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Abstract

The smultiling package is part of the STEX collection, a version of TEX/LATEX that allows to markup TEX/LATEX documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning TEX/LATEX into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM).

The smultiling package adds multilinguality support for STEX, the idea is that multilingual modules in STEX consist of a module signature together with multiple language bindings that inherit symbols from it, which also account for cross-language coordination.

Contents

1		roduction STEX Module Signatures	2	
2	The	User Interface	2	
	2.1	Multilingual Modules	3	
	2.2	Multilingual Definitions and Crossreferencing Terms	3	
	2.3	Multilingual Views	4	
3				
	3.1	Class Options	6	
	3.2	Signatures	6	
	3.3	Language Bindings	7	
	3.4		10	
	3.5		10	
	3.6	Miscellaneneous	10	

1 Introduction

We have been using STEX as the encoding for the Semantic Multilingual Glossary of Mathematics (SMGloM; see [IanJucKoh:sps14]). The SMGloM data model has been taxing the representational capabilities of STEX with respect to multilingual support and verbalization definitions; see [Koh14], which we assume as background reading for this note.

1.1 ST_EX Module Signatures

(monolingual) STEX had the intuition that the symbol definitions (\symdef and \symvariant) are interspersed with the text and we generate STEX module signatures (SMS *.sms files) from the STEX files. The SMS duplicate "formal" information from the "narrative" STEX files. In the SMGloM, we extend this idea by making the the SMS primary objects that contain the language-independent part of the formal structure conveyed by the STEX documents and there may be multiple narrative "language bindings" that are translations of each other – and as we do not want to duplicate the formal parts, those are inherited from the SMS rather than written down in the language binding itself. So instead of the traditional monolingual markup in Figure 1, we we now advocate the divided style in Figure 2.

```
\begin{module}[id=foo]
\symdef{bar}{BAR}
\begin{definition}[for=bar]
   A \defiii{big}{array}{raster} ($\bar$) is a\ldots, it is much bigger
   than a \defiii[sar]{small}{array}{raster}.
\end{definition}
\end{module}
```

Example 1: A module with definition in monolingual STEX

We retain the old module environment as an intermediate stage. It is still useful for monolingual texts. Note that for files with a module, we still have to extract *.sms files. It is not completely clear yet, how to adapt the workflows. We clearly need a lmh or editor command that transfers an old-style module into a new-style signature/binding combo to prepare it for multilingual treatment.

2 The User Interface

langfiles

EdN:1

The smultiling package accepts the langfiles option that specifies – for a module $\langle mod \rangle$ that the module signature file has the name $\langle mod \rangle$.tex and the language bindings of language with the ISO 639 language specifier $\langle lang \rangle$ have the file name $\langle mod \rangle$. $\langle lang \rangle$.tex.¹

¹Ednote: implement other schemes, e.g. the onefile scheme.

```
EdN:2
```

```
\usepackage[english,ngerman]{multiling}
\begin{modsig}{foo}
\symdef{bar}{BAR}
\symi{sar}
\end{modsig}
\begin{modnl}[creators=miko,primary]{foo}{en}
\begin{definition}
  A \defiii[bar]{big}{array}{raster} ($\bar$) is a \ldots, it is much bigger
  than a \defiii[sar]{small}{array}{raster}.
\end{definition}
\end{modnl}
\begin{modnl}[creators=miko]{foo}{de}
\begin{definition}
  Ein \defiii[bar]{gro"ses}{Feld}{Raster} ($\bar$) ist ein\ldots, es
  ist viel gr"o"ser als ein \defiii[sar]{kleines}{Feld}{Raster}.
\end{definition}
\end{modnl}
```

Example 2: Multilingual ST_EX for Figure 1.

2.1 Multilingual Modules

modsig

There the modsig environment works exactly like the old module environment, only that the id attribute has moved into the required argument – anonymous module signatures do not make sense.

modnl

The module environment takes two arguments the first is the name of the module signature it provides language bindings for and the second the ISO 639 language specifier of the content language. We add the primary key modul, which can specify the primary language binding (the one the others translate from; and which serves as the reference in case of translation conflicts).²

\svmi

\-J---

\symi*
\symii
\svmiii

There is another difference in the multilingual encoding: All symbols are introduced in the module signature, either by a \symdef or the new $\symimacro. \symi{\langle name\rangle}$ takes a symbol name $\langle name\rangle$ as an argument and reserves that name. The variant $\symi*{\langle name\rangle}$ declares $\langle name\rangle$ to be a primary symbol; see [Koh14] for a discussion. STEX provides variants \symii and \symiii – and their starred versions – for multi-part names.

