stex-master.sty: $STEX 2.0^*$

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Abstract

TODO

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Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	User commands	3
3	Implementation	3
	3.1 sTeX base	3
	3.2 Paths and URIs	4
	3.3 Modules	15
	3.4 Inheritance	19
	3.5 Symbols and Notations	27
	3.6 Term References	39
	3.7 sref	40
	3.8 smultiling	42
	3.9 smglom	42
	3.10 mathhub	43
	3.11 omdoc/omgroup	43
	3.12 omtext	46
4	Mathematical Text	46
5	Phrase-level Markup	47
6	Declarations (under development)	48
7	Block-Level Markup	48
8	Index Markup	49
9	Miscellaneous	51
10	Deprecated Functionality	51
11	Things to deprecate	51

1 Introduction

TODO

2 User commands

- √ \sTeX
- \checkmark module
- √ \importmodule
- √ \usemodule
- √ \symdecl
- √ \notation
- √ verbalizations
- ? \inputref
- ? \libinput
- $\times \ \text{\defi}$
- × \tref
- \times omgroup/omtext

3 Implementation

- $_1 \; \langle *\mathsf{package} \rangle$
- 2 **%** TODO
- 4 \DeclareOption{omdocmode}{\@modules@html@false}
- 5 % Modules:
- $6 \neq 6 \pmod$
- 7 \DeclareOption{showmods}{\mod@showtrue}
- 8 % sref:
- 9 \newif\ifextrefs\extrefsfalse
- 11 %
- $12 \ProcessOptions$
- 13 \RequirePackage{standalone}
- $14 \RequirePackage{xspace}$
- 15 \RequirePackage{metakeys}

3.1 sTeX base

The ST_EX logo:

```
16 \protected\def\stex{%
17  \@ifundefined{texorpdfstring}%
18    {\let\texorpdfstring\@firstoftwo}%
19    {}%
20    \texorpdfstring{\raisebox{-.5ex}S\kern-.5ex\TeX}{sTeX}\xspace%
21 }
22 \def\sTeX{\stex}
    and a conditional for LaTeXML:
23 \newif\if@latexml\@latexmlfalse
```

3.2 Paths and URIs

```
24 \RequirePackage{xstring}
25 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
```

\defpath

\defpath[optional argument]{macro name}{base path} defines a new macro which can take another path to formal one integrated path. For example, \MathHub in every localpaths.tex is defined as:

\defpath{MathHub}{/path/to/localmh/MathHub}

then we can use \MathHub to form other paths, for example,

\MathHub{source/smglom/sets}

```
will generate /path/to/localmh/MathHub/source/smglom/sets.
26 \newrobustcmd\defpath[3][]{%
27 \expandafter\newcommand\csname #2\endcsname[1]{#3/##1}%
28 }%
```

3.2.1 Path Canonicalization

We define two macros for changing the category codes of common characters in URIs, in particular #.

```
29 \def\pathsuris@setcatcodes{%
30
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@hash{\the\catcode'\#}%
31
       \catcode'\#=12\relax%
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@slash{\the\catcode'\/}%
32
       \catcode'\/=12\relax%
33
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@colon{\the\catcode'\:}%
34
       \catcode'\:=12\relax%
35
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@qm{\the\catcode'\?}%
36
       \catcode'\?=12\relax%
37
38 }
39 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt def}\mbox{\tt pathsuris@resetcatcodes}}\xspace \%
       \catcode'\#\pathsuris@oldcatcode@hash\relax%
40
41
       \catcode \\/\pathsuris@oldcatcode@slash\relax%
       \catcode(\:\pathsuris@oldcatcode@colon\relax%
42
       \catcode'\?\pathsuris@oldcatcode@qm\relax%
43
44 }
```

```
We define some macros for later comparison.
45 \def\@ToTop{..}
46 \def\@Slash{/}
47 \def\@Colon{:}
```

```
47 \def\@Colon{:}
         48 \def\0Space{ }
         49 \def\@QuestionMark{?}
         50 \def\@Dot{.}
         51 \catcode \&=12
         52 \def\@Ampersand{&}
         53 \catcode'\&=4
         54 \pathsuris@setcatcodes
         55 \def\@Fragment{#}
         56 \pathsuris@resetcatcodes
         57 \catcode \\.=0
         58 .catcode'.\=12
         59 .let.@BackSlash\
         60 .catcode '.\=0
         61 \catcode \\.=12
         62 \edef\old@percent@catcode{\the\catcode'\%}
         63 \catcode \\ =12
         64 \let\@Percent%
         65 \catcode \%=\old@percent@catcode
\@cpath Canonicalizes (file) paths:
         66 \left( \frac{6}{c} \right)
                \edef\pathsuris@cpath@temp{#1}%
         67
         68
                \def\@CanPath{}%
         69
                \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash{%
         70
                  \@cpath@loop%
                  \edef\@CanPath{\@Slash\@CanPath}%
         71
                }{%
         72
                    \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp{\@Dot\@Slash}{%
         73
         74
                         \StrGobbleLeft\pathsuris@cpath@temp2[\pathsuris@cpath@temp]%
                         \@cpath@loop%
         75
         76
                    }{%
         77
                         \ifx\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Dot\else%
                         \@cpath@loop\fi%
         78
                    }%
         79
                }%
         80
                \IfEndWith\@CanPath\@Slash{%
         81
         82
                  \ifx\@CanPath\@Slash\else%
                    \StrGobbleRight\@CanPath1[\@CanPath]%
         83
                  \fi%
         84
                }{}%
         85
         86 }
         87
         88 \def\@cpath@loop{%
                \IfSubStr\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash{%
         89
         90
                    \StrCut\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a\pathsuris@cpath@temp%
```

```
\ifx\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a\@ToTop%
  91
                                               \ifx\@CanPath\@empty%
  92
                                                            \verb|\edef|@CanPath{\edge}|%
  93
                                               \else%
  94
                                                            \end{conPath} $$\end{conPath} \CanPath\CSlash\CToTop} % $$\end{conPath} $$\e
  95
                                               \fi%
  96
  97
                                               \@cpath@loop%
  98
                                   \else%
                                   \ifx\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a\@Dot%
  99
                                               \@cpath@loop%
100
                                   \else%
101
                                   \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@ToTop{%
102
                                               \StrBehind{\pathsuris@cpath@temp}{\@ToTop}[\pathsuris@cpath@temp]%
103
                                               \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash{%
104
                                                            \edef\pathsuris@cpath@temp{\@CanPath\pathsuris@cpath@temp}%
105
                                               }{%
106
                                                           \ifx\@CanPath\@empty\else%
107
                                                                        108
109
                                                           \fi%
110
                                               }%
                                               \def\@CanPath{}%
111
                                               \@cpath@loop%
112
                                  }{%
113
                                               \ifx\@CanPath\@empty%
114
                                                           \edef\@CanPath{\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a}%
115
116
                                               \else%
                                                            \edef\@CanPath\\@Slash\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a}%
117
118
                                               \@cpath@loop
119
                                  }%
120
                                   \fi\fi%
121
122
                      }{
123
                                   \ifx\@CanPath\@empty%
                                               \edef\@CanPath{\pathsuris@cpath@temp}%
124
125
                                   \else%
126
                                               \edef\@CanPath{\@CanPath\@Slash\pathsuris@cpath@temp}%
                                   \fi
127
                      }%
128
129 }
```

Test:

path	canonicalized path	expected
aaa	aaa	aaa
//aaa	//aaa	//aaa
aaa/bbb	aaa/bbb	aaa/bbb
aaa/		
//aaa/bbb	//aaa/bbb	//aaa/bbb
/aaa//bbb	/bbb	/bbb
/aaa/bbb	/aaa/bbb	/aaa/bbb
aaa/bbb//ddd	aaa/ddd	aaa/ddd
aaa/bbb/./ddd	aaa/bbb/ddd	aaa/bbb/ddd
./		, ,
aaa/bbb//		

```
\cpath Implement \cpath to print the canonicalized path.
```

```
130 \newcommand\cpath[1]{%
131     \@cpath{#1}%
132     \@CanPath%
133 }
```

\path@filename

```
134 \def\path@filename#1#2{%
        \edef\filename@oldpath{#1}%
135
        \StrCount\filename@oldpath\@Slash[\filename@lastslash]%
136
        \ifnum\filename@lastslash>0%
137
            \verb|\StrBehind[\filename@lastslash] \land filename@oldpath\\ @Slash[\filename@oldpath] \% |
138
            \verb|\edef#2{\filename@oldpath}| % \\
139
        \leq \
140
            \edef#2{\filename@oldpath}%
141
        \fi%
142
143 }
Test:
```

Path: /foo/bar/baz.tex Filename: baz.tex

3.2.2 Windows

First, a conditional that tells us whether we have to use windows or unix file paths:

```
144 \newif\if@iswindows@\@iswindows@false  
145 \IfFileExists{\dev/null}{}{\@iswindows@true}}{}
```

Test:

We are on windows: no.

\windows@to@path Converts a windows-style file path to a unix-style file path:

```
146 \newif\if@windowstopath@inpath@\\ 147 \def\windows@to@path#1{
```

```
\def\windows@temp{}
                                             149
                                                                 \edef\windows@path{#1}
                                             150
                                                                 \ifx\windows@path\@empty\else
                                             151
                                                                           152
                                             153
                                             154
                                                                 \let#1\windows@temp
                                             155 }
                                             156 \end{emultiple} 156 \end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} 156 \end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultip
                                                                 \def\windows@temp@b{#2}
                                             157
                                                                \ifx\windows@temp@b\@empty
                                             158
                                             159
                                                                           \def\windows@continue{}
                                              160
                                                                \else
                                                                            \def\windows@continue{\windows@path@loop#2\windows@path@end}
                                             161
                                                                 \fi
                                             162
                                                                \if@windowstopath@inpath@
                                             163
                                                                           \footnotemark{ \ \ \ } 1\C BackSlash
                                             164
                                                                                      \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp\@Slash}
                                             165
                                             166
                                                                           \else
                                             167
                                                                                      \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
                                                                           \fi
                                             168
                                                                 \else
                                             169
                                                                           \ifx#1:
                                             170
                                                                                      \edef\windows@temp{\@Slash\windows@temp}
                                             171
                                                                                      \@windowstopath@inpath@true
                                             172
                                             173
                                                                           \else
                                                                                      \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
                                             174
                                             175
                                                                           \fi
                                                                 \fi
                                             176
                                                                 \windows@continue
                                             177
                                             178 }
                                               Test:
                                               Input: C:\foo \bar .baz
                                               Output: /C/foo/bar.baz
\path@to@windows
                                               Converts a unix-style file path to a windows-style file path:
                                             179 \def\path@to@windows#1{
                                                                \@windowstopath@inpath@false
                                             180
                                             181
                                                                 \def\windows@temp{}
                                                                \edef\windows@path{#1}
                                             182
                                                                 \edef\windows@path{\expandafter\@gobble\windows@path}
                                             183
                                                                 \ifx\windows@path\@empty\else
                                             184
                                                                           \expandafter\path@windows@loop\windows@path\windows@path@end
                                             185
                                                                 \fi
                                             186
                                                                 \let#1\windows@temp
                                             187
                                             188 }
                                             189 \def\path@windows@loop#1#2\windows@path@end{
                                                                 \def\windows@temp@b{#2}
                                             190
                                                                 \ifx\windows@temp@b\@empty
                                             191
```

\@windowstopath@inpath@false

```
193
                    \else
                        \def\windows@continue{\path@windows@loop#2\windows@path@end}
            194
            195
                    \if@windowstopath@inpath@
            196
            197
                        \int ifx#1/
            198
                            \edef\windows@temp\@BackSlash}
                        \else
            199
                            \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
            200
                        \fi
            201
                    \else
            202
                        \int ifx#1/
            203
                            \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp:\@BackSlash}
            204
            205
                            \@windowstopath@inpath@true
            206
                        \else
                            \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
            207
                        \fi
            208
                    \fi
            209
            210
                    \windows@continue
            211 }
             Test:
             Input: /C/foo/bar.baz
             Output: C:\foo\bar.baz
             3.2.3
                     Auxiliary methods
\trimstring Removes initial and trailing spaces from a string:
            212 \def\trimstring#1{%
                    \edef\pathsuris@trim@temp{#1}%
            213
            214
                    \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@trim@temp\@Space{%
                        \StrGobbleLeft\pathsuris@trim@temp1[#1]%
            215
            216
                        \trimstring{#1}%
                    }{%
            217
                        \IfEndWith\pathsuris@trim@temp\@Space{%
            218
                            \StrGobbleRight\pathsuris@trim@temp1[#1]%
            219
            220
                            \trimstring{#1}%
                        }{%
            221
            222
                            \edef#1{\pathsuris@trim@temp}%
            223
                        }%
                    }%
            224
            225 }
             Test:
             »bla blubb«
 \kpsewhich Calls kpsewhich to get e.g. system variables:
            226 \def\kpsewhich#1#2{\begingroup%
                  \edef\kpsewhich@cmd{"|kpsewhich #2"}%
                  \everyeof{\noexpand}%
            228
```

\def\windows@continue{}

```
\colored{catcode'}=12%
          \edef#1{\@@input\kpsewhich@cmd\@Space}%
230
          \trimstring#1%
231
          \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path#1\fi%
232
          \xdef#1{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{#1}}%
234 \endgroup}
 Test:
  /usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/etoolbox/etoolbox.sty
 3.2.4 STEX input hooks
 We determine the PWD of the current main document:
235 \edef\pwd@cmd{\if@iswindows@ -expand-var \percent CD\percent\else -var-value PWD\fi}
236 \kpsewhich\stex@maindir\pwd@cmd
237 \edef\stex@mainfile{\stex@maindir\@Slash\jobname}
238 \edef\stex@mainfile{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\stex@mainfile}}
 /home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master
         We keep a stack of \inputed files:
239 \def\stex@currfile@stack{}
240
241 \def\stex@currfile@push#1{%
               \edef\stex@temppath{#1}%
242
243
               \edef\stex@temppath{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\stex@temppath}}%
          \edef\stex@currfile@stack{\stex@currfile\ifx\stex@currfile@stack\@empty\else,\stex@currfile@s
244
          \IfBeginWith\stex@temppath\@Slash{\@cpath{\stex@temppath}}{%
245
               \@cpath{\stex@maindir\@Slash#1}%
246
247
          }
248
          \let\stex@currfile\@CanPath%
          \path@filename\stex@currfile\stex@currfilename%
249
          \StrLen\stex@currfilename[\stex@currfile@tmp]%
250
          \verb|\StrGobbleRight\stex@currfile{\the\numexpr\stex@currfile@tmp+1 } [\stex@currpath]% | $$ \color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\
251
          \global\let\stex@currfile\stex@currfile%
252
253
           \global\let\stex@currpath\stex@currpath%
254
           \global\let\stex@currfilename\stex@currfilename%
255 }
256 \def\stex@currfile@pop{%
          \ifx\stex@currfile@stack\@empty%
257
               \global\let\stex@currfile\stex@mainfile%
258
               \global\let\stex@currpath\stex@maindir%
259
260
               \global\let\stex@currfilename\jobname%
261
          \else%
               \StrCut\stex@currfile@stack,\stex@currfile\stex@currfile@stack%
262
263
               \path@filename\stex@currfile\stex@currfilename%
               \StrLen\stex@currfilename[\stex@currfile@tmp]%
264
               \StrGobbleRight\stex@currfile{\the\numexpr\stex@currfile@tmp+1 }[\stex@currpath]%
265
266
               \global\let\stex@currfile\stex@currfile%
```

