Slides and Course Notes for Jacobs University*

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Abstract

We present a document class from which we can generate both course slides and course notes in a transparent way. Furthermore, we present a set of Late XML bindings for these, so that we can also generate OMDoc-based course materials, e.g. for inclusion in the ActiveMath system.

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^{*}Version ? (last revised ?)

1 Introduction

This Document class is derived from beamer.cls [Tana], specializes it with Jacobs stuff and adds a notes version that is more suited to printing than the one supplied by beamer.cls.

2 The User Interface

The mikoslides class takes the notion of a slide frame from Till Tantau's excellent beamer class and adapts its notion of frames for use in the STEXand OMDoc. To support semantic course notes, it extends the notion of mixing frames and explanatory text, but rather than treating the frames as images (or integrating their contents into the flowing text), the mikoslides package displays the slides as such in the course notes to give students a visual anchor into the slide presentation in the course (and to distinguish the different writing styles in slides and course notes).

In practice we want to generate two documents from the same source: the slides for presentation in the lecture and the course notes as a narrative document for home study. To achieve this, the mikoslides class has two modes: *slides mode* and *notes mode* which are determined by the package option.

2.1 Package Options

The mikoslides class takes a variety of class options:¹

slides

α. -

sectocframes

showmeta

frameimages

- The options slides notes notes switch between slides mode and notes mode (see Section 2.2).
- If the option sectocframes is given, then special frames with section table
 of contents are produced headers ²
- showmeta. If this is set, then the metadata keys are shown (see [Koh13] for details and customization options).
- If the option frameimages is set, then slide mode also shows the \frameimage-generated frames.

2.2 Notes and Slides

frame note

Slides are represented with the frame just like in the beamer class, see [Tanb] for details. The mikoslides class adds the note environment for encapsulating the course note fragments.¹

Note that it is essential to start and end the notes environment at the start of the line – in particular, there may not be leading blanks – else LATEX becomes confused and throws error messages that are difficult to decipher.

EdN:1

EdN:2

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: leaving out noproblems for the moment until we decide what to do with it.

²EdNote: document the functionality

¹MK: it would be very nice, if we did not need this environment, and this should be possible in principle, but not without intensive LaTeX trickery. Hints to the author are welcome.

```
\begin{note}
  We start this course with ...
\end{note}

\begin{frame}
  \frametitle{The first slide}
  ...
\end{frame}
\begin{note}
  ... and more explanatory text
\end{note}

\begin{frame}
  \frametitle{The second slide}
  ...
\end{frame}
  ...
\end{frame}
...
```

Example 1: A typical Course Notes File

By interleaving the frame and note environments, we can build course notes as shown in Figure 1.

\frameimage th

Sometimes, we want to integrate slides as images after all – e.g. because we already have a PowerPoint presentation, to which we want to add STEXnotes. In this case we can use $\frac{\langle opt \rangle}{\langle path \rangle}$, where $\langle opt \rangle$ are the options of $\frac{\langle opt \rangle}{\langle opt \rangle}$ is the file path (extension can be left off like in $\frac{\langle opt \rangle}{\langle opt \rangle}$).

2.3 Header and Footer Lines

2.4 Colors and Highlighting

\textwarning

The \textwarning macro generates a warning sign:

- 2.5 Front Matter, Titles, etc
- 2.6 Miscellaneous

2.7 Support for MathHub

Much of the STEXcontent is hosed on MathHub (http://MathHub.info), a portal and archive for flexiformal mathematics. MathHub offers GIT repositories (public and private escrow) for mathematical documentation projects, online and offline authoring and document development infrastructure, and a rich, interactive reading interface. The modules package supports repository-sensitive operations on MathHub.

Note that MathHub has two-level repository names of the form $\langle group \rangle / \langle repo \rangle$, where $\langle group \rangle$ is a MathHub-unique repository group and $\langle repo \rangle$ a repository name that is $\langle group \rangle$ -unique. The file and directory structure of a repository is arbitrary – except that it starts with the directory source because they are Math Archives in the sense of [Hor+11]. But this structure can be hidden from the STEXauthor with MathHub-enabled versions of the modules macros.

