# stex-master.sty: $STEX 2.0^*$

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November 15, 2020

Abstract

TODO

<sup>\*</sup>Version v2.0 (last revised 2020/11/10)

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# 1 Introduction

TODO

# 2 User commands

- √ \sTeX
- √ module
- √ \importmodule
- √ \usemodule
- √ \symdecl
- √ \notation
- √ \inputref
- ? \libinput
- $\times$  verbalizations
- $\times \ \text{\defi}$
- $\times$  \tref
- $\times$  omgroup/omtext

# 3 Implementation

- $_1 \; \langle *\mathsf{package} \rangle$
- 2 **%** TODO
- 4 \DeclareOption{omdocmode}{\@modules@html@false}
- 5 % Modules:
- 6 \newif\ifmod@show\mod@showfalse
- 7 \DeclareOption{showmods}{\mod@showtrue}
- 8 % sref:
- 9 \newif\ifextrefs\extrefsfalse
- 11 %
- $12 \ProcessOptions$
- 13 \RequirePackage{standalone}
- 14 \RequirePackage{xspace}
- 15 \RequirePackage{metakeys}

# 3.1 sTeX base

The  $ST_EX$  logo:

```
16 \protected\def\stex{%
17  \@ifundefined{texorpdfstring}%
18    {\let\texorpdfstring\@firstoftwo}%
19    {}%
20    \texorpdfstring{\raisebox{-.5ex}S\kern-.5ex\TeX}{sTeX}\xspace%
21 }
22 \def\sTeX{\stex}
    and a conditional for LaTeXML:
23 \newif\if@latexml\@latexmlfalse
```

### 3.2 Paths and URIs

```
24 \RequirePackage{xstring}
25 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
```

\defpath

\defpath[optional argument]{macro name}{base path} defines a new macro which can take another path to formal one integrated path. For example, \MathHub in every localpaths.tex is defined as:

\defpath{MathHub}{/path/to/localmh/MathHub}

then we can use \MathHub to form other paths, for example,

\MathHub{source/smglom/sets}

```
will generate /path/to/localmh/MathHub/source/smglom/sets.
26 \newrobustcmd\defpath[3][]{%
27 \expandafter\newcommand\csname #2\endcsname[1]{#3/##1}%
28 }%
```

## 3.2.1 Path Canonicalization

We define two macros for changing the category codes of common characters in URIs, in particular #.

```
29 \def\pathsuris@setcatcodes{%
30
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@hash{\the\catcode'\#}%
31
       \catcode'\#=12\relax%
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@slash{\the\catcode'\/}%
32
       \catcode'\/=12\relax%
33
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@colon{\the\catcode'\:}%
34
       \catcode'\:=12\relax%
35
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@qm{\the\catcode'\?}%
36
       \catcode'\?=12\relax%
37
38 }
39 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt def}\mbox{\tt pathsuris@resetcatcodes}}\xspace \%
       \catcode'\#\pathsuris@oldcatcode@hash\relax%
40
41
       \catcode \\/\pathsuris@oldcatcode@slash\relax%
       \catcode(\:\pathsuris@oldcatcode@colon\relax%
42
       \catcode'\?\pathsuris@oldcatcode@qm\relax%
43
44 }
```

```
We define some macros for later comparison.
45 \def\@ToTop{..}
46 \def\@Slash{/}
47 \def\@Colon{:}
```

```
47 \def\@Colon{:}
         48 \def\0Space{ }
         49 \def\@QuestionMark{?}
         50 \def\@Dot{.}
         51 \catcode \&=12
         52 \def\@Ampersand{&}
         53 \catcode'\&=4
         54 \pathsuris@setcatcodes
         55 \def\@Fragment{#}
         56 \pathsuris@resetcatcodes
         57 \catcode \\.=0
         58 .catcode'.\=12
         59 .let.@BackSlash\
         60 .catcode'.\=0
         61 \catcode \\.=12
         62 \edef\old@percent@catcode{\the\catcode'\%}
         63 \catcode \\ =12
         64 \let\@Percent%
         65 \catcode'\%=\old@percent@catcode
\@cpath Canonicalizes (file) paths:
         66 \left( \frac{6}{c} \right)
                \edef\pathsuris@cpath@temp{#1}%
         67
         68
                \def\@CanPath{}%
         69
                \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash{%
         70
                  \@cpath@loop%
                  \edef\@CanPath{\@Slash\@CanPath}%
         71
                }{%
         72
                    \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp{\@Dot\@Slash}{%
         73
         74
                         \StrGobbleLeft\pathsuris@cpath@temp2[\pathsuris@cpath@temp]%
                         \@cpath@loop%
         75
         76
                    }{%
         77
                         \ifx\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Dot\else%
                         \@cpath@loop\fi%
         78
                    }%
         79
                }%
         80
                \IfEndWith\@CanPath\@Slash{%
         81
         82
                  \ifx\@CanPath\@Slash\else%
                    \StrGobbleRight\@CanPath1[\@CanPath]%
         83
                  \fi%
         84
                }{}%
         85
         86 }
         87
         88 \def\@cpath@loop{%
                \IfSubStr\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash{%
         89
         90
                    \StrCut\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a\pathsuris@cpath@temp%
```

```
\ifx\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a\@ToTop%
  91
                                               \ifx\@CanPath\@empty%
  92
                                                            \verb|\edef|@CanPath{\edge}|%
  93
                                               \else%
  94
                                                            \end{conPath} $$\end{conPath} \CanPath\CSlash\CToTop} % $$\end{conPath} $$\e
  95
                                               \fi%
  96
  97
                                               \@cpath@loop%
  98
                                   \else%
                                   \ifx\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a\@Dot%
  99
                                               \@cpath@loop%
100
                                   \else%
101
                                   \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@ToTop{%
102
                                               \StrBehind{\pathsuris@cpath@temp}{\@ToTop}[\pathsuris@cpath@temp]%
103
                                               \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash{%
104
                                                            \edef\pathsuris@cpath@temp{\@CanPath\pathsuris@cpath@temp}%
105
                                               }{%
106
                                                           \ifx\@CanPath\@empty\else%
107
                                                                        108
109
                                                           \fi%
110
                                               }%
                                               \def\@CanPath{}%
111
                                               \@cpath@loop%
112
                                  }{%
113
                                               \ifx\@CanPath\@empty%
114
                                                           \edef\@CanPath{\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a}%
115
116
                                               \else%
                                                            \edef\@CanPath\\@Slash\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a}%
117
118
                                               \@cpath@loop
119
                                  }%
120
                                   \fi\fi%
121
122
                      }{
123
                                   \ifx\@CanPath\@empty%
                                               \edef\@CanPath{\pathsuris@cpath@temp}%
124
125
                                   \else%
126
                                               \edef\@CanPath{\@CanPath\@Slash\pathsuris@cpath@temp}%
                                   \fi
127
                      }%
128
129 }
```

Test:

path	canonicalized path	expected
aaa	aaa	aaa
//aaa	//aaa	//aaa
aaa/bbb	aaa/bbb	aaa/bbb
aaa/		
//aaa/bbb	//aaa/bbb	//aaa/bbb
/aaa//bbb	/bbb	/bbb
/aaa/bbb	/aaa/bbb	/aaa/bbb
aaa/bbb//ddd	aaa/ddd	aaa/ddd
aaa/bbb/./ddd	aaa/bbb/ddd	aaa/bbb/ddd
./		, ,
aaa/bbb//		

```
\cpath Implement \cpath to print the canonicalized path.
```

```
130 \newcommand\cpath[1]{%
131     \@cpath{#1}%
132     \@CanPath%
133 }
```

#### \path@filename

```
134 \def\path@filename#1#2{%
        \edef\filename@oldpath{#1}%
135
        \StrCount\filename@oldpath\@Slash[\filename@lastslash]%
136
        \ifnum\filename@lastslash>0%
137
            \verb|\StrBehind[\filename@lastslash] \land filename@oldpath\\ @Slash[\filename@oldpath] \% |
138
            \verb|\edef#2{\filename@oldpath}| % \\
139
        \leq \
140
            \edef#2{\filename@oldpath}%
141
        \fi%
142
143 }
Test:
```

Path: /foo/bar/baz.tex Filename: baz.tex

#### 3.2.2 Windows

First, a conditional that tells us whether we have to use windows or unix file paths:

```
144 \newif\if@iswindows@\@iswindows@false  
145 \IfFileExists{\dev/null}{}{\@iswindows@true}}{}
```

#### Test:

We are on windows: no.

\windows@to@path Converts a windows-style file path to a unix-style file path:

```
146 \newif\if@windowstopath@inpath@\\ 147 \def\windows@to@path#1{
```

```
\def\windows@temp{}
                                             149
                                                                 \edef\windows@path{#1}
                                             150
                                                                 \ifx\windows@path\@empty\else
                                             151
                                                                           152
                                             153
                                             154
                                                                 \let#1\windows@temp
                                             155 }
                                             156 \end{emultiple} 156 \end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} 156 \end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultip
                                                                 \def\windows@temp@b{#2}
                                             157
                                                                \ifx\windows@temp@b\@empty
                                             158
                                             159
                                                                           \def\windows@continue{}
                                              160
                                                                \else
                                                                            \def\windows@continue{\windows@path@loop#2\windows@path@end}
                                             161
                                                                 \fi
                                             162
                                                                \if@windowstopath@inpath@
                                             163
                                                                           \footnotemark{ \ \ \ } 1\C BackSlash
                                             164
                                                                                      \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp\@Slash}
                                             165
                                             166
                                                                           \else
                                             167
                                                                                      \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
                                                                           \fi
                                             168
                                                                 \else
                                             169
                                                                           \ifx#1:
                                             170
                                                                                      \edef\windows@temp{\@Slash\windows@temp}
                                             171
                                                                                      \@windowstopath@inpath@true
                                             172
                                             173
                                                                           \else
                                                                                      \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
                                             174
                                             175
                                                                           \fi
                                                                 \fi
                                             176
                                                                 \windows@continue
                                             177
                                             178 }
                                               Test:
                                               Input: C:\foo \bar .baz
                                               Output: /C/foo/bar.baz
\path@to@windows
                                               Converts a unix-style file path to a windows-style file path:
                                             179 \def\path@to@windows#1{
                                                                \@windowstopath@inpath@false
                                             180
                                             181
                                                                 \def\windows@temp{}
                                                                \edef\windows@path{#1}
                                             182
                                                                 \edef\windows@path{\expandafter\@gobble\windows@path}
                                             183
                                                                 \ifx\windows@path\@empty\else
                                             184
                                                                           \expandafter\path@windows@loop\windows@path\windows@path@end
                                             185
                                                                 \fi
                                             186
                                                                 \let#1\windows@temp
                                             187
                                             188 }
                                             189 \def\path@windows@loop#1#2\windows@path@end{
                                                                 \def\windows@temp@b{#2}
                                             190
                                                                 \ifx\windows@temp@b\@empty
                                             191
```

\@windowstopath@inpath@false

148

```
193
                    \else
                        \def\windows@continue{\path@windows@loop#2\windows@path@end}
            194
            195
                    \if@windowstopath@inpath@
            196
            197
                        \int ifx#1/
            198
                            \edef\windows@temp\@BackSlash}
                        \else
            199
                            \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
            200
                        \fi
            201
                    \else
            202
                        \int ifx#1/
            203
                            \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp:\@BackSlash}
            204
            205
                            \@windowstopath@inpath@true
            206
                        \else
                            \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
            207
                        \fi
            208
                    \fi
            209
            210
                    \windows@continue
            211 }
             Test:
             Input: /C/foo/bar.baz
             Output: C:\foo\bar.baz
             3.2.3
                     Auxiliary methods
\trimstring Removes initial and trailing spaces from a string:
            212 \def\trimstring#1{%
                    \edef\pathsuris@trim@temp{#1}%
            213
            214
                    \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@trim@temp\@Space{%
                        \StrGobbleLeft\pathsuris@trim@temp1[#1]%
            215
            216
                        \trimstring{#1}%
                    }{%
            217
                        \IfEndWith\pathsuris@trim@temp\@Space{%
            218
                            \StrGobbleRight\pathsuris@trim@temp1[#1]%
            219
            220
                            \trimstring{#1}%
                        }{%
            221
            222
                            \edef#1{\pathsuris@trim@temp}%
            223
                        }%
                    }%
            224
            225 }
             Test:
             »bla blubb«
 \kpsewhich Calls kpsewhich to get e.g. system variables:
            226 \def\kpsewhich#1#2{\begingroup%
                  \edef\kpsewhich@cmd{"|kpsewhich #2"}%
                  \everyeof{\noexpand}%
            228
```

\def\windows@continue{}

192

```
\colored{catcode'}=12%
          \edef#1{\@@input\kpsewhich@cmd\@Space}%
230
          \trimstring#1%
231
          \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path#1\fi%
232
          \xdef#1{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{#1}}%
234 \endgroup}
 Test:
  /usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/etoolbox/etoolbox.sty
 3.2.4 STEX input hooks
 We determine the PWD of the current main document:
235 \edef\pwd@cmd{\if@iswindows@ -expand-var \percent CD\percent\else -var-value PWD\fi}
236 \kpsewhich\stex@maindir\pwd@cmd
237 \edef\stex@mainfile{\stex@maindir\@Slash\jobname}
238 \edef\stex@mainfile{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\stex@mainfile}}
 /home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master
         We keep a stack of \inputed files:
239 \def\stex@currfile@stack{}
240
241 \def\stex@currfile@push#1{%
               \edef\stex@temppath{#1}%
242
243
               \edef\stex@temppath{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\stex@temppath}}%
          \edef\stex@currfile@stack{\stex@currfile\ifx\stex@currfile@stack\@empty\else,\stex@currfile@s
244
          \IfBeginWith\stex@temppath\@Slash{\@cpath{\stex@temppath}}{%
245
               \@cpath{\stex@maindir\@Slash#1}%
246
247
          }
248
          \let\stex@currfile\@CanPath%
          \path@filename\stex@currfile\stex@currfilename%
249
          \StrLen\stex@currfilename[\stex@currfile@tmp]%
250
          \verb|\StrGobbleRight\stex@currfile{\the\numexpr\stex@currfile@tmp+1 } [\stex@currpath]% | $$ \color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\
251
          \global\let\stex@currfile\stex@currfile%
252
253
           \global\let\stex@currpath\stex@currpath%
254
           \global\let\stex@currfilename\stex@currfilename%
255 }
256 \def\stex@currfile@pop{%
          \ifx\stex@currfile@stack\@empty%
257
               \global\let\stex@currfile\stex@mainfile%
258
               \global\let\stex@currpath\stex@maindir%
259
260
               \global\let\stex@currfilename\jobname%
261
          \else%
               \StrCut\stex@currfile@stack,\stex@currfile\stex@currfile@stack%
262
263
               \path@filename\stex@currfile\stex@currfilename%
               \StrLen\stex@currfilename[\stex@currfile@tmp]%
264
               \StrGobbleRight\stex@currfile{\the\numexpr\stex@currfile@tmp+1 }[\stex@currpath]%
265
266
               \global\let\stex@currfile\stex@currfile%
```