2.2 Multilingual Definitions and Crossreferencing Terms

We do not need a new infrastructure for defining mathematical concepts, only the realization that symbols are language-independent. So we can use symbols for the coordination of corresponding verbalizations. As the example in Figure 2 already shows, we can just specify the symbol name in the optional argument of the \defi macro to establish that the language bindings provide different verbalizations of the same symbol.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon \text{QDG} \text{: This needs to be implemented in LaTeXML}$

For multilingual term references the situtation is more complex: For single-word verbalizations we could use \atrefi for language bindigns. Say we have introduced a symbol foo in English by \defi{foo} and in German by \defi[foo]{foo}. Then we can indeed reference it via \trefi{foo} and \atrefi{foo} and \atrefi{foo} between translation and "linguistic variants" and on the other hand does not scale to multi-word compounds as bar in Figure 2, which we would have to reference as \atrefiii{gro"ses Feld Raster}{bar}. To avoid this, the smultiling package provides the new macros \mtrefi, \mtrefii, and \mtrefiii for multilingual references. Using this, we can reference bar as \mtrefiii[?bar]{gro"ses}{feld}{Raster}, where we use the (up to three) mandatory arguments to segment the lexical constituents.

\mtref*

The first argument it syntactially optional to keep the parallelity to $\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt *tref*}}$ it specifies the symbol via its name $\langle name \rangle$ and module name $\langle mod \rangle$ in a MMT URI $\langle mod \rangle$? $\langle name \rangle$. Note that MMT URIs can be relative:

- 1. foo?bar denotes the symbol bar from module foo
- 2. foo the module foo (the symbol name is induced from the remaining arguments of \mtref*)
- 3. ?bar specifies symbol bar from the current module

Note that the number suffix i/ii/iii indicates the number of words in the actual language binding, not in the symbol name as in \atref*.

2.3 Multilingual Views

viewsig

Views receive a similar treatment as modules in the smultiling package. A multilingual view consists of a view signature marked up with the viewsig environment. This takes three required arguments: a view name, the source module, and the target module. The optional first argument is for metadata (display, title, creators, and contributors) and load information (frompath, fromrepos, topath, and torepos).³

```
\begin{viewsig}[creators=miko,]{norm-metric}{metric-space}{norm}
  \vassign{base-set}{base-set}
  \vassign{metric}{\funcdot{x,y}{\norm{x-y}}}
\end{viewsig}
```

Views have language bindings just as modules do, in our case, we have

EdN:3

 $^{^3{\}rm EDNote}$: MK: that does not work yet, what we describe here is mhviewig; we need to refactor further.

