CNXLATEX: A LATEX-based Syntax for Connexions Modules*

Michael Kohlhase Jacobs University, Bremen http://kwarc.info/kohlhase

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Abstract

We present CNXLATEX, a collection of LATEX macros that allow to write Connexions modules without leaving the LATEX workflow. Modules are authored in CNXLATEX using only a text editor, transformed to PDF and proofread as usual. In particular, the LATEX workflow is independent of having access to the Connexions system, which makes CNXLATEX attractive for the initial version of single-author modules.

For publication, CNXLATEX modules are transformed to CNXML via the LATEXML translator and can be uploaded to the CONNEXIONS system.

^{*}Version? (last revised?)

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1 Introduction

The Connexions project is a¹

The CNXML format — in particular the embedded content MATHML — is hard to write by hand, so we provide a set of environments that allow to embed the CNXML document model into LATEX.

2 The User Interface

This document is not a manual for the Connexions XML encoding, or a practical guide how to write Connexions modules. We only document the LATEX bindings for CNXML and will presuppose experience with the format or familiarity with². Note that formatting CNXLATEX documents with the LATEX formatter does little to enforce the restrictions imposed by the CNXML document model. You will need to run the LATEXML converter for that (it includes DTD validation) and any CNX-specific quality assurance tools after that. ³

The CNXLATEX class makes heavy use of the KeyVal package, which is part of your LATEX distribution. This allows to add optional information to LATEX macros in the form of key-value pairs: A macro \foo that takes a KeyVal argument and a regular one, so a call might look like \foo\foar\} (no KeyVal information given) or \foo[key1=val1,...,keyn=valn]\{bar\}, where key1,...,keyn are predefined keywords and values are LATEX token sequences that do not contain comma characters (though they may contain blank characters). If a value needs to contain commas, then it must be enclosed in curly braces, as in \foo[args=\{a,comma,separated,list\}]. Note that the order the key/value pairs appear in a KeyVal Argument is immaterial.

2.1 Package Options

showmeta

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The cnx package takes a single option: showmeta. If this is set, then the metadata keys are shown (see [Koh12a] for details and customization options).

2.2 Document Structure

cnxmodule

The first set of CNXLATEX environments concern the top-level structure of the modules. The minimal Connexions document in LATEX can be seen in Figure 1: we still need the LATEX document environment, then the cnxmodule environment contains the module-specific information as a KeyVal argument with the two keys: id for the module identifier supplied by the CONNEXIONS system) and name for the title of the module.

ccontent

The content environment delineates the module content from the metadata (see Section 2.6). It is needed to make the conversion to CNXML simpler.

c*section

CNXML knows three levels of sectioning, so the CNXLATEX class supplies three

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: continue; copy from somewhere...

 $^{^2\}mathrm{EdNote}$: cite the relevant stuff here

 $^{^3\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ talk about Content MathML and cmathml.sty somewhere

```
\documentclass{cnx}
\begin{document}
  \begin{cnxmodule}[name=Hello World,id=m4711]
  \begin{ccontent}
  \begin{cpara}[id=p01] Hello World\end{cpara}
  \end{ccontent}
  \end{cnxmodule}
  \end{document}
```

Example 1: A Minimal CNXLATEX Document

as well: csection, csubsection and csubsubsection. In contrast to regular LATEX, these are environments to keep the tight connection between the formats. These environments take an optional KeyVal argument with key id for the identifier and a regular argument for the title of the section (to be transformed into the CNXML name element).

cpara, cnote

The lowest levels of the document structure are given by paragraphs and notes. The cpara and cnote environment take a KeyVal argument with the id key for identification, the latter also allows a type key for the note type (an unspecified string⁴).

2.3 Mathematics

Mathematical formulae are integrated into text via the LATEX math mode, i.e. wrapped in \$ characters or between \((and \) for inline mathematics and wrapped in \$\$ or between \[(and \] for display-style math. Note that CNXML expects Content MATHML as the representation format for mathematical formulae, while run-of-the-mill LATEX only specifies the presentation (i.e. the two-dimensional layout of formulae). The LATEXML converter can usually figure out some of the content MATHML from regular LATEX, in other cases, the author has to specify it e.g. using the infrastructure supplied by the cmathml package.

cequation

For numbered equations, CNXML supplies the equation element, for which CNXLATEX provides the cequation environment. This environment takes a Key-Val argument with the id key for the (required) identifier.

2.4 Statements

CNXML provides special elements that make various types of claims; we collectively call them statements.

cexample

crule, statement, proof

The cexample environment and definition elements take a KeyVal argument with key id for identification.

In CNXML, the rule element is used to represent a general assertion about the state of the world. The CNXLATEX rule⁵ environment is its CNXLATEX coun-

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 $^{^4{}m EdNote}$: what are good values?

⁵EDNOTE: we have called this "crule", since "rule" is already used by TFX.

terpart. It takes a KeyVal attribute with the keys id for identification, type to specify the type of the assertion (e.g. "Theorem", "Lemma" or "Conjecture"), and name, if the assertion has a title. The body of the crule environment contains the statement of assertion in the statement environment and (optionally) a proof in the proof environment. Both take a KeyVal argument with an id key for identification.