229

267

\global\let\stex@currpath\stex@currpath%

```
\global\let\stex@currfilename\stex@currfilename%
              268
              269
                    \fi%
              270 }
   \stexinput Inputs a file by (if necessary) converting its path to a windows path first, and
               adding the file path to the input stack above:
              271 \def\stexinput#1{%
              272
                      \stexiffileexists{#1}{%
                        \stex@currfile@push\stex@temp@path%
              273
                        \input{\stex@currfile}%
              274
              275
                        \stex@currfile@pop%
              276
                      }%
                      {%
              277
                          \PackageError{stex}{File does not exist (#1): \stex@temp@path}{}%
              278
                      }%
              279
              280 }
              281 \def\stexiffileexists#1#2#3{%
                    \edef\stex@temp@path{#1}%
                    \if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\stex@temp@path\fi%
                    \IfFileExists\stex@temp@path{#2}{#3}%
              284
              285 }
              286 \stex@currfile@pop
               Test:
               This file: /home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master/stex-master
               A test file: /home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master/testfile.tex
               3.2.5
                       MathHub repositories
               We read the MATHHUB system variable and set \MathHub accordingly:
              287 \kpsewhich\mathhub@path{--var-value MATHHUB}
              288 \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path\mathhub@path\fi
              289 \ifx\mathhub@path\@empty%
                    \PackageWarning{stex}{MATHHUB system variable not found or wrongly set}{}
                    \defpath{MathHub}{}
              292 \else\defpath{MathHub}\mathhub@path\fi
               Test:
                /home/jazzpirate/work/MathHub
               findmanifest{\langle path \rangle} searches for a file MANIFEST.MF up and over \langle path \rangle in the
\findmanifest
               file system tree.
              293 \def\findmanifest#1{
              294
                    295
                    \ifx\@CanPath\@Slash
                      \def\manifest@mf{}
```

\edef\@findmanifest@path{\@CanPath/MANIFEST.MF}

296

297

298

299

300

\else

\else\ifx\@CanPath\@empty

\def\manifest@mf{}

```
\if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\@findmanifest@path\fi
301
       \IfFileExists{\@findmanifest@path}{
302
         %\message{MANIFEST.MF found at \@findmanifest@path}
303
         \edef\manifest@mf{\@findmanifest@path}
304
         \xdef\temp@archive@dir{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@CanPath}}
305
306
       }{
307
       \edef\@findmanifest@path{\@CanPath/META-INF/MANIFEST.MF}
308
       \if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\@findmanifest@path\fi
       \IfFileExists{\@findmanifest@path}{
309
         %\message{MANIFEST.MF found at \@findmanifest@path}
310
         \edef\manifest@mf{\@findmanifest@path}
311
312
         \xdef\temp@archive@dir{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@CanPath}}
       }{
313
       \edef\@findmanifest@path{\@CanPath/meta-inf/MANIFEST.MF}
314
       \if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\@findmanifest@path\fi
315
       \IfFileExists{\@findmanifest@path}{
316
         %\message{MANIFEST.MF found at \@findmanifest@path}
317
         \edef\manifest@mf{\@findmanifest@path}
318
319
         \xdef\temp@archive@dir{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@CanPath}}
320
       }{
         \findmanifest{\@CanPath/..}
321
322
       }}}
     \fi\fi
323
324 }
 /home/jazzpirate/work/MathHub/smglom/mv/META-INF/MANIFEST.MF
    the next macro is a helper function for parsing MANIFEST.MF
325 \def\split@manifest@key{
     \IfSubStr{\manifest@line}{\@Colon}{
326
327
         \StrBefore{\manifest@line}{\@Colon}[\manifest@key]
328
         \StrBehind{\manifest@line}{\@Colon}[\manifest@line]
329
         \trimstring\manifest@line
         \trimstring\manifest@key
330
     }{
331
         \def\manifest@key{}
332
333
     }
334 }
    the next helper function iterates over lines in MANIFEST.MF
335 \def\parse@manifest@loop{
     \ifeof\@manifest
336
     \else
337
338
       \read\@manifest to \manifest@line\relax
339
       \edef\manifest@line{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\manifest@line}}
340
       \split@manifest@key
341
       \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{id}}{
342
           \xdef\manifest@mf@id{\manifest@line}
343
```

```
}{
                344
                         % narration-base
                345
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{narration-base}}{
                346
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@narr{\manifest@line}
                347
                         }{
                348
                349
                         % namespace
                350
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{source-base}}{
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@ns{\manifest@line}
                351
                352
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{ns}}{
                353
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@ns{\manifest@line}
                354
                         }{
                355
                         % dependencies
                 356
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{dependencies}}{
                357
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@deps{\manifest@line}
                358
                         }{
                359
                         }}}}
                360
                         \parse@manifest@loop
                361
                362
                      \fi
                363 }
                  \operatorname{parsemanifest}(\operatorname{macroname}) \{ (\operatorname{path}) \}  finds MANIFEST.MF via \operatorname{findmanifest}(\operatorname{path}) \},
\parsemanifest
                  and parses the file, storing the individual fields (id, narr, ns and dependencies)
                  in \langle macroname \rangleid, \langle macroname \ranglenarr, etc.
                364 \newread\@manifest
                365 \def\parsemanifest#1#2{%
                      \gdef\temp@archive@dir{}%
                366
                       \findmanifest{#2}%
                367
                 368
                      \begingroup%
                 369
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@id{}%
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@narr{}%
                370
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@ns{}%
                371
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@deps{}%
                372
                         \openin\@manifest\manifest@mf%
                373
                374
                         \parse@manifest@loop%
                375
                         \closein\@manifest%
                      \endgroup%
                376
                      \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path\manifest@mf\fi%
                377
                      \cslet{#1id}\manifest@mf@id%
                378
                      \cslet{#1narr}\manifest@mf@narr%
                379
                      \cslet{#1ns}\manifest@mf@ns%
                380
                      \cslet{#1deps}\manifest@mf@deps%
                381
                      \ifcsvoid{manifest@mf@id}{}{%
                         \cslet{#1dir}\temp@archive@dir%
                383
                384
                      }%
                385 }
                  Test:
                  id: FOO/BAR
                  ns: http://mathhub.info/FOO/BAR
```

#### dir: FOO

\setcurrentreposinfo

\setcurrentreposinfo{\langle id\rangle} sets the current repository to  $\langle id \rangle$ , checks if the MANIFEST.MF of this repository has already been read, and if not, find it, parses it and stores the values in \currentrepos\( 0 \langle id \rangle \) for later retrieval.

```
386 \def\setcurrentreposinfo#1{%
     \edef\mh@currentrepos{#1}%
387
388
     \ifx\mh@currentrepos\@empty%
389
       \edef\currentrepos@dir{\@Dot}%
390
       \def\currentrepos@narr{}%
391
       \def\currentrepos@ns{}%
392
       \def\currentrepos@id{}%
       \def\currentrepos@deps{}%
393
     \else%
394
395
     \ifcsdef{mathhub@dir@\mh@currentrepos}{%
396
       \@inmhrepostrue
397
       \edef\mh@currentrepos{#1}%
398
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@dir\csname mathhub@dir@#1\endcsname%
399
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@narr\csname mathhub@narr@#1\endcsname%
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@ns\csname mathhub@ns@#1\endcsname%
400
401
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@deps\csname mathhub@deps@#1\endcsname%
402
     }{%
403
       \parsemanifest{currentrepos@}{\MathHub{#1}}%
       \@setcurrentreposinfo%
404
       \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{\PackageError{stex}{No archive with %
405
         name #1 found!}{make sure that #1 is directly in your MATHHUB folder %
406
         and contains a MANIFEST.MF, either directly in #1 or in a meta-inf %
407
         subfolder.}}{\@inmhrepostrue}%
408
     }%
409
     \fi%
410
411 }
412
413 \def\@setcurrentreposinfo{%
     \edef\mh@currentrepos{\currentrepos@id}%
414
415
     \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{}{%
416
       \csxdef{mathhub@dir@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@dir}%
       \csxdef{mathhub@narr@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@narr}%
417
418
       \csxdef{mathhub@ns@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@ns}%
       \csxdef{mathhub@deps@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@deps}%
419
     }%
420
421 }
 Finally – and that is the ultimate goal of all of the above, we set the current repos.
422 \newif\if@inmhrepos\@inmhreposfalse
423 \ifcsvoid{stex@maindir}{}{
424 \parsemanifest{currentrepos@}\stex@maindir
425 \@setcurrentreposinfo
426 \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{\PackageWarning{stex}{Not currently in a MathHub repository}{}}}{%
```

\message{Current repository: \mh@currentrepos}

```
429 }
                3.3
                      Modules
               430 \ \texttt{lif@latexml\else\ifmod@show\RequirePackage\{mdframed\}\fi\fi}
               431 \def\ignorespacesandpars{\begingroup\catcode13=10\@ifnextchar\relax{\endgroup}{\endgroup}}
                and more adapted from http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/179016/
                ignore-spaces-and-pars-after-an-environment
               432 \def\ignorespacesandparsafterend#1\ignorespaces\fi{#1\fi\ignorespacesandpars}
               433 \def\ignorespacesandpars{\ifhmode\unskip\fi\@ifnextchar\par{\expandafter\ignorespacesandpars\@g
                   Options for the module-environment:
               434 \addmetakey*{module}{title}
               435 \addmetakey*{module}{name}
               436 \addmetakey*{module}{creators}
               437 \addmetakey*{module}{contributors}
               438 \addmetakey*{module}{srccite}
               439 \addmetakey*{module}{ns}
               440 \addmetakey*{module}{narr}
module@heading We make a convenience macro for the module heading. This can be customized.
               441 \ifdef{\thesection}{\newcounter{module}}%
               442 \newrobustcmd\module@heading{%
                    \stepcounter{module}%
               443
                    \ifmod@show%
               444
                    \noindent{\textbf{Module} \thesection.\themodule [\module@name]}%
               445
               446
                    \sref@label@id{Module \thesection.\themodule [\module@name]}%
                      \ifx\module@title\@empty :\quad\else\quad(\module@title)\hfill\\fi%
                   \fi%
               448
               449 }%
                Test:
                Module 3.1[Test]: Foo
       module Finally, we define the begin module command for the module environment. Much
```

428 }

module Finally, we define the begin module command for the module environment. Much of the work has already been done in the keyval bindings, so this is quite simple.

```
450 \newenvironment{module}[1][]{%
451 \begin{@module}[#1]%
452 \module@heading% make the headings
453 \ignorespacesandpars\parsemodule@maybesetcodes}{%
454 \end{@module}%
455 \ignorespacesafterend%
456 }%
457 \ifmod@show\surroundwithmdframed{module@om@common}\fi%

Some auxiliary methods:
458 \def\g@addto@macro@safe#1#2{\ifx#1\relax\def#1{}\fi\g@addto@macro#1{#2}}
```

459 \def\addto@thismodule#1{%

```
\@ifundefined{this@module}{}{%
460
       \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\this@module{#1}%
461
     }%
462
463 }
464 \def\addto@thismodulex#1{%
465 \@ifundefined{this@module}{}{%
     \edef\addto@thismodule@exp{#1}%
466
467
     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe%
     \expandafter\this@module\expandafter{\addto@thismodule@exp}%
468
469 }}
```

**Qmodule** A variant of the **module** environment that does not create printed representations (in particular no frames).

To compute the  $\langle uri \rangle$  of a module, \set@default@ns computes the namespace, if none is provided as an optional argument, as follows:

If the file of the module is /some/path/file.tex and we are not in a MathHub repository, the namespace is file:///some/path.

