smglom.cls/sty: Semantic Multilingual Glossary for Math

Michael Kohlhase Jacobs University, Bremen http://kwarc.info/kohlhase

April 22, 2016

Abstract

The smglom package is part of the STEX collection, a version of TEX/LATEX that allows to markup TEX/LATEX documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning TEX/LATEX into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM).

This package supplies an infrastructure for writing OMDoc gloss ary entries.

Contents

1	Intr	roduction
2	The	User Interface
	2.1	Package and Class Options
	2.2	Convenience Macros for SMGloM Modules
	2.3	Terminological Relations
3		class Options
		Convenience Macros for SMGloM Modules
		Terminological Relations
	3.4	For Language Bindings
	3.5	Authoring States
	3.6	Shadowing of repositories

1 Introduction

2 The User Interface

2.1 Package and Class Options

 ${\tt smglom.cls}$ accepts all options of the ${\tt omdoc.cls}$ and ${\tt article.cls}$ and just passes them on to these.

2.2 Convenience Macros for SMGloM Modules

1

EdN:1

EdN:2

2.3 Terminological Relations

 $^{1}\mathrm{EdNote} :$ document them $^{2}\mathrm{EdNote} :$ document them

3 Implementation: The SMGloM Class

3.1 Class Options

To initialize the smglom class, we pass on all options to omdoc.cls as well as the stex and smglom packages.

```
\label{eq:continuous} $1 \ensuremath{\mbox{$\times$}} $$ 1 \ensuremath{\mbox{$\times$}} $$ 2 \ensuremath{\mbox{
```

We load omdoc.cls, the smglom package that provides the SMGloM-specific functionality³, and the stex package to allow OMDoc compatibility.

```
6 \LoadClass{omdoc}
7 \RequirePackage{smglom}
8 \RequirePackage{stex}
9 \RequirePackage{amstext}
10 \RequirePackage{amsfonts}
11 \langle /cls \rangle
```

Now we do the same thing for the package; first the options, which we just pass on to the stex package.

```
12 \( *sty \)
13 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{statements}}
14 \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{structview}
15 \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{smultiling}}
16 \ProcessOptions
```

We load omdoc.cls, and the desired packages. For the LATEXML bindings, we make sure the right packages are loaded.

```
17 \RequirePackage{statements}
18 \RequirePackage[langfiles]{smultiling}
19 \RequirePackage{structview}
```

3.2 Convenience Macros for SMGloM Modules

\gimport Just a shortcut, we have a starred and unstarred version, the first one is conservative. For example, if we execute:

\gimport[smglom/numberfields]{naturalnumbers}

First we are redirected to \@gimport@nostar, we store the smglom/numberfields $\langle the repo's path \rangle$ in \@test, then store \mh@currentrepos $\langle current \ directory \rangle$ in \mh@repos. If no repo's path is offered, that means the module to import is

 $^{^3{\}rm EdNote}$: MK:describe that above

under the same directory, so we let repos=\mh@repos and pass bunch of parameters to \importmhmodule, which is defined in module.sty. If there's a repo's path, then we let repos= $\langle the\ repo's\ path \rangle$. Finally we use \mhcurrentrepos(defined in module.sty) to change the \mh@currentrepos.

```
20 \def\gimport{\@ifstar\@gimport@star\@gimport@nostar}%
      21 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@star[2][]{%
          \def\@test{#1}%
      22
          \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
      23
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      24
            \importmhmodule[conservative,repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      25
      26
             \importmhmodule[conservative,repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      27
      28
          \fi%
      29
          \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
          \ignorespacesandpars%
      30
      31 }%
      32 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@nostar[2][]{%
          \def\@test{#1}%
          \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
      34
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      35
            \importmhmodule[repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      36
          \else%
      37
            \importmhmodule[repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      38
      39
          \fi%
          \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
      40
      41
          \ignorespacesandpars%
      42 }%
guse just a shortcut
      43 \newrobustcmd\guse[2][]{\def\@test{#1}%
          \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
          \ifx\@test\@empty%
      45
            \usemhmodule[repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      46
      47
            \usemhmodule[repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
      48
      49
          \fi%
          \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
      50
          \ignorespacesandpars%
      51
      52 }%
      we essentially copy over the definition of mhstructure, but adapt it to the SM-
      GloM situation.
      53 \newenvironment{gstructure}[3][]{%
          \gdef\@@doit{\importmhmodule[#1,path=#3,ext=tex]{#3}}%
          \ifmod@show\par\noindent structure import "#2" from module #3 \@@doit\fi%
      56 \ignorespacesandpars}
      57 {\aftergroup\@doit\ifmod@show end import\fi%
          \ignorespacesandparsafterend}
```

gstructure

3.3 Terminological Relations

EdN:4

EdN:5

\gincludeview

```
*nym
          59 \newrobustcmd\hypernym[3][]{\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a hypernym of #3\fi}%
          60 \newrobustcmd\hyponym[3][]{\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a hyponym of #3\fi}%
          61 \newrobustcmd\meronym[3][]{\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a meronym of #3\fi}%
          to define the Math Subject Classification, <sup>4</sup>
    \MSC
          62 \newrobustcmd\MSC[1]{\if@importing\else MSC: #1\fi\ignorespacesandpars}%
                 For Language Bindings
          3.4
          Here we adapt the smultiling functionality to the special situation, where the
          module and file names are identical by design.
         The gviewsig environment is just a layer over the mhviewsig environment with
gviewsig
          the keys suitably adapted.
          63 \newenvironment{gviewsig}[4][]{%
              \def\test{#1}%
              \ifx\@test\@empty%
          66
                 \begin{mhviewsig} [frompath=#3,topath=#4] {#2}{#3}{#4}%
          67
          68
                 \begin{mhviewsig}[frompath=#3,topath=#4,#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
          69
              \fi%
              \ignorespacesandpars%
          70
          71 }{%
              \end{mhviewsig}%
          73
              \ignorespacesandparsafterend%
          74 }%
         The gviewnl environment is just a layer over the mhviewnl environment with the
gviewnl
          keys suitably adapted.
          75 \newenvironment{gviewnl}[5][]{%
              \def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty%
          76
                 \begin{mhviewnl}[frompath=#4,topath=#5]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
          77
              \else%
          78
                 \begin{mhviewnl}[frompath=#4,topath=#5,#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
          79
          80
          81 \ignorespacesandpars%
          82 }{%
              \end{mhviewnl}%
              \ignorespacesandparsafterend%
          85 }%
```

86 \newcommand\gincludeview[2][]{\ignorespacesandpars}%

⁴EdNote: MK: what to do for the LaTeXML side?

 $^{^5\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ This is fake for now, needs to be implemented and documented

3.5 Authoring States

We add a key to the module environment. 87 \addmetakey{module}{state}%

3.6 Shadowing of repositories

\repos@macro

\repos@macro parses a GitLab repository name $\langle group \rangle / \langle name \rangle$ and creates an internal macro name from that, which will be used 88 \def\repos@macro#1/#2;{#1@shadows@#2}%

\shadow

89 $\def\shadow#1#2{\needef{repos@macro#1;}{#2}}%$

\MathHubPath

 $\MathHubPath{\langle repos\rangle}$ computes the path of the fork that shadows the MathHub repository $\langle repos\rangle$ according to the current \shadow specification. The computed path can be used for loading modules from the private version of $\langle repos\rangle$.

90 \def\MathHubPath#1{\@ifundefined{\repos@macro#1;}{#1}{\@nameuse{\repos@macro#1;}}}% 91 \langle /sty \rangle