\@I\fi}% sort key
607 {\QI}\%  due date
608 {\current@label}% label
609 {\tt @ifundefined{deliv@id}{??}{\tt taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}}\% id
610 {\Cifundefined{delivCdissem}{??}{\delivCdissem}}% dissemination level
611 {\@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature}}% nature
613 {\ifx\@type\@wp{WP\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}\else{WA\thewa}\fi}%WP
614 {\@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\string\site{\deliv@lead}}}}} % lead
615 }%deliv@due defined
616 \fi% status != canceled
 And finally, we generate the entry into the deliverables table.
617 {\ifx\deliv@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi
618 \item[\current@label\ (%
619 \delivs@legend@due: \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{??}{\deliv@due},
620 \delivs@legend@nature: \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature},
621 \delivs@legend@dissem: \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem},
622 \delivs@legend@lead: \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\site{\deliv@lead}})]
623 \pdata@target{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{\textit{#2}}
624 \@ifundefined{deliv@miles}{}{\% print the milestones and update their deliverables
625 \let\m@sep=\relax% do not print the separator the first time round
626 \lec{\@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
627 \moderable 627 
628 \let\m@sep=,}}%set the separator for the next times
629 \def\d@sep{.}
630 \Offor\OI:=\delivOmiles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
         \expandafter\ifx\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\relax% Check that the miles@delivs is empty
631
632
           {\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname{\wpg@id @\deliv@id}}% if so, skip the separator
              \else\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname%if not add it
              {\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\d@sep\wpg@id @\deliv@id}\fi}}%
635 }% end gray color
636 }
         Now, we only need to instantiate
```

wadeliv

 $637 \newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]{\newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]}{\newenvironment{wadeliv}[2$

```
wpdeliv
                 638 \newenvironment{wpdeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wp}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
\milestone@label
                 639 \newcommand\milestone@label[1]{\textbf{M{#1}}}
        \mileref
                 640 \newcommand\mileref[1]{\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}}
                 641 \newcommand\miletref[1]{\mileref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{mile}{#1}{short}{title}}
      \milestone create a new milestone, initialize its deliverables accumulator macro, set up hyperlinking, and
                  extend the milestones list.
                 642 \newcounter{milestone}
                 643 \define@key{milestone}{id}{\gdef\mile@id{#1}}
                 644 \define@key{milestone}{month}{\gdef\mile@month{#1}}
                 645 \newcommand\milestone[3][]{%
                 646 \ifdelivs%
                 647 \setkeys{milestone}{#1}\stepcounter{milestone}%
                 648 \def{mile}\mile@id{label}{\milestone@label{\themilestone}}\%
                 649 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{month}{\mile@month}%
                 650 \pdata@def\{mile\}\mile@id\{title\}{\#2}\%
                 651 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{description}{#3}%
                 652 \@ifundefined{mile@stones}%
                 653 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@id}}%
                 654 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@stones,\mile@id}}%
                 655 \@milestone{\mile@id}{#2}{#3}% presentation
                 656 \else\deliv@error\fi}
     \@milestone the corresponding presentation macro.
                 657 \newcommand\@milestone[3]{% id, title, description
                 658 \item \textbf{\miles@legend@milestone\xspace\pdata@target{mile}\mile@id{\pdataref{mile}{#1}{label}}
                 659 (\miles@legend@month \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{month})
                 660 \textbf{#2}} #3}
                 661 \newcommand\miles@legend@month{Month}
                 662 \newcommand\miles@legend@milestone{Milestone}
      milestones This does the metadata bookkeeping, the layout is delegated to the presentation environment
                  @milestones and the legend macros that can be customized for specific proposals.
                 663 \newenvironment{milestones}%
                 664 {\ifdelivs\begin{@milestones}\else\deliv@error\fi}
                 665 {\ifdelivs\pdata@def{all}{mile}{ids}{\mile@stones}%
                 666 \pdata@def{all}{mile}{count}{\themilestone}%
                 667 \end{@milestones}\fi}
     Omilestones here we do the work.
                 668 \newenvironment{@milestones}{\begin{enumerate}}{\end{enumerate}}
    \deliverable the first argument is an extended due date to facilitate sorting.
                 669 \newcommand{\deliverable}[9]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#4}{label}&#7&#8&#9&#6&#5&#2\\\hline}%sortkey,due,label,id,titl
    deliverables
                 670 \newenvironment{deliverables}[1]{\ifdelivs\begin{longtable}{|1|p{#1}|1|1|1|1|1}\hline%
                 671 \#&\textbf{\delivs@legend@name}&%
                 672 \textbf{\delivs@legend@wp}&%
                 673 \textbf{\delivs@legend@lead}&%
```

674 \textbf{\delivs@legend@nature}&% 675 \textbf{\delivs@legend@level}&%