\mhframeimage

The \mhframeimage macro is a variant of \frameimage with repository support. Instead of writing

```
\defpath{MathHub}{/user/foo/lmh/MathHub}
\frameimage{\MathHub{fooMH/bar/source/baz/foobar}}
```

we can simply write (assuming that \MathHub is defined as above)

\mhframeimage[fooMH/bar]{baz/foobar}

Note that the \mhframeimage form is more semantic, which allows more advanced document management features in MathHub.

If baz/foobar is the "current module", i.e. if we are on the MathHub path ...MathHub/fooMH/bar..., then stating the repository in the first optional argument is redundant, so we can just use

\mhframeimage{baz/foobar}

Of course, neither IATEX nor IATEXML know about the repositories when they are called from a file system, so we can use the \mhcurrentrepos macro from the modules package to tell them. But this is only needed to initialize the infrastructure in the driver file. In particular, we do not need to set it in in each module, since the \importmhmodule macro sets the current repository automatically.

Caveat if you want to use the MathHub support macros (let's call them mhvariants), then every time a module is imported or a document fragment is included from another repos, the mh-variant \importmhmodule must be used, so that the "current repository" is set accordingly. To be exact, we only need to use mhvariants, if the imported module or included document fragment use mh-variants.

3 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the STFXTRAC [sTeX].

- 1. the class should be divided into concerns. [sTeX], issue 1684
- 2. when option book or report is given together with sectocframes chapterlevel omgroups generate a spurious slide with a bare heading. This has something to do with the fact that beamer does not support \chapter

4 The Implementation

The mikoslides package generates two files: the LATEX package (all the code between $\langle *package \rangle$ and $\langle /package \rangle$) and the LATEXML bindings (between $\langle *ltxml \rangle$ and $\langle /ltxml \rangle$). We keep the corresponding code fragments together, since the documentation applies to both of them and to prevent them from getting out of sync.

4.1 Initialization and Class Options

For the LATEXML bindings, we make sure the right perl packages are loaded.

```
1 (*Itxml)
2 # -*- CPERL -*-
3 package LaTeXML::Package::Pool;
4 use strict;
5 use LaTeXML::Package;
6 (/Itxml)
```

For LATEX we define some Package Options and switches for the mikoslides class and activate them by passing them on to beamer.cls the appropriate packages.

```
7 \( \*\cls \)
8 \DeclareOption{\showmeta}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{\metakeys}}\)
9 \newif\\ifnotes\notesfalse
10 \newif\\ifsectocframes\sectocframesfalse
11 \newif\\ifframeimages\frameimagesfalse
12 \newif\\ifproblems\problemstrue
13 \DeclareOption{\notes}{\notesfalse}}\)
14 \DeclareOption{\slides}{\notesfalse}}\)
15 \DeclareOption{\soproblems}{\problemsfalse}}\)
16 \DeclareOption{\sectocframes}{\sectocframestrue}}\)
17 \DeclareOption{\frameimages}{\frameimagestrue}}\)
```

the next two define the frontmatter environment so that the later \renewcommand does not lead to trouble.

```
18 \newif\if@part\@partfalse
19 \DeclareOption{report}{\@parttrue\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{omdoc}}
20 \DeclareOption*{\@parttrue\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{omdoc}}
21 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{omdoc}}
22 \PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{beamer}}
23 \ProcessOptions
24 \langle /cls\rangle
25 \langle *ltxml\rangle
26 \RawTeX('\newif\ifnotes\notesfalse');
27 \RawTeX('\newif\ifproblems\problemsfalse');
28 \langle /ltxml\rangle
```

Depending on the options, we either load the article-based omdoc or the beamer class. In the first case, we also have to make the beamer-specific things