Example 2: A Basic crule Example

definition, cmeaning

A definition defines a new technical term or concept for later use. The definition environment takes a KeyVal argument with the keys id for identification and term for the concept (definiendum) defined in this form. The definition text is given in the cmeaning environment¹, which takes a KeyVal argument with key id for identification. After the cmeaning environment, a definition can contain arbitrarily many cexamples.

```
\begin{definition}{term=term-to-be-defined, id=termi-def]
  \begin{cmeaning}[id=termi-meaning]
    {\term{Term-to-be-defined}} is defined as: Sample meaning
  \end{cmeaning}
  \end{definition}
```

Example 3: A Basic definition and cmeaning Example

2.5 Connexions: Links and Cross-References

As the name Connexions already suggests, links and cross-references are very important for Connexions modules. CNXML provides three kinds of them. Module links, hyperlinks, and concept references.

cnxn

Module links are specified by the \cnxn macro, which takes a keyval argument with the keys document, target, and strength. The document key allows to specify the module identifier of the desired module in the repository, if it is empty, then the current module is intended. The target key allows to specify the document fragment. Its value is the respective identifier (given by its id attribute in

 $^{^{1}}$ we have called this cmeaning, since meaning is already taken by $T_{E}X$

CNXML or the id key of the corresponding environment in CNXIATEX). Finally, the strength key allows to specify the relevance of the link.

The regular argument of the \cnxn macro is used to supply the link text.

link

Hyperlinks can be specified by the \link macro in CNXLATEX. It takes a KeyVal argument with the key src to specify the URL of the link. The regular argument of the \link macro is used to supply the link text.

The \term marco can be used to specify the⁶

EdN:6

2.6 Metadata

Metadata is mostly managed by the system in Connexions, so we often do not need to care about it. On the other hand, it influences the system, so if we have work on the module extensively before converting it to CNXML, it may be worth-wile specify some of the data in advance.

Example 4: Typical CNXIATEX Metadata

metadata

The metadata environment takes a KeyVal argument with the keys version, created, and revised with the obvious meanings. The latter keys take ISO 8601 norm representations for dates and times. Concretely, the format is CCYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss where "CC" represents the century, "YY" the year, "MM" the month, and "DD" the day, preceded by an optional leading "-" sign to indicate a negative number. If the sign is omitted, "+" is assumed. The letter "T" is the date/time separator and "hh", "mm", "ss" represent hour, minutes, and seconds respectively.

authorlist, maintainerlist

cnxauthor, maintainer

The lists of authors and maintainers can be specified in the authorlist and maintainerlist environments, which take no arguments.

The entries on this lists are specified by the \cnxauthor and \maintainer macros. Which take a KeyVal argument specifying the individual. The id key is the identifier for the person, the honorific, firstname, other, surname, and lineage keys are used to specify the various name parts, and the email key is used to specify the e-mail address of the person.

keywordlist, keyword

The keywords are specified with a list of keyword macros, which take the

 $^{^6\}mathrm{EdNote}$: continue, pending Chuck's investigation.

respective keyword in their only argument, inside a **keyword** environment. Neither take any KeyVal arguments.

cnxabstract

The abstract of a Connexions module is considered to be part of the metadata. It is specified using the cnxabstract environment. It does not take any arguments.

2.7 Exercises

cexercise, cproblem, csolution

An exercise or problem in CONNEXIONS is specified by the cexercise environment, which takes an optional keyval argument with the keys id and name. It must contain a cproblem environment for the problem statement and a (possibly) empty set of csolution environments. Both of these take an optional keyval argument with the key id.

2.8 Graphics, etc.

cfigure

For graphics we will use the cfigure⁷ macro, which provides a non-floating environment for including graphics into CNXML files. cfigure takes three arguments first an optional CNXML keys, then the keys of the graphicx package in a regular argument (leave that empty if you don't have any) and finally a path. So

\cfigure[id=foo,type=image/jpeg,caption=The first F00]{width=7cm,height=2cm}{../images/f

Would include a graphic from the file at the path .../images/foo, equip this image with a caption, and tell LATEXML that the original of the images has the MIME type image/jpeg.

3 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the STFX TRAC [sTeX].

1. none reported yet

EdN:7

EdN:8

⁷EDNOTE: probably better call it cgraphics

⁸EdNote: err, exactly what does it tell latexml?

4 The Implementation

The cnx package generates to files: the LATEX package (all the code between <code>*package</code>) and <code>*(package)</code>) and the LATEXML bindings (between <code>*Itxml</code>) and <code>*(Itxml</code>). We keep the corresponding code fragments together, since the documentation applies to both of them and to prevent them from getting out of sync.

4.1 Package Options

We declare some switches which will modify the behavior according to the package options. Generally, an option xxx will just set the appropriate switches to true (otherwise they stay false). First we have the general options

```
1 \*package\
2 \DeclareOption{showmeta}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{metakeys}}
3 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{omdoc}}
```

Finally, we need to declare the end of the option declaration section to LATEX.

```
4 \ProcessOptions
```

5 (/package)

We first make sure that the **sref** [Koh12b] and **graphicx** packages are loaded.

- 6 (*cls)
- 7 \RequirePackage{sref}
- 8 \RequirePackage{graphicx}

The next step is to declare (a few) class options that handle the paper size; this is useful for printing.

```
9 \DeclareOption{letterpaper}
10 {\setlength\paperheight {11in}%
11 \setlength\paperwidth {8.5in}}
12 \DeclareOption{a4paper}
13 {\setlength\paperheight {297mm}%
14 \setlength\paperwidth {210mm}}
15 \ExecuteOptions{letterpaper}
16 \ProcessOptions
```

Finally, we input all the usual size settings. There is no sense to use something else, and we initialize the page numbering counter and tell it to output the numbers in arabic numerals (otherwise label and reference do not work).

```
17 \input{size10.clo}
18 \pagenumbering{roman}
19 \langle /cls \rangle
```

