Preparing Proposals in LATEX with proposal.cls*

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Abstract

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. It is optimized towards collaborative projects, and should specialized to particular funding agencies.

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1 Introduction

Writing grant proposals is a collaborative effort that requires the integration of contributions from many individuals. The use of an ASCII-based format like IATEX allows to coordinate the process via a source code control system like GIT or Subversion, allowing the proposal writing team to concentrate on the contents rather than the mechanics of wrangling with text fragments and revisions. In fact the proposal package has evolved out of a series of collaborative proposal writing efforts, where large teams (up to 30 individuals from up to 20 sites) have written a 100-page proposal in three weeks (with over 2000 commits). Such collaborative writing sprints are impossible without a revision control system and a "semantic" document class that generates tables, charts, and deliverable lists from content markup and thus takes care of many of the routine tasks of keeping information consistent.

The **proposal** class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. The package documentation is still preliminary, fragmented and incomplete.

The proposal class is distributed under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License from CTAN archives in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt. Either version 1.0 or, at your option, any later version.

The CTAN archive always contains the latest stable version, the development version can be found on GitHub at https://github.com/KWARC/LaTeX-proposal. For bug reports please use the issue tracker there. Please feel free to fork the repository and provide extensions and improvements.

The development version also contains example proposals and a very useful script that generates GitHub issues for all the workpackages, tasks, and deliverables. This is a great way of starting up a project and controlling its progress. The OpenDreamKit EU project (see http://opendreamkit.org) uses this for its (very public) project planning on the issue tracker at https://github.com/OpenDreamKit after (also publicly) developing the proposal on GitHub.

Finally, the GitHub reposistory contains example project proposals and specialized Makefiles that help start off the proposal development process. These are not part of the CTAN/TeXLive distributions.

2 The User Interface

In this section we will describe the functionality offered by the proposal class along the lines of the macros and environments the class provides.

2.1 Package Options

The proposal package takes the options submit, noworkareas, RAM, deliverables, wpsubsection, keys, svninfo, gitinfo, numericcites, and public.

submit

The submit option will disable various proposal management decorations which are enabled by default for submission.

noworkareas

The noworkareas option specifies that we do not want to structure our work plan into work areas (see section 2.6).

RAM

The RAM option specifies that we specify research assistant months in the effort tallies (see section 2.6).

deliverables

The deliverables option specifies that we specify deliverables in the grant proposal (see section 2.9). As the deliverables management needs extra support, we only activate them via this option.

wpsubsection

The wpsubsection option specifies that we want to see subsections headings for the WPs (and WAs, if we have them).

longtasklabels The longtasklabels option specifies that we want to long task labels (i.e. including the WP and possibly WA numbers)

report The report option specifies that we want to use the report.cls class as a basis for proposal

instead of the default article.cls.

keys

The keys option specifies that we want to see the values of various keyval arguments in the

syninfo

The syning option specifies specifies that we want to use the syning package for displaying version control metadata in the document (except when the submit option is also given). For this we need the svninfo metadata line of the form

```
\SVN $Id: proposal.tex 13610 2007-07-11 04:30:16Z kohlhase $
\svnKeyword $HeadURL: https://svn.kwarc.info/../proposal.tex $
```

at the beginning of each file (or in the preamble).

gitinfo

Analogously, the gitinfo option uses the gitinfo2 package for GIT metadata. Note that you will need to install the post-commit hooks in your working copy according to [gitinfo2:on] for this to work.

numericcites public private

The numericcites option changes citations to numeric from the default alphabetic.

Finally, the public option allows to hide certain sensitive (e.g. financial) parts of the proposal. For this, the proposal class provides the private environment. If the option public is set, the parts of the document between \begin{private} and \end{private} do not produce output. This is useful for producing public versions of the proposal that hide confidential parts. Note that both \begin{private} and \end{private} have to be on lines of their own may not have any leading whitespace otherwise an error occurs and LATEX gives error messages that are difficult to comprehend. An alternative way to distinguish private and public sections are to use the \ifpublic conditional: \ifpublic{3}\else{5}\fi will result in "5" in the submitted draft and "3" in the public document.

\ifpublic

2.2Proposal Metadata

proposal

The metadata of the proposal is specified in the proposal environment, which also generates the title page and the first section of the proposal as well as the last pages of the proposal with the signatures, enclosures, and references. The proposal environment should contain all the mandatory parts of the proposal text. The proposal environment uses the following keys to specify metadata.

title

instrument acronym

acrolong start

months since fundsuntil

discipline PΤ EdN:1

site

EdN:2

- title for the proposal title (used on the title page),
- instrument for the instrument of funding that you would like to apply for,
- acronym for the proposal acronym, possibly accompanied by an acrolong that explains it. The acronym will also be used in the page headings.
- start for the start date of the proposed fragment of the project, and months for the length of the proposal in months. Both have to be specified for the proposal class to work.
- If the proposal only concerns a part of a longer-running project, the since key allows to specify the date since when the overall project runs. Finally, the fundsuntil allows to specify a date until which the funds last.
- discipline for the academic discipline and areas for the research areas in that discipline.
- PI to declare the principal investigator. For collaborative proposals we can use the PI key multiple times. ¹
- Many collaborative proposals are shared between two institutions, which we can declare with the site key. As this changes the interface this should not be used for single-institution proposals. We will describe the setup for a single-site proposal below and point out the differences. The example proposal.tex is a two-site proposal.²
- Sometimes it makes sense to document the proposal number in the metadata, e.g. to use the generated metadata file $\langle main \rangle$.pdata for project reports. The proposalnumber can be

If the acronym and acrolong are given, then they automatically define the macros \pn and

 $[\]overline{^{1}{
m EDNote}}$: document the generated keys

²EdNote: document the generated keys

\pnlong

\pnlong which allow to use the project acronym (\underline{p} roject \underline{n} name) and its long version in the text. Note that these macros use \xspace internally, so they do not have to be enclosed in curly braces.

There are two ways of organizing the distribution of personnel resources when developing a proposal. Either the coordinator takes a *top-down approach* where she assigns person months (PM) to the respective site, of she takes a *bottom-up approach*, where the sites "request" personnel resources by marking them up in the CVs of the researchers in the site descriptions. proposal.cls supports both of these. Support for the first is configured via the topdownPM key and for the other via the botupPM key. They add respective lines for planning in the WA/WP figure (see 2.6).

topdownPM botupPM

2.3 Proposal Appearance

EdN:3 compactht EdN:4 The proposal environment takes a second set of keyval arguments that allow to fine-tune the appearance of the proposal document. ³

• If the compactht key is given (it does not need a value), then the header tables⁴ are made compact, i.e. the sites that do not have a contribution to the work package or work area do not get listed. This is useful for proposals with more than 8 partners.

emphbox

The proposal package supplies the emphbox environment to create boxes of emphasized material we want to call attention to.

2.4 The proposal Environment and Title Page

EdN:5

5

2.5 Objectives

objective

The work plan starts with a discussion of objectives, which may be referenced in the text later. The proposal package provides the objective environment that allows to mark up individual objectives. It takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for the objective title, and short for a short title that can be used for referencing when the title is too long. The objectives can be referenced via $OJBref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by their label and via $OJBtref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by label and (short if it was specified) title.

\OBJref \OBJtref

2.6 Work Areas and Work Packages

Grant proposals have another part that is often highly stylized; the work plan. This is usually structured into "work packages" — i.e. work items that address a cohesive aspect of the proposed work. These work packages are usually consecutively numbered, have a title, and an associated effort estimation. As work packages are the "atomic" planning units, they are usually heavily cross-referenced. A well-written proposal usually contains a table giving an overview over the work packages and their efforts and a Gantt chart showing the temporal distribution of the proposed work to allow the reviewers to get a clear picture of the feasibility of the research and development proposed. But this picture is also essential during the development of a proposal (which the proposal package aims to support), when the work packages (and their estimated efforts) usually change considerably. Therefore the proposal class standardizes markup for work packages and automatically computes the work package table (which can be inserted into the table via the \mathbb{wpfig} macro) and the Gantt Chart (see Section 2.12).

\wpfig workplan

To achieve the automation, work plan is marked up by the workplan environment, which sets up various internal counters and bookeeping macros. It contains texts and workpackage environments for the work packages.

workpackage

The purpose of the workpackage environment is to mark up a fragment of text as a work

³EdNote: move the RAM, wpsectionheadings,... options here.

 $^{^4\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ describe them somewhere and reference here

 $^{^5{}m EDNote}$: add documentation

package description and specify the metadata so that it can be used in the work package table and Gantt chart generation. The metadata is specified by the following keys:

• The id kev is used to specify a label for cross-referencing the work package or work area, it must be document-unique.

title short wphases

requires

id

- The title and short keys are used for the work package/group title. The short title is used in tables and should not be longer than 15 characters.
- The wphases key is used according to Section 2.8

• The requires key can be used to mark, up dependencies between tasks. If requires= $\text{taskin}\{\langle rid \rangle\}\{\langle wp \rangle\}$ is given in a task with $id=\langle t \rangle$, then task $\langle rid \rangle$ in work package $\langle wp \rangle$ must be completed for task $\langle t \rangle$ to become possible. This key will draw an arrow into the gantt chart from the end of task $\langle rid \rangle$ to $\langle t \rangle$. Note that dependencies should always point forward in time. Furthermore, note that the fact that dependencies always go from the end of the source to the beginning of the target work phase is intentional, if this does not meet your needs, then you should probably break a work phase into pieces that can be addressed separately.

R.M RAM • In single-site proposals, the RM (and RAM if the RAM option was given) keys are used to specify the estimated efforts to be expended on research and development in this work package. Both are specified in person months. RM is used for "researcher months" (wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter) and RAM for "research assistant months" (wissenschaftliche Hilfskraft).

• In multi-site proposals, the proposal package generates the keys \(\site \) RM (and \(\site \) RAM) *RM where (site) is any site label declared via the site key in the top-level proposal environment. *RAM This can be used to specify the person months that the site spends on this work package (the value for work areas is automatically computed (remember to run LATEX twice for this)).

lead

- In multi-site proposals the lead key specifies the work package or work area lead, the value of this feature should be the short name of the respective partner.
- In multi-site proposals the number of sites can be written as \pdatacount{all}{site}.

swsites

• For work packages with many prospers the swsites key can be given (no value needed) to turn the site names sideways to conserve (horizontal) space.

workarea

It is often useful to group the work packages in a proposal further (especially for larger, collaborative proposals). This can be done via the workarea environment, which groups work packages. This environment takes the same keys as the workpackage environment, except for the efforts, which can be computed automatically from the work packages it groups.

As the author of the proposal class likes more structured proposals, using work areas is the default, but the proposal class can also be used with the noworkareas option for less structured (smaller) proposals.

2.7**Tasks**

tasklist task

In the work packages we can list tasks that need to be undertaken with the tasklist environment. The individual tasks are marked up with the task environment. This takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for a title, and the workphase keys wphases, start, end, and force (see Section 2.8). For planning involvement we can specify the overall person months via the PM key, the task lead via lead, and the partners involved via the partners key. Instead of just listing the partners, we can also specify the contributions of the partners with $RM\langle site \rangle$ and RAM(site) keys. Finally task dependencies can be specified via the requires key.

\taskref

Tasks can be referenced by the \taskref macro that takes two arguments: the work package identifier and the task identifier. As for work packages and work areas, there is a long reference \tasktref variant with work package title: \tasktref. Finally, \localtaskref references a task in the local \localtaskref work package by the identifier in its argument.

2.8 Work Phase Metadata

The task and workpackage allow the wphases key to specify the a list of work phases. The value of this key is comma-separated list of work phase specifications of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle$ or $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$, where $\langle start \rangle$ and $\langle end \rangle$ delimit the run time of the work phase and the optional ! $\langle force \rangle$ specifies the work force, i.e. the intensity of work as a number between 0 and 1. If no force is given, the default is 1. The main reason for specifying this metadata for tasks is to generate a Gantt chart (see Section 2.12).

2.9Milestones and Deliverables

Many proposal formats foresee that project progress will be tracked in the form of milestones – points in the project, where a predefined state of affairs is reached – and deliverables – tangible project outcomes that have to be delivered. Correspondingly, milestones and deliverables have to be specified in the proposal and accounted for in the project reports. To facilitate this the proposal class and its instances provide a simple infrastructure for dealing with milestones and deliverables.

milestones

\milestone

Milestones are usually given in a special table¹, which we markup up with the milestones environment that takes care of initialization and numbering issues. This contains a list of milestone descriptions via the \milestone macro which is invoked as \milestone $[\langle keys \rangle] \{\langle title \rangle\} \{\langle desc \rangle\}$, where $\langle keys \rangle$ supports the keys id for identification month for specifying the milestone date (in months of the project duration). Milestones are numbered with labels whose shape can \milestone@label customized by redefining \milestone@label and referenced by the \mileref{\langle id\rangle} and $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title. $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title. ber of milestones.

wpdelivs wpdeliv

\mileref

\miletref

Deliverables are usually defined as part of the work package descriptions (see Section 2.6) and listed in an overview table in a separate of the proposal. As for the milestones, we use an environment wpdelivs that contains the deliverable descriptions. These are marked up via the environment which takes an optional keyval argument for the deliverable metadata a regular argument for the title and contains the description of the deliverable as the body. For the metadata we have the keys id for the deliverable identifier, due for the target date (a number that denotes the project month), nature and dissem for specifying the deliverable nature and dissemination status (usually as short strings prescribed by the proposal template), and miles for the milestone this deliverable is targeted for (specified by the milestone identifier). For repeating deliverables (e.g. project reports), both due and miles can contain comma-separated lists. The status key gives the status of the deliverable. If it has the value canceled, then the deliverable is grayed out and it is not mentioned in the deliverables table given by \inputdelivs below.

