— STEX Blue Note* — Proposed changes on the *dennis*-branch in STEX

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Abstract

Bla.

1 Guiding Principles

- Simplify macro syntax as much as possible
- ⇒ Ideally, have every functionality be governed by a single macro, e.g. only \begin{module}[...] instead of module, modnl, modsig, mhmodnl, etc. analogously for \importmodule, \usemodule, etc.
- get rid of e.g. mh-options STEX should be able to figure out if we are in a mathhub/smglom repository on its own and resolve paths accordingly
- \Rightarrow as a user, include a single package that provides everything needed and works with and without MathHub, smglom, etc.
- macros corresponding to content with a URI should carry their respective URIs and be accessible *via* their URI, so that overloaded macros/names can be systematically dealt with.
- \Rightarrow massively simplifies bindings (I hope) by having TEX itself do the brunt of the work.
- No external tools required (localpaths, sms)

2 Modules

- \begin{module} picks a namespace and an id (if not explicitly provided) \Rightarrow STEX knows the full URI of this module.
- The namespace is either provided explicitly (via [ns=http://mathhub.info/example]), or take from a MANIFEST.MF if in a current repository, or computed from the current file, e.g. file:///foo/bar/, if the current file is /foo/bar.tex.
- The name of of the module is either provided explicitly (via [id=foo]), or by default enumerated (module0, module1, etc.)

^{*}Inspired by the "blue book" in Alan Bundy's group at the University of Edinburgh, STEX blue notes, are documents used for fixing and discussing ϵ -baked ideas in projects by the STEX group (see http://github.com/sLaTeX/sTeX). Unless specified otherwise, they are for project-internal discussions only. Please only distribute outside the STEX group after consultation with the author.

- \begin{module} [ns=http://mathhub.info/example, id=foo] will create a new macro http://mathhub.info/example?foo and a shorter, accessible macro (maybe, but probably not, \foo because of name clashes with symbols in the module) that both expand to \invoke@module{http://mathhub.info/example?foo}, which will allow for e.g. accessing symbols in the module, in order to disambiguate e.g. \natarith{plus} and \intarith{plus}.
- \begin{module} sets \this@module to \module@defs@http://mathhub.info/example?foo.

variants that need to be dealt with:

- modnl/mhmodnl we can replace \begin{modnl}{title}{lang} by \begin{module}[title=...,lang=...]. Analogously for mhmodnl.
 - In the smglom, we might want to consider removing the module-environments entirely, since the same information is already contained in filename + MANIFEST.MF.
- modsig/mhmodsig mhmodsig isn't even used anywhere. modsig could be replaced by e.g. \begin{module}[title=...,lang=sig] and analogously to modnl could maybe be removed in the smglom entirely.

3 Symbols/Notations

Assume we're in module http://mathhub.info/example?foo.

- deprecate \symdef,\symvariant and \symi and variants, and replace them by:
- \symdecl[id=foo]{bar} declares a new symbol with URI http://mathhub.info/example?foo?foo, creates macros \http://mathhub.info/example?foo?foo and \bar that expand to \invoke@symbol{http://mathhub.info/example?foo?foo}.

If id is not provided, the name of the symbol is the macro name, e.g. bar.

- Design question: Types for \symdecl? Separate macro or key in the [...] part? Should STEX do anything with it? Definientia, too? e.g. via \abbrdef?
- \notation[lang=...,arity=...,variant=...,arg=...,prec=...]{foo}[n]{...} declares a new notation for symbol foo. lang, arity and variant are keys for different notation "types", that can ultimately be used via e.g. \foo[lang=en,arity=2,variant=op]. \foo[op] is shorthand for \foo[variant=op].

arg is a sequence of is and as, where i is a simple argument and a a flexary/associative argument. If arg is not given, the optional [n] is used instead (i.e. then arg is iⁿ). If neither is given, but the arity keyword is set, then the arity is used. If neither is given, the arity is 0. Probably we'll also need something like b (in addition to a and i) for "bound" arguments (i.e. bound variables), and maybe others as well? Should STEX do anything with b arguments, or only LaTeXML? Maybe explicitly mark macros that are "allowed" as "head symbols" in b-arguments, such as \set in?

prec is a string of numbers p_{sym} ; $p_1x...xp_m$, where p_{sym} is the precedence of the symbol (upwards) and the p_i are the precedences of the individual arguments (downwards)(see below). The default precedence is 0 except if the macro has arity 0, in which case it is $-\infprec$.

\notation takes an additional argument for each a in its arg for (the infix-notation of) an associative argument.

