

Michael Kohlhase, Deyan Ginev Jacobs University, Bremen http://kwarc.info/kohlhase

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Abstract

The smultiling package is part of the STEX collection, a version of TEX/LATEX that allows to markup TEX/LATEX documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning TEX/LATEX into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM).

The smultiling package adds multilinguality support for STEX, the idea is that multilingual modules in STEX consist of a module signature together with multiple language bindings that inherit symbols from it, which also account for cross-language coordination.

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1 Introduction

EdN:1

We have been using STEX as the encoding for the Semantic Multilingual Glossary of Mathematics (SMGloM; see [IanJucKoh:sps14]). The SMGloM data model has been taxing the representational capabilities of STEX with respect to multilingual support and verbalization definitions; see [Kohlhase:dmesmgm14], which we assume as background reading for this note.

1.1 ST_EX Module Signatures

(monolingual) STEX had the intuition that the symbol definitions (\symdef and \symvariant) are interspersed with the text and we generate STEX module signatures (SMS *.sms files) from the STEX files. The SMS duplicate "formal" information from the "narrative" STEX files. In the SMGloM, we extend this idea by making the the SMS primary objects that contain the language-independent part of the formal structure conveyed by the STEX documents and there may be multiple narrative "language bindings" that are translations of each other – and as we do not want to duplicate the formal parts, those are inherited from the SMS rather than written down in the language binding itself. So instead of

```
\begin{module}[id=foo]
\symdef{bar}{BAR}
\begin{definition}[for=bar]
    A \defiii{big}{array}{raster} ($\bar$) is a\ldots
\end{definition}
\end{module}
```

we now advocate the divided style in the listing below¹.

```
\usepackage[english,ngerman]{multiling}
\begin{modsig}{foo}
\symdef{bar}{BAR}
\end{modsig}

\begin{modnl}[creators=miko,primary]{foo}{en}
\begin{definition}
    A \defiii[bar]{big}{array}{raster} ($\bar$) is a\ldots
\end{definition}
\end{modnl}

\begin{modnl}[creators=miko]{foo}{de}
\begin{definition}
    Ein \defiii[bar]{gro"ses}{Feld}{Raster} ($\bar$) is a\ldots
\end{definition}
\end{definition}
\end{definition}
\end{definition}
\end{definition}
\end{modnl}
```

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{EDNote}$: MK: the names of the environments are still very much in the air. "modsig" I rather like, but "modnl" is terrible

There the modsig environment works exactly like the old module environment, only that the id attribute has moved into the required argument — anonymous module signatures do not make sense. The module environment takes two arguments the first is the name of the module signature it provides language bindings for and the second the ISO 639 language specifier of the content language. We add the primary key to the optional argument of modul, which can specify the primary language binding (the one the others translate from; and which serves as the reference in case of translation conflicts).

We retain the old module environment as an intermediate stage. It is still useful for monolingual texts. Note that for files with a module, we still have to extract *.sms files. It is not completely clear yet, how to adapt the workflows. We clearly need a lmh or editor command that transfers an old-style module into a new-style signature/binding combo to prepare it for multilingual treatment.

2 The User Interface

The smultiling package accepts all options of the babel.sty and just passes them on to it. The options specify which languages can be used in the STEX language bindings.

3 Implementation

Technically, the smultiling package is essentially a wrapper around the babel package but allows specification of languages by their ISO 639 language codes.

3.1 Class Options

To initialize the smultiling class, we pass on all options to babel.cls and record which languages are loaded by defining $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (language) (language) (language)$ The langfiles option specifies that for a module (mod), the module signature

The langfiles option specifies that for a module $\langle mod \rangle$, the module signature file has the name $\langle mod \rangle$.tex and the language bindings of language with the ISO 639 language specifier $\langle lang \rangle$ have the file name $\langle mod \rangle . \langle lang \rangle . \text{tex.}^3$

```
1 ⟨∗sty⟩
2 \newif\if@langfiles\@langfilesfalse
3 \DeclareOption{langfiles}{\@langfilestrue}
4 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{babel}
5 \@namedef{smul@\CurrentOption @loaded}{yes}}
6 \ProcessOptions
7 (/sty)
8 (*Itxml)
9 # -*- CPERL -*-
10 package LaTeXML::Package::Pool;
11 use strict;
12 use LaTeXML::Package;
13 DeclareOption('langfiles',sub {AssignValue('smultiling_langfiles',1,'global');});
14 DeclareOption(undef,sub {PassOptions('babel','sty',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption')))); }
15 ProcessOptions();
16 (/ltxml)
   We load babel.sty
17 (*sty)
18 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
19 \RequirePackage{babel}
20 (/sty)
```

