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Abstract

The problem package supplies an infrastructure that allows specify problems and to reuse them efficiently in multiple environments.

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1 Introduction

The problem package supplies an infrastructure that allows specify problem. Problems are text fragments that come with auxiliary functions: hints, notes, and solutions¹. Furthermore, we can specify how long the solution to a given problem is estimated to take and how many points will be awarded for a perfect solution.

Finally, the problem package facilitates the management of problems in small files, so that problems can be re-used in multiple environment.

2 The User Interface

2.1 Package Options

solutions notes hints The problem package takes the options solutions (should solutions be output?), notes (should the problem notes be presented?), hints (do we give the hints?), pts (do we display the points awarded for solving the problem?), min (do we display the estimated minutes for problem soling). If theses are specified, then the corresponding auxiliary parts of the problems are output, otherwise, they remain invisible.

boxed test

pts

min

The boxed option specifies that problems should be formatted in framed boxes so that they are more visible in the text. Finally, the test option signifies that we are in a test situation, so this option does not show the solutions (of course), but leaves space for the students to solve them.

showmeta

Finally, if the **showmeta** is set, then the metadata keys are shown (see [Koh15] for details and customization options).

2.2 Problems and Solutions

problem

id pts min

min title

solution solutions

for height test

hint note The main environment provided by the problem package is (surprise surprise) the problem environment. It is used to mark up problems and exercises. The environment takes an optional KeyVal argument with the keys id as an identifier that can be reference later, pts for the points to be gained from this exercise in homework or quiz situations, min for the estimated minutes needed to solve the problem, and finally title for an informative title of the problem. For an example of a marked up problem see Figure 1 and the resulting markup see Figure 2.

The solution environment can be to specify a solution to a problem. If the solutions option is set or \solutionstrue is set in the text, then the solution will be presented in the output. The solution environment takes an optional KeyVal argument with the keys id for an identifier that can be reference for to specify which problem this is a solution for, and height that allows to specify the amount of space to be left in test situations (i.e. if the test option is set in the \usepackage statement).

, the hint and exnote environments can be used in a problem environment to

¹ for the moment multiple choice problems are not supported, but may well be in a future version

```
\usepackage[solutions,hints,pts,min]{problem}
\begin{document}
\begin{problem}[id=elefants,pts=10,min=2,title=Fitting Elefants]
    How many Elefants can you fit into a Volkswagen beetle?
\begin{hint}
    Think positively, this is simple!
\end{hint}
\begin{exnote}
    Justify your answer
\end{exnote}
\begin{solution}[for=elefants,height=3cm]
    Four, two in the front seats, and two in the back.
\end{solution}
    \end{problem}
\end{document}
```

Example 1: A marked up Problem

```
Problem 1 (Fitting Elefants)
How many Elefants can you fit into a Volkswagen beetle?

Hint: Think positively, this is simple!

Note: Justify your answer

Solution: Four, two in the front seats, and two in the back.
```

Example 2: The Formatted Problem from Figure 1

give hints and to make notes that elaborate certain aspects of the problem.

2.3 Starting and Stopping Solutions

\startsolutions \stopsolutions

Sometimes we would like to locally override the solutions option we have given to the package. To turn on solutions we use the \startsolutions, to turn them off, \stopsolutions. These two can be used at any point in the documents.

2.4 Including Problems

\includeproblem

The \includeproblem macro can be used to include a problem from another file. It takes an optional KeyVal argument and a second argument which is a path to the file containing the problem (the macro assumes that there is only one problem in the include file). The keys title, min, and pts specify the problem title, the estimated minutes for solving the problem and the points to be gained, and their values (if given) overwrite the ones specified in the problem environment in the included file.

title min pts

2.5 Reporting Metadata

The sum of the points and estimated minutes (that we specified in the pts and min keys to the problem environment or the \includeproblem macro) to the log file and the screen after each run. This is useful in preparing exams, where we want to make sure that the students can indeed solve the problems in an allotted time period.

The \min and \pts macros allow to specify (i.e. to print to the margin) the distribution of time and reward to parts of a problem, if the pts and pts package options are set. This allows to give students hints about the estimated time and the points to be awarded.

3 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the STEX GitHub repository [sTeX].