\deliv@label \delivref \delivtref

Deliverables are numbered by labels whose shape can be customized by number, where the shape of the label can be specified by redefining \deliv@label and referenced by \delivref $\{\langle wp \rangle\}$ $\{\langle id \rangle\}$ where $\langle wp \rangle$ is the work package identifier and $\langle id \rangle$ that if the deliverable and $\langle delivtref\{\langle wp \rangle\}\{\langle id \rangle\}$ for a reference with title. \localdelivref can be used to reference deliverables in the same work \localdelivrefpackage. \pdatacount{\lambda} \quad \text{delivs} \text{ gives the number of milestones of the work package \lambda} \quad \text{vp}\rangle \pdatacount{all}{delivs} that of all deliverables (aggregating over all work packages).

\inputdelivs

Some proposal templates ask for an overview table of the deliverables which aggregates the deliverables of the respective work packages and areas ordered by due date. This can be generated with the \inputdelivs macro. This works index generation in LATEX. The wpdeliv environment writes the deliverable data to a file $\langle main \rangle$. delivs, which can be processed externally (usually just sorting with sort in Unix is sufficient) into $\langle main \rangle$. deliverables, which is then input via the \inputdelivs macro. Finally, the issue key can be used to bind the deliverable to an issue identifier in a project management system.

wadelivs wadeliv

In some proposals, also work areas can have deliverables, then the above hold analogously for wpdelivs and wadeliv environments.

Note that handling deliverables adds considerable overhead to proposal formatting and adds auxiliary files, so they are only activated if the deliverables option is given (see Section 2.1).

¹this is the default provided by the base proposal class, it can be specialized for proposal class instances by redefining the @milestones environment and correspondingly the milestone macro.

2.10 Project Data, Referencing, and Hyperlinking

The proposal package extends the hyperlinking provided by the hyperref package it includes to work packages, work areas, Whenever these are defined using the proposal infrastructure, the class saves the relevant information in the auxiliary file $\langle proposal \rangle$. aux. This information can be referenced via the \parable macro, which takes three arguments.

\pdataref

In a reference $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle aspect \rangle}$ the first argument $\langle type \rangle$ specifies the type of the object (currently one of wp, wa, and partner) to be referenced, $\langle id \rangle$ specifies the identifier of the referenced object (it matches the identifier given in the id key of the object), and $\langle aspect \rangle$ specifies the aspect of the saved information that is referenced.

\pdatarefFB

For a work package $\langle aspect \rangle$ can be number, (the work package number), label (the label **WP**n where n is the work package number for referencing), title (the work package title), lead the work package leader, short (a short version of the WP title for tables). For work areas we have the same aspects with analogous meanings. In all cases, the referenced information carries a hyperlink to the referenced object.

\pdataRef \pdataRefFB \pdatacount The \pdataRef and \pdataRefFB macros are variant of \pdataref and \pdataRef that also carry a hyperlink (if the hyperref package is loaded).

The \pdatacount macro gives access to the numbers of certain aspects. For instance, the number of work packages in the proposal can be cited by \pdatacount{all}{wp}, similarly for work areas (if they are enabled), and finally, \pdatacount{ $\langle wa \rangle$ }{wp} gives the number of work packages for a work area $\langle wa \rangle$. This is very useful for talking about work plans in a general way. Other objects that can be counted are deliverables (\pdatacount{all}{deliverables}) and milestones (\pdatacount{all}{milestones}).

Note that since the referenceable information is written into the project data file $\langle proposal \rangle$. pdata file, it is available for forward references. However, it will only become available when the project data file is read, so the proposal has to be formatted twice for references to be correct.

\WPref

Finally, the proposal package supplies specialized reference macros for work packages and areas. The \WPref macro takes a work package identifier as an argument and makes a reference: \WPref{\langle id\rangle} \abbreviates \pdataRef{\wp}{\langle id\rangle} \langle \text{label}. The \WPtref macro is similar, but also prints out the (short) title: \WPref{\langle id\rangle} \abbreviates \pdataRef{\wp}{\langle id\rangle} \langle \text{label}: \pdataRef{\wp}{\langle id\rangle} \text{title}.

\WAref \WAtref Unless the noworkareas macro is set, we also have the variants \WAref and \WAtref for work areas.

2.11 The Work Package Table

\wpfig

One of the most useful features of the proposal class is that we can generate an overview table for the distribution of workloads in the project fully automatically. All it takes is the \mbox{wpfig} macro. We invoke this as $\mbox{wpfig}[\langle opt \rangle]$, where $\langle opt \rangle$ contains the following keywords:

pages makes a column with page numbers of the respective work package/area description.

type makes a column with work package/area types

start, end, and length makes a columns with work package/area start/end months and length (in months).

if caption is given then the table contains an explicatory caption.

label allows to specify a label other than the default fig:wplist.

For instance \wpfig[pages,start,length,caption=Overview of Work Packages] gives a table with columns for page references, duration information, and a special caption.

\wpfigstyle

The general appearance of the table \wpfigstyle macro takes a token sequence to specialize the global appearance (mostly used for text sizes and color) of the work package table. Cell styling can be tweaked by redefining special internal macros; see section ??.

2.12**Gantt Charts**

Gantt charts are used in proposals to show the distribution of activities in work packages over time. A gantt chart is represented by the gantt environment that takes a on optional keyval argument. gantt The keys xscale and yscale are used to specify a scale factors for the chart so that it fits on the xscale page. The step key allows to specify the steps (in months) of the vertical auxiliary lines. Finally, vscale the draft key specifies that plausibility checks (that can be expensive to run) are carried out. step Note that the value does not have to be given, so \begin{gantt}{draft,yscale=.5,step=3} is draft a perfectly good invocation.

\ganttchart

Usually, the gantt environment is not used however, since it is part of the macro that takes the same keys. This generates a whole Gantt chart automatically from the work phase specifications in the work packages. As above we have to run LATEX two times for the work phases to show up.

2.13 Coherence

Many proposals require ways to show coherence between the partners. The proposal class of-\coherencematrfers the macro \coherencematrix for this which generates a matrix of symbols specifying joint publications, project organization, software/resource development, and supervision of students by the project partners that have been declared by the \jointpub, \jointproj, \jointorga \jointpub \jointsoft, and \jointsup macros before. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site \jointsub identifiers as an argument. Use for instance \jointproj{a,b,c} to specify that the sites with \jointorga \jointsoft the identifiers a, b and c have a joint project. \coherencetable is a variant which packages the coherence table in a table figure with label tab:collaboration. \jointsup

\coherencetable The symbols used an be configured by redefining \jpub, \jproj, and \jorga, \jsoft, and \jsup. \jpub

\jproj

\jorga

2.14

\jsoft

\jsup

The proposal class offers some basic support for localization. This is still partial though, and I am not sure that this is the best way of setting things up. What I do is to define macros for all generated texts that can be redefined in the proposal classes that build in proposal. For instance

the dfgproposal class [Kohlhase:pdrp:ctan] provides an option german for german-language proposals and project reports that triggers a redefinition of all of these macros at read time.

2.15**Project Management**

Localization

Much of the metadata that is explicitly represented in proposals written with the proposal class is very useful for project management. For instance, it is possible to use the metadata in the (main).pdata file to generate issues for all the tasks, work packages, and deliverables automatically. The LaTeX-proposal repository [LaTeX-proposal:git] contains an experimental script that automates that. After that, we can cross-reference them using the issue key to get extra mileage⁶

EdN:6

3 Limitations and Enhancements

The proposal is relatively early in its development, and many enhancements are conceivable. We will list them here.

1. macros cannot be used in work package and work area titles. They really mess up our \wpfig automation. The problem is that they are evaluated too early, and our trick with making them undefined while collecting the parts of the table-rows only works if we know which macros we may expect. We might specify all "allowable" macros in an optional key protectmacro, which is defined via

⁶EDNOTE: MK: how to use this?

- 2. It would be great, if in the Gantt Charts, we could include some plausibility checks (for draft = not submit mode). I can see two at the moment:
 - calculating the effort (i.e. the weight of the black area) and visualizing it. Then we could check whether that is larger than the effort declared for the work package.
 - calculating (and visualizing) the monthly effort. That should be kind of even (or it has to be explained in the positions requested).
- 3. we currently do not have a way to relate PIs to sites, but we do not really need to.

If you have other enhancements to propose or feel you can alleviate some limitation, please feel free to contact the author.

Acknowledgements

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4 The Implementation

In this section we describe the implementation of the functionality of the proposal package.

4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization

We first set up the options for the package.

EdN:7

```
1 (*cls | reporting)
2 \newif\if@wpsubsection\@wpsubsectionfalse
3 \newif\ifsubmit\submitfalse
4 \newif\ifgrantagreement\grantagreementfalse
5 \neq 5 
6 \newif\ifkeys\keysfalse
7 \newif\ifdelivs\delivsfalse
8 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
9 \newif\if@RAM\@RAMfalse
10 \newif\if@svninfo\@svninfofalse
11 \newif\if@gitinfo\@gitinfofalse
12 \newif\if@numericcites\@numericcitesfalse
13 \newif\if@longtasklabels\@longtasklabelsfalse
14 \def\proposal@class{article}
15 \DeclareOption{wpsubsection}{\@wpsubsectiontrue}
16 \DeclareOption{submit}{\submittrue}
17 \DeclareOption{grantagreement}{\grantagreementtrue}
18 \DeclareOption{gitinfo}{\@gitinfotrue}
19 \DeclareOption{numericcites}{\@numericcitestrue}
20 \DeclareOption{svninfo}{\@svninfotrue}
21 \DeclareOption{public}{\publictrue}
22 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{pdata}}
23 \DeclareOption{RAM}{\@RAMtrue}
24 \DeclareOption{report}{\def\proposal@class{report}}
25 \DeclareOption{keys}{\keystrue}
26 \DeclareOption{deliverables}{\delivstrue}
27 \DeclareOption{longtasklabels}{\@longtasklabelstrue}
28 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{\proposal@class}}
29 \ProcessOptions
30 \LoadClass[a4paper,twoside]{\proposal@class}
31 \RequirePackage{proposal}
32 (/cls | reporting)
   For proposal.sty we load the packages we make use of
34 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
35 \RequirePackage{wasysym}
36 \RequirePackage{url}
37 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
38 \RequirePackage{colortbl}
39 \RequirePackage[dvipsnames] {xcolor}
40 \RequirePackage{rotating}
41 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
42 \RequirePackage{array}
43 \RequirePackage{xspace}
44 \RequirePackage{comment}
45 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\fi}
46 \RequirePackage{tikz}
```

⁷EdNote: We should probably try to move all the grantagreement stuff into the euproposal class.

```
47 \RequirePackage{paralist}
48 \RequirePackage[a4paper,margin=18mm]{geometry}
49 \RequirePackage{boxedminipage}
50 \% so that ednotes in wps do not run out of symbols
51 \renewcommand{\thempfootnote}{\roman{mpfootnote}}
52 \RequirePackage[T1]{fontenc}
53 \RequirePackage[utf8]{inputenc}
54 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
55 \if@numericcites
58 \RequirePackage[style=alphabetic,hyperref=auto,defernumbers=true,giveninits=true,maxbibnames=9,maxcitenames=
60 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
61 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
in submit mode, we make the links a bit darker, so they print better.
62 \RequirePackage{pdata}
63 \definecolor{darkblue}{rgb}{0,0,.7}
64 \ifsubmit\def\prop@link@color{darkblue}\else\def\prop@link@color{blue}\fi
65 \RequirePackage[bookmarks=true,linkcolor=\prop@link@color,
66 citecolor=\prop@link@color,urlcolor=\prop@link@color,colorlinks=true,
67 breaklinks=true, bookmarksopen=true]{hyperref}
   the ed package [Kohlhase:ed:ctan] is very useful for collaborative writing and passing mes-
sages between collaborators or simply reminding yourself of editing tasks, so we preload it in the
class. However, we only want to show the information in draft mode. Furthermore, we adapt the
options for the svninfo and gitinfo2 packages.
68 \ifsubmit
69 \RequirePackage[hide,marginnote] {ed}
70 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[final,today]{svninfo}\fi
72 \RequirePackage[show,marginnote]{ed}
73 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[eso-foot,today]{svninfo}\fi
74 \if@gitinfo\RequirePackage[mark]{gitinfo2}\fi
76 \renewcommand\ednoteshape{\sl\footnotesize}
We configure the comment package, so that it provides the private environment depending on the
status of the public option.
77 \ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\else\includecomment{private}\fi
   And we set up the appearance of the proposal. We want numbered subsubsections.
78 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{3}
We specify the page headings.
79 \let\prop@gen@acronym\@empty
80 \newif\ifofpage\ofpagefalse
81 \ifgrantagreement
82 \fancyhead{}
83 \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{Opt}
84 \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0.4pt}
86 \fancyhead[RE,L0]{\ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else\prop@gen@acronym\fi}
87 \fancyhfoffset{0pt}
88 \fi
89 \fancyfoot[C]{}
90 \newcommand\prop@of@pages[2]{page~#1\ifofpage~of~#2\fi}
```

private

91 \ifgrantagreement

```
92 \fancyfoot[L]{\prop@gen@proposalnumber%
93 \ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else\quad \prop@gen@acronym\fi\quad --\quad Part B}
94 \fancyfoot[R]{\thepage}
95 \else
96 \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\prop@of@pages\thepage{\pdataref@num{prop}{page}{last}}}
97 \fi
98 \pagestyle{fancyplain}
99 \( /\sty \)
```