3.2 Handling Languages

22 RequirePackage('babel');

\smg@select@language

EdN:2

EdN:3

This macro selects one of the registered languages by its language code by setting the internal \smg@lang macro to the argument and then runs the actual selection code in \smg@select@lang. This internal code register is only initialized there, the code is generated by the \smg@register@language macro below.

 $24 \langle \mathsf{ItxmI} \rangle \mathsf{RawTeX(')}$

 $21 \langle *ltxml \rangle$

23 (/ltxml)

 $^{^2\}mathrm{EdNote}$: QDG: We also want to do that in LATEXML

 $^{^3\}mathrm{EdNote}$: implement other schemes, e.g. the onefile scheme.

```
25 (*sty | ltxml)
```

- 26 \newcommand\smg@select@lang{}
- $27 \end{arguage} [1] {\end{arguage} arguage} [2] {\end{a$

\smg@register@language

 $\verb|\smg@register@language|| \langle lang \rangle \} \{\langle babel \rangle\} \text{ registers the babel language name}$ $\langle babel \rangle$ with its ISO 639 language code $\langle lang \rangle$ by extending the \smg@select@language macro.

- 28 \newcommand\smg@register@language[2]%
- $29 {\tt \cifundefined\{smul0\#1@loaded\}\{}{\tt \cifundefined\{smul0\#1@loaded\}\{}{$
- 30 {\expandafter\ifstrequal\expandafter\smg@lang{#1}{\selectlanguage{#2}}{}}}}

Now we register a couple of languages for which we have babel support. Maybe we have to extend this list with others. But then we have to extend the mechanisms.

```
31 \smg@register@language{af}{afrikaans}
```

- 32 \smg@register@language{de}{ngerman}
- 33 \smg@register@language{fr}{french}%
- 34 \smg@register@language{he}{hebrew}
- 35 \smg@register@language{hu}{hungarian}
- 36 \smg@register@language{id}{indonesian}
- 37 \smg@register@language{ms}{malay}
- 38 \smg@register@language{nn}{nynorsk}
- 39 \smg@register@language{pt}{portuguese}
- 40 \smg@register@language{ru}{russian}
- 41 \smg@register@language{uk}{ukrainian} 42 \smg@register@language{en}{english}
- 43 \smg@register@language{es}{spanish}
- 44 \smg@register@language{sq}{albanian}
- 45 \smg@register@language{bg}{bulgarian}
- 46 \smg@register@language{ca}{catalan}
- 47 \smg@register@language{hr}{croatian}
- 48 \smg@register@language{cs}{czech}
- 49 \smg@register@language{da}{danish}
- 50 \smg@register@language{nl}{dutch}
- 51 \smg@register@language{eo}{esperanto}
- 52 \smg@register@language{et}{estonian}
- 53 \smg@register@language{fi}{finnish}
- 54 \smg@register@language{ka}{georgian}
- 55 \smg@register@language{el}{greek}
- $56 \mbox{\em clanguage {is}-{icelandic}}$
- 57 \smg@register@language{it}{italian}
- 58 \smg@register@language{la}{latin}
- 59 \smg@register@language{no}{norsk}
- 60 \smg@register@language{pl}{polish}
- 61 \smg@register@language{sr}{serbian}
- $62 \mbox{\em @register@language} \{sk\} \{slovak\}$
- 63 \smg@register@language{sl}{slovenian}
- 64 \smg@register@language{sv}{swedish}
- 65 \smg@register@language{th}{thai}
- 66 \smg@register@language{tr}{turkish}

```
67 \smg@register@language{vi}{vietnamese}
68 \smg@register@language{cy}{welsh}
69 \smg@register@language{hi}{hindi}
```

