

Analysis Software Package

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1 Format of input files for all utilities

All the utilities read information about studied system from `vsf/vcf files` (formatted as described below) and `FIELD` file (input file for `DL_MESO simulation package`). Coordinates are read from a `.vcf` file (with either `ordered timesteps` or `indexed timesteps`). Structure of the system (names and numbers of beads and molecules, etc.) is read from `FIELD` file and `.vsf` files, but only bead types that are in the above mentioned `.vcf` file are considered.

`Aggregate file` is of my own format and is used by every utility doing calculation on whole aggregates (as opposed to calculations on individual molecules).

1.1 Structure file

The software package is designed with file `dl_meso.vsf` in mind, which is generated by the `traject` utility provided in `DL_MESO` software (and modified by me). Generally, the utilities are tested only against files generated by `traject`, but other `.vsf` files (such as the one generated by `TransformVsf` utility) should work fine, if formatted according to the following guidelines.

The first mandatory line specifies default bead type which means all atom lines for beads of this type are unnecessary (provided those beads are not in a molecule). All atom lines in `dl_meso.vsf` specify VDW radius and atom name. If an atom is in a molecule, its molecule number is appended to the atom line as `resid <id>`:

```
atom default radius 1.000000 name <name>
...
atom <id> radius 1.000000 name <name> resid <id>
...
```

Only the bead number and name are read, so both VDW radius and molecule number are not strictly necessary. Short version of `atom` and `name` keywords (`a` and `n` respectively) can be used. Other keywords can be included, because they will be ignored. No comments are allowed in `.vsf` file.

Bond lines of `.vsf` files are not read and are therefore irrelevant to all the utilities.

1.2 Optional bond file

Bonds for each molecule type are specified in `FIELD`, but they can be read from a different file if required.

The file with molecule bonds must contain name of the molecule type (same as in `FIELD`) followed by number of bonds on the next line and on every subsequent line two index numbers corresponding to the two connected beads (bead numbers start from one and are ordered according to beads in `FIELD` section for the given molecule). The bead numbers do not have to be sorted in any way and no blank lines should be present.

Example of bond file:

```
triangle
3
1 2 possible
3 1
2 3 comment
```

This file must be used for molecule types that have only some of its beads in `.vcf` file with indexed timesteps. In such a case, the bead indices correspond to `FIELD` as if the bead types not present in `.vcf` are not present `FIELD`.

Example of the relevant part of `FIELD`:

```
...
beads 3
A <float> <float> <float>
B <float> <float> <float>
A <float> <float> <float>
bonds 3
harm 1 2 <float> <float>
harm 1 3 <float> <float>
harm 2 3 <float> <float>
finish
```

Assuming only bead types A are present in `.vcf` file, the now necessary bond file would like like this:

```
name
1
1 2 possible comment
```

Should the bond file not be provided such case, the utilities detect no error, but will not work correctly (and may crash with segmentation fault).

Bond information about molecule types not present in the bond file will be read from `FIELD`.

1.3 Ordered coordinate file

First line of `.vcf` file with ordered timestep(s) contains box size. Each timestep starts with a comment line (i.e. line starting with `#` sign), the second line contains `timestep` (or the short version, `t`) and each following line contains the coordinates of a single bead. Every bead from `.vsf` structure file must be present in each timestep.

Exactly one blank line must be between every two timesteps and no blank lines are allowed at the end of the file.

Example of ordered coordinate file:

```

pbc <float> <float> <float>
<blank line>
# 1
timestep
<float> <float> <float>
...

```

1.4 Indexed coordinate file

Unlike the `.vcf` file with ordered timesteps, the `.vcf` file with indexed timestep does not contain coordinates for every bead. Only beads of selected bead types are present and their names are written as comments at the beginning of the file (and followed by a blank line). Every bead is prepended by its index number according to the `.vsf` structure file. Keyword `timestep` (or `t`) at the beginning of every timestep is replaced by `indexed` (or its short version, `i`). Otherwise the file has the same format as the `.vcf` file with ordered timesteps.

Example of indexed coordinate file:

```

# name
...
<blank line>
pbc <float> <float> <float>
<blank line>
# 1
indexed
<id> <float> <float> <float>
...

