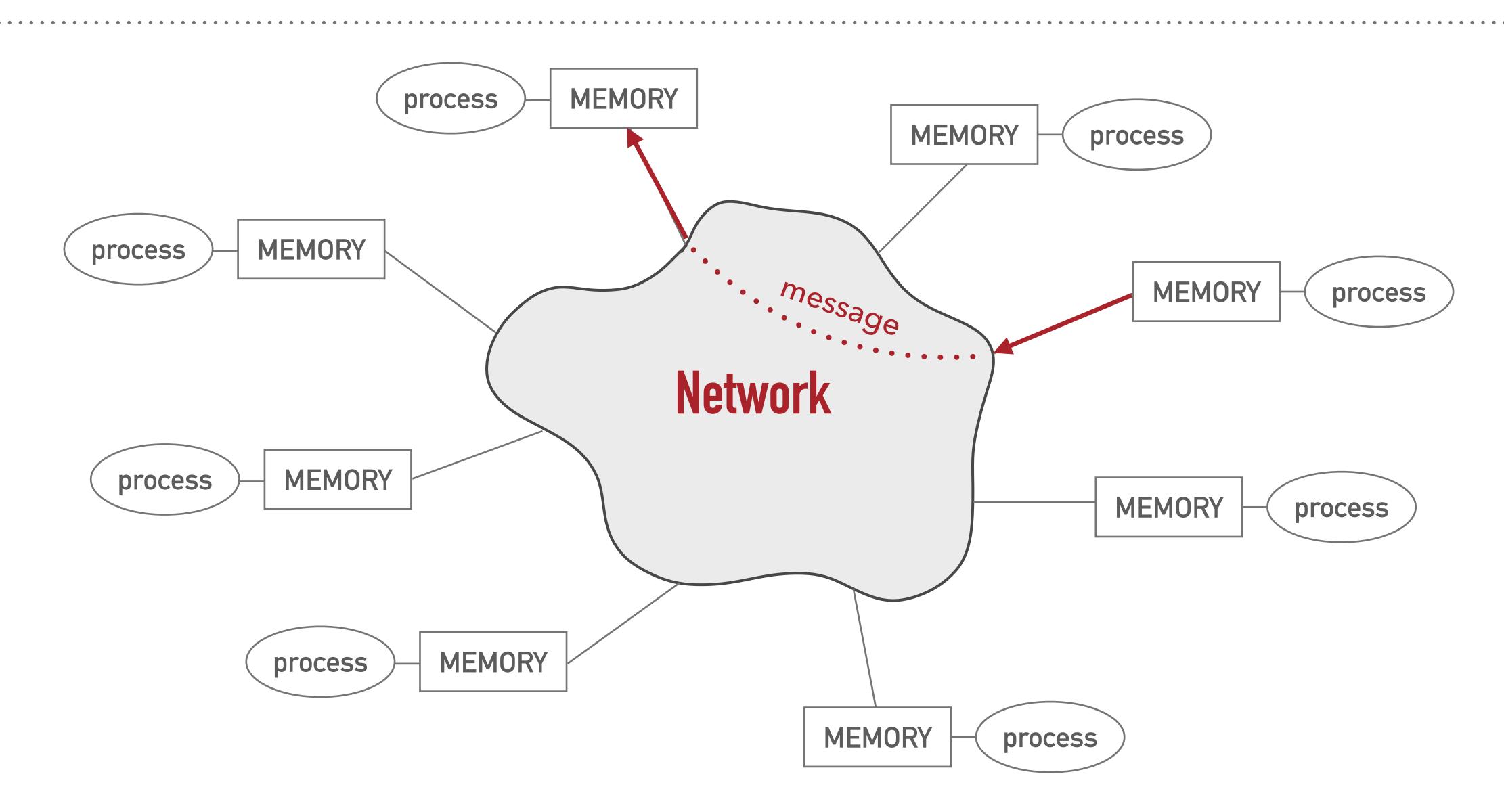


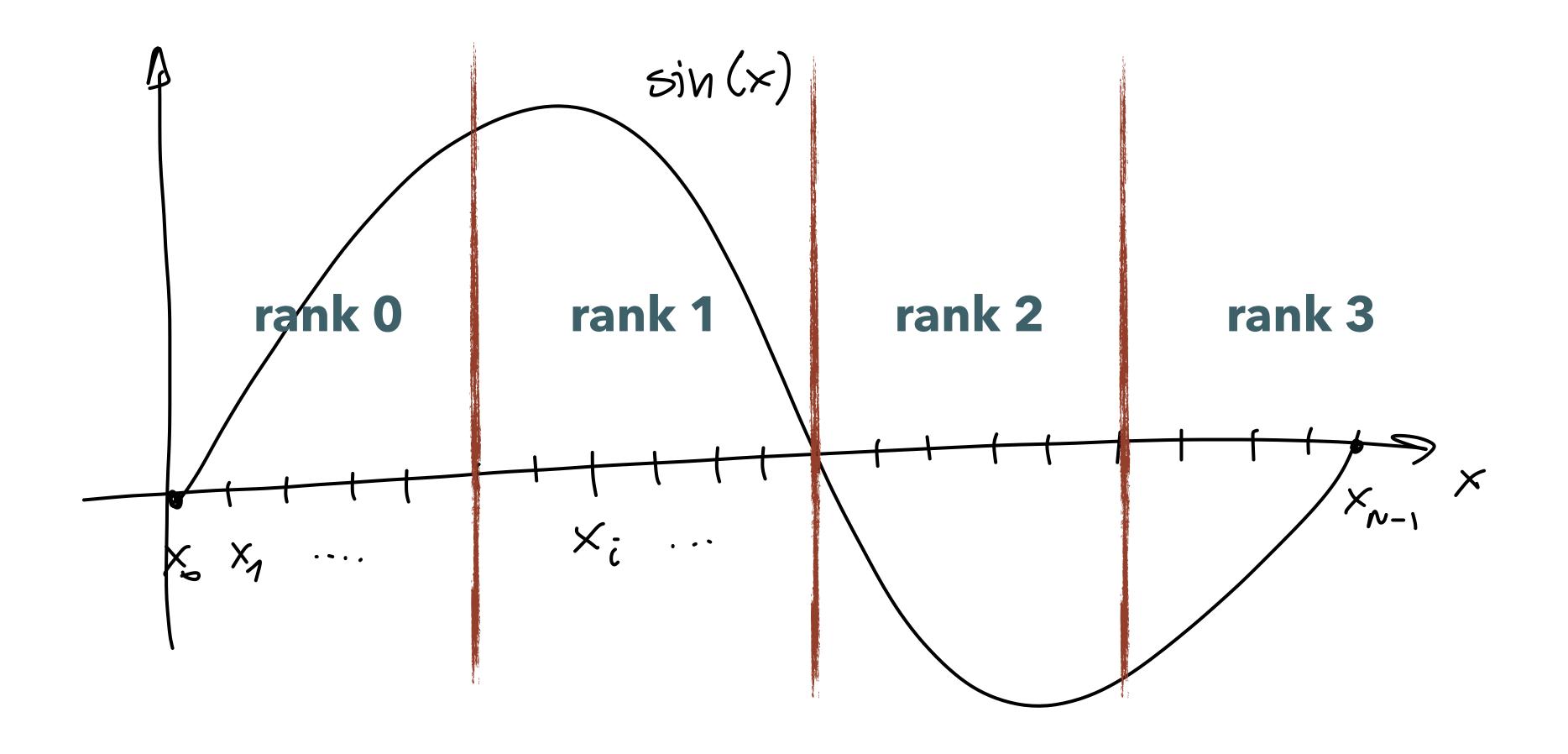
# ME 471/571

Week 4 - Collective Communication

# MESSAGE PASSING MODEL

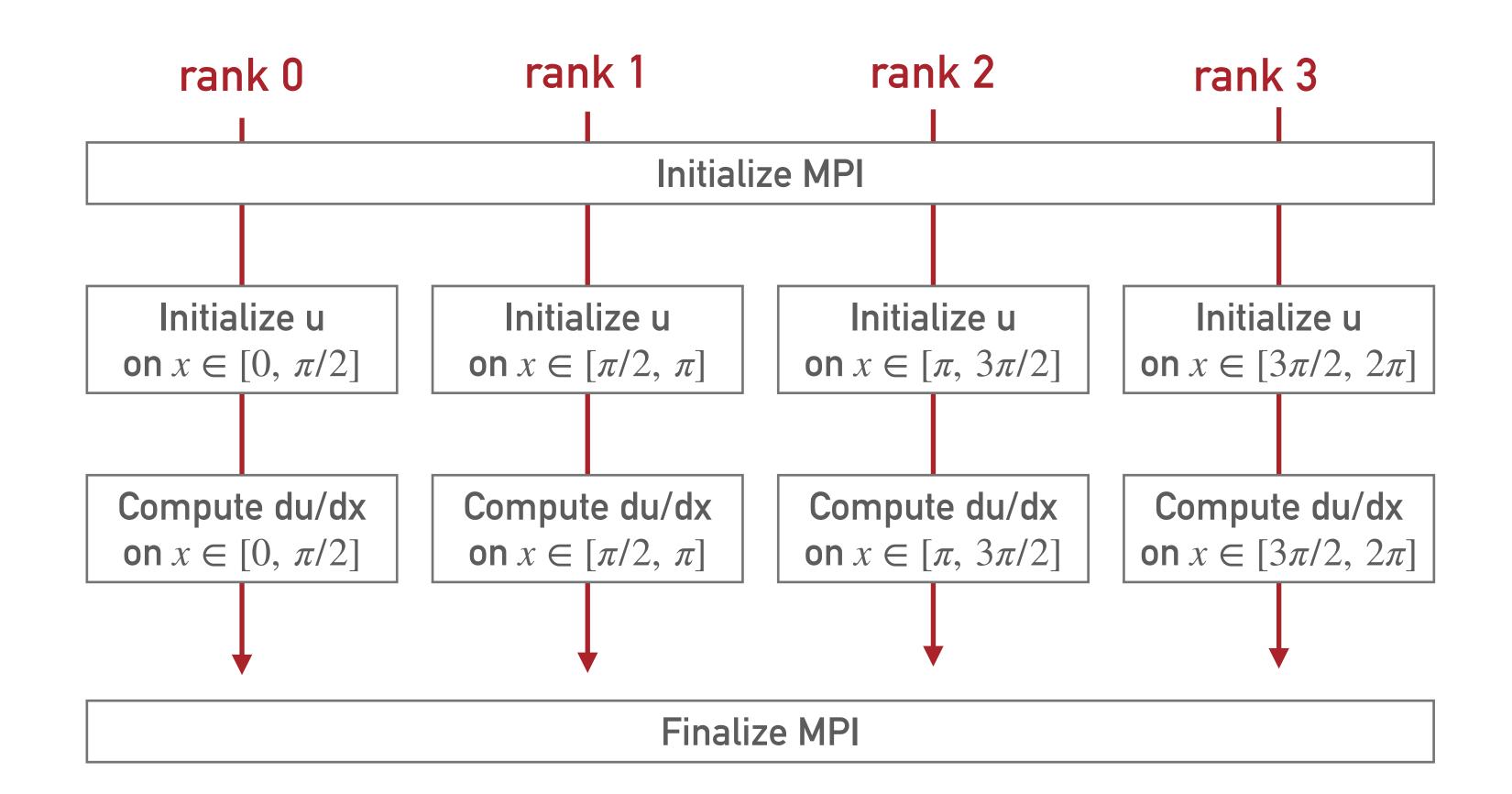


Example of data parallelism - compute the derivative of sin(x)



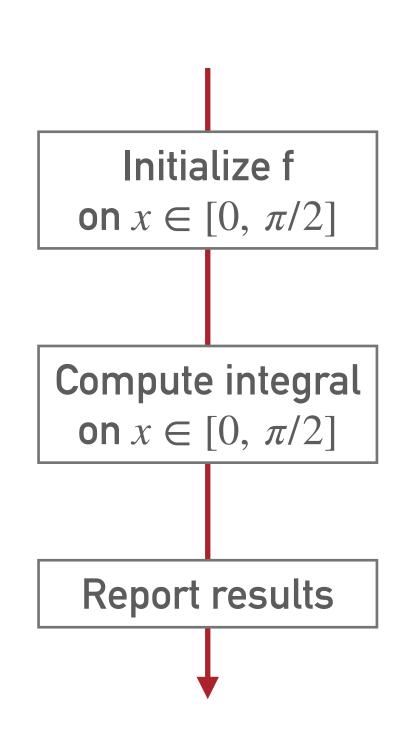
**Divide and Conquer:** We can divide the work among available ranks, where each rank performs a fraction of the work

