Pandas

```
In [1]:
import pandas as pd
In [2]:
#first column is index
#second column value
pd.Series([10,88,3,4,5])
Out[2]:
     10
1
     88
2
      3
3
      4
4
      5
dtype: int64
In [3]:
seri = pd.Series([10,88,3,4,5])
type(seri)
Out[3]:
pandas.core.series.Series
In [4]:
#The index structure of the series is accessed.
seri.axes
Out[4]:
[RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)]
In [5]:
seri.ndim
Out[5]:
1
In [6]:
seri.dtype
Out[6]:
dtype('int64')
In [7]:
seri.size
Out[7]:
5
In [8]:
seri.values
Out[8]:
2rr217/[10 QQ
                         51
                            dtima=int6/1
```

```
ol' aclabe-Turnal
array([ro, oo, o,
In [9]:
#return the first 5 row
seri.head()
Out[9]:
0
    10
1
     88
2
     3
3
      4
4
      5
dtype: int64
In [10]:
seri.head(3)
Out[10]:
0
    10
    88
1
2
     3
dtype: int64
In [11]:
#return the last 5 row
seri.tail(3)
Out[11]:
2
    3
3
4
dtype: int64
In [12]:
seri1 = pd.Series([99,23,76,2323,98], index = [1,3,5,7,9])
Out[12]:
       99
1
3
       23
5
       76
7
     2323
9
      98
dtype: int64
In [13]:
seri2 = pd.Series([99,23,76,2323,98], index = ["a","b","c","d","e"])
seri2
Out[13]:
       99
а
       23
b
       76
d
     2323
       98
е
dtype: int64
In [14]:
seri2["a"]
Out[14]:
99
```

```
In [15]:
seri2["a":"c"]
Out[15]:
     99
     23
b
     76
С
dtype: int64
In [16]:
#Create a dictinary
dic1 = {"reg":10, "log":11,"cart":12}
In [17]:
series = pd.Series(dic1)
In [18]:
series
Out[18]:
        10
reg
log
        11
cart
dtype: int64
In [19]:
#concatenation
pd.concat([series, series])
Out[19]:
        10
reg
log
        11
cart
        12
reg
        10
log
        11
cart
        12
dtype: int64
Indexing and Slicing
In [20]:
import numpy as np
a = np.array([1,2,33,444,75], dtype = "int64")
seri = pd.Series(a)
seri
Out[20]:
0
       1
       2
1
2
      33
3
     444
      75
dtype: int64
In [21]:
seri[0]
Out[21]:
```

```
In [22]:
#slicing
seri[0:3]
Out[22]:
   1
0
     2
1
   33
2
dtype: int64
In [23]:
seri = pd.Series([121,200,150,99], index = ["reg","loj","cart","rf"])
seri
Out[23]:
       121
reg
        200
loj
cart
       150
        99
dtype: int64
In [24]:
#this method just uses to access indexes.
seri.index
Out[24]:
Index(['reg', 'loj', 'cart', 'rf'], dtype='object')
In [25]:
#this method just uses to access keys.
seri.keys
Out[25]:
<bound method Series.keys of reg 121</pre>
      200
loj
       150
cart
rf
        99
dtype: int64>
In [26]:
#it can be used like dictionary method.
list(seri.items())
Out[26]:
[('reg', 121), ('loj', 200), ('cart', 150), ('rf', 99)]
In [27]:
seri.values
Out[27]:
array([121, 200, 150, 99], dtype=int64)
In [28]:
"reg" in seri
Out[28]:
True
In [29]:
```

```
"a" in seri
Out[29]:
False
In [30]:
seri["reg"]
Out[30]:
121
In [31]:
#fancy
seri[["rf","reg"]]
Out[31]:
rf
      99
reg 121
dtype: int64
In [32]:
seri["reg"] = 130
seri["reg"]
Out[32]:
130
In [33]:
seri["reg":"loj"]
Out[33]:
reg 130
    200
loj
dtype: int64
In [34]:
seri["reg"] in seri
Out[34]:
False
In [35]:
"reg" in seri
Out[35]:
True
In [36]:
130 in seri.items()
Out[36]:
False
```