229

267

\global\let\stex@currpath\stex@currpath%

```
\global\let\stex@currfilename\stex@currfilename%
              268
              269
                    \fi%
              270 }
   \stexinput Inputs a file by (if necessary) converting its path to a windows path first, and
               adding the file path to the input stack above:
              271 \def\stexinput#1{%
              272
                      \stexiffileexists{#1}{%
                        \stex@currfile@push\stex@temp@path%
              273
                        \input{\stex@currfile}%
              274
              275
                        \stex@currfile@pop%
              276
                      }%
                      {%
              277
                          \PackageError{stex}{File does not exist (#1): \stex@temp@path}{}%
              278
                      }%
              279
              280 }
              281 \def\stexiffileexists#1#2#3{%
                    \edef\stex@temp@path{#1}%
                    \if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\stex@temp@path\fi%
                    \IfFileExists\stex@temp@path{#2}{#3}%
              284
              285 }
              286 \stex@currfile@pop
               Test:
               This file: /home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master/stex-master
               A test file: /home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master/testfile.tex
               3.2.5
                       MathHub repositories
               We read the MATHHUB system variable and set \MathHub accordingly:
              287 \kpsewhich\mathhub@path{--var-value MATHHUB}
              288 \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path\mathhub@path\fi
              289 \ifx\mathhub@path\@empty%
                    \PackageWarning{stex}{MATHHUB system variable not found or wrongly set}{}
                    \defpath{MathHub}{}
              292 \else\defpath{MathHub}\mathhub@path\fi
               Test:
                /home/jazzpirate/work/MathHub
               findmanifest{\langle path \rangle} searches for a file MANIFEST.MF up and over \langle path \rangle in the
\findmanifest
               file system tree.
              293 \def\findmanifest#1{
              294
                    295
                    \ifx\@CanPath\@Slash
                      \def\manifest@mf{}
```

\edef\@findmanifest@path{\@CanPath/MANIFEST.MF}

296

297

298

299

300

\else

\else\ifx\@CanPath\@empty

\def\manifest@mf{}

```
\if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\@findmanifest@path\fi
301
       \IfFileExists{\@findmanifest@path}{
302
         %\message{MANIFEST.MF found at \@findmanifest@path}
303
         \edef\manifest@mf{\@findmanifest@path}
304
         \xdef\temp@archive@dir{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@CanPath}}
305
306
       }{
307
       \edef\@findmanifest@path{\@CanPath/META-INF/MANIFEST.MF}
308
       \if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\@findmanifest@path\fi
       \IfFileExists{\@findmanifest@path}{
309
         %\message{MANIFEST.MF found at \@findmanifest@path}
310
         \edef\manifest@mf{\@findmanifest@path}
311
312
         \xdef\temp@archive@dir{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@CanPath}}
       }{
313
       \edef\@findmanifest@path{\@CanPath/meta-inf/MANIFEST.MF}
314
       \if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\@findmanifest@path\fi
315
       \IfFileExists{\@findmanifest@path}{
316
         %\message{MANIFEST.MF found at \@findmanifest@path}
317
         \edef\manifest@mf{\@findmanifest@path}
318
319
         \xdef\temp@archive@dir{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@CanPath}}
320
       }{
         \findmanifest{\@CanPath/..}
321
322
       }}}
     \fi\fi
323
324 }
 /home/jazzpirate/work/MathHub/smglom/mv/META-INF/MANIFEST.MF
    the next macro is a helper function for parsing MANIFEST.MF
325 \def\split@manifest@key{
     \IfSubStr{\manifest@line}{\@Colon}{
326
327
         \StrBefore{\manifest@line}{\@Colon}[\manifest@key]
328
         \StrBehind{\manifest@line}{\@Colon}[\manifest@line]
329
         \trimstring\manifest@line
         \trimstring\manifest@key
330
     }{
331
         \def\manifest@key{}
332
333
     }
334 }
    the next helper function iterates over lines in MANIFEST.MF
335 \def\parse@manifest@loop{
     \ifeof\@manifest
336
     \else
337
338
       \read\@manifest to \manifest@line\relax
339
       \edef\manifest@line{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\manifest@line}}
340
       \split@manifest@key
341
       \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{id}}{
342
           \xdef\manifest@mf@id{\manifest@line}
343
```

```
}{
                344
                         % narration-base
                345
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{narration-base}}{
                346
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@narr{\manifest@line}
                347
                         }{
                348
                349
                         % namespace
                350
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{source-base}}{
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@ns{\manifest@line}
                351
                352
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{ns}}{
                353
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@ns{\manifest@line}
                354
                         }{
                355
                         % dependencies
                 356
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{dependencies}}{
                357
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@deps{\manifest@line}
                358
                         }{
                359
                         }}}}
                360
                         \parse@manifest@loop
                361
                362
                      \fi
                363 }
                  \operatorname{parsemanifest}(\operatorname{macroname}) \{ (\operatorname{path}) \}  finds MANIFEST.MF via \operatorname{findmanifest}(\operatorname{path}) \},
\parsemanifest
                  and parses the file, storing the individual fields (id, narr, ns and dependencies)
                  in \langle macroname \rangleid, \langle macroname \ranglenarr, etc.
                364 \newread\@manifest
                365 \def\parsemanifest#1#2{%
                      \gdef\temp@archive@dir{}%
                366
                       \findmanifest{#2}%
                367
                 368
                      \begingroup%
                 369
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@id{}%
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@narr{}%
                370
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@ns{}%
                371
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@deps{}%
                372
                         \openin\@manifest\manifest@mf%
                373
                374
                         \parse@manifest@loop%
                375
                         \closein\@manifest%
                      \endgroup%
                376
                      \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path\manifest@mf\fi%
                377
                      \cslet{#1id}\manifest@mf@id%
                378
                      \cslet{#1narr}\manifest@mf@narr%
                379
                      \cslet{#1ns}\manifest@mf@ns%
                380
                      \cslet{#1deps}\manifest@mf@deps%
                381
                      \ifcsvoid{manifest@mf@id}{}{%
                         \cslet{#1dir}\temp@archive@dir%
                383
                384
                      }%
                385 }
                  Test:
                  id: FOO/BAR
                  ns: http://mathhub.info/FOO/BAR
```

dir: FOO

\setcurrentreposinfo

\setcurrentreposinfo{\langle id\rangle} sets the current repository to $\langle id \rangle$, checks if the MANIFEST.MF of this repository has already been read, and if not, find it, parses it and stores the values in \currentrepos\(0 \langle id \rangle \) for later retrieval.

```
386 \def\setcurrentreposinfo#1{%
     \edef\mh@currentrepos{#1}%
387
388
     \ifx\mh@currentrepos\@empty%
389
       \edef\currentrepos@dir{\@Dot}%
390
       \def\currentrepos@narr{}%
391
       \def\currentrepos@ns{}%
392
       \def\currentrepos@id{}%
       \def\currentrepos@deps{}%
393
     \else%
394
395
     \ifcsdef{mathhub@dir@\mh@currentrepos}{%
396
       \@inmhrepostrue
397
       \edef\mh@currentrepos{#1}%
398
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@dir\csname mathhub@dir@#1\endcsname%
399
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@narr\csname mathhub@narr@#1\endcsname%
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@ns\csname mathhub@ns@#1\endcsname%
400
401
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@deps\csname mathhub@deps@#1\endcsname%
402
     }{%
403
       \parsemanifest{currentrepos@}{\MathHub{#1}}%
       \@setcurrentreposinfo%
404
       \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{\PackageError{stex}{No archive with %
405
         name #1 found!}{make sure that #1 is directly in your MATHHUB folder %
406
         and contains a MANIFEST.MF, either directly in #1 or in a meta-inf %
407
         subfolder.}}{\@inmhrepostrue}%
408
     }%
409
     \fi%
410
411 }
412
413 \def\@setcurrentreposinfo{%
     \edef\mh@currentrepos{\currentrepos@id}%
414
415
     \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{}{%
416
       \csxdef{mathhub@dir@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@dir}%
       \csxdef{mathhub@narr@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@narr}%
417
418
       \csxdef{mathhub@ns@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@ns}%
       \csxdef{mathhub@deps@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@deps}%
419
     }%
420
421 }
 Finally – and that is the ultimate goal of all of the above, we set the current repos.
422 \newif\if@inmhrepos\@inmhreposfalse
423 \ifcsvoid{stex@maindir}{}{
424 \parsemanifest{currentrepos@}\stex@maindir
425 \@setcurrentreposinfo
426 \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{\PackageWarning{stex}{Not currently in a MathHub repository}{}}}{%
```

\message{Current repository: \mh@currentrepos}

```
429 }
                3.3
                      Modules
               430 \ \texttt{lif@latexml\else\ifmod@show\RequirePackage\{mdframed\}\fi\fi}
               431 \def\ignorespacesandpars{\begingroup\catcode13=10\@ifnextchar\relax{\endgroup}{\endgroup}}
                and more adapted from http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/179016/
                ignore-spaces-and-pars-after-an-environment
               432 \def\ignorespacesandparsafterend#1\ignorespaces\fi{#1\fi\ignorespacesandpars}
               433 \def\ignorespacesandpars{\ifhmode\unskip\fi\@ifnextchar\par{\expandafter\ignorespacesandpars\@g
                   Options for the module-environment:
               434 \addmetakey*{module}{title}
               435 \addmetakey*{module}{name}
               436 \addmetakey*{module}{creators}
               437 \addmetakey*{module}{contributors}
               438 \addmetakey*{module}{srccite}
               439 \addmetakey*{module}{ns}
               440 \addmetakey*{module}{narr}
module@heading We make a convenience macro for the module heading. This can be customized.
               441 \ifdef{\thesection}{\newcounter{module}}%
               442 \newrobustcmd\module@heading{%
                    \stepcounter{module}%
               443
                    \ifmod@show%
               444
                    \noindent{\textbf{Module} \thesection.\themodule [\module@name]}%
               445
               446
                    \sref@label@id{Module \thesection.\themodule [\module@name]}%
                      \ifx\module@title\@empty :\quad\else\quad(\module@title)\hfill\\fi%
                   \fi%
               448
               449 }%
                Test:
                Module 3.1[Test]: Foo
       module Finally, we define the begin module command for the module environment. Much
```

428 }

module Finally, we define the begin module command for the module environment. Much of the work has already been done in the keyval bindings, so this is quite simple.

```
450 \newenvironment{module}[1][]{%
451 \begin{@module}[#1]%
452 \module@heading% make the headings
453 \ignorespacesandpars\parsemodule@maybesetcodes}{%
454 \end{@module}%
455 \ignorespacesafterend%
456 }%
457 \ifmod@show\surroundwithmdframed{module@om@common}\fi%

Some auxiliary methods:
458 \def\g@addto@macro@safe#1#2{\ifx#1\relax\def#1{}\fi\g@addto@macro#1{#2}}
```

459 \def\addto@thismodule#1{%

```
\@ifundefined{this@module}{}{%
460
       \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\this@module{#1}%
461
     }%
462
463 }
464 \def\addto@thismodulex#1{%
465 \@ifundefined{this@module}{}{%
     \edef\addto@thismodule@exp{#1}%
466
467
     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe%
     \expandafter\this@module\expandafter{\addto@thismodule@exp}%
468
469 }}
```

Qmodule A variant of the **module** environment that does not create printed representations (in particular no frames).

To compute the $\langle uri \rangle$ of a module, \set@default@ns computes the namespace, if none is provided as an optional argument, as follows:

If the file of the module is /some/path/file.tex and we are not in a MathHub repository, the namespace is file:///some/path.

If the file of the module is /some/path/in/mathhub/repo/sitory/source/sub/file.tex and repo/sitory is an archive in the MathHub root, and the MANIFEST.MF of repo/sitory declares a namespace http://some.namespace/foo, then the namespace of the module is http://some.namespace/foo/sub.

```
470 \newif\ifarchive@ns@empty@\archive@ns@empty@false
471 \def\set@default@ns{%
     \edef\@module@ns@temp{\stex@currpath}%
472
     \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path\@module@ns@temp\fi%
473
     \archive@ns@empty@false%
474
     \ifcsvoid{mh@currentrepos}{\archive@ns@empty@true}%
475
476
     {\expandafter\ifx\csname mathhub@ns@\mh@currentrepos\endcsname\@empty\archive@ns@empty@true\f
477
     \ifarchive@ns@empty@%
478
       \edef\@module@ns@tempuri{file\@Colon\@Slash\@Slash\@module@ns@temp}%
479
     \else%
480
       \edef\@module@filepath@temppath{\@module@ns@temp}%
481
       \edef\@module@ns@tempuri{\csname mathhub@ns@\mh@currentrepos\endcsname}%
482
       \edef\@module@archivedirpath{\csname mathhub@dir@\mh@currentrepos\endcsname\@Slash source}%
483
       \edef\@module@archivedirpath{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@module@archivedirpath}}%
484
       \IfBeginWith\@module@filepath@temppath\@module@archivedirpath{%
485
         \StrLen\@module@archivedirpath[\ns@temp@length]%
486
         \StrGobbleLeft\@module@filepath@temppath\ns@temp@length[\@module@filepath@temprest]%
487
         \edef\@module@ns@tempuri{\@module@ns@tempuri\@module@filepath@temprest}%
488
489
       }{}%
490
     \fi%
```

\IfEndWith\@module@ns@tempuri\@Slash{\StrGobbleRight\@module@ns@tempuri1[\@module@ns@tempuri]

Test:

491

492 493 }

file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master

\setkeys{module}{ns=\@module@ns@tempuri}%

If the module is not given a name, \set@next@moduleid computes one by enumeration, e.g. module0, module1, etc.

```
494 \def\set@next@moduleid{%
     \unless\ifcsname namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules\endcsname%
495
496
         \csgdef{namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules}{0}%
497
     \fi%
     \edef\namespace@currnum{\csname namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules\endcsname}%
498
     \edef\module@temp@setidname{\noexpand\setkeys{module}{name=module\namespace@currnum}}%
499
     \module@temp@setidname%
500
     \csxdef{namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules}{\the\numexpr\namespace@currnum+1}%
501
502 }
Test:
```

module0 module1

Finally, the <code>Qmodule</code> environment does the actual work, i.e. setting metakeys, computing namespace/id, defining <code>\thisQmodule</code>, etc.