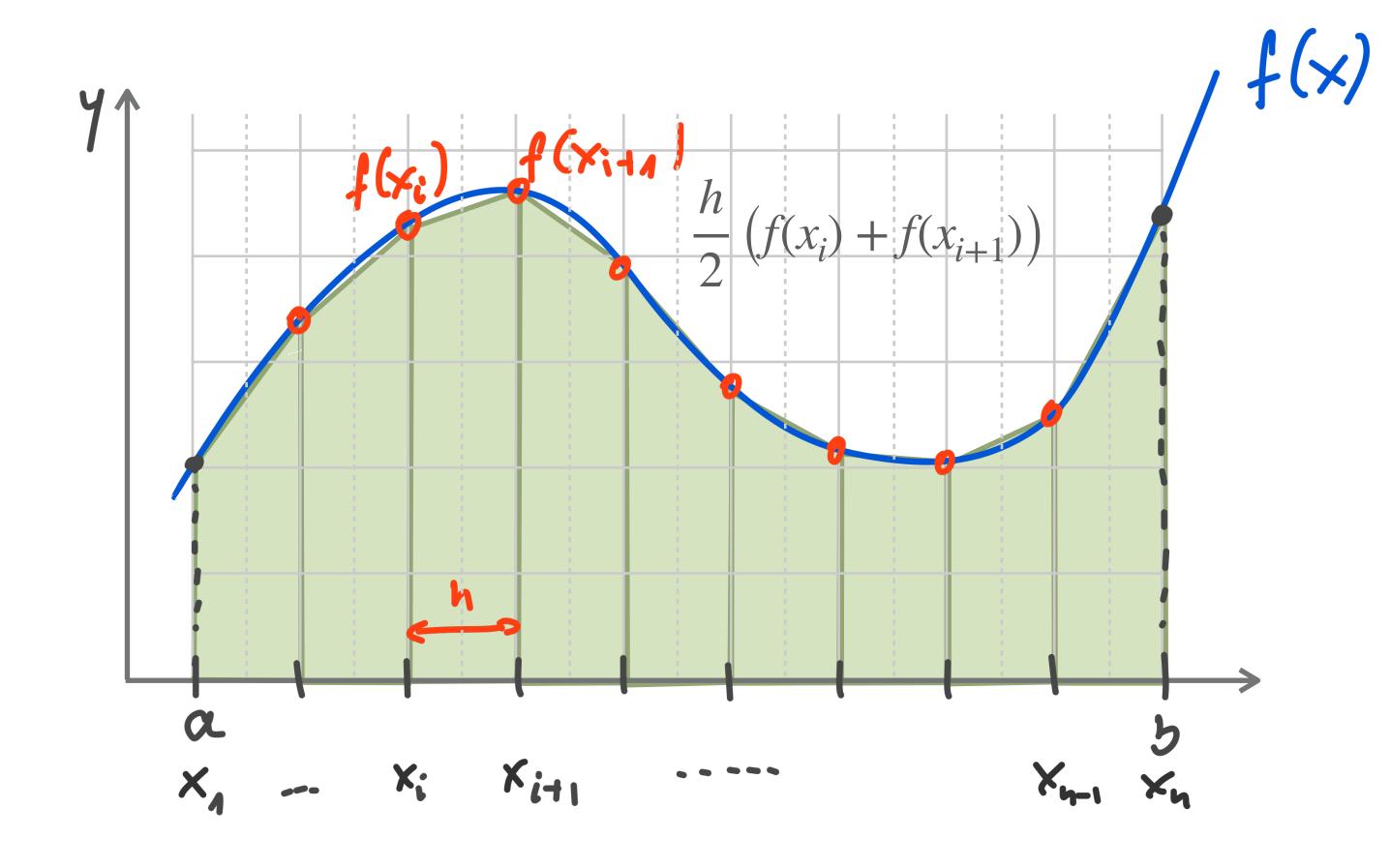
## DERIVATIVE EXAMPLE



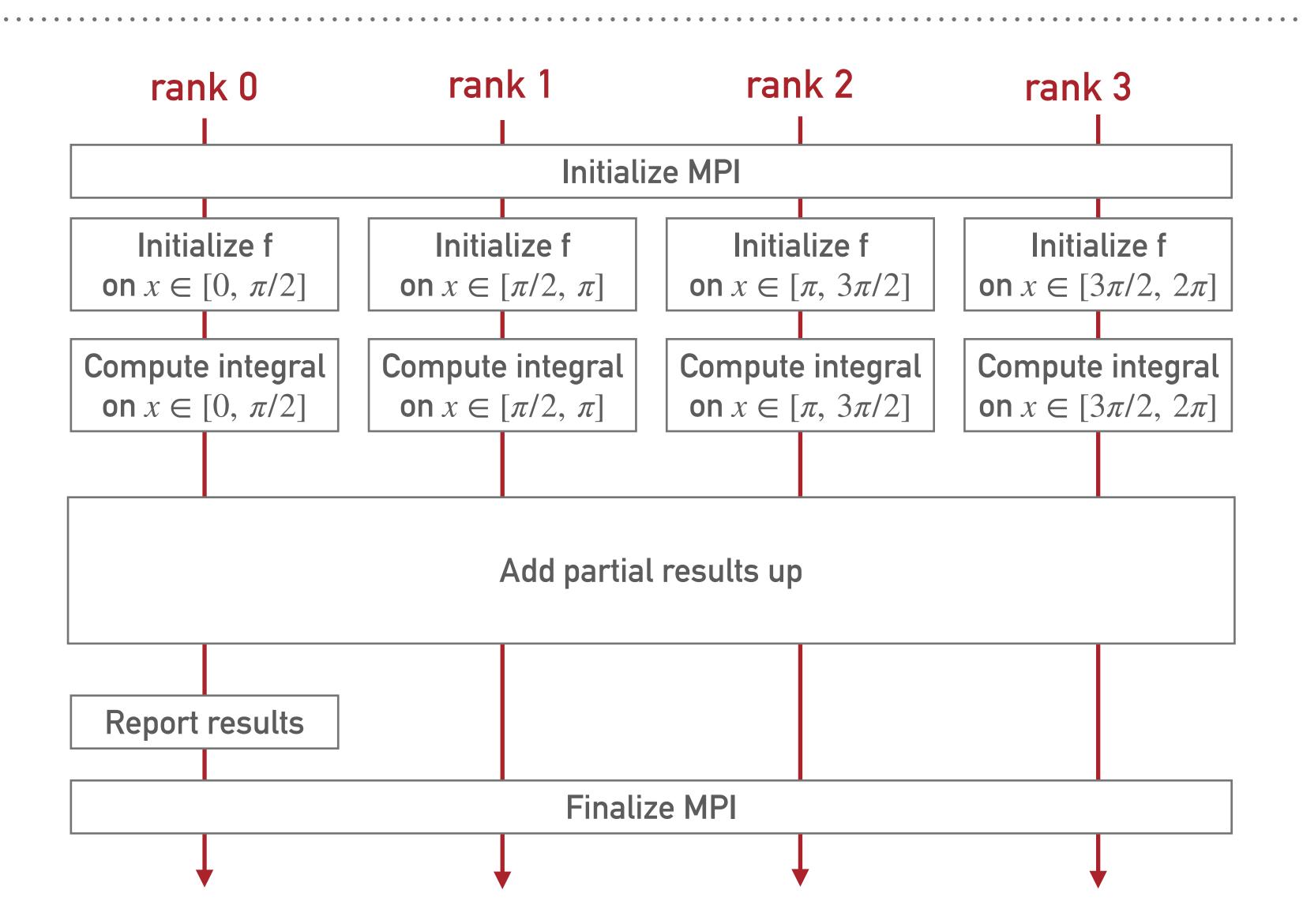
## EXAMPLE – INTEGRATE A FUNCTION

Integrate 
$$f(x) = \sin(x)$$
 on  $x \in [0, 2\pi]$  using trapezoidal rule: 
$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \frac{1}{2} h\left(f(x_i) + f(x_{i+1})\right)$$

