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Define / Give an Example with output of Each Shorthand Assignment Operators

+=: shorthand operator that add the value on the right, to the variable on the left, and then assigns that value back into the variable on the left.

Int a = 6; a+= 5;

Output: 11

-=: shorthand operator that subtract the value on the right, to the variable on the left, and then assigns that value back into the variable on the left.

Int a = 6; a-=5;

Output: 1

***=:** shorthand operator that multiply the value on the right, to the variable on the left, and then assigns that value back into the variable on the left.

Int a = 6; a*= 5;

Output: 30

/=: shorthand operator that divide the value on the right, to the variable on the left, and then assigns that value back into the variable on the left.

```
Int a = 6; a /= 5;
```

Output: 6/5

`%=`: shorthand operator that Module the value on the right, to the variable on the left, and then assigns that value back into the variable on the left.

```
Int a = 6; a %= 5;
```

Output: 1

Math library Introduction, Define Each

`Math.random()`: returns a random double value with a positive sign, greater than or equal to 0.0 and less than 1.0.

`Math.round(x)`: round the x in to 1 decimal digit

`Math.max(x, y)`: find the maximum number between x and y

`Math.min(x, y)`: find the minimum number between x and y

`Math.abs(x)`: The method gives the absolute value of the argument. If the value is negative, it will return a positive number.

Programming Assignments

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Task 1- Write a program that creates three random **double** variables **a**, **b**, and **c** and assigns them values between 0 and 1 using the **Math.random()**

Method mentioned in the preceding exercise. It then does all of the following:

- A. It prints out the three values.
- B. It prints “All are tiny” if all three values are less than 0.2.
- C. It prints out “One is tiny” if exactly one of the three values is less than 0.2

```
1 package javaapplication1;
2
3
4 public class JavaApplication1 {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         double x = Math.random();
8         double y = Math.random();
9         double z = Math.random();
10        double max, min;
11
12        //System.out.println("Double between 0.0 and 1.0: x = " + Math.round(x));
13        //System.out.println("Double between 0.0 and 1.0: y = " + Math.round(y));
14        //System.out.println("Double between 0.0 and 1.0: z = " + Math.round(z));
15
16        System.out.println("Double between 0.0 and 1.0: x = " + x);
17        System.out.println("Double between 0.0 and 1.0: y = " + y);
18        System.out.println("Double between 0.0 and 1.0: z = " + z);
19
20        //max = Math.max(x, y);
21        //min = Math.max(x, y);
22        //System.out.println("Max: " + max);
23        //System.out.println("Min: " + min);
24
25        max = Math.max(x, Math.max(y, z));
26        //System.out.println("Max: " + max);
27
28        if(max < 0.2) {
29            System.out.println("all are tiny");
30        }
31
32        if(x < 0.2 || y < 0.2 || z < 0.2) {
33            System.out.println("One is tiny");
34        }
35    }
36 }
```

JavaApplication1 > main >

Output - JavaApplication1 (run) %

```
run:
Double between 0.0 and 1.0: x = 0.17317188788531834
Double between 0.0 and 1.0: y = 0.06819847522293954
Double between 0.0 and 1.0: z = 0.1271103870701945
all are tiny
One is tiny
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```