

System Programming Lab #1

2020-03-25 sp-tas



Case Study: Library Interpositioning

- Library interpositioning: powerful linking technique that allows programmers to intercept calls to arbitrary functions
- Interpositioning can occur at:
 - Compile time: When the source code is compiled
 - Link time: When the relocatable object files are statically linked to form an executable object file
 - Load/run time: When an executable object file is loaded into memory, dynamically linked, and then executed.

Some Interpositioning Applications

Security

- Confinement (sandboxing)
 - Interpose calls to libc functions.
- Behind the scenes encryption
 - Automatically encrypt otherwise unencrypted network connections.

Monitoring and Profiling

- Count number of calls to functions
- Characterize call sites and arguments to functions
- Malloc tracing
 - Detecting memory leaks
 - Generating address traces

Example program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>

int main()
{
    free(malloc(10));
    printf("hello, world\n");
    exit(0);
}
hello.c
```

- Goal: trace the addresses and sizes of the allocated and freed blocks, without modifying the source code.
- Three solutions: interpose on the lib malloc and free functions at compile time, link time, and load/run time.

Compile-time Interpositioning

```
#ifdef COMPILETIME
/* Compile-time interposition of malloc and free using C
 * preprocessor. A local malloc.h file defines malloc (free)
 * as wrappers mymalloc (myfree) respectively.
 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <malloc.h>
 * mymalloc - malloc wrapper function
 */
void *mymalloc(size t size, char *file, int line)
    void *ptr = malloc(size);
    printf("%s:%d: malloc(%d)=%p\n", file, line, (int)size,
ptr);
    return ptr;
```

Compile-time Interpositioning

```
linux> make helloc
gcc -O2 -Wall -DCOMPILETIME -c mymalloc.c
gcc -O2 -Wall -I. -o helloc hello.c mymalloc.o
linux> make runc
./helloc
hello.c:7: malloc(10)=0x501010
hello.c:7: free(0x501010)
hello, world
```

Link-time Interpositioning

```
#ifdef LINKTIME
/* Link-time interposition of malloc and free using the
static linker's (ld) "--wrap symbol" flag. */
#include <stdio.h>
void * real malloc(size t size);
void real free(void *ptr);
   wrap malloc - malloc wrapper function
void * wrap malloc(size t size)
   void *ptr = real malloc(size);
   printf("malloc(%d) = %p\n", (int)size, ptr);
    return ptr;
```

Link-time Interpositioning

```
linux> make hellol
gcc -O2 -Wall -DLINKTIME -c mymalloc.c
gcc -O2 -Wall -Wl,--wrap,malloc -Wl,--wrap,free \
-o hellol hello.c mymalloc.o
linux> make runl
./hellol
malloc(10) = 0x501010
free(0x501010)
hello, world
```

- The "-W1" flag passes argument to linker
- Telling linker "--wrap, malloc" tells it to resolve references in a special way:
 - Refs to malloc should be resolved as wrap malloc
 - Refs to ___real_malloc should be resolved as malloc



```
#ifdef RUNTIME
/* Run-time interposition of malloc and free based on
 * dynamic linker's (ld-linux.so) LD PRELOAD mechanism */
#define GNU SOURCE
#include <stdio.h>
                                           Load/Run-time
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <dlfcn.h>
                                           Interpositioning
void *malloc(size t size)
   void *(*mallocp)(size t size);
   char *error;
   void *ptr;
    /* get address of libc malloc */
    if (!mallocp) {
       mallocp = dlsym(RTLD NEXT, "malloc");
       if ((error = dlerror()) != NULL) {
           fputs(error, stderr);
           exit(1);
   ptr = mallocp(size);
    fprintf(stderr, "malloc(%d) = %p\n", (int)size, ptr);
    return ptr;
                                                mymalloc.c
```

Load/Run-time Interpositioning

- The LD_PRELOAD environment variable tells the dynamic linker to resolve unresolved refs (e.g., to malloc) by looking in libdl.so and mymalloc.so first.
 - libdl.so necessary to resolve references to the dlopen functions.
- -shared: telling linker to make output as a shared objective (.so)
- -fPIC: Position-Independent Code

Interpositioning Recap

Compile Time

 Apparent calls to malloc/free get macro-expanded into calls to mymalloc/myfree

Link Time

- Use linker trick to have special name resolutions
 - malloc → __wrap_malloc
 - __real_malloc → malloc

■ Load/Run Time

 Implement custom version of malloc/free that use dynamic linking to load library malloc/free under different names





Dynamic Memory Management

void *malloc(size t size)

malloc allocates size bytes of memory on the process' heap and returns a pointer to it that can subsequently be used by the process to hold up to size bytes. The contents of the memory are undefined.

void *calloc(size t nmemb, size t size)

calloc allocates nmemb*size bytes of memory on the process' heap and returns a pointer to it that can subsequently be used by the process to hold up to size bytes. The contents of the memory are set to zero.

void *realloc(void *ptr, size t size)

realloc changes the size of the memory block pointed to by ptr to size bytes. The contents are copied up to min (size, old size), the rest is undefined.

void free(void *ptr)

free explicitly frees a previously allocated block of memory.



Dynamic Memory Management