Creating DataFrame

In [37]:

```
#NumPy cannot keep categorical and numeric data together. That's why we need a Pandas.
import pandas as pd
1 = [1, 2, 23, 345, 7, 8, 3]
1
Out[37]:
[1, 2, 23, 345, 7, 8, 3]
In [38]:
pd.DataFrame(1,columns = ["degisken_isimleri"])
Out[38]:
  degisken_isimleri
              1
0
1
              2
2
             23
             345
3
              7
5
              8
6
              3
In [39]:
import numpy as np
m = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
Out[39]:
array([[1, 2, 3],
       [4, 5, 6],
       [7, 8, 9]])
In [40]:
pd.DataFrame(m, columns=["var1", "var2", "var3"])
Out[40]:
  var1 var2 var3
0
         2
              3
     1
1
     4
         5
              6
2
     7
         8
              9
In [41]:
#dataframe renaming
df =pd.DataFrame(m, columns=["var1","var2","var3"])
df.head()
Out[41]:
  var1 var2 var3
0
         2
              3
     1
1
     4
         5
              6
2
     7
         8
              9
```

In [42]:

```
Out[42]:
Index(['var1', 'var2', 'var3'], dtype='object')
In [43]:
df.columns = ["deg1", "deg2", "deg3"]
In [44]:
df
Out[44]:
  deg1 deg2 deg3
          2
               3
1
          5
               6
     7
          8
2
               9
In [45]:
df.index
Out[45]:
RangeIndex(start=0, stop=3, step=1)
In [46]:
df
Out[46]:
  deg1 deg2 deg3
          2
               3
2
     7
          8
               9
In [47]:
df.describe()
Out[47]:
      deg1 deg2 deg3
                 3.0
       3.0
            3.0
count
mean
       4.0
            5.0
                 6.0
       3.0
            3.0
                 3.0
  std
       1.0
            2.0
                 3.0
  min
 25%
       2.5
            3.5
                 4.5
 50%
       4.0
            5.0
                 6.0
                 7.5
 75%
       7.0
            8.0
                 9.0
 max
In [48]:
df.T
```

di.columns

Out[48]:

```
0 1 2
deg1 1 4 7
deg2 2 5 8
deg3 3 6 9
In [49]:
type(df)
Out[49]:
pandas.core.frame.DataFrame
In [50]:
df.axes
Out[50]:
[RangeIndex(start=0, stop=3, step=1),
 Index(['deg1', 'deg2', 'deg3'], dtype='object')]
In [51]:
df.shape
Out[51]:
(3, 3)
In [52]:
df.ndim
Out[52]:
In [53]:
df.size
Out[53]:
In [54]:
df.values
Out[54]:
array([[1, 2, 3],
       [4, 5, 6],
       [7, 8, 9]])
In [55]:
type(df.values)
Out[55]:
numpy.ndarray
In [56]:
df.head()
Out[56]:
```

deg1 deg2 deg3

```
0 deg1 deg2 deg3
1
     4
          5
               6
     7
          8
In [57]:
df.tail(1)
Out[57]:
  deg1 deg2 deg3
          8
In [58]:
a = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
pd.DataFrame(a, columns = ["deg1"])
Out[58]:
  deg1
1
     2
2
     3
3
     4
     5
In [59]:
import numpy as np
s1 = np.random.randint(10, size = 5)
s2 = np.random.randint(10, size = 5)
s3 = np.random.randint(10, size = 5)
In [60]:
dic1 = {"var1":s1, "var2":s2, "var3":s3}
dic1
Out[60]:
{'var1': array([1, 0, 2, 3, 0]),
 'var2': array([7, 8, 5, 0, 4]),
 'var3': array([4, 5, 1, 4, 9])}
In [61]:
df = pd.DataFrame(dic1)
df
Out[61]:
  var1 var2 var3
         7
0
             4
         8
     0
             5
1
2
     2
         5
             1
3
     3
         0
             4
     0
         4
             9
```

