

smglom.cls/sty: Semantic Multilingual Glossary for Math

Michael Kohlhase
Jacobs University, Bremen
<http://kwarc.info/kohlhase>

November 19, 2015

Abstract

The **smglom** package is part of the **S_TE_X** collection, a version of **T_EX/L^AT_EX** that allows to markup **T_EX/L^AT_EX** documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning **T_EX/L^AT_EX** into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM).

This package supplies an infrastructure for writing OMDoc glossary entries.

Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	The User Interface	2
2.1	Package and Class Options	2
3	Implementation: The SMGloM Class	3
3.1	Class Options	3
3.2	For Module Definitions	4
3.3	For Language Bindings	6
3.4	Authoring States	7
3.5	Shadowing of repositories	7

1 Introduction

2 The User Interface

2.1 Package and Class Options

`smglom.cls` accepts all options of the `omdoc.cls` and `article.cls` and just passes them on to these.

3 Implementation: The SMGloM Class

The general preamble for L^AT_EXML(class and package)

```
1 <*ltxml.cls | ltxml.sty>
2 # -*- CPERL -*-
3 package LaTeXML::Package::Pool;
4 use strict;
5 use warnings;
6 use LaTeXML::Package;
7 </ltxml.cls | ltxml.sty>
```

3.1 Class Options

To initialize the `smglom` class, we pass on all options to `omdoc.cls` as well as the `stex` and `smglom` packages.

```
8 <*cls>
9 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{omdoc}
10                                     \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{stex}
11                                     \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{smglom}}
12 \ProcessOptions
13 </cls>
14 <*ltxml.cls>
15 \DeclareOption(undef,sub {PassOptions('omdoc','cls', ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption'))));
16                                     PassOptions('stex', 'sty', ToString(Digest(T_CS('\Curr
17                                     PassOptions('smglom','sty',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\Curr
18 \ProcessOptions();
19 </ltxml.cls>
```

We load `omdoc.cls`, the `smglom` package that provides the SMGloM-specific functionality¹, and the `stex` package to allow OMDoc compatibility.

```
20 <*cls>
21 \LoadClass{omdoc}
22 \RequirePackage{smglom}
23 \RequirePackage{stex}
24 \RequirePackage{amstext}
25 \RequirePackage{amsfonts}
26 </cls>
27 <*ltxml.cls>
28 \LoadClass('omdoc');
29 \RequirePackage('stex');
30 \RequirePackage('smglom');
31 \RequirePackage('amstext');
32 \RequirePackage('amsfonts');
33 </ltxml.cls>
```

Now we do the same thing for the package; first the options, which we just pass on to the `stex` package.

¹EdNOTE: MK:describe that above

```

34 <*sty>
35 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{statements}
36                                     \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{structview}}
37 \ProcessOptions
38 </sty>
39 <*ltxml.sty>
40 \DeclareOption(undef,sub {PassOptions('modules','sty',ToString(Digest(T_CS('\CurrentOption'))));
41 \ProcessOptions();
42 </ltxml.sty>

```

We load `omdoc.cls`, and the desired packages. For the L^AT_EXML bindings, we make sure the right packages are loaded.

```

43 <*sty>
44 \RequirePackage{statements}
45 \RequirePackage[langfiles]{smultiling}
46 \RequirePackage{structview}
47 </sty>
48 <*ltxml.sty>
49 \RequirePackage('statements');
50 \RequirePackage('smultiling');
51 \RequirePackage('structview');
52 </ltxml.sty>

```

3.2 For Module Definitions

`\gimport` Just a shortcut, we have a starred and unstarred version, the first one is conservative. For example, if we execute:

```
\gimport[smglom/numberfields]{naturalnumbers}
```