For a module with name $\langle name \rangle$ (\module@name) and uri $\langle uri \rangle$ (\module@uri), this defines the following macros:

- \module@defs@\(\(uri\)\) that acts as a repository for semantic macros of the current module. It will be called by \importmodule to activate them.
- We will add the internal forms of the semantic macros whenever \symdef is invoked. To do this, we will need an unexpended form \this@module that expands to \module@defs@ $\langle uri \rangle$; we define it first and then initialize \module@defs@ $\langle uri \rangle$ as empty.
- $\mbox{module@names@}(uri)$ will store all symbol names declared in this module.
- \module@imports@\langle uri \rangle will store the URIs of all modules directly included in this module
- $\langle uri \rangle$ that expands to $\invoke@module{\langle uri \rangle}$ (see below).
- $\mbox{Module}\langle name \rangle$ that expands to $\mbox{} \langle uri \rangle$.

If we are currently in a mathhub repository, this information will also be stored in $\mbox{module@defs@}\langle uri\rangle$, so we can resolve includes properly when this module is activated.

```
503 \newenvironment{@module}[1][]{%
     \metasetkeys{module}{#1}%
504
     \ifcsvoid{module@name}{\let\module@name\module@id}{}% % TODO deprecate
505
     \ifx\module@ns\@empty\set@default@ns\fi%
506
     \ifx\module@narr\@empty%
507
       \setkeys{module}{narr=\module@ns}%
508
     \fi%
509
     \ifcsvoid{module@name}{\set@next@moduleid}{}%
510
     \let\module@id\module@name% % TODO deprecate
511
     \edef\module@uri{\module@ns\@QuestionMark\module@name}%
```

```
\csgdef{module@names@\module@uri}{}%
513
           \csgdef{module@imports@\module@uri}{}%
514
           \csxdef{\module@uri}{\noexpand\@invoke@module{\module@uri}}%
515
           \expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname Module\module@name\expandafter\endcsname\csname\module@name\expandafter\endcsname\csname
516
517
           \edef\this@module{%
                \expandafter\noexpand\csname module@defs@\module@uri\endcsname%
518
519
          }%
520
           \csdef{module@defs@\module@uri}{}%
           \ifcsvoid{mh@currentrepos}{}{%
521
               \@inmhrepostrue%
522
               \addto@thismodulex{\expandafter\edef\expandafter\noexpand\csname mh@old@repos@\module@uri\e:
523
                    {\noexpand\mh@currentrepos}}%
524
                \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@currentrepos}}%
525
          }%
526
527 }{%
          \if@inmhrepos%
528
          \@inmhreposfalse%
529
          \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\expandafter\noexpand\csname mh@old@repos@\m
530
531
          \fi%
532 }%
  Test:
  Module 3.2[Foo]:
  Name: Foo
  URI: file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master?Foo
  this@module: macro:->
  Faking a MathHub archive Foo/Bar with URI http://foo.bar/baz:
  Module 3.3[Foo2]:
  Name: Foo2
  URI: http://foo.bar/baz?Foo2
  this@module:\ macro:->\\ edef \\ \ mh@old@repos@http://foo.bar/baz?Foo2\ \\ \{\\ \ mh@currentrepos. \\ \ mh@currentrepos. \\ \ mh@old@repos. \\ \ mh@currentrepos. \\ \ mh@currentrepos.
  \setcurrentreposinfo \{Foo/Bar\}
  Removing the /home/jazzpirate/work/MathHub/ system variable first:
  Module 3.4[Foo]:
  Name: Foo
  URI: file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master?Foo
  this@module: macro:->Faking a MathHub archive Foo/Bar with URI http://foo.bar/baz:
  Module 3.5[Foo2]:
  Name: Foo2
  URI: http://foo.bar/baz?Foo2
  \setcurrentreposinfo \{Foo/Bar\}
         A module with URI \langle uri \rangle and id \langle id \rangle creates two macros \langle uri \rangle and
  \Module(id), that ultimately expand to \Module(\langle uri \rangle). Currently, the
  only functionality is \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt @invoke@module}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt which}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt expands}} to the full
  uri of a module (i.e. via \Module(id)\CURI). In the future, this macro can be
```

extended with additional functionality, e.g. accessing symbols in a macro for overloaded (macro-)names.

```
533 \def\@URI{uri}
534 \def\@invoke@module#1#2{%
     \ifx\@URI#2%
536
       #1%
     \else%
537
       % TODO something else
538
       #2%
539
     \fi%
540
541 }
```

Inheritance 3.4

Selective Inclusion 3.4.1

The next great goal is to establish the \requiremodules macro, which reads an STEX file and processes all the module signature information in them, but does not produce any output. This is a tricky business, as we need to "parse" the modules and treat the module signature macros specially (we refer to this as "sms mode", since it is equivalent to what the – now deprecated – sms utility did).

In the following we introduce a lot of auxiliary functionality before we can define \requiremodules.

\parsemodule@allow*

The first step is setting up a functionality for registering \sTeX macros and environments as part of a module signature.

```
542 \neq 0
543 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed{true}
544 \def\parsemodule@allow#1{
545
     \expandafter\let\csname parsemodule@allowedmacro@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed
546 }
547 \def\parsemodule@allowenv#1{
     \expandafter\let\csname parsemodule@allowedenv@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed
548
549 }
550 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@beginstring{begin}
551 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@endstring{end}
    and now we use that to actually register all the STEX functionality as relevant
```

for sms mode.

```
552 \parsemodule@allow{symdef}
553 \parsemodule@allow{abbrdef}
554 \parsemodule@allow{importmodule}
555 \parsemodule@allowenv{module}
556 \parsemodule@allow{importmhmodule}
557 \parsemodule@allow{gimport}
558 \parsemodule@allowenv{modsig}
559 \parsemodule@allowenv{mhmodsig}
560 \parsemodule@allowenv{mhmodnl}
```

```
561 \parsemodule@allowenv{modnl}
562 \parsemodule@allow{symvariant}
563 \parsemodule@allow{symi}
564 \parsemodule@allow{symii}
565 \parsemodule@allow{symiii}
566 \parsemodule@allow{symiv}
567 \parsemodule@allow{notation}
568 \parsemodule@allow{symdecl}
569 %\parsemodule@allow{defi}
570 %\parsemodule@allow{defii}
571 %\parsemodule@allow{defiii}
572 %\parsemodule@allow{defiv}
573 %\parsemodule@allow{adefi}
574 %\parsemodule@allow{adefii}
575 %\parsemodule@allow{adefiii}
576 %\parsemodule@allow{adefiv}
577 %\parsemodule@allow{defis}
578 %\parsemodule@allow{defiis}
579 %\parsemodule@allow{defiiis}
580 %\parsemodule@allow{defivs}
581 %\parsemodule@allow{Defi}
582 %\parsemodule@allow{Defii}
583 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiii}
584 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiv}
585 %\parsemodule@allow{Defis}
586 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiis}
587 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiiis}
588 %\parsemodule@allow{Defivs}
```

To read external modules without producing output, \requiremodules redefines the \-character to be an active character that, instead of executing a macro, checks whether a macro name has been registered using \parsemodule@allow before selectively executing the corresponding macro or ignoring it. To produce the relevant code, we therefore define a macro \@active@slash that produces a \-character with category code 13 (active), as well as \@open@brace and \@close@brace, which produce open and closing braces with category code 12 (other).

```
589 \catcode'\.=0
590 .catcode'.\=13
591 .def.@active@slash{\}
592 .catcode'.<=1
593 .catcode'.>=2
594 .catcode'.{=12
595 .catcode'.}=12
596 .def.@open@brace<{>
597 .def.@close@brace<}>
598 .catcode'.\=0
599 \catcode'\.=12
600 \catcode'\{=1
```

```
601 \catcode'\}=2
602 \catcode'\<=12
603 \catcode'\>=12
```

The next two macros set and reset the category codes before/after sms mode.

\set@parsemodule@catcodes

```
604
     \def\set@parsemodule@catcodes{%
605
         \global\catcode'\\=13%
          \global\catcode'\#=12%
606
607
          \global\catcode'\{=12%
          \global\catcode'\}=12%
608
          \global\catcode'\$=12%$
609
610
          \global\catcode'\^=12%
          \global\catcode'\_=12%
611
          \global\catcode'\&=12%
612
         \expandafter\let\@active@slash\parsemodule@escapechar%
613
614
     }
```

\reset@parsemodule@catcodes

```
\def\reset@parsemodule@catcodes{%
615
         \global\catcode'\\=0%
616
         \global\catcode'\#=6%
617
          \global\catcode'\{=1%
618
          \global\catcode'\}=2%
619
620
          \global\catcode'\$=3%$
621
          \global\catcode'\^=7%
          \global\catcode'\_=8%
622
         \global\catcode'\&=4\%
623
     }
624
```

\parsemodule@maybesetcodes

Before a macro is executed in sms-mode, the category codes will be reset to normal, to ensure that all macro arguments are parsed correctly. Consequently, the macros need to set the category codes back to sms mode after having read all arguments iff the macro got executed in sms mode. \parsemodule@maybesetcodes takes care of that.

```
625 \def\parsemodule@maybesetcodes{%
626 \if@smsmode\set@parsemodule@catcodes\fi%
627 }
```

\parsemodule@escapechar

This macro gets called whenever a \-character occurs in sms mode. It is split into several macros that parse and store characters in \parsemodule@escape@currcs until a character with category code $\neq 11$ occurs (i.e. the macro name is complete), check whether the macro is allowed in sms mode, and then either ignore it or execute it after setting category codes back to normal. Special care needs to be taken to make sure that braces have the right category codes (1 and 2 for open and closing braces, respectively) when delimiting macro arguments.

Entry point:

```
629 \def\parsemodule@escapechar{%
       \def\parsemodule@escape@currcs{}%
630
       \parsemodule@escape@parse@nextchar@%
631
632 }%
```

The next macro simply reads the next character and checks whether it has category code 11. If so, it stores it in \parsemodule@escape@currcs. Otherwise, the macro name is complete, it stores the last character in \parsemodule@last@char and calls \parsemodule@escapechar@checkcs.

```
633 \long\def\parsemodule@escape@parse@nextchar@#1{%
634
       \ifcat a#1\relax%
            \edef\parsemodule@escape@currcs{\parsemodule@escape@currcs#1}%
635
           \let\parsemodule@do@next\parsemodule@escape@parse@nextchar@%
636
637
       \else%
         \def\parsemodule@last@char{#1}%
638
639
         \def\parsemodule@do@next{\parsemodule@escapechar@checkcs}%
640
641
       \parsemodule@do@next%
642 }
```

The next macro checks whether the currently stored macroname is allowed in sms mode. There are four cases that need to be considered: \begin, \end, allowed macros, and others. In the first two cases, we reinsert \parsemodule@last@char and continue with \parsemodule@escapechar@checkbeginenv or \parsemodule@escapechar@checkende respectively, to check whether the environment being openend/closed is al-In both cases, \parsemodule@last@char is an open lowed in sms mode. brace with category code 12. In the third case, we need to check whether \parsemodule@last@char is an open brace, in which case we call \parsemodule@converttoproperbraces otherwise, we set category codes to normal and execute the macro. In the fourth case, we just reinsert \parsemodule@last@char and continue.

```
643 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@checkcs{%
       \ifx\parsemodule@escape@currcs\parsemodule@escapechar@beginstring%
644
           \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\noexpand\parsemodule@escapechar@checkbeginenv\parsemodule@la
645
646
           \ifx\parsemodule@escape@currcs\parsemodule@escapechar@endstring%
647
             \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\noexpand\parsemodule@escapechar@checkendenv\parsemodule@la
648
649
           \else%
               \expandafter\ifx\csname parsemodule@allowedmacro@\parsemodule@escape@currcs\endcsna
650
                    \parsemodule@escapechar@allowed%
651
                  \ifx\parsemodule@last@char\@open@brace%
652
                    \expandafter\let\expandafter\parsemodule@do@next@ii\csname\parsemodule@escape@c
653
                    \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\noexpand\parsemodule@converttoproperbraces\@open@bra
654
                  \else%
655
                    \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
656
657
                    \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\expandafter\noexpand\csname\parsemodule@escape@currc
658
                \else\def\parsemodule@do@next{\relax\parsemodule@last@char}\fi%
659
660
           \fi%
       \fi%
```

```
662 \parsemodule@do@next% 663 }
```

This macro simply takes an argument in braces (with category codes 12), reinserts it with "proper" braces (category codes 1 and 2), sets category codes back to normal and calls \parsemodule@do@next@ii, which has been \let as the macro to be executed.

```
664 \expandafter\expandafter\def%
665 \expandafter\expandafter\parsemodule@converttoproperbraces%
666 \expandafter\@open@brace\expandafter#\expandafter1\@close@brace{%
667 \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
668 \parsemodule@do@next@ii{#1}%
669 }
```

The next two macros apply in the \begin and \end cases. They check whether the environment is allowed in sms mode, if so, open/close the environment, and otherwise do nothing.