Now comes the equivalent for LaTeXML: this is something that we will have throughout this document. Every part of the TeX/LaTeX implementation has a LaTeXML equivalent. We keep them together to ensure that they do not get out of sync.

```
20 (*|txml)
21 # -*- CPERL -*-
22 package LaTeXML::Package::Pool;
```

```
EdN:9
```

```
23 use strict;
24 use LaTeXML::Package;
25 RequirePackage('metakeys');
We set up the necessary namespaces, the first one is the default one for CNXML
26 RegisterNamespace('cnx'=>"http://cnx.rice.edu/cnxml");
27 RegisterNamespace('md'=>"http://cnx.rice.edu/mdml/0.4");
28 RegisterNamespace('bib'=>"http://bibtexml.sf.net/");
29 RegisterNamespace('m'=>"http://www.w3.org/1998/Math/MathML");
For LATEXML we also have to set up the correct document type information. The
first line gives the root element. The second gives the public identifier for the
CNX DTD, then we have its URL, and finally the CNX namespace.
30 DocType("cnx:document",
31 "-//CNX//DTD CNXML 0.5 plus LaTeXML//EN",
32 "../dtd/cnxml+ltxml.dtd",
33 '#default'=>"http://cnx.rice.edu/cnxml",
          'md'=>"http://cnx.rice.edu/mdml/0.4",
34
          'bib'=>"http://bibtexml.sf.net/",
35
          'm'=>"http://www.w3.org/1998/Math/MathML",
36
          'ltx'=>"http://dlmf.nist.gov/LaTeXML");
37
```

And finally, we need to set up the counters for itemization, since we are defining a class file from scratch.⁹

```
38 NewCounter('@itemizei',
                            'document',
                                           idprefix=>'I');
39 NewCounter('@itemizeii', '@itemizei', idprefix=>'I');
40 NewCounter('@itemizeiii', '@itemizeii', idprefix=>'I');
41 NewCounter('@itemizeiv', '@itemizeiii',idprefix=>'I');
42 NewCounter('@itemizev', '@itemizeiv', idprefix=>'I');
43 NewCounter('@itemizevi', '@itemizev', idprefix=>'I');
45 NewCounter('enumi', '@itemizei',
                                       idprefix=>'i');
46 NewCounter('enumii', '@itemizeii', idprefix=>'i');
47 NewCounter('enumiii', '@itemizeiii', idprefix=>'i');
48 NewCounter('enumiv', '@itemizeiv', idprefix=>'i');
49 # A couple of more levels, since we use these for ID's!
50 NewCounter('enumv', '@itemizev', idprefix=>'i');
51 NewCounter('enumvi', '@itemizevi', idprefix=>'i');
53 DefMacro('\theenumi',
                                   '\arabic{enumi}');
54\ {\tt DefMacro('\theenumii',}
                                   '\alph{enumii}');
55 DefMacro('\theenumiii',
                                   '\roman{enumiii}');
                                   '\Alph{enumiv}');
56 DefMacro('\theenumiv',
58 NewCounter('equation', 'document', idprefix=>'E');
59 DefMacro('\theequation', '\arabic{equation}');
60 DefMacro('\textwidth','16cm');
```

And another thing that is now needed:

⁹EdNote: this will have to change, when Bruce updates to the next version (0.6?)

```
61 Let('\thedocument@ID','\@empty'); 62 \langle / | txml \rangle
```

4.2 Document Structure

Now, we start with the document structure markup. The cnxmodule environment does not add anything to the LATEX output, it's attributes only show up in the XML. There we have a slight complication: we have to put an id attribute on the document element in CNXML, but we cannot redefine the document environment in LATEX. Therefore we specify the information in the cnxmodule environment. This means however that we have to put in on the document element when we are already past this. The solution here is that when we parse the cnxmodule environement, we store the value and put it on the document element when we leave the document environment (thanks for Ioan Sucan for the code).

cnxmodule

```
63 (*cls)
          64 \addmetakey{cnxmodule}{name}
          65 \srefaddidkey{cnxmodule}{id}
          66 \newenvironment{cnxmodule}[1][]{\metasetkeys{cnxmodule}{#1}}{}
          67 (/cls)
          68 (*ltxml)
          69 DefKeyVal('cnxmodule', 'name', 'Semiverbatim');
          70 DefKeyVal('cnxmodule','id','Semiverbatim');
          71 DefEnvironment('{document}','<cnx:document>#body</cnx:document>',
                    beforeDigest=> sub { AssignValue(inPreamble=>0); },
          72
                    afterDigest=> sub { $_[0]->getGullet->flush; return; });
          73
          74 DefEnvironment('{cnxmodule} OptionalKeyVals:cnxmodule',
                    "<cnx:name>&KeyVal('#1','name')</cnx:name>\n#body\n",
          75
                    afterDigestBegin => sub {
          76
              AssignValue('cnxmodule_id',
          77
                  KeyVal($_[1]->getArg(1), 'id')->toString,
          78
          79
                  'global');
                    });#$
          81 Tag('cnx:document', afterClose => sub {
          82
                   $_[1]->setAttribute('id', LookupValue('cnxmodule_id'));
                 }):
          83
          84 (/ltxml)
          The ccontent environment is only used for transformation. Its optional id at-
ccontent
          tribute is not taken up in the LATEX bindings.
          85 (*cls)
          86 \newenvironment{ccontent}{}{}
          87 (/cls)
          88 \langle *ltxml \rangle
          89 DefEnvironment('{ccontent}', "<cnx:content>#body</cnx:content>");
          90 (/ltxml)
```

```
c*section The sectioning environments employ the obvious nested set of counters.
           91 (*cls)
           92 \newcounter{section}
           93 \srefaddidkey{sectioning}{id}
           94 \newenvironment{csection}[2][]%
           95 {\stepcounter{section}\strut\\[1.5ex]\noindent%
           96 {\Large\bfseries\arabic{section}.~{#2}}\\[1.5ex]
           97 \metasetkeys{sectioning}{#1}}
           98 {}
           99 \newcounter{subsection}[section]
          100 \newenvironment{csubsection}[2][]
          101 {\refstepcounter{subsection}\strut\\[1ex]\noindent%
          102 {\large\bfseries{\arabic{section}.\arabic{subsection}.~#2\\[1ex]}}%
          103 \metasetkeys{sectioning}{#1}}%
          104 {}
          105 \newcounter{subsubsection} [subsection]
          106 \newenvironment{csubsubsection}[2][]
          107 {\refstepcounter{subsubsection}\strut\\[.5ex]\noindent
          108 {\bfseries\arabic{section}.\arabic{subsection}.\arabic{subsubsecction}~#2\\[.5ex]}%
          109 \metasetkeys{sectioning}{#1}}{}
          110 (/cls)
          111 (*ltxml)
          112 DefKeyVal('sectioning','id','Semiverbatim');
          113 DefEnvironment('{csection}OptionalKeyVals:sectioning{}',
                     "<cnx:section %&KeyVals(#1)>\n"
          114
                           . "?#2(<cnx:name>#2</cnx:name>\n)()"
          115
                           . "#body\n</cnx:section>\n");
          116
          117 DefEnvironment('{csubsection}OptionalKeyVals:sectioning{}',
                     "<cnx:section %&KeyVals(#1)>\n"
          118
                           . "?#2(<cnx:name>#2</cnx:name>\n)()"
          119
                           . "#body\n</cnx:section>\n");
          120
          121 DefEnvironment('{csubsubsection}OptionalKeyVals:sectioning{}',
                    "<cnx:section %&KeyVals(#1)>\n"
          122
                           . "?#2(<cnx:name>#2</cnx:name>\n)()"
          123
                           . "#body\n</cnx:section>\n");
          124
          125 (/ltxml)
    cpara For the <cnx:para> element we have to do some work, since we want them to be
           numbered. This handling is adapted from Bruce Miller's LaTeX.ltxml numbered.
          126 (*cls)
          127 \srefaddidkey{para}{id}
          128 \newenvironment{cpara}[1][]{\metasetkeys{para}{#1}}{\par}
          129 (/cls)
          131 DefKeyVal('para','id','Semiverbatim');
          132 DefEnvironment('{cpara} OptionalKeyVals:para','<cnx:para %&KeyVals(#1)>#body</cnx:para>');
          133 sub number_para {
               my($document,$node,$whatsit)=@_;
```