\end{sproof}
\end{gviewnl}

3 Implementation

3.1 Class Options

1 **⟨**∗sty⟩

```
2 \newif\if@langfiles\@langfilesfalse
              3 \DeclareOption{langfiles}{\@langfilestrue}
              4 \ProcessOptions
              5 (/sty)
              6 \langle *ltxml \rangle
              7 # -*- CPERL -*-
              8 package LaTeXML::Package::Pool;
              9 use strict;
             10 use LaTeXML::Package;
             11 DeclareOption('langfiles',sub {AssignValue('smultiling_langfiles',1,'global');});
             12 ProcessOptions();
             13 (/ltxml)
                  We load the packages referenced here.
             15 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
             16 \RequirePackage{modules}
             17 (/sty)
             18 (*ltxml)
             19 RequirePackage('modules');
             20 (/ltxml)
                     Signatures
             The modsig environment is just a layer over the module environment. We also
   modsig
             redefine macros that may occur in module signatures so that they do not create
             markup.
             21 \langle \mathsf{ltxml} \rangle \mathsf{RawTeX(')}
             22 (*sty | ltxml)
             23 \newenvironment{modsig}[2][]{%
             24 \def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty\begin{module}[id=#2]\else\begin{module}[id=#2,#1]\fi}
             25 {\end{module}}
  viewsig The viewsig environment is just a layer over the view environment with the keys
             suitably adapted.
             26 \newenvironment{viewsig}[4][]{\def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty%
              27 \left[ id = 2, ext = tex \right] {#3} {#4} \right[ id = 2, #1, ext = tex ] {#3} {#4} \left[ id = #2, #1, ext = tex ] {#3} {#4} \left[ id = #2, #1, ext = tex ] {#3} {#4} \right] 
             28 {\end{view}}
             The mhviewsig environment is just a layer over the mhview environment with the
mhviewsig
             keys suitably adapted.
             29 \newenvironment{mhviewsig}[4][]{\def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty%
             30 \egin{mhview} [id=\#2,ext=tex] {\#3}{\#4} \else \egin{mhview} [id=\#2,\#1,ext=tex] {\#3}{\#4} \else \egin{mhview} [id=\#2,\#1,ext=tex] {\#3}{\#4} \end{mhview} ]
             31 {\end{mhview}}
             _{32} \; \langle *\mathsf{sty} \; | \; \mathsf{ltxml} \rangle
             33 (ltxml),);
```

```
\@sym* has a starred form for primary symbols.
                      34 (*stv)
                      35 \newcommand\symi{\@ifstar\@symi@star\@symi}
                      36 \newcommand\@symi[1]{\if@importing\else Symbol: \textsf{#1}\fi}
                      37 \newcommand\@symi@star[1]{\if@importing\else Primary Symbol: \textsf{#1}\fi}
                      38 \newcommand\symii{\@ifstar\@symii@star\@symii}
                      39 \newcommand\@symii[2]{\if@importing\else Symbol: \textsf{#1-#2}\fi}
                      40 \newcommand\@symii@star[2]{\if@importing\else Primary Symbol: \textsf{#1-#2}\fi}
                      41 \newcommand\symiii{\@ifstar\@symiii@star\@symiii}
                      42 \newcommand\@symiii[3]{\if@importing\else Symbol: \textsf{#1-#2-#3}\fi}
                      43 \newcommand\@symiii@star[3] {\if@importing\else Primary Symbol: \textsf{#1-#2-#3}\fi}
                      44 (/sty)
                      45 (*ltxml)
                      46 DefConstructor('\symi OptionalMatch:* {}',
                                        "<omdoc:symbol ?#1(role='primary')(role='secondary') name='#2'/>");
                      48 DefConstructor('\symii OptionalMatch:* {} {}',
                                        "<omdoc:symbol ?#1(role='primary')(role='secondary') name='#2-#3'/>");
                      50 DefConstructor('\symiii OptionalMatch:* {} {} {}',
                                        "<omdoc:symbol ?#1(role='primary')(role='secondary') name='#2-#3-#4'/>");
                      52 (/ltxml)
                                     Language Bindings
modnl:*
                      53 (*sty)
                      54 \addmetakey{modnl}{load}
                      55 \addmetakey*{modnl}{title}
                      56 \addmetakey*{modnl}{creators}
                      57 \addmetakey*{modnl}{contributors}
                      58 \addmetakey{modnl}{srccite}
                      59 \addmetakey{modnl}{primary}[yes]
                      60 (/sty)
                      61 (*ltxml)
                      62 DefKeyVal('modnl','title','Semiverbatim');
                      63 DefKeyVal('modnl','load','Semiverbatim');
                      64 DefKeyVal('modnl', 'creators', 'Semiverbatim');
                      65 DefKeyVal('modnl','contributors','Semiverbatim');
                      66 DefKeyVal('modnl','primary','Semiverbatim');
                      67 (/ltxml)
     modnl The modnl environment is just a layer over the module environment and the
                      \importmodule macro with the keys and language suitably adapted.
                      68 (*sty)
                      69 \newenvironment{modnl}[3][]{\metasetkeys{modnl}{#1}%
                      71 \if@langfiles\importmodule[load=#2,ext=tex]{#2}\else
                      72 \ \texttt{ifx} \\ \texttt{modnl@load} \\ \texttt{empty} \\ \texttt{importmodule} \\ \texttt{[ext=tex,load=} \\ \texttt{modnl@load]} \\ \texttt{\#2} \\ \texttt{li} \\ \texttt{modnl@load} \\ \texttt{\#2} \\ \texttt{li} \\ \texttt{modnl@load} \\ \texttt{modnl@load
```