```
676 \textbf{\delivs@legend@due}\\\hline\hline%
                                    677 \endhead%
                                    678 \else\deliv@error\fi}
                                    679 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}\fi}
                                      now the multilingual support
                                    680 \newcommand\delivs@legend@name{Deliverable name}
                                    681 \newcommand\delivs@legend@wp{WP}
                                    682 \newcommand\delivs@legend@nature{Type}
                                    683 \newcommand\delivs@legend@level{Level}
                                    684 \newcommand\delivs@legend@due{Due}
                                    685 \newcommand\delivs@legend@dissem{Dissem.}
                                    686 \newcommand\delivs@legend@lead{Lead}
  \inputdelivs
                                    687 \newcommand{\inputdelivs}[1]{%
                                    688 \begin{deliverables}{#1}%
                                    689 \IfFileExists{\jobname.deliverables}%
                                    690 {\input{\jobname.deliverables}}%
                                    691 {\IfFileExists{\jobname.delivs}{\input{\jobname.delivs}}}}
                                    692 \end{deliverables}}
                                    693 (/sty)
                                                          Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking
                                      \pdata@out is the file handle for the project data file, we define internal macros to open and close
             \pdata@*
                                      it.
                                    694 (*pdata)
                                    695 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
                                    696 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse}
                                    697 \ProcessOptions
                                    698 \RequirePackage{xspace}
                                    699 \newwrite\pdata@out
                                    700 \newcommand\pdata@open[1] {\immediate\openout\pdata@out=#1.pdata}
                                    701 \newcommand\pdata@close{\closeout\pdata@out}
       \readpdata This macro reads the project data file and its error handling
                                    702 \newcommand\readpdata[1] {\IfFileExists{#1.pdata}
                                    703 {\tt \{nessage\{proposal: Reading \ Project \ Data\} \setminus Makeatletter \setminus \{\#1.pdata\} \setminus
                                    704 {proposal: No Project Data found, (forward) references may be compromized}}
\pdata@target
                                     This internal macro makes a hyper-target: \pdata@target{\langle cat\rangle}{\langle id\rangle}{\langle label\rangle} prints \langle label\rangle
                                      with a target name \langle cat \rangle \mathbb{Q} \langle id \rangle \mathbb{Q}target attached to it.
                                    705 \newcommand\pdata@target[3]{\hypertarget{#1@#2@target}{#3}}
                                     This macro writes an \OpdataOdef command to the current aux file and also executes it.
       \pdata@def
                                    706 \newcommand\pdata@def [4] {\%\pdata@def \#1}{\#2}{\#3}{\#4}%
                                                 \@pdata@def
                                    This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
                                    708 \newcommand\@pdata@def[4]{\expandafter\gdef\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname{#4}}
          \pdataref
                                    709 \newcommand\pdataref[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                                                                                  {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
                                    710
                                    711
                                                                                     {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
                                    712 \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3] \{ \Gifundefined \{#1\G#2\G#3\} \{??}\{\csname #1\G#2\G#3\endcsname}\}\%
                                    713 \newcommand\pdataref@num[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}{0}{\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}%
                                    714 \newcommand\pdataref@safe[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}{}{\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}%
```

```
\pdatareffB a variant with fallback field,
                          715 \newcommand\pdatarefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                          716 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
                          717 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
                          718 {\csname #1@#2@#4\endcsname}}
                          719 {\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}
      \pdataRef
                          720 \newcommand\pdataRef[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                          721 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
                          722 {\hyperlink{\#10\#20target}{\csname \#10\#20\#3\endcsname}}}
 \pdataRefFB a variant with fallback field,
                          723 \newcommand\pdataRefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                          724 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
                          725 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
                          726 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}}
                          727 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
 \pdatacount
                          728 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}} 1] {\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}}} 28 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}} 1] {\ensuremath{\mbox{$\sim$}}} 28 \ensuremath{\mbox{$\sim$}}) respectively the ensuremath{\mbox{$\sim$}} 1] {\ensuremath{\mbox{$\sim$}}} 1] {\ensuremath{\mbox{$\sim$}}}} 1] {\ensuremath{\mbox{
                                    eight\or nine\or ten\or eleven \or twelve\else#1\fi}
                          730 \newcommand\pdatacount[2] {\prop@count{\pdataref@num{#1}{#2}{count}}}
               \pi*
                          731 \newcommand\pn{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acronym}\xspace}
                          732 \newcommand\pnlong{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acrolong}\xspace}
           \W*ref
                          733 \newcommand\\WPref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}}
                          734 \newcommand\\Ptref[1]{\\Pref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{\wp}{#1}{\short}{\title}}
                          735 \ifwork@areas
                          736 \newcommand\WAref[1]{\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}}
                          737 \newcommand\WAtref[1]{\WAref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{wa}{#1}{short}{title}}
                          739 (/pdata)
                            4.11
                                           The Work Package Table
EdNy@style These macros determine the styling of cells in the work package table. That can be tweaked by
                           redefining them.
                          740 (*sty)
                          741 \definecolorset{gray/rgb/hsb/cmyk}{}{}%
                          742 {leadgray, .90/.90, .90, .90/0,0, .90/0,0, .10; %
                          743 wagray, .70/.70, .70, .70/0,0, .70/0,0,0, .30;%
                          744 ganttgray, .60/.60, .60, .60/0,0, .60/0,0,0, .40}
                          745 \newcommand\sum@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
                          746 \newcommand\wa@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
                          747 \newcommand\wp@style[1]{#1}
                          748 \newcommand\lead@style[1]{\cellcolor{leadgray}{\textit{#1}}}
                          749 \newcommand\wp@lead@style@explained{light gray italicised}
 \wpfigstyle
                          750 \def\wpfig@style{}
                          751 \newcommand\wpfigstyle[1]{\def\wpfig@style{#1}}
```

⁹EdNote: maybe add "wpfig" in the name to show dependency

We first define the options for the \wpfig macro, they specify what columns we have in the

