stex-master.sty: $STEX 2.0^*$

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Abstract

TODO

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1 Introduction

TODO

2 User commands

- √ \sTeX
- \checkmark module
- √ \importmodule
- √ \usemodule
- √ \symdecl
- √ \notation
- √ verbalizations
- ? \inputref
- ? \libinput
- $\times \ \text{\defi}$
- × \tref
- \times omgroup/omtext

3 Implementation

- $_1 \; \langle *\mathsf{package} \rangle$
- 2 **%** TODO
- 4 \DeclareOption{omdocmode}{\@modules@html@false}
- 5 % Modules:
- $6 \neq 6 \pmod$
- 7 \DeclareOption{showmods}{\mod@showtrue}
- 8 % sref:
- 9 \newif\ifextrefs\extrefsfalse
- 11 %
- $12 \ProcessOptions$
- 13 \RequirePackage{standalone}
- $14 \RequirePackage{xspace}$
- 15 \RequirePackage{metakeys}

3.1 sTeX base

The ST_EX logo:

```
16 \protected\def\stex{%
17  \@ifundefined{texorpdfstring}%
18    {\let\texorpdfstring\@firstoftwo}%
19    {}%
20    \texorpdfstring{\raisebox{-.5ex}S\kern-.5ex\TeX}{sTeX}\xspace%
21 }
22 \def\sTeX{\stex}
    and a conditional for LaTeXML:
23 \newif\if@latexml\@latexmlfalse
```

3.2 Paths and URIs

```
24 \RequirePackage{xstring}
25 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
```

\defpath

\defpath[optional argument]{macro name}{base path} defines a new macro which can take another path to formal one integrated path. For example, \MathHub in every localpaths.tex is defined as:

\defpath{MathHub}{/path/to/localmh/MathHub}

then we can use \MathHub to form other paths, for example,

\MathHub{source/smglom/sets}

```
will generate /path/to/localmh/MathHub/source/smglom/sets.
26 \newrobustcmd\defpath[3][]{%
27 \expandafter\newcommand\csname #2\endcsname[1]{#3/##1}%
28 }%
```

3.2.1 Path Canonicalization

We define two macros for changing the category codes of common characters in URIs, in particular #.

```
29 \def\pathsuris@setcatcodes{%
30
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@hash{\the\catcode'\#}%
31
       \catcode'\#=12\relax%
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@slash{\the\catcode'\/}%
32
       \catcode'\/=12\relax%
33
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@colon{\the\catcode'\:}%
34
       \catcode'\:=12\relax%
35
       \edef\pathsuris@oldcatcode@qm{\the\catcode'\?}%
36
       \catcode'\?=12\relax%
37
38 }
39 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt def}\mbox{\tt pathsuris@resetcatcodes}}\xspace \%
       \catcode'\#\pathsuris@oldcatcode@hash\relax%
40
41
       \catcode \\/\pathsuris@oldcatcode@slash\relax%
       \catcode(\:\pathsuris@oldcatcode@colon\relax%
42
       \catcode'\?\pathsuris@oldcatcode@qm\relax%
43
44 }
```

```
We define some macros for later comparison.
45 \def\@ToTop{..}
46 \def\@Slash{/}
47 \def\@Colon{:}
```

```
47 \def\@Colon{:}
         48 \def\0Space{ }
         49 \def\@QuestionMark{?}
         50 \def\@Dot{.}
         51 \catcode \&=12
         52 \def\@Ampersand{&}
         53 \catcode'\&=4
         54 \pathsuris@setcatcodes
         55 \def\@Fragment{#}
         56 \pathsuris@resetcatcodes
         57 \catcode \\.=0
         58 .catcode'.\=12
         59 .let.@BackSlash\
         60 .catcode'.\=0
         61 \catcode \\.=12
         62 \edef\old@percent@catcode{\the\catcode'\%}
         63 \catcode \\ =12
         64 \let\@Percent%
         65 \catcode'\%=\old@percent@catcode
\@cpath Canonicalizes (file) paths:
         66 \left( \frac{6}{c} \right)
                \edef\pathsuris@cpath@temp{#1}%
         67
         68
                \def\@CanPath{}%
         69
                \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash{%
         70
                  \@cpath@loop%
                  \edef\@CanPath{\@Slash\@CanPath}%
         71
                }{%
         72
                    \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp{\@Dot\@Slash}{%
         73
         74
                         \StrGobbleLeft\pathsuris@cpath@temp2[\pathsuris@cpath@temp]%
                         \@cpath@loop%
         75
         76
                    }{%
         77
                         \ifx\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Dot\else%
                         \@cpath@loop\fi%
         78
                    }%
         79
                }%
         80
                \IfEndWith\@CanPath\@Slash{%
         81
         82
                  \ifx\@CanPath\@Slash\else%
                    \StrGobbleRight\@CanPath1[\@CanPath]%
         83
                  \fi%
         84
                }{}%
         85
         86 }
         87
         88 \def\@cpath@loop{%
                \IfSubStr\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash{%
         89
         90
                    \StrCut\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a\pathsuris@cpath@temp%
```

```
\ifx\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a\@ToTop%
  91
                                               \ifx\@CanPath\@empty%
  92
                                                            \verb|\edef|@CanPath{\edge}|%
  93
                                               \else%
  94
                                                            \end{conPath} $$\end{conPath} \CanPath\CSlash\CToTop} % $$\end{conPath} $$\e
  95
                                               \fi%
  96
  97
                                               \@cpath@loop%
  98
                                   \else%
                                   \ifx\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a\@Dot%
  99
                                               \@cpath@loop%
100
                                   \else%
101
                                   \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@ToTop{%
102
                                               \StrBehind{\pathsuris@cpath@temp}{\@ToTop}[\pathsuris@cpath@temp]%
103
                                               \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@cpath@temp\@Slash{%
104
                                                            \edef\pathsuris@cpath@temp{\@CanPath\pathsuris@cpath@temp}%
105
                                               }{%
106
                                                           \ifx\@CanPath\@empty\else%
107
                                                                        108
109
                                                           \fi%
110
                                               }%
                                               \def\@CanPath{}%
111
                                               \@cpath@loop%
112
                                  }{%
113
                                               \ifx\@CanPath\@empty%
114
                                                           \edef\@CanPath{\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a}%
115
116
                                               \else%
                                                            \edef\@CanPath\\@Slash\pathsuris@cpath@temp@a}%
117
118
                                               \@cpath@loop
119
                                  }%
120
                                   \fi\fi%
121
122
                      }{
123
                                   \ifx\@CanPath\@empty%
                                               \edef\@CanPath{\pathsuris@cpath@temp}%
124
125
                                   \else%
126
                                               \edef\@CanPath{\@CanPath\@Slash\pathsuris@cpath@temp}%
                                   \fi
127
                      }%
128
129 }
```

Test:

path	canonicalized path	expected
aaa	aaa	aaa
//aaa	//aaa	//aaa
aaa/bbb	aaa/bbb	aaa/bbb
aaa/		
//aaa/bbb	//aaa/bbb	//aaa/bbb
/aaa//bbb	/bbb	/bbb
/aaa/bbb	/aaa/bbb	/aaa/bbb
aaa/bbb//ddd	aaa/ddd	aaa/ddd
aaa/bbb/./ddd	aaa/bbb/ddd	aaa/bbb/ddd
./		, ,
aaa/bbb//		

```
\cpath Implement \cpath to print the canonicalized path.
```

```
130 \newcommand\cpath[1]{%
131     \@cpath{#1}%
132     \@CanPath%
133 }
```

\path@filename

```
134 \def\path@filename#1#2{%
        \edef\filename@oldpath{#1}%
135
        \StrCount\filename@oldpath\@Slash[\filename@lastslash]%
136
        \ifnum\filename@lastslash>0%
137
            \verb|\StrBehind[\filename@lastslash] \land filename@oldpath\\ @Slash[\filename@oldpath] \% |
138
            \verb|\edef#2{\filename@oldpath}| % \\
139
        \leq \
140
            \edef#2{\filename@oldpath}%
141
        \fi%
142
143 }
Test:
```

Path: /foo/bar/baz.tex Filename: baz.tex

3.2.2 Windows

First, a conditional that tells us whether we have to use windows or unix file paths:

```
144 \newif\if@iswindows@\@iswindows@false  
145 \IfFileExists{\dev/null}{}{\@iswindows@true}}{}
```

Test:

We are on windows: no.

\windows@to@path Converts a windows-style file path to a unix-style file path:

```
146 \newif\if@windowstopath@inpath@\\ 147 \def\windows@to@path#1{
```

```
\def\windows@temp{}
                                              149
                                                                  \edef\windows@path{#1}
                                              150
                                                                  \ifx\windows@path\@empty\else
                                              151
                                                                             \verb|\expandafter| windows@path@loop| windows@path| windows@path@end| \\
                                              152
                                              153
                                              154
                                                                  \let#1\windows@temp
                                              155 }
                                              156 \end{emultiple} 156 \end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} 156 \end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultiple} windows@path@end{emultip
                                                                  \def\windows@temp@b{#2}
                                              157
                                                                  \ifx\windows@temp@b\@empty
                                              158
                                              159
                                                                             \def\windows@continue{}
                                               160
                                                                  \else
                                                                             \def\windows@continue{\windows@path@loop#2\windows@path@end}
                                              161
                                                                  \fi
                                              162
                                                                  \if@windowstopath@inpath@
                                              163
                                                                            \footnotemark{ \ \ \ } 1\C BackSlash
                                              164
                                                                                        \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp\@Slash}
                                              165
                                              166
                                                                             \else
                                              167
                                                                                        \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
                                                                             \fi
                                              168
                                                                  \else
                                              169
                                                                             \ifx#1:
                                              170
                                                                                        \edef\windows@temp{\@Slash\windows@temp}
                                              171
                                                                                        \@windowstopath@inpath@true
                                              172
                                              173
                                                                             \else
                                                                                        \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
                                              174
                                              175
                                                                             \fi
                                                                  \fi
                                              176
                                                                  \windows@continue
                                              177
                                              178 }
                                                Test:
                                                Input: C:\foo \bar .baz
                                                Output: /C/foo/bar.baz
\path@to@windows
                                                Converts a unix-style file path to a windows-style file path:
                                              179 \def\path@to@windows#1{
                                                                  \@windowstopath@inpath@false
                                              180
                                              181
                                                                  \def\windows@temp{}
                                                                  \edef\windows@path{#1}
                                              182
                                                                  \edef\windows@path{\expandafter\@gobble\windows@path}
                                              183
                                                                  \ifx\windows@path\@empty\else
                                              184
                                                                             \expandafter\path@windows@loop\windows@path\windows@path@end
                                              185
                                                                  \fi
                                              186
                                                                  \let#1\windows@temp
                                              187
                                              188 }
                                              189 \def\path@windows@loop#1#2\windows@path@end{
                                                                  \def\windows@temp@b{#2}
                                              190
                                                                  \ifx\windows@temp@b\@empty
                                              191
```

\@windowstopath@inpath@false

148

```
193
                    \else
                        \def\windows@continue{\path@windows@loop#2\windows@path@end}
            194
            195
                    \if@windowstopath@inpath@
            196
            197
                        \int ifx#1/
            198
                            \edef\windows@temp\@BackSlash}
                        \else
            199
                            \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
            200
                        \fi
            201
                    \else
            202
                        \int ifx#1/
            203
                            \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp:\@BackSlash}
            204
            205
                            \@windowstopath@inpath@true
            206
                        \else
                            \edef\windows@temp{\windows@temp#1}
            207
                        \fi
            208
                    \fi
            209
            210
                    \windows@continue
            211 }
             Test:
             Input: /C/foo/bar.baz
             Output: C:\foo\bar.baz
             3.2.3
                     Auxiliary methods
\trimstring Removes initial and trailing spaces from a string:
            212 \def\trimstring#1{%
                    \edef\pathsuris@trim@temp{#1}%
            213
            214
                    \IfBeginWith\pathsuris@trim@temp\@Space{%
                        \StrGobbleLeft\pathsuris@trim@temp1[#1]%
            215
            216
                        \trimstring{#1}%
                    }{%
            217
                        \IfEndWith\pathsuris@trim@temp\@Space{%
            218
                            \StrGobbleRight\pathsuris@trim@temp1[#1]%
            219
            220
                            \trimstring{#1}%
                        }{%
            221
            222
                            \edef#1{\pathsuris@trim@temp}%
            223
                        }%
                    }%
            224
            225 }
             Test:
             »bla blubb«
 \kpsewhich Calls kpsewhich to get e.g. system variables:
            226 \def\kpsewhich#1#2{\begingroup%
                  \edef\kpsewhich@cmd{"|kpsewhich #2"}%
                  \everyeof{\noexpand}%
            228
```

\def\windows@continue{}

192

```
\colored{catcode'}=12%
          \edef#1{\@@input\kpsewhich@cmd\@Space}%
230
          \trimstring#1%
231
          \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path#1\fi%
232
          \xdef#1{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{#1}}%
234 \endgroup}
 Test:
  /usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/etoolbox/etoolbox.sty
 3.2.4 STEX input hooks
 We determine the PWD of the current main document:
235 \edef\pwd@cmd{\if@iswindows@ -expand-var \percent CD\percent\else -var-value PWD\fi}
236 \kpsewhich\stex@maindir\pwd@cmd
237 \edef\stex@mainfile{\stex@maindir\@Slash\jobname}
238 \edef\stex@mainfile{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\stex@mainfile}}
 /home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master
         We keep a stack of \inputed files:
239 \def\stex@currfile@stack{}
240
241 \def\stex@currfile@push#1{%
               \edef\stex@temppath{#1}%
242
243
               \edef\stex@temppath{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\stex@temppath}}%
          \edef\stex@currfile@stack{\stex@currfile\ifx\stex@currfile@stack\@empty\else,\stex@currfile@s
244
          \IfBeginWith\stex@temppath\@Slash{\@cpath{\stex@temppath}}{%
245
               \@cpath{\stex@maindir\@Slash#1}%
246
247
          }
248
          \let\stex@currfile\@CanPath%
          \path@filename\stex@currfile\stex@currfilename%
249
          \StrLen\stex@currfilename[\stex@currfile@tmp]%
250
          \verb|\StrGobbleRight\stex@currfile{\the\numexpr\stex@currfile@tmp+1 } [\stex@currpath]% | $$ \color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\
251
          \global\let\stex@currfile\stex@currfile%
252
253
           \global\let\stex@currpath\stex@currpath%
254
           \global\let\stex@currfilename\stex@currfilename%
255 }
256 \def\stex@currfile@pop{%
          \ifx\stex@currfile@stack\@empty%
257
               \global\let\stex@currfile\stex@mainfile%
258
               \global\let\stex@currpath\stex@maindir%
259
260
               \global\let\stex@currfilename\jobname%
261
          \else%
               \StrCut\stex@currfile@stack,\stex@currfile\stex@currfile@stack%
262
263
               \path@filename\stex@currfile\stex@currfilename%
               \StrLen\stex@currfilename[\stex@currfile@tmp]%
264
               \StrGobbleRight\stex@currfile{\the\numexpr\stex@currfile@tmp+1 }[\stex@currpath]%
265
266
               \global\let\stex@currfile\stex@currfile%
```