4.2 Proposal Metadata

Most of the metadata functionality is encapsulated into the pdata package, which is shared by the proposal and report classes. pdata.sty first supplies the Euro symbol.

```
100 \langle *pdata \rangle
101 \RequirePackage{eurosym}
```

We define the keys for metadata declarations in the proposal environment, they park their argument in an internal macro for use in the title page. The site key is the most complicated, so we take care of it first: We need a switch \if@sites that is set to true when the site key is used. Furthermore $site=\langle site \rangle$ makes new keys $\langle site \rangle$ RM and $\langle site \rangle$ RAM (if the RAM option was set) for the workpackage environment and records the sites in the \prop@gen@sites token register.

```
102 \newif\if@sites\@sitesfalse\let\prop@gen@sites=\relax%
103 \newcounter{@site}%
104 \define@key{prop@gen}{site}{\@sitestrue\@dmp{site=#1}%
105 \stepcounter{@site}\pdata@def{site}{#1}{number}{\the@site}%
106 \end{fine} \end{
107 \end{fine} \end{
108 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1country}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{country}{##1}}
109 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1countryshort}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{countryshort}{##1}}
110 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1streetaddress}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{streetaddress}{##1}}
111 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1townzip}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{townzip}{##1}}
\label{limit} $$112 \end{fine} \end{fine} $$112 \end{fine} \end{fine} $$112 \end{fine} $$
113 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{\#1logo}{\pdata@def{site}{\#1}{logo}{\#11}}}
\label{limits} $$114 \efine@key{prop@gen}{\#1type}{\pdata@def{site}{\#1}{type}{\#1}}$
115 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}}\
116 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1RM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRM}{##1}}%
117 \if@RAM\define@key{prop@gen}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRAM}{##1}}\fi
118 \end{area} $$118 \end{area} {\#1RM}_{\pdata@def\wp@id{\#1}_{RM}_{\#1}}% $$
119 \if@RAM\define@key{workpackage}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def\wp@id{#1}{RAM}{##1}}\fi
120 \end{area} $$120 \end{area} {\#1RM}_{\pdata@def{\wp@id @\hat{\pi}1}_{RM}_{\#1}}% $$
\label{limited} $$121 \left(\frac{4+1}{RAM}_{4+1}\right)^{12} \left(\frac{4+1}{RAM}_{4+1}\right)^{1
\label{localization} 122 \end{2} \end{2} {\bf \{\#1\}} \end{2} {\bf \{\#1\}} \end{2} \end{2} 
123 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1employed}{{\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let%
124 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@employed@lines}%
125 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\pdataref{site}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline\hline}}%
126 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\prop@gen@employed@lines\ \pdataref{site}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline
    If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research
```

If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research (assistant months). Unfortunately, we cannot just include this in the \ifCsites conditional here, since that is only set at runtime.

```
127 \define@key{prop@gen}{RM}{\@dmp{RM=#1}\if@sites%
128 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RM key in the presence of sites}\else%
129 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RM}{#1}\fi}
130 \define@key{prop@gen}{RAM}{\@dmp{RAM=#1}\if@sites%
131 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RAM key in the presence of sites}\else%
132 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RAM}{#1}\fi}
similarly, the PI keys are registered in \prop@gen@PIs.
```

```
133 \define@key{prop@gen}{PI}{\@dmp{PI=#1}%
                     135 \end{fine} $$ \end{fine} end{fine} end{f
                     \label{limiting} 136 \end{fine} $$ 136 \end{fine} $$ pop(gen){\#11}filiation}{\parbox{$\mu$1}}% $$
                     137 \define@key{prop@gen}{\#1dept}{\pdata@def{PI}{\#1}{dept}{\##1}}%
                     138 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{#1}}}\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{\prop@gen@PIs,#1}}}
                       and the pubspage keys in \prop@gen@pubspages.
                     139 \define@key{prop@gen}{pubspage}{\@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}%
                     140 {\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{#1}}}{\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{\prop@gen@pubspages,#1}}}
                       the importfrom key reads the proposal data from its argument.
                     141 \define@key{prop@gen}{importfrom}{\message{importing proposal data from #1.pdata}\readpdata{#1}}
                       The rest of the keys just store their value.
                     143 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{instrument}{#1}\@dmp{inst=#1}}
                     144 \define@key{prop@gen}{title}{\def\prop@gen@title{#1}%
                     145 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{title}{#1}}
                     146 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$1$}}} acronym} {\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$1$}}}} {\ensuremath{\mbox{$0$}}} acronym {\ensuremath{\mbox{$1$}}} \%
                     147 \quad \texttt{pdata@def\{prop}\{gen\}\{acronym\}\{\#1\}\\ \texttt{dmp}\{acro=\#1\}\}
                     148 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{acrolong}{\end{fine@key{prop@gen@acrolong{\#1}\%}}}
                     149 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acrolong}{#1}}
                     150 \define@key{prop@gen}{proposalnumber}{\def\prop@gen@proposalnumber{#1}%
                     151 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{proposalnumber}{\#1}}
                     152 \end{fine} \end{
                     153 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{discipline}{#1}}
                     154 \define@key{prop@gen}{areas}{\def\prop@gen@areas{#1}%
                     155 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{areas}{#1}}
                     156 \define@key{prop@gen}{start}{\def\prop@gen@start{#1}%
                     157 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{start}{#1}}
                     158 \define@key{prop@gen}{months}{\def\prop@gen@months{#1}%
                     159 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{months}{#1}}
                     161 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{since}{#1}}
                     162 \define@key{prop@gen}{totalduration}{\def\prop@gen@totalduration{#1}%
                     163 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{totalduration}{#1}}
                     164 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{fundsuntil}{\end{fundsuntil}{\#1}\%} \label{fine@key{prop@gen@fundsuntil}{\#1}\%}
                     165 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{fundsuntil}{#1}}
                     166 \define@key{prop@gen}{topdownPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@topdownPM{#1}}
                     167 \define@key{prop@gen}{botupPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@botupPM{#1}}
                     168 \define@key{prop@gen}{keywords}{\def\prop@gen@keywords{#1}}
                       and the default values, these will be used, if the author does not specify something better.
                     169 \newcommand\prop@gen@acro@default{ACRONYM}
                     170 \def\prop@gen@acro{\prop@gen@acro@default}
                     171 \newcommand\prop@gen@months@default{???months???}
                     172 \def\prop@gen@months{\prop@gen@months@default}
                     173 \newcommand\prop@gen@title@default{???Proposal Title???}
                     174 \def\prop@gen@title{\prop@gen@title@default}
                     175 \newcommand\prop@gen@instrument@default{??? Instrument ???}
                     176 \def\prop@gen@instrument{\prop@gen@instrument@default}
\prop@tl An auxiliary macro that is handy for making tables of metadata.
                     177 \newcommand\prop@tl[2]{\xdef\tab@line{}
                     178 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt line}{$\tt tab@line{\tt tab@line\&\#2}}}
                     179 \tab@line}
```

Proposal Appearance 4.3

```
We define the keys for the proposal appearance
                                                                                       180 \def\prop@gen@compactht{false}
                                                                                     181 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                                     182 (/pdata)
emphbox
                                                                                     183 (*sty)
                                                                                     184 \newmdenv[settings=\large]{emphbox}
```

The proposal Environment and Title Page

prop@proposal

This internal environment is called in the proposal environment from the proposal class. The implementation here is only a stub to be substituted in a specialized class.

```
185 \newenvironment{prop@proposal}
186 {\thispagestyle{empty}%
187 \begin{center}
                {\LARGE \prop@gen@instrument}\\[.2cm]
188
                {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
189
                \label{large Acronym: $$ \operatorname{\conym}} \ (\.2cm) find the convergence of the convex of 
190
                 {\langle \langle \rangle \rangle } 
191
                 \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
192
                        \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{name}}\\
193
                        \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{affiliation}}\\
194
                        \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{dept}}\\
195
            \end{tabular}\
196
197 \end{center}
198 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
  Now we come to the end of the environment:
199 {\section{List of Attachments}
200 \begin{itemize}
201 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
202 \item Curriculum Vitae and list of publications for
              \pdataref{PI\@I}{title} \pdataref{PI}\@I{name}}
204 \end{itemize}\newpage
205 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]}
```

proposal The proposal environment reads the metadata keys defined above, and if there were no site keys, then it defines keys RM and RAM (if the RAM package option was given) for the workpackage environment. Also it reads the project data file and opens up the project data file \pdata@out, which it also closes at the end.

The environment calls an internal version of the environment prop@proposal that can be customized by the specializing classes.

```
206 \newenvironment{proposal}[1][]{\readpdata\jobname
207 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}
208 \pdata@open\jobname
209 \if@sites\else
210 \end{fine} \end{
211 \if@RAM\define@key{workpackage}{RAM}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RAM}{##1}\@dmp{RAM=##1}}\fi
212 \define@key{task}{RM}{\pdata@def{task}{\wp@id @\task@id}{RM}{##1}\@dmp{RM=##1}}
213 \if@RAM\define@key{task}{RAM}{\pdata@def{wp}{\wp@id @\task@id}{RAM}{##1}\@dmp{RAM=##1}}\fi
214 \fi
215 \newcounter{@PIs}
216 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}
217 \newcounter{@sites}
218 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}
```

```
219 \pdata@def{all}{site}{ids}{\prop@gen@sites}%
            220 \pdata@def{all}{site}{count}{\the@site}}
            221 \setcounter{page}{0}
            222 \begin{prop@proposal}}
             Now we come to the end of the environment, we take care of the last page and print the references.
            223 {\end{prop@proposal}
            224 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse%
            225 \pdata@close}
            226 (/sty)
                The report environment is similar, but somewhat simpler
     report
            227 (*reporting)
            228 \newif\if@report\@reportfalse
            229 \newenvironment{report}[1][]%
            230 {\@reporttrue\readpdata\jobname%
            231 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}%
            232 \pdata@open\jobname%
            233 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\newcounter{@PIs}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}%
            234 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\newcounter{@sites}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}%
            235 \setcounter{page}{0}%
            236 \begin{prop@report}}
            237 {\end{prop@report}%
            238 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse\newpage
            239 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]
            240 \pdata@close}
prop@report
            241 \newenvironment{prop@report}
            242 {\begin{center}
            243 {\LARGE Final Project Report}\\[.2cm]
                 {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
            244
                 \ifx\prop@gen@acronym\@empty\else{\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]\fi
                  {\large\today}\\[1em]
            246
            247
                  \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
            248
                    \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{name}}\\
            249
                    \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{affiliation}}\\
            250
                    \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\pdataref{PI}\tl@ext{dept}}\\
            251 \end{tabular}\[2cm]
            252 \end{center}
            253 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
            254 {}
            255 (/reporting)
     \site*
            256 (*sty)
            257 \newcommand\site[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\textbf{\pdataref{site}{#1}{acronym}}}}
            258 \newcommand\sitename[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\textbf{\pdataref{site}{#1}{name}}}}
                    Objectives
             4.5
             We first define a presentation macro for objectives
```

259 \newcommand\objective@label[1]{0#1}

\objective@label

```
We define the keys for the objectives environment
                           260 \define@key{obj}{id}{\def \obj@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                           261 \define@key{obj}{title}{\def\obj@title{#1}}
                           262 \define@key{obj}{short}{\def\obj@short{#1}\@dmp{short=#1}}
                             And a counter for numbering objectives
                           263 \newcounter{objective}
objective
                           264 \newenvironment{objective}[1][]
                           265 {\let\obj@id\relax\let\obj@title\relax\let\obj@short\relax%
                           266 \setkeys{obj}{#1}\stepcounter{objective}%
                           267 \goodbreak\smallskip\par\noindent%
                           268 \textbf{\objective@label{\arabic{objective}}:%
                           269 ~\pdata@target{obj}{\obj@id}{\pdataref{obj}{\obj@id}{title}}\ignorespaces}%
                           270 \pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{label}{\objective@label\theobjective}%
                           271 \@ifundefined{obj@title}{}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{title}\obj@title}%
                           272 \@ifundefined{obj@short}{}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{short}\obj@short}}
                           273 {}
     \OBJref
                           274 \ensuremath{\tt Newcommand}\\ OBJref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{\#1}{label}}
                           275 \newcommand\OBJtref[1]{\OBJref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{obj}{#1}{short}{title}}
                             4.6
                                              Work Areas and Work Packages
                             We first define keys for work areas (if we are in larger project).
                           276 \ifwork@areas
                           277 \end{area} id} {\end{area} id} {\end{are
                           278 \define@key{workarea}{title}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{title}{#1}}
                           279 \define@key{workarea}{short}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{short}{#1}}
                           280 \define@key{workarea}{lead}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{lead}{#1}}
                           281 \fi
                             work packages have similar ones.
                           282 \define@key{workpackage}{id}{\def\wp@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                           283 \define@key{workpackage}{title}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{title}{#1}}
                           284 \define@key{workpackage}{short}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{short}{#1}}
                           285 \end{20} \label{lead} $$ \end{20} {\end{4}} \end{4} \end
                           286 \define@key{workpackage}{type}{\def\wp@type{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}{#1}}
                           287 \ define@key\{workpackage\}\{status\}\{def\ wp\ status\{\#1\}\ pdata\ def\{wp\}\ wp\ d\{status\}\{\#1\}\}\}
                           288 \ define@key{workpackage}{wphases}{def\wp@wphases{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{wphases}{#1}}
                           289 \define@key{workpackage}{swsites}[true]{\def\wp@swsites{#1}}
                             We define the constructors for the work package and work area labels and titles.
                           290 \newcommand\wp@mk@title[1]{Work Package {#1}}
                           291 \newcommand\wp@label[1]{WP{#1}}
                           292 \ifwork@areas
                           293 \mbox{newcommand}\mbox{wa@label[1]{WA{#1}}}
                           294 \newcommand\wa@mk@title[1]{Work Area {#1}}
                           295 \fi
                             The wa and wp counters are for the work packages and work areas, the counter deliv for deliver-
                           296 \ifwork@areas\newcounter{wa}\newcounter{wp}[wa]\else\newcounter{wp}\fi
                           297 \ifdelivs\newcounter{deliv}[wp]\fi
                           298 \newcounter{allwp}
```