First we are redirected to `\@gimport@nostar`, we store the `smglom/numberfields` (*the repo's path*) in `\@test`, then store `\mh@currentrepos` (*current directory*) in `\mh@repos`. If no repo's path is offered, that means the module to import is under the same directory, so we let `repos=\mh@repos` and pass bunch of parameters to `\importmhmodule`, which is defined in `module.sty`. If there's a repo's path, then we let `repos=`(*the repo's path*). Finally we use `\mhcurrentrepos` (defined in `module.sty`) to change the `\mh@currentrepos`.

```

53 <*sty>
54 \def\gimport{\@ifstar\@gimport@star\@gimport@nostar}%
55 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@star[2][\]{%
56   \def\@test{#1}%
57   \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
58   \ifx\@test\@empty%
59     \importmhmodule[conservative,repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
60   \else%
61     \importmhmodule[conservative,repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
62   \fi%

```

```

63 \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
64 \ignorespaces%
65 }%
66 \newrobustcmd\@gimport@nostar[2][]{%
67 \def\@test{#1}%
68 \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
69 \ifx\@test\@empty%
70 \importmhmodule[repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
71 \else%
72 \importmhmodule[repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
73 \fi%
74 \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
75 \ignorespaces%
76 }%
77 \</sty>
78 \<*ltxml.sty>
79 DefMacro('gimport', '\@ifstar\@gimport@star\@gimport@nostar');
80 DefMacro('@gimport@star[]{}', '\g@import[conservative=true,ext=tex,path=#2]{#1}{#2}');
81 DefMacro('@gimport@nostar[]{}', '\g@import[conservative=false,ext=tex,path=#2]{#1}{#2}');
82 DefConstructor('\g@import OptionalKeyVals:importmhmodule {}{}',
83 "comdoc:imports "
84 . "from='?&GetKeyVal(#1,'load')(&canonical_omdoc_path(&GetKeyVal(#1,'load')))(###2' "
85 . "conservative='&GetKeyVal(#1,'conservative')'"/>,
86 afterDigest => \&gimportI);

```

To make this work we need a sub that sets the respective values.

```

87 sub gimportI {
88 my ($stomach,$whatsit) = @_;
89 my $keyval = $whatsit->getArg(1);
90 my $repos = ToString($whatsit->getArg(2));
91 my $name = $whatsit->getArg(3);
92 if ($repos) {
93 $keyval->setValue('repos',$repos); }
94 else {
95 $keyval->setValue('repos',LookupValue('current_repos')); }
96 # Mystery: Why does $whatsit->setArgs($keyval,$name) raise a warning for
97 # "odd numbers" in hash assignment? Workaround for now!
98 $$whatsit{args}[1] = $name; # Intention: $whatsit->setArg(2,$name);
99 undef $$whatsit{args}[2]; # Intention: $whatsit->deleteArg(3);
100 importMHmoduleI($stomach,$whatsit);
101 return; }##$
102 \</ltxml.sty>

```

guse just a shortcut

```

103 \<*sty>
104 \newrobustcmd\guse[2][]{%
105 \def\@test{#1}%
106 \edef\mh@@repos{\mh@currentrepos}%
107 \ifx\@test\@empty%
108 \usemhmodule[repos=\mh@@repos,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%

```

```

109 \else%
110 \usemhmodule[repos=#1,ext=tex,path=#2]{#2}%
111 \fi%
112 \mhcurrentrepos{\mh@@repos}%
113 \ignorespaces%
114 }%
115 \</sty>
116 \<ltxml.sty>
117 DefMacro('guse[]{}', 'g@use[ext=tex,path=#2]{#1}{#2}');
118 DefConstructor('g@use OptionalKeyVals:importmhmodule {} {}',
119 " <omdoc:uses from='?&GetKeyVal(#1,'load')(&canonical_omdoc_path(&GetKeyVal(#1,'load')))( )###2
120 afterDigest => \&gimportI);
121 \</ltxml.sty>

```

*nym

```

122 \<sty>
123 \newrobustcmd\hypernym[3] [] {\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a hypernym of #3\fi}%
124 \newrobustcmd\hyponym[3] [] {\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a hyponym of #3\fi}%
125 \newrobustcmd\meronym[3] [] {\if@importing\else\par\noindent #2 is a meronym of #3\fi}%
126 \</sty>
127 \<ltxml.sty>
128 DefConstructor('hypernym [] {}{}', "");
129 DefConstructor('hyponym [] {}{}', "");
130 DefConstructor('meronym [] {}{}', "");
131 \</ltxml.sty>