If the file of the module is /some/path/in/mathhub/repo/sitory/source/sub/file.tex and repo/sitory is an archive in the MathHub root, and the MANIFEST.MF of repo/sitory declares a namespace http://some.namespace/foo, then the namespace of the module is http://some.namespace/foo/sub.

```
470 \newif\ifarchive@ns@empty@\archive@ns@empty@false
471 \def\set@default@ns{%
     \edef\@module@ns@temp{\stex@currpath}%
472
     \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path\@module@ns@temp\fi%
473
     \archive@ns@empty@false%
474
     \ifcsvoid{mh@currentrepos}{\archive@ns@empty@true}%
475
476
     {\expandafter\ifx\csname mathhub@ns@\mh@currentrepos\endcsname\@empty\archive@ns@empty@true\f
477
     \ifarchive@ns@empty@%
478
       \edef\@module@ns@tempuri{file\@Colon\@Slash\@Slash\@module@ns@temp}%
479
     \else%
480
       \edef\@module@filepath@temppath{\@module@ns@temp}%
481
       \edef\@module@ns@tempuri{\csname mathhub@ns@\mh@currentrepos\endcsname}%
482
       \edef\@module@archivedirpath{\csname mathhub@dir@\mh@currentrepos\endcsname\@Slash source}%
483
       \edef\@module@archivedirpath{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@module@archivedirpath}}%
484
       \IfBeginWith\@module@filepath@temppath\@module@archivedirpath{%
485
         \StrLen\@module@archivedirpath[\ns@temp@length]%
486
         \StrGobbleLeft\@module@filepath@temppath\ns@temp@length[\@module@filepath@temprest]%
487
         \edef\@module@ns@tempuri{\@module@ns@tempuri\@module@filepath@temprest}%
488
489
       }{}%
490
     \fi%
```

\IfEndWith\@module@ns@tempuri\@Slash{\StrGobbleRight\@module@ns@tempuri1[\@module@ns@tempuri]

### Test:

491

492 493 }

file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master

\setkeys{module}{ns=\@module@ns@tempuri}%

If the module is not given a name, \set@next@moduleid computes one by enumeration, e.g. module0, module1, etc.

```
494 \def\set@next@moduleid{%
     \unless\ifcsname namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules\endcsname%
495
496
         \csgdef{namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules}{0}%
497
     \fi%
     \edef\namespace@currnum{\csname namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules\endcsname}%
498
     \edef\module@temp@setidname{\noexpand\setkeys{module}{name=module\namespace@currnum}}%
499
     \module@temp@setidname%
500
     \csxdef{namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules}{\the\numexpr\namespace@currnum+1}%
501
502 }
Test:
```

module0 module1

Finally, the <code>Qmodule</code> environment does the actual work, i.e. setting metakeys, computing namespace/id, defining <code>\thisQmodule</code>, etc.

For a module with name  $\langle name \rangle$  (\module@name) and uri  $\langle uri \rangle$  (\module@uri), this defines the following macros:

- \module@defs@\(\(uri\)\) that acts as a repository for semantic macros of the current module. It will be called by \importmodule to activate them.
- We will add the internal forms of the semantic macros whenever \symdef is invoked. To do this, we will need an unexpended form \this@module that expands to \module@defs@ $\langle uri \rangle$ ; we define it first and then initialize \module@defs@ $\langle uri \rangle$  as empty.
- $\mbox{module@names@}(uri)$  will store all symbol names declared in this module.
- \module@imports@\langle uri \rangle will store the URIs of all modules directly included in this module
- $\langle uri \rangle$  that expands to  $\invoke@module{\langle uri \rangle}$  (see below).
- $\mbox{Module}\langle name \rangle$  that expands to  $\mbox{} \langle uri \rangle$ .

If we are currently in a mathhub repository, this information will also be stored in  $\mbox{module@defs@}\langle uri\rangle$ , so we can resolve includes properly when this module is activated.

```
503 \newenvironment{@module}[1][]{%
     \metasetkeys{module}{#1}%
504
     \ifcsvoid{module@name}{\let\module@name\module@id}{}% % TODO deprecate
505
     \ifx\module@ns\@empty\set@default@ns\fi%
506
     \ifx\module@narr\@empty%
507
       \setkeys{module}{narr=\module@ns}%
508
     \fi%
509
     \ifcsvoid{module@name}{\set@next@moduleid}{}%
510
     \let\module@id\module@name% % TODO deprecate
511
     \edef\module@uri{\module@ns\@QuestionMark\module@name}%
```

```
\csgdef{module@names@\module@uri}{}%
513
           \csgdef{module@imports@\module@uri}{}%
514
           \csxdef{\module@uri}{\noexpand\@invoke@module{\module@uri}}%
515
           \expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname Module\module@name\expandafter\endcsname\csname\module@name\expandafter\endcsname\csname
516
517
           \edef\this@module{%
                \expandafter\noexpand\csname module@defs@\module@uri\endcsname%
518
519
          }%
520
           \csdef{module@defs@\module@uri}{}%
           \ifcsvoid{mh@currentrepos}{}{%
521
               \@inmhrepostrue%
522
               \addto@thismodulex{\expandafter\edef\expandafter\noexpand\csname mh@old@repos@\module@uri\e:
523
                    {\noexpand\mh@currentrepos}}%
524
                \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@currentrepos}}%
525
          }%
526
527 }{%
          \if@inmhrepos%
528
          \@inmhreposfalse%
529
          \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\expandafter\noexpand\csname mh@old@repos@\m
530
531
          \fi%
532 }%
  Test:
  Module 3.2[Foo]:
  Name: Foo
  URI: file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master?Foo
  this@module: macro:->
  Faking a MathHub archive Foo/Bar with URI http://foo.bar/baz:
  Module 3.3[Foo2]:
  Name: Foo2
  URI: http://foo.bar/baz?Foo2
  this@module:\ macro:->\\ edef \\ \ mh@old@repos@http://foo.bar/baz?Foo2\ \\ \{\\ \ mh@currentrepos. \\ \ mh@currentrepos. \\ \ mh@old@repos. \\ \ mh@currentrepos. \\ \ mh@currentrepos.
  \setcurrentreposinfo \{Foo/Bar\}
  Removing the /home/jazzpirate/work/MathHub/ system variable first:
  Module 3.4[Foo]:
  Name: Foo
  URI: file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master?Foo
  this@module: macro:->Faking a MathHub archive Foo/Bar with URI http://foo.bar/baz:
  Module 3.5[Foo2]:
  Name: Foo2
  URI: http://foo.bar/baz?Foo2
  \setcurrentreposinfo \{Foo/Bar\}
         A module with URI \langle uri \rangle and id \langle id \rangle creates two macros \langle uri \rangle and
  \Module(id), that ultimately expand to \Module(\langle uri \rangle). Currently, the
  only functionality is \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt @invoke@module}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt which}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt expands}} to the full
  uri of a module (i.e. via \Module(id)\CURI). In the future, this macro can be
```

extended with additional functionality, e.g. accessing symbols in a macro for overloaded (macro-)names.

```
533 \def\@URI{uri}
534 \def\@invoke@module#1#2{%
     \ifx\@URI#2%
536
       #1%
     \else%
537
       % TODO something else
538
       #2%
539
     \fi%
540
541 }
```

#### Inheritance 3.4

#### **Selective Inclusion** 3.4.1

The next great goal is to establish the \requiremodules macro, which reads an STEX file and processes all the module signature information in them, but does not produce any output. This is a tricky business, as we need to "parse" the modules and treat the module signature macros specially (we refer to this as "sms mode", since it is equivalent to what the – now deprecated – sms utility did).

In the following we introduce a lot of auxiliary functionality before we can define \requiremodules.

#### \parsemodule@allow\*

The first step is setting up a functionality for registering \sTeX macros and environments as part of a module signature.

```
542 \neq 0
543 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed{true}
544 \def\parsemodule@allow#1{
545
     \expandafter\let\csname parsemodule@allowedmacro@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed
546 }
547 \def\parsemodule@allowenv#1{
     \expandafter\let\csname parsemodule@allowedenv@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed
548
549 }
550 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@beginstring{begin}
551 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@endstring{end}
    and now we use that to actually register all the STEX functionality as relevant
```

for sms mode.

```
552 \parsemodule@allow{symdef}
553 \parsemodule@allow{abbrdef}
554 \parsemodule@allow{importmodule}
555 \parsemodule@allowenv{module}
556 \parsemodule@allow{importmhmodule}
557 \parsemodule@allow{gimport}
558 \parsemodule@allowenv{modsig}
559 \parsemodule@allowenv{mhmodsig}
560 \parsemodule@allowenv{mhmodnl}
```

```
561 \parsemodule@allowenv{modnl}
562 \parsemodule@allow{symvariant}
563 \parsemodule@allow{symi}
564 \parsemodule@allow{symii}
565 \parsemodule@allow{symiii}
566 \parsemodule@allow{symiv}
567 \parsemodule@allow{notation}
568 \parsemodule@allow{symdecl}
569 %\parsemodule@allow{defi}
570 %\parsemodule@allow{defii}
571 %\parsemodule@allow{defiii}
572 %\parsemodule@allow{defiv}
573 %\parsemodule@allow{adefi}
574 %\parsemodule@allow{adefii}
575 %\parsemodule@allow{adefiii}
576 %\parsemodule@allow{adefiv}
577 %\parsemodule@allow{defis}
578 %\parsemodule@allow{defiis}
579 %\parsemodule@allow{defiiis}
580 %\parsemodule@allow{defivs}
581 %\parsemodule@allow{Defi}
582 %\parsemodule@allow{Defii}
583 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiii}
584 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiv}
585 %\parsemodule@allow{Defis}
586 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiis}
587 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiiis}
588 %\parsemodule@allow{Defivs}
```

To read external modules without producing output, \requiremodules redefines the \-character to be an active character that, instead of executing a macro, checks whether a macro name has been registered using \parsemodule@allow before selectively executing the corresponding macro or ignoring it. To produce the relevant code, we therefore define a macro \@active@slash that produces a \-character with category code 13 (active), as well as \@open@brace and \@close@brace, which produce open and closing braces with category code 12 (other).

```
589 \catcode'\.=0
590 .catcode'.\=13
591 .def.@active@slash{\}
592 .catcode'.<=1
593 .catcode'.>=2
594 .catcode'.{=12
595 .catcode'.}=12
596 .def.@open@brace<{>
597 .def.@close@brace<}>
598 .catcode'.\=0
599 \catcode'\.=12
600 \catcode'\{=1
```

```
601 \catcode'\}=2
602 \catcode'\<=12
603 \catcode'\>=12
```

The next two macros set and reset the category codes before/after sms mode.

\set@parsemodule@catcodes

```
604
     \def\set@parsemodule@catcodes{%
605
         \global\catcode'\\=13%
          \global\catcode'\#=12%
606
607
          \global\catcode'\{=12%
          \global\catcode'\}=12%
608
          \global\catcode'\$=12%$
609
610
          \global\catcode'\^=12%
          \global\catcode'\_=12%
611
          \global\catcode'\&=12%
612
         \expandafter\let\@active@slash\parsemodule@escapechar%
613
614
     }
```

\reset@parsemodule@catcodes

```
\def\reset@parsemodule@catcodes{%
615
         \global\catcode'\\=0%
616
         \global\catcode'\#=6%
617
          \global\catcode'\{=1%
618
          \global\catcode'\}=2%
619
620
          \global\catcode'\$=3%$
621
          \global\catcode'\^=7%
          \global\catcode'\_=8%
622
         \global\catcode'\&=4\%
623
     }
624
```

\parsemodule@maybesetcodes

Before a macro is executed in sms-mode, the category codes will be reset to normal, to ensure that all macro arguments are parsed correctly. Consequently, the macros need to set the category codes back to sms mode after having read all arguments iff the macro got executed in sms mode. \parsemodule@maybesetcodes takes care of that.

```
625 \def\parsemodule@maybesetcodes{%
626 \if@smsmode\set@parsemodule@catcodes\fi%
627 }
```

\parsemodule@escapechar

This macro gets called whenever a \-character occurs in sms mode. It is split into several macros that parse and store characters in \parsemodule@escape@currcs until a character with category code  $\neq 11$  occurs (i.e. the macro name is complete), check whether the macro is allowed in sms mode, and then either ignore it or execute it after setting category codes back to normal. Special care needs to be taken to make sure that braces have the right category codes (1 and 2 for open and closing braces, respectively) when delimiting macro arguments.

Entry point:

628

```
629 \def\parsemodule@escapechar{%
       \def\parsemodule@escape@currcs{}%
630
       \parsemodule@escape@parse@nextchar@%
631
632 }%
```

The next macro simply reads the next character and checks whether it has category code 11. If so, it stores it in \parsemodule@escape@currcs. Otherwise, the macro name is complete, it stores the last character in \parsemodule@last@char and calls \parsemodule@escapechar@checkcs.

```
633 \long\def\parsemodule@escape@parse@nextchar@#1{%
634
       \ifcat a#1\relax%
            \edef\parsemodule@escape@currcs{\parsemodule@escape@currcs#1}%
635
           \let\parsemodule@do@next\parsemodule@escape@parse@nextchar@%
636
637
       \else%
         \def\parsemodule@last@char{#1}%
638
639
         \def\parsemodule@do@next{\parsemodule@escapechar@checkcs}%
640
641
       \parsemodule@do@next%
642 }
```

The next macro checks whether the currently stored macroname is allowed in sms mode. There are four cases that need to be considered: \begin, \end, allowed macros, and others. In the first two cases, we reinsert \parsemodule@last@char and continue with \parsemodule@escapechar@checkbeginenv or \parsemodule@escapechar@checkende respectively, to check whether the environment being openend/closed is al-In both cases, \parsemodule@last@char is an open lowed in sms mode. brace with category code 12. In the third case, we need to check whether \parsemodule@last@char is an open brace, in which case we call \parsemodule@converttoproperbraces otherwise, we set category codes to normal and execute the macro. In the fourth case, we just reinsert \parsemodule@last@char and continue.

```
643 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@checkcs{%
       \ifx\parsemodule@escape@currcs\parsemodule@escapechar@beginstring%
644
           \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\noexpand\parsemodule@escapechar@checkbeginenv\parsemodule@la
645
646
           \ifx\parsemodule@escape@currcs\parsemodule@escapechar@endstring%
647
             \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\noexpand\parsemodule@escapechar@checkendenv\parsemodule@la
648
649
           \else%
               \expandafter\ifx\csname parsemodule@allowedmacro@\parsemodule@escape@currcs\endcsna
650
                    \parsemodule@escapechar@allowed%
651
                  \ifx\parsemodule@last@char\@open@brace%
652
                    \expandafter\let\expandafter\parsemodule@do@next@ii\csname\parsemodule@escape@c
653
                    \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\noexpand\parsemodule@converttoproperbraces\@open@bra
654
                  \else%
655
                    \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
656
657
                    \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\expandafter\noexpand\csname\parsemodule@escape@currc
658
                \else\def\parsemodule@do@next{\relax\parsemodule@last@char}\fi%
659
660
           \fi%
       \fi%
```

661

```
662 \parsemodule@do@next% 663 }
```

This macro simply takes an argument in braces (with category codes 12), reinserts it with "proper" braces (category codes 1 and 2), sets category codes back to normal and calls \parsemodule@do@next@ii, which has been \let as the macro to be executed.

```
664 \expandafter\expandafter\def%
665 \expandafter\expandafter\parsemodule@converttoproperbraces%
666 \expandafter\@open@brace\expandafter#\expandafter1\@close@brace{%
667 \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
668 \parsemodule@do@next@ii{#1}%
669 }
```

The next two macros apply in the \begin and \end cases. They check whether the environment is allowed in sms mode, if so, open/close the environment, and otherwise do nothing.