229

267

\global\let\stex@currpath\stex@currpath%

```
\global\let\stex@currfilename\stex@currfilename%
              268
              269
                    \fi%
              270 }
   \stexinput Inputs a file by (if necessary) converting its path to a windows path first, and
               adding the file path to the input stack above:
              271 \def\stexinput#1{%
              272
                      \stexiffileexists{#1}{%
                        \stex@currfile@push\stex@temp@path%
              273
                        \input{\stex@currfile}%
              274
              275
                        \stex@currfile@pop%
              276
                      }%
                      {%
              277
                          \PackageError{stex}{File does not exist (#1): \stex@temp@path}{}%
              278
                      }%
              279
              280 }
              281 \def\stexiffileexists#1#2#3{%
                    \edef\stex@temp@path{#1}%
                    \if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\stex@temp@path\fi%
                    \IfFileExists\stex@temp@path{#2}{#3}%
              284
              285 }
              286 \stex@currfile@pop
               Test:
               This file: /home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master/stex-master
               A test file: /home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master/testfile.tex
               3.2.5
                       MathHub repositories
               We read the MATHHUB system variable and set \MathHub accordingly:
              287 \kpsewhich\mathhub@path{--var-value MATHHUB}
              288 \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path\mathhub@path\fi
              289 \ifx\mathhub@path\@empty%
                    \PackageWarning{stex}{MATHHUB system variable not found or wrongly set}{}
                    \defpath{MathHub}{}
              292 \else\defpath{MathHub}\mathhub@path\fi
               Test:
                /home/jazzpirate/work/MathHub
               findmanifest{\langle path \rangle} searches for a file MANIFEST.MF up and over \langle path \rangle in the
\findmanifest
               file system tree.
              293 \def\findmanifest#1{
              294
                    295
                    \ifx\@CanPath\@Slash
                      \def\manifest@mf{}
```

\edef\@findmanifest@path{\@CanPath/MANIFEST.MF}

296

297

298

299

300

\else

\else\ifx\@CanPath\@empty

\def\manifest@mf{}

```
\if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\@findmanifest@path\fi
301
       \IfFileExists{\@findmanifest@path}{
302
         %\message{MANIFEST.MF found at \@findmanifest@path}
303
         \edef\manifest@mf{\@findmanifest@path}
304
         \xdef\temp@archive@dir{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@CanPath}}
305
306
       }{
307
       \edef\@findmanifest@path{\@CanPath/META-INF/MANIFEST.MF}
308
       \if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\@findmanifest@path\fi
       \IfFileExists{\@findmanifest@path}{
309
         %\message{MANIFEST.MF found at \@findmanifest@path}
310
         \edef\manifest@mf{\@findmanifest@path}
311
312
         \xdef\temp@archive@dir{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@CanPath}}
       }{
313
       \edef\@findmanifest@path{\@CanPath/meta-inf/MANIFEST.MF}
314
       \if@iswindows@\path@to@windows\@findmanifest@path\fi
315
       \IfFileExists{\@findmanifest@path}{
316
         %\message{MANIFEST.MF found at \@findmanifest@path}
317
         \edef\manifest@mf{\@findmanifest@path}
318
319
         \xdef\temp@archive@dir{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@CanPath}}
320
       }{
         \findmanifest{\@CanPath/..}
321
322
       }}}
     \fi\fi
323
324 }
 /home/jazzpirate/work/MathHub/smglom/mv/META-INF/MANIFEST.MF
    the next macro is a helper function for parsing MANIFEST.MF
325 \def\split@manifest@key{
     \IfSubStr{\manifest@line}{\@Colon}{
326
327
         \StrBefore{\manifest@line}{\@Colon}[\manifest@key]
328
         \StrBehind{\manifest@line}{\@Colon}[\manifest@line]
329
         \trimstring\manifest@line
         \trimstring\manifest@key
330
     }{
331
         \def\manifest@key{}
332
333
     }
334 }
    the next helper function iterates over lines in MANIFEST.MF
335 \def\parse@manifest@loop{
     \ifeof\@manifest
336
     \else
337
338
       \read\@manifest to \manifest@line\relax
339
       \edef\manifest@line{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\manifest@line}}
340
       \split@manifest@key
341
       \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{id}}{
342
           \xdef\manifest@mf@id{\manifest@line}
343
```

```
}{
                344
                         % narration-base
                345
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{narration-base}}{
                346
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@narr{\manifest@line}
                347
                         }{
                348
                349
                         % namespace
                350
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{source-base}}{
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@ns{\manifest@line}
                351
                352
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{ns}}{
                353
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@ns{\manifest@line}
                354
                         }{
                355
                         % dependencies
                 356
                         \IfStrEq\manifest@key{\detokenize{dependencies}}{
                357
                             \xdef\manifest@mf@deps{\manifest@line}
                358
                         }{
                359
                         }}}}
                360
                         \parse@manifest@loop
                361
                362
                      \fi
                363 }
                  \operatorname{parsemanifest}(\operatorname{macroname}) \{ (\operatorname{path}) \}  finds MANIFEST.MF via \operatorname{findmanifest}(\operatorname{path}) \},
\parsemanifest
                  and parses the file, storing the individual fields (id, narr, ns and dependencies)
                  in \langle macroname \rangleid, \langle macroname \ranglenarr, etc.
                364 \newread\@manifest
                365 \def\parsemanifest#1#2{%
                      \gdef\temp@archive@dir{}%
                366
                       \findmanifest{#2}%
                367
                 368
                      \begingroup%
                 369
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@id{}%
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@narr{}%
                370
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@ns{}%
                371
                         \gdef\manifest@mf@deps{}%
                372
                         \openin\@manifest\manifest@mf%
                373
                374
                         \parse@manifest@loop%
                375
                         \closein\@manifest%
                      \endgroup%
                376
                      \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path\manifest@mf\fi%
                377
                      \cslet{#1id}\manifest@mf@id%
                378
                      \cslet{#1narr}\manifest@mf@narr%
                379
                      \cslet{#1ns}\manifest@mf@ns%
                380
                      \cslet{#1deps}\manifest@mf@deps%
                381
                      \ifcsvoid{manifest@mf@id}{}{%
                         \cslet{#1dir}\temp@archive@dir%
                383
                384
                      }%
                385 }
                  Test:
                  id: FOO/BAR
                  ns: http://mathhub.info/FOO/BAR
```

dir: FOO

\setcurrentreposinfo

\setcurrentreposinfo{\langle id\rangle} sets the current repository to $\langle id \rangle$, checks if the MANIFEST.MF of this repository has already been read, and if not, find it, parses it and stores the values in \currentrepos\(0 \langle id \rangle \) for later retrieval.

```
386 \def\setcurrentreposinfo#1{%
     \edef\mh@currentrepos{#1}%
387
388
     \ifx\mh@currentrepos\@empty%
389
       \edef\currentrepos@dir{\@Dot}%
390
       \def\currentrepos@narr{}%
391
       \def\currentrepos@ns{}%
392
       \def\currentrepos@id{}%
       \def\currentrepos@deps{}%
393
     \else%
394
395
     \ifcsdef{mathhub@dir@\mh@currentrepos}{%
396
       \@inmhrepostrue
397
       \edef\mh@currentrepos{#1}%
398
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@dir\csname mathhub@dir@#1\endcsname%
399
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@narr\csname mathhub@narr@#1\endcsname%
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@ns\csname mathhub@ns@#1\endcsname%
400
401
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\currentrepos@deps\csname mathhub@deps@#1\endcsname%
402
     }{%
403
       \parsemanifest{currentrepos@}{\MathHub{#1}}%
       \@setcurrentreposinfo%
404
       \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{\PackageError{stex}{No archive with %
405
         name #1 found!}{make sure that #1 is directly in your MATHHUB folder %
406
         and contains a MANIFEST.MF, either directly in #1 or in a meta-inf %
407
         subfolder.}}{\@inmhrepostrue}%
408
     }%
409
     \fi%
410
411 }
412
413 \def\@setcurrentreposinfo{%
     \edef\mh@currentrepos{\currentrepos@id}%
414
415
     \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{}{%
416
       \csxdef{mathhub@dir@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@dir}%
       \csxdef{mathhub@narr@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@narr}%
417
418
       \csxdef{mathhub@ns@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@ns}%
       \csxdef{mathhub@deps@\currentrepos@id}{\currentrepos@deps}%
419
     }%
420
421 }
 Finally – and that is the ultimate goal of all of the above, we set the current repos.
422 \newif\if@inmhrepos\@inmhreposfalse
423 \ifcsvoid{stex@maindir}{}{
424 \parsemanifest{currentrepos@}\stex@maindir
425 \@setcurrentreposinfo
426 \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{\PackageWarning{stex}{Not currently in a MathHub repository}{}}}{%
```

\message{Current repository: \mh@currentrepos}

```
429 }
                                        3.3
                                                        Modules
                                      430 \label{limited} All the limits of the 
                                      431 \def\ignorespacesandpars{\begingroup\catcode13=10\@ifnextchar\relax{\endgroup}{\endgroup}}
                                        and more adapted from http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/179016/
                                        ignore-spaces-and-pars-after-an-environment
                                      432 \def\ignorespacesandparsafterend#1\ignorespaces\fi{#1\fi\ignorespacesandpars}
                                      433 \def\ignorespacesandpars{\ifhmode\unskip\fi\@ifnextchar\par{\expandafter\ignorespacesandpars\@g
                                                 Options for the module-environment:
                                      434 \addmetakey*{module}{title}
                                      435 \addmetakey*{module}{name}
                                      436 \addmetakey*{module}{creators}
                                      437 \addmetakey*{module}{contributors}
                                      438 \addmetakey*{module}{srccite}
                                      439 \addmetakey*{module}{ns}
                                      440 \addmetakey*{module}{narr}
module@heading We make a convenience macro for the module heading. This can be customized.
                                      441 \ifdef{\thesection}{\newcounter{module}}%
                                      442 \newrobustcmd\module@heading{%
                                                  \stepcounter{module}%
                                      443
                                                  \ifmod@show%
                                      444
                                                  \noindent{\textbf{Module} \thesection.\themodule [\module@name]}%
                                      445
                                      446
                                                  \sref@label@id{Module \thesection.\themodule [\module@name]}%
                                                        \ifx\module@title\@empty :\quad\else\quad(\module@title)\hfill\\fi%
                                                 \fi%
                                      448
                                      449 }%
                                        Test:
                                        Module 3.1[Test]: Foo
                    module Finally, we define the begin module command for the module environment. Much
```

428 }

module Finally, we define the begin module command for the module environment. Much of the work has already been done in the keyval bindings, so this is quite simple.

```
450 \newenvironment{module}[1][]{%
451 \begin{@module}[#1]%
452 \module@heading% make the headings
453 \ignorespacesandpars\parsemodule@maybesetcodes}{%
454 \end{@module}%
455 \ignorespacesafterend%
456 }%
457 \ifmod@show\surroundwithmdframed{module@om@common}\fi%

Some auxiliary methods:
458 \def\g@addto@macro@safe#1#2{\ifx#1\relax\def#1{}\fi\g@addto@macro#1{#2}}
```

459 \def\addto@thismodule#1{%

```
\@ifundefined{this@module}{}{%
460
       \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\this@module{#1}%
461
     }%
462
463 }
464 \def\addto@thismodulex#1{%
465 \@ifundefined{this@module}{}{%
     \edef\addto@thismodule@exp{#1}%
466
467
     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe%
     \expandafter\this@module\expandafter{\addto@thismodule@exp}%
468
469 }}
```

Qmodule A variant of the **module** environment that does not create printed representations (in particular no frames).

To compute the $\langle uri \rangle$ of a module, \set@default@ns computes the namespace, if none is provided as an optional argument, as follows:

If the file of the module is /some/path/file.tex and we are not in a MathHub repository, the namespace is file:///some/path.

If the file of the module is /some/path/in/mathhub/repo/sitory/source/sub/file.tex and repo/sitory is an archive in the MathHub root, and the MANIFEST.MF of repo/sitory declares a namespace http://some.namespace/foo, then the namespace of the module is http://some.namespace/foo/sub.

```
470 \newif\ifarchive@ns@empty@\archive@ns@empty@false
471 \def\set@default@ns{%
     \edef\@module@ns@temp{\stex@currpath}%
472
     \if@iswindows@\windows@to@path\@module@ns@temp\fi%
473
     \archive@ns@empty@false%
474
     \ifcsvoid{mh@currentrepos}{\archive@ns@empty@true}%
475
476
     {\expandafter\ifx\csname mathhub@ns@\mh@currentrepos\endcsname\@empty\archive@ns@empty@true\f
477
     \ifarchive@ns@empty@%
478
       \edef\@module@ns@tempuri{file\@Colon\@Slash\@Slash\@module@ns@temp}%
479
     \else%
480
       \edef\@module@filepath@temppath{\@module@ns@temp}%
481
       \edef\@module@ns@tempuri{\csname mathhub@ns@\mh@currentrepos\endcsname}%
482
       \edef\@module@archivedirpath{\csname mathhub@dir@\mh@currentrepos\endcsname\@Slash source}%
483
       \edef\@module@archivedirpath{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\@module@archivedirpath}}%
484
       \IfBeginWith\@module@filepath@temppath\@module@archivedirpath{%
485
         \StrLen\@module@archivedirpath[\ns@temp@length]%
486
         \StrGobbleLeft\@module@filepath@temppath\ns@temp@length[\@module@filepath@temprest]%
487
         \edef\@module@ns@tempuri{\@module@ns@tempuri\@module@filepath@temprest}%
488
489
       }{}%
490
     \fi%
```

\IfEndWith\@module@ns@tempuri\@Slash{\StrGobbleRight\@module@ns@tempuri1[\@module@ns@tempuri]

Test:

491

492 493 }

file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master

\setkeys{module}{ns=\@module@ns@tempuri}%

If the module is not given a name, \set@next@moduleid computes one by enumeration, e.g. module0, module1, etc.

```
494 \def\set@next@moduleid{%
     \unless\ifcsname namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules\endcsname%
495
496
         \csgdef{namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules}{0}%
497
     \fi%
     \edef\namespace@currnum{\csname namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules\endcsname}%
498
     \edef\module@temp@setidname{\noexpand\setkeys{module}{name=module\namespace@currnum}}%
499
     \module@temp@setidname%
500
     \csxdef{namespace@\module@ns @unnamedmodules}{\the\numexpr\namespace@currnum+1}%
501
502 }
Test:
```

module0 module1

Finally, the <code>Qmodule</code> environment does the actual work, i.e. setting metakeys, computing namespace/id, defining <code>\thisQmodule</code>, etc.