Get prefix from first parent with an id.

```
my(@parents)=$document->findnodes('ancestor::*[@id]',$node); # find 1st id'd parent.
      136
           my $prefix= (@parents ? $parents[$#parents]->getAttribute('id')."." : '');
      137
          # Get the previous number within parent; Worried about intervening elements around para's, bu
          my(@siblings)=$document->findnodes("preceding-sibling::cnx:para",$node);
      139
      140 my n=1;
          n = 1+1 if (@siblings && $siblings[$\#siblings] -> getAttribute('id')=\(\\d+)\$/);
      $142 $node->setAttribute(id=>$prefix."p$n"); }
      143 Tag('cnx:para',afterOpen=>\&number_para);
      144 DefConstructor('\par',sub { $_[0]->maybeCloseElement('cnx:para'); },alias=>"\\par\n");
      145 Tag('cnx:para', autoClose=>1, autoOpen=>1);
      146 (/ltxml)
cnote
      147 (*cls)
      148 \srefaddidkey{note}
      149 \addmetakey{note}{type}
      150 \newenvironment{cnote}[1][]%
      151 {\metasetkeys{note}{\#1}\par\noindent\strut\hfill\begin{\minipage}{10cm}{\bfseries\note@type}:~}\
      152 {\end{minipage}\hfill\strut\par}
      153 (/cls)
      154 (*ltxml)
      155 DefKeyVal('note','id','Semiverbatim');
      156 DefKeyVal('note', 'type', 'Semiverbatim');
      157 DefEnvironment('{cnote}OptionalKeyVals:note','<cnx:note %&KeyVals(#1)>#body</cnx:note>');
      158 (/ltxml)
```

4.3 Mathematics

```
{\tt cequation}
```

```
159 (*cls)
160 \srefaddidkey{equation}{id}
161 \newenvironment{cequation}[1][]%
162 {\metasetkeys{equation}{#1}\begin{displaymath}}
163 {\end{displaymath}}
164 (/cls)
165 (*ltxml)
166 DefKeyVal('equation','id','Semiverbatim');
167 DefEnvironment('{cequation} OptionalKeyVals:equation',
           "<cnx:equation %&KeyVals(#1)>"
168
                  . "<ltx:Math mode='display'>"
169
                  . "<ltx:XMath>#body</ltx:XMath>"
170
                  . "</ltx:Math></cnx:equation>",
171
           mode=>'display_math');
172
173 \langle /ltxml \rangle
```

4.4 Rich Text

In this section, we redefine some of LATEX commands that have their counterparts in CNXML.

```
quote
                             174 (*cls)
                             175 \srefaddidkey{cquote}
                             176 \addmetakey{cquote}{type}
                             177 \addmetakey{cquote}{src}
                             178 \newenvironment{cquote}[1][]{%
                             179 \metasetkeys{cquote}{#1}\begin{center}\begin{minipage}{.8\textwidth}}{\end{minipage}\end{center}
                             180 (/cls)
                             181 (*ltxml)
                             182 DefKeyVal('cquote','id','Semiverbatim');
                             183 DefKeyVal('cquote', 'type', 'Semiverbatim');
                             184 DefKeyVal('cquote', 'src', 'Semiverbatim');
                             185 DefEnvironment('{cquote} OptionalKeyVals:cquote',
                                                 "<cnx:quote %&KeyVals(#1)>#body</cnx:quote>");
                             186
                             187 (/ltxml)
                    footnote
                             188 (*ltxml)
                             189 DefConstructor('\footnote[]{}', "<cnx:note type='foot'>#2</cnx:note>");
                             190 (/ltxml)
                        emph
                             191 (*ltxml)
                             192 DefConstructor('\emph{}', "<cnx:emphasis>#1</cnx:emphasis>");
                             193 (/ltxml)
                              We redefine the abbreviate display math envionment and the equarray and
      displaymath, eqnarray
                              equarray* environments to use the CNXML equation tags, everything else stays
                              the same.
                             194 (*ltxml)
                             195 DefConstructor('\[',
                                        "<cnx:equation id='#id'>"
                             196
                                        . "<ltx:Math mode='display'>"
                             197
                                           "<ltx:XMath>"
                             198
                             199
                                            "#body"
                                           "</ltx:XMath>"
                             200
                                        . "</ltx:Math>"
                             201
                                        ."</cnx:equation>",
                             202
                                        beforeDigest=> sub{ $_[0]->beginMode('display_math'); },
                             203
                                        captureBody=>1,
                             204
                             205
                                        properties=> sub { RefStepID('equation') });
                             206 DefConstructor('\]' ,"",beforeDigest=> sub{ $_[0]->endMode('display_math'); });
                             207 (/ltxml)
                displaymath We redefine the abbreviate display math envionment to use the CNXML equation
EdN:10
                              tags, everything else stays the same. 10
```