```
table.
752 \newcounter{wpfig@options}
753 \define@key{wpfig}{size}{\def\wpfig@size{#1}\@dmp{size=#1}}
754 \def\@true{true}
755 \def\wpfig@pages{false}
756 \define@key{wpfig}{pages}[true] {\def\wpfig@pages{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
757 \def\wpfig@type{false}
758 \define@key{wpfig}{type}[true]{\def\wpfig@type{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
759 \def\wpfig@start{false}
760 \define@key{wpfig}{start}[true] {\def\wpfig@start{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
761 \def\wpfig@length{false}
762 \define@key{wpfig}{length}[true]{\def\wpfig@length{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
763 \def\wpfig@end{false}
764 \define@key{wpfig}{end}[true]{\def\wpfig@end{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
765 \define@key{wpfig}{label}{\def\wpfig@label{#1}}
766 \define@key{wpfig}{caption}{\def\wpfig@caption{#1}}
This environment makes legend for the table (but not the contents) for the \wpfig macro. The
```

wp@figure main work achieved here is to generate the head line (sideways) and the footer in the various EdN:10 cases given by the package options. 10 Depending on the various class and wpfig options, we make header and footer line for the table.

```
767 \def\@sw#1{\begin{sideways}#1\end{sideways}}
768 \newenvironment{wp@figure}{\begin{table}[ht]\wpfig@style\begin{center}
769 {\let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\site\relax\let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
770 \gdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@legend@wap&\wpfig@legend@title%
771 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wpfig@legend@type\fi%
772 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@page}\fi%
773 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@start}\fi%
774 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@length}\fi
775 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@end}\fi}%
776 \if@sites%
777 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
778 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRM{\@site}}}%
779 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRAM{\@site}}}\fij%
780 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRM}}%
781 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRAM}}\fi%
782 \else% if@sites
783 \end{arga} if Qheadline \wpfigQheadline \end{arga} if Qheadline \wpfigQheadline \end{arga} if Qheadline \end{arga} if Qh
784 \fi}%if@sites
785 \left| if QRAM \right| \{|1|1|*{\tilde{q}} \in \mathbb{R}^{r} \} 
786 \le \left\{ r \right\} + \left\{ the \left[ \frac{r}{r} \right] + \left\{ the \left[ \frac{r}{r} \right] \right\} + \left\{ the \left[ \frac{r}{r} \right] + \left\{ the \left[ \frac{r}{r} \right] \right\} + \left\{ the \left[ \frac{r}{r} \right] + \left[ 
787 \wpfig@headline\\\hline\hline}
788 {\end{tabular}\smallskip}\
789 \wpfig@legend@RAM@expl\if@sites; \wpfig@legend@lead@expl\fi
790 \@ifundefined{wpfig@label}{\caption{\wpfig@legend@caption}}{\caption{\wpfig@caption}}
791 \end{ined wpfig@label} {\label{fig:wplist}} {\label{\wpfig@label}} \\
792 \end{center}\end{table}}
   and now multilinguality support
793 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@wap{\textbf{\ifwork@areas{WA/P}\else{WP}\fi}}
794 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@title{\textbf{Title}}
795 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@type{\textbf{type}}
```

796 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@page{\textbf{page}} 797 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@start{\textbf{start}} 798 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@length{\textbf{length}}} 799 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@end{\textbf{end}}

¹⁰Ednote: this is a bit of misnomer, it does not do the figure bit.

```
800 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRM[1]{\site{#1}\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
801 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRAM[1]{\site{#1}\ RAM}
802 \end{totalRM} total\end{totalRM} RM\end{total}
803 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRAM{total RAM}
804 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RM{RM}
805 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM{RAM}
806 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl{\if@RAM R(A)M $\widehat=$ Researcher (Assistant) Months\else\ Efforts in Ph
807 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@lead@expl{WP lead efforts \wp@lead@style@explained}
808 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@caption{{\ifwork@areas Work Areas and \fi}Work Packages}
809 \newcount\local@count
810 \newcount\@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\@@@RAM\fi
811 \newcount\all@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\all@@@RAM\fi
812 \newcommand{\wpfig}[1][]{\setcounter{wpfig@options}{0}\setkeys{wpfig}{#1}
  the first thing to do is to build the body of the table programmatically by (globally) extending the
  \@wp@lines token register inside a bracket group which locally redefines all macros we are using
  in the extensions, so that they do not get into the way. We start this group now.
813 {\gdef\@wp@lines{}%initialize
814 \let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\lead@style\relax% so they
815 \let\wa@style\relax\let\wp@style\relax \let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax% do not
816 \ensuremath{\tt Nlet} \ensuremath{\tt Slet} \ensuremath{\tt Slet} \ensuremath{\tt Nlet} 
817 \let\pn\relax\let\xspace\relax% us
  The code that follows now, could be more elegant, if we had a better way of organizing the data,
  but this works for now, we have four cases: with/without work areas and with/without sites. All
  do something very similar.
818 \ifwork@areas
819 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
820 \Ofor\OOwa:=\OOwas\do{% iterate over the work areas
821 \xdef\@@wa@line{\wa@style{\pdataRef{wa}\@@wa{label}}%
822 &\wa@style{\@ifundefined{wa@\@@wa @short}{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{title}}{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{short}}}%
823 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{type}}\fi%
824 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{page}}\fi%
825 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{start}}\fi%
826 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{len}}\fi%
827 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{end}}\fi}
828 \if@sites
829 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
830 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
831 \local@count 0%
832 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
833 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RM}{\the\local@count}%
834 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
835 \if@RAM
836 \local@count 0%
837 \end{advance} by \end{advance} \end{advance} in $$ \end{advance} \end{advance} $$ \en
838 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RAM}{\the\local@count}%
839 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
```

EdN:11wpfig

840 \fi}

844 \if@RAM

841 \local@count0\relax%

845 \local@count0\relax%

 $^{^{11}{}m EDNote}$: The computation can be distributed much more efficiently (by intermingling the counter advances with the row creation), but this works now

