smglom.cls/sty: Semantic Multilingual Glossary for Math

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Abstract

The smglom package is part of the STEX collection, a version of TEX/LATEX that allows to markup TEX/LATEX documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning TEX/LATEX into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM).

This package supplies an infrastructure for writing OMDoc gloss ary entries.

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1 Introduction

2 The User Interface

2.1 Package and Class Options

 ${\tt smglom.cls}$ accepts all options of the ${\tt omdoc.cls}$ and ${\tt article.cls}$ and just passes them on to these.

2.2 Convenience Macros for SMGloM Modules

1

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2.3 Terminological Relations

 $^{1}\mathrm{EdNote} :$ document them $^{2}\mathrm{EdNote} :$ document them

3 Implementation: The SMGloM Class

3.1 Class Options

To initialize the smglom class, we pass on all options to omdoc.cls as well as the stex and smglom packages.

```
\label{eq:continuous} $1 \ensuremath{\$} \ensurema
```

We load omdoc.cls, the smglom package that provides the SMGloM-specific functionality³, and the stex package to allow OMDoc compatibility.

```
6 \LoadClass{omdoc}
7 \RequirePackage{smglom}
8 \RequirePackage{stex}
9 \RequirePackage{amstext}
10 \RequirePackage{amsfonts}
11 \langle /cls \rangle
```

Now we do the same thing for the package; first the options, which we just pass on to the stex package.

We load omdoc.cls, and the desired packages. For the LATEXML bindings, we make sure the right packages are loaded.

```
17 \RequirePackage{statements}
18 \RequirePackage[langfiles]{smultiling}
19 \RequirePackage{structview}
```

3.2 Convenience Macros for SMGloM Modules

\gimport Just a shortcut, we have a starred and unstarred version, the first one is conservative. For example, if we execute:

\gimport[smglom/numberfields]{naturalnumbers}

First we are redirected to $\gray \noindent \$

³EDNOTE: MK:describe that above

under the same directory, so we let repos=\mh@repos and pass bunch of parameters to \importmhmodule, which is defined in module.sty. If there's a repo's path, then we let repos= $\langle the\ repo's\ path \rangle$. Finally we use \mhcurrentrepos(defined in module.sty) to change the \mh@currentrepos.

```
20 \def\gimport{\@ifstar\@gimport@star\@gimport@nostar}%
      21 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@star[2][]{%
          \def\@test{#1}%
      22
          \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
      23
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      24
             \importmhmodule[conservative,repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      25
      26
             \importmhmodule[conservative,repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      27
      28
          \fi%
      29
          \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
          \ignorespacesandpars%
      30
      31 }%
      32 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@nostar[2][]{%
          \def\@\text{test}{\#1}\%
          \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
      34
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      35
             \importmhmodule[repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      36
          \else%
      37
             \importmhmodule[repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      38
      39
          \fi%
          \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
      40
      41
          \ignorespacesandpars%
      42 }%
guse just a shortcut
      43 \newrobustcmd\guse[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
          \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      45
             \usemhmodule[repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      46
      47
             \usemhmodule[repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      48
      49
          \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
      50
          \ignorespacesandpars%
      51
      52 }%
      we essentially copy over the definition of mhstructure, but adapt it to the SM-
      GloM situation.
      53 \newenvironment{gstructure}[3][]{\def\@test{#1}%
          \xdef\mh@@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      56
             \gdef\@@doit{\importmhmodule[repos=\mh@@@repos,path=#3,ext=tex]{#3}}%
      57
             \gdef\@@doit{\importmhmodule[repos=#1,path=#3,ext=tex]{#3}}%
      58
          \fi%
      59
```

gstructure

```
60 \ifmod@show\par\noindent structure import "#2" from module #3 \@@doit\fi%
61 \ignorespacesandpars}
62 {\aftergroup\@@doit\ifmod@show end import\fi%
63 \ignorespacesandparsafterend}
```

3.3 Terminological Relations

```
*nym
```

EdN:4

```
64 \newrobustcmd\hypernym[3][]{\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a hypernym of #3\fi}% 65 \newrobustcmd\hyponym[3][]{\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a hyponym of #3\fi}% 66 \newrobustcmd\meronym[3][]{\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a meronym of #3\fi}%
```

\MSC to define the Math Subject Classification, ⁴

67 \newrobustcmd\MSC[1]{\if@importing\else MSC: #1\fi\ignorespacesandpars}%

3.4 For Language Bindings

Here we adapt the **smultiling** functionality to the special situation, where the module and file names are identical by design.

gviewsig The gviewsig environment is just a layer over the mhviewsig environment with the keys suitably adapted.

```
68 \newenvironment{gviewsig}[4][]{%
    \left( \frac{\#1}{\%} \right)
    \ifx\@test\@empty%
70
       \begin{mhviewsig} [frompath=#3,topath=#4] {#2}{#3}{#4}%
71
72
       \begin{mhviewsig}[frompath=#3,topath=#4,#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
73
74
    \ignorespacesandpars%
75
76 }{%
    \end{mhviewsig}%
77
    \ignorespacesandparsafterend%
79 }%
```

gviewnl The gviewnl environment is just a layer over the mhviewnl environment with the keys suitably adapted.

```
80 \newenvironment{gviewnl}[5][]{%
    \def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty%
      \begin{mhviewnl}[frompath=#4,topath=#5]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
82
    \else%
83
      \begin{mhviewnl}[frompath=#4,topath=#5,#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
84
    \fi%
85
86 \ignorespacesandpars%
87 }{%
    \end{mhviewnl}%
    \ignorespacesandparsafterend%
89
90 }%
```

⁴Ednote: MK: what to do for the LaTeXML side?

91 \newcommand\gincludeview[2][]{\ignorespacesandpars}%

3.5 Authoring States, etc

We add a key to the module environment. 92 \addmetakey{module}{state}%

3.6 Shadowing of repositories

\repos@macro

\repos@macro parses a GitLab repository name $\langle group \rangle / \langle name \rangle$ and creates an internal macro name from that, which will be used

93 \def\repos@macro#1/#2;{#1@shadows@#2}%

\shadow

 $\shadow{\langle orig \rangle} {\langle fork \rangle}$ declares a that the private repository $\langle fork \rangle$ shadows the MathHub repository $\langle orig \rangle$. Internally, it simply defines an internal macro with the shadowing information.

94 \def\shadow#1#2{\@namedef{\repos@macro#1;}{#2}}%

\MathHubPath

 \mathcal{L}_{cons} computes the path of the fork that shadows the MathHub repository $\langle repos \rangle$ according to the current \mathcal{L}_{shadow} specification. The computed path can be used for loading modules from the private version of $\langle repos \rangle$.

95 \def\MathHubPath#1{\@ifundefined{\repos@macro#1;}{#1}{\@nameuse{\repos@macro#1;}}}% 96 $\langle/sty\rangle$

 $^{^5\}mathrm{EdNote}$: This is fake for now, needs to be implemented and documented