 $^{^{10}{\}rm EDNote}$ check LaTeX.ltxml frequently and try to keep in sync, it would be good, if the code in LaTeXML.ltxml could be modularized, so that the cnx/ltx namespace differences could be relegated to config options

```
208 (*ltxml)
            209 DefConstructor('\[',
                       "<cnx:equation id='#id'>"
            210
                       . "<ltx:Math mode='display'>"
            211
                          "<ltx:XMath>"
            212
            213
                           "#body"
            214
                         "</ltx:XMath>"
                       . "</ltx:Math>"
            215
                       ."</cnx:equation>",
            216
                       beforeDigest=> sub{ $_[0]->beginMode('display_math'); },
            217
                       captureBody=>1,
            218
                       properties=> sub { RefStepID('equation') });
            219
            220 DefConstructor('\]' ,"",beforeDigest=> sub{ $_[0]->endMode('display_math'); });
            222 DefMacro('\eqnarray',
                                         '\@@eqnarray\@start@alignment');
            223 DefMacro('\endeqnarray', '\OfinishCalignment\endCeqnarray');
            224 DefMacro('\csname eqnarray*\endcsname',
                                                           '\@@eqnarray*\@start@alignment');
            225 DefMacro('\csname endeqnarray*\endcsname', '\@finish@alignment\end@eqnarray');
            226 DefConstructor('\@@eqnarray OptionalMatch:* AlignmentBody:\end@eqnarray',
            227
                       sub {
            228 my($document,$star,$body,%props)=0_;
            229 $document->openElement('cnx:equation',refnum=>$props{refnum},id=>$props{id});
            230 $document->openElement('ltx:Math',mode=>'display');
            231 $document->openElement('ltx:XMath');
            232 constructAlignment($document,$body,attributes=>{name=>'eqnarray'});
                $document->closeElement('ltx:XMath');
                $document->closeElement('ltx:Math');
            234
            235
                $document->closeElement('cnx:equation'); },
                       mode=>'display_math',
            236
                       beforeDigest=>sub { alignmentBindings('rcl'); },
            237
                       properties=> sub { ($_[1] ? RefStepID('equation') : RefStepCounter('equation')); },
            238
            239
                       afterDigest=>sub {
            240
                $_[1]->setProperty(body=>$_[1]->getArg(2));},# So we get TeX
                       reversion=>'\begin{eqnarray#1}#2\end{eqnarray#1}');
            241
            242 (/ltxml)
             We redefine the abbreviate display math environment to use the CNXML equation
displaymath
             tags, everything else stays the same. 11
            243 (*cls)
            244 \newcommand\litem[2][]{\text{m[#1]}}
            245 (/cls)
            246 (*ltxml)
            247 Tag('cnx:item', autoClose=>1);
            248 DefConstructor('\item[]',"<cnx:item>?#1(<cnx:name>#1</cnx:name>)");
            249 DefConstructor('\litem[]{}',"<cnx:item id='#2'>?#1(<cnx:name>#1</cnx:name>)");
            250 DefConstructor('\itemize@item[]',
```

EdN:11

 $^{^{11}{\}rm EDNote}$: check LaTeX.ltxml frequently and try to keep in sync, it would be good, if the code in LaTeXML.ltxml could be modularized, so that the cnx/ltx namespace differences could be relegated to config options

```
"<cnx:item id='#id'>?#1(<cnx:name>#1</cnx:name>)",
                   properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
         252
         253 DefConstructor('\enumerate@item[]',
                    "<cnx:item id='#id'>?#1(<cnx:name>#1</cnx:name>)",
         254
                   properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
         255
         256 DefConstructor('\description@item[]',
         257
                    "<cnx::item id='#id'>?#1(<cnx:name>#1</cnx:name>)",
         258
                   properties=>sub{ RefStepItemCounter(); });
         259 AssignValue(itemlevel=>0);
         260 DefEnvironment('{itemize}',
                    "<cnx:list id='#id' type='itemize'>#body</cnx:list>",
         261
                   properties=>sub { beginItemize('itemize'); });
         263 DefEnvironment('{enumerate}',
                    "<cnx:list type='enumerate' id='#id'>#body</cnx:list>",
         264
                   properties=>sub { beginItemize('enumerate'); });
         265
         266 DefEnvironment('{description}',
                    "<cnx:list type='description' id='#id'>#body</cnx:list>",
         267
                    properties=>sub { beginItemize('description'); });
         268
         269 (/ltxml)
             The next set of commands and environments are largely presentational, so we
          just skip them.
         270 (*ltxml)
         271 DefEnvironment('{center}', '#body');
         272 DefEnvironment('{minipage}{}','#body');
         273 DefEnvironment('{small}', '#body');
         274 DefEnvironment('{footnotesize}', '#body');
         275 DefEnvironment('{tiny}','#body');
         276 DefEnvironment('{scriptsize}','#body');
         277 (/ltxml)
         278 (*ltxml)
         279 DefConstructor('\ref Semiverbatim', "<cnx:cnxn target='#1'>&LookupValue('LABEL@#1')</cnx:cnxn>"
         280 (/ltxml)
                 Statements
          4.5
cexample
         281 (*cls)
         282 \scalebox{example}
         283 \addmetakey{example}{name}
         284 \newenvironment{cexample}[1][]{\metasetkeys{example}{#1}
         285 {\ifx\example@name\@empty\else\noindent\bfseries{\example@name}\fi}}
         286 {}
         287 (/cls)
         288 (*ltxml)
         289 DefKeyVal('example','id','Semiverbatim');
         290 DefEnvironment('{cexample}OptionalKeyVals:example',
         291
                            "<cnx:example %&KeyVals(#1)>#body</cnx:example>");
         292 (/ltxml)
```