Notably, \parsemodule@escapechar@checkendenv does not set category codes back to normal, since \end{environment} never takes additional arguments that need to be parsed anyway.

```
670 \exp \text{andafter} \exp \text{andafter} 
671 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\parsemodule@escapechar@checkbeginenv%
672 \expandafter\@open@brace\expandafter#\expandafter1\@close@brace{%
                          \expandafter\ifx\csname parsemodule@allowedenv@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed%
673
                                        \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
674
675
                                       \def\parsemodule@do@next{\begin{#1}}%
676
                          \else%
677
                                       \def\parsemodule@do@next{#1}%
678
                          \fi%
679
                          \parsemodule@do@next%
680 }
681 \expandafter\expandafter\def%
682 \expandafter\expandafter\parsemodule@escapechar@checkendenv%
683 \verb|\expandafter\\| @open@brace\\| expandafter\\| &expandafter\\| 
                          \expandafter\ifx\csname parsemodule@allowedenv@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed%
684
                                       %\reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
685
686
                                        \def\parsemodule@do@next{\end{#1}}%
687
688
                                 \def\parsemodule@do@next{#1}%
689
690
                          \parsemodule@do@next%
691 }
```

\@requiremodules

the internal version of \requiremodules for use in the *.aux file. We disable it at the end of the document, so that when the aux file is read again, nothing is loaded.

```
692 \newrobustcmd\@requiremodules[1]{%
693 \if@tempswa\requiremodules{#1}\fi%
694}%
```

\requiremodules

This macro loads the module signatures in a file using the \requiremodules@smsmode above. We set the flag \mod@showfalse in the local group, so that the macros know now to pollute the result.

```
695 \newrobustcmd\requiremodules[1]{%
696 \mod@showfalse%
697 \edef\mod@path{#1}%
698 \edef\mod@path{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\mod@path}}%
699 \requiremodules@smsmode{#1}%
700 }%
```

\requiremodules@smsmode

this reads STEX modules by setting the category codes for sms mode, \inputting the required file and wrapping it in a \vbox that gets stored away and ignored, in order to not produce any output. It also sets \hbadness, \hfuzz and friends to values that suppress overfull and underfull hbox messages.

```
701
     \newbox\modules@import@tempbox
702
     \def\requiremodules@smsmode#1{%
703
       \setbox\modules@import@tempbox\vbox{%
         \@smsmodetrue%
704
         \set@parsemodule@catcodes%
705
706
         \hbadness=100000\relax%
707
         \hfuzz=10000pt\relax%
708
         \vbadness=100000\relax%
         \vfuzz=10000pt\relax%
709
710
         \stexinput{#1.tex}%
711
         \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
712
713
         \parsemodule@maybesetcodes%
714
     }
Test:
parsing F00/testmodule.tex
macro:->\@invoke@module {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
master/FOO?testmodule}
```

3.4.2 importmodule

 $\verb|\importmodule@bookkeeping| \\$

```
715 \newif\if@importmodule@switchrepos\@importmodule@switchreposfalse
716 \def\importmodule@bookkeeping#1#2#3{%
     \@importmodule@switchreposfalse%
717
718
     \metasetkeys{importmodule}{#1}%
719
     \ifcsvoid{importmodule@mhrepos}{%
       \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{%
720
         \let\importmodule@dir\stex@maindir%
721
722
         \edef\importmodule@dir{\currentrepos@dir\@Slash source}%
723
       }%
724
725
     }{%
       \@importmodule@switchrepostrue%
726
```

```
\expandafter\let\csname importmodule@oldrepos@#2\endcsname\mh@currentrepos%
              727
                      \setcurrentreposinfo\importmodule@mhrepos%
              728
                      \edef\importmodule@dir{\currentrepos@dir\@Slash source}%
              729
                    }%
              730
                    \StrCut{#2}\@QuestionMark\importmodule@subdir\importmodule@modulename%
              731
              732
                    \ifx\importmodule@modulename\@empty%
              733
                      \let\importmodule@modulename\importmodule@subdir%
              734
                      \let\importmodule@subdir\@empty%
                    \else%
              735
                      \ifx\importmodule@subdir\@empty\else%
              736
                        \edef\importmodule@dir{\importmodule@dir\@Slash\importmodule@subdir}%
              737
                      \fi%
              738
                    \fi%
               739
                    \begingroup#3\endgroup%
              740
                    \if@importmodule@switchrepos%
              741
                      \expandafter\setcurrentreposinfo\csname importmodule@oldrepos@#2\endcsname%
              742
              743
                    \ignorespacesandpars%
              744
              745 }
\importmodule
              746 %\srefaddidkey{importmodule}
              747 \addmetakey{importmodule}{mhrepos}
              748 \newcommand\importmodule[2][]{\@@importmodule[#1]{#2}{export}}
              749 \newcommand\@@importmodule[3][]{%
                    \importmodule@bookkeeping{#1}{#2}{%
              750
                      \@importmodule[\importmodule@dir]\importmodule@modulename{#3}%
              751
              752
              753 }
```

\@importmodule

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc dimportmodule [$\langle filepath$\rangle] {\ensuremath{\sc dexport?}$}} \ loads \ \ensuremath{\sc dimporth}\ .$ tex and activates the module $\ensuremath{\sc mod}\ .$ If $\ensuremath{\sc dexport?}\$ is export, then it also re-exports the \symdefs from $\ensuremath{\sc mod}\ .$

First $\Omega \$ will store the base file name with full path, then check if $\$ module $\Omega \$ opath is defined. If this macro is defined, a module of this name has already been loaded, so we check whether the paths coincide, if they do, all is fine and we do nothing otherwise we give a suitable error. If this macro is undefined we load the path by $\$ requiremodules.

```
754 \newcommand\@importmodule[3][]{%
755 {%
     \edef\@load{#1}%
756
     \edef\@importmodule@name{#2}
757
     \if@smsmode\else\ifcsvoid{Module\@importmodule@name}{%
758
759
       \stexiffileexists\@load{\requiremodules\@load}{%
760
         \requiremodules{\@load\@Slash\@importmodule@name}%
761
       }%
762
     }{}\fi%
     \ifx\@load\@empty\else%
763
       {% TODO
764
```

```
765 %
                       \edef\@path{\csname module@#2@path\endcsname}%
766 %
                      \IfStrEq\@load\@path{\relax}% if the known path is the same as the requested one do noth
767 %
                      {\PackageError{stex}% else signal an error
768 %
                           {Module Name Clash\MessageBreak%
769 %
                               A module with name #2 was already loaded under the path "\@path"\MessageBreak%
770 %
                               The imported path "\@load" is probably a different module with the\MessageBreak%
771 %
                               same name; this is dangerous -- not importing}%
772 %
                           {Check whether the Module name is correct}%
773 %
                      }%
                }%
774
775
           \fi%
776
            \global\let\@importmodule@load\@load%
777 }%
778 \edef\@export{#3}\def\@@export{export}%prepare comparison
779 \% ifx\@export\@Qexport\export@defs{#2}\fi% export the module
780 \ifx\@export\@@export\addto@thismodulex{%
           \noexpand\@importmodule[\@importmodule@load]{#2}{noexport}%
782 }%
783 \if@smsmode\else
784 \ifcsvoid{this@module}{}{%
785
           \ifcsvoid{module@imports@\module@uri}{
                \csxdef{module@imports@\module@uri}{%
786
                     \csname Module#2\endcsname\@URI%
787
               }%
788
789
           }{%
                \csxdef{module@imports@\module@uri}{%
790
                     \csname Module#2\endcsname\@URI,%
791
                     \csname module@imports@\module@uri\endcsname%
792
               }%
793
          }%
794
795 }%
796 \fi\fi%
797 \if@smsmode\else\activate@defs{#2}\fi% activate the module
         Test:
  \importmodule \testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimpor
  macro:->\@invoke@module {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
  master?testmoduleimporta}
  undefined
  Test:
  \importmodule \testmoduleimportb?importb\:
  macro:->\@invoke@module {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
  master?importb}
  macro:->\protect \bar
  macro:->\@invoke@module {http://mathhub.info/smglom/algebra?band}
  macro:->\@invoke@module {http://mathhub.info/smglom/algebra?idempotent}
  undefined
```

macro:->\@ifstar \@gimport@star \@gimport@nostar

\activate@defs To activate the \symdefs from a given module $\langle mod \rangle$, we call the macro $\mbox{module@defs@}(mod)$. But to make sure that every module is activated only once, we only activate if the macro $\mbox{module@defs@}(mod)$ is undefined, and define it directly afterwards to prohibit further activations. 799 \def\activate@defs#1{% \ifcsundef{Module#1}{ 800 801 \PackageError{stex}{No module with name #1 loaded}{Probably missing an \detokenize{\importmodule} (or variant) somewhere? 802 } 803 }{% 804 \ifcsundef{module@\csname Module#1\endcsname\@URI @activated}% 805 {\csname module@defs@\csname Module#1\endcsname\@URI\endcsname}{}% \@namedef{module@\csname Module#1\endcsname\@URI @activated}{true}% 807 808 }% 809 }% \usemodule \usemodule acts like \importmodule, except that it does not re-export the semantic macros in the modules it loads. 810 \newcommand\usemodule[2][]{\@@importmodule[#1]{#2}{noexport}} Test: Module 3.26[Foo]: Module 3.27[Bar]: undefined Module 3.28[Baz]: undefined macro:->\protect \bar hooks for spacing customization, they are empty by default. \inputref@*skip 811 \def\inputref@preskip{} 812 \def\inputref@postskip{} \inputref{\(\rho the \) current file without extension\\\} supports both absolute path and relative path, meanwhile, records the path and the extension (not for relative path). 813 \newrobustcmd\inputref[2][]{% \importmodule@bookkeeping{#1}{#2}{% 814 %\inputreftrue 815 \inputref@preskip% 816 817 \stexinput{\importmodule@dir\@Slash\importmodule@modulename.tex}% 818 \inputref@postskip% }% 819

3.5 Symbols and Notations

820 }%

\if@symdeflocal A flag whether a symbol declaration is local (i.e. does not get exported) or not.

821 \newif\if@symdeflocal\@symdeflocalfalse

```
\define@in@module calls \edef\#1{#2} and adds the macro definition to \this@module
                   822 \def\define@in@module#1#2{
                        \verb|\expandafter| edef| csname #1\\endcsname{#2}%
                   823
                        \edef\define@in@module@temp{%
                   824
                   825
                           \def\expandafter\noexpand\csname#1\endcsname%
                   826
                           {#2}%
                   827
                        }%
                        \if@symdeflocal\else%
                   828
                           \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri%
                   829
                           \expandafter\endcsname\expandafter{\define@in@module@temp}%
                   830
                   831
                        \fi%
                   832 }
         \symdecl
                    \symdecl[name=foo]{bar} Declares a new symbol in the current module with
                    URI \langle module-uri \rangle?foo and defines new macros \langle uri \rangle and \langle bar. If no optional
                    name is given, bar is used as a name.
                   833 \addmetakey{symdecl}{name}%
                   834 \addmetakey{symdecl}{verbalization}%
                   835
                   836\ \% constructs a symbol name and a verbalization by splitting at exclamation
                   837 % points - e.g. \symdecl{symmetric!group} leads to name=symmetric-group
                   838 % and verbalization "symmetric group".
                   839 \def\symdecl@constructname#1{%
                        \def\symdecl@name{}%
                        \def\symdecl@verb{}%
                   841
                        \edef\symdecl@tempname{#1}%
                   842
                        \symdecl@constructname@loop%
                   843
                   844 }
                   845
                   846 \def\symdecl@constructname@loop{%
                        \ifx\symdecl@tempname\@empty\else%
                           \StrCut\symdecl@tempname!\symdecl@tempfirst\symdecl@tempname%
                   848
                           \ifx\symdecl@name\@empty%
                   849
                             \let\symdecl@name\symdecl@tempfirst%
                   850
                             \let\symdecl@verbalization\symdecl@tempfirst%
                   851
                   852
                             \symdecl@constructname@loop%
                           \else%
                   853
                   854
                             \edef\symdecl@name{\symdecl@name-\symdecl@tempfirst}%
                             \edef\symdecl@verbalization{\symdecl@verbalization\@Space\symdecl@tempfirst}%
                   855
                             \symdecl@constructname@loop%
                   856
                           \fi%
                   857
                        \fi%
                   858
                   859 }
                   860
                   861 \newcommand\symdecl[2][]{%
                        \ifcsdef{this@module}{%
                   862
                           \metasetkeys{symdecl}{#1}%
                   863
                           \ifcsvoid{symdecl@name}{%
                   864
```

\ifcsvoid{symdecl@verbalization}{%

```
\symdecl@constructname{#2}%
866
867
           \edef\symdecl@name{#2}%
868
         }%
869
       }{%
870
         \ifcsvoid{symdecl@verbalization}{\edef\symdecl@verbalization{#2}}{}%
871
872
       \edef\symdef@uri{\module@uri\@QuestionMark\symdecl@name}%
873
       \ifcsvoid{\symdef@uri}{
874
         \ifcsvoid{module@names@\module@uri}{%
875
           \csxdef{module@names@\module@uri}{\symdecl@name}%
876
           \csxdef{module@names@\module@uri}{\symdecl@name,%
             \csname module@names@\module@uri\endcsname}%
879
         }%
880
       }{%
881
       % not compatible with circular dependencies, e.g. test/omdoc/07-modules/smstesta.tex
882
         \PackageWarning{stex}{symbol already defined: \symdef@uri}{%
883
884
           You need to pick a fresh name for your symbol%
885
         }%
       }%
886
       \define@in@module\symdef@uri{\noexpand\@invoke@symbol{\symdef@uri}}%
887
       \define@in@module{#2}{\noexpand\@invoke@symbol{\symdef@uri}}%
888
       \global\expandafter\let\csname\symdef@uri\@Fragment verb\endcsname\symdecl@verbalization%
889
890
       \PackageError{stex}{\detokenize{\symdecl} not in a module}{You need to be in a module%
891
       in order to declare a new symbol}
892
893
     \if@insymdef@\else\parsemodule@maybesetcodes\fi%
894
895 }
Test:
Module 3.29[foo]: \symdecl {bar}
Yields: macro:->\@invoke@symbol {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
master?foo?bar}
3.5.1
       Notations
This macro searches for the full URI given a symbol name and stores it in
```