EdN:3

available to article via the beamerarticle package. We use options to avoid loading theorem-like environments, since we want to use our own from the STEX packages.

```
29 (*cls)
30 \setminus ifnotes
31 \LoadClass{omdoc}
32 \RequirePackage{a4wide}
33 \RequirePackage{marginnote}
34 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
35 \RequirePackage[notheorems,noamsthm,noxcolor]{beamerarticle}
36 \ensuremath{\setminus} \mathtt{else}
37 \if@part% report or book class
38 \renewenvironment{frontmatter}{}{}
40 \LoadClass[notheorems, noamsthm, 10pt] {beamer}
41 \newcounter{Item}
42 \newcounter{paragraph}
43 \newcounter{subparagraph}
44 \newcounter{Hfootnote}
45 \usetheme{Jacobs}
46 \fi
47 (/cls)
48 (*ltxml)
49 LoadClass('omdoc');
50 RequirePackage('tikzinput');
51 DefConstructor('\usetheme{}','');
52 (/ltxml)
   now, we load the remaining packages for both versions. <sup>3</sup>
53 \langle *cls \rangle
54 \RequirePackage{tikzinput}
55 \RequirePackage{stex}
56 \RequirePackage{latexml}
57 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
58 \RequirePackage{tikz}
59 \usepgflibrary{shapes}
60 \usetikzlibrary{arrows}
61 \usetikzlibrary{positioning}
62 \usetikzlibrary{tikzmark}%experimental/beta but very useful
63 \usetikzlibrary{fit}
64 \RequirePackage{url}
65 \RequirePackage{amsmath}
66 \RequirePackage{comment}
67 \RequirePackage{standalone}
68 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
69 (/cls)
70 \langle *ltxml \rangle
```

 $^{^3{\}rm EDNote}:$ MK: eventually (when tikz support is fully realized in LATEXML) get rid of the standalone package

```
71 RequirePackage('stex');
72 RequirePackage('latexml');
73 RequirePackage('amssymb');
74 RequirePackage('graphicx');
75 RequirePackage('tikz');
76 RequirePackage('url');
77 RequirePackage('amsmath');
78 (/ltxml)
```

4.2 Notes and Slides

We define the sizes of slides in the notes. Somehow, we cannot get by with the same here.

```
79 (*cls)
80 \newcounter{slide}
81 \newlength{\slidewidth}\setlength{\slidewidth}{12.3cm}
82 \newlength{\slideheight}\setlength{\slideheight}{9cm}
83 (/cls)
84 (*ltxml)
85 DefRegister('\slidewidth' => Dimension('13.5cm'));
86 DefRegister('\slideheight' => Dimension('9cm'));
87 (/ltxml)
```

note The note environment is used to leave out text in the slides mode. It does not have a counterpart in OMDoc. So for course notes, we define the note environment to be a no-operation otherwise we declare the note environment as a comment via the comment package.

```
88 \langle *cls \rangle
89 \ifnotes\renewenvironment{note}{\ignorespaces}{}\else\excludecomment{note}\fi
90 \langle /cls \rangle
91 \langle *ltxml \rangle
92 DefEnvironment('{note}','#body');
93 \langle /ltxml \rangle
```

We start by giving the LATEXML binding for the frame environment from the beamer class. We first set up the slide boxes in article mode. We set up sizes and provide a box register for the frames and a counter for the slides.

```
94\ \langle *cls \rangle 95\ \ highest 95\ hewlength \ lide framewidth \set length \slide framewidth \$1.5pt \}
```

frame We first define the keys.

```
97 \addmetakey{frame}{label}
98 \addmetakey[yes]{frame}{allowframebreaks}
99 \addmetakey{frame}{allowdisplaybreaks}
100 \addmetakey[yes]{frame}{fragile}
101 \addmetakey[yes]{frame}{shrink}
102 \addmetakey[yes]{frame}{squeeze}
```