update the list \@wps of the work packages in the local group and the list \@was work areas for the staff efforts table: if \@wps is undefined, then initialize the comma-separated list, otherwise extend it.8 EdN:8 $300 \newcommand \update@tasks[1]{\cifundefined{@tasks}{\xdef\cifutasks{#1}}}\\$ $301 \newcommand \update @deps [1] {\circle fined $\{task@deps $\{task $\{task@deps $\{task $\{$ $302 \ f(\c) {\c} \ 302 \ f(\c) {\c} \ (\c) {\c} \ (\c) \$ \decode@wphase \wphase@start, \wphase@end, and \wphase@force with the three parts and also computes \wphase@len. The intermediate parsing macro \decode@p@start parses out the start (a number), and passes on to \decode@p@end, which passes out the end (another number) and the force string, which is either empty (if the $!\langle force \rangle$ part is omitted) or of the form $!\langle force \rangle$. In the first case the default value 1 is returned for \decode@force in the second \(\frac{force}{\). 303 \newcommand \decode@wphase [1] {\expandafter \decode@p@start#10% 305 \def\wphase@len{\the\local@count}} $306 \end{area} $$ \end{area} $$ \end{area} $$ \end{area} $$ $$ \end{area} $$ \end{area} $$ \end{area} $$ $$ \e$ $307 \def\decode@p@end#1!#2@{\def\wphase@end{#1}\def\@test{#2}%$ 309 \def\decode@p@force#1!{\def\wphase@force{#1}} We first iteratively decode the work phases, so that the last definition of \wphase@end remains, \startend@wphases then we parse out the start of the first workphase to define \wphase@start 310 \def\wphases@start#1-#2@{\def\wphase@start{#1}} 311 \newcommand\startend@wphases[1]{\def\@test{#1} $312 \left(\frac{0}{\det \psi \right)} \$ 313 \Ofor\OI:=#1\do{\expandafter\decodeOpOstart\OI O} 314 \expandafter\wphases@start#1@\fi} with these it is now relatively simple to define the interface macros. The workpackage environment collects the keywords, steps the counters, writes the metadata to work@package the aux file, updates the work packages in the local group, generates the work package number \wp@num. 315 \newcounter{wp@RM} 316 \if@RAM\newcounter{wp@RAM}\fi 317 \newenvironment{work@package}[1][]% 318 {\def\wp@wphases{0-0}% default values 319 \def\wp@swsites{false} 320 \setkeys{workpackage}{#1}\stepcounter{wp}\stepcounter{allwp}% 321 \pdata@target{wp}{\wp@id}{}% 322 \startend@wphases\wp@wphases% $323 \pdata@def\{wp}\wp@id\{start\}\wphase@start\pdata@def\{wp}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\wp$ $324 \end{fined{wp@type}{}} \end{fined{wp@type}{}} \end{fined{wp@type}} \end{fined{wp@type}}$ 325 \let\@tasks=\relax% $326 \edgn {\inverse}\%$ 327 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{label}{\wp@label\wp@num}% 328 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{number}{\thewp}% $329 \def{wp}\wp@id{page}{\thepage}%$ 330 \update@wps\wp@id%

331 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%

332 $\displaystyle \frac{(wp){\langle wp@id}{num}{\langle thewp}}$

 $^{^8{}m EDNOTE}$: with the current architecture, we cannot have work areas that do not contain work packages, this leads to the error that wps is undefined in endworkplan

```
If we have sites, we have to compute the total RM and RAM for this WP.
                                                333 \if@sites%
                                                334 \setcounter{wp@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wp@RAM}{0}\fi%
                                                335 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                336 \edef\encounter{wp@RM}{\edef\encounter{wp@RM}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}{\encounter{wp@RM}}
                                                337 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RAM}}\addtocounter{wp@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                                                338 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RM}{\thewp@RM}%
                                                339 \if@RAM\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RAM}{\thewp@RAM}\fi%
                                                340 \fi% if@sites
                                                341 \ifx\wp@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi}
                                                With this, it becomes simple to define a work package environment. We consider two cases, if
               workpackage
                                                  we have sites, then we make a header table. If not, we can make things much simpler: we just
                                                  generate a subsection
                                                343 \newenvironment{workpackage}[1][]%
                                                344 {\begin{work@package}[#1]%
                                                345 \ifgrantagreement\else%
                                                346 %\ifQwpsubsection\subsubsection*{{\wpQmkQtitle\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wpQid{title}}\fi
                                                347 \if@sites\goodbreak\medskip\wpheadertable%
                                                348 \else\subsubsection*{{\wptitle} (\wprm)}\fi%
                                                349 \addcontentsline{toc}{paragraph}{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}}%
                                                350 \noindent\ignorespaces%
                                                352 \ifx\wp@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi}
                                               353 {\end{work@package}}
             EdN_{\Theta}ptitle
                                                354 \newcommand\wptitle{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}
                                                  10
             EdN:10\wprm
                                                $355 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\pm m} \ RM+\ RM+\ RM^{\pm m} \ RAM\ RAM\ RM^{\pm m} \ RAM\ RM^{\pm m} \ RAM\ RM^{\pm m} \ RAM\ RM^{\pm m} \ RAM \ RM^{\pm m} \ RM^
@site@contributes
                                                Called as if@site@contributes{\langle site \rangle}{\langle tokens \rangle} the following happens: If prop@gen@compactht
                                                  is \@true (set by the compactht attribute on the proposal environment), then \langle tokens \rangle is pro-
                                                  cessed. Otherwise, \langle tokens \rangle is only processed if \langle site \rangle contributes to the current work package (i.e.
                                                  the RM \neq 0 and RAM \neq 0)
                                                356 \newcount\site@contribution%
                                                357 \newcommand\if@site@contributes[2]{%
                                                358 \ifx\prop@gen@compactht\@true
                                                359 \if@RAM\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 \ifnum \pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RAM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                                                360 \else\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                                                361 \leq #2 \leq 
                                                          The following macro computes the sites line (in the token register \wp@sites@line), the efforts
             \wp@sites@line
             \wp@efforts@lihae (in \wp@efforts@line), and the sites number (in the counter \sites@num) for later inclusion
             \wp@sites@num in the \wpheadertable. If \prop@gen@compactht is \@true, then no sites without contributions
                                                  are listed in the table.
                                                362 \newcounter{wp@sites@num}
                                                363 \newcommand\wp@sites@efforts@lines{%
                                                364 \setcounter{wp@sites@num}{0}
                                                365 {\let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\@sw\relax%
                                                366 \let\site\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\sum@style\relax\let\lead@style\relax%
                                                367 \let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
```

⁹EdNote: document above ¹⁰EdNote: document above

```
369 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\if@site@contributes\@site{\stepcounter{wp@sites@num}}%
                                     370 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line%
                                     371 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                     372 \ifx\wp@swsites\@true%
                                     373 \@sw{\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi}%
                                     374 \else\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi%
                                     375 \fi}}%
                                     376 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line%
                                     377 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                     378 \ifx\@site\wp@lead%
                                     379 \lead@style{\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi}
                                     380 \else\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi\fi}}%
                                     381 }% do
                                     382 \end{all} \% would be a sum of the content of 
                                     383 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line&
                                     \wpheadertable This macro computes the default work package header table, if there are sites.
                                     385 \newcommand\wpheadertable{%
                                     386 \wp@sites@efforts@lines%
                                     387 \par\\noindent\begin{tabular}{||||||*{\leftarrow Qsites@num}{c|}|c|}\hline{monopolicy} \\
                                     388 \textbf{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}}&\wp@sites@line\\\hline%
                                     390 \end{tabular}\smallskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces}
                                       and now multilinguality support
                                     391 \newcommand\wp@legend@site{Site}
                                     392 \end{effort} {\tt Effort if @RAM{ (RM+RAM)} fi}
                                     393 \newcommand\wp@legend@all{\textbf{all}}
              workarea the workarea environment for work areas is almost the same, but we also have to initialize the
                                       work package counters. Also, the efforts can be computed from the work packages in this group
                                        via the wa@effort counter
                                     394 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}\hline \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}}\hline \ensuremath{\mbox{$\sim$}}\hline \ensuremath{\mbox
                                     395 \ifwork@areas
                                     396 \newcounter{wa@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{wa@RAM}\fi\newcounter{wa@wps}
                                     397 \newenvironment{workarea}[1][]
                                     398 {\setkeys{workarea}{#1}
                                     399 \let\@wps=\relax
                                     400 \stepcounter{wa}
                                     401 \del{wa@label\thewa} 
                                     402 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{number}{\thewa}
                                     403 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{page}{\thepage}
                                     404 \update@was{\wa@id}
                                     405 \del{wa}{\wa@id}{\num}{\thewa}
                                     406 \setcounter{wa@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wa@RAM}{0}\fi\setcounter{wa@wps}{0}
                                     407 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@aux\wa@id{wp}{ids}}
                                     408 \@for\@wp:=\@@wps\do{\stepcounter{wa@wps}%
                                     409 \if@sites
                                     410 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                  \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RM}}}
                                                  \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RAM}}\fi
                                     412
                                                  \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                                     413
                                                 \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                                     414
                                     415 \else
                                     416 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RM}}
                                     417 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RAM}}\fi
                                     418 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
```

368 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@legend@site}\xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@legend@effort}%initialize lines

```
419 \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\GRAM}\fi
                                                                421 \ \del{RM} \thewa@RM
                                                                422 \def{prop}{all}{RM}\theprop@RM
                                                                423 \if@RAM
                                                                424 \d {RAM} \times 014 \RMM
                                                                425 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RAM}\theprop@RAM
                                                                429 \ignorespaces}
                                                                430 $$ \odo {\odo }\odo {\odo {\odo {\odo }\odo {\odo {\od
workplan The workplan environment sets up the accumulator macros \@wps, \@was, for the collecting the
                                                                      identifiers of work packages and work areas. At the end of the workplan description it writes out
                                                                      their content to the aux file for reference.
                                                                431 \ifdelivs\newwrite\wpg@delivs\fi
                                                                432 \newenvironment{workplan}%
                                                                433 {\ifdelivs\immediate\openout\wpg@delivs=\jobname.delivs\fi
                                                                434 \ifwork@areas\let\@was=\relax\else\let\@wps=\relax\fi}%
                                                                435 \\ \end{task@deps}{} 
                                                                436 \pdata@def{all}{task}{count}{\thealltasks}
                                                                437 \ifwork@areas
                                                                438 \end{2} as $$ \end{2} \e
                                                                440 \end{cons} {\pdata@def{all}{wp}{ids}\end{cons}} \label{constraint} $$ \pdata@def{all}{wp}{ids}\end{constraint} $$ \pdata@def{all}{wp}{ids}\end{const
                                                                441 \fi
                                                                442 \ifdelivs\edef\mile@stones{\pdataref@safe{all}{mile}{ids}}
                                                                443 \@for\@I:=\mile@stones\do{%
                                                                                                   \message{milestone: \@I, delivs: \csname\@I delivs\endcsname}
                                                                                                    446 \ifwork@areas\pdata@def{all}{wa}{count}{\thewa}\fi
                                                                447 \pdata@def{all}{wp}{count}{\theallwp}
                                                                448 \ifdelivs
                                                                449 \pdata@def{all}{deliverables}{count}{\thedeliverable}
                                                                450 \pdata@def{all}{milestones}{count}{\themilestone}
                                                                451 \fi
                                                                452 \ifdelivs\closeout\wpg@delivs\fi}
                                                                       4.7
                                                                                                                    Tasks
tasklist
                                                                453 \newenvironment{tasklist}
                                                                454 {\smallskip\begin{compactenum}}{\end{compactenum}\smallskip}
                                                                                            The next step is to define task labels
                                                                455 \newcommand\task@@label[1]{\textbf{T#1}}
                                                                456 \ifwork@areas
                                                                457 \mbox{ } \mbox{
                                                                459 \mbox{ } \mbox{mewcommand} \mbox{ } \mbox{
                                                                      We define the keys for the task macro
                                                                461 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                463 \define@key{task}{requires}{\@requires\task@id{#1}\@dmp{req=#1}}
```