```

1.5 Aggregate file

The aggregate file with `.agg` ending is generated using [Aggregates utility](#). It contains information about the number of aggregates in the system in every simulation timestep and therefore is linked to the `.vcf` file used to calculate the aggregates. For every aggregate in each timestep there is a number and ids of molecules in that aggregate as well as a number and ids of monomeric beads near the aggregate.

The first line of an aggregate file contains the command used to generate it. The subsequent lines contain information on individual timesteps starting with `Step` keyword, followed by the number of aggregates in the timestep and followed by individual aggregates. Every aggregate is spread over two lines - the first one contains the number of molecules in the aggregate followed by their ids (according to a corresponding `.vsf` structure file) and the second line contains the number of monomeric beads in the aggregate followed by its ids (again, the ids correspond to the `.vsf` file). The line with monomeric beads is indented for easier reading.

Example of an aggregate file:

```

<command used to generate it>
<blank line>
Step: 1
<number of aggregates in step 1>
<blank line>
2 : 1 34
3 : 230 40000 41003
<number of molecules in the second aggregate> : <molecule ids>
<number of monomeric beads in the aggregate : <bead ids>
<blank line>
Step: 2
...
<blank line>
Last Step: <number>

```

2 Options for all utilities

A great majority of utilities has several options that are the same. These options are described here, but can be used with any utility unless stated otherwise.

```

-i <name>
    use custom .vsf structure file instead of the default dl_meso.vsf (must end
    with .vsf)
-b <name>
    file containing bond alternatives to FIELD (see Optional bond file for explanation)
-v
    verbose output providing information about the system
-V
    more detailed verbose output (also prints comments from .vcf file at the start of
    every timestep)
-h
    print help and exit

```

3 Common utilities

Utilities that are not specific to any given system and are used for all simulations.

3.1 traject utility

This utility is from the [DL_MESO simulation package](#). While originally it creates a .vtf file containing both structure and coordinates, I have changed it to create a separate dl_meso.vsf structure file and All.vcf coordinate file containing ordered timesteps.

Usage:

```
traject <cores>
```

```

<cores>
    number of computer cores used for the simulation run (or the number of HISTORY file)

```

The standard options cannot be used with this utility.

3.2 SelectedVcf utility

This utility takes `.vcf` file containing either [ordered timesteps](#) (such as `All.vcf` created by `DL_MESO trajectory` utility which was modified by me) or [indexed timesteps](#) and creates a new `.vcf` coordinate file containing only beads of selected types with an option of removing periodic boundary condition and thus joining molecules. The output `.vcf` file therefore contains indexed timesteps.

Usage:

```
SelectedVcf <input.vcf> <start> <skip> <output.vcf> <type names> <options>
```

`<input.vcf>`

input coordinate filename (must end with `.vcf`) containing either ordered or indexed timesteps

`<start>`

number of timestep to start from

`<skip>`

leave out every `skip` steps

`<output.vcf>`

output filename with indexed coordinates (must end with `.vcf`)

`<type names>`

names of bead types to save

`<options>`

`-j`

join individual molecules by removing periodic boundary conditions

Todo Implement `<skip>` and `<start>`

3.3 Config utility

This utility takes `.vcf` file containing either [ordered timesteps](#) (such as `All.vcf` created by `DL_MESO trajectory` utility which was modified by me) or [indexed timesteps](#) and creates `CONFIG` file (file containing initial coordinates for a simulation via [DL_MESO simulation package](#)).

Usage:

```
Config <input.vcf> <options>
```

`<input.vcf>`

input coordinate filename (must end with `.vcf`) containing either ordered or indexed timesteps

Todo Implement possibility to choose timestep number for creating `CONFIG` file.

3.4 TransformVsf utility

This utility takes `.vsf` structure file and DL_MESO input file `FIELD` and transforms them into a different `.vsf` structure file that is well suited for visualisation using VMD software.