```
846 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wa\@site{RAM}}%
847 \end{00} wa@line \end{00} wa@style{\text{\the}local@count}} \label{00}
848 \fi
849 \else% if@sites
850 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
851 \end{00} wa@line{\end{00} wa@line\&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\end{00} wa{RM}} \\
852 \left( \AM_{\adstyle}\right) \
853 \fi% if@sites
854 \xdef\ensuremath{\color{0}}\xspace add the line for the workarea for
855 \edef\\@wps{\pdataref@safe\\@wa{wp}{ids}}%
856 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
857 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
858 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}%
859 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@wp{type}\fi%
860 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
861 \ \texttt{wpfig@start}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{start}\ \texttt{ii}
862 \ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{emp}\ \texttt{up}\ \texttt{len}\ \texttt{ii}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{len}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{len}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{len}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{len}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{
863 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
864 \if@sites
865 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
866 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
867 \edgn{\ifx\@@lead\csite\lead\cstyle{\pdataref@safe\c@wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\cdwp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\cdwp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\cdwp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\cdwp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\cdwp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\cdwp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\cdwp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\cdwp\csafe\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\cdwp\csafe\c
868 \xdef\\@@wp@line\\&\\@@kM\\
869 \if@RAM
870 \edef\@RAM{\ifx\@lead\gsite\lead\gsite\pdataref\gsafe\@wp\gsite\RAM}}\else\wp\gstyle\pdataref\gsafe\gwp\gsite\grame{\grame}
871 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RAM}
872 \fi}
873 \local@count0\relax%
874 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
875 \% XXX does not work XXX <math display="inline">\def{\ensuremath{\mbox{NXX Qdef{\mbox{Count}}}} \def{\mbox{NM}} \def{\mbox{NM}}
877 \if@RAM
878 \global\local@count0\relax%
879 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}%
880 % XXX does not work XXX \pdata@def{\@site}{RAM}{count}{\the\local@count}
881 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
882 \fi% if@RAM
883 \else% if@sites
884 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
885 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}}\fi
886 \fi% if@sites
887 \end{array} \label{line} $$87 \end{array} $$100 \end{array} 
   Now the case where we do not have work areas.
888 \else% ifwork@areas
889 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
890 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
891 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
892 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp \@short}{\pdataref\wp}\@@wp\title}}\pdataref\wp}\@@wp\short}}
893 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
894 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
895 \ \texttt{wpfig@start}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{start}\ \texttt{ii}
896 \ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{emp}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{len}\ \texttt{fi}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{emp}\ \texttt{omp}\ \texttt{
897 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
898 \if@sites
899 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
900 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
901 \edgn{\ifx\@Qlead\csite\lead\cstyle{\pdataref\cgsafe\cgwp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\cgwp\csite}} \\
902 \del{00wp0line}\
```

```
903 \if@RAM
905 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style\@@RAM}
906 \fi}
907 \global\local@count0\relax%
908 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
909 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
910 \if@RAM
911 \global\local@count0\relax%
913 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
914 \fi
915 \else% if@sites
916 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
917 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}\fi}
918 \fi% if@sites
919 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}
920 \fi%ifwork@areas
Now we compute the totals lines in the \@totals macros; again there are four cases to consider
921 \gdef\@totals{}
922 \ifwork@areas
923 \if@sites
924 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{% iterate over the sites
925 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
926 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
927 \Ofor\OOwa:=\OOwas\do{% iterate over the work areas
928 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
929 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
930 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
931 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}}
932 \quad \{all}\\
933 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RAM\fi
934 \ensuremath{\the\@@QRM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@QRAM}\fi}}
935 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
936 \def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@00RM}\to 0
937 \else% if@sites
938 \@@@RM=0\if@RAM\@@@RAM=0\fi
939 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
941 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
942 \advance\@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
943 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}}
945 \xdef\@totals{&\the\@@@RM\if@RAM &\the\@@@RAM\fi}
946 \fi% if@sites
947 \else%i.e. no work@areas
948 \if@sites
949 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%iterate over the sites
950 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi%
951 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
952 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
953 \advance\@@QRM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
954 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}
955 \pdata@def{all}\@site{RM}{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}\@site{RAM}{\the\@@@RAM}\fi
956 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}
957 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi}
958 \xdef\@totals{\@totals &\textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
959 \def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@0@RM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}{\the\all@0
```