Notably, \parsemodule@escapechar@checkendenv does not set category codes back to normal, since \end{environment} never takes additional arguments that need to be parsed anyway.

```
670 \exp \text{andafter} \exp \text{andafter} 
671 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\parsemodule@escapechar@checkbeginenv%
672 \expandafter\@open@brace\expandafter#\expandafter1\@close@brace{%
                          \expandafter\ifx\csname parsemodule@allowedenv@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed%
673
                                        \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
674
675
                                       \def\parsemodule@do@next{\begin{#1}}%
676
                          \else%
677
                                       \def\parsemodule@do@next{#1}%
678
                          \fi%
679
                          \parsemodule@do@next%
680 }
681 \expandafter\expandafter\def%
682 \expandafter\expandafter\parsemodule@escapechar@checkendenv%
683 \verb|\expandafter\\| @open@brace\\| expandafter\\| &expandafter\\| 
                          \expandafter\ifx\csname parsemodule@allowedenv@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed%
684
                                       %\reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
685
686
                                        \def\parsemodule@do@next{\end{#1}}%
687
688
                                 \def\parsemodule@do@next{#1}%
689
690
                          \parsemodule@do@next%
691 }
```

\@requiremodules

the internal version of \requiremodules for use in the \*.aux file. We disable it at the end of the document, so that when the aux file is read again, nothing is loaded.

```
692 \newrobustcmd\@requiremodules[1]{%
693 \if@tempswa\requiremodules{#1}\fi%
694}%
```

\requiremodules

This macro loads the module signatures in a file using the \requiremodules@smsmode above. We set the flag \mod@showfalse in the local group, so that the macros know now to pollute the result.

```
695 \newrobustcmd\requiremodules[1]{%
696 \mod@showfalse%
697 \edef\mod@path{#1}%
698 \edef\mod@path{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\mod@path}}%
699 \requiremodules@smsmode{#1}%
700 }%
```

\requiremodules@smsmode

this reads STEX modules by setting the category codes for sms mode, \inputting the required file and wrapping it in a \vbox that gets stored away and ignored, in order to not produce any output. It also sets \hbadness, \hfuzz and friends to values that suppress overfull and underfull hbox messages.

```
701
     \newbox\modules@import@tempbox
702
     \def\requiremodules@smsmode#1{%
703
       \setbox\modules@import@tempbox\vbox{%
         \@smsmodetrue%
704
         \set@parsemodule@catcodes%
705
706
         \hbadness=100000\relax%
707
         \hfuzz=10000pt\relax%
708
         \vbadness=100000\relax%
         \vfuzz=10000pt\relax%
709
710
         \stexinput{#1.tex}%
711
         \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
712
713
         \parsemodule@maybesetcodes%
714
     }
Test:
parsing F00/testmodule.tex
macro:->\@invoke@module {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
master/FOO?testmodule}
```

#### 3.4.2 importmodule

 $\verb|\importmodule@bookkeeping| \\$ 

```
715 \newif\if@importmodule@switchrepos\@importmodule@switchreposfalse
716 \def\importmodule@bookkeeping#1#2#3{%
     \@importmodule@switchreposfalse%
717
718
     \metasetkeys{importmodule}{#1}%
719
     \ifcsvoid{importmodule@mhrepos}{%
       \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{%
720
         \let\importmodule@dir\stex@maindir%
721
722
         \edef\importmodule@dir{\currentrepos@dir\@Slash source}%
723
       }%
724
725
     }{%
       \@importmodule@switchrepostrue%
726
```

```
\expandafter\let\csname importmodule@oldrepos@#2\endcsname\mh@currentrepos%
              727
                      \setcurrentreposinfo\importmodule@mhrepos%
              728
                      \edef\importmodule@dir{\currentrepos@dir\@Slash source}%
              729
                    }%
              730
                    \StrCut{#2}\@QuestionMark\importmodule@subdir\importmodule@modulename%
              731
              732
                    \ifx\importmodule@modulename\@empty%
              733
                      \let\importmodule@modulename\importmodule@subdir%
              734
                      \let\importmodule@subdir\@empty%
                    \else%
              735
                      \ifx\importmodule@subdir\@empty\else%
              736
                        \edef\importmodule@dir{\importmodule@dir\@Slash\importmodule@subdir}%
              737
                      \fi%
              738
                    \fi%
               739
                    \begingroup#3\endgroup%
              740
                    \if@importmodule@switchrepos%
              741
                      \expandafter\setcurrentreposinfo\csname importmodule@oldrepos@#2\endcsname%
              742
              743
                    \ignorespacesandpars%
              744
              745 }
\importmodule
              746 %\srefaddidkey{importmodule}
              747 \addmetakey{importmodule}{mhrepos}
              748 \newcommand\importmodule[2][]{\@@importmodule[#1]{#2}{export}}
              749 \newcommand\@@importmodule[3][]{%
                    \importmodule@bookkeeping{#1}{#2}{%
              750
                      \@importmodule[\importmodule@dir]\importmodule@modulename{#3}%
              751
              752
              753 }
```

\@importmodule

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc dimportmodule [$\langle filepath$\rangle] {\ensuremath{\sc dexport?}$}} \ loads \ \ensuremath{\sc dimporth}\ .$  tex and activates the module  $\ensuremath{\sc mod}\ .$  If  $\ensuremath{\sc dexport?}\$  is export, then it also re-exports the \symdefs from  $\ensuremath{\sc mod}\ .$ 

First  $\Omega \$  will store the base file name with full path, then check if  $\$  module  $\Omega \$  opath is defined. If this macro is defined, a module of this name has already been loaded, so we check whether the paths coincide, if they do, all is fine and we do nothing otherwise we give a suitable error. If this macro is undefined we load the path by  $\$  requiremodules.

```
754 \newcommand\@importmodule[3][]{%
755 {%
     \edef\@load{#1}%
756
     \edef\@importmodule@name{#2}
757
     \if@smsmode\else\ifcsvoid{Module\@importmodule@name}{%
758
759
       \stexiffileexists\@load{\requiremodules\@load}{%
760
         \requiremodules{\@load\@Slash\@importmodule@name}%
761
       }%
762
     }{}\fi%
     \ifx\@load\@empty\else%
763
       {% TODO
764
```

```
765 %
                       \edef\@path{\csname module@#2@path\endcsname}%
766 %
                      \IfStrEq\@load\@path{\relax}% if the known path is the same as the requested one do noth
767 %
                      {\PackageError{stex}% else signal an error
768 %
                           {Module Name Clash\MessageBreak%
769 %
                               A module with name #2 was already loaded under the path "\@path"\MessageBreak%
770 %
                               The imported path "\@load" is probably a different module with the\MessageBreak%
771 %
                               same name; this is dangerous -- not importing}%
772 %
                           {Check whether the Module name is correct}%
773 %
                      }%
                }%
774
775
           \fi%
776
            \global\let\@importmodule@load\@load%
777 }%
778 \edef\@export{#3}\def\@@export{export}%prepare comparison
779 \% ifx\@export\@Qexport\export@defs{#2}\fi% export the module
780 \ifx\@export\@@export\addto@thismodulex{%
           \noexpand\@importmodule[\@importmodule@load]{#2}{noexport}%
782 }%
783 \if@smsmode\else
784 \ifcsvoid{this@module}{}{%
785
           \ifcsvoid{module@imports@\module@uri}{
                \csxdef{module@imports@\module@uri}{%
786
                     \csname Module#2\endcsname\@URI%
787
               }%
788
789
           }{%
                \csxdef{module@imports@\module@uri}{%
790
                     \csname Module#2\endcsname\@URI,%
791
                     \csname module@imports@\module@uri\endcsname%
792
               }%
793
          }%
794
795 }%
796 \fi\fi%
797 \if@smsmode\else\activate@defs{#2}\fi% activate the module
         Test:
  \importmodule \testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimpor
  macro:->\@invoke@module {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
  master?testmoduleimporta}
  undefined
  Test:
  \importmodule \testmoduleimportb?importb\:
  macro:->\@invoke@module {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
  master?importb}
  macro:->\protect \bar
  macro:->\@invoke@module {http://mathhub.info/smglom/algebra?band}
  macro:->\@invoke@module {http://mathhub.info/smglom/algebra?idempotent}
  undefined
```

## macro:->\@ifstar \@gimport@star \@gimport@nostar

\activate@defs To activate the \symdefs from a given module  $\langle mod \rangle$ , we call the macro  $\mbox{module@defs@}(mod)$ . But to make sure that every module is activated only once, we only activate if the macro  $\mbox{module@defs@}(mod)$  is undefined, and define it directly afterwards to prohibit further activations. 799 \def\activate@defs#1{% \ifcsundef{Module#1}{ 800 801 \PackageError{stex}{No module with name #1 loaded}{Probably missing an \detokenize{\importmodule} (or variant) somewhere? 802 } 803 }{% 804 \ifcsundef{module@\csname Module#1\endcsname\@URI @activated}% 805 {\csname module@defs@\csname Module#1\endcsname\@URI\endcsname}{}% \@namedef{module@\csname Module#1\endcsname\@URI @activated}{true}% 807 808 }% 809 }% \usemodule \usemodule acts like \importmodule, except that it does not re-export the semantic macros in the modules it loads. 810 \newcommand\usemodule[2][]{\@@importmodule[#1]{#2}{noexport}} Test: Module 3.26[Foo]: Module 3.27[Bar]: undefined Module 3.28[Baz]: undefined macro:->\protect \bar hooks for spacing customization, they are empty by default. \inputref@\*skip 811 \def\inputref@preskip{} 812 \def\inputref@postskip{} \inputref{\(\rho the \) current file without extension\\\} supports both absolute path and relative path, meanwhile, records the path and the extension (not for relative path). 813 \newrobustcmd\inputref[2][]{% \importmodule@bookkeeping{#1}{#2}{% 814 %\inputreftrue 815 \inputref@preskip% 816 817 \stexinput{\importmodule@dir\@Slash\importmodule@modulename.tex}% 818 \inputref@postskip% }% 819

## 3.5 Symbols and Notations

820 }%

\if@symdeflocal A flag whether a symbol declaration is local (i.e. does not get exported) or not.

821 \newif\if@symdeflocal\@symdeflocalfalse

```
\define@in@module calls \edef\#1{#2} and adds the macro definition to \this@module
                   822 \def\define@in@module#1#2{
                        \expandafter\edef\csname #1\endcsname{#2}%
                   823
                        \edef\define@in@module@temp{%
                   824
                   825
                           \def\expandafter\noexpand\csname#1\endcsname%
                   826
                           {#2}%
                   827
                        }%
                        \if@symdeflocal\else%
                   828
                          \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri%
                   829
                           \expandafter\endcsname\expandafter{\define@in@module@temp}%
                   830
                   831
                        \fi%
                   832 }
         \symdecl
                   \symdecl[name=foo]{bar} Declares a new symbol in the current module with
                    URI \langle module-uri \rangle?foo and defines new macros \langle uri \rangle and \ranglebar. If no optional
                    name is given, bar is used as a name.
                   833 \addmetakey{symdecl}{name}%
                   834
                   835 \newcommand\symdecl[2][]{%
                        \ifcsdef{this@module}{%
                   836
                           \metasetkeys{symdecl}{#1}%
                   837
                           \ifcsvoid{symdecl@name}{\edef\symdecl@name{#2}}{}}
                   838
                   839
                           \edef\symdef@uri{\module@uri\@QuestionMark\symdecl@name}%
                           \ifcsvoid{\symdef@uri}{
                   840
                   841
                            \ifcsvoid{module@names@\module@uri}{%
                   842
                               \csxdef{module@names@\module@uri}{\symdecl@name}%
                   843
                               \csxdef{module@names@\module@uri}{\symdecl@name,%
                   844
                                 \csname module@names@\module@uri\endcsname}%
                   845
                   846
                             \define@in@module\symdef@uri{\noexpand\@invoke@symbol{\symdef@uri}}%
                   847
                            \define@in@module{#2}{\noexpand\@invoke@symbol{\symdef@uri}}%
                   848
                          }{%
                   849
                          % not compatible with circular dependencies, e.g. test/omdoc/07-modules/smstesta.tex
                   850
                            \PackageWarning{stex}{symbol already defined: \symdef@uri}{%
                   851
                               You need to pick a fresh name for your symbol%
                   852
                   853
                   854
                            \define@in@module\symdef@uri{\noexpand\@invoke@symbol{\symdef@uri}}%
                   855
                            \define@in@module{#2}{\noexpand\@invoke@symbol{\symdef@uri}}%
                          }%
                   856
                        }{%
                   857
                           \PackageError{stex}{\detokenize{\symdecl} not in a module}{You need to be in a module%
                   858
                          in order to declare a new symbol}
                   859
                   860
                        \if@insymdef@\else\parsemodule@maybesetcodes\fi%
                   861
                   862 }
                    Test:
```

Module 3.29[foo]: \symdecl {bar}

 $Yields: macro:->\\@invoke@symbol {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master?foo?bar}$ 