For a module with name $\langle name \rangle$ (\module@name) and uri $\langle uri \rangle$ (\module@uri), this defines the following macros:

- \module@defs@\(\(uri\)\) that acts as a repository for semantic macros of the current module. It will be called by \importmodule to activate them.
- We will add the internal forms of the semantic macros whenever \symdef is invoked. To do this, we will need an unexpended form \this@module that expands to \module@defs@ $\langle uri \rangle$; we define it first and then initialize \module@defs@ $\langle uri \rangle$ as empty.
- $\mbox{module@names@}(uri)$ will store all symbol names declared in this module.
- \module@imports@\langle uri \rangle will store the URIs of all modules directly included in this module
- $\langle uri \rangle$ that expands to $\invoke@module{\langle uri \rangle}$ (see below).
- $\mbox{Module}\langle name \rangle$ that expands to $\mbox{} \langle uri \rangle$.

If we are currently in a mathhub repository, this information will also be stored in $\mbox{module@defs@}\langle uri\rangle$, so we can resolve includes properly when this module is activated.

```
503 \newenvironment{@module}[1][]{%
     \metasetkeys{module}{#1}%
504
     \ifcsvoid{module@name}{\let\module@name\module@id}{}% % TODO deprecate
505
     \ifx\module@ns\@empty\set@default@ns\fi%
506
     \ifx\module@narr\@empty%
507
       \setkeys{module}{narr=\module@ns}%
508
     \fi%
509
     \ifcsvoid{module@name}{\set@next@moduleid}{}%
510
     \let\module@id\module@name% % TODO deprecate
511
     \edef\module@uri{\module@ns\@QuestionMark\module@name}%
```

```
\csgdef{module@names@\module@uri}{}%
513
           \csgdef{module@imports@\module@uri}{}%
514
           \csxdef{\module@uri}{\noexpand\@invoke@module{\module@uri}}%
515
           \expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname Module\module@name\expandafter\endcsname\csname\module@name\expandafter\endcsname\csname
516
517
           \edef\this@module{%
                \expandafter\noexpand\csname module@defs@\module@uri\endcsname%
518
519
          }%
520
           \csdef{module@defs@\module@uri}{}%
           \ifcsvoid{mh@currentrepos}{}{%
521
               \@inmhrepostrue%
522
               \addto@thismodulex{\expandafter\edef\expandafter\noexpand\csname mh@old@repos@\module@uri\e:
523
                    {\noexpand\mh@currentrepos}}%
524
                \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@currentrepos}}%
525
          }%
526
527 }{%
          \if@inmhrepos%
528
          \@inmhreposfalse%
529
          \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\expandafter\noexpand\csname mh@old@repos@\m
530
531
          \fi%
532 }%
  Test:
  Module 3.2[Foo]:
  Name: Foo
  URI: file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master?Foo
  this@module: macro:->
  Faking a MathHub archive Foo/Bar with URI http://foo.bar/baz:
  Module 3.3[Foo2]:
  Name: Foo2
  URI: http://foo.bar/baz?Foo2
  this@module:\ macro:->\\ edef \\ \ mh@old@repos@http://foo.bar/baz?Foo2\ \\ \{\\ \ mh@currentrepos. \\ \ mh@currentrepos. \\ \ mh@old@repos. \\ \ mh@currentrepos. \\ \ mh@currentrepos.
  \setcurrentreposinfo \{Foo/Bar\}
  Removing the /home/jazzpirate/work/MathHub/ system variable first:
  Module 3.4[Foo]:
  Name: Foo
  URI: file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-master?Foo
  this@module: macro:->Faking a MathHub archive Foo/Bar with URI http://foo.bar/baz:
  Module 3.5[Foo2]:
  Name: Foo2
  URI: http://foo.bar/baz?Foo2
  \setcurrentreposinfo \{Foo/Bar\}
         A module with URI \langle uri \rangle and id \langle id \rangle creates two macros \langle uri \rangle and
  \Module(id), that ultimately expand to \Module(\langle uri \rangle). Currently, the
  only functionality is \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt @invoke@module}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt which}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt expands}} to the full
  uri of a module (i.e. via \Module(id)\CURI). In the future, this macro can be
```

extended with additional functionality, e.g. accessing symbols in a macro for overloaded (macro-)names.

```
533 \def\@URI{uri}
534 \def\@invoke@module#1#2{%
     \ifx\@URI#2%
536
       #1%
     \else%
537
       % TODO something else
538
       #2%
539
     \fi%
540
541 }
```

Inheritance 3.4

Selective Inclusion 3.4.1

The next great goal is to establish the \requiremodules macro, which reads an STEX file and processes all the module signature information in them, but does not produce any output. This is a tricky business, as we need to "parse" the modules and treat the module signature macros specially (we refer to this as "sms mode", since it is equivalent to what the – now deprecated – sms utility did).

In the following we introduce a lot of auxiliary functionality before we can define \requiremodules.

\parsemodule@allow*

The first step is setting up a functionality for registering \sTeX macros and environments as part of a module signature.

```
542 \neq 0
543 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed{true}
544 \def\parsemodule@allow#1{
545
     \expandafter\let\csname parsemodule@allowedmacro@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed
546 }
547 \def\parsemodule@allowenv#1{
     \expandafter\let\csname parsemodule@allowedenv@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed
548
549 }
550 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@beginstring{begin}
551 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@endstring{end}
    and now we use that to actually register all the STEX functionality as relevant
```

for sms mode.

```
552 \parsemodule@allow{symdef}
553 \parsemodule@allow{abbrdef}
554 \parsemodule@allow{importmodule}
555 \parsemodule@allowenv{module}
556 \parsemodule@allow{importmhmodule}
557 \parsemodule@allow{gimport}
558 \parsemodule@allowenv{modsig}
559 \parsemodule@allowenv{mhmodsig}
560 \parsemodule@allowenv{mhmodnl}
```

```
561 \parsemodule@allowenv{modnl}
562 \parsemodule@allow{symvariant}
563 \parsemodule@allow{symi}
564 \parsemodule@allow{symii}
565 \parsemodule@allow{symiii}
566 \parsemodule@allow{symiv}
567 \parsemodule@allow{notation}
568 \parsemodule@allow{verbalization}
569 \parsemodule@allow{symdecl}
570 %\parsemodule@allow{defi}
571 %\parsemodule@allow{defii}
572 %\parsemodule@allow{defiii}
573 %\parsemodule@allow{defiv}
574 %\parsemodule@allow{adefi}
575 %\parsemodule@allow{adefii}
576 %\parsemodule@allow{adefiii}
577 %\parsemodule@allow{adefiv}
578 %\parsemodule@allow{defis}
579 %\parsemodule@allow{defiis}
580 %\parsemodule@allow{defiiis}
581 %\parsemodule@allow{defivs}
582 %\parsemodule@allow{Defi}
583 %\parsemodule@allow{Defii}
584 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiii}
585 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiv}
586 %\parsemodule@allow{Defis}
587 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiis}
588 %\parsemodule@allow{Defiiis}
589 %\parsemodule@allow{Defivs}
```

To read external modules without producing output, \requiremodules redefines the \-character to be an active character that, instead of executing a macro, checks whether a macro name has been registered using \parsemodule@allow before selectively executing the corresponding macro or ignoring it. To produce the relevant code, we therefore define a macro \@active@slash that produces a \-character with category code 13 (active), as well as \@open@brace and \@close@brace, which produce open and closing braces with category code 12 (other).

```
590 \catcode'\.=0
591 .catcode'\.=13
592 .def.@active@slash{\}
593 .catcode'.<=1
594 .catcode'.>=2
595 .catcode'.{=12
596 .catcode'.}=12
597 .def.@open@brace<{>
598 .def.@close@brace<}>
599 .catcode'.\=0
600 \catcode'\.=12
```

```
601 \catcode'\{=1
602 \catcode'\}=2
603 \catcode'\<=12
604 \catcode'\>=12
```

The next two macros set and reset the category codes before/after sms mode.

\set@parsemodule@catcodes

```
\def\set@parsemodule@catcodes{%
605
606
         \global\catcode'\\=13%
          \global\catcode'\#=12%
607
          \global\catcode'\{=12%
608
          \global\catcode'\}=12%
609
          \global\catcode'\$=12%$
610
          \global\catcode'\^=12%
611
          \global\catcode'\_=12%
612
613
          \global\catcode'\&=12%
614
         \expandafter\let\@active@slash\parsemodule@escapechar%
     }
615
```

\reset@parsemodule@catcodes

```
616
     \def\reset@parsemodule@catcodes{%
         \global\catcode'\\=0%
617
          \global\catcode'\#=6%
618
          \global\catcode'\{=1%
619
          \global\catcode'\}=2%
620
621
          \global\catcode'\$=3%$
          \global\catcode'\^=7%
622
          \global\catcode'\_=8%
623
624
          \global\catcode'\&=4%
     }
625
```

\parsemodule@maybesetcodes

Before a macro is executed in sms-mode, the category codes will be reset to normal, to ensure that all macro arguments are parsed correctly. Consequently, the macros need to set the category codes back to sms mode after having read all arguments iff the macro got executed in sms mode. \parsemodule@maybesetcodes takes care of that.

```
626 \def\parsemodule@maybesetcodes{%
627 \if@smsmode\set@parsemodule@catcodes\fi%
628 }
```

\parsemodule@escapechar

This macro gets called whenever a \-character occurs in sms mode. It is split into several macros that parse and store characters in \parsemodule@escape@currcs until a character with category code $\neq 11$ occurs (i.e. the macro name is complete), check whether the macro is allowed in sms mode, and then either ignore it or execute it after setting category codes back to normal. Special care needs to be taken to make sure that braces have the right category codes (1 and 2 for open and closing braces, respectively) when delimiting macro arguments.

Entry point:

```
629
630 \def\parsemodule@escapechar{%
631 \def\parsemodule@escape@currcs{}%
632 \parsemodule@escape@parse@nextchar@%
633 }%
```

The next macro simply reads the next character and checks whether it has category code 11. If so, it stores it in \parsemodule@escape@currcs. Otherwise, the macro name is complete, it stores the last character in \parsemodule@last@char and calls \parsemodule@escapechar@checkcs.

```
634 \long\def\parsemodule@escape@parse@nextchar@#1{%
635
       \ifcat a#1\relax%
           \edef\parsemodule@escape@currcs{\parsemodule@escape@currcs#1}%
636
           \let\parsemodule@do@next\parsemodule@escape@parse@nextchar@%
637
638
639
         \def\parsemodule@last@char{#1}%
         \def\parsemodule@do@next{\parsemodule@escapechar@checkcs}%
640
641
642
       \parsemodule@do@next%
643 }
```

The next macro checks whether the currently stored macroname is allowed in sms mode. There are four cases that need to be considered: \begin, \end, allowed macros, and others. In the first two cases, we reinsert \parsemodule@last@char and continue with \parsemodule@escapechar@checkbeginenv or \parsemodule@escapechar@checkende respectively, to check whether the environment being openend/closed is allowed in sms mode. In both cases, \parsemodule@last@char is an open brace with category code 12. In the third case, we need to check whether \parsemodule@last@char is an open brace, in which case we call \parsemodule@converttoproperbraces otherwise, we set category codes to normal and execute the macro. In the fourth case, we just reinsert \parsemodule@last@char and continue.

```
644 \def\parsemodule@escapechar@checkcs{%
       \ifx\parsemodule@escape@currcs\parsemodule@escapechar@beginstring%
645
           \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\noexpand\parsemodule@escapechar@checkbeginenv\parsemodule@la
646
       \else%
647
           \ifx\parsemodule@escape@currcs\parsemodule@escapechar@endstring%
648
649
             \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\noexpand\parsemodule@escapechar@checkendenv\parsemodule@la
650
           \else%
               \expandafter\ifx\csname parsemodule@allowedmacro@\parsemodule@escape@currcs\endcsna
651
                    \parsemodule@escapechar@allowed%
652
                  \ifx\parsemodule@last@char\@open@brace%
653
                    \expandafter\let\expandafter\parsemodule@do@next@ii\csname\parsemodule@escape@c
654
                    \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\noexpand\parsemodule@converttoproperbraces\@open@bra
655
                  \else%
656
657
                    \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
                    \edef\parsemodule@do@next{\expandafter\noexpand\csname\parsemodule@escape@currc
658
659
660
                \else\def\parsemodule@do@next{\relax\parsemodule@last@char}\fi%
           \fi%
661
```

```
662 \fi%
663 \parsemodule@do@next%
664}
```

This macro simply takes an argument in braces (with category codes 12), reinserts it with "proper" braces (category codes 1 and 2), sets category codes back to normal and calls \parsemodule@do@next@ii, which has been \let as the macro to be executed.

```
665 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
666 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\parsemodule@converttoproperbraces%
667 \expandafter\@open@brace\expandafter#\expandafter1\@close@brace{%
668 \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
669 \parsemodule@do@next@ii{#1}%
670 }
```

The next two macros apply in the \begin and \end cases. They check whether the environment is allowed in sms mode, if so, open/close the environment, and otherwise do nothing.

