# Slides and Course Notes for Jacobs University\*

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October 23, 2015

### Abstract

We present a document class from which we can generate both course slides and course notes in a transparent way. Furthermore, we present a set of LaTeXML bindings for these, so that we can also generate OMDoc-based course materials, e.g. for inclusion in the ActiveMath system.

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## 1 Introduction

This Document class is derived from beamer.cls [beamerclass:on], specializes it with Jacobs stuff and adds a notes version that is more suited to printing than the one supplied by beamer.cls.

## 2 The User Interface

The mikoslides class takes the notion of a slide frame from Till Tantau's excellent beamer class and adapts its notion of frames for use in the STEXand OMDoc. To support semantic course notes, it extends the notion of mixing frames and explanatory text, but rather than treating the frames as images (or integrating their contents into the flowing text), the mikoslides package displays the slides as such in the course notes to give students a visual anchor into the slide presentation in the course (and to distinguish the different writing styles in slides and course notes).

In practice we want to generate two documents from the same source: the slides for presentation in the lecture and the course notes as a narrative document for home study. To achieve this, the mikoslides class has two modes: *slides mode* and *notes mode* which are determined by the package option.

## 2.1 Package Options

mode (see Section 2.2).

The mikoslides class takes a variety of class options:<sup>1</sup>

slides a

-

sectocframes

showmeta

2120 11110 00

of contents are produced headers <sup>2</sup>

• showmeta. If this is set, then the metadata keys are shown (see [Kohlhase:metakeys:ctan] for details and customization options).

frameimages

• If the option frameimages is set, then slide mode also shows the \frameimage-generated frames.

• The options slides notes notes switch between slides mode and notes

• If the option sectocframes is given, then special frames with section table

### 2.2 Notes and Slides

frame note

Slides are represented with the frame just like in the beamer class, see [Tantau:ugbc] for details. The mikoslides class adds the note environment for encapsulating the course note fragments.<sup>1</sup>

Note that it is essential to start and end the notes environment at the start of the line – in particular, there may not be leading blanks – else LATEX becomes confused and throws error messages that are difficult to decipher.

EdN:1

EdN:2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>EdNote: leaving out noproblems for the moment until we decide what to do with it.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>EdNote: document the functionality

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MK: it would be very nice, if we did not need this environment, and this should be possible in principle, but not without intensive LaTeX trickery. Hints to the author are welcome.

```
\begin{note}
  We start this course with ...
\end{note}

\begin{frame}
  \frametitle{The first slide}
  ...
\end{frame}
\begin{note}
  ... and more explanatory text
\end{note}

\begin{frame}
  \frametitle{The second slide}
  ...
\end{frame}
  \cdots
  \cdots
  \end{frame}
  ...
\end{frame}
  ...
\end{frame}
```

Example 1: A typical Course Notes File

By interleaving the frame and note environments, we can build course notes as shown in Figure 1.

\frameimage

Sometimes, we want to integrate slides as images after all – e.g. because we already have a PowerPoint presentation, to which we want to add  $ST_EX$ notes. In this case we can use  $\frac{\langle opt \rangle}{\langle path \rangle}$ , where  $\langle opt \rangle$  are the options of  $\frac{\langle opt \rangle}{\langle path \rangle}$  is the file path (extension can be left off like in  $\frac{\langle opt \rangle}{\langle opt \rangle}$ ).

## 2.3 Header and Footer Lines

## 2.4 Colors and Highlighting

\textwarning

The \textwarning macro generates a warning sign:

- 2.5 Front Matter, Titles, etc
- 2.6 Miscellaneous

## 2.7 Support for MathHub

Much of the STeXcontent is hosed on MathHub (http://MathHub.info), a portal and archive for flexiformal mathematics. MathHub offers GIT repositories (public and private escrow) for mathematical documentation projects, online and offline authoring and document development infrastructure, and a rich, interactive reading interface. The modules package supports repository-sensitive operations on MathHub.

Note that MathHub has two-level repository names of the form  $\langle group \rangle / \langle repo \rangle$ , where  $\langle group \rangle$  is a MathHub-unique repository group and  $\langle repo \rangle$  a repository name that is  $\langle group \rangle$ -unique. The file and directory structure of a repository is arbitrary – except that it starts with the directory source because they are Math Archives in the sense of [HorlacJuc:cscpnrr11]. But this structure can be hidden from the STFXauthor with MathHub-enabled versions of the modules macros.