#### 3.5.1 Notations

\modules@getURIfromName

This macro searches for the full URI given a symbol name and stores it in \notation@uri. Used by e.g. \notation[...]{foo}{...} to figure out what symbol foo refers to:

```
863 \def\modules@getURIfromName#1{%
     % TODO check whether #1 is a URI
864
     \def\notation@uri{}%
865
     \def\modules@getURI@name{#1}%
866
     \ifcsvoid{this@module}{}{%
867
       \expandafter\modules@getURIfromModule\expandafter{\module@uri}%
868
       \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
869
870
         \edef\modules@getURI@modules{\csname module@imports@\module@uri\endcsname}%
871
         \expandafter\0for\expandafter\0I\expandafter:\expandafter=\modules0getURI0modules\do{%
872
            \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
              \expandafter\modules@getURIfromModule\expandafter{\@I}%
873
           \pi
874
         }%
875
       \fi%
876
       \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
         \def\notation@extract@uri@currcs{}%
878
         \notation@extracturifrommacro{#1}%
879
880
       \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
881
         \PackageError{stex}{No symbol with name, URI or macroname \detokenize{#1} found!}{}}
882
883
       \fi%
884
     }%
885 }
886
887 \def\modules@getURIfromModule#1{%
     \edef\modules@getURI@names{\csname module@names@#1\endcsname}%
888
     \expandafter\@for\expandafter\@I\expandafter:\expandafter=%
889
890
     \modules@getURI@names\do{%
       \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
891
         \ifx\@I\modules@getURI@name%
892
           \edef\notation@uri{#1\@QuestionMark\@I}%
893
         \fi%
894
       fi%
895
896
     }%
897 }
899 \% extracts the full URI from \foo or anything being \ifx-equal to \foo,
900 % by expanding until we reach \@invoke@symbol{<uri>}
901 \def\notation@extracturifrommacro#1{%
     \left\{ \frac{41}{3} \right\}
902
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\csname#1\endcsname%
903
```

```
\ifx\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\notation@extract@uri@currcs\else%
          904
                   \let\notation@extract@uri@currcs\notation@extract@uri@nextcs%
          905
                   \expandafter\notation@extract@uriII\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\notation@end%
          906
                 \fi%
          907
               }%
          908
          909 }
          910 \long\def\notation@extract@uriII#1#2\notation@end{%
          911
               \def\notation@extract@check@temp{#2}
               \ifx\@invoke@symbol#1%
          912
                 \edef\notation@uri{#2}%
          913
               \else%
          914
                 \ifx\notation@extract@check@temp\@empty\else%
          915
                   \expandafter\def\expandafter\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\expandafter{#1{#2}}%
          916
                   \notation@extract@uri{notation@extract@uri@nextcs}%
          917
          918
               \fi%
          919
          920 }
\notation Adds a new notation to a symbol foo, as in: \notation[lang=en,arity=0,variant=op]{foo}{...}
           \notation[variant=bar]{foo}[2]{...}\notation[args=aia,prec=500;50x49x51]{foo}{#1 bla #2
              TODO with brackets, e.g. \mbox{notation[withbrackets={\langle,\rangle}]{foo}{...}}
          921\ \% parses the first two arguments:
          922 \providerobustcmd\notation[2][]{%
               \edef\notation@first{#1}%
               \edef\notation@second{#2}%
          925
               \notation@%
          926 }
          927
          928 % parses the last two arguments
          929 \newcommand\notation@[2][0]{%
               \edef\notation@donext{\noexpand\notation@@[\notation@first]%
                 {\notation@second}[#1]}%
          931
               \notation@donext{#2}%
          932
          933 }
          934
          935\,\% parses the notation arguments and wraps them in
          936 % \notation@assoc and \notation@argprec for flexary arguments and precedences
          937 \def\notation@@[#1]#2[#3]#4{%
          938
               \modules@getURIfromName{#2}%
          939
               \notation@parse@params{#1}{#3}
               \let\notation@curr@todo@args\notation@curr@args%
          940
               \def\notation@temp@notation{}%
          941
               \StrLen\notation@curr@args[\notation@temp@arity]%
          942
               \expandafter\renewcommand\expandafter\notation@temp@notation%
          943
                 \expandafter[\notation@temp@arity]{#4}%
          944
          945
               % precedence
               \IfSubStr\notation@curr@precs;{%
          946
                 \StrCut\notation@curr@precs;\notation@curr@prec\notation@curr@precs%
          947
                 \ifx\notation@curr@prec\@empty\def\notation@curr@prec{0}\fi%
          948
```

```
}{%
949
       \ifx\notation@curr@precs\@empty%
950
         \ifnum\notation@temp@arity=0\relax%
951
           \edef\notation@curr@prec{\infprec}%
952
         \else%
953
954
           \def\notation@curr@prec{0}%
955
         \fi%
956
       \else%
         \edef\notation@curr@prec{\notation@curr@precs}%
957
         \def\notation@curr@precs{}%
958
       \fi%
959
     }%
960
     % arguments
961
     \def\notation@curr@extargs{}
962
     \def\notation@nextarg@index{1}%
963
     \notation@do@args%
964
965 }
966
967\,\% parses additional notation components for (associative) arguments
968 \def\notation@do@args{%
     \def\notation@nextarg@temp{}%
     \ifx\notation@curr@todo@args\@empty%
970
       \notation@after%
971
     \else%
972
       % argument precedence
973
974
       \IfSubStr\notation@curr@precs{x}{%
         \StrCut\notation@curr@precs{x}\notation@curr@argprec\notation@curr@precs%
975
976
       }{%
         \edef\notation@curr@argprec{\notation@curr@precs}%
977
         978
979
980
       \ifx\notation@curr@argprec\@empty%
981
         \let\notation@curr@argprec\notation@curr@prec%
982
983
       \StrChar\notation@curr@todo@args1[\notation@argchar]%
984
       \StrGobbleLeft\notation@curr@todo@args1[\notation@curr@todo@args]%
       \expandafter\ifx\notation@argchar i%
985
         % normal argument
986
987
         \edef\notation@nextarg@temp{{\noexpand\notation@argprec{\notation@curr@argprec}{#######\:
         \edef\notation@nextarg@index{\the\numexpr\notation@nextarg@index+1 }
988
989
         \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\expandafter\notation@curr@extargs%
990
           \expandafter{\notation@nextarg@temp}%
         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\notation@do@args%
991
992
993
         % associative argument
994
         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\notation@parse@assocarg%
995
996
     \fi%
997 }
```

998

```
999 \def\notation@parse@assocarg#1{%
           \edef\notation@nextarg@temp{{\noexpand\notation@argprec{\notation@curr@argprec}{\noexpand\not
1000
           \edef\notation@nextarg@index{\the\numexpr\notation@nextarg@index+1 }%
1001
           \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\expandafter\notation@curr@extargs%
1002
1003
           \expandafter{\notation@nextarg@temp}%
           \notation@do@args%
1004
1005 }
1006
1007 \protected\def\safe@newcommand#1{\%
           \ifdefined#1\expandafter\renewcommand\else\expandafter\newcommand\fi#1%
1008
1009 }
1010
1011 % finally creates the actual macros
1012 \def\notation@after{
           \let\ex\expandafter%
1013
           \ex\ex\ex\def\ex\ex\notation@temp@notation\ex\ex\ex\
1014
                {\ex\notation@temp@notation\notation@curr@extargs}%
1015
           \edef\notation@temp@notation{\noexpand\notation@symprec{\notation@curr@prec}{\ex\unexpanded\e.
1016
           \def\notation@temp@fragment{}%
1017
1018
           \ifx\notation@curr@arity\@empty\else%
1019
                \edef\notation@temp@fragment{arity=\notation@curr@arity}
1020
           \fi%
           \ifx\notation@curr@lang\@empty\else%
1021
1022
               \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
1023
                   \edef\notation@temp@fragment{lang=\notation@curr@lang}%
1024
                \else%
                    \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand lang=\notation@curr@lang}
1025
1026
                \fi%
           \fi%
1027
           \ifx\notation@curr@variant\@empty\else%
1028
               \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
1029
1030
                    \edef\notation@temp@fragment{variant=\notation@curr@variant}%
1031
                \else%
1032
                   \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand variant=\notation@curr@va
1033
               \fi%
           \fi%
1034
           \verb|\ef| notation@csname{\notation@uri\@Fragment\notation@temp@fragment}| % if the property of the property of
1035
1036
           \ifcsvoid{\notation@csname}{%
                \ex\ex\ex\ex\ex\ex\notation@csname%
1037
                    \ex\ex\ex\endcsname\ex\ex\ex[\ex\notation@temp@arity\ex]%
1038
1039
                   \ex{\notation@temp@notation}%
                \edef\symdecl@temps{%
1040
                   \noexpand\safe@newcommand\ex\noexpand\csname\notation@csname\endcsname[\notation@temp@ari
1041
1042
1043
                \ex\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri\ex\endcsname\ex{\symdecl@temps}%
1044
                \ex\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri\ex\endcsname\ex{\ex{\notation@temp@no
1045
1046
                \PackageWarning{stex}{notation already defined: \notation@csname}{%
```

Choose a different set of notation options (variant, lang, arity)%

1047

1048

}%

```
1049
      }%
      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes%
1050
1051 }
1052
1053\ \% parses optional parameters
1054 \def\notation@parse@params#1#2{%
1055
      \def\notation@curr@precs{}%
1056
      \def\notation@curr@args{}%
      \def\notation@curr@variant{}%
1057
1.058
      \def\notation@curr@arity{}%
      \def\notation@curr@provided@arity{#2}
1059
1060
      \def\notation@curr@lang{}%
      \def\notation@options@temp{#1}
1061
      \notation@parse@params@%
1062
      \ifx\notation@curr@args\@empty%
1063
        \ifx\notation@curr@provided@arity\@empty%
1064
          \notation@num@to@ia\notation@curr@arity%
1065
1066
        \else%
1067
          \notation@num@to@ia\notation@curr@provided@arity%
1068
        \fi%
1069
      \fi%
1070 }
1071 \def\notation@parse@params@{%
      \IfSubStr\notation@options@temp,{%
1072
        \StrCut\notation@options@temp,\notation@option@temp\notation@options@temp%
1073
1074
        \notation@parse@param%
        \notation@parse@params@%
1075
      }{\ifx\notation@options@temp\@empty\else%
1076
        \let\notation@option@temp\notation@options@temp%
1077
        \notation@parse@param%
1078
      fi}%
1079
1080 }
1081
1082 %parses an individual optional argument/key-value-pair
1083 \def\notation@parse@param{%
      \trimstring\notation@option@temp%
1084
      \ifx\notation@option@temp\@empty\else%
1085
        \IfSubStr\notation@option@temp={%
1086
1087
          \StrCut\notation@option@temp=\notation@key\notation@value%
          \trimstring\notation@key%
1088
1089
          \trimstring\notation@value%
1090
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{prec}{%
            \edef\notation@curr@precs{\notation@value}%
1091
          }{%
1092
1093
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{args}{%
1094
            \edef\notation@curr@args{\notation@value}%
1095
          }{%
1096
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{lang}{%
1097
            \edef\notation@curr@lang{\notation@value}%
1098
          }{%
```

```
\IfStrEq\notation@key{variant}{%
1099
            \edef\notation@curr@variant{\notation@value}%
1100
          }{%
1101
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{arity}{%
1102
            \edef\notation@curr@arity{\notation@value}%
1103
1104
          }{%
1105
          }}}}%
1106
        }{%
            \edef\notation@curr@variant{\notation@option@temp}%
1107
        }%
1108
      \fi%
1109
1110 }
1111
1112 % converts an integer to a string of 'i's, e.g. 3 => iii,
1113 % and stores the result in \notation@curr@args
1114 \def\notation@num@to@ia#1{%
      \IfInteger{#1}{
1115
        \notation@num@to@ia@#1%
1116
1117
     }{%
1118
        %
     }%
1119
1120 }
1121 \def\notation@num@to@ia@#1{%
      \ifnum#1>0%
1122
1123
        \edef\notation@curr@args{\notation@curr@args i}%
1124
        \expandafter\notation@num@to@ia@\expandafter{\the\numexpr#1-1\@Space}%
1125
      \fi%
1126 }
     The following macros take care of precedences, parentheses/bracketing, asso-
 ciative (flexary) arguments etc. in presentation:
1127 \def\notation@assoc#1#2{% function, argv
      \let\@tmpop=\relax% do not print the function the first time round
1128
      1129
        \% write the i-th argument with locally updated precedence
1130
1131
1132
        \left(\frac{0}{mpop}{\#1}\right)
1133
     }%
1134 }%
1135
1136 \def\notation@lparen{(}
1137 \def\notation@rparen{)}
1138 \def\infprec{1000000}
1139 \def\neginfprec{-\infprec}
1140
1141 \newcount\notation@downprec
1142 \notation@downprec=\neginfprec
1144 % patching displaymode
1145 \newif\if@displaymode\@displaymodefalse
```

```
1146 \expandafter\everydisplay\expandafter{\the\everydisplay\@displaymodetrue}
1147 \let\old@displaystyle\displaystyle
1148 \verb|\def|\displaystyle| old@displaystyle| @displaymodetrue|
1149
1150 \def\dobrackets#1{% avoiding groups at all costs to ensure \parray still works!
1151
      \def\notation@innertmp{#1}%
1152
      \let\ex\expandafter%
      \if@displaymode%
1153
        \ex\ex\ex\left\ex\ex\notation@lparen%
1154
        \ex\notation@resetbrackets\ex\notation@innertmp%
1155
        \ex\right\notation@rparen%
1156
1157
      \else%
1158
        \ex\ex\notation@lparen%
        \ex\notation@resetbrackets\ex\notation@innertmp%
1159
        \notation@rparen%
1160
      \fi%
1161
1162 }
1163
1164 \def\withbrackets#1#2#3{%
1165
      \edef\notation@lparen{#1}%
      \edef\notation@rparen{#2}%
1166
1167
      \notation@resetbrackets%
1168
1169 }
1170
1171 \def\notation@resetbrackets{%
      \def\notation@lparen{(}%
1172
      \def\notation@rparen{)}%
1173
1174 }
1175
1176 \def\notation@symprec#1#2{%
      \ifnum#1>\notation@downprec\relax%
1178
        \notation@resetbrackets#2%
      \else%
1179
        \ifnum\notation@downprec=\infprec\relax%
1180
          \notation@resetbrackets#2%
1181
        \else
1182
1183
          \if@inparray@
1184
            \notation@resetbrackets#2
          \else\dobrackets{#2}\fi%
1185
1186
      \fi\fi%
1187 }
1188
1189 \newif\if@inparray@\@inparray@false
1190
1191 \def\notation@argprec#1#2{%
      \def\notation@innertmp{#2}
      \edef\notation@downprec@temp{\number#1}%
1193
      \notation@downprec=\expandafter\notation@downprec@temp%
1194
1195
      \expandafter\relax\expandafter\notation@innertmp%
```

```
\expandafter\notation@downprec\expandafter=\number\notation@downprec\relax%
               1196
               1197 }
\@invoke@symbol after \symdecl{foo}, \foo expands to \@invoke@symbol{<uri>}:
               1198 \protected\def\@invoke@symbol#1{%
                      \def\@invoke@symbol@first{#1}%
               1199
                      \symbol@args%
               1200
               1201 }
                     takes care of the optional notation-option-argument, and either invokes
                 \@invoke@symbol@math for symbolic presentation or \@invoke@symbol@text for
                 verbalization (TODO)
               1202 \newcommand\symbol@args[1][]{%
               1203
                     \ifmmode\def\invoke@symbol@next{\@invoke@symbol@math\@invoke@symbol@first{#1}}%
               1204
                      \else\def\invoke@symbol@next{\@invoke@symbol@text\@invoke@symbol@first{#1}}\fi%
               1205
                      \invoke@symbol@next%
               1206 }
                     This finally gets called with both uri and notation-option, convenient for e.g.
                 a LaTeXML binding:
               1207 \def\@invoke@symbol@math@#1#2{%
                      \csname #1\@Fragment#2\endcsname%
               1208
               1209 }
               1210 \def\@invoke@symbol@math#1#2{%
                     % #1: URI
               1211
                     % #2: options
               1212
               1213
                     % TODO \setnotation variants
               1214
                     \notation@parse@params{#2}{}%
                     \def\notation@temp@fragment{}%
               1215
                     \ifx\notation@curr@arity\@empty\else%
               1216
                        \edef\notation@temp@fragment{arity=\notation@curr@arity}%
               1217
               1218
                     \fi%
                      \ifx\notation@curr@lang\@empty\else%
               1219
                        \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
               1220
                          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{lang=\notation@curr@lang}%
               1221
                        \else%
               1222
                          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand lang=\notation@curr@lang}
               1223
                        \fi%
               1224
               1225
                      \fi%
               1226
                      \ifx\notation@curr@variant\@empty\else%
               1227
                        \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
                          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{variant=\notation@curr@variant}%
               1228
               1229
                        \else%
                          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand variant=\notation@curr@va
               1230
               1231
                        \fi%
               1232
                      \fi%
               1233
                      \@invoke@symbol@math@{#1}\notation@temp@fragment%
               1234 }
                    TODO:
```