```
960 \else% if@sites
961 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
962 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
963 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
964 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
965 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}
966 \quad def{all}{total}{RM}{\the @@@RM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{total}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{total}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{total}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{
967 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$0$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$0$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{$0$}} \ensuremat
968 \fi% if@sites
969 \fi
  And we finally have a line for the intended totals which we use in draft mode.
970 \gdef\intended@totals{}\gdef\requested@totals{}
971 \if@sites
972 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
973 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRM}}}
974 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{reqPM}}
975 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRAM}}}\fi}
976 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&&}\else%
977 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&}%
978 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&}%
979 \fi
980 \else% if@sites
981 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RM}}}
982 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RAM}}}\fi
983 \fi}% if@sites
  finally, we make all of this into a figure, computing the colspan of the the legend cells for the totals
  via \local@count from the optional columns.
984 \local@count\thewpfig@options\advance\local@count by 2
985 \begin{wp@figure}
986 \@wp@lines\hline%
987 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\@totals\\\hline%
988 \ifsubmit\else%
989 \ifx\prop@gen@topdownPM\@true%
990 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@intendedtotals}\intended@totals\\\hline%
991 \fi% topdownPM
992 \ifx\prop@gen@botupPM\@true%
993 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@requestedtotals}\requested@totals\\\hline%
994 \fi% botupPM
995 \fi% submit
996 \end{wp@figure}}
 and now multilinguality support
997 \newcommand\prop@legend@totals{\textbf{totals}}
998 \newcommand\prop@legend@intendedtotals{\textbf{intended totals}}
999 \newcommand\prop@legend@requestedtotals{\textbf{requested totals}}
                        Gantt Charts
  4.12
```

Gantt Charts are done with help of the the tikz package. The gantt environments pick up on the declared duration of the proposal in months stored in the \prop@gen@months macro.

We define the keys for Gantt tables

```
1000 \newif\ifgantt@draft\gantt@draftfalse
1001 \newif\ifgantt@miles\gantt@milesfalse
1002 \define@key{gantt}{xscale}{\def\gantt@xscale{#1}}
1003 \define@key{gantt}{yscale}{\def\gantt@yscale{#1}}
1004 \define@key{gantt}{step}{\def\gantt@step{#1}}
1005 \define@key{gantt}{size}{\def\gantt@size{#1}}
```

```
1006 \define@key{gantt}{draft}[true] {\ifsubmit\else\gantt@drafttrue\fi}
                 1007 \define@key{gantt}{milestones}[true]{\gantt@milestrue}
                   Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the internal
                   macros.
                 1008 \def\gantt@set#1{\gantt@draftfalse\def\gantt@xscale{1}\def\gantt@yscale{.35}\def\gantt@step{3}
                 1009 \setkeys{gantt}{#1}}
                      Finally, the Gantt Chart environment itself.
            gantt The gantt[\langle keyvals \rangle] {\langle height \rangle} environment sets up the grid and legend for a gantt chart. The
                   grid is \prop@gen@months wide and \langle height \rangle high.
                 1010 \newenvironment{gantt}[2][]
                 1011 {\gantt@set{#1}\gdef\gantt@height{#2}
                 1012 \def\@test{\prop@gen@months@default}
                 1013 \ifx\@test\prop@gen@months
                 1014 \ClassError{proposal}{Need overall project months to draw gantt
                          chart - expect trouble; \MessageBreak specify
                 1015
                          \protect\begin{proposal}[...,months=??,...] to fix}\fi
                 1016
                 1017 \@ifundefined{gantt@size}{}{\csname\gantt@size\endcsname}
                 1018 \newdimen\gantt@ymonths
                 1019 \gantt@ymonths=\gantt@height cm
                 1020 \advance\gantt@ymonths by .8cm
                 1021 \begin{tikzpicture}[xscale=\gantt@xscale,yscale=\gantt@yscale]}
                 1022 {\draw[xstep=\gantt@step,very thin] (0,0) grid (\prop@gen@months,\gantt@height);
                 1023 \foreach \x in {0,\gantt@step,...,\prop@gen@months} \node at (\x,\gantt@ymonths) {\x};
                 1024 \ifgantt@miles
                 1025 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles\gantt@ymiles=\gantt@height cm
                 1026 \advance\gantt@ymiles by 2cm
                 1027 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles@top\gantt@ymiles@top=\gantt@height cm
                 1028 %\advance\gantt@ymiles@top by 2cm
                 1029 \edef\@@miles{\pdataref@safe{all}{mile}{ids}}
                 1030 \@for\@I:=\@@miles\do{%
                 1031 \edef\@@month{\pdataref@safe{mile}{\@I}{month}}
                 1032 \draw[very thick,blue] (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles@top) -- (\@@month,0);
                 1033 \node[blue] at (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles) {\pdataref{mile}{\@I}{label}};}
                 1034 \fi %gantt@miles
                 1035 \end{tikzpicture}}
         creates a gantt node with name \langle name \rangle in line \langle line \rangle starting at month \langle month \rangle with length \langle len \rangle
                   that is \langle force \rangle thick.
                 1036 \verb|\newdimen\gantt@ymid\newdimen\gantt@yinc\newdimen\gantt@xend|
                 1037 \newcommand{\@action}[6][]{\def\@test{#1}%
                 1038 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\@@color{ganttgray}\else\def\@@color{#1}\fi
                 1039 \gantt@ymid=#3 cm\gantt@yinc=\gantt@yscale cm
                 1040 \gantt@xend=#4 cm\advance\gantt@xend by #5 cm
                 1041 \advance\gantt@ymid by \gantt@yinc
                 1042 \fill[\@@color] (#4,#3) rectangle +(#5,#6);
                 1043 \node (#2@left) at (#4,\gantt@ymid) {};
                 1044 \node (#2@right) at (\gantt@xend,\gantt@ymid) {};}
     \@dependency
                 1045 \def\@dependency#1#2{\draw[->,line width=2pt,color=red] (#1@right) -- (#2@left);}
tt@compute@effort A helper function that updates the dimension \gantt@effort according to whether the counter
                   \gantt@month is in the range. It is used in \gantt@chart
                 1046 \newcommand\gantt@compute@effort[3]{% start, len, force
                 1047 \@@e=#1\advance\@@e by #2
```