3.3 Language Bindings

modsig The modsig environment is just a layer over the module environment. We also redefine macros that may occur in module signatures so that they do not create markup.

```
70 \newenvironment{modsig}[2][]{%
                                          71 \end{figure} [id=\#2] \le \end{figure} [id=\#2,\#1] \end{figure} 
                                          72 {\end{module}}
                                          73 \langle *sty \mid ltxml \rangle
                                          74 (ltxml)');
modn1:*
                                          75 (*sty)
                                          76 \addmetakey{modnl}{load}
                                          77 \addmetakey*{modnl}{title}
                                          78 \addmetakey*{modnl}{creators}
                                          79 \addmetakey*{modnl}{contributors}
                                          80 (/sty)
                                          81 (*ltxml)
                                          82 DefKeyVal('modnl','title','Semiverbatim');
                                          83 DefKeyVal('modnl','load','Semiverbatim');
                                          84 DefKeyVal('modnl', 'creators', 'Semiverbatim');
                                          85 DefKeyVal('modnl', 'contributors', 'Semiverbatim');
                                          86 (/ltxml)
                                         The module environment is just a layer over the module environment with the keys
        modnl
                                          and language suitably adapted.
                                          88 \newenvironment{modnl}[3][]{\metasetkeys{modnl}{#1}%}
                                          89 \smg@select@language{#3}%
                                          91 \if@langfiles\importmodule[load=#2,ext=tex]{#2}\else
                                          92 \ \texttt{ifx} \\ \texttt{modnl@load} \\ \texttt{empty} \\ \texttt{importmodule} \\ \texttt{[ext=tex,load=} \\ \texttt{modnl@load]} \\ \texttt{\#2} \\ \texttt{li} \\ \texttt{modnl@load} \\ \texttt{\#2} \\ \texttt{li} \\ \texttt{modnl@load} \\ \texttt{modnl@load
                                          93 \fi}
                                          94 {\end{module}}
                                          95 (/sty)
                                          96 (*ltxml)
                                          97 DefEnvironment('{modnl} OptionalKeyVals:modnl {}{}',
                                                                                               "<omdoc:theory "
                                                                                                . 'xml:id="#2.#3">'
                                          99
                                                                                                                   "?&defined(&GetKeyVal(#1,'creators'))(<dc:creator>&GetKeyVal(#1,'creators')</dc:cr
                                      100
                                                                                                                   "'?&defined(&GetKeyVal(#1,'title'))(<dc:title>&GetKeyVal(#1,'title')</dc:title>)()"
                                      101
                                                                                                                   "?\&defined(\&GetKeyVal(\#1, 'contributors')) (<\!dc\!:\!contributor\!>\&GetKeyVal(\#1, 'contributors')) (<\!dc\!:\!contributor\!>\&GetKeyVal(\#1, 'contributors')) (<\!dc\!:\!contributor\!>\&GetKeyVal(\#1, 'contributors')) (<\!dc\!:\!contributor\!>\&GetKeyVal(\#1, 'contributors')) (<\!dc\!:\!contributor\!>\&GetKeyVal(\#1, 'contributors')) (<\!dc\!:\!contributor\!>\&GetKeyVal(\#1, 'contributors')) (<\!dc\!:\!contributor) (<\!dc\!:\!contributor) (<\!dc\!:\!contributors') (<\!dc\!:\!
                                      102
                                                                                                                   "#body"
                                      103
                                      104
                                                                                                  . "</omdoc:theory>",
```

```
afterDigestBegin=>sub {
105
       my ($stomach, $whatsit) = @_;
106
       my $keyval = $whatsit->getArg(1);
107
       my $signature = ToString($whatsit->getArg(2));
108
       if ($keyval) {
109
         # If we're not given load, AND the langfiles option is in effect,
110
111
         # default to #2
         if ((! $keyval->getValue('load')) && (LookupValue('smultiling_langfiles'))) {
112
           $keyval->setValue('load',$signature); }
113
         # Always load a TeX file
114
         $keyval->setValue('ext','tex'); }
115
       importmoduleI($stomach,$whatsit)});
116
117 (/ltxml)
118 \langle |txml \rangle 1;
```