1235 \def\@invoke@symbol@text#1#2{%

```
1236
                       % TODO
1237 }
              TODO: To set notational options (globally or locally) generically:
1238 \def\setstexlang#1{%
1239
                 \def\stex@lang{#1}%
1240 }%
1241 \setstexlang{en}
1242 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc tstexvariant}\#1\#2\{\%\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc tstexvariant}\#1\#2}\}\footnote{\sc tstexvariant}\footnote{\sc tstexvariant}\footnote{\sc
1243
                 % TODO
1244 }
1245 \def\setstexvariants#1{%
1246
                 \def\stex@variants{#1}%
1247 }
              Test:
     Module 3.30[FooBar]: \symdecl {barbar}
     \notation [arity=0]{barbar}{\psi }
     \notation [prec=50;\infprec ]{\barbar}[1]{\barbar [arity=0]\dobrackets \{\#\#1\}}
     \notation [arity=0,variant=cap]{barbar}{\Psi }
     \notation [variant=cap]{barbar}[1]{\barbar [arity=0,variant=cap]\dobrackets {##1}}
     \Lambda 
     \scriptstyle \ \barbar [variant=cap]{A}\$: \Psi(A)
      \symdecl \{plus\}
      \symdecl {times}
      \symdecl {vara}
      \symdecl {varb}
      \operatorname{symdecl} \{ \operatorname{varc} \}
      \symdecl {vard}
      \symdecl {vare}
      \quad \langle notation \{ varc \} \{ c \} \}
      \noindent [prec=600;600,args=a]{times}{\##1}{\cdot}
     \frac{\  \  }{\  \  } 
     ,\plus {\operatorname{vard},\operatorname{vare}}}}}:
    \frac{a}{b} \cdot \left( \frac{a}{\frac{a}{b}} + c \cdot (d+e) \right)
```

$$\frac{a}{b} \cdot \left( \frac{a}{\frac{a}{b}} + c \cdot (d+e) \right)$$

## 3.6 sref

We find out whether the hyperref package is loaded, since we may want to use it for cross-references, for which we set up some internal macros that gracefully degrade if hyperref is not loaded.

### \sref@\*@ifh

```
1248 \neq \frac{1248}{newif} 
1249 \AtBeginDocument{%
      \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{%
1250
1251
        \hreftrue%
      }{%
1252
        \hreffalse%
1253
     }%
1254
1255 }%
1256 \newcommand\sref@href@ifh[2]{%
1257
      \ifhref%
1258
        \href{#1}{#2}%
1259
      \else%
        #2%
1260
      \fi%
1261
1262 }%
1263 \newcommand\sref@hlink@ifh[2]{%
1264
      \ifhref%
         \hyperlink{#1}{#2}%
1265
1266
      \else%
        #2%
1267
      \fi%
1268
1269 }%
1270 \newcommand\sref@target@ifh[2]{%
1271
      \ifhref%
1272
        \hypertarget{#1}{#2}%
1273
      \else%
        #2%
1274
      \fi%
1275
1276 }%
```

Then we provide some macros for STEX-specific crossreferencing

\sref@target The next macro uses this and makes an target from the current sref@id declared by a id key.

1277 \def\sref@target{%

```
1278 \ifx\sref@id\@empty%
1279 \relax%
1280 \else%
1281 \edef\@target{\sref@\ifcsundef{\sref@part}{\}{\sref@part @}\sref@id @target}%
1282 \sref@target@ifh\@target{\}%
1283 \fi%
1284 }%
```

\srefaddidkey

\srefaddidkey[\langle keyval\rangle] {\langle group}\ extends the metadata keys of the group \langle group\rangle with an id key. In the optional key/value pairs in \langle keyval\rangle the prefix key can be used to specify a prefix. Note that the id key defined by \srefaddidkey[\langle keyval\rangle] {\langle group\rangle} not only defines \sref@id, which is used for referencing by the sref package, but also \langle group\@id, which is used for showing metadata via the showmeta option of the metakeys package.

```
1285 \addmetakey{srefaddidkey}{prefix}
1286 \newcommand\srefaddidkey[2][]{%
1287
      \metasetkeys{srefaddidkey}{#1}%
      \OmetakeysOextOclearOkeys{#2}{srefOid}{}% id cannot have a default
1288
      \metakeys@ext@clear@keys{#2}{id}{}%
1289
      \metakeys@ext@showkeys{#2}{id}%
1290
      \displaystyle \define@key{#2}{id}{%}
1291
        \edef\sref@id{\srefaddidkey@prefix ##1}%
1292
        %\expandafter\edef\csname #2@id\endcsname{\srefaddidkey@prefix ##1}%
1293
1294
        \csedef{#2@id}{\srefaddidkey@prefix ##1}%
     }%
1295
1296 }%
```

\@sref@def This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.

1297 \newcommand\@sref@def[3]{\csgdef{sref@#1@#2}{#3}}

The next step is to set up a file to which the references are written, this is normally the .aux file, but if the extref option is set, we have to use an .ref file.

```
1298 \ifextrefs%

1299 \newwrite\refs@file%

1300 \else%

1301 \def\refs@file{\@auxout}%

1302 \fi%
```

\sref@def This macro writes an \@sref@def command to the current aux file and also executes it.

```
1303 \newcommand\sref@def[3]{%
1304 \protected@write\refs@file{}{\string\@sref@def{#1}{#2}{#3}}%
1305 }%
```

\sref@label The \sref@label macro writes a label definition to the auxfile.

```
\label{localized} $$1306 \end{\endform} $$1307 \end{\endf{\endf}}_{\end{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\endform}_{\en
```

\sreflabel The \sreflabel macro is a semantic version of \label, it combines the categorization given in the first argument with LATEX's \@currentlabel.

1310 \newcommand\sreflabel[2]{\sref@label{#1 \@currentlabel}{#2}}

\sref@label@id The \sref@label@id writes a label definition for the current \sref@id if it is defined.

```
1311 \def\sref@id{} % make sure that defined
1312 \newcommand\sref@label@id[1]{%
1313 \ifx\sref@id\@empty%
1314 \relax%
1315 \else%
1316 \sref@label{#1}{\sref@id}%
1317 \fi%
1318 }%
```

\sref@label@id@arg The \sref@label@id@arg writes a label definition for the second argument if it is defined.

```
1319 \newcommand\sref@label@id@arg[2]{%
1320  \def\@@id{#2}
1321  \ifx\@@id\@empty%
1322  \relax%
1323  \else%
1324  \sref@label{#1}{\@@id}%
1325  \fi%
1326 }%
```

## 3.7 smultiling

modsig The modsig environment is just a layer over the module environment. We also redefine macros that may occur in module signatures so that they do not create markup. Finally, we set the flag \mod@(mod)@multiling to true.

## 3.8 smglom

\gimport Just a shortcut, we have a starred and unstarred version, the first one is conservative. For example, if we execute:

\gimport[smglom/numberfields]{naturalnumbers}

First we are redirected to  $\ensuremath{\texttt{Ogimport@nostar}}$ , we store the  $\ensuremath{\texttt{smglom/numberfields}} \langle the repo's path \rangle$  in  $\ensuremath{\texttt{Otest}}$ , then store  $\ensuremath{\texttt{Nmh@currentrepos}} \langle current \ directory \rangle$  in

\mh@repos. If no repo's path is offered, that means the module to import is under the same directory, so we let mhrepos=\mh@repos and pass bunch of parameters to \importmhmodule, which is defined in module.sty. If there's a repo's path, then we let mhrepos=\langle the repo's path \rangle. Finally we use \mhcurrentrepos(defined in module.sty) to change the \mh@currentrepos.

```
1332 \def\gimport{\@ifstar\@gimport@star\@gimport@nostar}%
1333 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@star[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
1334 \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
1335 \ifx\@test\@empty%
1336 \importmhmodule[conservative,mhrepos=\mh@@repos,path=#2]{#2}\fi%
1337 \else\importmhmodule[conservative,mhrepos=#1,path=#2]{#2}\fi%
1338 \setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@@repos}%
1339 \ignorespacesandpars\parsemodule@maybesetcodes}
1340 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@nostar[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
1341 \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
1342 \ifx\@test\@empty%
1343 \importmhmodule[mhrepos=\mh@@repos,path=#2]{#2}\%
1344 \else\importmhmodule[mhrepos=#1,path=#2]{#2}\fi%
1345 \setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@@repos}%
1346 \ignorespacesandpars\parsemodule@maybesetcodes}
```

### 3.9 mathhub

\libinput

the \libinput macro inputs from the lib directory of the MathHub repository and then the meta-inf/lib repository of the group, if they exist. Since in practice nested libinputs may occur, we make sure that we stash the old values of \mh@inffile and \mh@libfile and restore them at the end.

```
1347 \def\modules@@first#1/#2;{#1}
1348 \newcommand\libinput[1]{%
1349 \ifcsvoid{mh@currentrepos}{%
                 \PackageError{mathhub}{current MathHub repository not found}{}}%
1350
1351
1352 \edge{\colored} \equiv (a) The constant of the constant
1353 \let\orig@inffile\mh@inffile\let\orig@libfile\mh@libfile
1354 \def\mh@inffile{\MathHub{\@mh@group/meta-inf/lib/#1}}
1355 \def\mh@libfile{\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/lib/#1}}%
1356 \IfFileExists\mh@inffile{\stexinput\mh@inffile}{}%
1358
                  {\PackageError{mathhub}
1359
                          {Library file missing; cannot input #1.tex\MessageBreak%
                         Both \mh@libfile.tex\MessageBreak and \mh@inffile.tex\MessageBreak%
1360
1361
                          do not exist}%
                  {Check whether the file name is correct}}}
1363 \IfFileExists\mh@libfile{\stexinput\mh@libfile\relax}{}
1364 \let\mh@inffile\orig@inffile\let\mh@libfile\orig@libfile}
```

### 3.10 omdoc/omgroup

```
1365 \newcount\section@level
                                                                                   1366
                                                                                   1367 \section@level=2
                                                                                   1368 \ \texttt{\code} \ \texttt{
                                                                                   1369 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@class}{report}{\section@level=0}{}
                                                                                   1370 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@topsect}{part}{\section@level=0}{}
                                                                                   1371 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@topsect}{chapter}{\section@level=1}{}
               tioning with title \langle title \rangle at level \langle level \rangle.
                                                                                   1372 \newcommand\omgroup@nonum[2]{%
                                                                                   1373 \ifx\hyper@anchor\@undefined\else\phantomsection\fi%
                                                                                   1374 \addcontentsline{toc}{\#1}{\#2}\nesure{\#1}*{\#2}}
                                                                                         convenience macro: \mbox{\convenience macro: }\mbox{\convenience macro: }
                         \omgroup@num
                                                                                           with title \langle title \rangle at level \langle level \rangle. We have to check the short key was given in the
                                                                                           omgroup environment and – if it is use it. But how to do that depends on whether
                                                                                           the rdfmeta package has been loaded. In the end we call \sref@label@id to
                                                                                           enable crossreferencing.
                                                                                   1375 \newcommand\omgroup@num[2]{%
                                                                                   1376 \edef\00ID{\sref0id}
                                                                                   1377 \ifx\omgroup@short\@empty% no short title
                                                                                   1378 \@nameuse{#1}{#2}%
                                                                                   1379 \else% we have a short title
                                                                                   1380 \@ifundefined{rdfmeta@sectioning}%
                                                                                                              {\@nameuse{#1}[\omgroup@short]{#2}}%
                                                                                   1382
                                                                                                              {\@nameuse{rdfmeta@#1@old}[\omgroup@short]{#2}}%
                                                                                   1384 \end{cosect@name} \end{
                                                omgroup
                                                                                   1385 \def\@true{true}
                                                                                   1386 \def\@false{false}
                                                                                   1387 \srefaddidkey{omgroup}
                                                                                   1388 \addmetakey{omgroup}{date}
                                                                                   1389 \addmetakey{omgroup}{creators}
                                                                                   1390 \addmetakey{omgroup}{contributors}
                                                                                   1391 \addmetakey{omgroup}{srccite}
                                                                                   1392 \addmetakey{omgroup}{type}
                                                                                   1393 \addmetakey*{omgroup}{short}
                                                                                   1394 \addmetakey*{omgroup}{display}
                                                                                   1395 \addmetakey[false] {omgroup} {loadmodules} [true]
                                                                                           we define a switch for numbering lines and a hook for the beginning of groups:
                                                                                           The \at@begin@omgroup macro allows customization. It is run at the beginning
\at@begin@omgroup
                                                                                           of the omgroup, i.e. after the section heading.
                                                                                   1396 \newif\if@mainmatter\@mainmattertrue
                                                                                   1397 \newcommand\at@begin@omgroup[3][]{}
```