251

EdN:12

The cexercise, cproblem and csolution environments are very simple to set up for LATEX. For the LATEXML side, we simplify matters considerably for the moment by restricting the possibilities we have on the CNXML side: We assume that the content is just one <cnx:para> element for the <cnx:problem> and <cnx:solution> elements. 12

```
293 (*cls)
      294 \newcounter{cexercise}
      295 \srefaddidkey{cexercise}
      296 \addmetakey{cexercise}{name}
      297 \newenvironment{cexercise}[1][]{\metasetkeys{cexercise}{#1}
      298 {\ifx\cexercise@name\@empty\else\stepcounter{cexercise}\noindent\bfseries{\cexercise@name^\arab
      299 {}
      300 \srefaddidkey{cproblem}
      301 \newenvironment{cproblem}[1][]{\metasetkeys{cproblem}{#1}}{}}
      302 \srefaddidkey{csolution}
      303 \newenvironment{csolution}[1][]{\metasetkeys{csolution}{#1}}{\par\noindent\bfseries{Solution}}{
      304 (/cls)
      305 (*ltxml)
      306 DefKeyVal('cexercise','id','Semiverbatim');
      307 DefKeyVal('cexercise', 'name', 'Semiverbatim');
      308 DefEnvironment('{cexercise}OptionalKeyVals:exercise',
                         "<cnx:exercise ?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'id'))(id='&KeyVal(#1,'id')')()>"
                         . "#body"
      310
                       . "</cnx:exercise>");
      311
      312 DefKeyVal('cproblem','id','Semiverbatim');
      313 DefKeyVal('cproblem', 'name', 'Semiverbatim');
      314 DefEnvironment('{cproblem}OptionalKeyVals:cproblem',
                         "<cnx:problem ?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'id'))(id='&KeyVal(#1,'id')')()>"
      315
      316
                    . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'name'))(<cnx:name>&KeyVal(#1,'name')</cnx:name>\n)()"
      317
                         . "#body"
                       . "</cnx:problem>");
      318
      319 DefKeyVal('csolution','id','Semiverbatim');
      320 DefKeyVal('csolution', 'name', 'Semiverbatim');
      321 DefEnvironment('{csolution}OptionalKeyVals:cproblem',
                         "<cnx:solution ?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'id'))(id='&KeyVal(#1,'id')')()>"
      322
                    . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'name'))(<cnx:name>&KeyVal(#1,'name')</cnx:name>\n)()"
      323
      324
                         . "#body"
                       . "</cnx:solution>");
      325
      326 (/ltxml)
crule
      327 (*cls)
      328 \srefaddidkey{rule}
      329 \addmetakey{rule}{name}
      330 \addmetakey{rule}{type}
      331 \newenvironment{crule}[1][]{\metasetkeys{rule}{#1}%
      332 {\noindent\bfseries{\rule@type:}\ifx\rule@name\dempty\else~(\rule@name)\fi}}%
```

