1 Continuous Functions

Definition 1.1 A function $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is called at $x \in \mathbb{R}$, iff for all $\epsilon > 0$ there is a $\delta > 0$, such that $|f(x) - f(y)| < \epsilon$ for all $|x - y| < \delta$. It is called a set $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}$, iff is is continous at all $x \in S$, the set of all such functions is denoted with $C^0(S,T)$, if $f(S) \subseteq T$.