Notably, \parsemodule@escapechar@checkendenv does not set category codes back to normal, since \end{environment} never takes additional arguments that need to be parsed anyway.

```
671 \expandafter\expandafter\def%
672 \expandafter\expandafter\parsemodule@escapechar@checkbeginenv%
673 \expandafter\@open@brace\expandafter#\expandafter1\@close@brace{%
       \expandafter\ifx\csname parsemodule@allowedenv@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed%
674
675
           \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
676
           \def\parsemodule@do@next{\begin{#1}}%
677
       \else%
678
           \def\parsemodule@do@next{#1}%
679
       \fi%
       \parsemodule@do@next%
680
681 }
682 \expandafter\expandafter\def%
683 \expandafter\expandafter\parsemodule@escapechar@checkendenv%
   \expandafter\@open@brace\expandafter#\expandafter1\@close@brace{%
       \expandafter\ifx\csname parsemodule@allowedenv@#1\endcsname\parsemodule@escapechar@allowed%
685
686
           %\reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
           \def\parsemodule@do@next{\end{#1}}%
687
       \else%
688
689
         \def\parsemodule@do@next{#1}%
690
       \parsemodule@do@next%
691
692 }
```

\@requiremodules

the internal version of \requiremodules for use in the *.aux file. We disable it at the end of the document, so that when the aux file is read again, nothing is loaded.

```
693 \newrobustcmd\@requiremodules[1]{%
694 \if@tempswa\requiremodules{#1}\fi%
```

695 }%

\requiremodules

This macro loads the module signatures in a file using the \requiremodules@smsmode above. We set the flag \mod@showfalse in the local group, so that the macros know now to pollute the result.

```
696 \newrobustcmd\requiremodules[1]{%
697 \mod@showfalse%
698 \edef\mod@path{#1}%
699 \edef\mod@path{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\mod@path}}%
700 \requiremodules@smsmode{#1}%
701 }%
```

\requiremodules@smsmode

this reads STEX modules by setting the category codes for sms mode, \inputting the required file and wrapping it in a \vbox that gets stored away and ignored, in order to not produce any output. It also sets \hbadness, \hfuzz and friends to values that suppress overfull and underfull hbox messages.

```
\newbox\modules@import@tempbox
702
     \def\requiremodules@smsmode#1{%
703
       \setbox\modules@import@tempbox\vbox{%
704
         \@smsmodetrue%
705
         \set@parsemodule@catcodes%
706
         \hbadness=100000\relax%
707
708
         \hfuzz=10000pt\relax%
         \vbadness=100000\relax%
709
710
         \vfuzz=10000pt\relax%
711
         \stexinput{#1.tex}%
         \reset@parsemodule@catcodes%
712
713
714
         \parsemodule@maybesetcodes%
     }
715
Test:
parsing FOO/testmodule.tex
macro:->\@invoke@module {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
master/FOO?testmodule}
```

3.4.2 importmodule

\importmodule@bookkeeping

```
716 \newif\if@importmodule@switchrepos\@importmodule@switchreposfalse
717 \def\importmodule@bookkeeping#1#2#3{%
     \@importmodule@switchreposfalse%
718
     \metasetkeys{importmodule}{#1}%
719
720
     \ifcsvoid{importmodule@mhrepos}{%
       \ifcsvoid{currentrepos@dir}{%
721
         \let\importmodule@dir\stex@maindir%
722
723
         \edef\importmodule@dir{\currentrepos@dir\@Slash source}%
724
       }%
725
```

```
}{%
              726
                      \@importmodule@switchrepostrue%
              727
                      \expandafter\let\csname importmodule@oldrepos@#2\endcsname\mh@currentrepos%
              728
                      \setcurrentreposinfo\importmodule@mhrepos%
              729
                      \edef\importmodule@dir{\currentrepos@dir\@Slash source}%
              730
              731
                    }%
              732
                    \StrCut{#2}\@QuestionMark\importmodule@subdir\importmodule@modulename%
              733
                    \ifx\importmodule@modulename\@empty%
                      \let\importmodule@modulename\importmodule@subdir%
              734
                      \let\importmodule@subdir\@empty%
              735
              736
                    \else%
              737
                      \ifx\importmodule@subdir\@empty\else%
                        \edef\importmodule@dir{\importmodule@dir\@Slash\importmodule@subdir}%
               738
               739
                    \fi%
              740
                    \begingroup#3\endgroup%
              741
                    \if@importmodule@switchrepos%
              742
                      \expandafter\setcurrentreposinfo\csname importmodule@oldrepos@#2\endcsname%
              743
              744
              745
                    \ignorespacesandpars%
              746 }
\importmodule
              747 %\srefaddidkey{importmodule}
              748 \addmetakey{importmodule}{mhrepos}
              749 \newcommand\importmodule[2][]{\@@importmodule[#1]{#2}{export}}
              750 \newcommand\@@importmodule[3][]{%
              751
                    \importmodule@bookkeeping{#1}{#2}{%
                      \@importmodule[\importmodule@dir]\importmodule@modulename{#3}%
              752
              753
                    }%
              754 }
```

\@importmodule

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\constraint}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\constraint}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\constrain$

First Ω will store the base file name with full path, then check if $\mbox{moduleQ}(\mbox{mod})$ and is defined. If this macro is defined, a module of this name has already been loaded, so we check whether the paths coincide, if they do, all is fine and we do nothing otherwise we give a suitable error. If this macro is undefined we load the path by $\mbox{requiremodules}$.

```
755 \newcommand\@importmodule[3][]{%
756 {%
     \edef\@load{#1}%
757
758
     \edef\@importmodule@name{#2}
759
     \if@smsmode\else\ifcsvoid{Module\@importmodule@name}{%
760
       \stexiffileexists\@load{\requiremodules\@load}{%
761
         \requiremodules{\@load\@Slash\@importmodule@name}%
762
       }%
     }{}\fi%
763
```

```
\ifx\@load\@empty\else%
764
                {% TODO
765
                       \edef\@path{\csname module@#2@path\endcsname}%
766 %
                      \IfStrEq\@load\@path{\relax}% if the known path is the same as the requested one do noth
767 %
                       {\PackageError{stex}% else signal an error
768 %
769 %
                           {Module Name Clash\MessageBreak%
770 %
                               A module with name #2 was already loaded under the path "\@path"\MessageBreak%
                               The imported path "\@load" is probably a different module with the\MessageBreak%
771 %
772 %
                               same name; this is dangerous -- not importing}%
                           {Check whether the Module name is correct}%
773 %
                      }%
774 %
               }%
775
           \fi%
776
            \global\let\@importmodule@load\@load%
777
778 }%
780 %\ifx\@export\@@export\export@defs{#2}\fi% export the module
781 \ifx\@export\@@export\addto@thismodulex{%
           \noexpand\@importmodule[\@importmodule@load]{#2}{noexport}%
783 }%
784 \if@smsmode\else
785 \ifcsvoid{this@module}{}{%
           \ifcsvoid{module@imports@\module@uri}{
786
                \csxdef{module@imports@\module@uri}{%
787
788
                    \csname Module#2\endcsname\@URI%
               }%
789
790
           }{%
                \csxdef{module@imports@\module@uri}{%
791
                    \csname Module#2\endcsname\@URI,%
792
                    \csname module@imports@\module@uri\endcsname%
793
               }%
794
795
          }%
796 }%
797 \fi\fi%
798 \if@smsmode\else\activate@defs{#2}\fi% activate the module
799 }%
         Test:
  \importmodule \testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimporta\testmoduleimpor
  macro:->\@invoke@module {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
  master?testmoduleimporta}
  undefined
  Test:
  \importmodule \testmoduleimportb?importb\:
  macro:->\@invoke@module {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-
  master?importb}
  macro:->\protect \bar
  Test:
  macro:->\@invoke@module {http://mathhub.info/smglom/algebra?band}
```

```
undefined
                 macro:->\@ifstar \@gimport@star \@gimport@nostar
                 To activate the \symdefs from a given module \langle mod \rangle, we call the macro
\activate@defs
                 \mbox{module@defs@}(mod). But to make sure that every module is activated only
                 once, we only activate if the macro \module@defs@(mod) is undefined, and define
                 it directly afterwards to prohibit further activations.
                800 \def\activate@defs#1{%
                801
                      \ifcsundef{Module#1}{
                        \PackageError{stex}{No module with name #1 loaded}{Probably missing an
                802
                          \detokenize{\importmodule} (or variant) somewhere?
                803
                        }
                804
                805
                      }{%
                        \ifcsundef{module@\csname Module#1\endcsname\@URI @activated}%
                806
                807
                          {\csname module@defs@\csname Module#1\endcsname\@URI\endcsname}{}%
                        \@namedef{module@\csname Module#1\endcsname\@URI @activated}{true}%
                808
                     }%
                809
                810 }%
     \usemodule \usemodule acts like \importmodule, except that it does not re-export the se-
                 mantic macros in the modules it loads.
                811 \newcommand\usemodule[2][]{\@@importmodule[#1]{#2}{noexport}}
                     Test:
                 Module 3.26[Foo]:
                 Module 3.27[Bar]: undefined
                 Module 3.28[Baz]: undefined
                 macro:->\protect \bar
\inputref@*skip
                 hooks for spacing customization, they are empty by default.
                812 \def\inputref@preskip{}
                813 \def\inputref@postskip{}
                 \inputref{\(\rho the \) current file without extension\\\} supports both absolute
                 path and relative path, meanwhile, records the path and the extension (not for
                 relative path).
                814 \newrobustcmd\inputref[2][]{%
                      \importmodule@bookkeeping{#1}{#2}{%
                815
                        %\inputreftrue
                816
                        \inputref@preskip%
                817
                        \stexinput{\importmodule@dir\@Slash\importmodule@modulename.tex}%
                818
                        \inputref@postskip%
                820
                     }%
                821 }%
```

macro:->\@invoke@module {http://mathhub.info/smglom/algebra?idempotent}

3.5 Symbols/Notations/Verbalizations

\if@symdeflocal A flag whether a symbol declaration is local (i.e. does not get exported) or not.

```
822 \neq 100
```

```
\define@in@module calls \edef\#1{#2} and adds the macro definition to \this@module
                   823 \def\define@in@module#1#2{
                        \expandafter\edef\csname #1\endcsname{#2}%
                   824
                        \edef\define@in@module@temp{%
                   825
                           \def\expandafter\noexpand\csname#1\endcsname%
                   826
                   827
                           {#2}%
                        }%
                   828
                        \if@symdeflocal\else%
                   829
                           \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri%
                   830
                           \expandafter\endcsname\expandafter{\define@in@module@temp}%
                   831
                        \fi%
                   832
                   833 }
         \symdecl
                   \symdecl[name=foo]{bar} Declares a new symbol in the current module with
                    URI \langle module-uri \rangle?foo and defines new macros \langle uri \rangle and \langle bar. If no optional
                    name is given, bar is used as a name.
                   834 \addmetakey{symdecl}{name}%
                   835 \addmetakey{symdecl}{verbalization}%
                   836
                   837 % constructs a symbol name and a verbalization by splitting at exclamation
                   838 % points - e.g. \symdecl{symmetric!group} leads to name=symmetric-group
                   839 % and verbalization "symmetric group".
                   840 \def\symdecl@constructname#1{%
                        \def\symdecl@name{}%
                        \def\symdecl@verb{}%
                   842
                        \edef\symdecl@tempname{#1}%
                   843
                        \symdecl@constructname@loop%
                   844
                   845 }
                   846
                   847 \def\symdecl@constructname@loop{%
                        \ifx\symdecl@tempname\@empty\else%
                   849
                           \StrCut\symdecl@tempname!\symdecl@tempfirst\symdecl@tempname%
                   850
                           \ifx\symdecl@name\@empty%
                             \let\symdecl@name\symdecl@tempfirst%
                   851
                            \let\symdecl@verbalization\symdecl@tempfirst%
                   852
                             \symdecl@constructname@loop%
                   853
                   854
                           \else%
                            \edef\symdecl@name{\symdecl@name-\symdecl@tempfirst}%
                   855
                            \edef\symdecl@verbalization{\symdecl@verbalization\@Space\symdecl@tempfirst}%
                   856
                            \symdecl@constructname@loop%
                   857
                          \fi%
                   858
                        \fi%
                   859
                   860 }
                   862 \newcommand\symdecl[2][]{%
                        \ifcsdef{this@module}{%
                   863
```

\metasetkeys{symdecl}{#1}%

864

```
\ifcsvoid{symdecl@name}{%
                         865
                                  \ifcsvoid{symdecl@verbalization}{%
                         866
                                     \symdecl@constructname{#2}%
                         867
                                  }{%
                         868
                                     \edef\symdecl@name{#2}%
                         869
                                  }%
                         870
                         871
                                }{%
                                  \ifcsvoid{symdecl@verbalization}{\edef\symdecl@verbalization{#2}}{}%
                         872
                                }%
                         873
                                \edef\symdef@uri{\module@uri\@QuestionMark\symdecl@name}%
                         874
                                \ifcsvoid{\symdef@uri}{
                         875
                                  \ifcsvoid{module@names@\module@uri}{%
                         876
                                    \csxdef{module@names@\module@uri}{\symdecl@name}%
                         878
                                    \csxdef{module@names@\module@uri}{\symdecl@name,%
                         879
                                       \csname module@names@\module@uri\endcsname}%
                         880
                                  }%
                         881
                                }{%
                         882
                         883
                                % not compatible with circular dependencies, e.g. test/omdoc/07-modules/smstesta.tex
                         884
                                  \PackageWarning{stex}{symbol already defined: \symdef@uri}{%
                                    You need to pick a fresh name for your symbol%
                         885
                                  }%
                         886
                                }%
                         887
                                \define@in@module\symdef@uri{\noexpand\@invoke@symbol{\symdef@uri}}%
                         888
                                \define@in@module{#2}{\noexpand\@invoke@symbol{\symdef@uri}}%
                         889
                                \global\expandafter\let\csname\symdef@uri\@Fragment verb\@Fragment\endcsname\symdecl@verbal
                         890
                         891
                                \PackageError{stex}{\detokenize{\symdecl} not in a module}{You need to be in a module%
                         892
                                in order to declare a new symbol}
                         893
                         894
                              \if@insymdef@\else\parsemodule@maybesetcodes\fi%
                         895
                         896 }
                          Test:
                          Module 3.29[foo]: \symdecl {bar}
                          Yields:\ macro:->\\@invoke@symbol {file:///home/jazzpirate/work/Software/ext/sTeX/sty/stex-property}.
                          master?foo?bar}
                          3.5.1
                                 Notations
                         This macro searches for the full URI given a symbol name and stores it in
\modules@getURIfromName
                          \notation@uri. Used by e.g. \notation[...] {foo}{...} to figure out what
                          symbol foo refers to:
                         897 \def\modules@getURIfromName#1{%
                              \def\notation@uri{}%
                         898
                              \edef\modules@getURI@name{#1}%
                         899
                              \if@isuri\modules@getURI@name{%
                         900
```