We redefine the itemize environment so that it looks more like the one in beamer with Jacobs theme. We create the box with the mdframed environment from the equinymous package. Then we define the environment, read them, and construct the slide number and label.

```
103 \renewenvironment{frame}[1][]%
104 {\metasetkeys{frame}{#1}%
105 \stepcounter{slide}\def\@currentlabel{\theslide}%
106 \ \texttt{\frame@label\empty\else\label{frame@label}\fine and the label of the labe
  We redefine the itemize environment so that it looks more like the one in beamer
  with Jacobs theme.
107 \def\itemize@level{outer}%
108 \def\itemize@outer{outer}%
109 \def\itemize@inner{inner}%
110 \renewcommand\newpage{}%
111 \renewcommand\metakeys@show@keys[2]{\marginnote{{\scriptsize ##2}}}%
112 \renewenvironment{itemize}%
113 {\ifx\itemize@level\itemize@outer\def\itemize@label{$\rhd$}\fi%
114 \ifx\itemize@level\itemize@inner\def\itemize@label{$\scriptstyle\rhd$}\fi%
115
           \begin{list}%
                 {\itemize@label}%
116
                 {\setlength{\labelsep}{.3em}\setlength{\labelwidth}{.5em}\setlength{\labelsep}{1.5em}}}
117
           \edef\itemize@level{\itemize@inner}}%
119 {\end{list}}
  We create the box with the mdframed environment from the equinymous package.
120 \begin{mdframed}[linewidth=\slideframewidth,skipabove=1ex,skipbelow=1ex,
121 userdefinedwidth=\slidewidth,align=center]\sf}
122 {\medskip\miko@slidelabel\end{mdframed}}
123 (/cls)
124 (*ltxml)
125 DefEnvironment('{frame}[]',
              "<omdoc:omgroup layout='slide'>"
126
127
                  "#body\n"
         ."</omdoc:omgroup>\n\n",
129 afterDigestBegin=>sub {
              $_[1]->setProperty(theory=>LookupValue('current_module')); });
130
131 (/ltxml)#$
         Now, we need to redefine the frametitle (we are still in course notes mode).
133 \renewcommand{\frametitle}[1]{{\Large\bf\sf\color{blue}{#1}}\medskip}
134 \fi
135 (/cls)
136 (*ltxml)
137 DefConstructor('\frametitle{}',
           "\n<omdoc:metadata><dc:title>#1</dc:title></omdoc:metadata>");
```

\frametitle

139 (/ltxml)

```
EdN:4
```

EdN:5

\frameimage We have to make sure that the width is overwritten⁴

```
140 (*cls)
141 \newcommand\frameimage[2][]{\stepcounter{slide}%
142 \ifframeimages%
143 \def\Gin@ewidth{}\setkeys{Gin}{#1}%
144 \ifnotes\else\vfill\fi%
145 \ifx\Gen@ewidth\@empty\mycgraphics[#1]{#2}\else\mycgraphics[width=\slidewidth,#1]{#2}\fi
146 \par\strut\hfill{\footnotesize Slide \arabic{slide}}%
147 \ifnotes\else\vfill\fi%
148 \fi}%ifframeimages
149 \( /cls \)
150 \( \struml \)
151 DefMacro('\frameimage[]{}','\@frameimage{\includegrahics[#1,width=\slidewidth]{#2}}');
152 DefConstructor('\@frameimage{}',"<omdoc:omgroup layout='slide'>#1</omdoc:omgroup>\n");
153 \( /|txml \)
```

4.3 Header and Footer Lines

Now, we set up the infrastructure for the footer line of the slides, we use boxes for the logos, so that they are only loaded once, that considerably speeds up processing.

```
\begin{array}{l} 154 \ \langle *cls \rangle \\ 155 \ \newlength{\slidelogoheight} \end{array}
```

 $157 \ensuremath{\logo}\sbox{\slidelogo}{\logo}{\logo}\cline{\logo}\c$

Now, we set up the copyright and licensing, the copyright remains with the author, but we use the Creative Commons Attribuition-ShareAlike license to strengthen den public domain. Here the problem is that we want a hyperref on the CC logo, if hyperref is loaded, and otherwise not. As hyperref is always loaded, we have to find out at the beginning of the document whether it is, set up a switch, and later in the footer line decide what to do.

```
158 \def\source{Michael Kohlhase}% customize locally
159 \def\copyrightnotice{\footnotesize\copyright:\hspace{.3ex}{\source}}
160 \newsavebox{\cclogo}\sbox{\cclogo}{\includegraphics[height=\slidelogoheight]{cc_somerights}}
161 \newif\ifcchref\cchreffalse
162 \AtBeginDocument{\@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{\cchreftrue}{\cchreffalse}}
```

 $\label{licensing} $$163 \end{times} if chief \end$

Now, we set up the slide label for the article mode⁵

\slidelabel

```
164 \newcommand\miko@slidelabel%
```

9

^{165 {\}vbox to \slidelogoheight{\vss\hbox to \slidewidth%

^{166 {\}licensing\hfill\copyrightnotice\hfill\arabic{slide}\hfill\usebox{\slidelogo}}}}

⁴EdNote: MK@DG; we need to do that in the LaTeXML binding as well!