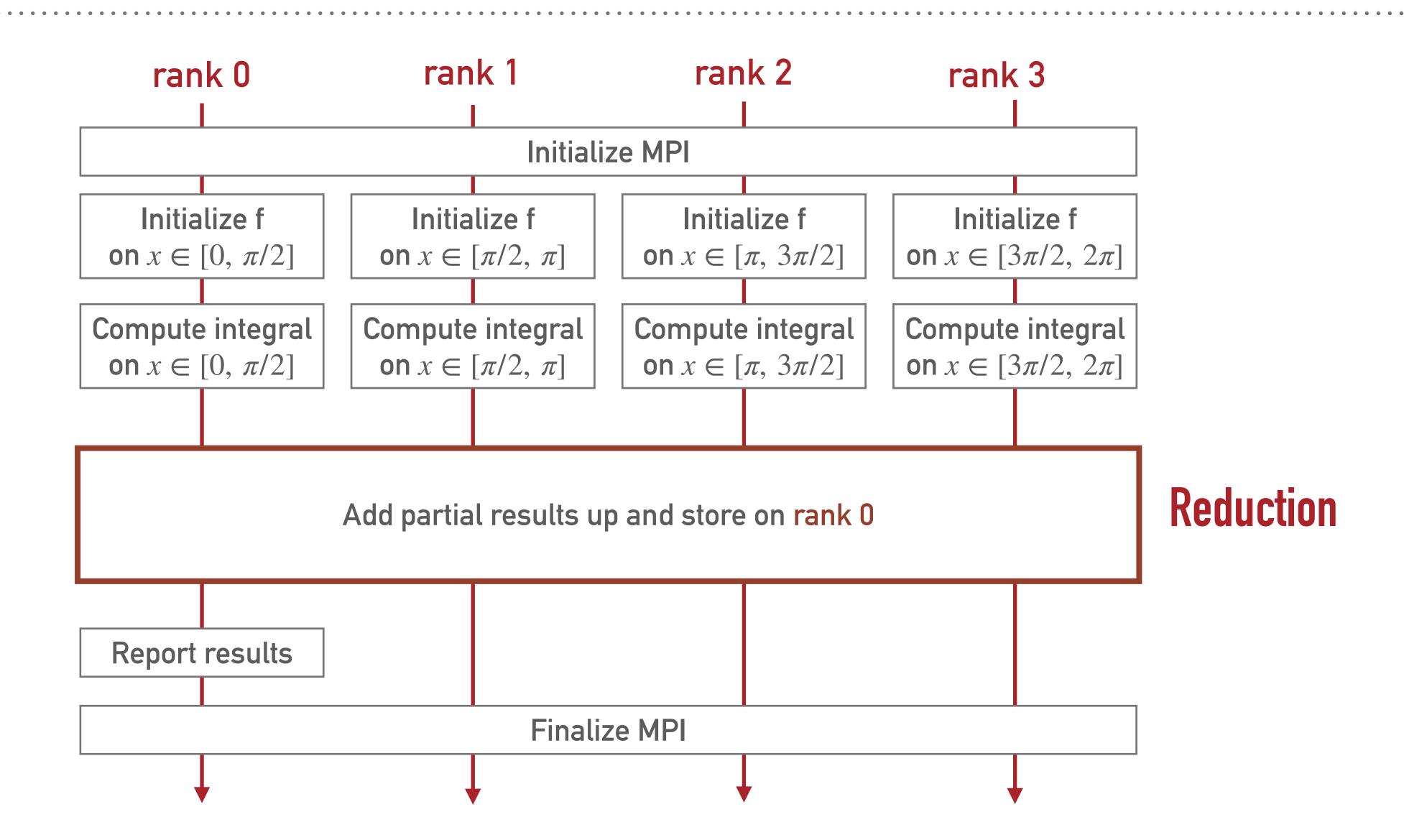


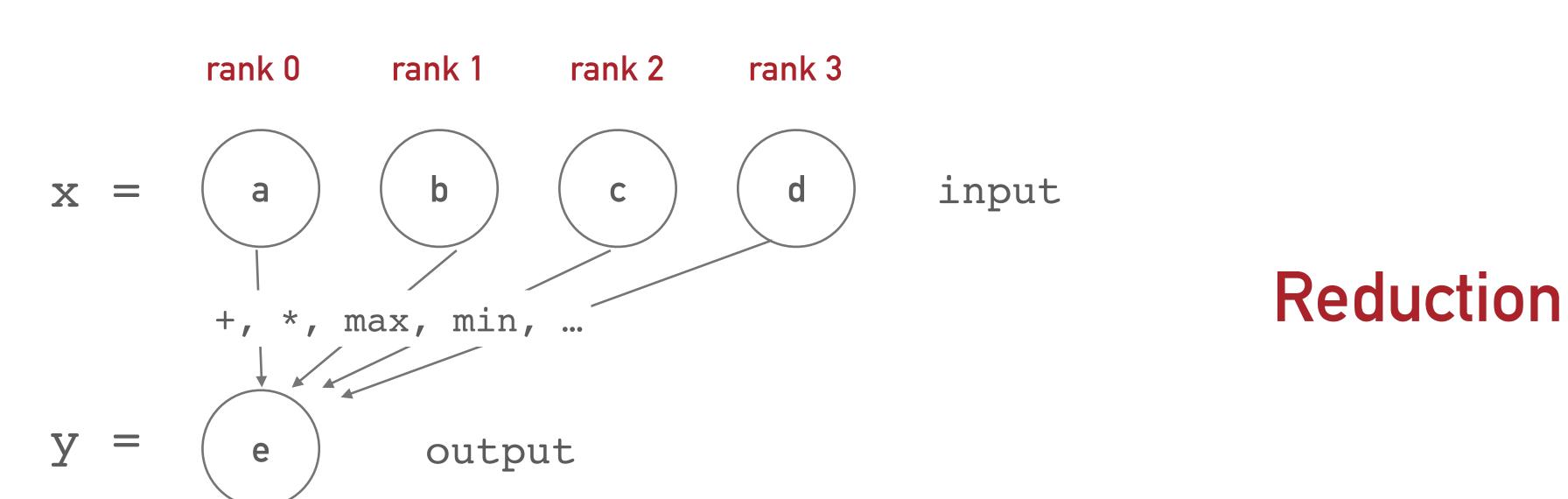


## TRAPEZOIDAL RULE EXAMPLE



## TRAPEZOIDAL RULE EXAMPLE

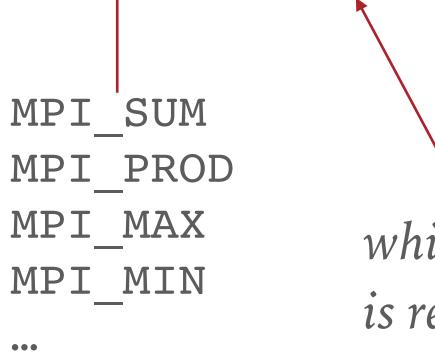


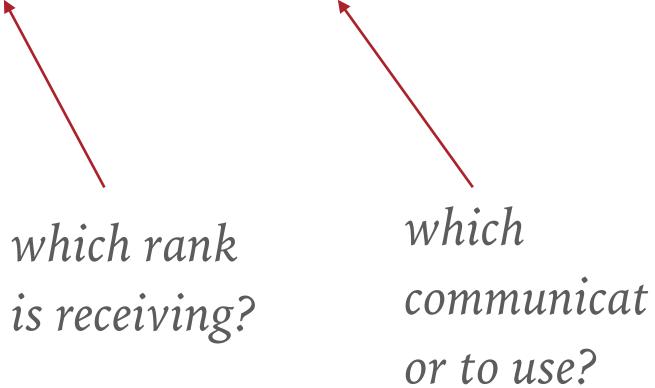


MPI\_Reduce(input, output, count, datatype, operation, root, communicator);