1. none reported yet

4 The Implementation

The problem package generates two files: the LATEX package (all the code between $\langle *package \rangle$ and $\langle /package \rangle)$ and the LATEXML bindings (between $\langle *ltxml \rangle$ and $\langle /ltxml \rangle). We keep the corresponding code fragments together, since the documentation applies to both of them and to prevent them from getting out of sync.$

First the general setup for LATEXML

```
1 (*ltxml)
2 # -*- CPERL -*-
3 package LaTeXML::Package::Pool;
4 use strict;
5 use LaTeXML::Package;
6 (/ltxml)
7 %
       \begin{macrocode}
8 %
9 % \subsection{Package Options}\label{sec:impl:options}
11 % The first step is to declare (a few) package options that handle whether certain
12 % information is printed or not. They all come with their own conditionals that are set by
13 % the options.
14 %
       \begin{macrocode}
15 %
16 (*package)
17 \newif\if@problem@mh@\@problem@mh@false
18 \DeclareOption{mh}{\@problem@mh@true}
19 \newif\ifexnotes\exnotesfalse
20 \DeclareOption{notes}{\exnotestrue}
21 \newif\ifhints\hintsfalse
22 \DeclareOption{hints}{\hintstrue}
23 \newif\ifsolutions\solutionsfalse
24 \DeclareOption{solutions}{\solutionstrue}
25 \newif\ifpts\ptsfalse
26 \DeclareOption{pts}{\ptstrue}
27 \newif\ifmin\minfalse
28 \DeclareOption{min}{\mintrue}
29 \newif\ifboxed\boxedfalse
30 \DeclareOption{boxed}{\boxedtrue}
31 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{omtext}}
32 \ProcessOptions
33 \langle /package \rangle
   On the LATEXML side we only make sure that the switches are defined. Since
LATEXML currently does not process package options, we have nothing to do.
34 (*ltxml)
35 RawTeX('
36 \newif\ifexnotes\exnotesfalse
37 \newif\ifhints\hintsfalse
38 \newif\ifsolutions\solutionsfalse
39 \neq \frac{1}{2}
```

```
40 \neq 0 
            41 \neq 1 
            42 ');
            43 DeclareOption('mh', sub {AssignValue ('@problem' => 1,'global');
            44 PassOptions('omtext','sty',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption')))); });
            45 DeclareOption('notes', '');
            46 DeclareOption('hints', '');
            47 DeclareOption('solutions', '');
            48 DeclareOption('pts', '');
            49 DeclareOption('min', '');
            50 DeclareOption('boxed', '');
            51 DeclareOption(undef, sub {PassOptions('omtext', 'sty', ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption'))));
            52 ProcessOptions();
            53 (/ltxml)
            Then we make sure that the necessary packages are loaded (in the right versions).
            54 (*package)
            55 \if@problem@mh@\RequirePackage{problem-mh}\fi
            56 \RequirePackage{omtext}
            57 \RequirePackage{comment}
            58 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
            59 \RequirePackage[base]{babel}
            60 (/package)
            61 (*ltxml)
            62 if(LookupValue('@problem')) {RequirePackage('problem-mh');}
            63 RequirePackage('omtext');
            64 (/ltxml)
               Then we register the namespace of the requirements ontology
            66 RegisterNamespace('prob'=>"http://omdoc.org/ontology/problems#");
            67 RegisterDocumentNamespace('prob'=>"http://omdoc.org/ontology/problems#");
            68 (/ltxml)
            For multilinguality, we define internal macros for keywords that can be specialized
\prob@*@kw
            in *.ldf files.
            69 (*package)
            70 \AfterBabelLanguage{ngerman}{\input{problem-ngerman.ldf}}
            71 \def\prob@problem@kw{Problem}
            72 \def\prob@solution@kw{Solution}
            73 \langle /package \rangle
```

4.1 Problems and Solutions

We now prepare the KeyVal support for problems. The key macros just set appropriate internal macros.

```
74 \( **package \)
75 \srefaddidkey[prefix=prob.] \{ problem \}
76 \addmetakey \{ problem \} \{ pts \}
77 \addmetakey \{ problem \} \{ min \}
```

```
78 \addmetakey*{problem}{title}
79 \addmetakey{problem}{refnum}
```

Then we set up a counter for problems.

\numberproblemsin

- 80 \newcounter{problem}
- 81 \newcommand\numberproblemsin[1]{\@addtoreset{problem}{#1}}

\prob@label We provide the macro \prob@label to redefine later to get context involved.