```
#include <stdlib.h>
void main(void) {
 void *p;
 char *str;
 int *A;
 // allocated 1024 bytes of memory
 p = malloc(1024);
 // allocated an integer array with 500 integer
 A = (int*) calloc(500, sizeof(int));
 // allocate a string with 16 characters...
  str = (char*)malloc(16*sizeof(char));
  // ...then resize that string to hold 512 characters
  str = (char*)realloc(str, 512*sizeof(char));
 // finally, free all allocated memory
  free(p);
  free(A);
  free (str);
                                                   example1.c
```



Shared library loading interfaces

- #include <dlfcn.h>
- void *dlopen(const char *filename, int flags)
 - dlopen loads the dynamic shared object (shared library) file named by the null-terminated string filename and returns an opaque "handle" for the loaded object.
 - RTLD LAZY perform lazy binding
 - RTLD NOW all undefined symbols in the shared object are resolved before dlopen returns
- void *dlsym(void *handle, const char *symbol)
 - dlsym takes a "handle" of a dynamic loaded shared object returned by dlopen and returns the address where that symbol is loaded into memory
 - RTLD DEFAULT find the first occurrence of the desired symbol
 - RTLD NEXT find the next occurrence of the desired symbol in the search order after the current object
- int dlclose(void *handle)
 - dlclose decrements the reference count on the dynamically loaded shared object referred to by handle



```
#ifdef RUNTIME
/* Run-time interposition of malloc and free based on
 * dynamic linker's (ld-linux.so) LD PRELOAD mechanism */
#define GNU SOURCE
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
                                              Load/Run-time
#include <dlfcn.h>
                                             Interpositioning
void *malloc(size t size)
   void *(*mallocp)(size t size);
    char *error;
   void *ptr;
    /* get address of libc malloc */
    if (!mallocp) {
       mallocp = dlsym(RTLD NEXT, "malloc");
        if ((error = dlerror()) != NULL) {
            fputs(error, stderr);
            exit(1);
   ptr = mallocp(size);
    fprintf(stderr, "malloc(%d) = %p\n", (int)size, ptr);
    return ptr;
                                                 mymalloc.c
```





Lab Assignment #1 – Linker Lab

- Download skeleton code from eTL
- Hand In
 - Upload your files eTL
 - A tarball of your implementation (20/20/20/+10 pts for each part)
 - A report (10 pts)
- PLEASE, READ the Hand-out!!!
- Assigned: 3. 25
- Deadline: 4. 8, 11:59:59 PM

Shared library를 통해 Malloc, calloc, realloc, free를 intercept하여 기존의 함수 작업을 하면서 memory tracking도 수행

Lab #2 (4/1) will be Q&A session





(Part 1) Tracing dynamic memory allocation

test1.c

```
#include <stdlib.h>
void main(void) {
  void *a;
                                                                   output
  a = malloc(1024);
                         stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part1 $ make run test1
  a = malloc(32);
                         [0001] Memory tracer started.
  free (malloc(1));
                                          (nil): malloc( 1024 ) = 0xb87010
                         [0002]
  free(a);
                                          (nil) : malloc( 32 ) = 0xb87420
                         [0003]
                                          (nil) : malloc(1) = 0xb87450
                         [00041
                         [0005]
                                          (nil) : free( 0xb87450 )
                         [0006]
                                          (nil) : free( 0xb87420 )
                         [0007]
                         [0008] Statistics
                         [0009] allocated total
                                                       1057
                         [0010] allocated avg
                                                       352
                                  freed total
                         [0011]
```

[0013] Memory tracer stopped. stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part1 \$

[0012]





(Part 2) Tracing unfreed memory