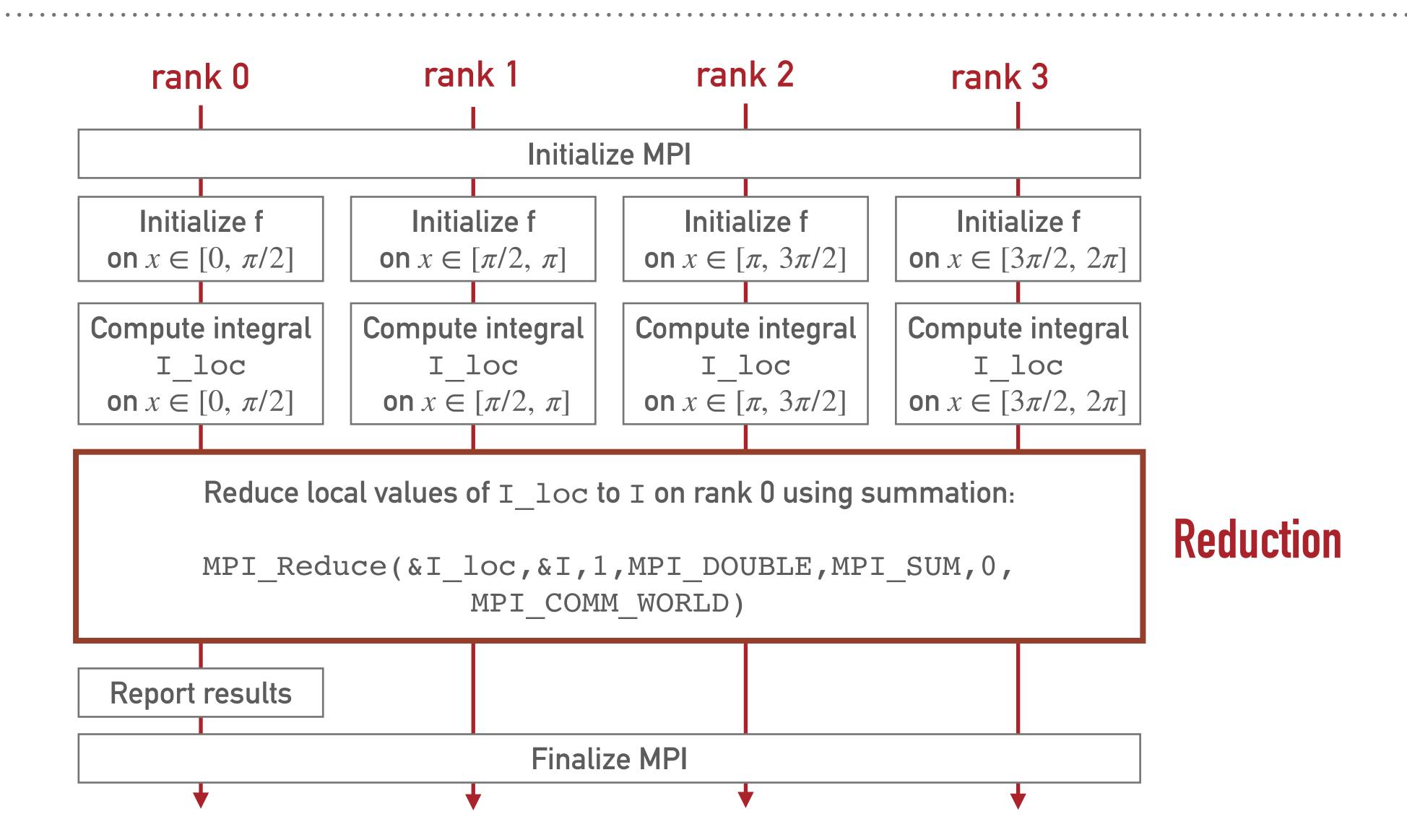
which variable to reduce

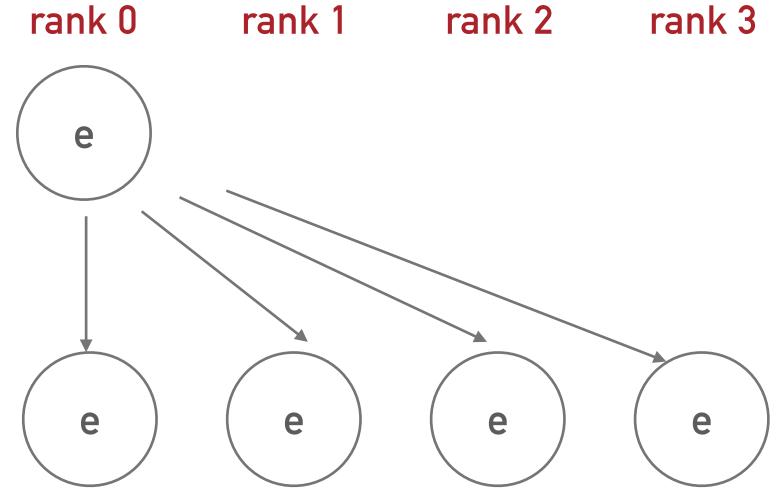
variable for the result how many data elements to send per rank