 $^{^{12}{}m EdNote}$: relax this when we have automated the generation of cnx:para elements

```
333 {}
           334 (/cls)
           335 (*ltxml)
           336 DefKeyVal('rule','id','Semiverbatim');
           337 DefKeyVal('rule', 'name', 'Semiverbatim');
           338 DefKeyVal('rule', 'type', 'Semiverbatim');
           339 DefEnvironment('{crule}OptionalKeyVals:rule',
                               "<cnx:rule ?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'id'))(id='&KeyVal(#1,'id')')() type='&KeyVal(#1
           340
                      "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'name'))(<cnx:name>&KeyVal(#1,'name')</cnx:name>\n)()"
           341
                     . "n\#body\\n"
           342
                     . "</cnx:rule>\n");
           343
           344 (/ltxml)
 statement
           345 (*cls)
           346 \srefaddidkey{statement}
           347 \newenvironment{statement}[1][]{\metasetkeys{statement}{#1}}{}
           348 (/cls)
           349 (*ltxml)
           350 DefKeyVal('statement','id','Semiverbatim');
           351 DefEnvironment('{statement} OptionalKeyVals:statement','<cnx:statement %&KeyVals(#1)>#body</cnx
           352 (/ltxml)
     proof
           353 (*cls)
           354 \srefaddidkey{proof}
           355 \newenvironment{proof}[1][]{\metasetkeys{proof}{#1}}{}
           356 (/cls)
           357 (*ltxml)
           358 DefKeyVal('proof', 'id', 'Semiverbatim');
           359 DefEnvironment('{proof}OptionalKeyVals:proof','<cnx:proof %&KeyVals(#1)>#body</cnx:proof>');
           360 \langle /ltxml \rangle
definition
           361 (*cls)
           362 \srefaddidkey{definition}
           363 \addmetakey{definition}{term}
           364 \addmetakey{definition}{seealso}
           365 \newenvironment{definition}[1][]{\metasetkeys{definition}{#1}{\noindent\bfseries{Definition:}}}
           366 (/cls)
           367 \langle *ltxml \rangle
           368 DefKeyVal('definition','id','Semiverbatim');
           369 DefKeyVal('definition','term','Semiverbatim');
           370 DefKeyVal('definition', 'seealso', 'Semiverbatim');
           371 DefEnvironment('{definition}OptionalKeyVals:definition',
           372
                               "<cnx:definition ?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'id'))(id='&KeyVal(#1,'id')')()>\n"
                     . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'term'))(<cnx:term>&KeyVal(#1,'term')</cnx:term>\n)()"
           373
                     . "n\#body\\n"
           374
                     . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'seealso'))(<cnx:seealso><cnx:term>&KeyVal(#1,'term')</cnx:term></
           375
```

```
. "</cnx:definition>\n");
          377 (/ltxml)
cmeaning
          378 (*cls)
          379 \srefaddidkey{meaning}
          380 \newenvironment{cmeaning}[1][]{\metasetkeys{meaning}{#1}}{}
          381 (/cls)
          382 (*ltxml)
          383 DefKeyVal('meaning','id','Semiverbatim');
          384 DefEnvironment('{cmeaning}OptionalKeyVals:meaning','<cnx:meaning %&KeyVals(#1)>#body</cnx:meani
          385 (/ltxml)
           4.6
                  Conexxions
    cnxn
          386 (*cls)
          387 \addmetakey{cnxn}{document}
          388 \addmetakey{cnxn}{target}
          389 \addmetakey{cnxn}{strength}
          390 \newcommand\cnxn[2][]% keys, link text
          391 {\metasetkeys{cnxn}{#1}{\underline{#2}}\footnote{{\ttfamily\@ifx\cnxn@document\@empty\cnxn@docu
          392 \newcommand\@makefntext[1]{\parindent 1em\noindent\hb@xt@1.8em{\hss\@makefnmark}#1}
          393 (/cls)
          394 (*ltxml)
          395 DefKeyVal('cnxn','document','Semiverbatim');
          396 DefKeyVal('cnxn', 'target', 'Semiverbatim');
          397 DefKeyVal('cnxn','strength','Semiverbatim');
          398 DefConstructor('\cnxn OptionalKeyVals:cnxn {}','<cnx:cnxn %&KeyVals(#1)>#1</cnx:cnxn>');
          399 (/ltxml)
    link
          400 (*cls)
          401 \addmetakey{link}{src}
          402 \newcommand\link[2][]{\metasetkeys{link}{\#1}\underline{\#2}}
          403 (/cls)
          404 (*ltxml)
          405 DefKeyVal('link','src','Semiverbatim');
          406 DefConstructor('\link OptionalKeyVals:link {}','<cnx:link %&KeyVals(#1)>#2</cnx:link>');
          407 (/ltxml)
          The cfigure only gives us one of the possible instances of the <figure> ele-
           \mathrm{ment}^{13}.^{14} In LATEX, we just pipe the size information through to include graphics,
           in LATEXML, we construct the CNXML structure<sup>15</sup>
          408 (*cls)
            ^{13}\mathrm{EdNote}\colon extend that
             ^{14}\mathrm{EdNote}: do more about required and optional keys in arguments.
             ^{15}\mathrm{EdNote}: what do we do with the graphicx information about size,... CSS?
```

```
409 \srefaddidkey{cfigure}
         410 \addmetakey{cfigure}{type}
         411 \addmetakey{cfigure}{caption}
         412 \newcounter{figure}
         413 \newcommand\cfigure[3][]{% cnx_keys, graphicx_keys, path
         414 \begin{center}%
         415 \includegraphics [#2] {#3}%
         416 \metasetkeys{cfigure}{#1}\sref@target%
         417 \ifx\cfigure@caption\@empty\else
         418 \par\noindent Figure\refstepcounter{figure} {\arabic{figure}}: \cfigure@caption%
         419 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{\arabic{figure}}%
         420 \sref@label@id{Figure \thefigure}\fi
         421 \end{center}}
         422 (/cls)
         423 (*ltxml)
         424 DefKeyVal('cfigure','id','Semiverbatim');
         425 DefKeyVal('cfigure', 'name', 'Semiverbatim');
         426 DefKeyVal('cfigure', 'type', 'Semiverbatim');
         427 DefKeyVal('cfigure', 'caption', 'Semiverbatim');
         428 DefConstructor('\cfigure OptionalKeyVals:cfigure Semiverbatim Semiverbatim',
                            "<cnx:figure ?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'id'))(id='&KeyVal(#1,'id')')()>"
         430
                       . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'name'))(<cnx:name>&KeyVal(#1,'name')</cnx:name>\n)()"
                            . "<cnx:media type='&KeyVal(#1,'type')' src='#3'/>"
         431
                       . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'caption'))(<cnx:caption>&KeyVal(#1,'caption')</cnx:caption>\
         432
         433
                          . "</cnx:figure>");
         434 (/ltxml)
   ccite
         436 \addmetakey{ccite}{src}
         437 \newcommand\ccite[2][]{\metasetkeys{ccite}{\#1}\emph{\#2}}
         438 (/cls)
         439 (*ltxml)
         440 DefKeyVal('ccite', 'src', 'Semiverbatim');
         441 DefConstructor('\ccite OptionalKeyVals:ccite {}','<cnx:cite %&KeyVals(#1)>#2</cnx:cite>');
         442 (/ltxml)
    term
         444 \modern [1] {{\bfseries} underline{#1}}}
         445 (/cls)
         446 (*ltxml)
         447 DefConstructor('\term[]{}', "<cnx:term>#2</cnx:term>");
         448 (/ltxml)
                 Metadata
metadata
```

