

# `smlog.cls`: Semantic Multilingual Glossary for Math

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## **Abstract**

The `omdoc` package is part of the `sTeX` collection, a version of `TeX/LATeX` that allows to markup `TeX/LATeX` documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning `TeX/LATeX` into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM).

This package supplies an infrastructure for writing OMDoc glossary entries.

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## 1 Introduction

## 2 The User Interface

### 2.1 Package and Class Options

`smglo.cls` accepts all options of the `omdoc.cls` and `article.cls` and just passes them on to these.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>EdNOTE: describe them

## 3 Implementation: The OMDoc Class

### 3.1 Class Options

To initialize the `omdoc` class, we declare and process the necessary options.

```
1 <*cls>
2 \DeclareOption{showmeta}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{metakeys}}
3 \ProcessOptions
4 </cls>
5 <*ltxml>
6 # -*- CPERL -*-
7 package LaTeXML::Package::Pool;
8 use strict;
9 use LaTeXML::Package;
10 ProcessOptions();
11 </ltxml>
```

We load `omdoc.cls`, and the desired packages. For the  $\text{\LaTeX}$  bindings, we make sure the right packages are loaded.

```
12 <*cls>
13 \LoadClass{omdoc}
14 \RequirePackage{amstext}
15 \RequirePackage{modules}
16 \RequirePackage{statements}
17 \RequirePackage{sproof}
18 \RequirePackage{cmath}
19 \RequirePackage{presentation}
20 \RequirePackage{amsfonts}
21 \RequirePackage[english,ngerman]{babel}
22 </cls>
23 <*ltxml>
24 LoadClass('omdoc');
25 RequirePackage('amstext');
26 RequirePackage('modules');
27 RequirePackage('statements');
28 RequirePackage('cmath');
29 RequirePackage('presentation');
30 RequirePackage('amsfonts');
31 RequirePackage('babel',options=>['english','ngerman']);
32 </ltxml>
```

### 3.2 Input

`ginput` iterates over the language bindings.

```
33 <ltxml>RawTeX('
34 <*cls | ltxml>
35 \newcommand\ginput[2] [] {\input{#2}\@for\@I:=#1\do{\input{#2.\@I}}}
```

### 3.3 For Module Definitions

```

gimport just a shortcut
36 \newcommand\gimport[2] [] {\def\@test{#1}%
37 \ifx\@test\@empty\importmodule[load=#2]{#2}\else\importmodule[#1,load=#2]{#2}\fi}

guse just a shortcut
38 \newcommand\guse[2] [] {\def\@test{#1}%
39 \ifx\@test\@empty\usemodule[load=#2]{#2}\else\usemodule[#1,load=#2]{#2}\fi}

gadopt just a shortcut
40 \newcommand\gadopt[2] [] {\def\@test{#1}%
41 \ifx\@test\@empty\gadptmodule[load=#2]{#2}\else\gadptmodule[#1,load=#2]{#2}\fi}

gview The gview environment is just a layer over the view environment with the keys
suitably adapted.
42 \newenvironment{gview}[3] [] %
43 {\def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty\begin{view}[from=#2,to=#3]{#2}{#3}\else\begin{view}[from=#2,to
44 {\end{view}}

gviewsketch The gviewsketch environment is just a layer over the viewsketch environment
with the keys suitably adapted.
45 \newenvironment{gviewsketch}[3] [] %
46 {\def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty\begin{viewsketch}[from=#2,to=#3]{#2}{#3}\else\begin{viewsketch
47 {\end{viewsketch}}

gve The gve environment is just a layer over the gviewsketch environment with the
keys and language suitably adapted.
48 \def\@en{en}\def\@de{de}
49 \newenvironment{gve}[5] [] {\def\@test{#1}%
50 \ifx\@test\@empty\begin{gviewsketch}[id=#2.#3]{#4}{#5}\else\begin{gviewsketch}[id=#2.#3,#1]{#4}
51 \def\@test{#3}%
52 \ifx\@test\@en\selectlanguage{english}\fi
53 \ifx\@test\@de\selectlanguage{ngerman}\fi}
54 {\end{gviewsketch}}
55 </cls | ltxml>
56 <ltxml>');

symbol has a starred form for primary symbols. Both do nothing.
57 <*cls>
58 \def\symbol{\@ifstar\@gobble\@gobble}
59 </cls>
60 <*ltxml>
61 DefConstructor('\symbol OptionalMatch:* {}','<omdoc:symbol name='#1'/>');
62 </ltxml>

*nym
63 <*cls>
64 \newcommand\hypernym[3] [] {#2 is a hypernym of #3}

```

```

65 \newcommand\hyponym[3] [] {#2 is a hyponym of #3}
66 \newcommand\meronym[3] [] {#2 is a meronym of #3}
67 \</cls>
68 \<*lxml>
69 DefConstructor('\hypernym [] {}{}', "");
70 DefConstructor('\hyponym [] {}{}', "");
71 DefConstructor('\meronym [] {}{}', "");
72 \</lxml>

```

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\MSC to define the Math Subject Classification, <sup>2</sup>

```

73 \<*cls>
74 \newcommand\MSC{\@gobble}
75 \</cls>
76 \<*lxml>
77 DefConstructor('\MSC{}', "");
78 \</lxml>

```

### 3.4 For Language Bindings

**gle** The **gle** environment is just a layer over the module environment with the keys and language suitably adapted.

```

79 \<lxml>RawTeX('
80 \<*cls | lxml>
81 \def\@en{en}\def\@de{de}
82 \newenvironment{gle}[3] [] {\def\@test{#1}%
83 \ifx\@test\@empty\begin{module}[id=#2.#3]\else\begin{module}[id=#2.#3,#1]\fi
84 \gimport{#2}\def\@test{#3}%
85 \ifx\@test\@en\selectlanguage{english}\fi
86 \ifx\@test\@de\selectlanguage{ngerman}\fi
87 \end{module}}
88 \</cls | lxml>
89 \<lxml>');

```

**noun**

```

90 \<*cls>
91 \newcommand\noun[2] {}
92 \</cls>
93 \<*lxml>
94 DefMacro('\noun {}{}', '');
95 \</lxml>

```

**qualifier**

```

96 \<*cls>
97 \newcommand\qualifier[3] {}
98 \</cls>
99 \<*lxml>

```

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<sup>2</sup>EdNOTE: MK: what to do for the LaTeXML side?

```
100 DefMacro('\qualifier {}{}{}','');  
101 </ltxml>
```