82 \newcommand\prob@label[1]{#1}

\prob@number We consolidate the problem number into a reusable internal macro

- 83 \def\prob@number{\ifx\inclprob@refnum\@empty%
- 84 \ifx\problem@refnum\@empty\prob@label\theproblem%
- 85 \else\prob@label\problem@refnum\fi%
- 86 \else\prob@label\inclprob@refnum\fi}

\prob@title

We consolidate the problem title into a reusable internal macro as well. \prob@title takes three arguments the first is the fallback when no title is given at all, the second and third go around the title, if one is given.

- 87 \newcommand\prob@title[3]{%
- 88 \ifx\inclprob@title\@empty% if there is no outside title
- 89 \ifx\problem@title\@empty{#1}\else{#2\problem@title{#3}}\fi
- 90 \else{#2}\inclprob@title{#3}\fi}% else show the outside title

With these the problem header is a one-liner

\prob@heading

We consolidate the problem header line into a separate internal macro that can be reused in various settings.

91 \def\prob@heading{\prob@problem@kw^\prob@number\prob@title{ }{ (}{)\strut\\}% 92 \sref@label@id{\prob@problem@kw~\prob@number}}

With this in place, we can now define the problem environment. It comes in two shapes, depending on whether we are in boxed mode or not. In both cases we increment the problem number and output the points and minutes (depending) on whether the respective options are set.

problem

- 93 \newenvironment{problem}[1][]{\metasetkeys{problem}{#1}\sref@target%
- 94 \@in@omtexttrue% we are in a statement (for inline definitions)
- 95 \stepcounter{problem}\record@problem%
- 96 \def\current@section@level{\prob@problem@kw}%
- 97 \par\noindent\textbf\prob@heading\show@pts\show@min\rm\noindent\ignorespaces}
- 98 {\smallskip}
- 99 \ifboxed\surroundwithmdframed{problem}\fi
- 100 (/package)