\let\notation@uri\isuri@uri%

\ifcsvoid{this@module}{}{%

901 902 903

```
\expandafter\modules@getURIfromModule\expandafter{\module@uri}%
904
         \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
905
           \edef\modules@getURI@modules{\csname module@imports@\module@uri\endcsname}%
906
           \expandafter\@for\expandafter\@I\expandafter:\expandafter=\modules@getURI@modules\do{%
907
              \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
908
909
                \expandafter\modules@getURIfromModule\expandafter{\@I}%
910
             \fi%
           }%
911
         \fi%
912
         \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
913
           \def\notation@extract@uri@currcs{}%
914
915
           \notation@extracturifrommacro{#1}%
         \fi%
916
         \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
917
           \PackageError{stex}{No symbol with name, URI or macroname \detokenize{#1} found!}{}}
918
         \fi%
919
       }%
920
     }%
921
922 }
923
924 \def\if@isuri#1#2#3{%
     \StrCount{#1}\@QuestionMark[\isuri@number]%
925
     \ifnum\isuri@number=1 %
926
       \StrCut{#1}\@QuestionMark\@isuri@mod\@isuri@name%
927
       \ifcsvoid{Module\@isuri@mod}{#3}{%
928
929
         \edef\isuri@uri{\csname Module\@isuri@mod\endcsname\@URI\@QuestionMark\@isuri@name}%
         #2%
930
       }%
931
     \else%
932
       \ifnum\isuri@number=2 %
933
         \edef\isuri@uri{#1}#2\else#3%
934
935
       \fi%
936
     fi%
937 }
938
939 \def\modules@getURIfromModule#1{%
     \edef\modules@getURI@names{\csname module@names@#1\endcsname}%
940
     \expandafter\@for\expandafter\@I\expandafter:\expandafter=%
941
942
     \modules@getURI@names\do{%
       \ifx\notation@uri\@empty%
943
944
         \ifx\@I\modules@getURI@name%
           \edef\notation@uri{#1\@QuestionMark\@I}%
945
         \fi%
946
       \fi%
947
948
     }%
949 }
950
951 % extracts the full URI from \foo or anything being \ifx-equal to \foo,
952 % by expanding until we reach \@invoke@symbol{<uri>}
953 \def\notation@extracturifrommacro#1{%
```

```
\left\{ \frac{41}{3} \right\}
          954
                  \expandafter\let\expandafter\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\csname#1\endcsname%
          955
                 \ifx\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\notation@extract@uri@currcs\else%
          956
                   \let\notation@extract@uri@currcs\notation@extract@uri@nextcs%
          957
                    \expandafter\notation@extract@uriII\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\notation@end%
          958
          959
                  \fi%
          960
               }%
          961 }
          962 \long\def\notation@extract@uriII#1#2\notation@end{%
               \def\notation@extract@check@temp{#2}
          963
               \ifx\@invoke@symbol#1%
          964
          965
                 \edef\notation@uri{#2}%
               \else%
          966
                 \ifx\notation@extract@check@temp\@empty\else%
          967
                   \expandafter\def\expandafter\notation@extract@uri@nextcs\expandafter{#1{#2}}%
          968
                   \notation@extract@uri{notation@extract@uri@nextcs}%
          969
          970
               fi%
          971
          972 }
         Adds a new notation to a symbol foo, as in: \notation[lang=en,arity=0,variant=op]{foo}{...}
\notation
           \notation[variant=bar]{foo}[2]{...}\notation[args=aia,prec=500;50x49x51]{foo}{#1 bla #2
              TODO with brackets, e.g. \mbox{notation[withbrackets={\langle,\rangle}]{foo}{...}}
          973 \newif\if@inverbalization\@inverbalizationfalse
          974 % parses the first two arguments:
          975 \providerobustcmd\notation[2][]{%
          976
               \edef\notation@first{#1}%
               \edef\notation@second{#2}%
          977
          978
               \notation@%
          979 }
          980
          981 \providerobustcmd\verbalization{%
               \@inverbalizationtrue%
               \notation%
          983
          984 }
          985
          986\ \% parses the last two arguments
          987 \newcommand\notation@[2][0]{%
          988
               \edef\notation@donext{\noexpand\notation@@[\notation@first]%
          989
                  {\notation@second}[#1]}%
               \notation@donext{#2}%
          990
          991 }
          992
          993 % parses the notation arguments and wraps them in
          994 % \notation@assoc and \notation@argprec for flexary arguments and precedences
          995 \def\notation@@[#1]#2[#3]#4{%
               \modules@getURIfromName{#2}%
          996
               \notation@parse@params{#1}{#3}
          997
               \let\notation@curr@todo@args\notation@curr@args%
          998
```

```
\def\notation@temp@notation{}%
999
      \StrLen\notation@curr@args[\notation@temp@arity]%
1000
      1001
        \expandafter[\notation@temp@arity]{#4}%
1002
     % precedence
1003
1004
      \IfSubStr\notation@curr@precs;{%
1005
        \StrCut\notation@curr@precs;\notation@curr@prec\notation@curr@precs%
        \ifx\notation@curr@prec\@empty\def\notation@curr@prec{0}\fi%
1006
     }{%
1007
        \ifx\notation@curr@precs\@empty%
1.008
          \ifnum\notation@temp@arity=0\relax%
1009
1010
            \edef\notation@curr@prec{\infprec}%
          \else%
1011
            \def\notation@curr@prec{0}%
1012
          \fi%
1013
        \else%
1014
          \edef\notation@curr@prec{\notation@curr@precs}%
1015
          \def\notation@curr@precs{}%
1016
1017
        \fi%
1018
     }%
1019
     % arguments
      \def\notation@curr@extargs{}
1020
      \def\notation@nextarg@index{1}%
1021
      \notation@do@args%
1022
1023 }
1024
1025 % parses additional notation components for (associative) arguments
1026 \def\notation@do@args{%
      \def\notation@nextarg@temp{}%
1027
      \ifx\notation@curr@todo@args\@empty%
1028
        \notation@after%
1029
1030
     \else%
1031
        % argument precedence
        \IfSubStr\notation@curr@precs{x}{%
1032
1033
          \StrCut\notation@curr@precs{x}\notation@curr@argprec\notation@curr@precs%
1034
        }{%
          \edef\notation@curr@argprec{\notation@curr@precs}%
1035
1036
          \def\notation@curr@precs{}%
1037
        \ifx\notation@curr@argprec\@empty%
1038
1039
          \let\notation@curr@argprec\notation@curr@prec%
1040
        \StrChar\notation@curr@todo@args1[\notation@argchar]%
1041
        \StrGobbleLeft\notation@curr@todo@args1[\notation@curr@todo@args]%
1042
1043
        \expandafter\ifx\notation@argchar i%
1044
          % normal argument
1045
          \edef\notation@nextarg@temp{{\noexpand\notation@argprec{\notation@curr@argprec}{#######\.
1046
          \edef\notation@nextarg@index{\the\numexpr\notation@nextarg@index+1 }
1047
          \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\expandafter\notation@curr@extargs%
1048
            \expandafter{\notation@nextarg@temp}%
```

```
\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\notation@do@args%
1049
                  \else%
1050
                     % associative argument
1051
                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\notation@parse@assocarg%
1052
1053
1054
             \fi%
1055 }
1056
1057 \def\notation@parse@assocarg#1{%
             \verb|\ef| notation@nextarg@temp{{\notation@argprec{\notation@curr@argprec}{\notation@curr@argprec}}| noexpand \verb|\notation@argprec|| notation@curr@argprec|| notation@curr@argpr
1058
             \edef\notation@nextarg@index{\the\numexpr\notation@nextarg@index+1 }%
1059
             \expandafter\g@addto@macro@safe\expandafter\notation@curr@extargs%
1060
             \expandafter{\notation@nextarg@temp}%
1061
             \notation@do@args%
1062
1063 }
1064
1065 \protected\def\safe@newcommand#1{\%
             \ifdefined#1\expandafter\renewcommand\else\expandafter\newcommand\fi#1%
1066
1067 }
1068
1069 % finally creates the actual macros
1070 \def\notation@after{
             \let\ex\expandafter%
             \ex\ex\ex\def\ex\ex\notation@temp@notation\ex\ex\ex\
1072
1073
                  {\ex\notation@temp@notation\notation@curr@extargs}%
1074
             \edef\notation@temp@notation{\noexpand\notation@symprec{\notation@curr@prec}{\ex\unexpanded\e
             \def\notation@temp@fragment{}%
1075
1076
             \ifx\notation@curr@arity\@empty\else%
                  \edef\notation@temp@fragment{arity=\notation@curr@arity}
1077
             \fi%
1078
             \ifx\notation@curr@lang\@empty\else%
1079
1080
                 \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
1081
                      \edef\notation@temp@fragment{lang=\notation@curr@lang}%
1082
                  \else%
1083
                     \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand lang=\notation@curr@lang}
1084
                 \fi%
             \fi%
1085
             \ifx\notation@curr@variant\@empty\else%
1086
                  \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
1087
                      \edef\notation@temp@fragment{variant=\notation@curr@variant}%
1088
1089
                 \else%
                     \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand variant=\notation@curr@va
1090
                 \fi%
1091
             \fi%
1092
1093
             \if@inverbalization\@inverbalizationfalse\verbalization@final%
1094
             \else\notation@final\fi%
1095
             \parsemodule@maybesetcodes%
1096 }
1097
```

1098 \def\notation@final{%

```
\edef\notation@csname{\notation@uri\@Fragment\notation@temp@fragment}%
1099
      \ifcsvoid{\notation@csname}{%
1100
        \ex\ex\ex\ex\ex\ex\notation@csname%
1101
          \ex\ex\ex\endcsname\ex\ex\ex[\ex\notation@temp@arity\ex]%
1102
          \ex{\notation@temp@notation}%
1103
        \edef\symdecl@temps{%
1104
1105
          \noexpand\safe@newcommand\ex\noexpand\csname\notation@csname\endcsname[\notation@temp@ari
1106
        \ex\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri\ex\endcsname\ex{\symdecl@temps}%
1107
        \ex\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri\ex\endcsname\ex{\ex{\notation@temp@no
1108
1109
        \PackageWarning{stex}{notation already defined: \notation@csname}{%
1110
          Choose a different set of notation options (variant, lang, arity)%
1111
        }%
1112
      }%
1113
1114 }
1115
1116 \def\verbalization@final{%
      \edef\notation@csname{\notation@uri\@Fragment verb\@Fragment\notation@temp@fragment}%
1118
      \ifcsvoid{\notation@csname}{%
1119
        \ex\ex\ex\ex\ex\ex\newcommand\ex\ex\ex\csname\ex\ex\notation@csname%
          \ex\ex\ex\endcsname\ex\ex\ex[\ex\notation@temp@arity\ex]%
1120
          \ex{\notation@temp@notation}%
1121
        \edef\symdecl@temps{%
1122
1123
          \noexpand\safe@newcommand\ex\noexpand\csname\notation@csname\endcsname[\notation@temp@ari
1124
        \ex\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri\ex\endcsname\ex{\symdecl@temps}%
1125
1126
        \ex\g@addto@macro@safe\csname module@defs@\module@uri\ex\endcsname\ex{\ex{\notation@temp@no
1127
        \PackageWarning{stex}{verbalization already defined: \notation@csname}{%
1128
          Choose a different set of verbalization options (variant, lang, arity)%
1129
1130
        }%
1131
      }%
1132 }
1133
1134 % parses optional parameters
1135 \def\notation@parse@params#1#2{%
      \def\notation@curr@precs{}%
      \def\notation@curr@args{}%
1137
      \def\notation@curr@variant{}%
1138
1139
      \def\notation@curr@arity{}%
      \def\notation@curr@provided@arity{#2}
1140
      \def\notation@curr@lang{}%
1141
      \def\notation@options@temp{#1}
1142
1143
      \notation@parse@params@%
1144
      \ifx\notation@curr@args\@empty%
1145
        \ifx\notation@curr@provided@arity\@empty%
1146
          \notation@num@to@ia\notation@curr@arity%
        \else%
1147
          \verb|\notation@num@to@ia\notation@curr@provided@arity\%| \\
1148
```

```
\fi%
1149
      \fi%
1150
1151 }
1152 \def\notation@parse@params@{%
      \IfSubStr\notation@options@temp,{%
1154
        \StrCut\notation@options@temp,\notation@option@temp\notation@options@temp%
1155
        \notation@parse@param%
1156
        \notation@parse@params@%
      }{\ifx\notation@options@temp\@empty\else%
1157
        \let\notation@option@temp\notation@options@temp%
1158
        \notation@parse@param%
1159
1160
      fi}%
1161 }
1162
1163 %parses an individual optional argument/key-value-pair
1164 \def\notation@parse@param{%
      \verb|\trimstring| notation@option@temp||
      \ifx\notation@option@temp\@empty\else%
1166
1167
        \IfSubStr\notation@option@temp={%
1168
          \StrCut\notation@option@temp=\notation@key\notation@value%
1169
          \trimstring\notation@key%
          \trimstring\notation@value%
1170
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{prec}{%
1171
            \edef\notation@curr@precs{\notation@value}%
1172
1173
1174
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{args}{%
            \edef\notation@curr@args{\notation@value}%
1175
1176
          }{%
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{lang}{%
1177
            \edef\notation@curr@lang{\notation@value}%
1178
1179
          }{%
1180
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{variant}{%
1181
            \edef\notation@curr@variant{\notation@value}%
          }{%
1182
          \IfStrEq\notation@key{arity}{%
1183
            \edef\notation@curr@arity{\notation@value}%
1184
          }{%
1185
          }}}}%
1186
1187
        }{%
            \edef\notation@curr@variant{\notation@option@temp}%
1188
1189
        }%
1190
      \fi%
1191 }
1192
1193 % converts an integer to a string of 'i's, e.g. 3 => iii,
1194 % and stores the result in \notation@curr@args
1195 \def\notation@num@to@ia#1{%
1196
      \IfInteger{#1}{
1197
        \notation@num@to@ia@#1%
     }{%
1198
```

```
1199
     }%
1200
1201 }
1202 \def\notation@num@to@ia@#1{%
      \ifnum#1>0%
1203
1204
        \edef\notation@curr@args{\notation@curr@args i}%
1205
        \expandafter\notation@num@to@ia@\expandafter{\the\numexpr#1-1\@Space}%
1206
      \fi%
1207 }
     The following macros take care of precedences, parentheses/bracketing, asso-
 ciative (flexary) arguments etc. in presentation:
1208 \def\notation@assoc#1#2{% function, argv
      \let\@tmpop=\relax% do not print the function the first time round
1209
      1210
1211
        % write the i-th argument with locally updated precedence
1212
        \def\@tmpop{#1}%
1213
1214
     }%
1215 }%
1216
1217 \def\notation@lparen{(}
1218 \def\notation@rparen{)}
1219 \def\infprec{1000000}
1220 \def\neginfprec{-\infprec}
1221
1222 \newcount\notation@downprec
1223 \notation@downprec=\neginfprec
1224
1225 % patching displaymode
1226 \newif\if@displaymode\@displaymodefalse
1227 \expandafter\everydisplay\expandafter{\the\everydisplay\@displaymodetrue}
1228 \let\old@displaystyle\displaystyle
1229 \def\displaystyle{\old@displaystyle\@displaymodetrue}
1230
1231 \def\dobrackets#1{% avoiding groups at all costs to ensure \parray still works!
1232
      \def\notation@innertmp{#1}%
      \let\ex\expandafter%
1233
      \if@displaymode%
1234
        \ex\ex\ex\ex\notation@lparen%
1235
        \ex\notation@resetbrackets\ex\notation@innertmp%
1236
1237
        \ex\right\notation@rparen%
1238
      \else%
        \ex\ex\ex\notation@lparen%
1239
1240
        \ex\notation@resetbrackets\ex\notation@innertmp%
        \notation@rparen%
1241
      \fi%
1242
1243 }
1244
1245 \det \text{withbrackets} 1#2#3{\%}
```

```
\edef\notation@lparen{#1}%
                1246
                      \edef\notation@rparen{#2}%
                1247
                      #3%
                1248
                      \notation@resetbrackets%
                1249
               1250 }
                1251
               1252 \def\notation@resetbrackets{%
                      \def\notation@lparen{(}%
               1253
                      \def\notation@rparen{)}%
                1254
               1255 }
               1256
                1257 \def\notation@symprec#1#2{%
                      \ifnum#1>\notation@downprec\relax%
                        \notation@resetbrackets#2%
                1259
                      \else%
                1260
                        \ifnum\notation@downprec=\infprec\relax%
                1261
                          \notation@resetbrackets#2%
                1262
                1263
                        \else
                1264
                          \if@inparray@
                1265
                            \notation@resetbrackets#2
                          \else\dobrackets{#2}\fi%
                1266
                1267
                      \fi\fi%
               1268 }
               1269
                1270 \newif\if@inparray@\@inparray@false
               1271
                1272 \def\notation@argprec#1#2{%
                      \def\notation@innertmp{#2}
                1273
                      \edef\notation@downprec@temp{\number#1}%
                1274
                      \notation@downprec=\expandafter\notation@downprec@temp%
                1275
                      \expandafter\relax\expandafter\notation@innertmp%
                1276
                1277
                      \expandafter\notation@downprec\expandafter=\number\notation@downprec\relax%
                1278 }
                after \symdecl{foo}, \foo expands to \@invoke@symbol{<uri>}:
\@invoke@symbol
                1279 \protected\def\@invoke@symbol#1{%
                1280
                      \def\@invoke@symbol@first{#1}%
                1281
                      \symbol@args%
                1282 }
                     takes care of the optional notation-option-argument, and either invokes
                 \@invoke@symbol@math for symbolic presentation or \@invoke@symbol@text for
                 verbalization (TODO)
                1283 \newcommand\symbol@args[1][]{%
                1284
                      \notation@parse@params{#1}{}%
                1285
                      \def\notation@temp@fragment{}%
                1286
                      \ifx\notation@curr@arity\@empty\else%
                1287
                        \edef\notation@temp@fragment{arity=\notation@curr@arity}%
               1288
                      \fi%
                1289
                      \ifx\notation@curr@lang\@empty\else%
```

```
\ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
1290
          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{lang=\notation@curr@lang}%
1291
        \else%
1292
          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand lang=\notation@curr@lang}
1293
1294
        \fi%
1295
      \fi%
1296
      \ifx\notation@curr@variant\@empty\else%
1297
        \ifx\notation@temp@fragment\@empty%
          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{variant=\notation@curr@variant}%
1298
        \else%
1299
          \edef\notation@temp@fragment{\notation@temp@fragment\@Ampersand variant=\notation@curr@va
1300
1301
        \fi%
1302
      \fi%
1303
      \ifmmode\def\invoke@symbol@next{\@invoke@symbol@math\@invoke@symbol@first\notation@temp@fragm
1304
      \else\def\invoke@symbol@next{\@invoke@symbol@text\@invoke@symbol@first\notation@temp@fragment
1305
      \invoke@symbol@next%
1306
1307 }
     This finally gets called with both uri and notation-option, convenient for e.g.
 a LaTeXML binding:
1308 \def\@invoke@symbol@math#1#2{%
     \csname #1\@Fragment#2\endcsname%
1310 }
    TODO:
1311 \def\@invoke@symbol@text#1#2{%
        \csname #1\@Fragment verb\@Fragment#2\endcsname%
1312
1313 }
    TODO: To set notational options (globally or locally) generically:
1314 \def\setstexlang#1{%
     \def\stex@lang{#1}%
1316 }%
1317 \setstexlang{en}
1318 \def\setstexvariant#1#2{%
     % TODO
1319
1320 }
1321 \def\setstexvariants#1{%
     \def\stex@variants{#1}%
1323 }
     Test:
 Module 3.30[FooBar]: \symdecl {barbar}
  \notation [arity=0]{barbar}{psi}
  \notation [arity=0, variant=cap]{barbar}{Psi}
  \notation [variant=cap]{barbar}[1]{\barbar [arity=0,variant=cap] \dobrackets {\##1}}
```

```
\Lambda 
\scriptstyle \ barbar [variant=cap]{A}$: \Psi(A)
\symdecl {plus}
  \symdecl {times}
  \symdecl {vara}
  \symdecl {varb}
  \symdecl {varc}
  \symdecl {vard}
  \symdecl {vare}
  \quad \text{(vare)}\{e\}
 \notation [prec=500;500,args=a]{plus}{\langle withbrackets \ langle \ \{\#1\}}{+}
\noindent [prec=600;600,args=a]{times}{\##1}{\cdot}
\star \ {\frac \vara \varb ,\plus {\frac \vara \varb },\times {\varc \vara \varb },\times {\varc \varb },\times {\varc \varb }
\frac{a}{b} \cdot \left(\frac{a}{\frac{a}{b}} + c \cdot (d+e)\right)
\[\times {\frac \vara \varb ,\plus {\frac \vara \varb },\times {\varc \vara \varb },\times {\varc \varb },\times {\varc \varb },\times {\varc \varb \varb },\times {\varc \varb \var
\frac{a}{b} \cdot \left( \frac{a}{\frac{a}{b}} + c \cdot (d+e) \right)
```