Then we define a helper macro that takes care of the sectioning magic. It comes with its own key/value interface for customization.

```
1398 \addmetakey{omdoc@sect}{name}
1399 \addmetakey[false]{omdoc@sect}{clear}[true]
1400 \addmetakey{omdoc@sect}{ref}
1401 \addmetakey[false]{omdoc@sect}{num}[true]
1402 \newcommand\omdoc@sectioning[3][]{\metasetkeys{omdoc@sect}{#1}%
1403 \ \texttt{ifx} \\ \texttt{omdoc@sect@clear} \\ \texttt{@true} \\ \texttt{cleardoublepage} \\ \texttt{fi\%} \\
1404 \if@mainmatter% numbering not overridden by frontmatter, etc.
1405 \ifx\omdoc@sect@num\@true\omgroup@num{#2}{#3}\else\omgroup@nonum{#2}{#3}\fi%
1406 \def\current@section@level{\omdoc@sect@name}%
1407 \leq something 1407 \leq something 1407 
1408 \fi}% if@mainmatter
   and another one, if redefines the \addtocontentsline macro of LATEX to import
   the respective macros. It takes as an argument a list of module names.
1409 \newcommand\omgroup@redefine@addtocontents[1]{\%
1410 %\edef\@@import{#1}%
1411 %\@for\@I:=\@@import\do{%
1412 %\edef\@path{\csname module@\@I @path\endcsname}%
1413 %\@ifundefined{tf@toc}\relax%
                   {\protected@write\tf@toc{}{\string\@requiremodules{\@path}}}}
1415 %\ifx\hyper@anchor\@undefined% hyperref.sty loaded?
1416 %\def\addcontentsline##1##2##3{%
1418 %\else% hyperref.sty not loaded
1419 %\def\addcontentsline##1##2##3{%
1420 \\$\addtocontents{##1}{\protect\contentsline{##2}}{\string\withusedmodules{#1}{$\#3}}{\thepage}{\contentsline{##2}}{\contentsline{##2}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\contentsline{##3}}{\cont
1421 %\fi
1422 }% hypreref.sty loaded?
   now the omgroup environment itself. This takes care of the table of contents
   via the helper macro above and then selects the appropriate sectioning com-
   mand from article.cls. It also registeres the current level of omgroups in the
   \omgroup@level counter.
1423 \newcount\omgroup@level
1424 \newenvironment{omgroup}[2][]% keys, title
1425 {\metasetkeys{omgroup}{#1}\sref@target%
1426 \advance\omgroup@level by 1\relax%
   If the loadmodules key is set on \begin{omgroup}, we redefine the \addcontetsline
   macro that determines how the sectioning commands below construct the entries
   for the table of contents.
1427 \ifx\omgroup@loadmodules\@true%
1428 \verb|\comproup@redefine@add to contents{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\%|} \\
1429 {\@ifundefined{module@\module@id @path}{\used@module@\}\fi%
   now we only need to construct the right sectioning depending on the value of
   \section@level.
```

1430 \advance\section@level by 1\relax%

```
1431 \ifcase\section@level%
            1432 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@part@kw,clear,num]{part}{#2}%
            1433 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@chapter@kw,clear,num]{chapter}{#2}%
            1434 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@section@kw,num]{section}{#2}%
            1435 \or\omdoc@sectioning [name=\omdoc@subsection@kw,num] {subsection}{#2}%
            1436 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subsubsection@kw,num]{subsubsection}{#2}%
            1437 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@paragraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@paragraph@kw]{paragraph}{#2}%
            1438 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph}{#2
            1439 \fi% \ifcase
            1440 \at@begin@omgroup[#1]\section@level{#2}}% for customization
            1441 {\advance\section@level by -1\advance\omgroup@level by -1}
                 and finally, we localize the sections
            1442 \newcommand\omdoc@part@kw{Part}
            1443 \newcommand\omdoc@chapter@kw{Chapter}
            1444 \newcommand\omdoc@section@kw{Section}
            1445 \newcommand\omdoc@subsection@kw{Subsection}
            1446 \newcommand\omdoc@subsubsection@kw{Subsubsection}
            1447 \newcommand\omdoc@paragraph@kw{paragraph}
            1448 \newcommand\omdoc@subparagraph@kw{subparagraph}
   \setSGvar set a global variable
            1449 \newcommand\setSGvar[1] {\@namedef{sTeX@Gvar@#1}}
   \useSGvar use a global variable
            1450 \newrobustcmd\useSGvar[1] {%
                  \@ifundefined{sTeX@Gvar@#1}
            1452
                  {\PackageError{omdoc}
                     {The sTeX Global variable #1 is undefined}
            1453
                     {set it with \protect\setSGvar}}
            1454
            1455 \Onameuse{sTeX@Gvar@#1}}
blindomgroup
            1456 \newcommand\at@begin@blindomgroup[1]{}
            1457 \newenvironment{blindomgroup}
            1458 {\advance\section@level by 1\at@begin@blindomgroup\setion@level}
            1459 {\advance\section@level by -1}
```

### 3.11 omtext

## 4 Mathematical Text

We define the actions that are undertaken, when the keys are encountered. The first set just records metadata; this is very simple via the \addmetakey infrastructure [Koh20]. Note that we allow math in the title field, so we do not declare it to be Semiverbatim (indeed not at all, which allows it by default).

```
1460 \srefaddidkey{omtext}
1461 \addmetakey[]{omtext}{functions}
```

```
1462 \addmetakey*{omtext}{display}

1463 \addmetakey{omtext}{for}

1464 \addmetakey{omtext}{from}

1465 \addmetakey{omtext}{type}

1466 \addmetakey*{omtext}{title}

1467 \addmetakey*{omtext}{start}

1468 \addmetakey*{omtext}{theory}

1469 \addmetakey{omtext}{continues}

1470 \addmetakey{omtext}{verbalizes}

1471 \addmetakey{omtext}{subject}

\stOflow We define this macro, so that we can test whether the display key has the value flow

1472 \def\stOflow{flow}

We define a switch that allows us to see whether we are inside an omtext
```

we define a switch that allows us to see whether we are inside an omtext environment or a statement. It will be used to give better error messages for inline statements.

1473 \newif\if@in@omtext\@in@omtextfalse

omtext The omtext environment can have a title, which is used in a similar way. We redefine the \lec macro so the trailing \par does not get into the way.

```
1474 \def\omtext@pre@skip{\smallskip}
1475 \def\omtext@post@skip{}
1476 \newenvironment{omtext}[1][]{\@in@omtexttrue%
      \bgroup\metasetkeys{omtext}{#1}\sref@label@id{this paragraph}%
1477
1478
      \def \left( \frac{\#1}{\c} \right)
1479
      \omtext@pre@skip\par\noindent%
1480
      \ifx\omtext@title\@empty%
        \ifx\omtext@start\@empty\else%
1481
          \ifx\omtext@display\st@flow\omtext@start\else\stDMemph{\omtext@start}\fi\enspace%
1482
        \fi% end omtext@start empty
1483
      \else\stDMemph{\omtext@title}:\enspace%
1484
        \ifx\omtext@start\@empty\else\omtext@start\enspace\fi%
1485
1486
      \fi% end omtext@title empty
      \ignorespacesandpars}
1488 {\egroup\omtext@post@skip\@in@omtextfalse\ignorespacesandpars}
```

# 5 Phrase-level Markup

\phrase For the moment, we do disregard the most of the keys

```
1489 \srefaddidkey{phrase}
1490 \addmetakey{phrase}{style}
1491 \addmetakey{phrase}{class}
1492 \addmetakey{phrase}{index}
1493 \addmetakey{phrase}{verbalizes}
1494 \addmetakey{phrase}{type}
1495 \addmetakey{phrase}{only}
```

```
1496 \newcommand\phrase[2][]{\metasetkeys{phrase}{#1}%
             1497 \ifx\prhase@only\empty\only<\phrase@only>{#2}\else #2\fi}
     \coref*
             1498 \providecommand \textsubscript [1] {\ensuremath{-{#1}}}
             1499 \newcommand\corefs[2]{#1\textsubscript{#2}}
             1500 \newcommand\coreft[2]{#1\textsuperscript{#2}}
      \n*lex
             1501 \newcommand\nlex[1]{\green{\sl{#1}}}
             1502 \newcommand\nlcex[1] \{*\green\{\sl\{\#1\}\}\}\
sinlinequote
             1503 \def\@sinlinequote#1{''{\sl{#1}}''}
             1504 \def\@@sinlinequote#1#2{\@sinlinequote{#2}~#1}
             1505 \newcommand\sinlinequote[2][]
             1506 {\def\@opt{\#1}} ifx\\\@opt\@empty\\\@sinlinequote{\#2}\\\end{math} else\\\@csinlinequote\\\@opt{\#2}\\\fi]
                    Declarations (under development)
              6
              The declaration macros are still under development (i.e. the macros) are still
              under development and may change at any time. Currently they are completely
              empty.
             1507 \newcommand\vdec[2][]{#2}
             1508 \newcommand\vrest[2][]{#2}
             1509 \newcommand\vcond[2][]{#2}
   \strucdec
             1510 \newcommand\strucdec[2][]{#2}
     \label{limpdec} \ ^2
             1511 \newcommand\impdec[2][]{#2}
                   Block-Level Markup
 sblockquote
             1512 \def\begin@sblockquote{\begin{quote}\sl}
            1513 \def\end@sblockquote{\end{quote}}
             1514 \def\begin@@sblockquote#1{\begin@sblockquote}
             1515 \ def\end@sblockquote#1{\def\end@sblockquote} \ 1515 \ def\end@sblockquote}
             1516 \newenvironment{sblockquote}[1][]
                   {\def\@opt{#1}\ifx\@opt\@empty\begin@sblockquote\else\begin@sblockquote\@opt\fi}
                   {\ifx\@opt\@empty\end@sblockquote\else\end@@sblockquote\@opt\fi}
             1518
                 ^{1}\mathrm{EdNote}: document above
```

EdN:1

EdN:2

 $^2\mathrm{EdNote}$ : document above

#### sboxquote

```
1519 \newenvironment{sboxquote}[1][]
1520 {\def\@@src{#1}\begin{mdframed}[leftmargin=.5cm,rightmargin=.5cm]}
1521 {\@lec{\textrm\@@src}\end{mdframed}}
```

The line end comment macro makes sure that it will not be forced on the next line unless necessary.

\lec The actual appearance of the line end comment is determined by the \@@lec macro, which can be customized in the document class. The basic one here is provided so that it is not missing.

```
\label{local_local_local_local} $$1522 \operatorname{local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local
```

## 8 Index Markup

\omdoc@index\*

These are the main internal indexing commands – dividing them into four macros is awful, but I did not get list processing running. It makes sure that the modules necessary for interpreting the math in the index entries are loaded. If the loadmodules key is given, we import the module we are in otherwise all the currently imported modules. We do not have to require the module files, since the index is a the end of the document. If the at key is given, then we use that for sorting in the index.

```
1525 \addmetakey{omdoc@index}{at}
1526 \addmetakey[false]{omdoc@index}{loadmodules}[true]
1527 \newcommand\omdoc@indexi[2][]{\ifindex%
1528 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1529 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1530 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1531 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1532 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1533 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}%
1534 \else #2\fi% loadmodules
1535 }{\thepage}}%
1536 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
1537 \newcommand\omdoc@indexii[3][]{\ifindex%
1538 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1539 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1540 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1541 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1542 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1543 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}!%
1544 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#3}%
1545 \else #2!#3\fi% loadmodules
1546 }{\thepage}}%
1547 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
1548 \newcommand\omdoc@indexiii[4][]{\ifindex%
```

```
1549 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1550 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1551 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1552 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1553 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1554 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}!%
1555 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#3}!%
1556 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#4}%
1557 \else #2!#3!#4\fi% loadmodules
1558 }{\thepage}}%
1559 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
1560 \newcommand\omdoc@indexiv[5][]{\ifindex%
1561 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1562 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1563 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1564 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1565 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1566 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}!%
1567 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#3}!%
1568 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#4}%
1569 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#5}%
1570 \else #2!#3!#4!#5\fi% loadmodules
1571 }{\thepage}}%
1572 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
    Now, we make two interface macros that make use of this:
1573 \newcommand\aindi[3][]{{#2}\omdoc@indexi[#1]{#3}}
1574 \newcommand\indi[2][]{{#2}\omdoc@indexi[#1]{#2}}
1575 \newcommand\indis[2][]{{#2}\omdoc@indexi[#1]{#2s}}
1576 \mbox{ newcommand} \mbox{Indi}[2][]{{\captitalize{#2}}\omdoc@indexi[#1]{#2}}
1577 \end{Indis[2][]{{\capitalize{#2}}}\oecc@indexi[#1]{#2s}}
```

