structview.sty: Structures and Views in STEX*

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Abstract

The structview package is part of the STEX collection, a version of TEX/LATEX that allows to markup TEX/LATEX documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning TEX/LATEX into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM).

This package supplies infrastructure for OMDoc structures and views: complex semantic relations between modules/theories.

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1 Introduction

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2 The User Interface

The main contributions of the modules package are the module environment, which allows for lexical scoping of semantic macros with inheritance and the \symdef macro for declaration of semantic macros that underly the module scoping.

2.1 Package Options

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showmods

qualifiedimports

The modules package takes two options: If we set showmods², then the views (see Section 2.3) are shown. If we set the qualifiedimports option, then qualified imports are enabled. Qualified imports give more flexibility in module inheritance, but consume more internal memory. As qualified imports are not fully implemented at the moment, they are turned off by default see Limitation ??.

noauxreq

The option noauxreq prohibits the registration of \@requiremodules commands in the aux file. They are necessary for preloading the module signatures so that entries in the table of contents can have semantic macros; but as they sometimes cause trouble the option allows to turn off preloading.

showmeta

If the showmeta is set, then the metadata keys are shown (see [Koh15] for details and customization options).

2.2 Structures

importmodulevia

The \importmodule macro has a variant \importmodulevia that allows the specification of a theory morphism to be applied. \importmodulevia{ $\langle thyid \rangle$ }{ $\langle assignments \rangle$ } specifies the "source theory" via its identifier $\langle thyid \rangle$ and the morphism by $\langle assignments \rangle$. There are four kinds:³

\vassign

symbol assignments via $\sim (sym)$ {(sym)}, which defines the symbol (sym) introduced in the current theory by an expression (exp) in the source theory.

\fassign

function assignments via \fassign{\langle bvars\}\{\langle pat\}\{\langle exp\}\}, is a variant which defines a function symbol $\langle sym\rangle$ introduced in the current theory by mapping a pattern expression $\langle pat\rangle$ ($\langle sym\rangle$ applied to $\langle bvars\rangle$) to an expression $\langle exp\rangle$ in the source theory on bound variables $\langle bvars\rangle$.

\tassign

term assignments via \tassign[\langle source-cd\rangle] \{\langle tname\rangle\}, which assigns to the term with name \langle tname\rangle in the current theory a term with name \langle source-tname\rangle in the theory \langle source-cd\rangle whose default value is the source theory.

¹EDNOTE: What are structures and views?

 $^{^2\}mathrm{EDNote}$: This mechanism does not work yet, since we cannot disable it when importing modules and that leads to unwanted boxes. What we need to do instead is to tweak the sms utility to use an internal version that never shows anything during sms reading.

³EDNOTE: MK: this needs to be consolidated and researched better.

\ttassign term text assignments via \tassign{ $\langle tname \rangle$ }{ $\langle text \rangle$ }, which defines a term with name $\langle tname \rangle$ in the current theory via a definitional text.

```
\begin{module}[id=ring]
\begin{importmodulevia}{monoid}
  \vassign{rbase}\magbase
  \fassign{a,b}{\rtimes{A}B}{\magmaop{a}b}
  \vassign{rone}\monunit
\end{importmodulevia}
\symdef{rbase}{G}
\symdef[name=rtimes]{rtimesOp}{\cdot}
\symdef{rtimes}[2]{\infix\rtimesOp{#1}{#2}}
\symdef{rone}{1}
\begin{importmodulevia}{cgroup}
  \vassign{rplus}\magmaop
  \vassign{rzero}\monunit
  \vassign{rinv0p}\cginv0p
\end{importmodulevia}
\symdef[name=rplus]{rplusOp}{+}
\symdef{rplus}[2]{\infix\rplusOp{#1}{#2}}
\symdef[name=rminus]{rminusOp}{-}
\symdef{rminus}[1]{\infix\rminus0p{#1}{#2}}
\end{module}
```

Example 1: A Module for Rings with inheritance from monoids and commutative groups

2.3 Views

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A view is a mapping between modules, such that all model assumptions (axioms) of the source module are satisfied in the target module. 4

3 Limitations & Extensions

In this section we will discuss limitations and possible extensions of the modules package. Any contributions and extension ideas are welcome; please discuss ideas, requests, fixes, etc on the STEX TRAC [sTeX:online].

 $^{^4\}mathrm{EdNote}$: Document and make Examples

4 The Implementation

4.1 Package Options

We declare some switches which will modify the behavior according to the package options. Generally, an option xxx will just set the appropriate switches to true (otherwise they stay false). The options we are not using, we pass on to the sref package we require next.