3.6 Term References

foo bar

```
\ifhref
```

```
1324 \newif\ifhref\hreffalse%
1325 \AtBeginDocument{%
1326 \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{%
1327 \hreftrue%
1328 }{%
1329 \hreffalse%
1330 }%
1331 }
```

\termref@maketarget This macro creates a hypertarget $sref@\langle symbol\ URI\rangle$ @target and defines \sref@\langle symbol\ URI\\#1 to create a hyperlink to here on the text #1.

1332 \def\termref@maketarget#1#2{%

```
1333
               % #1: symbol URI
         1334
               % #2: text
         1335
                \ifhref%
                  \hypertarget{sref@#1@target}{#2}%
         1336
         1337
         1338
                \expandafter\edef\csname sref@#1\endcsname##1{%
         1339
                  \ifhref\noexpand\hyperlink{sref@#1@target}{##1}\fi%
               }%
         1340
         1341 }
\@termref
         1342 \def\@termref#1#2{%
               % #1: symbol URI
               % #2: text
         1344
         1345
               \ifcvoid{#1}{%
                  \StrCut{#1}\@QuestionMark\termref@mod\termref@name%
         1346
                  \ifcsvoid{\termref@mod}{%
         1347
                    \PackageError{stex}{Term reference: Module with URI \termref@mod\ not found}{}%
         1348
         1349
                    \PackageError{stex}{Term reference: Module \termref@mod\ exists, but %
         1350
         1351
                      contains no symbol with name \termref@name.%
         1352
                    }{}%
         1353
                  }%
               }{%
         1354
                  \ifcsvoid{sref@#1}{%
         1355
                    % TODO: No reference point exists!
         1356
         1357
                  }{%
         1358
                    \csname sref@#1\endcsname{#2}%
                  }%
         1359
               }%
         1360
         1361 }
```

3.7 sref

We find out whether the hyperref package is loaded, since we may want to use it for cross-references, for which we set up some internal macros that gracefully degrade if hyperref is not loaded.

\sref@*@ifh

```
1362 \newif\ifhref\hreffalse%
1363 \AtBeginDocument{%
1364 \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{%
1365 \hreftrue%
1366 }{%
1367 \hreffalse%
1368 }%
1369 }%
1370 \newcommand\sref@href@ifh[2]{%
1371 \ifhref%
```

```
\href{#1}{#2}%
1372
1373
      \else%
        #2%
1374
      \fi%
1375
1376 }%
1377 \newcommand\sref@hlink@ifh[2]{%
1378
      \ifhref%
         \hyperlink{#1}{#2}%
1379
      \else%
1380
        #2%
1381
      \fi%
1382
1383 }%
1384 \newcommand\sref@target@ifh[2]{%
      \ifhref%
1385
         \hypertarget{#1}{#2}%
1386
      \else%
1387
        #2%
1388
      \fi%
1389
1390 }%
```

Then we provide some macros for STFX-specific crossreferencing

\sref@target The next macro uses this and makes an target from the current sref@id declared by a id key.

```
1391 \def\sref@target{%
1392 \ifx\sref@id\@empty%
1393 \relax%
1394 \else%
1395 \edef\@target{sref@\ifcsundef{sref@part}{}\sref@part @}\sref@id @target}%
1396 \sref@target@ifh\@target{}%
1397 \fi%
1398 }%
```

\srefaddidkey

\srefaddidkey[\langle keyval\rangle] \{\langle group\rangle}\ extends the metadata keys of the group \langle group\rangle with an id key. In the optional key/value pairs in \langle keyval\rangle the prefix key can be used to specify a prefix. Note that the id key defined by \srefaddidkey[\langle keyval\rangle] \{\langle group\rangle\}\ not only defines \sref@id, which is used for referencing by the sref package, but also \\\langle group\rangle @id, which is used for showing metadata via the showmeta option of the metakeys package.

```
1399 \addmetakey{srefaddidkey}{prefix}
1400 \verb|\newcommand\srefaddidkey[2][]{%}
      \metasetkeys{srefaddidkey}{#1}%
1401
      \@metakeys@ext@clear@keys{#2}{sref@id}{}% id cannot have a default
1402
      \metakeys@ext@clear@keys{#2}{id}{}%
1403
      \metakeys@ext@showkeys{#2}{id}%
1404
      \define@key{#2}{id}{%
1405
        \edef\sref@id{\srefaddidkey@prefix ##1}%
1406
        %\expandafter\edef\csname #20id\endcsname{\srefaddidkey@prefix ##1}%
1407
        \csedef{#2@id}{\srefaddidkey@prefix ##1}%
1408
```

```
1409 }%
              1410 }%
    \@sref@def This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
              1411 \newcommand\@sref@def[3]{\csgdef{sref@#1@#2}{#3}}
                   The next step is to set up a file to which the references are written, this is
                normally the .aux file, but if the extref option is set, we have to use an .ref file.
              1412 \ifextrefs%
              1413 \newwrite\refs@file%
              1414 \else%
              1415 \def\refs@file{\@auxout}%
              1416 \fi%
     \sref@def This macro writes an \@sref@def command to the current aux file and also exe-
                cutes it.
              1417 \newcommand\sref@def[3]{%
              1418 \quad \texttt{\protected@write\refs@file{}{\string\@sref@def{#1}{#2}{\#3}}{\%}
              1419 }%
   \sref@label The \sref@label macro writes a label definition to the auxfile.
              1420 \newcommand\sref@label[2]{%
              1421 \sref@def{\ifcsundef{sref@part}{}{\sref@part @}#2}{page}{\thepage}%
              1423 }%
    \sreflabel The \sreflabel macro is a semantic version of \label, it combines the catego-
                rization given in the first argument with LATEX's \@currentlabel.
              1424 \newcommand\sreflabel[2]{\sref@label{#1 \@currentlabel}{#2}}
\sref@label@id The \sref@label@id writes a label definition for the current \sref@id if it is
                defined.
              1425 \def\sref@id{} % make sure that defined
              1426 \newcommand\sref@label@id[1]{%
              1427
                    \ifx\sref@id\@empty%
              1428
                      \relax%
              1429
                    \else%
              1430
                      \sref@label{#1}{\sref@id}%
```

\sref@label@id@arg The \sref@label@id@arg writes a label definition for the second argument if it is defined.

```
1433 \newcommand\sref@label@id@arg[2]{%
1434  \def\@@id{#2}
1435  \ifx\@@id\@empty%
1436  \relax%
1437  \else%
```

\fi%

1431 \\ 1432 **}**%

```
1438 \sref@label{#1}{\@@id}%
1439 \fi%
1440}%
```

3.8 smultiling

The modsig environment is just a layer over the module environment. We also redefine macros that may occur in module signatures so that they do not create markup. Finally, we set the flag \mod@(mod)@multiling to true.

```
1441 \newenvironment{modsig}[2][]{\def\\0test{#1}\% \\ 1442 \ifx\\0test\\0empty\\begin{module}[name=#2]\\else\\begin{module}[name=#2,#1]\\fi\% \\ 1443 \expandafter\\gdef\\csname mod0#20multiling\\endcsname{true}\% \\ 1444 \ignorespacesandpars} \\ 1445 {\end{module}\ignorespacesandparsafterend}}
```

3.9 smglom

\gimport Just a shortcut, we have a starred and unstarred version, the first one is conservative. For example, if we execute:

\gimport[smglom/numberfields]{naturalnumbers}

First we are redirected to \@gimport@nostar, we store the smglom/numberfields $\langle the repo's path \rangle$ in \@test, then store \mh@currentrepos $\langle current directory \rangle$ in \mh@repos. If no repo's path is offered, that means the module to import is under the same directory, so we let mhrepos=\mh@repos and pass bunch of parameters to \importmhmodule, which is defined in module.sty. If there's a repo's path, then we let mhrepos= $\langle the repo's path \rangle$. Finally we use \mhcurrentrepos(defined in module.sty) to change the \mh@currentrepos.

```
1446 \def\gimport{\@ifstar\@gimport@star\@gimport@nostar}%
1447 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@star[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
1448 \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
1449 \ifx\@test\@empty%
1450 \importmhmodule[conservative,mhrepos=\mh@@repos,path=#2]{#2}\fi%
1451 \else\importmhmodule[conservative,mhrepos=#1,path=#2]{#2}\fi%
1452 \setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@@repos}%
1453 \ignorespacesandpars\parsemodule@maybesetcodes}
1454 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@nostar[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
1455 \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
1456 \ifx\@test\@empty%
1457 \importmhmodule[mhrepos=\mh@@repos,path=#2]{#2}\%
1458 \else\importmhmodule[mhrepos=#1,path=#2]{#2}\fi%
1459 \setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@@repos}%
1460 \ignorespacesandpars\parsemodule@maybesetcodes}
```

3.10 mathhub

the \libinput macro inputs from the lib directory of the MathHub repository and then the meta-inf/lib repository of the group, if they exist. Since in practice nested libinputs may occur, we make sure that we stash the old values of \mh@inffile and \mh@libfile and restore them at the end.

```
1461 \def\modules@@first#1/#2;{#1}
1462 \newcommand\libinput[1]{%
1463 \ifcsvoid{mh@currentrepos}{%
      \PackageError{mathhub}{current MathHub repository not found}{}}%
1464
1465
1466 \edef\@mh@group{\expandafter\modules@@first\mh@currentrepos;}
1467 \let\orig@inffile\mh@inffile\let\orig@libfile\mh@libfile
1468 \def\mh@inffile{\MathHub{\@mh@group/meta-inf/lib/#1}}
1469 \def\mh@libfile{\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/lib/#1}}%
1470 \IfFileExists\mh@inffile{\stexinput\mh@inffile}{}%
1471 \fileExists\\ mh@inffile{}{\IfFileExists\\ mh@libfile{}{\%}}
1472
      {\PackageError{mathhub}
        {Library file missing; cannot input #1.tex\MessageBreak%
1473
1474
        Both \mh@libfile.tex\MessageBreak and \mh@inffile.tex\MessageBreak%
        do not exist}%
1475
      {Check whether the file name is correct}}}}
1477 \IfFileExists\mh@libfile{\stexinput\mh@libfile\relax}{}
1478 \let\mh@inffile\orig@inffile\let\mh@libfile\orig@libfile}
```

