Klog / I-M'AII = log & - log /2011 Since log | 1 - M'x 1 <0, - Phon K > loge - loy [6] 107 (I I - M" + 1 by (E/118011) 10/11- M'AI 8) Since B(I-M'A) is the hongest absolide Nahe of the chyn values of (I-MA), act the number of Herschons 12 given by K > Log (E | Neoll) lag | I - M'\* |

Ky log & log 18611

Tog 112-M'All log 112-M'All