Design question: Currently (as in \symvariant) the foo argument stands for the macro name of the symbol that will be given a notation. This is fine in most cases, but not very semantic and weird whenever id and macro name of a symbol differ, or \foo has been redefined as something entirely different. I propose that instead, foo should either be a macro that ultimately expands to \invoke@symbol{URI}, in which case URI

is the uri of the symbol (this would preserve the current syntax), or foo is the name of a symbol in the current module, or foo is a full URI of a symbol in the same or a different module. This URI could externally be accessible via \invoke@module, e.g. in \notation[variant=foo]{\intarith{?plus}} (which technically wouldn't give the URI of ?plus, but rather ultimately expand to \invoke@symbol{...?intarith?plus}, which is also covered).

- precedences/bracketing: An argument n with precedence p_n in a notation is wrapped in a $\notation@argpec\{p_n\}\{...\}$, the whole notation is wrapped in a $\notation@symprec\{p_{sym}\}\{...\}$ E.g. $\notation@prec=50;20x20]\{plus\}\{\#1 + \#2\}$ would actually have notation $\notation@symprec\{50\}\{\notation@argpec\{20\}\{\#1\} + \notation@argpec\{20\}\{\#2\}\}$. Associative arguments are wrapped in a $\notation@assoc$, e.g. $\notation@prec=50;20,args=a]\{plus\}\{\#1\}\{+\}$ results in $\notation@symprec\{50\}\{\notation@argpec\{20\}\{\notation@assoc\{+\}\{\#1\}\}\}$
- The initial "downwards" precedence p is $-\infprec$. $\notation@symprec{n}{...}$ takes care of inserting brackets, by comparing n with p. If $n \le p$ (and $p \ne -\infprec$), brackets are inserted. $\notation@argprec{n}{...}$ sets the downwards precedence to n. This subsumes \mixfix -variants, \prefix , \suffix , etc.
- For bracketing, the values of \notation@lparen and \notation@rparen are used. \withbrackets{a}{b}{...} temporarily changes those to a and b (\notation@symprec changes them back afterwards, so that the changed ones are only used at the specific point \withbrackets is used).

Design question: \notation probably needs a key [withbrackets={a,b}], because the \withbrackets-macro needs to be *outside* of the \notation@symprec-macro, which \notation wraps around the *whole* notation.

Brackets are prefixed with \left/\right in display mode only.

Construction sites:

- \setnotation[key=value] globally/locally sets e.g. lang=de for all notations.
 - Tricky: what to do if a symbol doesn't have a lang=de notation? How should that interact with explicitly provided notation variants, both other e.g. languages (I suggest explicitly provided variants override those of a \setnotation) and others (e.g. \foo[variant=op]) if the combination (e.g. \foo[variant=op,lang=de]) doesn't exist?
- \symi and friends should be deprecated by \symdecl. For that, I'd need to figure out what the exact difference is between \symii{a}{b} and \symi{a-b} and \symi{a b}, and rethink \trefi-variants analogously.
- \vardecl should be like symdecl, but have exactly one notation (I guess?) and expand to something like \invoke@variable{n} (which gets LaTeXMLified to an OMV!) rather than having a full URI.
 - Needs design: Local/global variables? variables that are theory parameters? Universally/existantially bound? Types?
- \symdecl should be allowed outside of a module-environment, in which case e.g. the file path (or ns:-field in the MANIFEST.MF + subfolder in source) could provide the namespace and the file name the module name. Since this is what e.g. smglom consistently does (and to some extent MiKoMH as well?), it seems like we should make that the default, which would allow getting rid of the boilerplate in smglom files.

4 \importmodule/\usemodule/\inputref and variants

- Currently all these commands take care of setting \this@module, \mh@currentrepos, etc. As a result, we get *some* trouble, e.g. with STEX macros in TOC lines. It seems to me that every module should be in charge of its own location, based on folder/archive-MANIFEST/file, rather than setting and resetting them on \includemodule.
- Again, lots of variants that should be unified, e.g. one could use \includemodule[mhrepo=A/B] instead of \gimport or \mhinclude or what else is around there...
- mh-package variants currently require \mh@currentrepos to be set to something containg a /, which is awful.
- All these macros should copy files to a "local cache" (in the PWD probably?), which e.g. can be submitted to git(labs)/Springer/arxiv etc. so that the document folder is always self-contained. Consequently, all these macros should check a local cache if e.g. the MATHHUB system variable is not set, or the required repo doesn't exist, or a requested module file can't be found for whatever reason.

This "cache" should only be a fallback to make submission/collaboration easier, never the *preferred* source for a module. This is something that a package option could turn on/off.