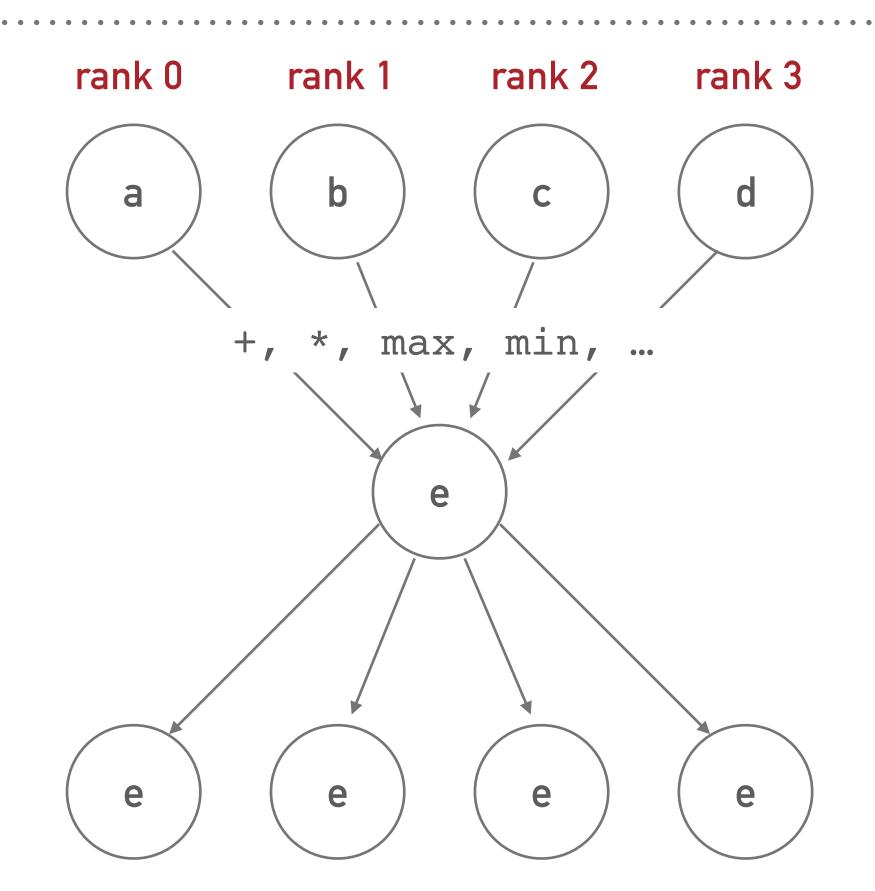
## TRAPEZOIDAL RULE EXAMPLE





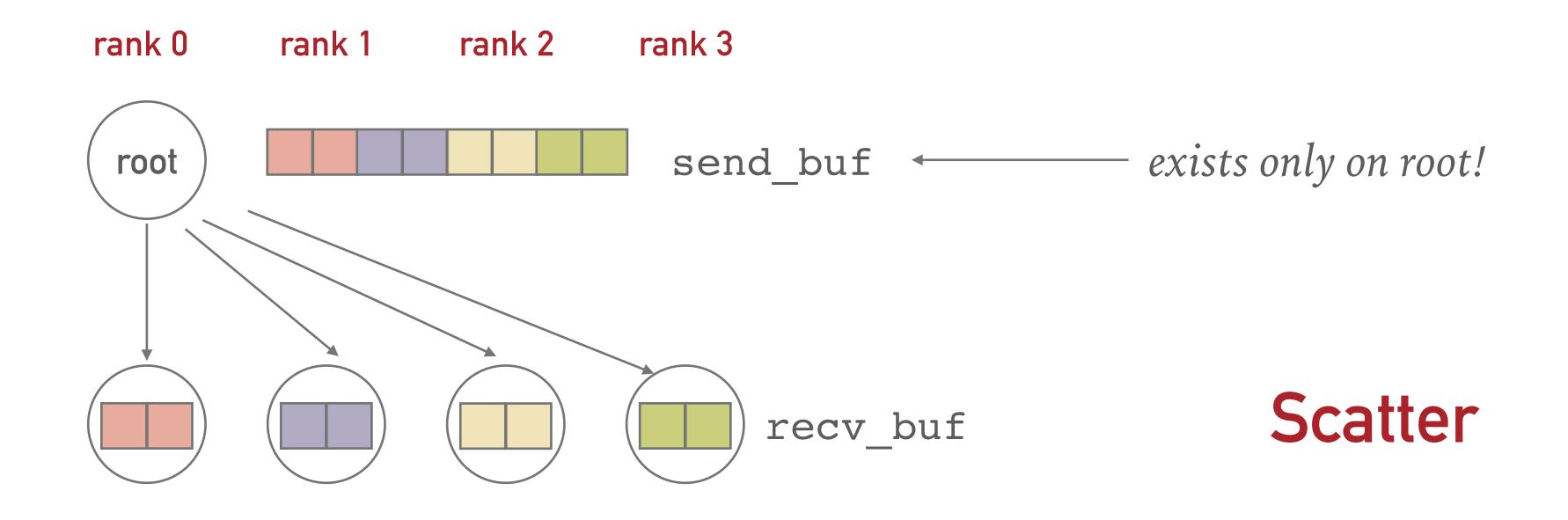
#### Broadcast

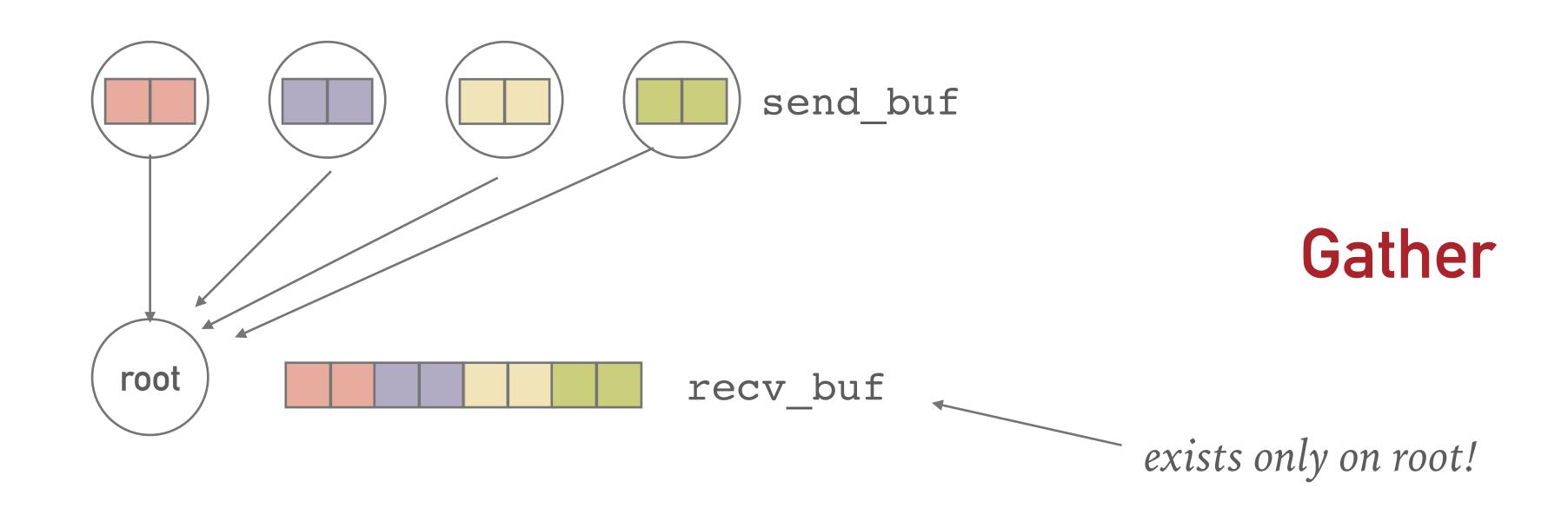
MPI\_Bcast(data, count, datatype, root, communicator);