```
1049
                  \ifnum\thegantt@month<\@@e
           1050
                  \gantt@plus=#3cm\advance\gantt@effort by \gantt@plus\fi\fi}
             This macro iterates over the work areas, their work packages, and finally their work phases to use
\ganttchart
             the internal macro \@action. All of this in the gantt setting.
           1051 \newcommand{\ganttchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering
           1052 \gantt@set{#1}
           1053 \def\gantt@wps{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
           1054 \begin{gantt} [#1] {\gantt@wps}
           1055 \newcounter{taskwps}\newcount\@@line
                \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
           1056
                \ifwork@areas
           1057
                 \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                   \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
           1059
           1060
                   \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
                     \stepcounter{taskwps}
           1061
                     \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
           1062
                     \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
           1063
                     \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
           1064
                     \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
           1065
                     \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%wp-level work phases
           1066
                       \decode@wphase\@@ft
           1067
                       \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
           1068
                     \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% tasks
           1069
                       \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
           1070
           1071
                       \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%task-level work phases
                         \decode@wphase\@@ft
           1072
                         \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
           1073
                 \else% ifwork@areas false
           1074
                 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
           1075
                 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
           1076
           1077
                   \stepcounter{taskwps}
                   \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
           1078
                   \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
           1079
                   \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
           1080
                   \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
           1081
                   \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
           1082
           1083
                     \decode@wphase\@@ft
           1084
                     \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                   \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% task-level work phases
           1085
                     \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
           1086
                     \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
           1087
                       \decode@wphase\@@ft
           1088
                       \Oaction\OOtask\OOline\wphaseOstart\wphaseOlen\wphaseOforce}}}
           1089
                \fi% ifwork@areas end
           1090
                 \edef\@@deps{\pdataref@safe{all}{task}{deps}}
           1091
                 \@for\@@dep:=\@@deps\do{%
           1092
                   \@dependency{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@@dep{from}}{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@@dep{to}}}}
           1093
             The next piece of code generates the effort sum table in draft mode
                 \ifgantt@draft
           1094
                    \newcounter{gantt@month}
           1095
                    \newcount\@@e\newdimen\gantt@effort\newdimen\gantt@plus
           1096
                    \@whilenum\thegantt@month<\prop@gen@months\do{% step over months
           1097
                      \gantt@effort=0cm
           1098
                      \ifwork@areas
           1099
                      \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                      \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
           1101
```

\ifnum\thegantt@month<#1\else

```
\Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
                1103
                              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                1104
                              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                1105
                1106
                                \decode@wphase\@@ft
                1107
                                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                              \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                1108
                              \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over tasks
                1109
                              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                1110
                              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                1111
                                \decode@wphase\@@ft
                1112
                                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                1113
                          \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
                1114
                          \else% ifwork@areas
                1115
                          \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                1116
                          \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
                1117
                              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                1118
               1119
                              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                1120
                                \decode@wphase\@@ft
                                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                1121
                              \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                1122
                              \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over tasks
                1123
                              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                1124
                              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                1125
                1126
                                \decode@wphase\@@ft
                1127
                                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                          \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
                1128
                1129
                          \fi% ifwork@areas
                1130
                          \stepcounter{gantt@month}}
                1131
                       \fi% ifgantt@draft
                1132
                      \end{gantt}
                      \caption{\gantt@caption}\label{fig:gantt}
                1134 \end{figure}\footnotetext\gantt@footnote}
                 now the multilingual support
                1135 \newcommand\gantt@caption@main{Gantt Chart: Overview Work Package Activities}
                1136 \newcommand\gantt@caption@lower{lower bar shows the overall effort \if@RAM (RM only) \fi per month}
                1137 \newcommand\gantt@caption{\gantt@caption@main\ifgantt@draft\xspace
                      -- \gantt@caption@lower\fi}
                1138
                1139 \newcommand\gantt@footnote{Bars shown at reduced height (e.g. 50\%) indicate reduced
                      intensity during that work phase (e.g. to 50\%).}
\gantttaskchart
                 This macro is a variant of \ganttchart, but it shows the tasks consecutively, as is useful for EU
   EdN:12
                 projects<sup>12</sup>
                1141 \newcommand{\gantttaskchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[hbtp]\centering\gantt@set{#1}
                1142 \newcounter{gantt@all@tasks}%
                1143 \setcounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{task}{count}}
                1144 \addtocounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                1145 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\thegantt@all@tasks}
                1146
                      \newcounter{gantt@tasks}\newcount\@@line
                      \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                1147
                       \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                1148
                1149
                         \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                1150 %
                          \@action[white]{}\@@line0{48}1
                1151
                         \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                         \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over the tasks
                1152
                   ^{12}{
m EdNote}: this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to
```

\edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}

 $^{^{12}}$ EdNote: this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to the deadline