449 (*cls)

```
450 \addmetakey{metadata}{version}
               451 \addmetakey{metadata}{created}
               452 \addmetakey{metadata}{revised}
               453 \newsavebox{\metadatabox}
               454 \newenvironment{metadata}[1][]%
               455 {\noindent\hfill\begin{lrbox}{\metadatabox}}
               456 \begin{minipage}{.8\textwidth}%
               457 {\c CNX Module: \c Module: \c Millstrut}\[2ex]}\%
               458 \end{\minpage}\end{lrbox}\fbox{\usebox}\hfill}
               459 % \newenvironment{metadata}[1][]%
               460 \% {\bf \tilde{1}} \
               461 % {\strut\hfill\Large\bfseries CNX Module: \cnx@name\hfill\strut}\\[2ex]}%
               462 % \ensuremath{\mbox}\hfill\strut\[3ex]
               463 (/cls)
               464 (*ltxml)
               465 DefKeyVal('metadata','version','Semiverbatim');
               466 DefKeyVal('metadata','created','Semiverbatim');
               467 DefKeyVal('metadata','revised','Semiverbatim');
               468\ {\tt DefEnvironment('\{metadata\}OptionalKeyVals:metadata',}
                         <cnx:metadata>\n"
                       . "<md:version>&KeyVal('#1','version')</md:version>\n"
               470
                       . "<md:created>&KeyVal('#1','created')</md:created>\n"
               471
                       . "<md:revised>&KeyVal('#1','revised')</md:revised>\n"
               472
                       . "#body\n"
               473
                       . "</cnx:metadata>");
               474
               475 (/ltxml)
   authorlist
               477 \newenvironment{authorlist}{{\bfseries{Authors}:~}}{\\[1ex]}
               478 (/cls)
               479 (*ltxml)
               480 DefEnvironment('{authorlist}', "<md:authorlist>#body</md:authorlist>");
               481 \langle /ltxml \rangle
maintainerlist
               483 \newenvironment{maintainerlist}{{\bfseries{Maintainers}:"}}{\{([ex])\}}
               484 (/cls)
               485 (*ltxml)
               486\ \texttt{DefEnvironment('\{maintainerlist\}'', "<md:maintainerlist>"body</md:maintainerlist>");}
               487 (/ltxml)
     cnxauthor
               488 (*cls)
               489 \srefaddidkey{auth}
               490 \addmetakey{auth}{honorific}
               491 \addmetakey{auth}{firstname}
               492 \addmetakey{auth}{other}
```

```
493 \addmetakey{auth}{surname}
            494 \addmetakey{auth}{lineage}
            495 \addmetakey{auth}{email}
            496 \newcommand\cnxauthor[1][]{\mbox{auth}{#1}}\auth@first~\auth@sur,}
            497 (/cls)
            498 (*ltxml)
            499 DefKeyVal('auth','id','Semiverbatim');
            500 DefKeyVal('auth', 'firstname', 'Semiverbatim');
            501 DefKeyVal('auth', 'surname', 'Semiverbatim');
            502 DefKeyVal('auth', 'email', 'Semiverbatim');
            503 DefConstructor('\cnxauthor OptionalKeyVals:auth',
                      "<md:author id='&KeyVal('#1','id')'>\n"
                    . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'honorific'))(<md:honorific>&KeyVal('#1','honorific')</md:honorifi
            505
                    . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'firstname'))(<md:firstname>&KeyVal('#1','firstname')</md:firstname
            506
                    507
                    . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'surname'))(<md:surname>&KeyVal('#1','surname')</md:surname>\n)()"
            508
                            . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'lineage'))(<md:lineage>&KeyVal('#1','lineage')</md:lineag
            509
                             . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'email'))(<md:email>&KeyVal('#1','email')</md:email>\n)()"
            510
                     "</md:author>\n");
            511
            512 (/ltxml)
maintainer
            513 (*cls)
            514 \newcommand\maintainer[1][]{\metasetkeys{auth}{#1}\auth@first~\auth@sur,}
            515 (/cls)
            516 (*ltxml)
            517 DefConstructor('\maintainer OptionalKeyVals:auth',
                      "<md:maintainer id='&KeyVal('#1','id')'>\n"
                    . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'honorific'))(<md:honorific>&KeyVal('#1','honorific')</md:honorifi
            519
                    . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'firstname'))(<md:firstname>&KeyVal('#1','firstname')</md:firstname
            520
                    . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'other'))(<md:other>&KeyVal('#1','other')</md:other>\n)()"
            521
                    . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'surname'))(<md:surname>&KeyVal('#1','surname')</md:surname>\n)()"
            522
                            . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'lineage'))(<md:lineage>&KeyVal('#1','lineage')</md:lineage
            523
                            . "?&defined(&KeyVal(#1,'email'))(<md:email>&KeyVal('#1','email')</md:email>\n)()"
                    . "</md:maintainer>\n");
            526 \langle /ltxml \rangle
keywordlist
            528 \newenvironment{keywordlist}{\bfseries{Keywords}:~}{\\[1ex]}
            529 (/cls)
            530 (*ltxml)
            531 DefEnvironment('{keywordlist}',"<md:keywordlist>\n#body\n</md:keywordlist>");
            532 (/ltxml)
    keyword
            533 (*cls)
            534 \newcommand\keyword[1]{#1,}
            535 (/cls)
```

```
536 (*ltxml)
537 DefConstructor('\keyword {}',"<md:keyword>#1</md:keyword>");
538 (/ltxml)

cnxabstract

539 (*cls)
540 \newenvironment{cnxabstract}%
541 {\par\noindent\strut\hfill\begin{minipage}{10cm}{\bfseries{Abstract}:~}}%
542 {\end{minipage}\hfill}
543 (/cls)
544 (*ltxml)
545 DefEnvironment('{cnxabstract} OptionalKeyVals:cnxabstract',
546 "<md:abstract>\n#body\n</md:abstract>\n");
547 1;
548 (/ltxml)
```

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Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

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                   erlist=authorlist,
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                                                                               environments: ¿authorlist,
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                   proof=crule,
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```

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