 $^{^5\}mathrm{EdNote}$: see that we can use the themes for the slides some day. This is all fake.

4.4 Colors and Highlighting

Now, we set up an infrastructure for highlighting phrases in slides. Note that we use content-oriented macros for highlighting rather than directly using color markup. The first thing to to is to adapt the green so that it is dark enough for most beamers

```
167 \AtBeginDocument{\definecolor{green}{rgb}{0,.5,0}\definecolor{purple}{cmyk}{.3,1,0,.17}}
```

We customize the \defemph, \notemph, and \stDMemph macros with colors for the use in the statements package. Furthermore we customize the \@@lec macro for the appearance of line end comments in \lec.

```
168 % \def\STpresent#1{\textcolor{blue}{#1}}
169 \def\defemph#1{{\textcolor{magenta}{#1}}}
170 \def\notemph#1{{\textcolor{magenta}{#1}}}
171 \def\stDMemph#1{{\textcolor{blue}{#1}}}
172 \def\@@lec#1{(\textcolor{green}{#1})}
173 (/cls)
174 (*ltxml)
175 #DefMacro('\defemph{}','{\textcolor{magenta}{#1}}');
176 #DefMacro('\notemph{}', '{\textcolor{magenta}{#1}}');
177 (/ltxml)
```

I like to use the dangerous bend symbol for warnings, so we provide it here.

\textwarning as the macro can be used quite often we put it into a box register, so that it is only loaded once.

```
178 (*cls)
179 \pgfdeclareimage[width=.9em] {miko@small@dbend} {dangerous-bend}
180 \def\smalltextwarning{\pgfuseimage{miko@small@dbend}\xspace}
181 \pgfdeclareimage[width=1.5em] \{miko@dbend} \{dangerous-bend}
182 \def\textwarning{\raisebox{-.05cm}{\pgfuseimage{miko@dbend}}\xspace}
183 \pgfdeclareimage[width=2.5em] \{miko@big@dbend} \{dangerous-bend}
184 \def\bigtextwarning{\raisebox{-.05cm}{\pgfuseimage{miko@big@dbend}}\xspace}
185 (/cls)
186 (*ltxml)
187 DefMacro('\textwarning','\@textwarning\xspace');
188 DefConstructor('\@textwarning',"");
189 (/ltxml)
```

Front Matter, Titles, etc 4.5

We need to redefine the frontmatter macros inherited from the beamer class, since there they take an optional argument.

```
190 (*ltxml)
191 DefMacro('\title[]{}', '\@add@frontmatter{ltx:title}{#1}');
192 DefMacro('\date[]{}', '\@add@frontmatter{ltx:date}[role=creation]{#1}');
193 DefMacro('\author[]{}', sub { andSplit(T_CS('\@author'),$_[1]); });#$
i/ltxml;
```