Usage:

```
TransformVsf <output.vsf> <options>
```

`<output.vsf>`

output structure file that must end with `.vsf`

3.4.1 Format of output structure file

Every atom line in the generated structure file contains bead's index number, mass, charge and name. Atom lines for beads in molecules also contain molecule's id number and the name of the type of molecule. The bond section of `output.vsf` lists all bonds one by one (i.e. no chains of bonds in the format `<id1>:: <id2>` are used). Information about which bonds belong to which molecule is provided as has comment. The file has the following format:

```
atom default name <name> mass <m> charge <q>
...
atom <id> name <name> mass <m> charge <q>
...
atom <id> name <name> mass <m> charge <q> segid <name> resid
<id>
...
# resid <id>
<bonded bead id1>: <bonded bead id2>
...
```

For VMD atom selection:

```
segid <name>
    selects all molecules with given name(s)
resid <id>
    selects molecule(s) with given index number(s)
charge <q>
    selects all beads with given charge(s) (double quotes are required for negative charge)
mass <m>
    selects all beads with given mass(es)
```

Todo Somehow avoid the need to use the special optional bond file, where the ids of beads must strictly adhere to `FIELD`. Possibly require use of a `vcf` file in conjunction with bond file

3.5 Aggregates utility

This utility determines which molecules belong to which aggregates according to a simple criterion: two molecules belong to the same aggregate if they at least a specified number of contact pairs. A contact pair is a pair of two beads belonging to different molecules which are closer than certain distance. Both the distance and the number of needed contact pairs are arguments of the command.

Usage:

```
Aggregates <input.vcf> <distance> <contacts> <output.agg> <type names>  
<options>
```

<input.vcf>

input coordinate filename (must end with `.vcf`) containing either ordered or indexed timesteps

<output.agg>

output filename (must end with `.agg`) containing information about aggregates

<distance>

minimum distance for two beads to be in contact (constituting one contact pair)

<contacts>

minimum number of contact pairs to consider two molecules to be in one aggregate

<type names>

names of bead types to use for calculating contact pairs

<options>

`-j <joined.vcf>`

filename for coordinates of joined aggregates (must end with `.vcf`)

Todo Add the possibility to save only certain bead types to output vcf file with joined coordinates.

Average

Utility calculating average values with standard deviation and autocorrelation time from values contained in a text file. The first line of the file has to contain the number of data lines and no comments are allowed.

Usage:

```
Average <filename> <column> <discard> <n_blocks>
```

<filename>

name of data file

<column>

column number in the file containing the data to analyze

<discard>

number of data values considered as equilibrium

<n_blocks>

number of blocks for binning analysis

4 Utilities for linear chains

This section provides information about utilities with calculations that are sensible to do only on linear polymer chains

5 Utilities for nanoparticles

This section provides information about utilities used to handle simulations with nanoparticles.

5.1 C60 utility

This program creates a nanoparticle of a given radius. The inner part is formed by a C60 fullerene with diameter of 0.5 of the nanoparticle radius. The shell is formed by a C60 fullerene with added beads in the middle of every C60 face. There 153 beads in the nanoparticle.

Bonds are created between all beads, that is $153 * 152 / 2 = 11628$ bonds in all.

Two files are created: `C60.vtf` to check how the nanoparticle looks and `Nano-FIELD` with coordinates and bonds in the format required by the `FIELD` file in [DL_MESO simulation package](#)

Usage:

```
C60 <radius>
```

```
<radius>
```

required radius of nanoparticle (in reduced units)

The standard options cannot be used with this utility.

6 Todo List

Page [Common utilities](#)

Implement `<skip>` and `<start>`

Implement possibility to choose timestep number for creating `CONFIG` file.

Somehow avoid the need to use the special optional bond file, where the ids of beads must strictly adhere to `FIELD`. Possibly require use of a `vcf` file in conjunction with bond file

Add the possibility to save only certain bead types to output `vcf` file with joined coordinates.

Global [ReadStructure](#) (`char *vsf_file, char *vcf_file, char *bonds_file, Counts *Counts, BeadType **BeadType, Bead **Bead, MoleculeType **MoleculeType, Molecule **Molecule`)

Assigning `Bead[]`.Index should be in auxiliary `ReadVsf()`.

7 Data Structure Index

7.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

Aggregate	
Information about every aggregate	10
Bead	
Information about every bead	11
BeadType	
Information about bead types	11
Counts	
Total numbers of various things	11
Molecule	
Information about every molecule	12
MoleculeType	
Information about molecule types	12
Vector	
3D vector	13

8 File Index

8.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

AnalysisTools.h	
Structures and functions common to all analysis utilities	13
Common/Aggregates.h	??
Common/TransformVsf.h	??