In [62]:

```
df[0:1]
Out[62]:
 var1 var2 var3
0 1 7
In [63]:
df[0:2]
Out[63]:
 var1 var2 var3
        7
1 0 8 5
In [64]:
df.index = ["a", "b", "c", "d", "e"]
Out[64]:
  var1 var2 var3
        7
            4
b
    0
        8
            5
        5 1
c 2
d 3 0 4
    0
        4 9
In [65]:
df["c":"e"]
Out[65]:
 var1 var2 var3
    2
           1
C
d 3 0 4
    0
        4 9
In [66]:
df.drop("a", axis = 0)
Out[66]:
  var1 var2 var3
    0
        8
            5
    2
        5
           1
C
    3
        0
          4
d
    0
        4
            9
е
In [67]:
df
Out[67]:
```

```
var1 var2 var3
         8
b
     0
              5
     2
         5
              1
C
     3
         0
d
              4
     0
         4
             9
In [68]:
#inplace = If we make it true, the drop will be done permanently.
df.drop("a", axis = 0, inplace = True)
In [69]:
df
Out[69]:
  var1 var2 var3
     0
         8
              5
     2
         5
             1
C
     3
         0
d
     0
         4
             9
е
In [70]:
#fancy
1 = {"c","e"}
df.drop(l, axis = 0)
Out[70]:
  var1 var2 var3
              5
b
     0
         8
d
     3
         0
             4
In [71]:
"var1" in df
Out[71]:
True
In [72]:
1 = ["var1","var4","var2"]
for i in 1:
  print(i in df)
True
False
True
In [73]:
1 = ["var1","var2"]
df.drop(1, axis = 1)
Out[73]:
```

```
var3
var3
b 5
c 1
d 4
e 9
```

```
loc & iloc
In [74]:
import numpy as np
import\ pandas\ as\ pd
m = np.random.randint(1,30, size = (10,3))
df = pd.DataFrame(m, columns=["var1","var2","var3"])
df
Out[74]:
  var1 var2 var3
     5
         22
              10
1
     5
         19
             26
2
     3
         26
              2
3
    24
         27
             11
    10
         18
             28
5
    29
         28
              16
6
     6
          5
              2
    12
         24
             28
8
    18
          3
              7
    22
         18
             29
In [75]:
df.loc[0:3]
Out[75]:
  var1 var2 var3
     5
             10
1
     5
         19
             26
2
     3
         26
              2
3
    24
         27
             11
In [76]:
df.iloc[0:3]
```

 var1
 var2
 var3

 0
 5
 22
 10

 1
 5
 19
 26

 2
 3
 26
 2

In [77]:

Out[76]:

```
df.iloc[0,0]
Out[77]:
5
In [78]:
df.iloc[:3,:2]
Out[78]:
  var1 var2
    5
       22
       19
1
    5
2
    3 26
In [79]:
df.loc[0:3,"var3"]
Out[79]:
0 10
1
    26
     2
3
    11
Name: var3, dtype: int32
In [80]:
df.iloc[0:3]["var3"]
Out[80]:
0 10
1
    26
Name: var3, dtype: int32
In [81]:
df[0:2]
Out[81]:
  var1 var2 var3
0
   5 22
            10
1 5 19
           26
In [82]:
df.iloc[0:2]
Out[82]:
  var1 var2 var3
  5
0
       22
            10
1
    5 19
            26
In [83]:
df.loc[0:2]
Out[83]:
```

```
var1 var2 var3
             10
     5
         19
             26
     3
        26
              2
In [84]:
df.iloc[:,:2]
Out[84]:
  var1 var2
         22
     5
     5
         19
1
2
     3
        26
        27
3
    24
    10
        18
    29
        28
5
         5
6
     6
    12
        24
    18
         3
8
9
    22
        18
In [85]:
df.iloc[:,0]
Out[85]:
0
      5
      5
1
2
      3
3
     24
4
     10
5
     29
6
      6
7
     12
8
     18
9
     22
Name: var1, dtype: int32
In [86]:
df.loc[0:3,"var3"]
Out[86]:
     10
1
     26
2
     2
    11
3
Name: var3, dtype: int32
In [87]:
df.iloc[0:3]["var3"]
Out[87]:
     10
     26
Name: var3, dtype: int32
```