\modules@getURIfromName

\notation@uri. Used by e.g. \notation[...] {foo}{...} to figure out what symbol foo refers to:

```
896 \def\modules@getURIfromName#1{%
     \def\notation@uri{}%
897
     \edef\modules@getURI@name{#1}%
898
     \if@isuri\modules@getURI@name{%
899
       \let\notation@uri\isuri@uri%
900
     }{%
901
       \ifcsvoid{this@module}{}{%
902
903
         \expandafter\modules@getURIfromModule\expandafter{\module@uri}%
904
         \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
```

```
\edef\modules@getURI@modules{\csname module@imports@\module@uri\endcsname}%
905
           \expandafter\@for\expandafter\@I\expandafter:\expandafter=\modules@getURI@modules\do{%
906
              \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
907
                \expandafter\modules@getURIfromModule\expandafter{\@I}%
908
             \fi%
909
           }%
910
911
         \fi%
912
         \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
           \def\notation@extract@uri@currcs{}%
913
           \notation@extracturifrommacro{#1}%
914
         \fi%
915
         \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
916
           \PackageError{stex}{No symbol with name, URI or macroname \detokenize{#1} found!}{}}
917
918
         \fi%
       }%
919
     }%
920
921 }
922
923 \def\if@isuri#1#2#3{%
924
     \StrCount{#1}\@QuestionMark[\isuri@number]%
     \ifnum\isuri@number=1 %
925
       \StrCut{#1}\@QuestionMark\@isuri@mod\@isuri@name%
926
       \ifcsvoid{Module\@isuri@mod}{#3}{%
927
         \edef\isuri@uri{\csname Module\@isuri@mod\endcsname\@URI\@QuestionMark\@isuri@name}%
928
929
         #2%
       }%
930
     \else%
931
       \ifnum\isuri@number=2 %
932
         \edef\isuri@uri{#1}#2\else#3%
933
       \fi%
934
     \fi%
935
936 }
937
938 \def\modules@getURIfromModule#1{%
     \edef\modules@getURI@names{\csname module@names@#1\endcsname}%
939
     \expandafter\@for\expandafter\@I\expandafter:\expandafter=%
940
     \modules@getURI@names\do{%
941
       \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
942
943
         \ifx\@I\modules@getURI@name%
           \edef\notation@uri{#1\@QuestionMark\@I}%
944
945
         \fi%
946
       \fi%
     }%
947
948 }
949
950 % extracts the full URI from \foo or anything being \ifx-equal to \foo,
951 % by expanding until we reach \@invoke@symbol{<uri>}
952 \def\notation@extracturifrommacro#1{%
953
     \ifcsvoid{#1}{}{%
954
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\csname#1\endcsname%
```

```
\ifx\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\notation@extract@uri@currcs\else%
          955
                   \let\notation@extract@uri@currcs\notation@extract@uri@nextcs%
          956
                   \expandafter\notation@extract@uriII\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\notation@end%
          957
                 \fi%
          958
               }%
          959
          960 }
          961 \long\def\notation@extract@uriII#1#2\notation@end{%
               \def\notation@extract@check@temp{#2}
          962
               \ifx\@invoke@symbol#1%
          963
                 \edef\notation@uri{#2}%
          964
               \else%
          965
          966
                 \ifx\notation@extract@check@temp\@empty\else%
                   \expandafter\def\expandafter\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\expandafter{#1{#2}}%
          967
                   \notation@extract@uri{notation@extract@uri@nextcs}%
          968
          969
               \fi%
          970
          971 }
\notation Adds a new notation to a symbol foo, as in: \notation[lang=en,arity=0,variant=op]{foo}{...}
           \notation[variant=bar]{foo}[2]{...}\notation[args=aia,prec=500;50x49x51]{foo}{#1 bla #2
              TODO with brackets, e.g. \mbox{notation[withbrackets={\langle,\rangle}]{foo}{...}}
          972 \% parses the first two arguments:
          973 \providerobustcmd\notation[2][]{%
               \edef\notation@first{#1}%
               \edef\notation@second{#2}%
          976
               \notation@%
          977 }
          978
          979 % parses the last two arguments
          980 \newcommand\notation@[2][0]{%
               \edef\notation@donext{\noexpand\notation@@[\notation@first]%
                 {\notation@second}[#1]}%
          982
               \notation@donext{#2}%
          983
          984 }
          985
          986\,\% parses the notation arguments and wraps them in
          987 % \notation@assoc and \notation@argprec for flexary arguments and precedences
          988 \def\notation@@[#1]#2[#3]#4{%
          989
               \modules@getURIfromName{#2}%
          990
               \notation@parse@params{#1}{#3}
               \let\notation@curr@todo@args\notation@curr@args%
          991
               \def\notation@temp@notation{}%
          992
               \StrLen\notation@curr@args[\notation@temp@arity]%
          993
               \expandafter\renewcommand\expandafter\notation@temp@notation%
          994
                 \expandafter[\notation@temp@arity]{#4}%
          995
          996
               % precedence
               \IfSubStr\notation@curr@precs;{%
          997
                 \StrCut\notation@curr@precs;\notation@curr@prec\notation@curr@precs%
          998
                 \ifx\notation@curr@prec\@empty\def\notation@curr@prec{0}\fi%
          999
```

```
}{%
1000
        \ifx\notation@curr@precs\@empty%
1001
          \ifnum\notation@temp@arity=0\relax%
1002
            \edef\notation@curr@prec{\infprec}%
1003
          \else%
1004
1005
            \def\notation@curr@prec{0}%
1006
          \fi%
1007
        \else%
          \edef\notation@curr@prec{\notation@curr@precs}%
1008
          \def\notation@curr@precs{}%
1009
        \fi%
1010
      }%
1011
1012
      % arguments
      \def\notation@curr@extargs{}
1013
      \def\notation@nextarg@index{1}%
1014
1015
      \notation@do@args%
1016 }
1017
1018 % parses additional notation components for (associative) arguments
1019 \def\notation@do@args{%
      \def\notation@nextarg@temp{}%
      \ifx\notation@curr@todo@args\@empty%
1021
1022
        \notation@after%
      \else%
1023
1024
        % argument precedence
1025
        \IfSubStr\notation@curr@precs{x}{%
          \StrCut\notation@curr@precs{x}\notation@curr@argprec\notation@curr@precs%
1026
1027
        }{%
          \edef\notation@curr@argprec{\notation@curr@precs}%
1028
          \def\notation@curr@precs{}%
1029
        }%
1030
1031
        \ifx\notation@curr@argprec\@empty%
1032
          \let\notation@curr@argprec\notation@curr@prec%
1033
1034
        \StrChar\notation@curr@todo@args1[\notation@argchar]%
1035
        \StrGobbleLeft\notation@curr@todo@args1[\notation@curr@todo@args]%
        \expandafter\ifx\notation@argchar i%
1036
          % normal argument
1037
1038
          \edef\notation@nextarg@temp{{\noexpand\notation@argprec{\notation@curr@argprec}{#######\:
          \edef\notation@nextarg@index{\the\numexpr\notation@nextarg@index+1 }
1039
1040
          \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\expandafter\notation@curr@extargs%
1041
            \expandafter{\notation@nextarg@temp}%
          \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\notation@do@args%
1042
1043
1044
          % associative argument
1045
          \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\notation@parse@assocarg%
1046
1047
      \fi%
1048 }
```

```
1050 \def\notation@parse@assocarg#1{%
      \edef\notation@nextarg@temp{{\noexpand\notation@argprec{\notation@curr@argprec}{\noexpand\not
1051
      \edef\notation@nextarg@index{\the\numexpr\notation@nextarg@index+1 }%
1052
      \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\expandafter\notation@curr@extargs%
1053
1054
      \expandafter{\notation@nextarg@temp}%
      \notation@do@args%
1055
1056 }
1057
1058 \protected\def\safe@newcommand#1{\%
      \ifdefined#1\expandafter\renewcommand\else\expandafter\newcommand\fi#1%
1059
1060 }
1061
1062 % finally creates the actual macros
1063 \def\notation@after{
      \let\ex\expandafter%
1064
      \ex\ex\ex\def\ex\ex\notation@temp@notation\ex\ex\ex\
1065
        {\ex\notation@temp@notation\notation@curr@extargs}%
1066
      \edef\notation@temp@notation{\noexpand\notation@symprec{\notation@curr@prec}{\ex\unexpanded\e.
1067
      \def\notation@temp@fragment{}%
1068
1069
      \ifx\notation@curr@arity\@empty\else%
1070
        \edef\notation@temp@fragment{arity=\notation@curr@arity}
1071
      \fi%
      \ifx\notation@curr@lang\@empty\else%
1072
1073
        \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
1074
          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{lang=\notation@curr@lang}%
1075
        \else%
          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand lang=\notation@curr@lang}
1076
1077
        \fi%
      \fi%
1078
      \ifx\notation@curr@variant\@empty\else%
1079
        \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
1080
1081
          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{variant=\notation@curr@variant}%
1082
        \else%
1083
          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand variant=\notation@curr@va
        \fi%
1084
      \fi%
1085
      \edef\notation@csname{\notation@uri\@Fragment\notation@temp@fragment}%
1086
1087
      \ifcsvoid{\notation@csname}{%
        \ex\ex\ex\ex\ex\ex\notation@csname%
1088
          \ex\ex\ex\endcsname\ex\ex\ex[\ex\notation@temp@arity\ex]%
1089
1090
          \ex{\notation@temp@notation}%
        \edef\symdecl@temps{%
1091
          \noexpand\safe@newcommand\ex\noexpand\csname\notation@csname\endcsname[\notation@temp@ari
1092
1093
1094
        \ex\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri\ex\endcsname\ex{\symdecl@temps}%
1095
        \ex\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri\ex\endcsname\ex{\ex{\notation@temp@no
1096
```

\PackageWarning{stex}{notation already defined: \notation@csname}{% Choose a different set of notation options (variant,lang,arity)%

1097

1098 1099

}%

```
1100
      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes%
1101
1102 }
1103
1104 % parses optional parameters
1105 \def\notation@parse@params#1#2{%
1106
      \def\notation@curr@precs{}%
1107
      \def\notation@curr@args{}%
      \def\notation@curr@variant{}%
1108
      \def\notation@curr@arity{}%
1109
      \def\notation@curr@provided@arity{#2}
1110
1111
      \def\notation@curr@lang{}%
1112
      \def\notation@options@temp{#1}
      \notation@parse@params@%
1113
      \ifx\notation@curr@args\@empty%
1114
        \ifx\notation@curr@provided@arity\@empty%
1115
          \notation@num@to@ia\notation@curr@arity%
1116
1117
        \else%
1118
          \notation@num@to@ia\notation@curr@provided@arity%
1119
        \fi%
1120
      \fi%
1121 }
1122 \def\notation@parse@params@{%
      \IfSubStr\notation@options@temp,{%
1123
1124
        \StrCut\notation@options@temp,\notation@option@temp\notation@options@temp\%
1125
        \notation@parse@param%
        \notation@parse@params@%
1126
      {\bf }{\bf (ifx\notation@options@temp\@empty\else\%)}
1127
        \let\notation@option@temp\notation@options@temp%
1128
        \notation@parse@param%
1129
      fi}%
1130
1131 }
1132
1133 %parses an individual optional argument/key-value-pair
1134 \def\notation@parse@param{%
      \trimstring\notation@option@temp%
1135
      \ifx\notation@option@temp\@empty\else%
1136
        \IfSubStr\notation@option@temp={%
1137
1138
          \StrCut\notation@option@temp=\notation@key\notation@value%
          \trimstring\notation@key%
1139
1140
          \trimstring\notation@value%
1141
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{prec}{%
            \edef\notation@curr@precs{\notation@value}%
1142
          }{%
1143
1144
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{args}{%
1145
            \edef\notation@curr@args{\notation@value}%
1146
          }{%
1147
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{lang}{%
            \edef\notation@curr@lang{\notation@value}%
1148
1149
          }{%
```

```
\IfStrEq\notation@key{variant}{%
1150
             \edef\notation@curr@variant{\notation@value}%
1151
           }{%
1152
           \IfStrEq\notation@key{arity}{%
1153
             \edef\notation@curr@arity{\notation@value}%
1154
1155
           }{%
1156
           }}}}%
1157
        }{%
             \edef\notation@curr@variant{\notation@option@temp}%
1158
        }%
1159
      \fi%
1160
1161 }
1162
1163 % converts an integer to a string of 'i's, e.g. 3 => iii,
1164 % and stores the result in \notation@curr@args
1165 \def\notation@num@to@ia#1{%
      \IfInteger{#1}{
1166
         \notation@num@to@ia@#1%
1167
1168
      }{%
1169
        %
      }%
1170
1171 }
1172 \def\notation@num@to@ia@#1{%
      \ifnum#1>0%
1173
1174
         \edef\notation@curr@args{\notation@curr@args i}%
1175
         \expandafter\notation@num@to@ia@\expandafter{\the\numexpr#1-1\@Space}%
1176
      \fi%
1177 }
     The following macros take care of precedences, parentheses/bracketing, asso-
 ciative (flexary) arguments etc. in presentation:
1178 \def\notation@assoc#1#2{% function, argv
      \let\@tmpop=\relax% do not print the function the first time round
1179
      \label{lem:condition} $$ \ensuremath{\tt 0for\0I:=\#2\do{\tt 0fmpop\% print the function} $$
1180
        \% write the i-th argument with locally updated precedence
1181
1182
1183
         \left(\frac{0}{mpop}{\#1}\right)
1184
      }%
1185 }%
1186
1187 \def\notation@lparen{(}
1188 \def\notation@rparen{)}
1189 \def\infprec{1000000}
1190 \def\neginfprec{-\infprec}
1191
1192 \newcount\notation@downprec
1193 \notation@downprec=\neginfprec
1195 % patching displaymode
1196 \newif\if@displaymode\@displaymodefalse
```

```
1197 \expandafter\everydisplay\expandafter{\the\everydisplay\@displaymodetrue}
1198 \let\old@displaystyle\displaystyle
1199 \verb|\def|\displaystyle| @ displaymodetrue| \\
1200
1201 \def\dobrackets#1{% avoiding groups at all costs to ensure \parray still works!
1202
      \def\notation@innertmp{#1}%
1203
      \let\ex\expandafter%
      \if@displaymode%
1204
        \ex\ex\ex\left\ex\ex\notation@lparen%
1205
        \ex\notation@resetbrackets\ex\notation@innertmp%
1206
        \ex\right\notation@rparen%
1207
1208
      \else%
1209
        \ex\ex\notation@lparen%
        \ex\notation@resetbrackets\ex\notation@innertmp%
1210
        \notation@rparen%
1211
      \fi%
1212
1213 }
1214
1215 \def\withbrackets#1#2#3{%
      \edef\notation@lparen{#1}%
      \edef\notation@rparen{#2}%
1217
1218
      \notation@resetbrackets%
1219
1220 }
1221
1222 \def\notation@resetbrackets{%
1223
      \def\notation@lparen{(}%
      \def\notation@rparen{)}%
1224
1225 }
1226
1227 \def\notation@symprec#1#2{%
1228
      \ifnum#1>\notation@downprec\relax%
1229
        \notation@resetbrackets#2%
      \else%
1230
1231
        \ifnum\notation@downprec=\infprec\relax%
1232
          \notation@resetbrackets#2%
        \else
1233
1234
          \if@inparray@
1235
            \notation@resetbrackets#2
1236
          \else\dobrackets{#2}\fi%
1237
      \fi\fi%
1238 }
1239
1240 \newif\if@inparray@\@inparray@false
1241
1242 \def\notation@argprec#1#2{%
      \def\notation@innertmp{#2}
      \edef\notation@downprec@temp{\number#1}%
1244
1245
      \notation@downprec=\expandafter\notation@downprec@temp%
1246
      \expandafter\relax\expandafter\notation@innertmp%
```

```
\expandafter\notation@downprec\expandafter=\number\notation@downprec\relax%
               1247
               1248 }
\@invoke@symbol after \symdecl{foo}, \foo expands to \@invoke@symbol{<uri>}:
               1249 \protected\def\@invoke@symbol#1{%
                      \def\@invoke@symbol@first{#1}%
               1250
               1251
                      \symbol@args%
               1252 }
                     takes care of the optional notation-option-argument, and either invokes
                 \@invoke@symbol@math for symbolic presentation or \@invoke@symbol@text for
                 verbalization (TODO)
               1253 \newcommand\symbol@args[1][]{%
                      \notation@parse@params{#1}{}%
               1254
                      \def\notation@temp@fragment{}%
               1255
                      \ifx\notation@curr@arity\@empty\else%
               1256
                        \edef\notation@temp@fragment{arity=\notation@curr@arity}%
               1257
               1258
                     \fi%
               1259
                      \ifx\notation@curr@lang\@empty\else%
               1260
                        \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
               1261
                          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{lang=\notation@curr@lang}%
               1262
                          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand lang=\notation@curr@lang}
               1263
                        \fi%
               1264
               1265
                      \fi%
                      \ifx\notation@curr@variant\@empty\else%
               1266
                        \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
               1267
                          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{variant=\notation@curr@variant}%
               1268
               1269
                        \else%
                          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand variant=\notation@curr@va
               1270
                        \fi%
               1271
               1272
                     \fi%
               1273
                     \ifmmode\def\invoke@symbol@next{\@invoke@symbol@math\@invoke@symbol@first\notation@temp@fragm
               1274
                      \else\def\invoke@symbol@next{\@invoke@symbol@text\@invoke@symbol@first\notation@temp@fragment
               1275
                      \invoke@symbol@next%
               1276
               1277 }
                    This finally gets called with both uri and notation-option, convenient for e.g.
                 a LaTeXML binding:
               1278 \def\@invoke@symbol@math#1#2{%
                      \csname #1\@Fragment#2\endcsname%
               1279
               1280 }
                    TODO:
               1281 \def\@invoke@symbol@text#1#2{%
                        \csname #1\@Fragment verb\ifx#2\@empty\else#2\fi\endcsname%
               1282
               1283 }
```

