# Mozilla Addon Builder
# Definition of the Package Building System

Piotr Zalewa

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*This document is written in LaTeX [1] a document markup language and document preparation system for the TeX typesetting program*

## 1 Syntax

### 1.1 Objects

`x`, `y`, `z` — *represents* `[a..z]`
`m`, `n` — *represents* `[0..9]+`

`Ux` is the specific User (identified by *UserName*)

`Px` is the specific Package (identified by *PackageName*)
It should always be used within its `type` context as `Lx` — Library or `Ax` — Addon

`Mx` is the Module (identified by a triplet *User/PackageRevision/ModuleName*)

### 1.2 Object identification — revision numbers and HEAD

`Ux-Py.n` defines revision of the Package.
`Ua-La.1` — First revision of Library `La` saved by `Ua`.

`Ux-Py.n-Mz` defines Module inside the revision of the Package.
`Ua-La.1-Ma` — Module `Ma` inside the first revision of Library `La` saved by `Ua`.

`Px` $\Longrightarrow$ `Uy-Px.n` is the HEAD revision of the Package
`La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.1` — `La`'s HEAD points to the first revision of Library `La` saved by `Ua`.

`Ux-Py.n` $\supset$ `[Ux-Py.m-Mz, ...]` Modules inside the Package revision.
`Ua-La.2` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ub-La.2-Mb]` — Second revision of Library `La` saved by `Ua` contains `Ma` saved by `Ua` in his `La`'s first revision and `Mb` saved by `Ub` in his second `La`'s revision.

## 2 Building Library

### 2.1 Starting point

`La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.1` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma]`

`La` is created by `Ua`.

[1] For quick doc please follow to `http://web.mit.edu/olh/Latex/ess-latex.html`, All used symbols may be found here: `http://www.artofproblemsolving.com/Wiki/index.php/LaTeX:Symbols`

Its HEAD is `Ua-La.1`
`La` contains only one module - `Ma`
Following steps had to happen to achieve above status:

1. `Ua` creates a package `La`
   `# La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.0`
   `# Ua-La.0` $\supset$ `[]`
2. `Ua` adds `Ma` to `La`
   `# Ua-La.1` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma]`
3. `Ua` sets the HEAD
   `# La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.1`

## 2.2 Scenario (1 Module, 2 Users, no dependencies)

`Ua` and `Ub` are working on `La`
`Ub` modified one module

1. `Ub` modifies `Ma`
   `Ub-La.0` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma]` — automatic fork of `La`
   `Ub-La.1` $\supset$ `[Ub-La.1-Ma]`
2. `Ub` sends *request* to `La`'s creator (`Ua`) to upgrade `La` from `Ub-La.1`
3. `Ua` accepts the request by setting the HEAD to `Ub`'s version
   `La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ub-La.1`
4. Result: `La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ub-La.1` $\supset$ `[Ub-La.1-Ma]`

## 2.3 Scenario (2 Modules, 2 Users, no dependencies)

`Ua` and `Ub` are working on `La`
`Ua` created module `Mb`
`Ub` is working on `Mb`

1. `Ua` adds a new module `Mb` to `La`
   `Ua-La.2` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ua-La.2-Mb]`
2. `Ua` sets the HEAD
   `La`$\Longrightarrow$ Ua-La.2
3. `Ub` modifies `Mb`
   `Ub-La.0` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ua-La.2-Mb]` — automatic fork of `La`
   `Ub-La.1` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ub-La.1-Mb]`
4. `Ub` sends request to `Ua` to upgrade `La` from `Ub-La.1`
5. `Ua` modifies `Ma`
   `Ua-La.3` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.3-Ma, Ua-La.2-Mb]`
6. `Ua` acepts `Ub`'s request
   `Ua-La.4` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.3-Ma, Ub-La.1-Mb]`
7. `Ua` sets the HEAD
   `La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.4`
8. Result: `La -> Ua-La.4` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.3-Ma, Ub-La.1-Mb]`

## 2.4 Scenario (2 Modules, 2 Users, no dependencies)

`Ua` and `Ub` are working on `La`
`Ub` created module `Mb`

1. `Ub` adds a new module `Mb` to `La`
   `Ub-La.0` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma]` — automatic fork of `La`
   `Ub-La.1` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ua-La.1-Mb]`
2. `Ub` modifies `Mb`
   `Ub-La.2` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ub-La.2-Mb]`
3. `Ub` sends request to `Ua` to upgrade `La` from `Ub-La.2`
4. `Ua` modifies `Ma`
   `Ua-La.2` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.2-Ma]`
5. `Ua` acepts `Ub`'s request
   `Ua-La.3` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.2-Ma, Ub-La.2-Mb]`
6. `Ua` sets the HEAD
   `La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.3`
7. Result: `La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.3` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.2-Ma, Ub-La.2-Mb]`

## 2.5 Scenario with conflict (2 Modules, 2 Users, no dependencies)

`Ua` and `Ub` are working on `La`
`Ua` created module `Mb`
`Ua` and `Ub` are working on `Mb`
Conflict arises...

1. `Ua` adds a new module `Mb` to `La`
   `Ua-La.2` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ua-La.2-Mb]`
2. `Ua` sets the HEAD
   `La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.2`
3. `Ub` modifies `Mb`
   `Ub-La.0` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ua-La.2-Mb]` — automatic fork of `La`
   `Ub-La.1` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ub-La.1-Mb]`
4. `Ua` modifies `Mb`
   `Ua-La.3` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1-Ma, Ua-La.2-Mb]`
5. **CONFLICT**
   At the time we've got two versions of La.Mb which came out from the same version
6. `Ua` sets the HEAD
   `La` $\supset$ `Ua-La.3`
7. `Ub` receives info that his source is behind the HEAD
   `Ub-La.1-Mb` (and `Ub-La.1`) is marked as *conflicted*
   `Ub` can't send the update request
8. `Ub` manually solves conflict by editing the `Mb`
   `Ub-La.2` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.1, Ub-La.2-Mb]`

9. `Ub` sends request to `Ua` to upgrade `La` from `Ub-La.2`
10. `Ua` acepts `Ub`'s request
    `Ua-La.4` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.3-Ma, Ub-La.2-Mb]`
11. `Ua` sets the HEAD
    `La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.4`
12. Result: `La` $\Longrightarrow$ `Ua-La.4` $\supset$ `[Ua-La.3-Ma, Ub-La.2-Mb]`