Now, we specialize the slide environment that we have implemented above or inherited from seminar.cls for some abbreviations, e.g. separator slides and title slides.

```
194 (*cls)
195 \ifnotes\newcommand\titleframe{\maketitle}\else
196 \newcommand\titleframe{\begin{frame}\titlepage\end{frame}}\fi
197 \newenvironment{titleframewith}{\begin{frame}\titlepage}{\end{frame}}
198 \newenvironment{ttitle}{\begin{center}\LARGE\begin{tabular}{|c|}\hline}%
199 {\\\hline\end{tabular}\end{center}\vspace{1ex minus 1ex}}
200 \newenvironment{ttitlejoint}[1]%
201 $$ \operatorname{how} \operatorname{hox} 
202 \begin{center}\LARGE\begin{tabular}{c}\color{red}}%
203 {\\\box\boxwith\end{tabular}\end{center}%
204 \vspace{1ex minus 1ex}}
205 (/cls)
206 (*ltxml)
207 DefConstructor('\titleframe', "<omdoc:ignore>titleframe elided here</omdoc:ignore>");
208 DefEnvironment('{titleframewith}',
209
                                                                                                "<omdoc:ignore>begin elided titleframe</omdoc:ignore>"
210
                                                                                           ."<omdoc:ignore>end elided titleframe</omdoc:ignore>");
212 DefEnvironment('{titleslide}',"");
213 DefEnvironment('{titleslide}', "<omdoc:omgroup>#body</omdoc:omgroup>");
214 DefEnvironment('{ttitle}', "\n<dc:title>#body</dc:title>");
215 (/ltxml)
216 %
                                                    Must be first command on slide to make positioning work.
217 (*cls)
218 \newcommand\putgraphicsat[3]{%
219 \begin{picture}(0,0)\put(#1){\includegraphics[#2]{#3}}\end{picture}}
220 \newcommand\putat[2]{\begin{picture}(0,0)\put(#1){#2}\end{picture}}
221 (/cls)
```

4.6 Sectioning

If the sectocframes option is set, then we make section frames.

```
222 (*cls)
223 \ifsectocframes
224 \if@part\newcounter{mpart}
225 \newcounter{mchapter}
226 \newcounter{msection} [mchapter]
227 \else
228 \newcounter{msection}
229 \fi
230 \newcounter{msubsection} [msection]
231 \newcounter{msubsubsection} [msubsection]
232 \newcounter{msubsubsection} [msubsubsection]
233 \ifnotes\else% only in slides
234 \renewcommand\at@begin@omgroup[3] [] {\begin{frame}/}
```

```
235 \vfill\Large\centering
236 \red{\ifcase\section@level\or
237 \stepcounter{mpart}Part \Roman{mpart}\or%
238 \stepcounter{mchapter}Chapter \arabic{mchapter}\or
239 \stepcounter{msection}\if@part\arabic{mchapter}.\fi\arabic{msection}\or
240 \stepcounter{msubsection}\if@part\arabic{mchapter}.\fi\arabic{msection}.\arabic{msubsection}\or
241 \stepcounter{msubsubsection}\if@part\arabic{mchapter}.\fi\arabic{msection}.\arabic{msubsection}
242 \stepcounter{msubsubsubsection}\if@part\arabic{mchapter}.\fi\arabic{msection}.\arabic{msubsection}
243 \quad #3\vfill
244 \end{frame}}
245 \fi% ifnotes
246 \fi% ifsectocframes
247 \( / \cdot \cd
```

4.7 Miscellaneous

EdN:6 EdN:7 We need to disregard the columns macros introduced by the beamer class

```
248 (*cls)
249 \ifnotes
250 \renewenvironment{columns}%
251 {\par\noindent\begin{minipage}\slidewidth\centering\leavevmode}%
252 {\ensuremath{\mbox{minipage}}\par\noindent}
253 \newsavebox\columnbox
254 \renewenvironment{column}[1]%
255 {\begin{lrbox}{\columnbox}\begin{minipage}{#1}}%
256 {\end{minipage}\end{lrbox}\usebox\columnbox}
257 \fi
258 (/cls)
259 \langle *ltxml \rangle
260 DefEnvironment('{columns}', "#body");
261 DefEnvironment('{column}{}', "#body");
    We also need to deal with overlay specifications introduced by the beamer
class.^6
262 DefConstructor('\uncover', '#1');
263 #Define a Beamer Overlay Parameter type
264 DefParameterType('BeamerOverlay', sub {
      my ($gullet) = Q_{-};
265
      my $tok = $gullet->readXToken;
266
      if (ref $tok && ToString($tok) eq '<') {</pre>
267
         $gullet->readUntil(T_OTHER('>'));
268
      } else {
269
270
         $gullet->unread($tok) if ref $tok;
271
         undef; }},
272
        reversion=> sub {
```

 $^{^6\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ this is just to keep latexml quiet, no real functionality here.