73 \fi}

```
74 {\end{module}}
           75 (/sty)
           76 (*ltxml)
           77 DefEnvironment('{modnl} OptionalKeyVals:modnl {}{}',
                        "?#excluded()(<omdoc:theory xml:id='#2.#3'>"
           78
                            "?&defined(&GetKeyVal(#1,'creators'))(<dc:creator>&GetKeyVal(#1,'creators')</dc:cr
           79
           80
                            "?&defined(&GetKeyVal(#1,'title'))(<dc:title>&GetKeyVal(#1,'title')</dc:title>)()"
           81
                            "?&defined(&GetKeyVal(#1,'contributors'))(<dc:contributor>&GetKeyVal(#1,'contribut
                            "<omdoc:imports from='?&GetKeyVal(#1,'load')(&canonical_omdoc_path(&GetKeyVal(#1,'
           82
                            "#body"
           83
                         "</omdoc:theory>)",
           84
                afterDigestBegin=>sub {
           85
                  my ($stomach, $whatsit) = @_;
           86
           87
                  my $keyval = $whatsit->getArg(1);
                  my $signature = ToString($whatsit->getArg(2));
           88
                  my $language = ToString($whatsit->getArg(3));
           89
                  if ($keyval) {
           90
                    # If we're not given load, AND the langfiles option is in effect,
           91
                    # default to #2
           92
           93
                    if ((! $keyval->getValue('load')) && (LookupValue('smultiling_langfiles'))) {
           94
                      $keyval->setValue('load',$signature); }
                    # Always load a TeX file
           95
                    $keyval->setValue('ext','tex');
           96
                    AssignValue('modnl_signature', $signature);
           97
                    $keyval->setValue('id', "$signature.$language"); }
           98
                  module_afterDigestBegin(@_);
           99
                  importmoduleI(@_);
           100
          101
                  AssignValue(multiling => 1);
                  return; },
          102
                afterDigest =>\&module_afterDigest );
          103
          104 (/ltxml) %$
mhmodnl:*
          105 (*sty)
          106 \addmetakey{mhmodnl}{repos}
          107 \addmetakey{mhmodnl}{path}
          108 \addmetakey*{mhmodnl}{title}
          109 \addmetakey*{mhmodnl}{creators}
          110 \addmetakey*{mhmodnl}{contributors}
          111 \addmetakey{mhmodnl}{srccite}
          112 \addmetakey{primary}{mhmodnl}[yes]
          113 (/sty)
          114 (*ltxml)
          115 DefKeyVal('mhmodnl','title','Semiverbatim');
          116 DefKeyVal('mhmodnl', 'repos', 'Semiverbatim');
          117 DefKeyVal('mhmodnl', 'path', 'Semiverbatim');
          118 DefKeyVal('mhmodnl','creators','Semiverbatim');
          119 DefKeyVal('mhmodnl','contributors','Semiverbatim');
          120 DefKeyVal('mhmodnl', 'primary', 'Semiverbatim');
          121 (/ltxml)
```

mhmodnl The mhmodnl environment is just a layer over the module environment and the \importmhmodule macro with the keys and language suitably adapted.

```
122 (*sty)
123 \newenvironment{mhmodnl}[3][]{\metasetkeys{mhmodnl}{#1}%
124 \def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty\begin{module}[id=#2.#3]\else\begin{module}[id=#2.#3,#1]\fi%
125 \edef\@repos{\ifx\mhmodnl@repos\@empty\mh@currentrepos\else\mhmodnl@repos}
126 \if@langfiles\importmhmodule[repos=\@repos,load=#2,ext=tex]{#2}\else
\label{local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_loc
128 \fi}
129 {\end{module}}
130 (/sty)
131 (*ltxml)
132 DefEnvironment('{mhmodnl} OptionalKeyVals:mhmodnl {}{}',
                          "?#excluded()(<omdoc:theory xml:id='#2.#3' >"
133
134
                                  "?&defined(&GetKeyVal(#1,'creators'))(<dc:creator>&GetKeyVal(#1,'creators')</dc:cr
135
                                  "?&defined(&GetKeyVal(#1,'title'))(<dc:title>&GetKeyVal(#1,'title')</dc:title>)()"
136
                                  "?&defined(&GetKeyVal(#1,'contributors'))(<dc:contributor>&GetKeyVal(#1,'contribut
137
                                  "<omdoc:imports from='?&GetKeyVal(#1,'load')(&canonical_omdoc_path(&GetKeyVal(#1,'</pre>
                                  "#bodv"
138
                           "</omdoc:theory>)",
139
140
          afterDigestBegin=>sub {
141
              my ($stomach, $whatsit) = @_;
142
              my $keyval = $whatsit->getArg(1);
              my $signature = ToString($whatsit->getArg(2));
143
              my $language = ToString($whatsit->getArg(3));
144
              my $repos = ToString(GetKeyVal($keyval, 'torepos'));
145
146
              my $current_repos = LookupValue('current_repos');
147
               if (!$repos) { $repos = $current_repos; }
148
              my $defpaths = LookupValue('defpath');
              my $load_path = ($$defpaths{MathHub}).$repos.'/source/'.$signature;
149
150
              if ($kevval) {
151
                   # If we're not given load, AND the langfiles option is in effect,
152
                   # default to #2
153
154
                   if ((! $keyval->getValue('path')) && (LookupValue('smultiling_langfiles'))) {
155
                       $keyval->setValue('load',$load_path); }
                   # Always load a TeX file
156
                   $keyval->setValue('ext', 'tex');
157
                   $keyval->setValue('id', "$signature.$language"); }
158
              module_afterDigestBegin(@_);
159
160
               importmoduleI(@_);
              return; },
161
          afterDigest=>sub {
162
               module_afterDigest(@_); });
163
164 (/ltxml) %$
```