9 Data Structure Documentation

9.1 Aggregate Struct Reference

Information about every aggregate.

```
#include <AnalysisTools.h>
```

Data Fields

- int **nMolecules**
 number of molecules in aggregate
- int * **Molecule**
 ids of molecules in aggregate
- int **nBeads**
 number of bonded beads in aggregate
- int * **Bead**
 ids of bonded beads in aggregate
- int **nMonomers**
 number of monomeric beads in aggregate
- int * **Monomer**
 ids of monomeric beads in aggregate

9.2 Bead Struct Reference

Information about every bead.

```
#include <AnalysisTools.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [Type](#)
type of bead corresponding to index in [BeadType](#) struct
- int [Molecule](#)
index number of molecule corresponding to [Molecule](#) struct (-1 for monomeric bead)
- int [Index](#)
index of the bead according to .vsf file (needed for indexed timesteps)
- [Vector Position](#)
cartesian coordinates of the bead

9.3 BeadType Struct Reference

Information about bead types.

```
#include <AnalysisTools.h>
```

Data Fields

- char [Name](#) [16]
name of given bead type
- int [Number](#)
number of beads of given type
- bool [Use](#)
should bead type in .vcf file be used for calculation?
- bool [Write](#)
should bead type in .vcf file be written to output .vcf?
- double [Charge](#)
charge of every bead of given type
- double [Mass](#)
mass of every bead of given type

9.4 Counts Struct Reference

Total numbers of various things.

```
#include <AnalysisTools.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [TypesOfBeads](#)
number of bead types
- int [TypesOfMolecules](#)
number of molecule types
- int [Bonded](#)
total number of beads in all molecules
- int [Unbonded](#)
total number of monomeric beads
- int [Molecules](#)
total number of molecules
- int [Aggregates](#)
total number of aggregates

9.5 Molecule Struct Reference

Information about every molecule.

```
#include <AnalysisTools.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [Type](#)
type of molecule corresponding to index in [MoleculeType](#) struct
- int * [Bead](#)
ids of beads in the molecule

9.6 MoleculeType Struct Reference

Information about molecule types.

```
#include <AnalysisTools.h>
```

Data Fields

- char [Name](#) [16]
name of given molecule type
- int [Number](#)
number of molecules of given type
- int [nBeads](#)
number of beads in every molecule of given type
- int [nBonds](#)
number of bonds in every molecule of given type
- int ** [Bond](#)
pair of ids for every bond (with relative bead numbers from 0 to nBeads)
- double [Mass](#)
total mass of every molecule of given type
- bool [Use](#)
should molecule type be used for calculation?

9.7 Vector Struct Reference

3D vector.