Conditional Operations

22

```
In [88]:
df[0:2][["var1","var2"]]
Out[88]:
  var1 var2
        22
     5
        19
In [89]:
df.var1 > 15
Out[89]:
    False
1
    False
2
    False
3
     True
    False
4
5
     True
    False
6
7
    False
8
     True
9
      True
Name: var1, dtype: bool
In [90]:
df[df.var1 > 15]["var2"]
Out[90]:
3
     27
5
     28
     3
Name: var2, dtype: int32
In [91]:
df[(df.var1 >10) & (df.var3 < 8)]</pre>
Out[91]:
  var1 var2 var3
  18
         3
            7
In [92]:
df.loc[(df.var1 >10),["var1","var2"]]
Out[92]:
  var1 var2
3
    24
        27
5
    29
        28
    12
        24
    18
         3
```

```
df[(df.var1 >10)][["var1","var2"]]
Out[93]:
  var1 var2
3
    24
         27
5
    29
         28
    12
         24
          3
8
    18
    22
         18
Join
In [94]:
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
m = np.random.randint(1,30, size = (10,3))
df1 = pd.DataFrame(m, columns=["var1","var2","var3"])
df1
Out[94]:
  var1 var2 var3
0
    10
         12
              12
1
    26
          4
             17
              3
2
    10
         29
3
    20
         22
              9
     2
         27
             18
5
    17
          5
             25
6
    13
         21
              10
7
     3
         19
              2
8
    15
         22
              5
          6
             17
9
    16
In [95]:
df2 = df1 + 99
df2
Out[95]:
  var1 var2 var3
0 109
        111
            111
   125
        103
             116
   109
        128
             102
   119
        121
             108
```

In [93]:

7 102 118

```
8 val4 val2 val98
9 115 105 116
```

In [96]:

pd.concat([df1,df2])

Out[96]:

	var1	var2	var3
0	10	12	12
1	26	4	17
2	10	29	3
3	20	22	9
4	2	27	18
5	17	5	25
6	13	21	10
7	3	19	2
8	15	22	5
9	16	6	17
0	109	111	111
1	125	103	116
2	109	128	102
3	119	121	108
4	101	126	117
5	116	104	124
6	112	120	109
7	102	118	101
8	114	121	104
9	115	105	116

In [97]:

pd.concat([df1,df2], ignore_index=True)

Out[97]:

	var1	var2	var3
0	10	12	12
1	26	4	17
2	10	29	3
3	20	22	9
4	2	27	18
5	17	5	25
6	13	21	10
7	3	19	2
8	15	22	5
9	16	6	17
10	109	111	111
11	125	103	116

```
12 va09 va28 va03
              108
13
    119
         121
    101
              117
         126
15 116
         104
              124
16
    112
         120
              109
    102
              101
17
        118
18
   114 121
              104
   115 105 116
19
In [98]:
df1.columns
Out[98]:
Index(['var1', 'var2', 'var3'], dtype='object')
In [99]:
df2.columns = ["var1", "var2", "deg3"]
df2
Out[99]:
  var1 var2 deg3
0 109
        111
             111
        103
             116
   125
2 109
        128
             102
3 119
        121
             108
   101
        126
             117
  116
        104
             124
6 112
        120
             109
7 102
        118
             101
  114
        121
             104
9 115 105
             116
In [100]:
df1
Out[100]:
  var1 var2 var3
    10
              12
0
         12
1
    26
          4
              17
2
    10
         29
              3
3
    20
         22
              9
     2
         27
              18
5
    17
          5
              25
    13
         21
              10
```

```
In [101]:
df2
Out[101]:
  var1 var2 deg3
0 109
       111
            111
   125
       103
            116
2 109
       128
            102
3 119
       121
            108
4 101
       126
            117
5 116 104
            124
6 112 120
            109
  102 118
            101
  114 121
            104
9 115 105
            116
In [102]:
pd.concat([df1,df2])
c:\users\omer\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher
.py:1: FutureWarning: Sorting because non-concatenation axis is not aligned. A future ver
sion
of pandas will change to not sort by default.
```

To accept the future behavior, pass 'sort=False'.

To retain the current behavior and silence the warning, pass 'sort=True'.

"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.

Out[102]:

	deg3	var1	var2	var3
0	NaN	10	12	12.0
1	NaN	26	4	17.0
2	NaN	10	29	3.0
3	NaN	20	22	9.0
4	NaN	2	27	18.0
5	NaN	17	5	25.0
6	NaN	13	21	10.0
7	NaN	3	19	2.0
8	NaN	15	22	5.0
9	NaN	16	6	17.0
0	111.0	109	111	NaN
1	116.0	125	103	NaN
2	102.0	109	128	NaN
3	108.0	119	121	NaN
4	117.0	101	126	NaN
5	124.0	116	104	NaN
6	109.0	112	120	NaN
7	101.0	102	118	NaN

```
Out[103]:
   var1 var2
 0
     10
         12
 1
     26
          4
 2
     10
         29
 3
     20
         22
      2
         27
     17
 5
          5
 6
     13
         21
 7
      3
         19
 8
         22
     15
     16
 9
          6
         111
    109
10
    125
         103
    109
         128
12
13
    119
         121
14
    101
         126
15
    116 104
16
    112 120
17
    102
        118
18
    114
         121
    115 105
19
In [104]:
?pd.concat
In [105]:
pd.concat([df1,df2], join axes = [df2.columns], ignore index= True)
c:\users\omer\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher
.py:1: FutureWarning: The join_axes-keyword is deprecated. Use .reindex or .reindex_like
on the result to achieve the same functionality.
  """Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.
Out[105]:
   var1 var2 deg3
 0
     10
         12
             NaN
```