```
test1.c
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
void main(void) {
                                                                   output
  void *a;
  a = malloc(1024); stuxxx@spN ~/linklab/part2 $ make run test1
                       [0001] Memory tracer started.
  a = malloc(32);
                      [00021
                                       (nil): malloc(1024) = 0x2415060
  free (malloc(1));
                      [00031
                                       (nil) : malloc(32) = 0x24154c0
  free(a);
                                       (nil) : malloc(1) = 0x2415540
                       [0004]
                       [0005]
                                       (nil) : free( 0x2415540 )
                                       (nil) : free ( 0x24154c0 )
                       [00061
                       [0007]
                       [0008] Statistics
                       [0009] allocated total
                                                    1057
                       [0010] allocated avg
                                                   352
                       [0011]
                               freed total
                                                    33
                       [0012]
                       [0013] Non-deallocated memory blocks
                       [0014]
                               block
                                                  size
                                                             ref cnt
                                                                      caller
                       [0015]
                               0x2415060
                                                  1024
                                                                       ???:0
                       [0016]
                       [0017] Memory tracer stopped.
                       stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part2 $
```



```
test1.c
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
void main(void) {
  void *a;
                       stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part3 $ make run test1
  a = malloc(1024); [0001] Memory tracer started.
                      [0002]
                                     main:6 : malloc( 1024 ) = 0x14f0060
  a = malloc(32);
                       [0003]
                                     main:10 : malloc(32) = 0x14f04c0
  free (malloc(1));
                                     main:1d: malloc(1) = 0x14f0540
                       [00041
  free(a);
                       [0005]
                                     main:25 : free( 0x14f0540 )
                       [0006]
                                     main:2d : free( 0x14f04c0 )
                       [00071
                       [0008] Statistics
                       [0009] allocated total
                                                   1057
                       [0010] allocated avg
                                                   352
                       [0011] freed total
                                                    33
                       [0012]
                       [0013] Non-deallocated memory blocks
                       [0014]
                              block
                                                  size
                                                            ref cnt
                                                                     caller
                       [0015] 0x14f0060
                                                                      main:6
                                                  1024
                       [0016]
                       [0017] Memory tracer stopped.
                       stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part3 $
```



```
~/linklab/part3 $ make run test1
 [0001] Memory tracer started.
               main:6 : malloc( 1024 ) = 0x14f0060
 [0002]
               main:10 : malloc(32) = 0x14f04c0
 [0003]
 [0004]
               main:1d: malloc(1) = 0x14f0540
 [0005]
               main:25 : free( 0x14f0540
               main:2d : free( 0x14f04c0 )
 [0006]
 [0007]
 [0008] Statistics
 [0009] allocated total
                              1057
                             352
 [0010] allocated avg
 [0011] freed total
                             33
 [0012]
 [0013] Non-deallocated memory blocks
 [0014] block
                          size ref cnt caller
 [0015] 0x14f0060
                           1024
                                              main:6
 [0016]
 [0017] Memory tracer stopped.
~/linklab/part3 $
```





```
~/linklab/test $ objdump -d test1
 000000000004004a0 <main>:
   4004a0:
             53
                                        %rbx
                                 push
   4004a1: bf 00 04 00 00
                                        $0x400, %edi
                                 mov
   4004a6: e8 e5 ff
                      ff
                         ff
                                 callq 400490 <malloc@plt>
   4004ab:
            bf
                2.0
                   0.0
                      00
                         00
                                        $0x20,%edi
                                 mov
   4004b0:
                db ff ff ff
                                 callq 400490 <malloc@plt>
             e8
   4004b5:
             bf
                01
                   0.0
                      0.0
                         00
                                        $0x1, %edi
                                 mov
   4004ba:
             48
                89 c3
                                        %rax,%rbx
                                 mov
   4004bd:
             e8 ce ff ff ff
                                 callq 400490 <malloc@plt>
   4004c2:
             48
                89
                   с7
                                        %rax,%rdi
                                 mov
   4004c5:
             e8 96 ff ff ff
                                 callq
                                        400460 <free@plt>
   4004ca:
             48
                89 df
                                        %rbx,%rdi
                                 mov
   4004cd: e8 8e ff ff
                                 callq 400460 <free@plt>
   4004d2:
             31 c0
                                 xor
                                        %eax, %eax
   4004d4:
             5b
                                        %rbx
                                 pop
   4004d5: c3
                                 retq
   4004d6: 66 2e 0f 1f 84 00 00
                                        nopw %cs:0x0(%rax, %rax, 1)
   4004dd: 00 00
                  00
```



~/linklab/test \$