The next measure is to ensure that the **sref** and **xcomment** packages are loaded (in the right version). For LATEXML, we also initialize the package inclusions.

- 7 \if@structview@mh@\RequirePackage{structview-mh}\fi
- 8 \RequirePackage{modules}

4.2 Structures

\importmodulevia

The importmodulevia environment just calls \importmodule, but to get around the group, we first define a local macro \@@doit, which does that and can be called with an \aftergroup to escape the environment grouping introduced by importmodulevia.

```
9 \newenvironment{importmodulevia}[2][]{%
10 \gdef\@@doit{\importmodule[#1]{#2}}%
11 \ifmod@show\par\noindent importing module #2 via \@@doit\fi%
12 }{%
13 \aftergroup\@@doit\ifmod@show end import\fi%
14 }%
```

*assign

```
15 \newrobustcmd\vassign[3][]{\ifmod@show\ensuremath{#2\mapsto #3}, \fi}%
16 \newrobustcmd\tassign[3][]{\ifmod@show #2\ensuremath{\mapsto} #3, \fi}%
17 \newrobustcmd\fassign[4][]{\ifmod@show \ensuremath{#3\mapsto #4}, \fi}%
18 \newrobustcmd\ttassign[3][]{\ifmod@show #2\ensuremath{\mapsto} \''#3'', \fi}%
```

4.3 Views

We first prepare the ground by defining the keys for the view environment.

```
19 \srefaddidkey{view}
20 \addmetakey*{view}{title}
21 \addmetakey{view}{display}
22 \addmetakey{view}{from}
23 \addmetakey{view}{to}
24 \addmetakey{view}{creators}
```

```
25 \addmetakey{view}{contributors}
               26 \addmetakey{view}{srccite}
               27 \addmetakey{view}{type}
               28 \addmetakey[sms]{view}{ext}
               Then we make a convenience macro for the view heading. This can be customized.
\view@heading
               29 \newcounter{view}[section]
               30 \newrobustcmd\view@heading[4]{%
                    \if@importing%
               32
                    \else%
                      \stepcounter{view}%
               33
                      \edef\@display{#3}\edef\@title{#4}%
               34
                      \noindent%
               35
               36
                        \ifx\@display\st@flow%
               37
                        \else%
                          {\textbf{View} {\thesection.\theview} from \textsf{#1} to \textsf{#2}}%
               38
                          \sref@label@id{View \thesection.\theview}%
               39
                          \ifx\@title\@empty%
               40
                            \quad%
               41
                          \else%
               42
                            \quad(\@title)%
               43
                          \fi%
               44
                          \par\noindent%
               45
               46
                        \fi%
                        \ignorespaces%
               47
                    \fi%
               48
               49 }%ifmod@show
         view The view environment relies on the @view environment (used also in the STFX
               module signatures) for module bookkeeping and adds presentation (a heading and
               a box) if the showmods option is set.
               50 \newenvironment{view}[3][]{%
                    \metasetkeys{view}{#1}%
               52
                    \sref@target%
                    \begin{@view}{#2}{#3}%
               53
                   \view@heading{#2}{#3}{\view@display}{\view@title}%
               54
               55 }{%
               56
                    \end{@view}%
               57
                    \ignorespaces%
               58 }%
               59 \ifmod@show\surroundwithmdframed{view}\fi%
        Oview The Oview does the actual bookkeeping at the module level.
               60 \newenvironment{@view}[2]{%from, to
                    \@importmodule[\view@from]{#1}{\view@ext}%
                    \@importmodule[\view@to]{#2}{\view@ext}%
               62
               63 }{}%
```

viewsketch The viewsketch environment behaves like view, but only has text contents.

```
64 \newenvironment{viewsketch}[3][]{%
                  \mbox{metasetkeys{view}{#1}}%
               66
                  \sref@target%
                   \begin{@view}{#2}{#3}%
               67
                   \view@heading{#2}{#3}{\view@display}{\view@title}%
               69 }{%
                  \end{@view}%
               71 }%
               72 \ \texttt{\fimed@show\surroundwithmdframed{viewsketch}\fi\%}
\label{local_condition} The \label{local_condition} The \label{local_condition} element does not do anything yet on the latexml side.
               73 \newrobustcmd\obligation[3][]{\%
                   \if@importing%
                   \else Axiom #2 is proven by \sref{#3}%
               76 \fi%
               77 }%
               78 (/package)
```

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 $^{^5\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ document above