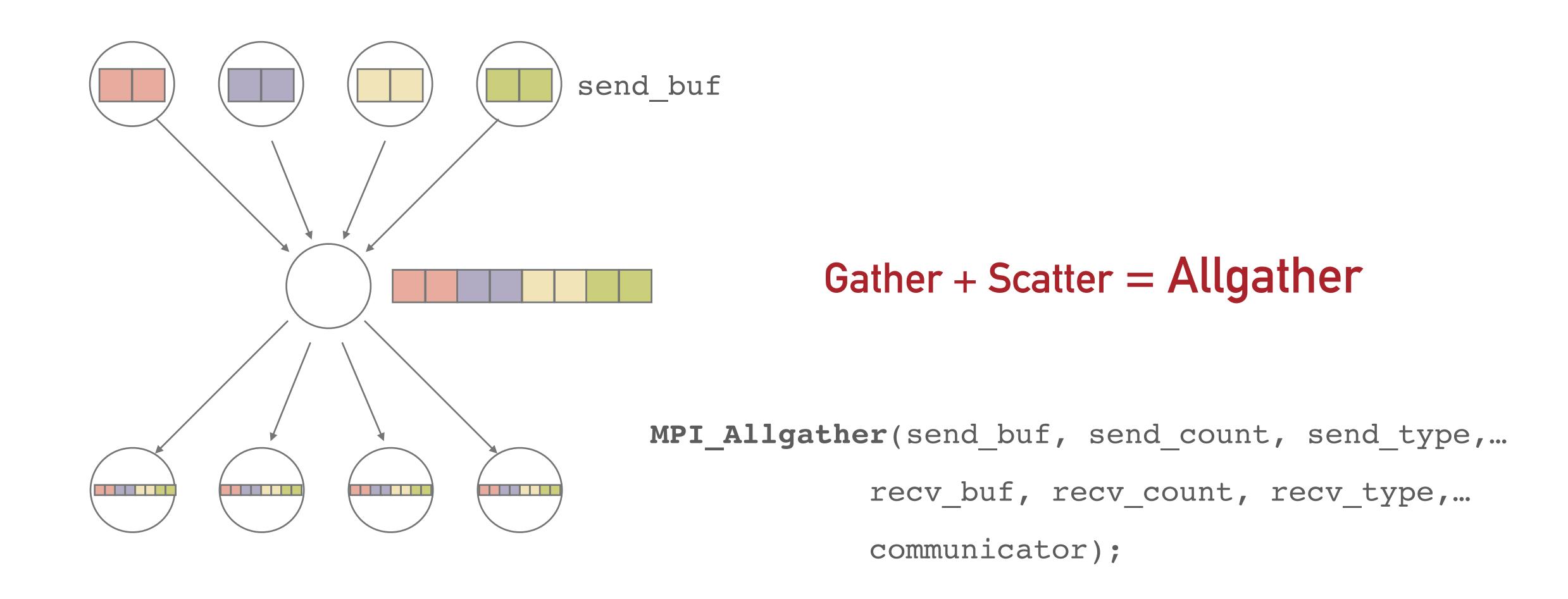


Reduction + Broadcast = Allreduce

MPI\_Allreduce(input, output, count, datatype, operator, communicator);







# **CLASSROOM EXAMPLE**

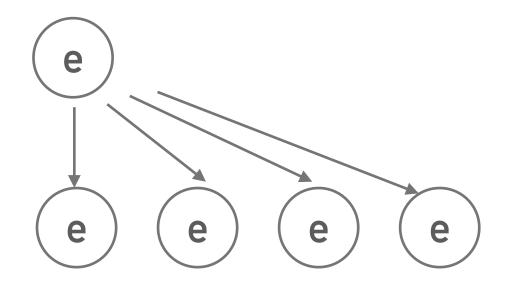
- 1. An instructor is announcing the date of the test.
- 2. The students write the test and the instructor is collecting their individual papers.
- 3. The instructor gives the papers back to students.
- 4. The instructor computes the average score.