\mhframeimage

The \mhframeimage macro is a variant of \frameimage with repository support. Instead of writing

```
\defpath{MathHub}{/user/foo/lmh/MathHub}
\frameimage{\MathHub{fooMH/bar/source/baz/foobar}}
```

we can simply write (assuming that \MathHub is defined as above)

\mhframeimage[fooMH/bar]{baz/foobar}

Note that the \mhframeimage form is more semantic, which allows more advanced document management features in MathHub.

If baz/foobar is the "current module", i.e. if we are on the MathHub path ...MathHub/fooMH/bar..., then stating the repository in the first optional argument is redundant, so we can just use

\mhframeimage{baz/foobar}

Of course, neither IATEX nor IATEXML know about the repositories when they are called from a file system, so we can use the \mhcurrentrepos macro from the modules package to tell them. But this is only needed to initialize the infrastructure in the driver file. In particular, we do not need to set it in in each module, since the \importmhmodule macro sets the current repository automatically.

Caveat if you want to use the MathHub support macros (let's call them mhvariants), then every time a module is imported or a document fragment is included from another repos, the mh-variant \importmhmodule must be used, so that the "current repository" is set accordingly. To be exact, we only need to use mhvariants, if the imported module or included document fragment use mh-variants.

## 3 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the STEXGitHub repository [sTeX:github:on].

- 1. the class should be divided into concerns. [sTeX:online], issue 1684
- 2. when option book or report is given together with sectocframes chapterlevel omgroups generate a spurious slide with a bare heading. This has something to do with the fact that beamer does not support \chapter

## 4 The Implementation

The mikoslides package generates two files: the LATEX package (all the code between (\*package) and (/package)) and the LATEXML bindings (between (\*ltxml) and (/ltxml)). We keep the corresponding code fragments together, since the documentation applies to both of them and to prevent them from getting out of sync.

The general preamble for IATEXML:

1 (\*Itxml.cls | Itxml.sty)

2 # -\*- CPERL -\*
3 package LaTeXML::Package::Pool;

4 use strict;

5 use LaTeXML::Package;

6 (/ltxml.cls | ltxml.sty)

## 4.1 Class and Package Options

We define some Package Options and switches for the mikoslides class and activate them by passing them on to beamer.cls and omdoc.cls and the mikoslides package.

```
7 (*cls)
8 \newif\ifnotes\notesfalse
9 \DeclareOption{notes}{\notestrue\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{mikoslides}}
10 \DeclareOption{slides}{\notesfalse\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{mikoslides}}
11 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{omdoc}
                              \PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{beamer}
12
                              \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{mikoslides}}
13
14 \ProcessOptions
15 (/cls)
16 (*ltxml.cls)
17 DeclareOption('notes', sub{PassOptions('mikoslides','sty',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption'
18 DeclareOption('slides', sub{PassOptions('mikoslides','sty',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption
19 DeclareOption(undef, sub {PassOptions('omdoc','cls',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption'))));
                                              PassOptions('mikoslides','sty',ToString(Digest(T_CS('
20
                                              PassOptions('beamer','cls',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\Cur
22 ProcessOptions();
23 (/ltxml.cls)
now we do the same for the mikoslides package. Note that we also have to define
the same switches<sup>3</sup>, since we might use mikoslides.sty in a different class.
24 (*package)
25 \newif\ifnotes\notesfalse
26 \DeclareOption{notes}{\notestrue}
27 \DeclareOption{slides}{\notesfalse}
28 \newif\ifsectocframes\sectocframesfalse
29 \DeclareOption{sectocframes}{\sectocframestrue}
30 \newif\ifframeimages\frameimagesfalse
```