 $^{^7{\}rm EDNote}$: Deyan: We reuse the CMP itemizations defined in the omdoc.cls.ltxml binding, adjusting the parameters to be overlay-sensitive

```
(T_OTHER('<'), $_[0]->revert, T_OTHER('>'));
274
          });
275
276 #Take the "from" field of the overlay range
277 sub overlayFrom {
     return "" unless defined $_[0];
279
     my \sigma(s_[0]); \sigma(d+)/; s_1;
280
281 #Reuse the CMP itemizations, only adjust the \item constructors.
282 DefMacro('\beamer@group@item[] OptionalBeamerOverlay IfBeginFollows', sub {
     my($gullet,$tag,$overlay,$needwrapper)=@_;
     $overlay=$overlay||T_OTHER("");
     ( T_CS('\group@item@maybe@unwrap'),
285
       ($needwrapper ? (Invocation(T_CS('\beamer@group@item@wrap'),$tag,$overlay)->unlist) : ()) )
286
287 DefConstructor('\beamer@group@item@wrap {} OptionalBeamerOverlay',
          "<omdoc:omtext ?#2(overlay='&overlayFrom(#2)')()>"
288
           . "?#1(<dc:title>#1</dc:title>)()"
289
                 . "<omdoc:CMP>",
290
291
          beforeDigest=>sub {
292 Let('\group@item@maybe@unwrap','\group@item@unwrap');
293 #$_[0]->bgroup;
294 return; },
          properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
295
296 #DefConstructor('\beamer@itemize@item[] OptionalBeamerOverlay',
297 #
           "<omdoc:li ?#2(overlay='&overlayFrom(#2)')() >"
298 #
          . "?#1(<dc:title>#1</dc:title>)()"
           properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
300 DefConstructor('\beamer@enumerate@item[] OptionalBeamerOverlay',
           "<omdoc:li ?#2(overlay='&overlayFrom(#2)')() >"
301
         . "?#1(<dc:title>#1</dc:title>)()",
302
          properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
303
304 DefConstructor('\beamer@description@item[] OptionalBeamerOverlay',
305
           "<omdoc:di ?#2(overlay='&overlayFrom(#2)')() >"
           . "?#1(<omdoc:dt>#1</omdoc:dt>)()<omdoc:dd>", # trust di and dt to autoclose
306
307
          properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
308 \langle /ltxml \rangle #$
Now, some things that are imported from the pgf and beamer packages:
310 DefMacro('\putgraphicsat{}{}\', '\mygraphics[#2]{#3}');
311 DefMacro('\putat{}{}','#2');
312 \langle | \text{ltxml} \rangle
313 (*cls)
314 \ifproblems\newenvironment{problems}{}{}\else\excludecomment{problems}\fi
315 (/cls)
316 (*ltxml)
317 DefEnvironment('{problems}', '#body');
318 (/ltxml)
```

4.8 Support for MathHub

\mhframeimage Use the current value of \mh@currentrepos or the value of the mhrepos key if it is given in \frameimage.

```
319 \langle cls \addmetakey{Gin}{mhrepos}
320 \langle tkml\rangle DefKeyVal('Gin', 'mhrepos', 'Semiverbatim');
321 \langle tkml\rangle RawTeX('
322 \sqrt{kxml} | cls\rangle
323 \newcommand\mhframeimage[2][]{\metasetkeys{Gin}{#1}%
324 \edef\mh@Grepos{\mh@currentrepos}%
325 \ifx\Gin@mhrepos\@empty\frameimage[#1]{\MathHub{\mh@currentrepos/source/#2}}%
326 \else\frameimage[#1]{\MathHub{\Gin@mhrepos/source/#2}}\fij
327 \langle tkml\rangle cls\rangle
328 \langle tkml\rangle ');
```

4.9 Finale

Finally, we set the slide body font to the sans serif, and we terminate the LATEXML bindings file with a success mark for perl.

```
329 \langle cls \rangle \setminus ifnotes \setminus else \setminus sf \setminus fi
330 \langle ltxml \rangle 1;
```

References

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