```
#include <AnalysisTools.h>
```

Data Fields

- double **x**
- double **y**
- double **z**

10 File Documentation

10.1 AnalysisTools.h File Reference

Structures and functions common to all analysis utilities.

Data Structures

- struct [Vector](#)
3D vector.
- struct [Counts](#)
Total numbers of various things.
- struct [BeadType](#)
Information about bead types.
- struct [MoleculeType](#)
Information about molecule types.
- struct [Bead](#)
Information about every bead.
- struct [Molecule](#)
Information about every molecule.
- struct [Aggregate](#)
Information about every aggregate.

Macros

- `#define SQR(x) ((x)*(x))`
macro for algebraic square
- `#define CUBE(x) ((x)*(x)*(x))`
macro for algebraic cube

Typedefs

- typedef struct [Vector](#) [Vector](#)
3D vector.
- typedef struct [Counts](#) [Counts](#)
Total numbers of various things.
- typedef struct [BeadType](#) [BeadType](#)
Information about bead types.
- typedef struct [MoleculeType](#) [MoleculeType](#)
Information about molecule types.
- typedef struct [Bead](#) [Bead](#)
Information about every bead.
- typedef struct [Molecule](#) [Molecule](#)
Information about every molecule.
- typedef struct [Aggregate](#) [Aggregate](#)
Information about every aggregate.

Functions

- bool [ReadStructure](#) (char *vsf_file, char *vcf_file, char *bonds_file, [Counts](#) *[Counts](#), [BeadType](#) **[BeadType](#), [Bead](#) **[Bead](#), [MoleculeType](#) **[MoleculeType](#), [Molecule](#) **[Molecule](#))
Function reading information from dl_meso FIELD and vsf structure files.
- int [ReadCoorOrdered](#) (FILE *vcf_file, [Counts](#) [Counts](#), [Bead](#) **[Bead](#), char **stuff)
Function reading ordered coordinates from .vcf coordinate file.
- int [ReadCoorIndexed](#) (FILE *vcf_file, [Counts](#) [Counts](#), [Bead](#) **[Bead](#), char **stuff)
Function reading ordered coordinates from .vcf coordinate file.
- void [VerboseOutput](#) (char *input_vcf, char *bonds_file, [Counts](#) [Counts](#), [BeadType](#) *[BeadType](#), [Bead](#) *[Bead](#), [MoleculeType](#) *[MoleculeType](#), [Molecule](#) *[Molecule](#))
Function printing basic information about system if -v or -V option is provided.
- void [WriteCoorIndexed](#) (FILE *vcf_file, [Counts](#) [Counts](#), [BeadType](#) *[BeadType](#), [Bead](#) *[Bead](#), char *stuff)
Function writing indexed coordinates to a .vcf file.
- int [FindBeadType](#) (char *name, [Counts](#) [Counts](#), [BeadType](#) *[BeadType](#))
Function to identify type of bead from its name.
- int [FindMoleculeType](#) (char *name, [Counts](#) [Counts](#), [MoleculeType](#) *[MoleculeType](#))
Function to identify type of bead from its name.
- [Vector](#) [DistanceBetweenBeads](#) (int id1, int id2, [Bead](#) *[Bead](#), [Vector](#) [BoxLength](#))
Function to calculate distance vector between two beads.
- void [FillAggregateBeads](#) ([Aggregate](#) **[Aggregate](#), [Counts](#) [Counts](#), [MoleculeType](#) *[MoleculeType](#), [Molecule](#) *[Molecule](#))
Function to assign bead ids to [Aggregate](#) struct.
- void [RemovePBCMolecules](#) ([Counts](#) [Counts](#), [Vector](#) [BoxLength](#), [BeadType](#) *[BeadType](#), [Bead](#) **[Bead](#), [MoleculeType](#) *[MoleculeType](#), [Molecule](#) *[Molecule](#))
Function to join all molecules.

10.1.1 Function Documentation

10.1.1.1 [Vector](#) [DistanceBetweenBeads](#) (int id1, int id2, [Bead](#) * [Bead](#), [Vector](#) [BoxLength](#))

Parameters

in	<i>id1</i>	index of first bead for distance calculation
in	<i>id2</i>	index of second bead for distance calculation
in	<i>Bead</i>	information about individual beads (i.e. coordinates)
in	<i>BoxLength</i>	dimensions of simulation box

Returns

distance vector between the two provided beads (without pbc)

Function calculating distance vector between two beads. It removes periodic boundary conditions and returns x, y, and z distances in the range $<0, \text{BoxLength}/2$).

10.1.1.2 void FillAggregateBeads (**Aggregate** ** *Aggregate*, **Counts** *Counts*, **MoleculeType** * *MoleculeType*, **Molecule** * *Molecule*)

Parameters

out	<i>Aggregate</i>	information about all aggregates (i.e. bead ids in aggregates)
in	<i>Counts</i>	numbers of beads, molecules, etc.
in	<i>MoleculeType</i>	information about molecule types
in	<i>Molecule</i>	information about individual molecules

Function to assign bead ids to aggregates according to molecules in the aggregates. It essentially duplicates the information for the convenience of easy access to all beads in the aggregates.

10.1.1.3 int FindBeadType (char * *name*, **Counts** *Counts*, **BeadType** * *BeadType*)

Parameters

in	<i>name</i>	bead name
in	<i>Counts</i>	numbers of beads, residues, etc.