5

 $<sup>^3\</sup>mathrm{EdNote}\colon\,\mathsf{MK}\colon\mathsf{we}$  may think about making all of them internal

```
31 \DeclareOption{frameimages}{\frameimagestrue}
32 \newif\if@part\@partfalse
33 \DeclareOption{report}{\@parttrue\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{omdoc}}
34 \DeclareOption{book}{\@parttrue\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{omdoc}}
35 \newif\ifproblems\problemstrue
36 \DeclareOption{noproblems}{\problemsfalse}
37 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{stex}
                              \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{tikzinput}}
39 \ProcessOptions
40~\langle/\mathsf{package}\rangle
41 (*ltxml.sty)
42 DeclareOption('notes', '');
43 DeclareOption('slides', '');
44 DeclareOption('noproblems', '');
45 DeclareOption('sectocframes', '');
46 DeclareOption('frameimages', '');
47 DeclareOption('report', sub{PassOptions('omdoc','cls',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption'))))
48 DeclareOption('book', sub{PassOptions('omdoc','cls',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption'))))})
49 DeclareOption(undef, sub {PassOptions('stex','sty',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption'))));
                                              PassOptions('tikzinput', 'sty', ToString(Digest(T_CS('\
51 ProcessOptions();
52 RawTeX('\newif\ifnotes\notesfalse');
53 RawTeX('\newif\ifproblems\problemsfalse');
54 (/ltxml.sty)
   Depending on the options, we either load the article-based omdoc or the
beamer class. In the first case, we also have to make the beamer-specific things
available to article via the beamerarticle package. We use options to avoid
loading theorem-like environments, since we want to use our own from the STEX
packages.
55 (*cls)
56 \ifnotes
57
    \LoadClass{omdoc}
58
    \RequirePackage{a4wide}
    \RequirePackage{marginnote}
    \RequirePackage{mdframed}
60
    \RequirePackage[notheorems,noamsthm,noxcolor]{beamerarticle}
61
62 \else
    \LoadClass[notheorems,noamsthm,10pt]{beamer}
    \newcounter{Item}
64
    \newcounter{paragraph}
65
    \newcounter{subparagraph}
66
    \newcounter{Hfootnote}
67
   \usetheme{Jacobs}
68
69 \fi
70 \RequirePackage{mikoslides}
```

71  $\langle /cls \rangle$ 72  $\langle *ltxml.cls \rangle$ 

73 LoadClass('omdoc');

74 RequirePackage('mikoslides');

```
75 DefConstructor('\usetheme{}','');
76 (/ltxml.cls)
   now, we load the remaining packages for both versions.
77 (*package)
78 \RequirePackage{stex}
79 \RequirePackage{tikzinput}
80 \RequirePackage{latexml}
81 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
82 \RequirePackage{amsmath}
83 \RequirePackage{comment}
84 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
85 \RequirePackage{url}
86 (/package)
87 (*ltxml.sty)
88 RequirePackage('stex');
89 RequirePackage('tikzinput', options => ['image']));
90 RequirePackage('latexml');
91 RequirePackage('amssymb');
92 RequirePackage('amsmath');
93 RequirePackage('graphicx');
94 RequirePackage('url');
95 (/ltxml.sty)
```

### 4.2 Notes and Slides

We define the sizes of slides in the notes. Somehow, we cannot get by with the same here.

```
96 \*package\
97 \newcounter{slide}
98 \newlength{\slidewidth}\setlength{\slidewidth}{12.8cm}
99 \newlength{\slideheight}\setlength{\slideheight}{9cm}
100 \langle/package\
101 \langle*ltxml.sty\
102 DefRegister('\slidewidth' => Dimension('13.6cm'));
103 DefRegister('\slideheight' => Dimension('9cm'));
104 \langle/ltxml.sty\
```

note The note environment is used to leave out text in the slides mode. It does not have a counterpart in OMDoc. So for course notes, we define the note environment to be a no-operation otherwise we declare the note environment as a comment via the comment package.

```
105 (*package)
106 \ifnotes%
107 \renewenvironment{note}{%
108 \ignorespaces%
109 }{}%
110 \else%
111 \excludecomment{note}%
```

```
112 \fi%
113 \langle /package \rangle
114 \langle *ltxml.sty \rangle
115 DefEnvironment('{note}','#body');
116 \langle /ltxml.sty \rangle
```