```
~/linklab/part3 $ make run test1
 [0001] Memory tracer started.
               main:6 : malloc( 1024 ) = 0x14f0060
 [0002]
               main:10 : malloc(32) = 0x14f04c0
 [0003]
 [0004]
               main:1d: malloc(1) = 0x14f0540
 [0005]
               main:25 : free( 0x14f0540
               main:2d : free( 0x14f04c0 )
 [0006]
 [0007]
 [0008] Statistics
 [0009] allocated total
                              1057
                             352
 [0010] allocated avg
 [0011] freed total
                             33
 [0012]
 [0013] Non-deallocated memory blocks
 [0014] block
                          size ref cnt caller
 [0015] 0x14f0060
                           1024
                                              main:6
 [0016]
 [0017] Memory tracer stopped.
~/linklab/part3 $
```



```
return the PC of the callsite to the dynamic memory management function
    fname
                pointer to character array to hold function name
   fnlen
                length of character array
                pointer to offset to hold PC offset into function
    ofs
  returns
                on success
    < 0
               on error
int get callinfo(char *fname, size t fnlen, unsigned long long *ofs);
                                       ~/linklab/part3/callinfo.h
int get callinfo(char *fname, size t fnlen,
                 unsigned long long *ofs)
 return -1;
                                               ~/linklab/part3/callinfo.c
```

get_callinfo() 를 작성하여 구현



(Part 3) Backtracing library

• #include bunwind.h>

실습 서버에 설치됨

- https://www.nongnu.org/libunwind/docs.html
- https://github.com/libunwind/libunwind.git
- int unw_get_proc_name(unw_cursor_t *cp, char *bufp, size_t len, unw_word_t *offp);
 - Get name of current procedure
 - Returns the name of the procedure that created the stack frame identified by argument cp
- int unw getcontext(unw context t *ucp);
 - Get current machine-state
- int unw_init_local(unw_cursor_t *c, unw_context_t *ctxt);
 - · Initialize cursor for local unwinding
- int unw step(unw cursor t *cp);
 - Step to next (older) frame





(Part 3) Backtracing library

```
static void print_backtrace(void)
   unw_context_t context;
   unw cursor t cursor;
   unw_word_t off, ip, sp;
   unw_proc_info_t pip;
   char procname[256];
   int ret;
   if (unw_getcontext(&context))
       return;
   if (unw_init_local(&cursor, &context))
       return;
      //???
   print_backtrace();
roid bbb()
       ccc();
void aaa()
       bbb();
nt main(void)
   aaa();
```

output

```
vi aaa.c
user100@SystemProgramming:~$ gcc aaa.c -lunwind
user100@SystemProgramming:~$ ./a.out
print_backtrace
ccc
bbb
aaa
main
__libc_start_main
_start
user100@SystemProgramming:~$
```

libunwind를 통해 함수 호출 스택을 따라갈 수 있고 함수 정보를 확인





```
test1.c
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
void main(void) {
  void *a;
                       stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part3 $ make run test1
  a = malloc(1024); [0001] Memory tracer started.
                      [0002]
                                     main:6 : malloc( 1024 ) = 0x14f0060
  a = malloc(32);
                       [0003]
                                     main:10 : malloc(32) = 0x14f04c0
  free (malloc(1));
                                     main:1d: malloc(1) = 0x14f0540
                       [00041
  free(a);
                       [0005]
                                     main:25 : free( 0x14f0540 )
                       [0006]
                                     main:2d : free( 0x14f04c0 )
                       [00071
                       [0008] Statistics
                       [0009] allocated total
                                                   1057
                       [0010] allocated avg
                                                   352
                       [0011] freed total
                                                    33
                       [0012]
                       [0013] Non-deallocated memory blocks
                       [0014]
                              block
                                                  size
                                                            ref cnt
                                                                     caller
                       [0015] 0x14f0060
                                                                      main:6
                                                  1024
                       [0016]
                       [0017] Memory tracer stopped.
                       stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part3 $
```



(Bonus) Detect and ignore illegal deallocations

Detect double- free / illegal free