```

EdN:2

\MSC to define the Math Subject Classification, ²

```

132 \<sty>
133 \newrobustcmd\MSC[1] {\if@importing\else MSC: #1\fi}%
134 \</sty>
135 \<ltxml.sty>
136 DefConstructor('MSC{}', "");
137 \</ltxml.sty>

```

3.3 For Language Bindings

Here we adapt the `smultiling` functionality to the special situation, where the module and file names are identical by design.

gviewsig The `gviewsig` environment is just a layer over the `mhviewsig` environment with the keys suitably adapted.

```

138 \<ltxml.sty>RawTeX(
139 \<sty | ltxml.sty>
140 \newenvironment{gviewsig}[4] [] {%
141 \def\test{#1}%
142 \ifx\@test\@empty%
143 \begin{mhviewsig}[frompath=#3,topath=#4]{#2}{#3}{#4}%

```

²EdNOTE: MK: what to do for the LaTeXML side?

```

144 \else%
145 \begin{mhviewsig}[frompath=#3,topath=#4,#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
146 \fi%
147 }{%
148 \end{mhviewsig}%
149 }%

gviewnl The gviewnl environment is just a layer over the mhviewnl environment with the
keys suitably adapted.

150 \newenvironment{gviewnl}[5][]{%
151 \def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty%
152 \begin{mhviewnl}[frompath=#3,topath=#4]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
153 \else%
154 \begin{mhviewnl}[#1,frompath=#3,topath=#4]{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
155 \fi%
156 }{%
157 \end{mhviewnl}%
158 }%
159 \</sty | ltxml.sty>
160 \<ltxml.sty>');

```

EdN:3

```

\gincludeview 3
161 \<*sty>
162 \newcommand\gincludeview[2][]{}%
163 \</sty>
164 \<*ltxml.sty>
165 DefConstructor('\gincludeview[]{}','');
166 \</ltxml.sty>

```

3.4 Authoring States

We add a key to the module environment.

```

167 \<*sty>
168 \addmetakey{module}{state}%
169 \</sty>
170 \<*ltxml.sty>
171 DefKeyVal('modnl','state','Semiverbatim');
172 \</ltxml.sty>

```

3.5 Shadowing of repositories

`\repos@macro` `\repos@macro` parses a GitLab repository name `\<group>/\<name>` and creates an internal macro name from that, which will be used

```

173 \<*sty>
174 \def\repos@macro#1/#2;{#1@shadows@#2}%

```

³EDNOTE: This is fake for now, needs to be implemented and documented

`\shadow` `\shadow{⟨orig⟩}{⟨fork⟩}` declares a that the private repository `⟨fork⟩` shadows the MathHub repository `⟨orig⟩`. Internally, it simply defines an internal macro with the shadowing information.

```

175 \def\shadow#1#2{\@namedef{\repos@macro#1;}{#2}}%
176 \</sty>
177 \<*ltxml.sty>
178 DefConstructor(' \shadow{ }{ }', '');
179 \</ltxml.sty>

```

`\MathHubPath` `\MathHubPath{⟨repos⟩}` computes the path of the fork that shadows the MathHub repository `⟨repos⟩` according to the current `\shadow` specification. The computed path can be used for loading modules from the private version of `⟨repos⟩`.

```

180 \<*sty>
181 \def\MathHubPath#1{\@ifundefined{\repos@macro#1;}{#1}{\@nameuse{\repos@macro#1;}}}%
182 \</sty>
183 \<*ltxml.sty>
184 DefConstructor(' \MathHubPath{ }', '');
185 \</ltxml.sty>

```

and finally, we need to terminate the file with a success mark for perl.

```

186 \<ltxml.sty | ltxml.cls>1;

```