viewnl The viewnl environment is just a layer over the viewsketch environment with the keys and language suitably adapted.⁴

EdN:4

⁴EDNOTE: MK: we have to do something about the if@langfiles situation here. But this is

```
165 (|txml|)RawTeX('
166 (*sty | |txml|)
167 \newenvironment{viewn1}[5][]{\def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty%
168 \begin{viewsketch}[id=#2.#3,ext=tex]{#4}{#5}\else%
169 \begin{viewsketch}[id=#2.#3,#1,ext=tex]{#4}{#5}\fi}
170 {\end{viewsketch}}

mhviewnl The mhviewnl environment is just a layer over the mhviewsketch environment with the keys and langauge suitably adapted.<sup>5</sup>

171 \newenvironment{mhviewn1}[5][]{\def\@test{#1}\ifx\@test\@empty%
172 \begin{mhviewsketch}[id=#2.#3,ext=tex]{#4}{#5}\else%
173 \begin{mhviewsketch}[id=#2.#3,#1,ext=tex]{#4}{#5}\fi}
174 {\end{mhviewsketch}}
175 (/sty | |txml)
176 (|txml|)');
```

3.4 Multilingual Statements and Terms

\mtref* we first first define an auxiliary conditional \@instring that checks of ? is in the
first argument. \mtrefi uses it, if there is one, it just calls \termref, otherwise
it calls \@mtrefi, which assembles the \termref after splitting at the ?.

```
177 (|txml|)RawTeX(')
178 (*sty | |txml|)
179 | def | 0instring#1#2{TT\fi\begingroup\edef\x{\endgroup\noexpand\in0{#1}{#2}}\x\ifin0}
180 | newcommand\mtrefi[2][]{\if\0instring{?}{#1}\0mtref #1\relax{#2}\else\termref[cd=#1]{#2}\fi}
181 | def | 0mtref#1?#2\relax{\termref[cd=#1,name=#2]}
182 | newcommand\mtrefii[3][]{\mtrefi[#1]{#2 #3}}
183 | newcommand\mtrefiii[4][]{\mtrefi[#1]{#2 #3 #4}}
184 | (/sty | |txml)
185 | (|txml)');
```

3.5 Finale

Finally, we need to terminate the file with a success mark for perl. $186 \langle \text{ltxml} \rangle 1$;

3.6 Miscellaneneous

the \ttl macro (to-translate) is used to mark untranslated stuff. We need a better LaTeXMLtreatment of this eventually that is integrated with MathHub.info.

```
\ttl
```

EdN:5

```
187 ⟨ltxml⟩RawTeX('
188 ⟨*sty | ltxml⟩
```

non-trivial, since we do not know the current path, to which we could append $.\langle lang \rangle !$ $^5{\rm EDNote}:$ MK: we have to do something about the if@langfiles situation here. But this is non-trivial, since we do not know the current path, to which we could append $.\langle lang \rangle !$

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} 189 \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$newcommand$}$}\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{}\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{}\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mb
```

References

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