```
test4.c - test case for bonus part
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
|void main(void) {
  void *a;
                                                                         output
  a = malloc(1024);
                                 stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/bonus $ make run test4
  free(a);
                                  [0001] Memory tracer started.
                                 [0002]
                                                main:6 : malloc( 1024 ) = 0x1b30060
  free(a);
                                 [0003]
                                                main:11 : free( 0x1b30060 )
  free((void*)0x1706e90);
                                 [0004]
                                                main:19 : free( 0x1b30060 )
                                  [0005]
                                                    *** DOUBLE FREE *** (ignoring)
                                                main:23 : free( 0x1706e90 )
                                  [0006]
                                                    *** ILLEGAL FREE *** (ignoring)
                                  [0007]
                                  [8000]
                                  [0009] Statistics
                                  [0010] allocated total
                                                              1024
                                  [0011] allocated avg
                                                              1024
                                  [0012]
                                         freed total
                                                              1024
                                 [0013]
                                  [0014] Memory tracer stopped.
                                 stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/bonus $
```

Free / Realloc 할 때



Utilities

Read someone else's code

- memlog.c
 - int mlog(int pc, const char* fmt, ...)
- memlist.c
 - item *new list(void)
 - void free list(void)
 - item *alloc(item *list, void *ptr, size t size)
 - item *dealloc(item *list, void *ptr)
 - item *find(item *list, void *ptr)
 - void dump list(item *list)





Q&A

- 과제 설명 파일 먼저 읽기
- 과제 압축 풀고 Test 폴더에서 make 먼저
- Printf error
 - fprintf or mlog 사용
- test폴더의 textx는 사용하지 않음

(Part 1) Tracing dynamic memory allocation

```
test1.c
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
void main(void) {
  void *a;
                                                                    output
  a = malloc(1024);
                         stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part1 $ make run test1
  a = malloc(32);
                         [0001] Memory tracer started.
  free (malloc(1));
                         [0002]
                                          (nil) : malloc( 1024 ) = 0xb87010
  free(a);
                         [0003]
                                          (nil) : malloc( 32 ) = 0xb87420
                          [00041
                                          (nil) : malloc(1) = 0xb87450
                                          (nil) : free( 0xb87450 )
                         [0005]
                         [0006]
                                          (nil) : free( 0xb87420 )
                         [0007]
                         [0008] Statistics
                         [0009] allocated total
                                                       1057
                                 allocated avg
                                                       352
                         [0010]
                                  freed total
                         [0011]
                         [0012]
                         [0013] Memory tracer stopped.
                         stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part1 $
```

Realloc의 경우, realloc size를 allocated total에 더함



test1.c

```
#include <stdlib.h>
void main(void) {
  void *a;
                      stuXXX@spN ~/linklab/part3 $ make run test1
  a = malloc(1024); [0001] Memory tracer started.
  a = malloc(32);
                      [0002]
                                    main:6 : malloc( 1024 ) = 0x14f0060
                      [0003]
                                    main:10 : malloc(32) = 0x14f04c0
  free (malloc(1));
                                    main:1d: malloc(1) = 0x14f0540
                      [0004]
  free(a);
                      [0005]
                                    main:25 : free( 0x14f0540 )
                      [0006]
                                    main:2d : free( 0x14f04c0 )
                      [00071
                      [0008] Statistics
                      [0009] allocated total
                                                1057
                      [0010] allocated avg
                                                  352
                      [0011] freed total
                                                  33
                      [0012]
                      [0013] Non-deallocated memory blocks
                      [0014]
                             block
                                                size ref cnt
                                                                    caller
                             0x14f0060
                                                                    main:6
                      [0015]
                                                1024
                      [0016]
```

Test.c에서 alloc, dealloc 함수는 main에서 호출된다고 가정



Skeleton code snippet

```
// init - this function is called once when the shared library is loaded
attribute ((constructor))
void init(void)
  char *error;
 LOG START ();
 // initialize a new list to keep track of all memory (de-)allocations
 // (not needed for part 1)
 list = new list();
                              // fini - this function is called once when the shared library is unloaded
                               attribute ((destructor))
                              void fini(void)
                             □ {
                                // ...
                                LOG STATISTICS (OL, OL, OL);
                                LOG STOP();
                                // free list (not needed for part 1)
                                 free list(list);
```

다음 시간에

• Linklab Q&A?

• 과제 기한 : 4월 8일, 11:59:59 PM