We start by giving the LATEXML binding for the frame environment from the beamer class. We first set up the slide boxes in article mode. We set up sizes and provide a box register for the frames and a counter for the slides.

```
117 (*package)
      118 \ifnotes
      119
           \newlength{\slideframewidth}
           \setlength{\slideframewidth}{1.5pt}
      120
     We first define the keys.
frame
           \addmetakey{frame}{label}
      121
           \addmetakey[yes]{frame}{allowframebreaks}
      122
           \addmetakey{frame}{allowdisplaybreaks}
      123
           \addmetakey[yes]{frame}{fragile}
      124
           \addmetakey[yes]{frame}{shrink}
      125
           \addmetakey[yes]{frame}{squeeze}
      126
```

We redefine the itemize environment so that it looks more like the one in beamer with Jacobs theme. We create the box with the mdframed environment from the equinymous package. Then we define the environment, read them, and construct the slide number and label.

```
\renewenvironment{frame}[1][]{%
127
        \metasetkeys{frame}{#1}%
128
129
        \stepcounter{slide}%
130
        \def\@currentlabel{\theslide}%
       \ifx\frame@label\@empty%
131
       \else%
132
         \label{\frame@label}%
133
134
       \fi%
```

We redefine the itemize environment so that it looks more like the one in beamer with Jacobs theme.

```
\def\itemize@level{outer}%
       \def\itemize@outer{outer}%
136
       \def\itemize@inner{inner}%
137
       \renewcommand\newpage{}%
138
       \renewcommand\metakeys@show@keys[2]{\marginnote{{\scriptsize ##2}}}%
139
       \renewenvironment{itemize}{%
140
         \ifx\itemize@level\itemize@outer%
141
           \def\itemize@label{$\rhd$}%
142
         \fi%
143
         \ifx\itemize@level\itemize@inner%
144
           \def\itemize@label{$\scriptstyle\rhd$}%
145
146
         \fi%
147
         \begin{list}%
```

```
{\itemize@label}%
            148
                     {\setlength{\labelsep}{.3em}%
            149
                      \verb|\climath{\labelwidth}{.5em}||
            150
                      \setlength{\leftmargin}{1.5em}%
            151
            152
            153
                     \edef\itemize@level{\itemize@inner}%
            154
                   }{%
                     \end{list}%
            155
                   }%
            156
             We create the box with the mdframed environment from the equinymous package.
                   \begin{mdframed} [linewidth=\slideframewidth,skipabove=1ex,skipbelow=1ex,userdefinedwidth=\s
            157
                 }{%
            158
                   \medskip\miko@slidelabel\end{mdframed}%
            159
                 }%
            160
            161 (/package)
            162 (*ltxml.sty)
            163 DefEnvironment('{frame}[]',
                  "<omdoc:omgroup layout='slide'>"
            164
                    "#body\n"
            165
                 ."</omdoc:omgroup>\n\n",
            166
            167 afterDigestBegin=>sub {
                  $_[1]->setProperty(theory=>LookupValue('current_module')); });
            169 (/ltxml.sty)#$
                Now, we need to redefine the frametitle (we are still in course notes mode).
\frametitle
            170 (*package)
                 172 \fi %ifnotes
            173 (/package)
            174 (*ltxml.sty)
            175 DefConstructor('\frametitle{}',
                 "\n<omdoc:metadata><dc:title>#1</dc:title></omdoc:metadata>");
            177 (/ltxml.sty)
\frameimage
            We have to make sure that the width is overwritten, for that we check the
             \Gin@ewidth macro from the graphicx package<sup>4</sup>
            178 (*package)
            179 \newrobustcmd\frameimage[2][]{%
                 \stepcounter{slide}%
            180
                 \ifframeimages%
            181
                   \def\Gin@ewidth{}\setkeys{Gin}{#1}%
                   \ifnotes%
            183
                   \else%
            184
                     \vfill%
            185
                   \fi%
            186
```

EdN:4

 $^4\mathrm{EdNote}$ : MK@DG; we need to do that in the LaTeXML binding as well!

```
\ifx\Gin@ewidth\@empty%
187
          \mycgraphics[width=\slidewidth,#1]{#2}\else\mycgraphics[#1]{#2}%
188
189
       \par\strut\hfill{\footnotesize Slide \arabic{slide}}%
190
       \ifnotes%
191
192
       \else%
193
         \vfill%
       \fi%
194
     \fi%
195
196 }% ifframeimages
197 (/package)
198 (*ltxml.sty)
199 DefMacro('\frameimage[]{}','\@frameimage{\includegrahics[#1,width=\slidewidth]{#2}}');
200 DefConstructor('\@frameimage{}',"<omdoc:omgroup layout='slide'>#1</omdoc:omgroup>\n");
201 (/ltxml.sty)
```

#### 4.3 Header and Footer Lines

Now, we set up the infrastructure for the footer line of the slides, we use boxes for the logos, so that they are only loaded once, that considerably speeds up processing.