in	<i>BeadType</i>	informationn about bead types

Returns

bead type id corresponding to index in *BeadType* struct

10.1.1.4 int FindMoleculeType (char * *name*, **Counts** *Counts*, **MoleculeType** * *MoleculeType*)

Parameters

in	<i>name</i>	bead name
in	<i>Counts</i>	numbers of beads, residues, etc.
in	<i>MoleculeType</i>	informationn about bead types

Returns

molecule type id corresponding to index in [BeadType](#) struct

10.1.1.5 `int ReadCoorIndexed (FILE * vcf_file, Counts Counts, Bead ** Bead, char ** stuff)`

Parameters

in	<i>vcf_file</i>	name of input .vcf coordinate file
in	<i>Counts</i>	numbers of beads, molecules, etc.
out	<i>Bead</i>	coordinates of individual beads
out	<i>stuff</i>	first line of a timestep

Returns

0 for no errors or index number of bead (starting from 1) for which coordinates cannot be read

Function reading coordinates from .vcf file with indexed timesteps ([Indexed coordinate file](#)).

10.1.1.6 `int ReadCoorOrdered (FILE * vcf_file, Counts Counts, Bead ** Bead, char ** stuff)`

Parameters

in	<i>vcf_file</i>	name of input .vcf coordinate file
in	<i>Counts</i>	numbers of beads, molecules, etc.
out	<i>Bead</i>	coordinates of individual beads
out	<i>stuff</i>	first line of a timestep

Returns

0 for no errors or index number of bead (starting from 1) for which coordinates cannot be read

Function reading coordinates from .vcf file with ordered timesteps ([Ordered coordinate file](#)).

10.1.1.7 `bool ReadStructure (char * vsf_file, char * vcf_file, char * bonds_file, Counts * Counts, BeadType ** BeadType, Bead ** Bead, MoleculeType ** MoleculeType, Molecule ** Molecule)`

Parameters

in	<i>vsf_file</i>	.vsf structure file
in	<i>vcf_file</i>	.vcf coordinate file
in	<i>bonds_file</i>	filename with bonds
out	<i>Counts</i>	numbers of beads, molecules, etc.
out	<i>BeadType</i>	information about bead types
out	<i>Bead</i>	informationn about individual beads
out	<i>MoleculeType</i>	information about molecule types
out	<i>Molecule</i>	information about individual molecules

Returns

'true' or 'false' for .vcf file with indexed or ordered timesteps, respectively

Function reading information about beads and molecules from DL_MESO FIELD file and a .vsf structure file. Name, mass and charge of every bead type is read from `species` lines in FIELD. The number of molecule types are read from `molecule` section. For each molecule type its name, the number of molecules, the number of beads and bonds in each molecule and the bonds themselves are read. Input structure file provides information about what bead is of which type. Optional file with bond declarations provides an alternative for bonds of any molecule type in FIELD. If optional bond file is not used, an empty string is passed to this function.

Todo Assigning `Bead[]`.Index should be in auxiliary `ReadVsf()`.

10.1.1.8 `void RemovePBCMolecules (Counts Counts, Vector BoxLength, BeadType * BeadType, Bead ** Bead, MoleculeType * MoleculeType, Molecule * Molecule)`

Parameters

in	<code>Counts</code>	numbers of beads, molecules, etc.
in	<code>BoxLength</code>	dimension of the simulation box
in	<code>BeadType</code>	information about bead types
out	<code>Bead</code>	information about individual beads (coordinates)
in	<code>MoleculeType</code>	information about molecule types
in	<code>Molecule</code>	information about individual molecules

Function to remove periodic boundary conditions from all individual molecules, thus joining them

10.1.1.9 `void VerboseOutput (char * input_vcf, char * bonds_file, Counts Counts, BeadType * BeadType, Bead * Bead, MoleculeType * MoleculeType, Molecule * Molecule)`

Parameters

in	<code>input_vcf</code>	.vcf structure file
in	<code>bonds_file</code>	filename with bonds
in	<code>Counts</code>	numbers of beads, molecules, etc.
in	<code>BeadType</code>	information about bead types
in	<code>Bead</code>	informationn about individual beads
in	<code>MoleculeType</code>	information about molecule types
in	<code>Molecule</code>	information about individual molecules

10.1.1.10 `void WriteCoorIndexed (FILE * vcf_file, Counts Counts, BeadType * BeadType, Bead * Bead, char * stuff)`

Parameters

in	<code>vcf_file</code>	name of output .vcf coordinate file
in	<code>Counts</code>	numbers of beads, molecules, etc.
in	<code>BeadType</code>	information about bead types
in	<code>Bead</code>	coordinates of individual beads
in	<code>stuff</code>	array of chars containing comment line to place at the beginning

Function writing coordinates to a `.vcf` file. According to the Use flag in [BeadType](#) structure only certain bead types will be saved into the indexed timestep in `.vcf` file ([Indexed coordinate file](#)).