Note that we allow hints and solutions in the body of a problem environment so we have to allow the omdoc: CMP and ltx:p elements to autoopen and autoclose.

```
101 (*ltxml)
                102 DefEnvironment('{problem} OptionalKeyVals:problem',
                103 "<omdoc:exercise ?&GetKeyVal(#1,'id')(xml:id='&GetKeyVal(#1,'id')')()>"
                         "?&GetKeyVal(#1,'title')(<dc:title>&GetKeyVal(#1,'title')</dc:title>)()"
                104 .
                          "?&GetKeyVal(#1,'min')("
                105 .
                               "<omdoc:meta property='prob:solvedinminutes' prob:dummy='for the namespace'>"
                106
                                "&GetKeyVal(#1,'min')"
                107
                               "</omdoc:meta>)()"
                108
                          "?&GetKeyVal(#1,'pts')("
                109
                               "<omdoc:meta property='prob:points' prob:dummy='for the namespace'>"
                110
                               "&GetKeyVal(#1,'pts')"
                111 .
                               "</omdoc:meta>)()"
                112
                           "#body"
                113
                114
                       ."</omdoc:exercise>",
                115
                       afterDigest => sub {
                         my ($stomach,$kv)=@_;
                116
                         my $kvi = LookupValue('inclprob');
                117
                         my @keys = qw(id title min pts);
                118
                         my @vals = $kvi && map($kvi->getValue($_), @keys);
                119
                         foreach my $i(0..$#vals) {
                120
                           $kv->setValue($keys[$i],$vals[$i]) if $vals[$i];
                121
                         }
                122
                         return;});#$
                123
                124 (/ltxml)
\record@problem This macro records information about the problems in the *.aux file.
                125 (*package)
                126 \def\record@problem{\protected@write\@auxout{}%
                127 {\string\@problem{\prob@number}%
                128 {\ifx\inclprob@pts\@empty\problem@pts\else\inclprob@pts\fi}%
                129 {\ifx\inclprob@min\@empty\problem@min\else\inclprob@min\fi}}}
                130 (/package)
      \@problem
                 This macro acts on a problem's record in the *.aux file. It does not have any
                 functionality here, but can be redefined elsewhere (e.g. in the assignment pack-
                 age).
                131 (*package)
                132 \def\@problem#1#2#3{}
                133 (/package)
      solution
                     The solution environment is similar to the problem environment, only that
                 it is independent of the boxed mode. It also has it's own keys that we need to
                 define first.
                134 (*package)
                135 \srefaddidkey{soln}
                136 \addmetakey{soln}{for}
```

```
137 \addmetakey{soln}{height}
                                        138 \addmetakey{soln}{creators}
                                        139 \addmetakey{soln}{contributors}
                                        140 \addmetakey{soln}{srccite}
                                        141 %
                                                            \begin{macrocode}
                                        142 % the next step is to define a helper macro that does what is needed to start a solution.
                                                             \begin{macrocode}
                                        144 \newcommand\@startsolution[1][]{\metasetkeys{soln}{#1}%
                                        145 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 0in@omtexttrue}\%} we are in a statement.
                                        146 \ \texttt{hrule} is mall skip \texttt{hrule} is \texttt{hrul
                                        147 \def\current@section@level{\prob@solution@kw}%
                                        148 \ignorespaces}
\startsolutions for the \startsolutions macro we use the \specialcomment macro from the
                                          comment package. Note that we use the \@startsolution macro in the start
                                          codes, that parses the optional argument.
                                        149 \newcommand\startsolutions{\specialcomment{solution}{\@startsolution}}
                                        150 {\ifboxed\else\hrule\medskip\fi\end{small}}%
                                        151 \ifboxed\surroundwithmdframed{solution}\fi}
                                        152 (/package)
                                        153 (*ltxml)
                                        154 DefConstructor('\startsolutions','');
                                        155 (/ltxml)
  \stopsolutions
                                        156 (*package)
                                        157 \newcommand\stopsolutions{\excludecomment{solution}}
                                        158 (/package)
                                        159 (*ltxml)
                                        160 DefConstructor('\stopsolutions','');
                                        161 (/ltxml)
                                                  so it only remains to start/stop solutions depending on what option was spec-
                                          ified.
                                        162 \langle *package \rangle
                                        163 \ifsolutions\startsolutions\else\stopsolutions\fi
                                        164 (/package)
                                                   the LaTeXML binding for the solutions is straightforward.
                                        165 (*ltxml)
                                        166 DefKeyVal('soln','id','Semiverbatim');
                                        167 DefKeyVal('soln','height','Semiverbatim');
                                        168 DefKeyVal('soln','for','Semiverbatim');
                                        169 DefKeyVal('soln','creators','Semiverbatim');
                                        170 DefKeyVal('soln','contributors','Semiverbatim');
                                        171 DefEnvironment('{solution} OptionalKeyVals:soln',
                                        172
                                                                  "<omdoc:solution ?&GetKeyVals(#1,'for')(for='&GetKeyVal(#1,'for')')()>"
                                                                       "#body"
                                        173
                                                             . "</omdoc:solution>");
                                        174
                                        175 (/ltxml)
```

```
176 (*package)
177 \ifexnotes
178 \newenvironment{exnote}[1][]%
179 {\par\smallskip\hrule\smallskip\noindent\textbf{Note: }\small}
180 {\smallskip\hrule}
181 \else%ifexnotes
182 \excludecomment{exnote}
183 \fi%ifexnotes
184 \ifhints
185 \newenvironment{hint}[1][]%
186 {\par\smallskip\hrule\smallskip\noindent\textbf{Hint: }\small}
187 {\smallskip\hrule}
188 \newenvironment{exhint}[1][]%
189 {\par\smallskip\hrule\smallskip\noindent\textbf{Hint: }\small}
190 {\smallskip\hrule}
191 \else%ifhints
192 \excludecomment{hint}
193 \excludecomment{exhint}
194 \fi%ifhints
195 (/package)
196 (*ltxml)
197 DefEnvironment('{exnote}', "<omdoc:hint>#body</omdoc:hint>");
198 DefEnvironment('{hint}', "<omdoc:hint>#body</omdoc:hint>");
199 DefConstructor('\pts{}',"");
200 DefConstructor('\min{}',"");
201 (/ltxml)
```