\setslidelogo

The default logo is the logo of Jacobs University. Customization can be done by \setslidelogo $\{\langle logo \ name \rangle\}$ .

```
202 (*package)
203 \newlength{\slidelogoheight}
204 \ifnotes%
     \setlength{\slidelogoheight}{.4cm}%
     \setlength{\slidelogoheight}{1cm}%
207
208 \fi%
209 \newsavebox{\slidelogo}%
210 \sbox{\slidelogo}{\includegraphics[height=\slidelogoheight]{jacobs-logo}}%
211 \newrobustcmd{\setslidelogo}[1]{%
212
     \sbox{\slidelogo}{\includegraphics[height=\slidelogoheight]{#1}}%
```

\setsource

\source stores the writer's name. By default it is Michael Kohlhase since he is the main user and designer of this package.  $\scalebox{setsource}\{\langle name \rangle\}\$  can change the writer's name.

```
214 \def\source{Michael Kohlhase}% customize locally
215 \newrobustcmd{\setsource}[1]{\def\source{#1}}%
```

\setlicensing Now, we set up the copyright and licensing. By default we use the Creative Commons Attribuition-ShareAlike license to strengthen the public domain. If package hyperref is loaded, then we can attach a hyperlink to the license logo. \setlicensing[ $\langle url \rangle$ ] { $\langle logo\ name \rangle$ } is used for customization, where  $\langle url \rangle$  is optional.

216 \def\copyrightnotice{\footnotesize\copyright:\hspace{.3ex}{\source}}%

```
217 \newsavebox{\cclogo}%
             218 \sbox{\cclogo}{\includegraphics[height=\slidelogoheight]{cc_somerights}}%
             219 \newif\ifcchref\cchreffalse%
             220 \AtBeginDocument\{\%
                  \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{\cchreftrue}{\cchreffalse}
             221
             222 }%
             223 \def\licensing{%
             224
                  \ifcchref%
                     \href{http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/2.5/}{\usebox{\cclogo}}%
             225
                  \else%
             226
                    {\usebox{\cclogo}}%
             227
             228
                  \fi%
             229 }%
             230 \newrobustcmd{\setlicensing}[2][]{%
                  \def\@url{#1}%
             231
                  \label{logoheight} $$\sum_{clogo}{\normalfont{0.5}}{\normalfont{0.5}} $$
             232
                  \ifx\@url\@empty%
             233
                    \def\licensing{{\usebox{\cclogo}}}%
             234
             235
                  \else%
             236
                    \def\licensing{%
                  \ifcchref%
             237
                    \href{#1}{\usebox{\cclogo}}%
             238
                  \else%
             239
                    {\usebox{\cclogo}}%
             240
             241
                  \fi%
             242
                    }%
             243
                  \fi%
             244 }%
\slidelabel Now, we set up the slide label for the article mode.<sup>5</sup>
             245 \newrobustcmd\miko@slidelabel{%
                  \vbox to \slidelogoheight{%
             246
                    \vss\hbox to \slidewidth%
             247
                    {\licensing\hfill\copyrightnotice\hfill\arabic{slide}\hfill\usebox{\slidelogo}}%
             248
             249
                 }%
             250 }%
```

## 4.4 Colors and Highlighting

EdN:5

Now, we set up an infrastructure for highlighting phrases in slides. Note that we use content-oriented macros for highlighting rather than directly using color markup. The first thing to to is to adapt the green so that it is dark enough for most beamers

```
251 \AtBeginDocument{%
252 \definecolor{green}{rgb}{0,.5,0}%
253 \definecolor{purple}{cmyk}{.3,1,0,.17}%
254 }%
```

 $<sup>^5\</sup>mathrm{EdNote}$ : see that we can use the themes for the slides some day. This is all fake.