464 \define@key{task}{title}{\def\task@title{#1}}

```
465 \ensuremath{\def \task@lead{\#1}}
                                  466 \define@key{task}{partners}{\def\task@partners{#1}}
                                  467 \end{fine} \end{
                                  468 \define@key{task}{issue}{\def\task@issue{#1}}
                                  469 \define@key{task}{status}{\def\task@status{#1}}
                                  470 \def\@@status@canceled{canceled}
                                  471 \newif\if@taskshowwps\@taskshowwpsfalse
                                  472 \det \text{task@set#1{\edef\task@id{task\thetask@all}}}
                                  473 \def\task@phases{0-0}\def\task@partners{}\def\task@lead{}\def\task@PM{}\def\task@title{}}
                                  474 \text{setkeys}{task}{\#1}}
OpostOtitleOspace make the space after the title tweakable
                                  475 \def\task@post@title@space{\;}
                        task The task environment. We first set up config stuff
                                  476 \newcounter{alltasks}
                                  477 \if@taskshowwps\else\def\task@post@title@space{}\fi
                                  478 \newcommand\task@legend@partners{Sites: }
                                  479 \newcommand\task@legend@PM{PM}
                                    now comes the environment proper. We first call \@task on the keyval argument to do the
                                    metadata handling. Then we start formatting the task as an item in the description list from
                                    the tasklist environment, and print the title if there is one
                                  480 \newenvironment{task}[1][]%
                                  481 {\stepcounter{alltasks}%
                                  482 \@task{#1}%
                                  483 \ifx\task@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi
                                  484 \item[\pdata@target{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}%
                                  485 {\if@longtasklabels%
                                  486 \ if work@areas \ task@label \ thewa \ thewp \ the task@wp \ lse \ task@label \ thewp \ fi\% \ estimate \ task@wp \ fi\% \ estimate \ task@wp \ fi\% \ estimate \ task@wp \ fi\% \ estimate \ fi
                                  487 \else\task@@label\thetask@wp\fi}]%
                                  488 \verb|\textbf\task@title\task@post@title@space%|
                                   now we decode and show the work phases on the task, if they have been specified.
                                  489 \if@taskshowwps
                                  490 \ensuremath{ \mbox{\sc def}\mbox{\sc dinitial} \{0\mbox{-}0\}\%}
                                  491 \ifx\task@wphases\@initial\else%
                                  492 \let\@@sep=\relax\@for\@I:=\task@wphases%
                                  493 \do{\decode@wphase\@I%
                                  494 \@@sep\show@wphase\wphase@start\wphase@end\wphase@force%
                                  495 \let\@@sep=\sep@wphases}%
                                  496 \fi% initial
                                  497 \fi% \if@taskshowwps
                                   in non-submit mode we give the specified PM for cross-checking
                                  498 \ifsubmit\else\ifx\task@PM\@empty\else; \task@PM~\task@legend@PM\fi\fi%
                                    and we list the partners who contribute if they are specified.
                                  499 \if@sites%
                                  500 \ifx\task@title\empty\else;\ fi\% deal with spaces and separator
                                  501 \ifx\task@lead\@empty\else\ \task@legend@partners\site\task@lead~(\legend@lead)%
                                  502 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 0}} :=\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 0}} \%
                                  503 \fi% if@sites
                                   if there are no partners, then we show the RM/RAM contributions specified (if any)
                                  504 \ifx\task@partners\@empty
                                  505 \xdef\@@involvement{}\xdef\@@inv{}%
                                  506 \deliminstarrow 100 \def\mesep{}% do not show the sep the first time around
                                  507 \edef\@@sites{\prop@gen@sites}%
                                  508 {\let\site\relax% to render it insert here
```

```
509 \ensuremath{\texttt{O}}for\@site:=\@@sites\do{%
                              510 \edgn(\pdataref@safe{\wp@id @\task@id}\@site{RM}}%
                              511 \ifx\0@RM\empty\else\xdef\@0inv{showit}\%
                              512 \xdef\@@involvement{\@@involvement% and
                              513 \m@sep\site{\@site}: \@@RM\if@RAM\ifx\@@RAM\@empty\else/\@@RM\fi\fi}
                              514 \left( \frac{m@sep=0@sep\%}{but} \right) but the second time show it.
                              515 \fi}}% \@@RM empty
                              516 \ifx\@@inv\@empty\else(RM{\if@RAM/RAM\fi} distribution: \@@involvement)\strut\\fi
                              517 \fi% no partners key
                              518 \fi% sites
                                finally, we ignore any spaces that may follow the task environment
                              519 \ignorespaces}
                              520 {\smallskip}
                                now the multilingual support and presentation configuration
                              521 \newcommand\month@label[1]{M#1}
                              522 \mbox{ } \mbox{0} \mbox{
                              523 \month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}%
                              524 \ifx\@test\@empty\else\ifx\@test\@one\else @#3\fi\fi}
                              525 \newcommand\sep@wphases{; }
                              526 \newcommand\legend@partners{Partners}
                              527 \newcommand\legend@lead{lead}
                              528 \newcommand\task@label@long{Task}
           \Otask The \Otask macro is a internal macro which takes a bunch of keyword keys and writes their values
                                to the aux file.
                              529 \newcounter{task@all}\newcounter{task@wp}[wp]
                              530 \newcount\task@@end
                              531 \end{center} $$11\end{center} \
                              532 \task@set{#1}%
                              533 \qdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{title}{\task@title}
                              534 \q {task}{\task@id\wp@id}{lead}{\task@lead}
                              535 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{partners}{\task@partners}
                              536 \q task {\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{PM}{\task@PM}
                              537 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{wphases}{\task@wphases}
                              538 \@ifundefined{task@issue}{}
                              539 {\def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{issue}{\task@issue}} \%
                              540 \ifwork@areas
                              541 \d {task}{\hat{task}in\task@id\wp@id}{label}{\hat{task}label\thewa\thewp\thetask@wp}}
                              542 \else
                              543 \Rightarrow \{ task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{\label}{\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp}, $$
                              544 \fi
                              545 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{locallabel}{\task@@label\thetask@wp}% Algebraichter (algebraichter) (algebraichter (algebraichter)) (algebraichter) (algebraicht
                              546 \def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{number}{\thetask@wp}\%
                              547 \del{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{page}{\thepage}%
                              548 \update@tasks{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}}
                                4.8
                                                 Work Phase Metadata
\workphase
                              549 \newcommand\workphase[1]{\PackageError{proposal}
                                          {The \protect\workphase macro is deprecated,\MessageBreak
                              550
                                                use the attributes wphase on the workpackage environment instead!}}
                              551
\*task*ref
                              552 \newcommand\taskin[2]{#20#1}
                              553 \newcommand\taskref[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#10#2}{label}}
```

```
554 \newcommand\tasktref[2]{\taskref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{task}{#10#2}{short}{title}}
             555 \newcommand\localtaskref[1]{\pdataRef{task}{\wp@id @#1}{locallabel}}
             556 \newcommand\localtasktref[2]{\localtaskref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{task}{\wp@id @#1}{short}{title}}
              now we initialize experimental infrastructure for task dependencies (not very well used/tested)
             557 \newcounter{gantt@deps}
             558 \def\@requires#1#2{\stepcounter{gantt@deps}%
             559 \edef\dep@id{taskdep\thegantt@deps}%
             560 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{from}{\taskin{#1}\wp@id}%
             561 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{to}{#2}%
             562 \update@deps\dep@id}
                     Milestones and Deliverables
              4.9
              this macro raises an error if deliverable commands are used without the deliverables option
 deliv@error
              being set.
             563 \newcommand\deliv@error{\PackageError{proposal}
             564 {To use use deliverables, you have to specify the option 'deliverables'}}
    wpdelivs
             565 \newenvironment{wpdelivs}{\begin{wp@delivs}}{\end{wp@delivs}}
   wp@delivs
             566 \newenvironment{wp@delivs}
             567 {\ifdelivs\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]%
             568 \begin{compactdesc}\else\deliv@error\fi}
             569 {\ifdelivs\end{compactdesc}\fi}
              and now multilinguality support
             570 \newcommand\deliv@legend@delivs{Deliverables}
   \wadelivs
             571 \newenvironment{wadelivs}
             572 {\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]\begin{wp@delivs}}
             573 {\end{wp@delivs}}
        \lectric This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
              one if there is not enough space.
             574 \newcommand\lec[1]{\strut\hfil\strut\null\nobreak\hfill\hbox{$\leadsto$#1}\par}
\deliv@label
             575 \newcommand\deliv@label[1]{D{#1}}
 \*deliv*ref
             576 \end{delivref[2]{\end{deliv}{\#10\#2}{label}}}
             577 \newcommand\localdelivref[1]{\delivref{\wp@id}{#1}}
             578 \newcommand\delivtref[2]{\delivref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{deliv}{#10#2}{short}{title}}
             579 \label{localdelivtref} $$13 \end{\collabel{localdelivtref} $$1$ \end{\collabel{localdelivtref} $$1$ \end{\collabel{localdelivtref} } $$
  \wpg@deliv We first define the keys
             580 \define@key{deliv}{id}{\def\deliv@id{#1}}
             581 \define@key{deliv}{due}{\def\deliv@due{#1}}
             582 \define@key{deliv}{dissem}{\def\deliv@dissem{#1}}
             583 \define@key{deliv}{nature}{\def\deliv@nature{#1}}
             584 \define@key{deliv}{miles}{\def\deliv@miles{#1}}
             585 \define@key{deliv}{short}{\def\deliv@short{#1}}
             586 \define@key{deliv}{lead}{\def\deliv@lead{#1}}
```

```
587 \define@key{deliv}{issue}{\def\deliv@issue{#1}}
588 \define@key{deliv}{status}{\def\deliv@status{#1}}
589 \define@key{deliv}{blog}{\def\deliv@blog{#1}}
  The \wpdeliv macro cycles over the due dates and generates the relevant entries into the deliv-
  erables file. The first step is to write the general metadata to the pdata file.
590 \newcounter{deliverable}
591 \newcommand{\wpg@deliv}[3]{% keys, title, type
592 \stepcounter{deliverable}
593 \let\deliv@miles=\relax% clean state
594 \left(\frac{43}{\deg \mathbb{W}}\right)\% set up ifx
595 \def\wpg@id{\csname #3@id\endcsname}
596 \setkeys{deliv}{#1}\stepcounter{deliv}% set state
597 \ifx\@type\@wp\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp.\thedeliv}}
598 \else\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\thewa.\thedeliv}}\fi
599 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{label}{\current@label}
600 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{title}{#2}
601 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{page}{\thepage}%
602 \@ifundefined{deliv@short}
603 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{#2}}
604 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{\deliv@short}}
  and now the error messages
605 \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}
606 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'nature' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
607 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{nature}{\deliv@nature}}
608 \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}
609 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'dissem' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
610 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{dissem}{\deliv@dissem}}
611 \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}
612 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'lead' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
613 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{lead}{\deliv@lead}}
614 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}{\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{due}{\deliv@due}}
615 \@ifundefined{deliv@issue}{}\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{issue}{\deliv@issue}}
616 \@ifundefined{deliv@status}{}{\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{status}{\deliv@status}}
617 \@ifundefined{deliv@blog}{}{\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{blog}{\deliv@blog}}
  Then we iterate over the due dates and generate an entry for teach of them in the *.deliverables
  file; but only if the status is not canceled.
618 \ifx\deliv@status\@@status@canceled\else
619 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}{%
620 \ensuremath{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\color{\colo
621 {\ifnum\@I<10 0\@I\else\@I\fi}% sort key
622 {\@I}% due date
623 {\current@label}% label
624 {\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}{\c
625 {\@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem}}% dissemination level
626 {\@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature}}% nature
627 {#2}
628 {\ifx\cup_\cup_WP\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}\else{WA\thewa}\fi)\cup_WP \cup_WP \cup_W
629 {\@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\string\site{\deliv@lead}}}} % lead
630 }%deliv@due defined
631 \fi% status != canceled
  And finally, we generate the entry into the deliverables table.
632 {\ifx\deliv@status\@@status@canceled\color{lightgray}\fi
633 \item[\current@label\ (%
634 \delivs@legend@due: \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{??}{\deliv@due},
635 \delivs@legend@nature: \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature},
636 \delivs@legend@dissem: \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem},
```

```
638 \pdata@target{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{\textit{#2}}
                                639 \@ifundefined{deliv@miles}{}{% print the milestones and update their deliverables
                                640 \let\m@sep=\relax% do not print the separator the first time round
                                641 \lec{\@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                                642 \moderate{mile}{\olimitsupple}  print the milestone reference
                                643 \let\m@sep=,}}%set the separator for the next times
                                644 \def\descript{desep{,}}
                                645 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 045}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 045}}\ensuremath{\mb
                                646 \expandafter\ifx\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\relax% Check that the miles@delivs is empty
                                         {\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname{\wpg@id @\deliv@id}}% if so, skip the separator
                                647
                                           \else\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname%if not add it
                                648
                                           {\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\d@sep\wpg@id @\deliv@id}\fi}}%
                                649
                                650 }% end gray color
                                       Now, we only need to instantiate
                wadeliv
                                652 \newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wa}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
                wpdeliv
                                653 \newenvironment{wpdeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wp}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
\milestone@label
                                654 \mbox{ } \mbox{milestone@label[1]{}}
               \mileref
                                655 \newcommand\mileref[1]{\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}}
                                656 \newcommand\miletref[1]{\mileref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{mile}{#1}{short}{title}}
           \milestone create a new milestone, initialize its deliverables accumulator macro, set up hyperlinking, and
                                 extend the milestones list.
                                657 \newcounter{milestone}
                                658 \define@key{milestone}{id}{\gdef\mile@id{#1}}
                                659 \label{lem:cont} $$ \end{mile} {\bf Month} {\gdef\mile} $$
                                660 \newcommand\milestone[3][]{%
                                661 \ifdelivs%
                                662 \setkeys{milestone}{#1}\stepcounter{milestone}%
                                663 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{label}{\milestone@label{\themilestone}}%
                                664 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{month}{\mile@month}%
                                665 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{title}{#2}%
                                666 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{description}{#3}%
                                667 \@ifundefined{mile@stones}%
                                668 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@id}}%
                                669 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@stones,\mile@id}}%
                                670 \@milestone{\mile@id}{#2}{#3}% presentation
                                671 \else\deliv@error\fi}
         \@milestone the corresponding presentation macro.
                                672 \newcommand\@milestone[3]{% id, title, description
                                673 \item \textbf{\miles@legend@milestone\xspace\pdata@target{mile}\mile@id{\pdataref{mile}{#1}{label}}
                                674 (\miles@legend@month \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{month})
                                675 \textbf{#2}} #3}
                                676 \newcommand\miles@legend@month{Month}
                                677 \newcommand\miles@legend@milestone{Milestone}
```

