smglom.cls/sty: Semantic Multilingual Glossary for Math

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Abstract

The smglom package is part of the STEX collection, a version of TEX/LATEX that allows to markup TEX/LATEX documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning TEX/LATEX into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM).

This package supplies an infrastructure for writing OMDoc gloss ary entries.

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1 Introduction

2 The User Interface

2.1 Package and Class Options

 ${\tt smglom.cls}$ accepts all options of the ${\tt omdoc.cls}$ and ${\tt article.cls}$ and just passes them on to these.

2.2 Convenience Macros for SMGloM Modules

1

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2.3 Terminological Relations

 $^{1}\mathrm{EdNote} :$ document them $^{2}\mathrm{EdNote} :$ document them

3 Implementation: The SMGloM Class

3.1 Class Options

To initialize the smglom class, we pass on all options to omdoc.cls as well as the stex and smglom packages.

```
\label{eq:continuous} $1 \ensuremath{\mbox{$\times$}} $$ 1 \ensuremath{\mbox{$\times$}} $$ 2 \ensuremath{\mbox{
```

We load omdoc.cls, the smglom package that provides the SMGloM-specific functionality³, and the stex package to allow OMDoc compatibility.

```
6 \LoadClass{omdoc}
7 \RequirePackage{smglom}
8 \RequirePackage{stex}
9 \RequirePackage{amstext}
10 \RequirePackage{amsfonts}
11 \langle /cls \rangle
```

Now we do the same thing for the package; first the options, which we just pass on to the stex package.

```
12 \( *sty \)
13 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{statements}}
14 \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{structview}
15 \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{smultiling}}
16 \ProcessOptions
```

We load omdoc.cls, and the desired packages. For the LATEXML bindings, we make sure the right packages are loaded.

```
17 \RequirePackage{statements}
18 \RequirePackage[langfiles]{smultiling}
19 \RequirePackage{structview}
```

3.2 Convenience Macros for SMGloM Modules

\gimport Just a shortcut, we have a starred and unstarred version, the first one is conservative. For example, if we execute:

\gimport[smglom/numberfields]{naturalnumbers}

First we are redirected to \@gimport@nostar, we store the smglom/numberfields $\langle the repo's path \rangle$ in \@test, then store \mh@currentrepos $\langle current \ directory \rangle$ in \mh@repos. If no repo's path is offered, that means the module to import is

 $^{^3{\}rm EdNote}$: MK:describe that above

under the same directory, so we let repos=\mh@repos and pass bunch of parameters to \importmhmodule, which is defined in module.sty. If there's a repo's path, then we let repos= $\langle the\ repo's\ path \rangle$. Finally we use \mhcurrentrepos(defined in module.sty) to change the \mh@currentrepos.

```
20 \def\gimport{\@ifstar\@gimport@star\@gimport@nostar}%
      21 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@star[2][]{%
          \def\@test{#1}%
      22
          \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
      23
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      24
            \importmhmodule[conservative,repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      25
      26
             \importmhmodule[conservative,repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      27
      28
          \fi%
      29
          \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
          \ignorespacesandpars%
      30
      31 }%
      32 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@nostar[2][]{%
          \def\@test{#1}%
          \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
      34
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      35
            \importmhmodule[repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      36
          \else%
      37
            \importmhmodule[repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      38
      39
          \fi%
          \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
      40
      41
          \ignorespacesandpars%
      42 }%
guse just a shortcut
      43 \newrobustcmd\guse[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
          \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      45
            \usemhmodule[repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      46
      47
            \usemhmodule[repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      48
      49
          \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
      50
          \ignorespacesandpars%
      51
      52 }%
      we essentially copy over the definition of mhstructure, but adapt it to the SM-
      GloM situation.
      53 \newenvironment{gstructure}[3][]{\def\@test{#1}%
          \xdef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      56
             \gdef\@@doit{\importmhmodule[repos=\mh@@repos,path=#3,ext=tex]{#3}}%
      57
            \gdef\@@doit{\importmhmodule[repos=#1,path=#3,ext=tex]{#3}}%
      58
          \fi%
      59
```

gstructure

```
\ifmod@show\par\noindent structure import "#2" from module #3 \@@doit\fi%
                                                        \ignorespacesandpars}
61
62 {\bf 02} \ {\bf 000} \ {\bf
                                          \ignorespacesandparsafterend}
```

3.3 Terminological Relations

```
*nym
```

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```
64 \newrobustcmd\hypernym[3][]{\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a hypernym of #3\fi}%
65 \newrobustcmd\hyponym[3][]{\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a hyponym of #3\fi}%
66 \newrobustcmd\meronym[3][]{\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a meronym of #3\fi}%
```

\MSC to define the Math Subject Classification, ⁴

67 \newrobustcmd\MSC[1]{\if@importing\else MSC: #1\fi\ignorespacesandpars}%

For Language Bindings 3.4

Here we adapt the smultiling functionality to the special situation, where the module and file names are identical by design.

The gviewsig environment is just a layer over the mhviewsig environment with gviewsig the keys suitably adapted.

```
68 \newenvironment{gviewsig}[4][]{%
    \def\test{#1}%
69
70
    \ifx\@test\@empty%
71
      \begin{mhviewsig} [frompath=#3,topath=#4] {#2}{#3}{#4}%
72
      \begin{mhviewsig}[frompath=#3,topath=#4,#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
73
    \fi%
74
    \ignorespacesandpars%
75
76 }{%
    \end{mhviewsig}%
    \ignorespacesandparsafterend%
79 }%
```

gviewn1 The gviewn1 environment is just a layer over the mhviewn1 environment with the keys suitably adapted.

```
80 \newenvironment{gviewnl}[5][]{%
    \def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty%
81
      \begin{mhviewnl}[frompath=#4,topath=#5]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
82
83
      \begin{mhviewnl}[frompath=#4,topath=#5,#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
84
    \fi%
85
86 \ignorespacesandpars%
87 }{%
```

⁴EdNote: MK: what to do for the LaTeXML side?

```
88 \end{mhviewn1}%
89 \ignorespacesandparsafterend%
90 }%
```

EdN:5 \gincludeview

91 \newcommand\gincludeview[2][]{\ignorespacesandpars}%

3.5 Authoring States, etc

We add a key to the module environment. 92 \addmetakey{module}{state}%

3.6 Shadowing of repositories

\repos@macro

\repos@macro parses a GitLab repository name $\langle group \rangle / \langle name \rangle$ and creates an internal macro name from that, which will be used

93 \def\repos@macro#1/#2;{#1@shadows@#2}%

\shadow

 $\shadow{\langle orig \rangle}{\langle fork \rangle}$ declares a that the private repository $\langle fork \rangle$ shadows the MathHub repository $\langle orig \rangle$. Internally, it simply defines an internal macro with the shadowing information.

94 \def\shadow#1#2{\@namedef{\repos@macro#1;}{#2}}%

\MathHubPath

 \mathcal{L}_{cons} computes the path of the fork that shadows the MathHub repository $\langle repos \rangle$ according to the current \mathbf{L}_{shadow} specification. The computed path can be used for loading modules from the private version of $\langle repos \rangle$.

95 \def\MathHubPath#1{\@ifundefined{\repos@macro#1;}{#1}{\@nameuse{\repos@macro#1;}}}% 96 $\langle/sty\rangle$

 $^{^5\}mathrm{EdNote}$: This is fake for now, needs to be implemented and documented