We customize the \defemph, \notemph, and \stDMemph macros with colors for the use in the statements package. Furthermore we customize the \@@lec macro for the appearance of line end comments in \lec.

```
255 % \def\STpresent#1{\textcolor{blue}{#1}}
256 \def\defemph#1{{\textcolor{magenta}{#1}}}
257 \def\notemph#1{{\textcolor{magenta}{#1}}}
258 \def\stDMemph#1{{\textcolor{blue}{#1}}}
259 \def\@@lec#1{(\textcolor{green}{#1})}
260 \langle /package \langle
261 \langle *ltxml.sty \rangle
262 #DefMacro('\defemph{}','{\textcolor{magenta}{#1}}');
263 #DefMacro('\notemph{}','{\textcolor{magenta}{#1}}');
264 \langle /ltxml.sty \rangle
```

I like to use the dangerous bend symbol for warnings, so we provide it here.

\textwarning as the macro can be used quite often we put it into a box register, so that it is only loaded once.

```
265 (*package)
266 \pgfdeclareimage[width=.9em]{miko@small@dbend}{dangerous-bend}
267 \def\smalltextwarning{%
     \pgfuseimage{miko@small@dbend}%
268
     \xspace%
269
270 }%
271 \pgfdeclareimage[width=1.5em]{miko@dbend}{dangerous-bend}
272 \newrobustcmd\textwarning{%
     \raisebox{-.05cm}{\pgfuseimage{miko@dbend}}%
     \xspace%
274
275 }%
276 \pgfdeclareimage[width=2.5em]{miko@big@dbend}{dangerous-bend}%
277 \newrobustcmd\bigtextwarning{%
278 \raisebox{-.05cm}{\pgfuseimage{miko@big@dbend}}%
279
     \xspace%
280 }%
281 (/package)
282 (*ltxml.sty)
283 DefMacro('\textwarning','\@textwarning\xspace');
284 DefConstructor('\@textwarning',"");
285 (/ltxml.sty)
```

### 4.5 Front Matter, Titles, etc.

We need to redefine the frontmatter macros inherited from the beamer class for LaTeXML, since there they take an optional argument.

```
286 \*Itxml.sty\\
287 DefMacro('\title[]{}', '\@add@frontmatter{ltx:title}{#1}');
288 DefMacro('\date[]{}', '\@add@frontmatter{ltx:date}[role=creation]{#1}');
289 DefMacro('\author[]{}', sub { andSplit(T_CS('\@author'),$_[1]); });#$
290 \/Itxml.sty\\
```

Now, we specialize the slide environment that we have implemented above or inherited from seminar.cls for some abbreviations, e.g. separator slides and title slides.

```
291 (*package)
292 \ifnotes%
   \newrobustcmd\titleframe{\maketitle}%
     \newrobustcmd\titleframe{%
295
296
       \begin{frame}%
297
       \titlepage%
       \end{frame}%
298
299 }%
300 \fi%
301 \newenvironment{titleframewith}{%
     \begin{frame}%
     \titlepage%
303
304 }{%
    \end{frame}%
305
306 }%
307 \newenvironment{ttitle}{%
     \begin{center}%
309
     \LARGE%
310
     \begin{tabular}{|c|}%
     \hline%
311
312 }{%
    313
314
     \end{tabular}%
315
     \end{center}%
316
     \vspace{1ex minus 1ex}%
317 }%
318 \newenvironment{ttitlejoint}[1]{%
     \newbox\boxwith%
319
320
     \setbox\boxwith\hbox{%
321
       \begin{tabular}{c}{\em joint work with}\\#1\end{tabular}%
322
323
     \begin{center}%
     \LARGE%
324
     \begin{tabular}{c}%
325
326
     \color{red}%
327 }{%
328
     \\\box\boxwith%
     \end{tabular}%
329
     \end{center}%
330
     \vspace{1ex minus 1ex}%
331
332 }%
333 (/package)
334 (*ltxml.sty)
335 DefConstructor('\titleframe',"<omdoc:ignore>titleframe elided here</omdoc:ignore>");
336 DefEnvironment('{titleframewith}',
```

```
"<omdoc:ignore>begin elided titleframe</omdoc:ignore>"
337
                  "#body"
338
                ."<omdoc:ignore>end elided titleframe</omdoc:ignore>");
339
340 DefEnvironment('{titleslide}',"");
341 DefEnvironment('{titleslide}', "<omdoc:omgroup>#body</omdoc:omgroup>");
342 DefEnvironment('{ttitle}', "\n<dc:title>#body</dc:title>");
343 (/ltxml.sty)
344 %
         Must be first command on slide to make positioning work.
345 (*package)
346 \newrobustcmd\putgraphicsat[3]{%
    348 }%
349 \newrobustcmd\putat[2]{%
    \end{picture} (0,0) \put(\#1) \{\#2\} \end{picture} \%
351 }%
```