deg3 104.0

In [103]:

1 2

NaN

NaN

NaN

NaN

NaN

9 116.0 115 105 NaN

pd.concat([df1,df2], join="inner", ignore index=True)

```
6 vart varz degs
      3
             NaN
         19
     15
             NaN
 8
         22
 9
     16
          6 NaN
    109
         111 111.0
10
    125
         103 116.0
    109
         128 102.0
12
    119
        121 108.0
    101
        126 117.0
14
    116
        104 124.0
15
         120 109.0
16
    112
        118 101.0
    102
17
    114
        121 104.0
    115 105 116.0
19
In [106]:
df1.columns
Out[106]:
Index(['var1', 'var2', 'var3'], dtype='object')
In [107]:
df2.columns
Out[107]:
Index(['var1', 'var2', 'deg3'], dtype='object')
Concatenation
In [108]:
import pandas as pd
df1 = pd.DataFrame({'Worker':['John','Doe','Mehmet','Jeff'],
                      'Positions':['HR','Engineering','AI','Accounting']
                     })
df1
Out[108]:
   Worker
            Positions
0
     John
                 HR
1
      Doe Engineering
2 Mehmet
                  ΑI
3
      Jeff Accounting
In [109]:
df2 = pd.DataFrame({'Worker':['John','Doe','Mehmet','Jeff'],
```

'Date_Of_starting_work':[2012,'2018','2015','2017']

df2

Out[109]:

```
Worker Date_Of_starting_work
0
      John
                          2012
1
                          2018
      Doe
2 Mehmet
                          2015
                          2017
3
      Jeff
In [110]:
pd.merge(df1,df2)
Out[110]:
   Worker
             Positions Date_Of_starting_work
                                     2012
      John
                  HR
                                     2018
1
      Doe Engineering
2 Mehmet
                                     2015
3
                                     2017
      Jeff Accounting
In [111]:
#many to one
df3 = pd.merge(df1,df2, on = "Worker")
df3
Out[111]:
   Worker
             Positions Date_Of_starting_work
      John
                  HR
                                     2012
                                     2018
1
      Doe Engineering
2 Mehmet
                                     2015
                                     2017
3
      Jeff Accounting
In [112]:
df4 = pd.DataFrame({'Positions':['Accounting', "Engineering", 'HR'],
                        'Mudur': ['Caner', 'Mustafa', 'Berkcan']
pd.merge(df3,df4)
Out[112]:
   Worker
            Positions Date_Of_starting_work
                                           Mudur
0
     John
                 HR
                                     2012 Berkcan
1
     Doe Engineering
                                     2018 Mustafa
2
      Jeff Accounting
                                     2017
                                            Caner
In [113]:
pd.merge(df3,df4)
Out[113]:
   Worker
            Positions Date_Of_starting_work
                                           Mudur
0
     John
                 HR
                                     2012 Berkcan
1
     Doe Engineering
                                     2018 Mustafa
```

2

Jeff Accounting

2017

Caner

```
In [114]:
```

Out[114]:

Ability	Positions	
Math	Accounting	0
Excel	Accounting	1
Coding	Engineering	2
Linux	Engineering	3
Excel	HR	4
Management	HR	5

In [115]:

df1

Out[115]:

Positions	Worker	
HR	John	0
Engineering	Doe	1
Al	Mehmet	2
Accounting	Jeff	3

In [116]:

pd.merge(df1,df5)

Out[116]:

	Worker	Positions	Ability
0	John	HR	Excel
1	John	HR	Management
2	Doe	Engineering	Coding
3	Doe	Engineering	Linux
4	Jeff	Accounting	Math
5	Jeff	Accounting	Excel