TODO: To set notational options (globally or locally) generically:

```
1284 \def\setstexlang#1{%
1285
                \def\stex@lang{#1}%
1286 }%
1287 \setstexlang{en}
1288 \def\setstexvariant#1#2{%
                % TODO
1290 }
1291 \def\setstexvariants#1{%
                \def\stex@variants{#1}%
1293 }
              Test:
    Module 3.30[FooBar]: \symdecl {barbar}
     \notation [arity=0]{barbar}{\psi }
     \notation [prec=50;\infprec ]{\barbar}[1]{\barbar [arity=0]\dobrackets \{\#\#1\}}
     \notation [arity=0, variant=cap]{barbar}{Psi}
     \notation [variant=cap]{barbar}[1]{\barbar [arity=0,variant=cap] \dobrackets {\##1}}
    \Lambda 
    \scriptstyle \ barbar [variant=cap]{A}$: \Psi(A)
    \symdecl {plus}
      \symdecl {times}
      \symdecl {vara}
      \symdecl {varc}
      \symdecl {vard}
      \symdecl {vare}
      \  \setminus notation \{ varc \} \{ c \} 
     \notation [prec=600;600,args=a]{times}{\#1}{\cdot}
    \operatorname{\text{$\setminus$}} {\operatorname{\text{$\setminus$}}}:
    \frac{a}{b} \cdot (\frac{a}{\frac{a}{b}} + c \cdot (d+e))
    \[\times {\frac \vara \varb ,\plus {\frac \vara \varb },\times {\varc \vara \varb },\times {\varc \varb \varb \varb },\times {\varc \varb 
    \langle \cdot \rangle = \langle \cdot \rangle
```

$$\frac{a}{b} \cdot \left(\frac{a}{\frac{a}{b}} + c \cdot (d+e) \right)$$

foo bar

3.6 Term References

```
\ifhref
                    1294 \neq \frac{1}{1294}
                    1295 \AtBeginDocument{%
                          \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{%
                    1296
                    1297
                             \hreftrue%
                    1298
                             \hreffalse%
                    1299
                          }%
                    1300
                    1301 }
                     This macro creates a hypertarget sref@(symbol URI)@target and defines \sref@(symbol
\termref@maketarget
                      URI #1 to create a hyperlink to here on the text #1.
                    1302 \def\termref@maketarget#1#2{%
                          % #1: symbol URI
                    1304
                          % #2: text
                          \ifhref%
                    1305
                             \hypertarget{sref@#1@target}{#2}%
                    1306
                    1307
                           \expandafter\edef\csname sref@#1\endcsname##1{%
                    1308
                             \ifhref\noexpand\hyperlink{sref@#1@target}{##1}\fi%
                    1309
                    1310
                          }%
                    1311 }
          \@termref
                    1312 \def\@termref#1#2{%
                          % #1: symbol URI
                          % #2: text
                    1314
                    1315
                           \left\{ \frac{\#1}{\%} \right\}
                             \StrCut{#1}\@QuestionMark\termref@mod\termref@name%
                    1316
                    1317
                             \ifcsvoid{\termref@mod}{%
                    1318
                               \PackageError{stex}{Term reference: Module with URI \termref@mod\ not found}{}%
                    1319
                               \PackageError{stex}{Term reference: Module \termref@mod\ exists, but %
                    1320
                                 contains no symbol with name \termref@name.%
                    1321
                    1322
                               }{}%
                             }%
                    1323
                          }{%
                    1324
                             \ifcsvoid{sref@#1}{%
                    1325
                               % TODO: No reference point exists!
                    1326
                             }{%
                    1327
```

\csname sref@#1\endcsname{#2}%

1328

```
1329 }%
1330 }%
1331 }
```

3.7 sref

We find out whether the hyperref package is loaded, since we may want to use it for cross-references, for which we set up some internal macros that gracefully degrade if hyperref is not loaded.

\sref@*@ifh

```
1332 \newif\ifhref\hreffalse%
1333 \AtBeginDocument{%
1334
      \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{%
        \hreftrue%
1335
1336
      }{%
        \hreffalse%
1337
     }%
1338
1339 }%
1340 \newcommand\sref@href@ifh[2]{%
      \ifhref%
1341
        \href{#1}{#2}%
1342
      \else%
1343
        #2%
1344
      \fi%
1345
1346 }%
1347 \newcommand\sref@hlink@ifh[2]{%
      \ifhref%
1348
1349
        1350
      \else%
1351
        #2%
      fi%
1352
1353 }%
1354 \newcommand\sref@target@ifh[2]{%
      \ifhref%
1355
        \hypertarget{#1}{#2}%
1356
1357
      \else%
1358
        #2%
1359
      \fi%
1360 }%
```

Then we provide some macros for STEX-specific cross referencing

\sref@target The next macro uses this and makes an target from the current sref@id declared by a id key.

```
1361 \def\sref@target{%
1362 \ifx\sref@id\@empty%
1363 \relax%
1364 \else%
```

```
1366
                      \sref@target@ifh\@target{}%
             1367
                   \fi%
             1368 }%
\script{\script{\sc srefaddidkey} [\langle keyval \rangle] \{\langle group \rangle\}} extends the metadata keys of the group
               \langle qroup \rangle with an id key. In the optional key/value pairs in \langle keyval \rangle the
               prefix key can be used to specify a prefix. Note that the id key defined by
               referencing by the sref package, but also \langle group \rangle@id, which is used for showing
               metadata via the showmeta option of the metakeys package.
              1369 \addmetakey{srefaddidkey}{prefix}
             1370 \newcommand\srefaddidkey[2][]{%
             1371
                    \metasetkeys{srefaddidkey}{#1}%
             1372
                    \@metakeys@ext@clear@keys{#2}{sref@id}{}% id cannot have a default
             1373
                    \metakeys@ext@clear@keys{#2}{id}{}%
             1374
                    \metakeys@ext@showkeys{#2}{id}%
                    \define@key{#2}{id}{%}
             1375
                      \edef\sref@id{\srefaddidkey@prefix ##1}%
             1376
             1377
                      %\expandafter\edef\csname #2@id\endcsname{\srefaddidkey@prefix ##1}%
             1378
                      \csedef{#2@id}{\srefaddidkey@prefix ##1}%
                   }%
             1379
             1380 }%
  \@sref@def This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
             1381 \newcommand\@sref@def[3]{\csgdef{sref@#1@#2}{#3}}
                   The next step is to set up a file to which the references are written, this is
               normally the .aux file, but if the extref option is set, we have to use an .ref file.
             1382 \ifextrefs%
             1383 \newwrite\refs@file%
             1384 \else%
             1385 \def\refs@file{\@auxout}%
             1386 \fi%
    \sref@def This macro writes an \@sref@def command to the current aux file and also exe-
               cutes it
             1387 \newcommand\sref@def[3]{%
                   \protected@write\refs@file{}{\string\@sref@def{#1}{#2}{#3}}%
```

1365

1389 }%

1392

1393 }%

\edef\@target{sref@\ifcsundef{sref@part}{}{\sref@part @}\sref@id @target}%

\sreflabel The \sreflabel macro is a semantic version of \label, it combines the categorization given in the first argument with LATEX's \@currentlabel.

 $1394 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{1394 \newcommand\sreflabel[2]{\sref@label{1 \currentlabel}{42}}}$

\sref@label The \sref@label macro writes a label definition to the auxfile.

1390 \newcommand\sref@label[2]{%

\sref@def{\ifcsundef{sref@part}{}\sref@part @}#2}{page}{\thepage}%

\sref@def{\ifcsundef{sref@part}{}{\sref@part @}#2}{label}{#1}%

\sref@label@id The \sref@label@id writes a label definition for the current \sref@id if it is defined.

```
1395 \def\sref@id{} % make sure that defined
1396 \newcommand\sref@label@id[1]{%
1397
     \ifx\sref@id\@empty%
1398
        \relax%
1399
     \else%
1400
        \sref@label{#1}{\sref@id}%
1401
    \fi%
1402 }%
```

\sref@label@id@arg The \sref@label@id@arg writes a label definition for the second argument if it is defined.

```
1403 \newcommand\sref@label@id@arg[2]{%
      \left( \frac{42}{2} \right)
      \ifx\@@id\@empty%
1405
1406
         \relax%
1407
      \else%
         \sref@label{#1}{\@@id}%
1408
1409 \fi%
1410 }%
```

smultiling 3.8

The modsig environment is just a layer over the module environment. We also redefine macros that may occur in module signatures so that they do not create markup. Finally, we set the flag $\mbox{mod}(mod)$ @multiling to true.

```
1411 \newenvironment{modsig}[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
1412 \ifx\@test\@empty\begin{module} [name=#2]\else\begin{module} [name=#2,#1]\fi%
1413 \expandafter\gdef\csname mod@#2@multiling\endcsname{true}%
1414 \ignorespacesandpars}
1415 {\end{module}\ignorespacesandparsafterend}
```

3.9 smglom

Just a shortcut, we have a starred and unstarred version, the first one is conservative. For example, if we execute:

\gimport[smglom/numberfields]{naturalnumbers}

First we are redirected to $\gray one of the simple of th$ repo's path in \Otest, then store \mhQcurrentrepos \(\current \ directory \rangle \) in \mh@repos. If no repo's path is offered, that means the module to import is under the same directory, so we let mhrepos=\mh@repos and pass bunch of parameters to \importmhmodule, which is defined in module.sty. If there's a repo's path,

then we let mhrepos= $\langle the \ repo's \ path \rangle$. Finally we use \mhcurrentrepos(defined in module.sty) to change the \mhcurrentrepos.

```
1416 \def\gimport{\@ifstar\@gimport@star\@gimport@nostar}%
1417 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@star[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
1418 \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
1419 \ifx\@test\@empty%
1420 \importmhmodule[conservative,mhrepos=\mh@@repos,path=#2]{#2}%
1421 \else\importmhmodule[conservative,mhrepos=#1,path=#2]{#2}\fi%
1422 \setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@@repos}%
1423 \ignorespacesandpars\parsemodule@maybesetcodes}
1424 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@nostar[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
1425 \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
1426 \ifx\@test\@empty%
1427 \importmhmodule[mhrepos=\mh@@repos,path=#2]{#2}\%
1428 \else\importmhmodule[mhrepos=#1,path=#2]{#2}\fi%
1429 \setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@@repos}%
1430 \ignorespacesandpars\parsemodule@maybesetcodes}
```

3.10 mathhub

and then the meta-inf/lib repository of the group, if they exist. Since in practice nested libinputs may occur, we make sure that we stash the old values of \mh@inffile and \mh@libfile and restore them at the end.

```
1431 \def\modules@@first#1/#2;{#1}
1432 \newcommand\libinput[1]{%
1433 \ifcsvoid{mh@currentrepos}{%
                      \PackageError{mathhub}{current MathHub repository not found}{}}%
1434
1435
                    {}
1436 \edef\@mh@group{\expandafter\modules@@first\mh@currentrepos;}
1437 \let\orig@inffile\mh@inffile\let\orig@libfile\mh@libfile
1438 \end{area} $$1438 \end{
1439 \def\mh@libfile{\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/lib/#1}}%
1440 \IfFileExists\mh@inffile{\stexinput\mh@inffile}{}%
1441 \fileExists\\ \mb@inffile{}{\IfFileExists\\ \mb@libfile{}{\%}}
                       {\PackageError{mathhub}
1442
                                {Library file missing; cannot input #1.tex\MessageBreak%
1443
1444
                               Both \mh@libfile.tex\MessageBreak and \mh@inffile.tex\MessageBreak%
```

3.11 omdoc/omgroup

do not exist}%

```
1449 \newcount\section@level \\ 1450 \\ 1451 \section@level=2 \\ 1452 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@class}{book}{\section@level=0}{}
```