## 4.6 Sectioning

If the sectocframes option is set, then we make section frames.

```
352 \ifsectocframes%
     \if@part%
353
       \newcounter{mpart}%
354
       \newcounter{mchapter}%
355
       \newcounter{msection} [mchapter] %
356
357
     \else%
       \newcounter{msection}%
358
359
360
     \newcounter{msubsection}[msection]%
361
     \newcounter{msubsubsection}[msubsection]%
     \newcounter{msubsubsubsection}[msubsubsection]%
362
363
     \ifnotes\else% only in slides
364
       \renewcommand\at@begin@omgroup[3][]{%
365
         \begin{frame}%
366
         \vfill\Large\centering%
         \red{%
367
          \ifcase\section@level\or%
368
              \stepcounter{mpart}Part \Roman{mpart}\or%
369
370
              \stepcounter{mchapter}Chapter \arabic{mchapter}\or
              \stepcounter{msection}\if@part\arabic{mchapter}.\fi\arabic{msection}\or
371
372
              \stepcounter{msubsection}\if@part\arabic{mchapter}.\fi\arabic{msection}.\arabic{msubs
              \stepcounter{msubsubsection}\if@part\arabic{mchapter}.\fi\arabic{msection}.\arabic{ms
373
374
              \stepcounter{msubsubsection}\if@part\arabic{mchapter}.\fi\arabic{msection}.\arabic
           \fi% end ifcase
375
376
           \quad #3%
377
         ጉ%
378
         \vfill%
         \end{frame}%
379
       }%
380
     \fi% ifnotes
381
```

```
382 \fi% ifsectocframes 383 \langle /package \rangle
```

EdN:6

EdN:7

## 4.7 Miscellaneous

The following fixes an error I do not understand, this has something to do with beamer compatibility, which has similar definitions but only up to 1.

```
384 (*package)
385 \expandafter\def\csname Parent2\endcsname{}
386 %
        \begin{macrocode}
387 %
388 % We need to disregard the columns macros introduced by the |beamer| class
389 %
        \begin{macrocode}
390 \infty 190
     \renewenvironment{columns}{%
391
392
        \par\noindent%
393
        \begin{minipage}%
       \slidewidth\centering\leavevmode%
394
     }{%
395
       \end{minipage}\par\noindent%
396
     }%
397
     \newsavebox\columnbox%
398
     \renewenvironment{column}[1]{%
399
       \begin{lrbox}{\columnbox}\begin{minipage}{#1}%
400
401
        \end{minipage}\end{lrbox}\usebox\columnbox%
402
403
     }%
404 \fi%
405 (/package)
406 (*ltxml.sty)
407 DefEnvironment('{columns}', "#body");
408 DefEnvironment('{column}{}', "#body");
    We also need to deal with overlay specifications introduced by the beamer
 class.<sup>6</sup>
409 DefConstructor('\uncover','#1');
410 #Define a Beamer Overlay Parameter type
    DefParameterType('BeamerOverlay', sub {
      my ($gullet) = 0_;
412
      my $tok = $gullet->readXToken;
413
      if (ref $tok && ToString($tok) eq '<') {</pre>
414
        $gullet->readUntil(T_OTHER('>'));
415
      } else {
416
        $gullet->unread($tok) if ref $tok;
417
        undef; }},
418
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>EDNOTE: this is just to keep latexml quiet, no real functionality here.

 $<sup>^7{\</sup>rm EDNote}$ : Deyan: We reuse the CMP itemizations defined in the omdoc.cls.ltxml binding, adjusting the parameters to be overlay-sensitive