637 \delivs@legend@lead: \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\site{\deliv@lead}})]

```
This does the metadata bookkeeping, the layout is delegated to the presentation environment
                                                        @milestones and the legend macros that can be customized for specific proposals.
                                                    678 \newenvironment{milestones}%
                                                    679 {\ifdelivs\begin{@milestones}\else\deliv@error\fi}
                                                    680 {\bf \{ids}_{mile}_{ids}_{mile}$ ids}_{mile}$ ids}_{mile}$ ids}_{mile}$ ids}_{mile}$ ids}_{mile}$ ids}_{mile}$ ids}_{mile}_{mile}$ ids}_{mile}$ i
                                                    681 \pdata@def{all}{mile}{count}{\themilestone}%
                                                    682 \end{@milestones}\fi}
    Omilestones here we do the work.
                                                    683 \newenvironment{@milestones}{\begin{enumerate}}{\end{enumerate}}
 \deliverable the first argument is an extended due date to facilitate sorting.
                                                    684 \newcommand{\deliverable} [9] {\pdataRef{deliv}{#4}{label}\&#7\&#8\&#9\&#6\&#5&#2\\\hline}%sortkey, due, label, id, title (above the command of the command 
deliverables
                                                    685 \newenvironment{deliverables}[1]{\ifdelivs\begin{longtable}{|1|p{#1}|1|1|1|1|1}}\hline{} for the content of the content 
                                                    686 \#&\textbf{\delivs@legend@name}&%
                                                    687 \textbf{\delivs@legend@wp}&%
                                                    688 \textbf{\delivs@legend@lead}&%
                                                    689 \textbf{\delivs@legend@nature}&%
                                                    690 \textbf{\delivs@legend@level}&%
                                                    691 \textbf{\delivs@legend@due}\\\hline\hline%
                                                    692 \endhead%
                                                    693 \else\deliv@error\fi}
                                                    694 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}\fi}
                                                      now the multilingual support
                                                    695 \newcommand\delivs@legend@name{Deliverable name}
                                                    696 \newcommand\delivs@legend@wp{WP}
                                                    697 \newcommand\delivs@legend@nature{Type}
                                                    698 \newcommand\delivs@legend@level{Level}
                                                    699 \newcommand\delivs@legend@due{Due}
                                                    700 \newcommand\delivs@legend@dissem{Dissem.}
                                                    701 \newcommand\delivs@legend@lead{Lead}
 \inputdelivs
                                                    702 \newcommand{\inputdelivs}[1]{%
                                                    703 \begin{deliverables}{#1}%
                                                    704 \IfFileExists{\jobname.deliverables}%
                                                    705 {\input{\jobname.deliverables}}%
                                                    706 {\IfFileExists{\jobname.delivs}{\input{\jobname.delivs}}}}
                                                    707 \end{deliverables}}
                                                    708 (/sty)
                                                                                     Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking
                                                       \pdata@out is the file handle for the project data file, we define internal macros to open and close
                \pdata@*
                                                       it.
                                                    709 (*pdata)
                                                    710 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
                                                    711 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse}
                                                    712 \ProcessOptions
                                                    713 \RequirePackage{xspace}
                                                    714 \newwrite\pdata@out
                                                    715 \newcommand\pdata@open[1] {\immediate\openout\pdata@out=#1.pdata}
                                                    716 \newcommand\pdata@close{\closeout\pdata@out}
```

```
\readpdata This macro reads the project data file and its error handling
              717 \newcommand\readpdata[1]{\IfFileExists{./#1.pdata}
              718 {\message{proposal: Reading Project Data}\makeatletter\input{./#1.pdata}\makeatother}
              719 {proposal: No Project Data found, (forward) references may be compromized}}
\pdata@target
               This internal macro makes a hyper-target: \pdata@target{\langle cat \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle label \rangle} prints \langle label \rangle
               with a target name \langle cat \rangle @\langle id \rangle @target attached to it.
              720 \newcommand\pdata@target[3]{\hypertarget{#1@#2@target}{#3}}
   \pdata@def
              This macro writes an \OpdataOdef command to the current aux file and also executes it.
              721 \newcommand\pdata@def [4] {\ \@pdata@def {#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
                    This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
  \@pdata@def
              723 \newcommand\@pdata@def[4]{\expandafter\gdef\csname #10#20#3\endcsname{#4}}
    \pdataref
              724 \newcommand\pdataref[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
              725
                                 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
              726
                                  {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
              727 \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3] \{0ifundefined\{#10#20#3\}\{??\}\{csname #10#20#3\}endcsname\}\}
              728 \newcommand\pdataref@num[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}{0}{\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}%
              729 \newcommand\pdataref@safe[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}{}{\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}%
  \pdatarefFB a variant with fallback field,
              730 \newcommand\pdatarefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
              731 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
              732 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
              733 {\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}
              734 {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}
    \pdataRef
              735 \newcommand\pdataRef[3]{\@ifundefined{#10#20#3}%
              736 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
              737 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
  \pdataRefFB a variant with fallback field,
              738 \newcommand\pdataRefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
              739 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
              740 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
              741 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}}
              742 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
  \pdatacount
              743 \newcommand\prop@count[1]{\ifcase #1 zero\or one\or two\or three\or four\or five\or six\or seven \or
              744 eight\or nine\or ten\or eleven \or twelve\else#1\fi}
              745 \newcommand\pdatacount[2] {\prop@count{\pdataref@num{#1}{#2}{count}}}
         \pn*
              746 \newcommand\pn{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acronym}\xspace}
              747 \newcommand\pnlong{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acrolong}\xspace}
       \W*ref
              748 \newcommand\WPref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}}
              749 \newcommand\\Ptref[1]{\\Pref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{\wp}{#1}{\short}{\title}}
              750 \ifwork@areas
              751 \newcommand\WAref[1]{\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}}
              752 \newcommand\WAtref[1]{\WAref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{wa}{#1}{short}{title}}
              753 \fi
              754 (/pdata)
```

The Work Package Table 4.11 EdN\delta\text{lestyle} These macros¹¹ determine the styling of cells in the work package table. That can be tweaked by redefining them. 755 (*sty) 756 \definecolorset{gray/rgb/hsb/cmyk}{}{}% 757 {leadgray, .90/.90, .90, .90/0,0, .90/0,0,0, .10;% 758 wagray, .70/.70, .70, .70/0,0, .70/0,0,0, .30;% 759 ganttgray, .60/.60, .60, .60/0, 0, .60/0, 0, 0, .40} 760 \newcommand\sum@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}} 761 \newcommand\wa@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}} 762 \newcommand\wp@style[1]{#1} 763 \newcommand\lead@style[1]{\cellcolor{leadgray}{\textit{#1}}} 764 \newcommand\wp@lead@style@explained{light gray italicised} \wpfigstyle 765 \def\wpfig@style{} 766 \newcommand\wpfigstyle[1]{\def\wpfig@style{#1}} We first define the options for the \wpfig macro, they specify what columns we have in the table. 767 \newcounter{wpfig@options} 768 \define@key{wpfig}{size}{\def\wpfig@size{#1}\@dmp{size=#1}} 769 \def\@true{true} 770 \def\wpfig@pages{false} 771 \define@key{wpfig}{pages}[true]{\def\wpfig@pages{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 772 \def\wpfig@type{false} 773 \define@key{wpfig}{type}[true]{\def\wpfig@type{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 774 \def\wpfig@start{false} 775 \define@key{wpfig}{start}[true] {\def\wpfig@start{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 776 \def\wpfig@length{false} 777 \define@key{wpfig}{length}[true]{\def\wpfig@length{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 778 \def\wpfig@end{false} 779 \define@key{wpfig}{end}[true]{\def\wpfig@end{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 780 \define@key{wpfig}{label}{\def\wpfig@label{#1}} $781 \end{fine} \end{$ This environment makes legend for the table (but not the contents) for the \wpfig macro. The wp@figure main work achieved here is to generate the head line (sideways) and the footer in the various cases given by the package options. ¹² Depending on the various class and wpfig options, we make EdN:12 header and footer line for the table. 782 \def\@sw#1{\begin{sideways}#1\end{sideways}} 783 \newenvironment{wp@figure}{\begin{table}[ht]\wpfig@style\begin{center} 784 {\let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\site\relax\let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax% 785 \gdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@legend@wap&\wpfig@legend@title% 786 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wpfig@legend@type\fi% 787 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@page}\fi% 788 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@start}\fi% 789 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@length}\fi 790 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@end}\fi}% $791 \if@sites%$ 792 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{% 793 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRM{\@site}}}%

795 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRM}}%

794 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRAM{\@site}}}\fi}%

 $^{^{11}\}mathrm{Ed}\mathrm{Note}\colon$ maybe add "wpfig" in the name to show dependency

 $^{^{12}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: this is a bit of misnomer, it does not do the figure bit.

```
796 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRAM}}\fi%
                             797 \else% if@sites
                             798 \wedf\wpfig@headline $$\\wpfig@legend@RAM}\if@RAM\&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@RAM}\fi]
                             799 \fi}%if@sites
                             800 \if QRAM\begin{tabular}{||1||*{\thewpfigQoptions}{r|}*{\the Qsites}{r|r|}|r|r|}\hline
                             802 \wpfig@headline\\\hline\hline}
                             803 {\end{tabular}\smallskip}\
                             804 \wpfig@legend@RAM@expl\if@sites; \wpfig@legend@lead@expl\fi
                             805 \end{caption} {\caption{wpfig@legend@caption}} {\caption{wpfig@caption}} {\caption{wpfig@c
                             806 \end{prige} $06 \end{price} $06 \end{pri
                             807 \end{center}\end{table}}
                               and now multilinguality support
                             808 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@wap{\textbf{\ifwork@areas{WA/P}\else{WP}\fi}}
                             809 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@title{\textbf{Title}}
                             810 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@type{\textbf{type}}
                             811 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@page{\textbf{page}}
                             812 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@start{\textbf{start}}
                             813 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@length{\textbf{length}}
                             814 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@end{\textbf{end}}
                             815 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRM[1]{\site{#1}\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                             816 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRAM[1]{\site{#1}\ RAM}
                             817 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRM{total\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                             818 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRAM{total RAM}
                             819 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RM{RM}
                             820 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM{RAM}
                             821 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl{\if@RAM R(A)M $\widehat=$ Researcher (Assistant) Months\else\ Efforts in Ph
                             822 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@lead@expl{WP lead efforts \wp@lead@style@explained}
                             823 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@caption{{\ifwork@areas Work Areas and \fi}Work Packages}
EdN:18wpfig
                             824 \newcount\local@count
                             825 \newcount\@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\@@@RAM\fi
                             826 \newcount\all@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\all@@@RAM\fi
                             827 \newcommand{\wpfig}[1][]{\setcounter{wpfig@options}{0}\setkeys{wpfig}{#1}
                               the first thing to do is to build the body of the table programmatically by (globally) extending the
                               \@wp@lines token register inside a bracket group which locally redefines all macros we are using
                               in the extensions, so that they do not get into the way. We start this group now.
                             828 {\gdef\@wp@lines{}%initialize
                             829 \let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\lead@style\relax% so they
                             830 \let\wa@style\relax\let\\wp@style\relax \let\\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax% do not
                             831 \let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\hyperlink=\relax% bother
                             832 \let\pn\relax\let\xspace\relax\ us
                               The code that follows now, could be more elegant, if we had a better way of organizing the data,
                               but this works for now, we have four cases: with/without work areas and with/without sites. All
                               do something very similar.
                             833 \ifwork@areas
                             834 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
                             835 \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over the work areas
                             836 \xdef\@@wa@line{\wa@style{\pdataRef{wa}\@@wa{label}}%
                             837 &\wa@style{\@ifundefined{wa@\@@wa @short}{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{title}}{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{short}}}%
                             838 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{type}}\fi%
                             839 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{page}}\fi%
                             840 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{start}}\fi%
```