1446 {Check whether the file name is correct}}}
1447 \IffileExists\mh@libfile{\stexinput\mh@libfile\relax}{}
1448 \let\mh@inffile\orig@inffile\let\mh@libfile\orig@libfile}

```
1453 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@class}{report}{\section@level=0}{}
                                            1454 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@topsect}{part}{\section@level=0}{}
                                            1455 \ \texttt{\chapter}{\texttt{\chapter}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}}{\texttt{\chapter}
        \omgroup@nonum convenience macro: \omgroup@nonum{\langle level \rangle}{\langle title \rangle} makes an unnumbered sec-
                                                tioning with title \langle title \rangle at level \langle level \rangle.
                                            1456 \newcommand\omgroup@nonum[2]{%
                                            1457 \ifx\hyper@anchor\@undefined\else\phantomsection\fi%
                                            1458 \addcontentsline{toc}{\#1}{\#2}\\\column{2}{meuse}{\#1}*{\#2}}
             \operatorname{convenience\ macro: \ level}_{\{\langle ivile \rangle\}} makes numbered sectioning
                                                with title \langle title \rangle at level \langle level \rangle. We have to check the short key was given in the
                                                omgroup environment and – if it is use it. But how to do that depends on whether
                                                the rdfmeta package has been loaded. In the end we call \sref@label@id to
                                                enable crossreferencing.
                                            1459 \newcommand\omgroup@num[2]{%
                                            1460 \edef\@@ID{\sref@id}
                                            1461 \ifx\omgroup@short\@empty% no short title
                                            1462 \Qnameuse{#1}{#2}%
                                            1463 \else% we have a short title
                                            1464 \@ifundefined{rdfmeta@sectioning}%
                                                           {\@nameuse{#1}[\omgroup@short]{#2}}%
                                                           {\tt \{\c ongroup@short]{\#2}}\%
                                            1466
                                            1467 \fi%
                                            1468 \verb|\sref@label@id@arg{\omdoc@sect@name^\@nameuse{the#1}}\\
                         omgroup
                                            1469 \def\@true{true}
                                            1470 \def\@false{false}
                                            1471 \srefaddidkey{omgroup}
                                            1472 \addmetakey{omgroup}{date}
                                            1473 \addmetakey{omgroup}{creators}
                                            1474 \addmetakey{omgroup}{contributors}
                                            1475 \addmetakey{omgroup}{srccite}
                                            1476 \addmetakey{omgroup}{type}
                                            1477 \addmetakey*{omgroup}{short}
                                            1478 \addmetakey*{omgroup}{display}
                                            1479 \addmetakey[false] {omgroup} {loadmodules} [true]
                                                 we define a switch for numbering lines and a hook for the beginning of groups:
                                                The \at@begin@omgroup macro allows customization. It is run at the beginning
\at@begin@omgroup
                                                of the omgroup, i.e. after the section heading.
                                            1480 \newif\if@mainmatter\@mainmattertrue
                                            1481 \newcommand\at@begin@omgroup[3][]{}
                                                         Then we define a helper macro that takes care of the sectioning magic. It
                                                comes with its own key/value interface for customization.
                                            1482 \addmetakey{omdoc@sect}{name}
                                            1483 \addmetakey[false]{omdoc@sect}{clear}[true]
                                            1484 \addmetakey{omdoc@sect}{ref}
```

```
1485 \addmetakey[false]{omdoc@sect}{num}[true]
1486 \newcommand\omdoc@sectioning[3][]{\metasetkeys{omdoc@sect}{#1}%}
1487 \ifx\omdoc@sect@clear\@true\cleardoublepage\fi%
1488 \if@mainmatter% numbering not overridden by frontmatter, etc.
1489 \ifx\omdoc@sect@num\@true\omgroup@num{#2}{#3}\else\omgroup@nonum{#2}{#3}\fi%
1490 \def\current@section@level{\omdoc@sect@name}%
1491 \else\omgroup@nonum{#2}{#3}%
1492 \fi}% if@mainmatter
   and another one, if redefines the \addtocontentsline macro of LATEX to import
   the respective macros. It takes as an argument a list of module names.
1493 \newcommand\omgroup@redefine@addtocontents[1] {%
1494 %\edef\@@import{#1}%
1495 %\@for\@I:=\@@import\do{%
1496 %\edef\@path{\csname module@\@I @path\endcsname}%
1497 %\@ifundefined{tf@toc}\relax%
                  {\protected@write\tf@toc{}{\string\@requiremodules{\@path}}}}
1499 %\ifx\hyper@anchor\@undefined% hyperref.sty loaded?
1500 %\def\addcontentsline##1##2##3{%
1501 \\$ add to contents $$\#11^{\text{contentsline}}_{\text{ingwithused modules}}_{\text{ingwithused module
1502 %\else% hyperref.sty not loaded
1503 %\def\addcontentsline##1##2##3{%
1505 %\fi
1506 }% hypreref.sty loaded?
   now the omgroup environment itself. This takes care of the table of contents
   via the helper macro above and then selects the appropriate sectioning com-
   mand from article.cls. It also registeres the current level of omgroups in the
   \omgroup@level counter.
1507 \newcount\omgroup@level
1508 \newenvironment{omgroup}[2][]% keys, title
1509 {\metasetkeys{omgroup}{#1}\sref@target%
1510 \advance\omgroup@level by 1\relax%
   If the loadmodules key is set on \begin{omgroup}, we redefine the \addcontetsline
   macro that determines how the sectioning commands below construct the entries
   for the table of contents.
1511 \ifx\omgroup@loadmodules\@true%
1512 \omgroup@redefine@addtocontents{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules%
1513 {\@ifundefined{module@\module@id @path}{\used@modules}\module@id}}\fi%
   now we only need to construct the right sectioning depending on the value of
   \section@level.
1514 \advance\section@level by 1\relax%
1515 \ifcase\section@level%
1516 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@part@kw,clear,num]{part}{#2}%
1517 \verb| or\\ omdoc@sectioning[name=\\ omdoc@chapter@kw,clear,num]{chapter}{\#2}{\%} 
1518 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@section@kw,num]{section}{#2}%
1519 \or\omdoc@sectioning [name=\omdoc@subsection@kw,num] {subsection}{#2}%
1520 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subsubsection@kw,num]{subsubsection}{#2}%
```

```
1521 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@paragraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@paragraph@kw]{paragraph}{#2}%
            1522 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph}{#2
            1523 \fi% \ifcase
            1524 \at@begin@omgroup[#1]\section@level{#2}}% for customization
            1525 {\advance\section@level by -1\advance\omgroup@level by -1}
                 and finally, we localize the sections
            1526 \newcommand\omdoc@part@kw{Part}
            1527 \newcommand\omdoc@chapter@kw{Chapter}
            1528 \newcommand\omdoc@section@kw{Section}
            1529 \newcommand\omdoc@subsection@kw{Subsection}
            1530 \newcommand\omdoc@subsubsection@kw{Subsubsection}
            1531 \newcommand\omdoc@paragraph@kw{paragraph}
            1532 \newcommand\omdoc@subparagraph@kw{subparagraph}
   \setSGvar set a global variable
            1533 \newcommand\setSGvar[1] {\@namedef{sTeX@Gvar@#1}}
   \useSGvar use a global variable
            1534 \newrobustcmd\useSGvar[1]{%
                  \@ifundefined{sTeX@Gvar@#1}
            1535
                  {\PackageError{omdoc}
            1536
            1537
                     {The sTeX Global variable #1 is undefined}
            1538
                     {set it with \protect\setSGvar}}
            1539 \@nameuse{sTeX@Gvar@#1}}
blindomgroup
            1540 \newcommand\at@begin@blindomgroup[1]{}
            1541 \newenvironment{blindomgroup}
            1542 {\advance\section@level by 1\at@begin@blindomgroup\setion@level}
            1543 {\advance\section@level by -1}
```

3.12 omtext

4 Mathematical Text

We define the actions that are undertaken, when the keys are encountered. The first set just records metadata; this is very simple via the \addmetakey infrastructure [Koh20]. Note that we allow math in the title field, so we do not declare it to be Semiverbatim (indeed not at all, which allows it by default).

```
1544 \srefaddidkey{omtext}
1545 \addmetakey[]{omtext}{functions}
1546 \addmetakey*{omtext}{display}
1547 \addmetakey{omtext}{for}
1548 \addmetakey{omtext}{from}
1549 \addmetakey{omtext}{type}
1550 \addmetakey*{omtext}{title}
1551 \addmetakey*{omtext}{start}
```

```
1552 \addmetakey{omtext}{theory}
        1553 \addmetakey{omtext}{continues}
        1554 \addmetakey{omtext}{verbalizes}
        1555 \addmetakey{omtext}{subject}
\st@flow We define this macro, so that we can test whether the display key has the value
        1556 \def\st@flow{flow}
              We define a switch that allows us to see whether we are inside an omtext
          environment or a statement. It will be used to give better error messages for
          inline statements.
        1557 \newif\if@in@omtext\@in@omtextfalse
          The omtext environment can have a title, which is used in a similar way. We
          redefine the \lec macro so the trailing \par does not get into the way.
        1558 \def\omtext@pre@skip{\smallskip}
        1559 \def\omtext@post@skip{}
        1560 \newenvironment{omtext}[1][]{\@in@omtexttrue%
               \bgroup\metasetkeys{omtext}{#1}\sref@label@id{this paragraph}%
               \def \left( \frac{\#1}{\c} \right)
        1562
        1563
               \omtext@pre@skip\par\noindent%
```

\ifx\omtext@display\st@flow\omtext@start\else\stDMemph{\omtext@start}\fi\enspace%

5 Phrase-level Markup

\fi% end omtext@title empty

\ignorespacesandpars}

\ifx\omtext@title\@empty%

\ifx\omtext@start\@empty\else%

\else\stDMemph{\omtext@title}:\enspace%

\ifx\omtext@start\@empty\else\omtext@start\enspace\fi%

1572 {\egroup\omtext@post@skip\@in@omtextfalse\ignorespacesandpars}

\fi% end omtext@start empty

1564

1565

1566

1567

1568

1569

1570

```
\phrase For the moment, we do disregard the most of the keys

1573 \srefaddidkey{phrase}
1574 \addmetakey{phrase}{style}
1575 \addmetakey{phrase}{class}
1576 \addmetakey{phrase}{index}
1577 \addmetakey{phrase}{verbalizes}
1578 \addmetakey{phrase}{type}
1579 \addmetakey{phrase}{fonly}
1580 \newcommand\phrase[2][]{\metasetkeys{phrase}{#1}%
1581 \ifx\prhase@only\@empty\only<\phrase@only>{#2}\else #2\fi}
\coref*
```

```
1583 \newcommand\corefs[2]{#1\textsubscript{#2}}
                            1584 \newcommand\coreft[2]{#1\textsuperscript{#2}}
                      \n*lex
                            1585 \newcommand\nlex[1]{\green{\sl{#1}}}
                            1586 \newcommand\nlcex[1]{*\green{\sl{#1}}}
               sinlinequote
                            1587 \def\@sinlinequote#1{''{\sl{#1}}''}
                            1588 \def\@@sinlinequote#1#2{\@sinlinequote{#2}~#1}
                            1589 \newcommand\sinlinequote[2][]
                            1590 {\def\@opt{#1}\ifx\@opt\@empty\@sinlinequote{#2}\else\@@sinlinequote\@opt{#2}\fi}
                                   Declarations (under development)
                              The declaration macros are still under development (i.e. the macros) are still
                              under development and may change at any time. Currently they are completely
                              empty.
                            1591 \newcommand\vdec[2][]{#2}
                            1592 \newcommand\vrest[2][]{#2}
                            1593 \newcommand\vcond[2][]{#2}
EdN:1
                   \strucdec
                            1594 \newcommand\strucdec[2][]{#2}
EdN:2
                    \impdec
                            1595 \newcommand\impdec[2][]{#2}
                                   Block-Level Markup
                sblockquote
                            1596 \def\begin@sblockquote{\begin{quote}\sl}
                            1597 \def\end@sblockquote{\end{quote}}
                            1598 \def\begin@@sblockquote#1{\begin@sblockquote}
                            \label{lockquote} $$1599 \det \end@@sblockquote#1{\det \end@sblockquote}$$
                            1600 \newenvironment{sblockquote}[1][]
                                  {\def\@opt{#1}\ifx\@opt\@empty\begin@sblockquote\else\begin@sblockquote\@opt\fi}
                                  {\ifx\@opt\@empty\end@sblockquote\else\end@@sblockquote\@opt\fi}
                  sboxquote
                            1603 \newenvironment{sboxquote}[1][]
                            1604 {\def\@@src{#1}\begin{mdframed}[leftmargin=.5cm,rightmargin=.5cm]}
                            1605 {\@lec{\textrm\@@src}\end{mdframed}}
                                 ^{1}\mathrm{EdNote}: document above
                                ^2\mathrm{Ed}\mathrm{Note}\colon \mathsf{document}\ \mathsf{above}
```

The line end comment macro makes sure that it will not be forced on the next line unless necessary.