```
reversion=> sub {
419
    (T_OTHER('<'), $_[0]->revert, T_OTHER('>'));
420
          });
421
422
423 #Take the "from" field of the overlay range
424 sub overlayFrom {
     return "" unless defined $_[0];
     my \sigma(s_[0]); \sigma(d+)/; $1;}
426
427
428 \ \mbox{\#Reuse} the CMP itemizations, only adjust the \item constructors.
429 DefMacro('\beamer@group@item[] OptionalBeamerOverlay IfBeginFollows', sub {
     my($gullet,$tag,$overlay,$needwrapper)=@_;
     $overlay=$overlay||T_OTHER("");
     ( T_CS('\group@item@maybe@unwrap'),
432
       ($needwrapper ? (Invocation(T_CS('\beamer@group@item@wrap'),$tag,$overlay)->unlist) : ()) )
433
434 DefConstructor('\beamer@group@item@wrap {} OptionalBeamerOverlay',
          "<omdoc:omtext ?#2(overlay='&overlayFrom(#2)')()>"
435
           . "?#1(<dc:title>#1</dc:title>)()"
436
437
                 . "<omdoc:CMP>",
438
          beforeDigest=>sub {
439 Let('\group@item@maybe@unwrap','\group@item@unwrap');
440 #$_[0]->bgroup;
441 return; },
          properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
442
443 #DefConstructor('\beamer@itemize@item[] OptionalBeamerOverlay',
444 #
           "<omdoc:li ?#2(overlay='&overlayFrom(#2)')() >"
          . "?#1(<dc:title>#1</dc:title>)()",
445 #
446 #
           properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
447\ {\tt DefConstructor('\beamer@enumerate@item[] OptionalBeamerOverlay',}
          "<omdoc:li ?#2(overlay='&overlayFrom(#2)')() >"
448
         . "?#1(<dc:title>#1</dc:title>)()",
449
450
          properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
451 DefConstructor('\beamer@description@item[] OptionalBeamerOverlay',
          "<omdoc:di ?#2(overlay='&overlayFrom(#2)')() >"
452
           . "?#1(<omdoc:dt>#1</omdoc:dt>)()<omdoc:dd>", # trust di and dt to autoclose
453
          properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
454
455 \langle \text{/ltxml.sty} \rangle #$
 Now, some things that are imported from the pgf and beamer packages:
456 (*ltxml.sty)
457 DefMacro('\putgraphicsat{}{}\','\mygraphics[#2]{#3}');
458 DefMacro('\putat{}{}','#2');
459 (/ltxml.sty)
460 (*package)
461 \ifproblems%
    \newenvironment{problems}{}{}%
463 \else%
    \excludecomment{problems}%
464
465 \fi%
466 (/package)
```

```
467 \; \langle *ltxml.sty \rangle \\ 468 \; DefEnvironment('{problems}', '#body'); \\ 469 \; \langle /ltxml.sty \rangle
```

## 4.8 Support for MathHub

\mhframeimage Use the current value of \mh@currentrepos or the value of the mhrepos key if it is given in \frameimage.

```
470 \ \langle \texttt{package} \rangle \land \texttt{addmetakey} \texttt{Gin} \texttt{\{mhrepos\}}
471 (ltxml.sty)DefKeyVal('Gin', 'mhrepos', 'Semiverbatim');
472 (ltxml.sty)RawTeX('
473 (*ltxml.sty | package)
474 \newcommand\mhframeimage[2][]{%
      <text>
475
      \edef\mh@currentrepos}%
476
477
      \ifx\Gin@mhrepos\@empty%
         \frameimage[#1]{\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/source/#2}}%
479
         \frameimage[#1]{\MathHub{\Gin@mhrepos/source/#2}}%
480
      \fi%
481
482 }%
483 \langle /ltxml.sty \mid package \rangle
484 \langle ltxml.sty \rangle,;
```

### 4.9 Finale

Finally, we set the slide body font to the sans serif, and we terminate the LATEXML bindings file with a success mark for perl.

```
485 \langle package \rangle \label{eq:485} $$ {\rm lifnotes \else \fi} $$ 486 \langle ltxml.sty \mid ltxml.cls \rangle 1;
```