3.11 omdoc/omgroup

```
1479 \newcount\section@level
1480

1481 \section@level=2

1482 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@class}{book}{\section@level=0}{}

1483 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@class}{report}{\section@level=0}{}

1484 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@topsect}{part}{\section@level=0}{}

1485 \ifdefstring{\omdoc@sty@topsect}{chapter}{\section@level=1}{}

\text{omgroup@nonum} convenience macro: \omgroup@nonum{\level\rightarrow} {\level\rightarrow} {\level\rightarrow} {\level\rightarrow} \text{makes an unnumbered sectioning with title \level\rightarrow} at level \level\rightarrow}.

1486 \newcommand\omgroup@nonum[2]{\lambda}

1487 \ifx\hyper@anchor\@undefined\else\phantomsection\fi%

1488 \addcontentsline{\toc}{#1}{#2}\@nameuse{#1}*{#2}}
```

\omgroup@num convenience macro: \omgroup@nonum{ $\langle level \rangle$ } { $\langle title \rangle$ } makes numbered sectioning with title $\langle title \rangle$ at level $\langle level \rangle$. We have to check the short key was given in the omgroup environment and – if it is use it. But how to do that depends on whether the rdfmeta package has been loaded. In the end we call \sref@label@id to enable crossreferencing.

```
1480 \ensuremath{\comproup@num[2]{\%}} $$ 1490 \ensuremath{\comproup@short\ensuremath{\comproup\%}} $$ no short title
```

```
1493 \else% we have a short title
                                   1494 \@ifundefined{rdfmeta@sectioning}%
                                              {\@nameuse{#1}[\omgroup@short]{#2}}%
                                               {\@nameuse{rdfmeta@#1@old}[\omgroup@short]{#2}}%
                                   1496
                                   1498 \end{cosect@name} \end{
                    omgroup
                                   1499 \def\@true{true}
                                   1500 \def\@false{false}
                                   1501 \srefaddidkey{omgroup}
                                   1502 \addmetakey{omgroup}{date}
                                   1503 \addmetakey{omgroup}{creators}
                                   1504 \addmetakey{omgroup}{contributors}
                                   1505 \addmetakey{omgroup}{srccite}
                                   1506 \addmetakey{omgroup}{type}
                                   1507 \addmetakey*{omgroup}{short}
                                   1508 \addmetakey*{omgroup}{display}
                                   1509 \addmetakey[false] {omgroup} {loadmodules} [true]
                                       we define a switch for numbering lines and a hook for the beginning of groups:
\at@begin@omgroup
                                       The \at@begin@omgroup macro allows customization. It is run at the beginning
                                       of the omgroup, i.e. after the section heading.
                                    1510 \newif\if@mainmatter\@mainmattertrue
                                   1511 \newcommand\at@begin@omgroup[3][]{}
                                              Then we define a helper macro that takes care of the sectioning magic. It
                                       comes with its own key/value interface for customization.
                                   1512 \addmetakey{omdoc@sect}{name}
                                   1513 \addmetakey[false] {omdoc@sect} {clear} [true]
                                   1514 \addmetakey{omdoc@sect}{ref}
                                   1515 \addmetakey[false] {omdoc@sect} {num} [true]
                                   1516 \newcommand\omdoc@sectioning[3][]{\metasetkeys{omdoc@sect}{#1}%
                                   1517 \ifx\omdoc@sect@clear\@true\cleardoublepage\fi%
                                   1518 \if@mainmatter% numbering not overridden by frontmatter, etc.
                                   1519 \ifx\omdoc@sect@num\@true\omgroup@num{#2}{#3}\else\omgroup@nonum{#2}{#3}\fi%
                                   1520 \def\current@section@level{\omdoc@sect@name}%
                                   1521 \else\omgroup@nonum{#2}{#3}%
                                   1522 fi}% if@mainmatter
                                       and another one, if redefines the \addtocontentsline macro of LATEX to import
                                       the respective macros. It takes as an argument a list of module names.
                                    1523 \newcommand\omgroup@redefine@addtocontents[1]{%
                                   1524 %\edef\@@import{#1}%
                                   1525 %\@for\@I:=\@@import\do{%
                                   1526 %\edef\@path{\csname module@\@I @path\endcsname}%
                                   1527 %\@ifundefined{tf@toc}\relax%
                                                        {\protected@write\tf@toc{}{\string\@requiremodules{\@path}}}}
                                   1528 %
                                   1529 %\ifx\hyper@anchor\@undefined% hyperref.sty loaded?
```

1492 \@nameuse{#1}{#2}%

```
1530 %\def\addcontentsline##1##2##3{%
                 \label{local-property} $$1531 \wedge \text{thepage}} $$1531 \wedge \text{thepage}} $$
                 1532 %\else% hyperref.sty not loaded
                 1533 %\def\addcontentsline##1##2##3{%
                 \label{locality} $$134 \wedge \theta^{\#1}_{\rho \circ \theta}_{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath
                 1535 %\fi
                 1536 }% hypreref.sty loaded?
                    now the omgroup environment itself. This takes care of the table of contents
                    via the helper macro above and then selects the appropriate sectioning com-
                    mand from article.cls. It also registeres the current level of omgroups in the
                    \omgroup@level counter.
                 1537 \newcount\omgroup@level
                 1538 \newenvironment{omgroup}[2][]% keys, title
                 1539 {\metasetkeys{omgroup}{#1}\sref@target%
                 1540 \advance\omgroup@level by 1\relax%
                    If the loadmodules key is set on \begin{omgroup}, we redefine the \addcontetsline
                    macro that determines how the sectioning commands below construct the entries
                    for the table of contents.
                 1541 \ifx\omgroup@loadmodules\@true%
                 1542 \omgroup@redefine@addtocontents{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules%
                 1543 {\@ifundefined{module@\module@id @path}{\used@modules}\module@id}}\fi%
                    now we only need to construct the right sectioning depending on the value of
                    \section@level.
                 1544 \advance\section@level by 1\relax%
                 1545 \ifcase\section@level%
                 1546 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@part@kw,clear,num]{part}{#2}%
                 1547 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@chapter@kw,clear,num]{chapter}{#2}%
                 1548 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@section@kw,num]{section}{#2}%
                 1549 \verb| or\\ omdoc@sectioning[name=\\ omdoc@subsection@kw,num]{subsection}{\#2}\%
                 1550 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subsubsection@kw,num]{subsubsection}{#2}%
                 1551 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@paragraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@paragraph@kw]{paragraph}{#2}%
                 1552 \or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph}{#2
                 1553 \fi% \ifcase
                 1554 \at@begin@omgroup[#1]\section@level{#2}}% for customization
                 1555 {\advance\section@level by -1\advance\omgroup@level by -1}
                          and finally, we localize the sections
                 1556 \newcommand\omdoc@part@kw{Part}
                 1557 \newcommand\omdoc@chapter@kw{Chapter}
                 1558 \newcommand\omdoc@section@kw{Section}
                 1559 \newcommand\omdoc@subsection@kw{Subsection}
                 1560 \newcommand\omdoc@subsubsection@kw{Subsubsection}
                 1561 \newcommand\omdoc@paragraph@kw{paragraph}
                 1562 \newcommand\omdoc@subparagraph@kw{subparagraph}
\setSGvar set a global variable
                 1563 \newcommand\setSGvar[1] {\@namedef{sTeX@Gvar@#1}}
```

```
\useSGvar use a global variable

1564 \newrobustcmd\useSGvar[1]{%

1565 \@ifundefined{sTeX@Gvar@#1}

1566 {\PackageError{omdoc}

1567 {The sTeX Global variable #1 is undefined}

1568 {set it with \protect\setSGvar}}

1569 \@nameuse{sTeX@Gvar@#1}}

blindomgroup

1570 \newcommand\at@begin@blindomgroup[1]{}

1571 \newenvironment{blindomgroup}

1572 {\advance\section@level by 1\at@begin@blindomgroup\setion@level}

1573 {\advance\section@level by -1}
```

3.12 omtext

4 Mathematical Text

We define the actions that are undertaken, when the keys are encountered. The first set just records metadata; this is very simple via the \addmetakey infrastructure [Koh20]. Note that we allow math in the title field, so we do not declare it to be Semiverbatim (indeed not at all, which allows it by default).

```
1574 \srefaddidkey{omtext}
1575 \addmetakey[]{omtext}{functions}
1576 \addmetakey*{omtext}{display}
1577 \addmetakey{omtext}{for}
1578 \addmetakey{omtext}{from}
1579 \addmetakey{omtext}{type}
1580 \addmetakey*{omtext}{title}
1581 \addmetakey*{omtext}{start}
1582 \addmetakey{omtext}{theory}
1583 \addmetakey{omtext}{continues}
1584 \addmetakey{omtext}{verbalizes}
1585 \addmetakey{omtext}{subject}
```

\st@flow We define this macro, so that we can test whether the display key has the value flow

```
1586 \def\st@flow{flow}
```

We define a switch that allows us to see whether we are inside an omtext environment or a statement. It will be used to give better error messages for inline statements.

```
1587 \newif\if@in@omtext\@in@omtextfalse
```

omtext The omtext environment can have a title, which is used in a similar way. We redefine the \lectroncolor macro so the trailing \par does not get into the way.

```
1588 \def\omtext@pre@skip{\smallskip}
```

```
1589 \def\omtext@post@skip{}
1590 \newenvironment{omtext}[1][]{\@in@omtexttrue%
      \bgroup\metasetkeys{omtext}{#1}\sref@label@id{this paragraph}%
1591
      \def \left( \frac{\#1}{\c} \right)
1592
      \omtext@pre@skip\par\noindent%
1593
1594
      \ifx\omtext@title\@empty%
1595
        \ifx\omtext@start\@empty\else%
1596
          \ifx\omtext@display\st@flow\omtext@start\else\stDMemph{\omtext@start}\fi\enspace%
        \fi% end omtext@start empty
1597
      \else\stDMemph{\omtext@title}:\enspace%
1598
        \ifx\omtext@start\@empty\else\omtext@start\enspace\fi%
1599
1600
      \fi% end omtext@title empty
      \ignorespacesandpars}
1602 {\egroup\omtext@post@skip\@in@omtextfalse\ignorespacesandpars}
```

5 Phrase-level Markup

```
For the moment, we do disregard the most of the keys
             1603 \srefaddidkey{phrase}
             1604 \addmetakey{phrase}{style}
             1605 \addmetakey{phrase}{class}
             1606 \addmetakey{phrase}{index}
             1607 \addmetakey{phrase}{verbalizes}
             1608 \addmetakey{phrase}{type}
             1609 \addmetakey{phrase}{only}
             1610 \newcommand\phrase[2][]{\metasetkeys{phrase}{#1}%
             1611 \ifx\prhase@only\@empty\only<\phrase@only>{#2}\else #2\fi}
     \coref*
             1612 \providecommand \textsubscript [1] {\ensuremath{-{#1}}}
             1613 \newcommand\corefs[2]{#1\textsubscript{#2}}
             1614 \newcommand\coreft[2]{#1\textsuperscript{#2}}
      n*lex
             1615 \newcommand\nlex[1]{\green{\sl{#1}}}
             1616 \newcommand\nlcex[1]{*\green{\sl{#1}}}
sinlinequote
             1617 \def\@sinlinequote#1{''{\sl{#1}}''}
             1618 \def\@@sinlinequote#1#2{\@sinlinequote{#2}~#1}
             1619 \newcommand\sinlinequote[2][]
             1620 {\def\@opt{#1}\ifx\@opt\@empty\@sinlinequote{#2}\else\@@sinlinequote\@opt{#2}\fi}
```

6 Declarations (under development)

The declaration macros are still under development (i.e. the macros) are still under development and may change at any time. Currently they are completely

```
empty.

1621 \newcommand\vdec[2][]{#2}

1622 \newcommand\vrest[2][]{#2}

1623 \newcommand\vcond[2][]{#2}

EdN:1 \strucdec \frac{1}{1624 \newcommand\strucdec[2][]{#2}}

EdN:2 \impdec \frac{2}{1625 \newcommand\impdec[2][]{#2}}
```

7 Block-Level Markup

sblockquote

sboxquote

```
1633 \newenvironment{sboxquote}[1][]
1634 {\def\@@src{#1}\begin{mdframed}[leftmargin=.5cm,rightmargin=.5cm]}
1635 {\@lec{\textrm\@@src}\end{mdframed}}
```

The line end comment macro makes sure that it will not be forced on the next line unless necessary.

\lectric The actual appearance of the line end comment is determined by the \@@lec macro, which can be customized in the document class. The basic one here is provided so that it is not missing.

```
 1636 \operatorname{locmmand}(\ellec][1]{(#1)} \\ 1637 \operatorname{loc#1}(\operatorname{loc#1}\operatorname{loc#4}) \\ 1638 \operatorname{loc#4}(\ellec#1) \\ 1638 \operatorname{loc#4}(\ellec#1)
```

8 Index Markup

\omdoc@index*

These are the main internal indexing commands – dividing them into four macros is awful, but I did not get list processing running. It makes sure that the modules necessary for interpreting the math in the index entries are loaded. If the loadmodules key is given, we import the module we are in otherwise all the currently imported modules. We do not have to require the module files, since the

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: document above $^{2}\mathrm{EdNote}$: document above

index is a the end of the document. If the at key is given, then we use that for sorting in the index.

```
1639 \addmetakey{omdoc@index}{at}
1640 \addmetakey[false] {omdoc@index}{loadmodules}[true]
1641 \newcommand\omdoc@indexi[2][]{\ifindex%
1642 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1644 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1645 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1646 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1647 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}%
1648 \else #2\fi% loadmodules
1649 }{\thepage}}%
1650 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
1651 \newcommand\omdoc@indexii[3][]{\ifindex%
1652 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1653 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1654 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1655 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1656 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1657 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}!%
1658 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#3}%
1659 \else #2!#3\fi% loadmodules
1660 }{\thepage}}%
1661 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
1662 \newcommand\omdoc@indexiii[4][]{\ifindex%
1663 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1664 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1665 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1666 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1667 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1668 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}!%
1669 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#3}!%
1670 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#4}%
1671 \else #2!#3!#4\fi% loadmodules
1672 }{\thepage}}%
1673 \endgroup\@esphack\fi}%ifindex
1674 \newcommand\omdoc@indexiv[5][]{\ifindex%
1675 \metasetkeys{omdoc@index}{#1}%
1676 \@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize%
1677 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{\string\indexentry%
1678 {\ifx\omdoc@index@at\@empty\else\omdoc@index@at @\fi%
1679 \ifx\omdoc@index@loadmodules\@true%
1680 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#2}!%
1681 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#3}!%
1682 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#4}%
1683 \string\withusedmodules{\@ifundefined{module@id}\used@modules\module@id}{#5}%
1684 \else #2!#3!#4!#5\fi% loadmodules
```