\lec The actual appearance of the line end comment is determined by the \@@lec macro, which can be customized in the document class. The basic one here is provided so that it is not missing.

```
 1606 \operatorname{locmand}(\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath
```

8 Index Markup

\omdoc@index*

These are the main internal indexing commands – dividing them into four macros is awful, but I did not get list processing running. It makes sure that the modules necessary for interpreting the math in the index entries are loaded. If the loadmodules key is given, we import the module we are in otherwise all the currently imported modules. We do not have to require the module files, since the index is a the end of the document. If the at key is given, then we use that for sorting in the index.

```
1609 \addmetakey{omdoc@index}{at}
1610 \addmetakey[false] {omdoc@index} {loadmodules} [true]
1611 \newcommand\omdoc@indexi[2][]{\ifindex%
1612 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1613 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1614 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1615 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1616 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1617 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}%
1618 \else #2\fi% loadmodules
1619 }{\thepage}}%
1620 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
1621 \newcommand\omdoc@indexii[3][]{\ifindex%
1622 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1623 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1624 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1625 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1626 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1627 \texttt{\withusedmodules} @ifundefined{module@id} \\ used@modules\\ module@id}{\#2}!\% \\
1628 \textbf{ \withused} \textbf{ \withu
1629 \else #2!#3\fi% loadmodules
1630 }{\thepage}}%
1631 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
1632 \newcommand\omdoc@indexiii[4][]{\ifindex%
1633 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1634 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1635 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1636 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1637 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
```

```
1638 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}!%
              1639 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#3}!%
              1640 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#4}%
              1641 \else #2!#3!#4\fi% loadmodules
              1642 }{\thepage}}%
              1643 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
              1644 \newcommand\omdoc@indexiv[5][]{\ifindex%
              1645 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
              1646 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
              1647 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
              1648 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
              1649 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
              1650 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}!%
              1651 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#3}!%
              1652 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#4}%
              1653 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#5}%
              1654 \else #2!#3!#4!#5\fi% loadmodules
              1655 }{\thepage}}%
              1656 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
                       Now, we make two interface macros that make use of this:
\*indi*
              1657 \newcommand\aindi[3][]{{#2}\omdoc@indexi[#1]{#3}}
              1658 \newcommand\indi[2][]{{#2}\omdoc@indexi[#1]{#2}}
              1659 \newcommand\indis[2][]{{#2}\omdoc@indexi[#1]{#2s}}
              1661 \newcommand\Indis[2][]{{\capitalize{#2}}\ondoc@indexi[#1]{#2s}}
              1662
              1663 \end{0} indii[3] [] {\end{0}} c@indexii[#1] {#2} {#3} \end{0} oc@indexii[#1] {#2} {#2} {#3} \end{0} oc@indexii[#1] {#2} {#2} {#3} {$\end{0}} oc@indexii[#1] {#3} {#2} {#2} {#3} {$\end{0}} oc@indexii[#1] {#3} {#2} {$\end{0}} oc@indexii[#1] {#3} {$\end{0}} oc@indexii[#1] {#3} {$\end{0}} oc@indexii[#1] {#3} {$\end{0}} oc@indexii[#1] {#3} {$\end{0}} oc@indexii[#1] {$\end{0}} oc@indexi
              1664 \newcommand\aindii[4][]{#2\@indii[#1]{#3}{#4}}
              1665 \newcommand\indii[3][]{{#2 #3}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}
              1666 \newcommand\indiis[3][]{{#2 #3s}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}
              1667 \mbox{$\mbox{$1667$ \newcommand\\$Indii[3][]{{\captitalize{#2 #3}}\\$\mbox{$\mbox{$0$}\ndii[#1]{$\#2${$\#3$}}}}
              1668 \newcommand\Indiis[3][]{{\capitalize{#2 #3}}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}
              1670 \newcommand\@indiii[4][]{\omdoc@indexiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}\omdoc@indexii[#1]{#3}{#2 (#4)}}
              1671 \newcommand\aindiii[5][]{{#2}\@indiii[#1]{#3}{#4}{#5}}
              1673 \mbox{ newcommand\indiiis} [4] []{{#2 #3 #4s}\oindiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}}
              1674 \end{Indiii} [4] [] {\captitalize{#2 #3 #4}@indiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}} 
              1675 \newcommand\Indiiis[4][]{\capitalize{#2 #3 #4s}\@indiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}}
```

 $1681 \newcommand\Indiv[5][]{\capitalize{#2 #3 #4 #5s}\\\cite[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}} \\ 1682 \newcommand\Indivs[5][]{\capitalize{#2 #3 #4 #5s}}\\\cite[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}$

1677 \newcommand\@indiv[5][]{\omdoc@indexiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1678 \newcommand\aindiv[6][]{#2\@indiv[#1]{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}}

1679 \newcommand\indiv[5][]{{#2 #3 #4 #5}\@indiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1680 \newcommand\indivs[5][]{{#2 #3 #4 #5s}\@indiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}

1676

9 Miscellaneous

Some shortcuts that use math symbols but are not mathematical at all; in particular, they should not be translated by LATEXML.

```
1683 \newcommand\hateq{\ensuremath{\widehat=}\xspace}
1684 \newcommand\hatequiv{\ensuremath{\widehat\equiv}\xspace}
1685 \@ifundefined{ergo}\%
1686 {\newcommand\ergo{\ensuremath{\leadsto}\xspace}}\%
1687 {\renewcommand\ergo{\ensuremath{\leadsto}\xspace}}\%
1688 \newcommand{\reflect@squig}[2]{\reflectbox{$\m@th#1\rightsquigarrow$}}\%
1689 \newcommand\ogre{\ensuremath{\mathrel{\mathpalette\reflect@squig\relax}}\xspace}\%
1690 \newcommand\notergo{\ensuremath{\not\leadsto}}
1691 \newcommand\notegre{\ensuremath{\not\mathrel{\mathpalette\reflect@squig\relax}}\xspace}\%
```

10 Deprecated Functionality

In this section we centralize old interfaces that are only partially supported any more.

```
\
```

```
1692 \newcommand\indextoo[2][]{\indi[#1]{#2}%
1693 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\indextoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\indi\space instead}
1694 \newcommand\indexalt[2][]{\aindi[#1]{#2}%
1695 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\indextoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\aindi\space instead}
1696 \newcommand\twintoo[3][]{\indii[#1]{#2}{#3}%
1697 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\twintoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\indii\space instead}
1698 \newcommand\twinalt[3][]{\aindii[#1]{#2}{#3}%
1699 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\twinalt\space is deprecated, use \protect\aindii\space instead}
1700 \newcommand\atwintoo[4][]{\indii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
1701 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\atwintoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\indiii\space instead}
1702 \newcommand\atwinalt[4][]{\aindii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
1703 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\atwintoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\aindiii\space instead}
1704 \( /package \)
```

\my*graphics

```
1705 \newcommand\mygraphics[2][]{\includegraphics[#1]{#2}%
1706 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mygraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphics
1707 \newcommand\mycgraphics[2][]{\begin{center}\mygraphics[#1]{#2}\end{center}%
1708 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mycgraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphic
```

1709 \newcommand\mybgraphics[2][]{\fbox{\mygraphics[#1]{#2}}%
1710 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mybgraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphic

 $\label{local_loc$

712 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mycbgraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphi

11 Things to deprecate

Module options:

```
1713 \addmetakey*{module}{id} % TODO: deprecate properly
1714 \addmetakey*{module}{load}
1715 \addmetakey*{module}{path}
1716 \addmetakey*{module}{dir}
1717 \addmetakey*{module}{align}[WithTheModuleOfTheSameName]
1718 \addmetakey*{module}{noalign}[true]
1719
1720 \newif\if@insymdef@\@insymdef@false
```

symdef:keys

The optional argument local specifies the scope of the function to be defined. If local is not present as an optional argument then \symdef assumes the scope of the function is global and it will include it in the pool of macros of the current module. Otherwise, if local is present then the function will be defined only locally and it will not be added to the current module (i.e. we cannot inherit a local function). Note, the optional key local does not need a value: we write \symdef[local]{somefunction}[0]{some expansion}. The other keys are not used in the LATEX part.

```
1721 %\srefaddidkey{symdef}% what does this do?
1722 \define@key{symdef}{local}[true]{\@symdeflocaltrue}%
1723 \define@key{symdef}{noverb}[all]{}%
1724 \end{fine} \end{fine} With The Symbol Of The Same Name } \end{fine} With The Symbol Of The Same Name } \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} The Symbol Of The Same Name } \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} The Symbol Of The Same Name } \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} The Symbol Of The Same Name } \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} \end{fine} The Symbol Of The Same Name } \end{fine} \
1725 \define@key{symdef}{specializes}{}%
1726 \addmetakey*{symdef}{noalign}[true]
1727 \define@key{symdef}{primary}[true]{}%
1728 \define@key{symdef}{assocarg}{}%
1729 \define@key{symdef}{bvars}{}%
1730 \define@key{symdef}{bargs}{}%
1731 \addmetakey{symdef}{lang}%
1732 \addmetakey{symdef}{prec}%
1733 \addmetakey{symdef}{arity}%
1734 \addmetakey{symdef}{variant}%
1735 \addmetakey{symdef}{ns}%
1736 \addmetakey{symdef}{args}%
1737 \addmetakey{symdef}{name}%
1738 \addmetakey*{symdef}{title}%
1739 \addmetakey*{symdef}{description}%
1740 \addmetakey{symdef}{subject}%
1741 \addmetakey*{symdef}{display}%
1742 \addmetakey*{symdef}{gfc}%
```

3

EdN:3

\symdef The the \symdef, and \@symdef macros just handle optional arguments. 1743 \def\symdef{\@ifnextchar[{\@symdef}{\@symdef[]}}% $1744 \det (9) = 1744 \det (9) = 174$

\@@symdef now comes the real meat: the \@@symdef macro does two things, it adds the macro definition to the macro definition pool of the current module and also provides it.

 $^{^3\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ MK@MK: we need to document the binder keys above.

```
1745 \def\@@symdef[#1]#2[#3]{%
                                \@insymdef@true%
                     1746
                                 \metasetkeys{symdef}{#1}%
                     1747
                                1748
                                \expandafter\symdecl\symdef@tmp@optpars{#2}%
                     1749
                                \@insymdef@false%
                     1750
                     1751
                                \notation[#1]{#2}[#3]%
                     1752 }% mod@show
                     1753 \def\symdef@type{Symbol}%
                     1754 \providecommand{\stDMemph}[1]{\textbf{#1}}
                        \symvariant{\langle sym \rangle}[\langle args \rangle]{\langle var \rangle}{\langle cseq \rangle} just extends the internal macro
\symvariant
                         \mbox{modules}(sym) opreso defined by \mbox{symdef}(sym) [(args)] {...} with a variant
                         \mbox{modulesQ}(sym)\mbox{QpresQ}(var) which expands to \langle cseq \rangle. Recall that this is called
                        by the macro \langle sym \rangle [\langle var \rangle] induced by the \symdef.
                     1755 \def\symvariant#1{%
                                1756
                                ጉ%
                     1757
                     1758 \def\@symvariant#1[#2]#3#4{%
                                \notation[#3]{#1}[#2]{#4}%
                     1760 \ignorespacesandpars}%
                       The \abbrdef macro is a variant of \symdef that does the same on the LATEX
     \abbrdef
                        level.
                     1761 \let\abbrdef\symdef%
                        has a starred form for primary symbols. The key/value interface has no effect on
                         the LATEX side. We read the to check whether only allowed ones are used.
                     1762 \newif\if@importing\@importingfalse
                     1763 \define@key{symi}{noverb}[all]{}%
                     1764 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 1764 he}} {\bf [With The Symbol Of The Same Name] \{} \% \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 1764 he}} \ensuremath{
                     1765 \define@key{symi}{specializes}{}%
                     1766 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc define@key{symi}}{gfc}}{\%}
                     1767 \define@key{symi}{noalign}[true]{}%
                     1768 \newcommand\symi{\@ifstar\@symi@star\@symi}
                     1769 \newcommand\@symi[2][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                                 \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2}\fi\ignorespaces
                     1771 \newcommand\@symi@star[2][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                                 \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2}\fi\igno.
                     1773 \newcommand\symii{\@ifstar\@symii@star\@symii}
                     1774 \newcommand\@symii[3][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                                 \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3}\fi\ignorespa
                     1775
                     1776 \newcommand\@symii@star[3][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                                 \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3}\fi\i
                     1778 \newcommand\symiii{\@ifstar\@symiii@star\@symiii}
                     1779 \newcommand\@symiii[4][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                                 \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4}\fi\ignore
                     1781 \newcommand\@symiii@star[4][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                                \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4}\f
```

```
1783 \newcommand\symiv{\@ifstar\@symiv@star\@symiv}
                1784 \newcommand\@symiv[5][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4-#5}\fi\ign
                1786 \newcommand\@symiv@star[5][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4-#5
                 The \infty importmhmodule [\langle key = value | list \rangle] {module} saves the current value of
\importmhmodule
                 \mh@currentrepos in a local macro \mh@curepos, resets \mh@currentrepos to
                 the new value if one is given in the optional argument, and after importing resets
                 \mh@currentrepos to the old value in \mh@@repos. We do all the \ifx compar-
                 ison with an \expandafter, since the values may be passed on from other key
                 bindings. Parameters will be passed to \importmodule.
                1788 %\srefaddidkey{importmhmodule}%
                1789 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{mhrepos}%
                1790 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{path}%
                1791 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{ext}% why does this exist?
                1792 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{dir}%
                1793 \addmetakey[false]{importmhmodule}{conservative}[true]%
                1794 \newcommand\importmhmodule[2][]{%
                1795
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes
                1796
                      \metasetkeys{importmhmodule}{#1}%
                      \ifx\importmhmodule@dir\@empty%
                1797
                1798
                        \edef\@path{\importmhmodule@path}%
                      \else\edef\@path{\importmhmodule@dir/#2}\fi%
                1799
                      \ifx\@path\@empty% if module name is not set
                1800
                        \@importmodule[]{#2}{export}%
                1801
                1802
                      \else%
                        \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}% remember so that we can reset it.
                1803
                        \ifx\importmhmodule@mhrepos\@empty% if in the same repos
                1804
                1805
                          \relax% no need to change mh@currentrepos, i.e, current directory.
                        \else%
                1806
                          \setcurrentreposinfo\importmhmodule@mhrepos% change it.
                1807
                1808
                          \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\importmhmodule@mhrepos}}%
                1809
                        \@importmodule[\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/source/\@path}]{#2}{export}%
                        \setcurrentreposinfo\mh@@repos% after importing, reset to old value
                1811
                        \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@@repos}}%
                1812
                1813
                      \ignorespacesandpars%
                1814
                1815 }
   \usemhmodule
                1816 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{load}
                1817 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{id}
                1818 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{dir}
                1819 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{mhrepos}
                1821 \addmetakey{importmodule}{load}
```

1822 \addmetakey{importmodule}{id}

```
1824 \newcommand\usemhmodule[2][]{%
            1825 \metasetkeys{importmhmodule}{#1}%
            1826 \verb|\ifx\timesimportmhmodule@dir\\@empty%
            1827 \edef\@path{\importmhmodule@path}%
            1828 \else\edef\Qpath{\importmhmoduleQdir/\#2}\fi\%
            1829 \ifx\Qpath\Qempty\%
            1830 \usemodule[id=\importmhmodule@id]{#2}%
            1831 \else%
            1832 \edef\mb@repos{\mb@currentrepos}\%
            1833 \ifx\importmhmodule@mhrepos\@empty\%
            1834 \else\setcurrentreposinfo{\importmhmodule@mhrepos}\fi%
            1835 \usemodule{\@path\@QuestionMark#2}%
            1836 \ usemodule [load=\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/source/\@path},
                                           id=\importmhmodule@id]{#2}%
            1838 \verb|\setcurrentreposinfo\mb@repos\%|
            1839 \fi%
            1840 \setminus ignorespaces and pars
\mhinputref
            1841 \newcommand\mhinputref[2][]{%
                  \edef\mhinputref@first{#1}%
                  \ifx\mhinputref@first\@empty%
            1843
            1844
                     \inputref{#2}%
            1845
                     \inputref[mhrepos=\mhinputref@first]{#2}%
            1846
            1847
                  \fi%
            1848 }
```