```
\@@line=\thegantt@all@tasks\advance\@@line by -\thegantt@tasks
                 1154
                            \node at (-.5/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\\footnotesize\taskreflong\@@wp\@@task}};
                 1155
                            \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                 1156
                 1157
                            \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
                 1158
                              \decode@wphase\@@ft
                              \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force
                 1159
                           }}}% end all iterations
                 1160
                         \end{gantt}
                 1161
                         \caption{\gantt@caption@main{} -- \emph{\gantt@footnote}}\label{fig:gantt}
                 1162
                 1163 \end{figure}}
                   4.13 Coherence
             \j*
                 1164 \verb|\newcommand>jpub{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\star$}}}}|
                 1165 \newcommand\jpro{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\bullet$}}}}
                 1166 \end{jsoft{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{@}}}}
                 1167 \newcommand\jorga{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\circ$}}}}
                 1168 \end{jsup{$\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\smiley}}}}
      \add@joint \add@joint{\langle first\rangle}{\langle second\rangle}{\langle sym\rangle} adds \langle sym\rangle to the the \coherence@\langle first\rangle@\langle second\rangle macro
                  for the coherence table.
                 1169 \newcommand\add@joint[3]{\@ifundefined{coherence@#1@#2}%
                 1170 {\@namedef{coherence@#1@#2}{#3}}%
                 1171 {\expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname coherence@#1@#2\endcsname{#3}}}
     \prop@joint This iterates over a comma-separated list of names and makes the necessary entries into the
                  coherence table.
                 1172 \newcommand\prop@joint[2]{\@for\@first:=#2\do{\%}
                 1173 \@for\@second:=#2\do{\ifx\@first\@second\else\add@joint\@first\@second{#1}\fi}}
         \joint* Now, some instances that use these.
                 1174 \newcommand\jointproj[1]{\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                 1175 \newcommand\jointpub[1] {\prop@joint\jpub{#1}}
                 1176 \newcommand\jointorga[1]{\prop@joint\jorga{#1}}
                 1177 \newcommand\jointsoft[1] {\prop@joint\jsoft{#1}}
                 1178 \newcommand\jointsup[1] {\prop@joint\jsup{#1}}
\coherencematrix
                 1179 \newcommand{\coherencematrix}{
                 1180 {\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\site\relax\ so they do
                 1181 \let\@sw\relax\let\jpub\relax\let\jpro\relax\let\jorga\relax% not bother
                 1182 \let\jsoft\relax\let\jsup\relax\let\cellcolor\relax\ us
                 1183 \gdef\ct0head{}%
                 1184 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@head{\@ct@head%
                 1185 &\ifx\cht@swsites\@true\@sw{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi}}%
                 1186 \gdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@head\tabularnewline\hline\ %initialize with head line
                 1187 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@line{\site{\@site}}%
                       \@for\@@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                 1188
                         \xdef\@ct@line{\@ct@line&\ifx\@site\@@site{\cellcolor{wagray}{}}\fi%
                 1189
                           \@ifundefined{coherence@\@site @\@@site}{}{\@nameuse{coherence@\@site @\@@site}}}}%
                 1190
                       \xdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@lines\@ct@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}%
                 1192 \begin{tabular}{||||*{\the@site}{c|}}\hline%
                 1193 \@ct@lines\hline%
                 1194 joint&\multicolumn{\the@site}{1|}{\jpub $\hat=$ publication, \jpro $\hat=$ project,
                            \jorga $\hat=$ organization, \jsoft $\hat=$ software/resource dev,
```

\stepcounter{gantt@tasks}

```
\jsup $\hat=$ supervision}\\hline
              1197 \end{tabular}}
\coherencetable
              1198 \newskip\@bigflushglue \@bigflushglue = -100pt plus 1fil
              1199 \def\bigcenter{\trivlist \bigcentering\item\relax}
              1201 \leftskip\@bigflushglue
              1202 \parindent\z@\parfillskip\z@skip}
              1203 \def\endbigcenter{\endtrivlist}
              1204 \define@key{coherencetable}{swsites}[true]{\def\cht@swsites{#1}}
              1205 \define@key{coherencetable}{stretch}{\def\cht@stretch{#1}}
              1206 \newcommand\coherencetable[1][]{%
              1207 \def\cht@swsites{false}%
              1208 \def\cht@stretch{1}%
              1209 \setkeys{coherencetable}{#1}%
              1210 \begin{table}[ht]%
              1211 \small\setlength{\tabcolsep}{.5em}%
              1212 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\cht@stretch}%
              1213 \begin{bigcenter}%
              1214 \coherencematrix%
              1215 \end{bigcenter}%
              1216 \caption{\coherence@caption}\label{tab:collaboration}
              1217 \neq \{table\}
                now the multilinguality support
              1218 \newcommand\coherence@caption{Previous Collaboration between {\pn} members}
```

4.14 Relevant Papers & References

We first define a bibLaTeX bibliography heading that does not create headers, we need it somewhere.