 $^{^{13}\}mathrm{EDNote}$: The computation can be distributed much more efficiently (by intermingling the counter advances with the row creation), but this works now

```
841 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{len}}\fi%
842 \fig@end\cue\&\wa@style{\pdataref\{wa\}\cue\&end}\file and \cue\&end} \file and \cue\&end \cue\&end \cue&end \cu
843 \if@sites
844 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
845 \edef\\@wps{\pdataref@safe\\@wa{wp}{ids}}%
846 \local@count 0%
847 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
848 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RM}{\the\local@count}%
849 \end{aligned} \label{local@count} \hfill \hfi
850 \if@RAM
851 \local@count 0%
852 \ensuremath{\tt 852 \ensuremath{\tt 852 \ensuremath{\tt 952 \ensuremath{\tt 852 \ensuremath{\tt 952 \ensuremath{\tt 956}}} } \ensuremath{\tt 956} \ensurem
853 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RAM}{\the\local@count}%
854 \end{align} wa@style{\the\local@count}} \%
855 \fi}
856 \local@count0\relax%
857 \end{algorithm} $$857 \end{algorithm} $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. $$160. 
859 \if@RAM
860 \local@count0\relax%
861 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wa\@site{RAM}}%
862 \end{align} $862 \end{align} \label{text} $$ \end{align} $$ 862 \end{align} $$ \end{align} $$ 862 \end{align} $$ \end{align} $$ \end{align} $$ 862 \end{align} $$ \en
863 \fi
864 \else% if@sites
865 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
866 \xdef\\@@wa@line\\&\wa@style\\&pdataref\\wa\\&\colone{RM}\\}
867 \if@RAM&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RAM}}\fi}%
868 \fi% if@sites
869 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wa@line\tabularnewline\hline}% add the line for the workarea
870 \edef\\@wps{\pdataref@safe\\@wa{wp}{ids}}\%
871 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
872 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
873 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}%
874 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
875 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
876 \ \texttt{wp}\\ \texttt{wp}\\ \texttt{start}\\ \texttt{fi}\\ \texttt{wp}\\ \texttt{start}\\ \texttt{fi}\\ \texttt{wp}\\ \texttt{start}\\ \texttt{fi}\\ \texttt{wp}\\ \texttt{w}\\ 
877 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
878 \ \texttt{wpfig@end@true\&pdataref\{wp}\@wp\{end\}\fi}
879 \if@sites
880 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
881 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
882 \edef\@RM{\ifx\@Clead\@site\lead\@style{\pdataref\@safe\@Cwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\@style{\pdataref\@safe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\@safe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gsafe\Gs
883 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
884 \if@RAM
885 \edef\@RAM{\ifx\@lead\gsite\lead\gsite\pdataref\gsafe\@wp\gsite\RAM}}\else\wp\gstyle{\pdataref\gsafe\gwp\gsite\graph}.
886 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RAM}
887 \fi}
888 \local@count0\relax%
889 \count\ by \pdataref@num\c@wp\csite{RM}}{\c RM}{\c R
890 % XXX does not work XXX \pdata@def{\@site}{RM}{count}{\the\local@count}
891 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
892 \if@RAM
893 \global\local@count0\relax%
894 \c) te := \prop@gen@sites do {\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@wp\c) } % \c) to $(RAM) $$ ($\c) $$ ($
895 % XXX does not work XXX \pdata@def{\@site}{RAM}{count}{\the\local@count}
896 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
897 \fi% if@RAM
898 \else% if@sites
```

```
899 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
900 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}}\fi
901 \fi% if@sites
902 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}
 Now the case where we do not have work areas.
903 \else% ifwork@areas
904 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
905 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over its work packages
906 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
907 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}
908 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
909 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
910 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
911 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
912 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
913 \if@sites
914 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
915 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
916 \edf(@RM{\left(x\right)}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(@wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(@wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(@wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(@wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(@wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe(wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp@style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp@style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp@style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp@style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&style{\pdatarefwp}\else\wp&st
917 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
918 \if@RAM
919 \edef\@GRAM{\ifx\@Glead\@site\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}
920 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style\@@RAM}
921 \fi}
922 \global\local@count0\relax%
923 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
924 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
925 \if@RAM
926 \global\local@count0\relax%
927 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num{#1}\@site{RAM}}%
928 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
929 \fi
930 \else% if@sites
931 \xdef\@Qwp@line\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@Qwp{RM}}}
932 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}\fi}
933 \fi% if@sites
934 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}
935 \fi%ifwork@areas
 Now we compute the totals lines in the \@totals macros; again there are four cases to consider
936 \gdef\@totals{}
937 \ifwork@areas
938 \if@sites
939 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{% iterate over the sites
940 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
941 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
942 \Ofor\OOwa:=\OOwas\do{% iterate over the work areas
943 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
944 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
945 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
946 \if@RAM\advance\@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}}
947 \pdata@def{all}\@site{RM}{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}\@site{RAM}{\the\@@@RAM}\fi
948 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RAM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi
949 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}}
950 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
951 \quad $1 \quad all_{RM}_{\theta} \
952 \else% if@sites
953 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
```

```
954 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
  955 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt 0for}\mbox{\tt 0wa:=\mbox{\tt 00was}\mbox{\tt 0for}\mbox{\tt 0wa:=\mbox{\tt 00was}\mbox{\tt 0}}}\
  956 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
  957 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
  958 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}}
  960 \xdef\@totals{&\the\@@@RM\if@RAM &\the\@@@RAM\fi}
  961 \fi% if@sites
  962 \else%i.e. no work@areas
  963 \if@sites
  964 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%iterate over the sites
  965 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi%
  966 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
  967 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
  968 \advance\@QQRM by \pdataref@num\@Qwp\@site{RM}% \end{picture}
  969 \ifQRAM\advance\QQQRAM by \pdatarefQnum\QQwp\Qsite{RAM}\fi}
  970 \pdata@def{all}\\ site{RM}{\the\\@@RM}\if@RAM\\pdata@def{all}\\ site{RAM}{\the\\@@GRAM}\fi
  971 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}
  972 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi}
  973 \xdef\@totals{\@totals &\textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
  975 \else% if@sites
  976 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
  977 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
  978 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
  979 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
  980 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}
  982 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\&}\tilde{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox
  983 \fi% if@sites
  984 \fi
    And we finally have a line for the intended totals which we use in draft mode.
  985 \gdef\intended@totals{}\gdef\requested@totals{}
  986 \if@sites
  987 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
  988 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRM}}}
  989 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{reqPM}}
  990 \ if QRAM \ xdef\ intended Qtotals \ textbf{\pdatarefQsafe{site}} \ Qsite{intended RAM}} \} \ fijes \ fine the definition of the context of the context
  991 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&&}\else%
  992 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&}%
  993 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&}%
  994\fi
  995 \else% if@sites
  996 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RM}}}
  997 \ if QRAM\xdef\intended @ totals {\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}-{intended}-{RAM}}}\find each of the context of the context
  998 fi}% if@sites
    finally, we make all of this into a figure, computing the colspan of the the legend cells for the totals
    via \local@count from the optional columns.
  999 \local@count\thewpfig@options\advance\local@count by 2
1000 \begin{wp@figure}
1001 \@wp@lines\hline%
1002 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\@totals\\hline%
1003 \ifsubmit\else%
1004 \ifx\prop@gen@topdownPM\@true%
1005 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@intendedtotals}\intended@totals\\\hline%
1006 \fi% topdownPM
1007 \ifx\prop@gen@botupPM\@true%
```

```
1008 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@requestedtotals}\requested@totals\\\hline%
1009 \fi% botupPM
1010 \fi% submit
1011 \end{wp@figure}}
and now multilinguality support
1012 \newcommand\prop@legend@totals{\textbf{totals}}
1013 \newcommand\prop@legend@intendedtotals{\textbf{intended totals}}
1014 \newcommand\prop@legend@requestedtotals{\textbf{requested totals}}
```

4.12 Gantt Charts

1039 \ifgantt@miles

1041 \advance\gantt@ymiles by 2cm

 $1045 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc loss}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc l$

1049 \fi %gantt@miles 1050 \end{tikzpicture}}

 $1043 \, \text{\normalfoot}$ advance\gantt@ymiles@top by 2cm

1040 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles\gantt@ymiles=\gantt@height cm

1044 \edef\@@miles{\pdataref@safe{all}{mile}{ids}}

 $1046 \edgn(00) $$1046 \edgn(01){month} $$$

 $1042 \verb|\newdimen\gantt@ymiles@top\gantt@ymiles@top=\gantt@height cm| \\$

1047 \draw[very thick,blue] (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles@top) -- (\@@month,0); 1048 \node[blue] at (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles) {\pdataref{mile}{\@I}{label}};}

Gantt Charts are done with help of the tikz package. The gantt environments pick up on the declared duration of the proposal in months stored in the \prop@gen@months macro.

We define the keys for Gantt tables

```
1015 \newif\ifgantt@draft\gantt@draftfalse
     1016 \newif\ifgantt@miles\gantt@milesfalse
     1017 \define@key{gantt}{xscale}{\def\gantt@xscale{#1}}
     1018 \define@key{gantt}{yscale}{\def\gantt@yscale{#1}}
     1019 \define@key{gantt}{step}{\def\gantt@step{#1}}
     1020 \define@key{gantt}{size}{\def\gantt@size{#1}}
     1021 \define@key{gantt}{draft}[true] {\ifsubmit\else\gantt@drafttrue\fi}
     1022 \define@key{gantt}{milestones}[true]{\gantt@milestrue}
       Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the internal
       macros.
     1023 \def\gantt@set#1{\gantt@draftfalse\def\gantt@xscale{1}\def\gantt@yscale{.35}\def\gantt@step{3}
     1024 \text{setkeys}\{gantt}\{\#1\}\}
          Finally, the Gantt Chart environment itself.
gantt The gantt[\langle keyvals \rangle] {\langle height \rangle} environment sets up the grid and legend for a gantt chart. The
       grid is \prop@gen@months wide and \langle height \rangle high.
     1025 \newenvironment{gantt}[2][]
     1026 {\gantt@set{#1}\gdef\gantt@height{#2}
     1027 \def\@test{\prop@gen@months@default}
     1028 \ifx\@test\prop@gen@months
     1029 \ClassError{proposal}{Need overall project months to draw gantt
              chart - expect trouble;\MessageBreak specify
     1030
              \protect\begin{proposal}[...,months=??,...] to fix}\fi
     1031
     1032 \@ifundefined{gantt@size}{}{\csname\gantt@size\endcsname}
     1033 \newdimen\gantt@ymonths
     1034 \gantt@ymonths=\gantt@height cm
     1035 \advance\gantt@ymonths by .8cm
     1036 \begin{tikzpicture}[xscale=\gantt@xscale,yscale=\gantt@yscale]}
     1037 {\draw[xstep=\gantt@step,very thin] (0,0) grid (\prop@gen@months,\gantt@height);
     1038 \foreach \x in {0,\gantt@step,...,\prop@gen@months} \node at (\x,\gantt@ymonths) {\x};
```

```
In this we have used the macro that does the actual painting. \c (name) {(line)}{(start)}{(line)}{(start)}{(line)}
                                        creates a gantt node with name \langle name \rangle in line \langle line \rangle starting at month \langle month \rangle with length \langle len \rangle
                                        that is \langle force \rangle thick.
                                     1051 \verb|\newdimen\gantt@ymid\newdimen\gantt@yinc\newdimen\gantt@xend|
                                     1052 \newcommand{\@action}[6][]{\def\@test{#1}%
                                     1053 \ \texttt{\Qeenpty\def\Qecolor{ganttgray}\else\def\Qecolor{\#1}\fine and $100$ if $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$ and $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$ if $x \in \mathbb{R}^2
                                     1054 \gantt@ymid=#3 cm\gantt@yinc=\gantt@yscale cm
                                     1055 \gantt@xend=#4 cm\advance\gantt@xend by #5 cm
                                     1056 \advance\gantt@ymid by \gantt@yinc
                                     1057 \fill[\@@color] (#4,#3) rectangle +(#5,#6);
                                     1058 \node (#2@left) at (#4,\gantt@ymid) {};
                                     1059 \node (#2@right) at (\gantt@xend,\gantt@ymid) {};}
          \@dependency
                                     1060 \def\@dependency#1#2{\draw[->,line width=2pt,color=red] (#1@right) -- (#2@left);}
tt@compute@effort A helper function that updates the dimension \gantt@effort according to whether the counter
                                        \gantt@month is in the range. It is used in \gantt@chart
                                     1061 \newcommand\gantt@compute@effort[3]{% start, len, force
                                                 \00e=#1\advance\00e by #2
                                     1062
                                                 \ifnum\thegantt@month<#1\else
                                     1063
                                                  \ifnum\thegantt@month<\@@e
                                                 \gantt@plus=#3cm\advance\gantt@effort by \gantt@plus\fi\fi}
            \ganttchart This macro iterates over the work areas, their work packages, and finally their work phases to use
                                        the internal macro \@action. All of this in the gantt setting.
                                     1066 \newcommand{\ganttchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering
                                     1067 \gantt@set{#1}
                                     1068 \def\gantt@wps{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                                     1069 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\gantt@wps}
                                     1070 \newcounter{taskwps}\newcount\@@line
                                               \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                                     1071
                                               \ifwork@areas
                                     1072
                                               \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                                     1073
                                                   \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                                     1074
                                     1075
                                                    \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                                     1076
                                                        \stepcounter{taskwps}
                                                        \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                                     1077
                                     1078
                                                        \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                                                        \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                                     1079
                                                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                                     1080
                                                        \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%wp-level work phases
                                     1081
                                                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
                                     1082
                                                             \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                                     1083
                                                        \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% tasks
                                     1084
                                                            \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                                     1085
                                                            \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%task-level work phases
                                     1086
                                                                \decode@wphase\@@ft
                                     1087
                                                                \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                                     1088
                                     1089
                                               \else% ifwork@areas false
                                               \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                                     1090
                                               \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                                     1091
                                                   \stepcounter{taskwps}
                                     1092
                                                   \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                                     1093
                                                    \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                                     1094
                                                    \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                                     1095
                                                    \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
```