4.2 Including Problems

\includeproblem

The \includeproblem command is essentially a glorified \input statement, it sets some internal macros first that overwrite the local points. Importantly, it resets the inclprob keys after the input.

```
202 (*package)
203 \addmetakey{inclprob}{pts}
204 \addmetakey{inclprob}{min}
205 \addmetakey*{inclprob}{title}
206 \addmetakey{inclprob}{refnum}
207 \addmetakey{inclprob}{mhrepos}
208 \clear@inclprob@keys%initially
209 \newcommand\includeproblem[2][]{\metasetkeys{inclprob}{#1}%
210 \input{#2}\clear@inclprob@keys}
211 (/package)
212 (*ltxml)
213 DefKeyVal('prob','pts','Semiverbatim');
214 DefKeyVal('prob', 'min', 'Semiverbatim');
215 DefKeyVal('prob','title','Semiverbatim');
216 DefKeyVal('prob', 'refnum', 'Semiverbatim');
217 DefConstructor('\includeproblem OptionalKeyVals:prob Semiverbatim',
      "<omdoc:exercise tref='#2'>"
```

```
"%GetKeyVal(#1,'title')(<dc:title>&GetKeyVal(#1,'title')</dc:title>)()"
219 ·
220 . "?&GetKeyVal(#1,'min')("
          "<omdoc:meta property='prob:solvedinminutes' prob:dummy='for the namespace'>"
221 .
           "&GetKeyVal(#1,'min')"
222 .
223 .
          "</omdoc:meta>)()"
224 . "?&GetKeyVal(#1,'pts')("
          "<omdoc:meta property='prob:points' prob:dummy='for the namespace'>"
           "&GetKeyVal(#1,'pts')"
226 ·
          "</omdoc:meta>)()"
227 .
228 ."</omdoc:exercise>",
229 afterDigest => sub{
230
     my ($stomach,$kv) = @_;
      AssignValue('inclprob', $kv) if $kv;
232 });
233 (/ltxml)
234 \langle *ltxml \rangle
235 Tag('omdoc:exercise',afterOpen=>\&numberIt);
236 Tag('omdoc:solution',afterOpen=>\&numberIt);
237 Tag('omdoc:hint',afterOpen=>\&numberIt);
238 (/ltxml)
4.3
       Reporting Metadata
```

```
239 (*package)
240 \def\pts#1{\ifpts\marginpar{#1 pt}\fi}
241 \def\min#1{\ifmin\marginpar{#1 min}\fi}
242 (/package)
243 (*ltxml)
244 (/ltxml)
245 (*package)
246 \AtEndDocument{\ifpts\message{Total: \arabic{pts} points}\fi}
247 \ifmin\message{Total: \arabic{min} minutes}\fi}
248 (/package)
249 (*ltxml)
250 (/ltxml)
```

\show@pts The \show@pts shows the points: if no points are given from the outside and also no points are given locally do nothing, else show and add. If there are outside points then we show them in the margin.

```
251 \*package\
252 \newcounter{pts}
253 \def\show@pts{\ifx\inclprob@pts\@empty\%
254 \ifx\problem@pts\@empty\else\%
255 \ifpts\marginpar{\problem@pts pt\smallskip}\addtocounter{pts}{\problem@pts}\fi\%
256 \fi\else\% inclprob@pts nonempty
257 \ifpts\marginpar{\inclprob@pts pt\smallskip}\addtocounter{pts}{\inclprob@pts}\fi\%
258 \fi}
```

and now the same for the minutes

\show@min

```
259 \newcounter{min}
260 \def\show@min{\ifx\inclprob@min\@empty\%
261 \ifx\problem@min\@empty\else\%
262 \ifmin\marginpar{\problem@min min}\addtocounter{min}{\problem@min}\fi\%
263 \fi\else\%
264 \ifmin\marginpar{\inclprob@min min}\addtocounter{min}{\inclprob@min}\fi
265 \fi}
266 \( /\package \)
```

4.4 Providing IDs Elements

To provide default identifiers, we tag all elements that allow xml:id attributes by executing the numberIt procedure from omdoc.sty.ltxml.

```
267 \*|txm|\\
268 Tag('omdoc:exercise',afterOpen=>\&numberIt,afterClose=>\&locateIt);
269 Tag('omdoc:solution',afterOpen=>\&numberIt,afterClose=>\&locateIt);
270 Tag('omdoc:hint',afterOpen=>\&numberIt,afterClose=>\&locateIt);
271 \/|txm|\\
```

4.5 Finale

Finally, we need to terminate the file with a success mark for perl. 272 (ltxml)1;