\\*indi\*

```
1578
1579 \end{0} indii[3] [] {\end{0}} (2indexii[#1] {#2} {#3} \end{0} (2indexii[#1] {#2} {#3} \end{0}) (2indexii[#1] {#2} {#3} (2indexii[#1] {#3} {#2} {#3}) (2indexii[#1] {#3} {#3} {#2}) (2indexii[#1] {#3} {#3} {#3}) (2indexii[#1] {#3} {*3}) (2indexii[#1] {*3} (2indexii[#
1580 \newcommand\aindii[4][]{#2\@indii[#1]{#3}{#4}}
1581 \newcommand\indii[3][]{{#2 #3}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}
1582 \mbox{ newcommand\indiis}[3][]{{#2 #3s}\0indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}
1583 \newcommand\Indii[3][]{{\captitalize{#2 #3}}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}
1584 \mbox{ $$newcommand\Indiis[3][]{{\capitalize{#2 #3}}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}}
1585
1586 \newcommand\@indiii[4][]{\omdoc@indexiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}\omdoc@indexii[#1]{#3}{#2 (#4)}}
1587 \newcommand\aindiii[5][]{{#2}\@indiii[#1]{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1588 \mbox{ newcommand\indiii[4][]{{#2 #3 #4}\cindiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}}
1589 \newcommand\indiiis[4][]{{#2 #3 #4s}\@indiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}}
1590 \newcommand\Indiii[4][]{\captitalize{#2 #3 #4}\@indiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}}
\label{localizer} $$1591 \rightarrow \mathbb{I}_{1}[]{\capitalize{#2 #3 #4s}\cindiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}} $$
1593 \endow(5) [] {\endow(41) {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}} 
1594 \newcommand\aindiv[6][]{\#2\0indiv[\#1]{\#3}{\#4}{\#5}{\#6}}
```

```
1595 \newcommand\indiv[5][]{{#2 #3 #4 #5}\@indiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1596 \newcommand\indivs[5][]{{#2 #3 #4 #5s}\@indiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1597 \newcommand\Indiv[5][]{\capitalize{#2 #3 #4 #5s}\@indiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1598 \newcommand\Indivs[5][]{\capitalize{#2 #3 #4 #5s}\@indiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
```

## 9 Miscellaneous

Some shortcuts that use math symbols but are not mathematical at all; in particular, they should not be translated by LATEXML.

```
1599 \newcommand\hateq{\ensuremath{\widehat=}\xspace}
1600 \newcommand\hatequiv{\ensuremath{\widehat\equiv}\xspace}
1601 \@ifundefined{ergo}%
1602 {\newcommand\ergo{\ensuremath{\leadsto}\xspace}}%
1603 {\renewcommand\ergo{\ensuremath{\leadsto}\xspace}}%
1604 \newcommand{\reflect@squig}[2]{\reflectbox{$\m@th#1\rightsquigarrow$}}%
1605 \newcommand\ogre{\ensuremath{\mathrel{\mathpalette\reflect@squig\relax}}\xspace}%
1606 \newcommand\notergo{\ensuremath{\not\leadsto}}
1607 \newcommand\notogre{\ensuremath{\not\mathrel{\mathpalette\reflect@squig\relax}}\xspace}%
```

# 10 Deprecated Functionality

1608 \newcommand\indextoo[2][] ${\indi[#1]{#2}}$ %

In this section we centralize old interfaces that are only partially supported any more.

```
\
```

```
1610 \newcommand\indexalt[2][]{\aindi[#1]{#2}\%
1611 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\indextoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\aindi\space instead
1612 \newcommand\twintoo[3][]{\indii[#1]{#2}{#3}\%
1613 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\twintoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\indii\space instead}
1614 \newcommand\twinalt[3][]{\aindii[#1]{#2}{#3}\%
1615 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\twinalt\space is deprecated, use \protect\aindii\space instead}
1616 \newcommand\atwintoo[4][]{\indiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}\%
1617 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\atwintoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\indiii\space instead}
1618 \newcommand\atwinalt[4][]{\aindii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}\%
```

1619 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\atwinalt\space is deprecated, use \protect\aindiii\space inste

1609 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\indextoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\indi\space instead}

### \my\*graphics

1620 (/package)

```
1621 \newcommand\mygraphics[2][]{\includegraphics[#1]{#2}%
1622 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mygraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphics
1623 \newcommand\mygraphics[2][]{\begin{center}\mygraphics[#1]{#2}\end{center}%
1624 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mygraphics} \protect\mygraphics \quad \qua
```

 $\label{local-package-warning-protect-mycgraphics-space} $$1624 \operatorname{mycgraphics}_{1625} \arrowcommand\operatorname{mybgraphics}_{][{fbox{mygraphics}[#1]{#2}}%$$ 

 $\label{local-package-warning-package$ 

PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mycbgraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphics\space is deprecated.

## 11 Things to deprecate

```
Module options:

1629 \addmetakey*{module}{id} % TODO: deprecate properly
1630 \addmetakey*{module}{load}
1631 \addmetakey*{module}{path}
1632 \addmetakey*{module}{dir}
1633 \addmetakey*{module}{align}[WithTheModuleOfTheSameName]
1634 \addmetakey*{module}{noalign}[true]
```

1636 \newif\if@insymdef@\@insymdef@false

symdef:keys

EdN:3

1635

The optional argument local specifies the scope of the function to be defined. If local is not present as an optional argument then \symdef assumes the scope of the function is global and it will include it in the pool of macros of the current module. Otherwise, if local is present then the function will be defined only locally and it will not be added to the current module (i.e. we cannot inherit a local function). Note, the optional key local does not need a value: we write \symdef[local]{somefunction}[0]{some expansion}. The other keys are not used in the LATEX part.

```
1637 %\srefaddidkey{symdef}% what does this do?
1638 \define@key{symdef}{local}[true]{\@symdeflocaltrue}%
1639 \define@key{symdef}{noverb}[all]{}%
1640 \end{fine} \end{fine} With The Symbol Of The Same Name] {} \% \end{fine} The Same Name of the Symbol Of Of The Symb
1641 \define@key{symdef}{specializes}{}%
1642 \addmetakey*{symdef}{noalign}[true]
1643 \define@key{symdef}{primary}[true]{}%
1644 \define@key{symdef}{assocarg}{}%
1645 \ensuremath{\define@key{symdef}{bvars}{}}
1646 \ensuremath{\define@key{symdef}{bargs}{}}\%
1647 \addmetakey{symdef}{lang}%
1648 \addmetakey{symdef}{prec}%
1649 \addmetakey{symdef}{arity}%
1650 \addmetakey{symdef}{variant}%
1651 \addmetakey{symdef}{ns}%
1652 \addmetakey{symdef}{args}%
1653 \addmetakey{symdef}{name}%
1654 \addmetakey*{symdef}{title}%
1655 \addmetakey*{symdef}{description}%
1656 \addmetakey{symdef}{subject}%
1657 \addmetakey*{symdef}{display}%
1658 \addmetakey*{symdef}{gfc}%
```

\symdef The the \symdef, and \@symdef macros just handle optional arguments.

 $<sup>^3\</sup>mathrm{EdNote}\colon\mathsf{MK@MK}$ : we need to document the binder keys above.

```
1662
                  \@insymdef@true%
            1663
                  \metasetkeys{symdef}{#1}%
            1664
                  \edef\symdef@tmp@optpars{\ifcsvoid{symdef@name}{[]}{[name=\symdef@name]}}%
            1665
                  \expandafter\symdecl\symdef@tmp@optpars{#2}%
            1666
                  \@insymdef@false%
            1667
                  \notation[#1]{#2}[#3]%
            1668 }% mod@show
            1669 \def\symdef@type{Symbol}%
            1670 \texttt{\providecommand{\stDMemph}[1]{\textbf{#1}}}
\symvariant
             \operatorname{symvariant}(\langle sym \rangle) [\langle args \rangle] \{\langle var \rangle\} \{\langle cseq \rangle\} just extends the internal macro
              \mbox{modules}(sym) opreso defined by \mbox{symdef}(sym) [(args)] {...} with a variant
             \mbox{modules}(sym) opres(\mbox{var}\mbox{}) which expands to \mbox{} cseq. Recall that this is called
             by the macro \langle sym \rangle [\langle var \rangle] induced by the \symdef.
            1671 \def\symvariant#1{%
                  \@ifnextchar[{\@symvariant{#1}}{\@symvariant{#1}[0]}%
            1672
            1673
            1674 \def\@symvariant#1[#2]#3#4{%
                 \notation[#3]{#1}[#2]{#4}%
            1676 \ignorespacesandpars}%
   \abbrdef
             The \abbrdef macro is a variant of \symdef that does the same on the LATEX
             level.
            1677 \let\abbrdef\symdef%
     \@sym* has a starred form for primary symbols. The key/value interface has no effect on
             the LATEX side. We read the to check whether only allowed ones are used.
            1678 \newif\if@importing\@importingfalse
            1679 \define@key{symi}{noverb}[all]{}%
            1681 \define@key{symi}{specializes}{}%
            1682 \define@key{symi}{gfc}{}%
            1683 \define@key{symi}{noalign}[true]{}%
            1684 \newcommand\symi{\@ifstar\@symi@star\@symi}
            1685 \newcommand\@symi[2][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                  \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2}\fi\ignorespaces
            1687 \newcommand\@symi@star[2][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                  \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2}\fi\igno.
            1689 \newcommand\symii{\@ifstar\@symii@star\@symii}
            1690 \newcommand\@symii[3][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                  \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3}\fi\ignorespa
            1691
            1692 \newcommand\@symii@star[3][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                  \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3}\fi\i
            1694 \newcommand\symiii{\@ifstar\@symiii@star\@symiii}
            1695 \newcommand\@symiii[4][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                  \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4}\fi\ignore
```

now comes the real meat: the \@@symdef macro does two things, it adds the macro definition to the macro definition pool of the current module and also provides it.

1661 \def\@@symdef[#1]#2[#3]{%

```
1697 \newcommand\@symiii@star[4][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                     \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4}\f
               1699 \newcommand\symiv{\@ifstar\@symiv@star\@symiv}
               1700 \newcommand\@symiv[5][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4-#5}\fi\ign
               1702 \newcommand\@symiv@star[5][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4-#5
\importmhmodule
                 The \infty = \frac{ist}{lso} [module] saves the current value of
                 \mh@currentrepos in a local macro \mh@@repos, resets \mh@currentrepos to
                 the new value if one is given in the optional argument, and after importing resets
                 \mh@currentrepos to the old value in \mh@@repos. We do all the \ifx compar-
                 ison with an \expandafter, since the values may be passed on from other key
                 bindings. Parameters will be passed to \importmodule.
               1704 %\srefaddidkey{importmhmodule}%
               1705 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{mhrepos}%
               1706 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{path}%
               1707 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{ext}% why does this exist?
               1708 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{dir}%
               1709 \addmetakey[false]{importmhmodule}{conservative}[true]%
               1710 \newcommand\importmhmodule[2][]{%
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes
               1711
               1712
                      \metasetkeys{importmhmodule}{#1}%
               1713
                     \ifx\importmhmodule@dir\@empty%
                        \edef\@path{\importmhmodule@path}%
               1714
                     \else\edef\@path{\importmhmodule@dir/#2}\fi%
               1715
               1716
                     \ifx\@path\@empty% if module name is not set
                        \@importmodule[]{#2}{export}%
               1717
               1718
                      \else%
               1719
                        \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}% remember so that we can reset it.
               1720
                        \ifx\importmhmodule@mhrepos\@empty% if in the same repos
                         \relax% no need to change mh@currentrepos, i.e, current directory.
               1721
               1722
                        \else%
               1723
                         \setcurrentreposinfo\importmhmodule@mhrepos% change it.
                          \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\importmhmodule@mhrepos}}%
               1724
               1725
                        \@importmodule[\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/source/\@path}]{#2}{export}%
               1726
                        \setcurrentreposinfo\mh@@repos% after importing, reset to old value
               1727
                        \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@@repos}}%
               1728
               1729
                     \fi%
                     \ignorespacesandpars%
               1730
               1731 }
   \usemhmodule
               1732 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{load}
               1733 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{id}
               1734 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{dir}
               1735 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{mhrepos}
```

1736

```
1737 \addmetakey{importmodule}{load}
                                     1738 \addmetakey{importmodule}{id}
                                     1739
                                     1740 \newcommand\usemhmodule[2][]{%
                                     1741 \metasetkeys{importmhmodule}{#1}%
                                      1742 \ifx\importmhmodule@dir\@empty%
                                      1743 \edef\@path{\importmhmodule@path}\%
                                     1744 \else\edef\edinf{\importmbmodule@dir/#2}\fi%
                                      1745 \ifx\@path\@empty%
                                     1746 \usemodule[id=\importmhmodule@id]{#2}%
                                     1747 \else%
                                      1748 \edgnerightarrow \edgnerightarrow
                                      1749 \ifx\importmhmodule@mhrepos\@empty%
                                      1750 \else\setcurrentreposinfo{\importmhmodule@mhrepos}\fi\%
                                      1751 \usemodule{\@path\@QuestionMark#2}%
                                     1752 \label{load=MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/source/Qpath}, }
                                                                                                                                      id=\importmhmodule@id]{#2}%
                                     1754 \verb|\setcurrentreposinfo\mb@cepos\%|
                                     1755 \fi%
                                     1756 \ignorespacesandpars}
\mhinputref
                                     1757 \newcommand\mhinputref[2][]{%
                                                          \edef\mhinputref@first{#1}%
                                     1758
                                                         \ifx\mhinputref@first\@empty%
                                     1759
                                     1760
                                                                 \inputref{#2}%
                                      1761
                                                                 \inputref[mhrepos=\mhinputref@first]{#2}%
                                      1762
                                     1763
                                                         \fi%
                                     1764 }
```