\@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases

1096 1097

```
1098
         \decode@wphase\@@ft
         \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1099
       \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% task-level work phases
1100
         \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1101
1102
         \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
1103
           \decode@wphase\@@ft
           \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1104
1105
    \fi% ifwork@areas end
    \edef\@@deps{\pdataref@safe{all}{task}{deps}}
1106
     \@for\@@dep:=\@@deps\do{%
1107
       \@dependency{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@@dep{from}}{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@@dep{to}}}}
1108
 The next piece of code generates the effort sum table in draft mode
    \ifgantt@draft
1109
        \newcounter{gantt@month}
1110
        \newcount\@@e\newdimen\gantt@effort\newdimen\gantt@plus
1111
1112
        \@whilenum\thegantt@month<\prop@gen@months\do{% step over months
1113
          \gantt@effort=0cm
          \ifwork@areas
1114
          \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
1115
          \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
1116
1117
            \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
            \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
              \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1120
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1121
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1122
              \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
1123
              \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1124
1125
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1126
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1127
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1128
          \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1129
1130
          \else% ifwork@areas
          \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
1131
          \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
1132
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1133
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1134
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1135
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1136
1137
              \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
1138
              \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1139
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1140
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1141
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1142
          \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1143
          \fi% ifwork@areas
1144
          \stepcounter{gantt@month}}
1145
1146
       \fi% ifgantt@draft
      \end{gantt}
1147
      \caption{\gantt@caption}\label{fig:gantt}
1148
1149 \end{figure}\footnotetext\gantt@footnote}
 now the multilingual support
1150 \newcommand\gantt@caption@main{Gantt Chart: Overview Work Package Activities}
1151 \newcommand\gantt@caption@lower{lower bar shows the overall effort \if@RAM (RM only) \fi per month}
1152 \newcommand\gantt@caption{\gantt@caption@main\ifgantt@draft\xspace
```

```
1154 \newcommand\gantt@footnote{Bars shown at reduced height (e.g. 50\%) indicate reduced
                                      intensity during that work phase (e.g. to 50\%).}
\gantttaskchart This macro is a variant of \ganttchart, but it shows the tasks consecutively, as is useful for EU
     EdN:14
                               projects<sup>14</sup>
                           1156 \mbox{ \command \gantttaskchart} [1] [] {\begin{figure} [hbtp] \centering \gantt@set{\#1}} \mbox{ \centering \gantt@set} $$
                           1157 \newcounter{gantt@all@tasks}%
                           1158 \setcounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{task}{count}}
                           1159 \addtocounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                           1160 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\thegantt@all@tasks}
                                      \newcounter{gantt@tasks}\newcount\@@line
                           1161
                                      \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                           1162
                                        \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                           1163
                                            \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                           1164
                                             1165 %
                                            \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                           1166
                                            \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over the tasks
                           1167
                           1168
                                                \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                           1169
                                               \@@line=\thegantt@all@tasks\advance\@@line by -\thegantt@tasks
                                               \node at (-.5/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {{\footnotesize\taskreflong\@@wp\@@task}};
                           1170
                           1171
                                               \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                                               \label{lem:condition} $$ \ensuremath{\tt 000ft:=\000wphases\do{\tt iterate over the task-level work phases} $$
                           1172
                                                   \decode@wphase\@@ft
                           1173
                                                   \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force
                           1174
                                             }}}% end all iterations
                           1175
                           1176
                                          \end{gantt}
                                          \caption{\gantt@caption@main{} -- \emph{\gantt@footnote}}\label{fig:gantt}
                           1177
                           1178 \end{figure}}
                               4.13
                                             Coherence
                     \j*
                           1179 \newcommand\jpub{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\star$}}}}
                           1180 \newcommand\jpro{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\bullet$}}}}
                           \label{lem:linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_linear_lin
                           1182 \newcommand\jorga{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\circ$}}}}
                           1183 \newcommand\jsup{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\smiley}}}
        \add@joint \add@joint{\langle first\rangle}{\langle second\rangle}{\langle sym\rangle} adds \langle sym\rangle to the the \coherence@\langle first\rangle@\langle second\rangle macro
                               for the coherence table.
                           1184 \newcommand\add@joint[3]{\@ifundefined{coherence@#1@#2}%
                           1185 {\@namedef{coherence@#1@#2}{#3}}%
                           1186 {\expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname coherence@#1@#2\endcsname{#3}}}
       \prop@joint This iterates over a comma-separated list of names and makes the necessary entries into the
                               coherence table.
                           1187 \newcommand\prop@joint[2]{\@for\@first:=#2\do{%
                           1188 \@for\@second:=#2\do{\ifx\@first\@second\else\add@joint\@first\@second{#1}\fi}}
              \joint* Now, some instances that use these.
                           1189 \newcommand\jointproj[1]{\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                           1190 \newcommand\jointpub[1]{\prop@joint\jpub{#1}}
                           1191 \newcommand\jointorga[1]{\prop@joint\jorga{#1}}
                           1192 \newcommand\jointsoft[1]{\prop@joint\jsoft{#1}}
                           1193 \newcommand\jointsup[1] {\prop@joint\jsup{#1}}
                                  ^{14}{
m EdNote}: this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to
```

-- \gantt@caption@lower\fi}

the deadline

```
1194 \newcommand{\coherencematrix}{
               1195 {\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\site\relax\ so they do
               1196 \let\@sw\relax\let\jpub\relax\let\jpro\relax\let\jorga\relax% not bother
               1197   \let\jsoft\relax\let\jsup\relax\let\cellcolor\relax\% us
               1198 \gdef\@ct@head{}%
               1199 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@head{\@ct@head%
               1200 &\ifx\cht@swsites\@true\@sw{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi}}%
               1201 \gdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@head\tabularnewline\hline\ %initialize with head line
               \@for\@@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
               1203
                       \xdef\@ct@line{\@ct@line&\ifx\@site\@@site{\cellcolor{wagray}{}}\fi%
               1204
               1205
                         \@ifundefined{coherence@\@site @\@@site}{}{\@nameuse{coherence@\@site @\@@site}}}}%
               1206
                   \xdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@lines\@ct@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}%
               1207 \begin{tabular}{||||*{\the@site}{c|}}\hline%
               1208 \@ct@lines\hline%
               1209 joint&\multicolumn{\the@site}{1|}{\jpub $\hat=$ publication, \jpro $\hat=$ project,
                          \jorga $\hat=$ organization, \jsoft $\hat=$ software/resource dev,
               1210
                          \jsup $\hat=$ supervision}\\hline
               1211
               1212 \end{tabular}}
\coherencetable
               1213 \newskip\@bigflushglue \@bigflushglue = -100pt plus 1fil
               1214 \def\bigcenter{\trivlist \bigcentering\item\relax}
               1215 \def\bigcentering{\let\\\@centercr\rightskip\@bigflushglue%
               1216 \leftskip\@bigflushglue
               1217 \parindent\z@\parfillskip\z@skip}
               1218 \def\endbigcenter{\endtrivlist}
               1219 \define@key{coherencetable}{swsites}[true]{\def\cht@swsites{#1}}
               1220 \define@key{coherencetable}{stretch}{\def\cht@stretch{#1}}
               1221 \newcommand\coherencetable[1][]{%
               1222 \def\cht@swsites{false}%
               1223 \def\cht@stretch{1}%
               1224 \setkeys{coherencetable}{#1}%
               1225 \begin{table}[ht]%
               1226 \small\setlength{\tabcolsep}{.5em}%
               1227 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\cht@stretch}%
               1228 \begin{bigcenter}%
               1229 \coherencematrix%
               1230 \end{bigcenter}%
               1231 \caption{\coherence@caption}\label{tab:collaboration}
               1232 \end{table}
                now the multilinguality support
               1233 \newcommand\coherence@caption{Previous Collaboration between {\pn} members}
```

4.14 Relevant Papers & References

We first define a bibLaTeX bibliography heading that does not create headers, we need it somewhere.

```
1234 \defbibheading{empty}{}
```

\coherencematrix

We define an internal macro \prop@ppl that prints a publication list of a given bibTeX entry type and title for convenience. It also adds a notype= to the token register \prop@rl to deal with the unclassified entries from the list.

```
1235 \newif\if@allpapers\@allpaperstrue
1236 \newcommand\prop@ppl[3][]{\@allpapersfalse\message{ppl processing: #2}%
1237 \printbibliography[category=featured,heading=subbibliography,type=#2,title=#3#1]%
1238 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{\xdef\prop@rl{\prop@rl, #2}}}
```

```
unclassified to catch the unclassified ones. I guess we just have to issue a warning instead.
                         1239 \newcommand\prop@prl[1]{\message{unclassified: #1}%
                         1240 \printbibliography [heading=subbibliography, title=Unclassified, #1]}%
                         1241 \define@key{paperlist}{unclassified}[true]{\message{unclass: \prop@rl}\prop@rrl\prop@rl}
                            with this, we define a couple of keys that use \prop@ppl generate the sub-bibliographies and add
                            that to the \prop@rl token register. We also make the headings configurable.
                         1242 \newcommand\prop@articles@heading{Articles}
                         1243 \define@key{paperlist}{articles}[true] {\prop@ppl{article}{\prop@articles@heading}}
                         1244 \newcommand\prop@chapters@heading{Book Chapters}
                         1245 \define@key{paperlist}{chapters}[true] { \prop@ppl{inbook}{\prop@chapters@heading}}
                         1246 \newcommand\prop@confpapers@heading{Conference Papers}
                         1247 \define@key{paperlist}{confpapers}[true]%
                         1248 {\prop@ppl[,keyword=conference] {inproceedings} {\prop@confpapers@heading}}
                         1249 \newcommand\prop@wspapers@heading{Workshop Papers}
                         1250 \define@key{paperlist}{wspapers}[true]%
                         1251 {\prop@ppl[,notkeyword=conference]{inproceedings}{\prop@wspapers@heading}}
                         1252 \newcommand\prop@theses@heading{Theses}
                         1253 \define@key{paperlist}{theses}[true]{\prop@ppl{thesis}{\prop@theses@heading}}
                         1254 \newcommand\prop@submitted@heading{Submitted}
                         1255 \define@key{paperlist}{submitted}[true]%
                         1256 {\prop@ppl[,keyword=submitted]{unpublished}{\prop@submitted@heading}}
                         1257 \newcommand\prop@books@heading {Monographs}
                         1258 \define@key{paperlist}{books}[true]{\prop@ppl{book}{\prop@books@heading}}
                         1259 \newcommand\prop@techreports@heading{Technical Reports}
                         1260 \define@key{paperlist}{techreports}[true]{\prop@ppl{techreport}{\prop@techreports@heading}}
           featured We introduce a new bibLaTeX category featured for those papers that were already mentioned
                            in \prop@paperlist and the macros defined from it.
                         1261 \DeclareBibliographyCategory{featured}
\prop@paperlist \prop@paperlist{\langle keys\rangle} {\langle refs\rangle} generates a paper list from a list \langle keys\rangle of bibliography keys.
                            It makes some local adaptions to the appearance of the bibliography, and then adds \langle refs \rangle to the
                            citable papers marks them as featured. Then it uses \printbibliography to make a bibliography
                            of the cited papers. Note that these are not cited again in the main bibliography 15
                         1262 \newcommand\prop@paperlist[2][]{%
                         1263 \let\biboldfont\bibfont%
                         1264 \renewcommand{\bibfont}{\footnotesize}%
                         1265 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{.9}%
                         1266 \end{area} $$1266 \end{area} $$1266 \end{area} $$1200 \end{
                         1267 \setkeys{paperlist}{#1}
                         1268 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{}{\@latex@warning{some papers are not classified!}}
                         1269 \if@allpapers\printbibliography[category=featured,heading=empty]\fi%
                         1270 \let\bibfont\biboldfont}
                                 We define the warnpubs heading constructor.
                         1271 \def\prop@warnpubs@message{Many of the proposers' publications are online at one of the following URIs:}
                         1272 \def\prop@warnpubs@title{References}
                         1273 \end{array} {\tt section*{\tt prop@warnpubs@title}\%}
                                   \@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}
                         1274
                         1275 {\@latex@warning{No publication pages specified;
                         1276
                                                                use the pubspage key in the proposal environment!}}
                                   {\prop@warnpubs@message%
                         1278 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@pubspages\do{\par\noindent\csname\@I\endcsname}}}
```

The following code does not work yet, it would have been nice to be able to just add a key

EdN:15

 $^{^{15}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: MK: we may want to make this optional controlled by a package option eventually.

```
Finally, we tweak bibLATEX to not give DOIs and URLS at the same time.
                                      1279 \renewbibmacro*{event+venue+date}{}
                                      1280 \renewbibmacro*{doi+eprint+url}{%
                                      1281
                                                          \iftoggle{bbx:doi}
                                                                 {\printfield{doi}\iffieldundef{doi}{}{\clearfield{url}}}
                                      1282
                                      1283
                                                                 {}%
                                      1284
                                                           \newunit\newblock
                                                          \iftoggle{bbx:eprint}
                                      1285
                                                                 {\usebibmacro{eprint}}
                                      1286
                                                                 {}%
                                      1287
                                                          \newunit\newblock
                                      1288
                                                          \iftoggle{bbx:url}
                                      1289
                                      1290
                                                                 {\usebibmacro{url+urldate}}
                                      1291
                                      1292 (/sty)
                                            4.15
                                                                      Miscellaneous
\signatures
                                      1293 (*pdata)
                                      1294 \newcommand{\signatures}[1]{\section{#1}
                                      1295 \qquad \ \quad\number\day. \number\month. \number\year\\[6ex]
                                      1296 \strut\qquad Date\hfill\0for\0p:=\prop0gen0PIs\do{%}
                                      1297 \pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{PI}\pdataref{P
                    \@dmp The \@dmp macro shows metadata information about the keys in the margin if \keystrue is
                                            specified. This is a debugging tool.
                                      1298 \ensuremath{\tt 1298 \ensuremath{\tt 13}fi}
                    \euro
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1299 \renewcommand\euro{\officialeuro\xspace}

1300 (/pdata)