```
1219 \defbibheading{empty}{}
```

1220 \newif\if@allpapers\@allpaperstrue

We define an internal macro \prop@ppl that prints a publication list of a given bibTEX entry type and title for convenience. It also adds a notype= to the token register \prop@rl to deal with the unclassified entries from the list.

1221 \newcommand\prop@ppl[3][]{\@allpapersfalse\message{ppl processing: #2}%

1222 \printbibliography[category=featured,heading=subbibliography,type=#2,title=#3#1]%

```
1223 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{\xdef\prop@rl{\prop@rl, #2}}}
 The following code does not work yet, it would have been nice to be able to just add a key
 unclassified to catch the unclassified ones. I guess we just have to issue a warning instead.
1224 \newcommand\prop@prl[1] {\message{unclassified: #1}%
1225 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,title=Unclassified,#1]}%
1226 \define@key{paperlist}{unclassified}[true]{\message{unclass: \prop@rl}\prop@rrl\prop@rl}
 with this, we define a couple of keys that use \prop@ppl generate the sub-bibliographies and add
 that to the \prop@rl token register. We also make the headings configurable.
1227 \newcommand\prop@articles@heading{Articles}
1228 \define@key{paperlist}{articles}[true]{\prop@ppl{article}{\prop@articles@heading}}
1229 \newcommand\prop@chapters@heading{Book Chapters}
1230 \define@key{paperlist}{chapters}[true] {\prop@ppl{inbook}{\prop@chapters@heading}}
1231 \newcommand\prop@confpapers@heading{Conference Papers}
1232 \define@key{paperlist}{confpapers}[true]%
1233 {\prop@ppl[,keyword=conference]{inproceedings}{\prop@confpapers@heading}}
1234 \newcommand\prop@wspapers@heading{Workshop Papers}
1235 \define@key{paperlist}{wspapers}[true]%
```

```
1236 {\prop@ypl[,notkeyword=conference]{inproceedings}{\prop@wspapers@heading}}
                1237 \newcommand\prop@theses@heading{Theses}
                1238 \define@key{paperlist}{theses}[true]{\prop@ppl{thesis}{\prop@theses@heading}}
                1239 \newcommand\prop@submitted@heading{Submitted}
                1240 \define@key{paperlist}{submitted}[true]%
                1241 {\prop@ppl[,keyword=submitted]{unpublished}{\prop@submitted@heading}}
                1242 \newcommand\prop@books@heading {Monographs}
                1243 \define@key{paperlist}{books}[true]{\prop@ppl{book}{\prop@books@heading}}
                1244 \newcommand\prop@techreports@heading{Technical Reports}
                1245 \ \texttt{define@key{paperlist}{techreports}[true]{prop@ppl{techreport}{prop@techreports@heading}}} \\
       featured We introduce a new bibLaTeX category featured for those papers that were already mentioned
                  in \prop@paperlist and the macros defined from it.
                1246 \DeclareBibliographyCategory{featured}
                 \prop@paperlist{\langle keys\rangle}{\langle refs\rangle}\ generates\ a\ paper\ list\ from\ a\ list\ \langle keys\rangle\ of\ bibliography\ keys.
\prop@paperlist
                  It makes some local adaptions to the appearance of the bibliography, and then adds \langle refs \rangle to the
                  citable papers marks them as featured. Then it uses \printbibliography to make a bibliography
   EdN:13
                  of the cited papers. Note that these are not cited again in the main bibliography<sup>13</sup>
                1247 \newcommand\prop@paperlist[2][]{%
                1248 \let\biboldfont\bibfont%
                1249 \renewcommand{\bibfont}{\footnotesize}%
                1250 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{.9}%
                1251 \nocite{#2}\def\do##1{\addtocategory{featured}{##1}}\docsvlist{#2}%
                1252 \setkeys{paperlist}{#1}
                1253 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{}{\@latex@warning{some papers are not classified!}}
                1254 \if@allpapers\printbibliography[category=featured,heading=empty]\fi%
                1255 \let\bibfont\biboldfont}
                     We define the warnpubs heading constructor.
                1256 \def\prop@warnpubs@message{Many of the proposers' publications are online at one of the following URIs:}
                1257 \def\prop@warnpubs@title{References}
                1258 \defbibheading{warnpubs}{\section*{\prop@warnpubs@title}%
                1259
                       \@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}
                1260
                     {\@latex@warning{No publication pages specified;
                                         use the pubspage key in the proposal environment!}}
                1261
                      {\prop@warnpubs@message%
                1262
                     \Ofor\OI:=\propOgenOpubspages\do{\par\noindent\csname\OI\endcsname}}}
                1263
                     Finally, we tweak bibLATEX to not give DOIs and URLS at the same time.
                1264 \renewbibmacro*{event+venue+date}{}
                1265 \renewbibmacro*{doi+eprint+url}{%
                1266
                      \iftoggle{bbx:doi}
                1267
                         {\printfield{doi}\iffieldundef{doi}{}{\clearfield{url}}}
                1268
                         {}%
                1269
                       \newunit\newblock
                1270
                       \iftoggle{bbx:eprint}
                1271
                         {\usebibmacro{eprint}}
                1272
                1273
                      \newunit\newblock
                       \iftoggle{bbx:url}
                1274
                1275
                         {\usebibmacro{url+urldate}}
                1276
                         {}}
                1277 (/sty)
                    ^{13}\mathrm{EdNote}: MK: we may want to make this optional controlled by a package option eventually.
```

4.15 Miscellaneous

```
\signatures

1278 \*pdata\
1279 \newcommand{\signatures}[1]{\section{#1}
1280 \qquad\number\day. \number\month. \number\year\\[6ex]
1281 \strut\qquad Date\hfill\@for\@p:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
1282 \wa@ref3{\person}\@p{\personaltitle}~\wa@ref3{\person}\@p{\name}\hfill}

\@dmp The \@dmp macro shows metadata information about the keys in the margin if \keystrue is specified. This is a debugging tool.

1283 \def\@dmp#1{\ifkeys\marginpar{\small #1}\fi}

\euro

1284 \renewcommand\euro{\officialeuro\xspace}
1285 \/pdata\
```

References

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