1685 }{\thepage}}%

 $1686 \endgroup\end{0}$ esphack\fi}%ifindex

Now, we make two interface macros that make use of this:

```
\*indi*
                1687 \newcommand\aindi[3][]{{#2}\omdoc@indexi[#1]{#3}}
                1691 \newcommand\Indis[2][]{{\capitalize{#2}}\ondoc@indexi[#1]{#2s}}
                1692
                1693 \end{0} indii[3][]{\end{0}} $$ \operatorname{indii}[3][]{\end{0}} $$ \operatorname{indexii}[#1]{#2}{#3} \operatorname{indexii}[#1]{#3}{#2}} $$
                1694 \newcommand\aindii[4][]{#2\@indii[#1]{#3}{#4}}
                1695 \newcommand\indii[3][]{{#2 #3}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}
                1696 \mbox{ $$newcommand\indiis[3][]{{#2 #3s}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}}
                1697 \newcommand\Indii[3][]{{\captitalize{#2 #3}}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}
                1698 \newcommand\Indiis[3][]{{\capitalize{#2 #3}}\@indii[#1]{#2}{#3}}
                1700 \newcommand\@indiii[4][]{\omdoc@indexiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}\omdoc@indexii[#1]{#3}{#2 (#4)}}
                1701 \newcommand\aindiii[5][]{{#2}\@indiii[#1]{#3}{#4}{#5}}
                1704 \newcommand\Indiii[4][]{\captitalize{#2 #3 #4}\@indiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}}
                1705 \newcommand\Indiiis[4][]{\capitalize{#2 #3 #4s}\@indiii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}}
                1707 \mbox{ newcommand@indiv[5][]{\mbox{wc@indexiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}}
                1708 \newcommand\aindiv[6][]{#2\@indiv[#1]{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}}
                1709 \end{indiv} [5] [] { #2 #3 #4 #5} \end{indiv} [#1] { #2} { #3} { #4} { #5} \end{indiv} [#2] { #3} { #4} { #5} \end{indiv} [#3] { #4} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} { #5} 
                1710 \mbox{ newcommand\indivs[5][]{{#2 #3 #4 #5s}\cindiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
                1711 \newcommand\Indiv[5][]{\capitalize{#2 #3 #4 #5s}\@indiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
                1712 \newcommand\Indivs[5][]{\capitalize{#2 #3 #4 #5s}\@indiv[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
```

9 Miscellaneous

Some shortcuts that use math symbols but are not mathematical at all; in particular, they should not be translated by LATEXML.

```
1713 \newcommand\\hateq{\ensuremath{\widehat=}\xspace}
1714 \newcommand\\hatequiv{\ensuremath{\widehat\equiv}\xspace}
1715 \@ifundefined{\ergo}\%
1716 \{\newcommand\ergo{\ensuremath{\leadsto}\xspace}}\%
1717 \{\renewcommand\ergo{\ensuremath{\leadsto}\xspace}}\%
1718 \newcommand\{\reflect@squig}[2] \{\reflectbox{\sh@th#1\rightsquigarrow\sh}\%
1719 \newcommand\ogre{\ensuremath{\mathrel{\mathpalette\reflect@squig\relax}}\xspace}\%
1720 \newcommand\notego{\ensuremath{\not\leadsto}}
1721 \newcommand\notegre{\ensuremath{\not\mathrel{\mathpalette\reflect@squig\relax}}\xspace}\%
```

10 Deprecated Functionality

In this section we centralize old interfaces that are only partially supported any more.

```
1722 \newcommand\indextoo[2][]{\indi[#1]{#2}%
1723 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\indextoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\indi\space instead}
1724 \newcommand\indexalt[2][]{\aindi[#1]{#2}%
1725 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\indextoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\aindi\space instead}
1726 \newcommand\twintoo[3][]{\indii[#1]{#2}{#3}%
1727 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\twintoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\indii\space instead}
1728 \newcommand\twinalt[3][]{\aindii[#1]{#2}{#3}%
1729 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\twinalt\space is deprecated, use \protect\aindii\space instead}
1730 \newcommand\atwintoo[4][]{\indii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
1731 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\atwintoo\space is deprecated, use \protect\indiii\space instead}
1732 \newcommand\atwinalt[4][]{\aindii[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
1733 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\atwinalt\space is deprecated, use \protect\aindiii\space instead}
1734 \( /\package\)
```

- 1735 \newcommand\mygraphics[2][]{\includegraphics[#1]{#2}%
- 1736 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mygraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphics
- 1737 \newcommand\mycgraphics[2][]{\begin{center}\mygraphics[#1]{#2}\end{center}%
 - 738 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mycgraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphic
- 1739 \newcommand\mybgraphics[2][]{\fbox{\mygraphics[#1]{#2}}%
- 740 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mybgraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphic
- $1741 \end{mycbgraphics [2] [] {\tt begin{center} fbox{mygraphics [#1] {\#2}} {\tt center} {\tt center} {\tt fbox{mygraphics [#1] {\#2}} {\tt center} {\tt fbox{mygraphics [#1] {\#2}} {\tt center} {\tt center} {\tt fbox{mygraphics [#1] {\#2}} {\tt center} {\tt center}$
 - 742 \PackageWarning{omtext}{\protect\mycbgraphics\space is deprecated, use \protect\includegraphi

11 Things to deprecate

Module options:

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc def}}}}$

```
1743 \addmetakey*{module}{id} % TODO: deprecate properly
1744 \addmetakey*{module}{load}
1745 \addmetakey*{module}{path}
1746 \addmetakey*{module}{dir}
1747 \addmetakey*{module}{align}[WithTheModuleOfTheSameName]
1748 \addmetakey*{module}{noalign}[true]
1749
1750 \newif\if@insymdef@\@insymdef@false
```

symdef:keys The optional argument local specifies the scope of the function to be defined. If local is not present as an optional argument then \symdef assumes the scope of the function is global and it will include it in the pool of macros of the current module. Otherwise, if local is present then the function will be defined only locally and it will not be added to the current module (i.e. we cannot inherit a local function). Note, the optional key local does not need a value: we write

```
used in the LATEX part.
                                     1751 %\srefaddidkey{symdef}% what does this do?
                                     1752 \define@key{symdef}{local}[true]{\@symdeflocaltrue}%
                                     1753 \define@key{symdef}{noverb}[all]{}%
                                     1754 \define@key{symdef}{align}[WithTheSymbolOfTheSameName]{}%
                                     1755 \define@key{symdef}{specializes}{}%
                                     1756 \addmetakey*{symdef}{noalign}[true]
                                     1757 \define@key{symdef}{primary}[true]{}%
                                     1758 \define@key{symdef}{assocarg}{}%
                                     1759 \define@key{symdef}{bvars}{}%
                                     1760 \define@key{symdef}{bargs}{}%
                                     1761 \addmetakey{symdef}{lang}%
                                     1762 \addmetakey{symdef}{prec}%
                                     1763 \addmetakey{symdef}{arity}%
                                     1764 \addmetakey{symdef}{variant}%
                                     1765 \addmetakey{symdef}{ns}%
                                     1766 \addmetakey{symdef}{args}%
                                     1767 \addmetakey{symdef}{name}%
                                     1768 \addmetakey*{symdef}{title}%
                                     1769 \addmetakey*{symdef}{description}%
                                     1770 \addmetakey{symdef}{subject}%
                                     1771 \addmetakey*{symdef}{display}%
                                     1772 \addmetakey*{symdef}{gfc}%
             \symdef The the \symdef, and \@symdef macros just handle optional arguments.
                                     1773 \end{$\end{0}$ if next char [{\end{0}$ symdef}_{\end{0}}} \hspace{1}} % \hspace{1} $\end{0} \hspace{1} $\end{0} \hspace{1} $\end{0} \hspace{1} $\end{0} \hspace{1} $\end{0} \hspace{1} \hspace{
                                     1774 \end{figure} 1774 \end{
                                       now comes the real meat: the \@@symdef macro does two things, it adds the macro
                                          definition to the macro definition pool of the current module and also provides it.
                                     1775 \def\@@symdef[#1]#2[#3]{%
                                     1776
                                                        \@insymdef@true%
                                     1777
                                                         \metasetkeys{symdef}{#1}%
                                                         1778
                                                        \expandafter\symdecl\symdef@tmp@optpars{#2}%
                                     1779
                                     1780
                                                        \@insymdef@false%
                                     1781
                                                       \notation[#1]{#2}[#3]%
                                     1782 }% mod@show
                                     1783 \def\symdef@type{Symbol}%
                                     1784 \displaystyle \frac{\textbf{#1}}{\textbf{#1}}
\symvariant
                                          \operatorname{symvariant}(\operatorname{sym})[(\operatorname{args})]\{(\operatorname{cseq})\}\ just extends the internal macro
                                           \mbox{modules@}(sym)\mbox{@pres@} defined by \symdef{}(sym)\] [(args)] {...} with a variant
                                          \mbox{modulesQ}(sym)\mbox{QpresQ}(var) which expands to \langle cseq \rangle. Recall that this is called
```

EdN:3

\symdef[local]{somefunction}[0]{some expansion}. The other keys are not

by the macro $\langle sym \rangle [\langle var \rangle]$ induced by the \symdef.

 $^{^3\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon\operatorname{MK@MK}:$ we need to document the binder keys above.

```
1788 \def\@symvariant#1[#2]#3#4{%
                     \notation[#3]{#1}[#2]{#4}%
               1790 \ignorespacesandpars}%
                The \abbrdef macro is a variant of \symdef that does the same on the LATEX
       \abbrdef
               1791 \let\abbrdef\symdef%
                 has a starred form for primary symbols. The key/value interface has no effect on
                 the LATEX side. We read the to check whether only allowed ones are used.
                1792 \newif\if@importing\@importingfalse
               1793 \define@key{symi}{noverb}[all]{}%
               1794 \define@key{symi}{align}[WithTheSymbolOfTheSameName]{}%
               1795 \define@key{symi}{specializes}{}%
               1796 \define@key{symi}{gfc}{}%
               1797 \define@key{symi}{noalign}[true]{}%
               1798 \newcommand\symi{\@ifstar\@symi@star\@symi}
               1799 \newcommand\@symi[2][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2}\fi\ignorespaces
               1801 \newcommand\@symi@star[2][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                     \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2}\fi\igno.
               1803 \newcommand\symii{\@ifstar\@symii@star\@symii}
               1804 \newcommand\@symii[3][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3}\fi\ignorespa
               1806 \newcommand\@symii@star[3][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3}\fi\i
               1808 \newcommand\symiii{\@ifstar\@symiii@star\@symiii}
               1809 \newcommand\@symiii[4][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                     \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4}\fi\ignore
               1811 \newcommand\@symiii@star[4][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                      \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4}\f
               1813 \newcommand\symiv{\@ifstar\@symiv@star\@symiv}
               1814 \newcommand\@symiv[5][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                     \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4-#5}\fi\ign
               1816 \newcommand\@symiv@star[5][]{\metasetkeys{symi}{#1}%
                     \parsemodule@maybesetcodes\if@importing\else\par\noindent Primary Symbol: \textsf{#2-#3-#4-#5
                 The \infty importmhmodule [\langle key = value | list \rangle] {module} saves the current value of
\importmhmodule
                 \mh@currentrepos in a local macro \mh@@repos, resets \mh@currentrepos to
                 the new value if one is given in the optional argument, and after importing resets
                 \mh@currentrepos to the old value in \mh@@repos. We do all the \ifx compar-
                 ison with an \expandafter, since the values may be passed on from other key
```

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \operatorname{\{\conversiont{\#1}}_{\c$

1785 \def\symvariant#1{%

1786 1787

bindings. Parameters will be passed to \importmodule.

1818 %\srefaddidkey{importmhmodule}%
1819 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{mhrepos}%
1820 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{path}%

```
1821 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{ext}% why does this exist?
            1822 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{dir}%
            1823 \addmetakey[false]{importmhmodule}{conservative}[true]%
            1824 \newcommand\importmhmodule[2][]{%
            1825
                   \parsemodule@maybesetcodes
            1826
                   \metasetkeys{importmhmodule}{#1}%
            1827
                   \ifx\importmhmodule@dir\@empty%
            1828
                     \edef\@path{\importmhmodule@path}%
                   \else\edef\@path{\importmhmodule@dir/#2}\fi%
            1829
                   \ifx\@path\@empty% if module name is not set
            1830
                     \@importmodule[]{#2}{export}%
            1831
            1832
                   \else%
                     \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}% remember so that we can reset it.
            1833
                     \ifx\importmhmodule@mhrepos\@empty% if in the same repos
            1834
                       \relax% no need to change mh@currentrepos, i.e, current directory.
            1835
                     \else%
            1836
                       \setcurrentreposinfo\importmhmodule@mhrepos% change it.
            1837
                       \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\importmhmodule@mhrepos}}%
            1838
            1839
            1840
                     \@importmodule[\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/source/\@path}]{#2}{export}%
            1841
                     \setcurrentreposinfo\mh@@repos% after importing, reset to old value
                     \addto@thismodulex{\noexpand\setcurrentreposinfo{\mh@@repos}}%
            1842
                   \fi%
            1843
                   \ignorespacesandpars%
            1844
            1845 }
\usemhmodule
            1846 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{load}
            1847 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{id}
            1848 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{dir}
            1849 \addmetakey{importmhmodule}{mhrepos}
            1850
            1851 \addmetakey{importmodule}{load}
            1852 \addmetakey{importmodule}{id}
            1853
            1854 \newcommand\usemhmodule[2][]{%
            1855 \metasetkeys{importmhmodule}{#1}%
            1856 \ifx\importmhmodule@dir\@empty%
            1857 \edef\@path{\importmhmodule@path}%
            1858 \else\edef\@path{\importmhmodule@dir/\#2}\fi\%
            1859 \ifx\@path\@empty%
            1860 \usemodule[id=\importmhmodule@id]{#2}%
            1861 \else%
            1862 \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
            1863 \ifx\importmhmodule@mhrepos\@empty%
            1864 \else\setcurrentreposinfo{\importmhmodule@mhrepos}\fi%
            1865 \usemodule{\@path\@QuestionMark#2}%
            1866 %\usemodule[load=\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/source/\@path},
            1867 %
                                           id=\importmhmodule@id]{#2}%
            1868 \setcurrentreposinfo\mh@@repos%
```

```
1869 \fi%
1870 \ignorespacesandpars}

\mhinputref

1871 \newcommand\mhinputref[2][]{%
1872  \edef\mhinputref@first{#1}%
1873  \ifx\mhinputref@first\@empty%
1874  \inputref{#2}%
1875  \else%
1876  \inputref[mhrepos=\mhinputref@first]{#2}%
1877  \fi%
1878 }
```