broadcast

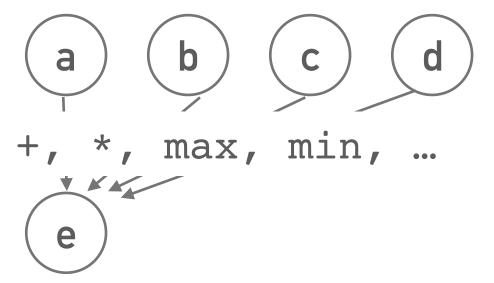
gather

scatter

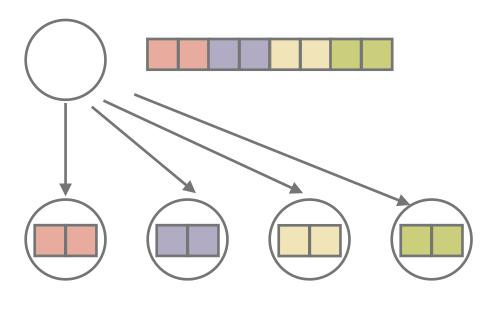
reduction



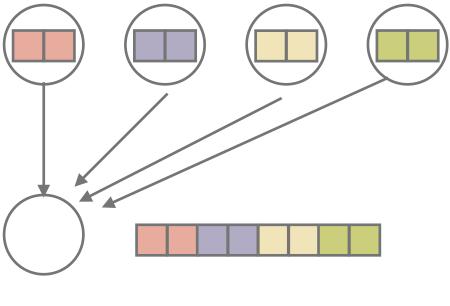
**Broadcast** 



Reduction

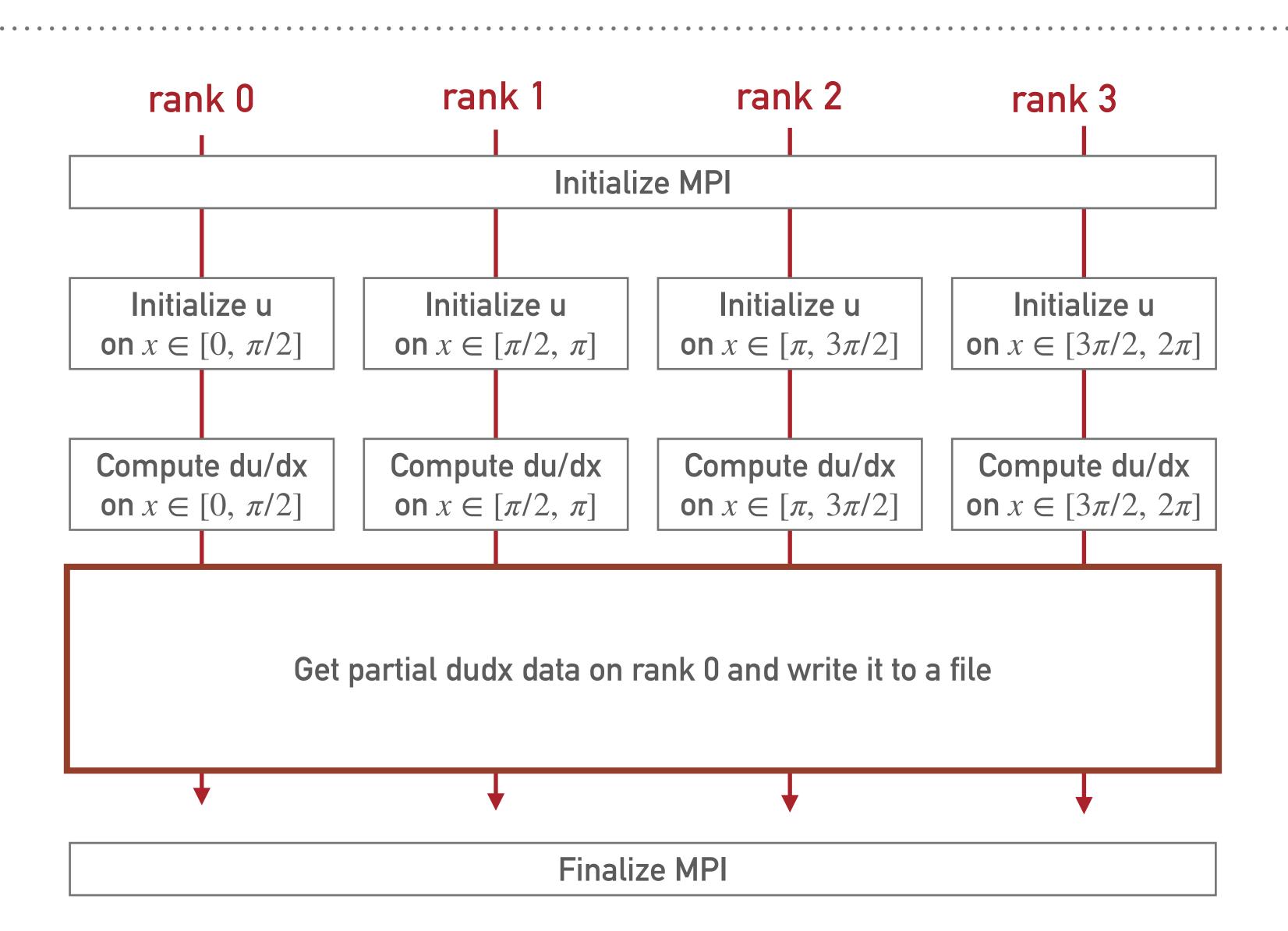


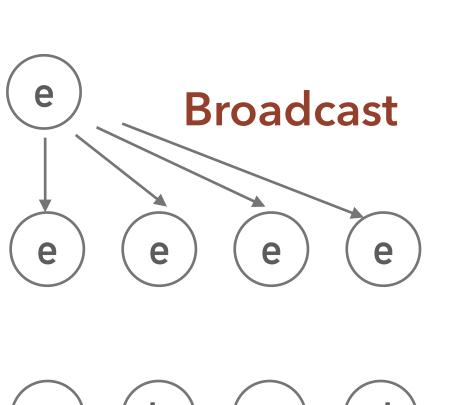
Scatter

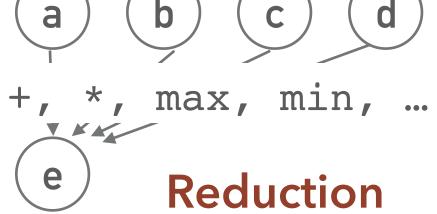


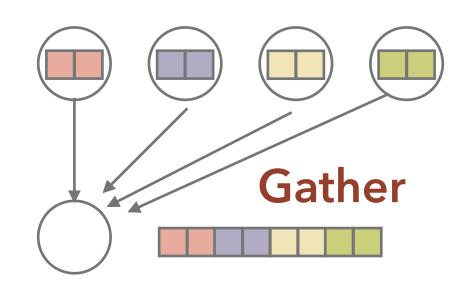
Gather

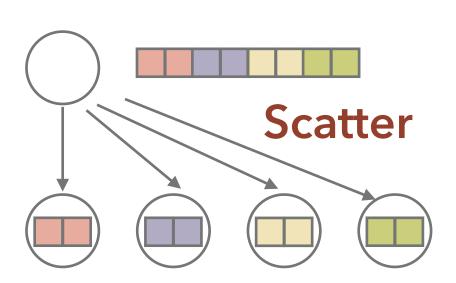
## DERIVATIVE EXAMPLE



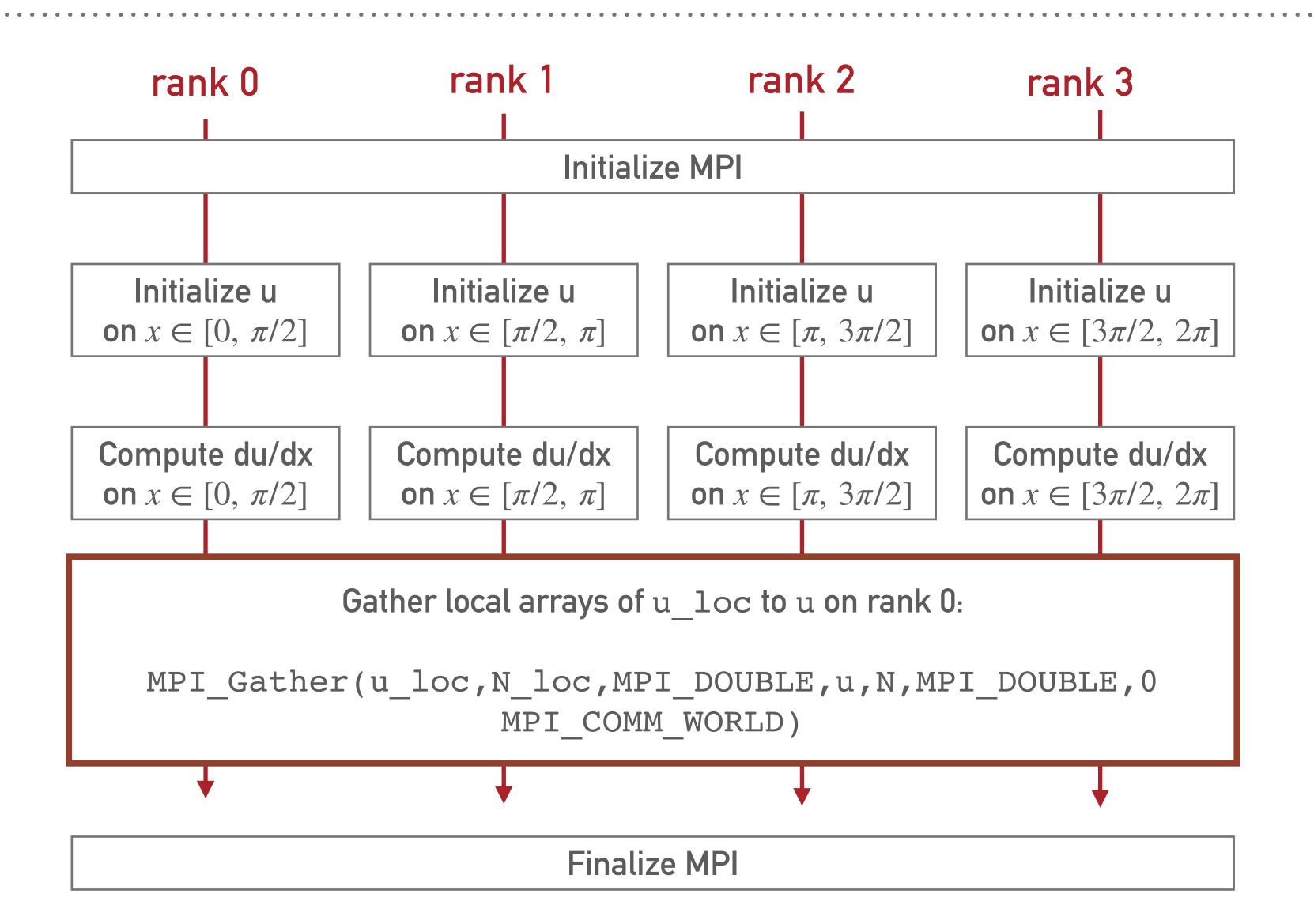








## DERIVATIVE EXAMPLE



# **EXAMPLE**

Imagine you need to compute a standard deviation of a large set of numbers saved in a file. How would you design a parallel algorithm using Reduce, Broadcast, Scatter, Gather, ... functionalities?

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x_i - \mu)} \quad \text{where} \quad \mu = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} x_i$$

