Find ORF and Translate to Protein

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```
In []:
    # Import packages and functions
    from dnatools import seq_transcribe, seq_findgene, pprint
    from urllib.request import urlretrieve
    from Bio.SeqIO import parse

# DownLoad data from NCBI for testing
    url = "https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sviewer/viewer.cgi?tool=portal&save=file&log$=seqview&db=nuccore&report=fasta&sort=&id=5
    urlretrieve(url, "NC_000011.fasta");
```

Test Cases for seq_transcribe

```
pprint( seq transcribe('CTTACCTCAT') )
           "noncode": "ATGAGGTAAG",
           "mrna": "CUUACCUCAU",
           "ptn": "LTS"
In [ ]:
          pprint( seq_transcribe('ATGAGGTAAG') )
           "noncode": "CTTACCTCAT",
           "mrna": "AUGAGGUAAG",
           "ptn": "MR*"
In [ ]:
          pprint( seq_transcribe('ACGTGAATCGATAATA') )
           "noncode": "TATTATCGATTCACGT",
           "mrna": "ACGUGAAUCGAUAAUA",
"ptn": "T*IDN"
In [ ]:
          pprint( seq_transcribe('TGA') )
           "noncode": "TCA",
           "mrna": "UGA",
           "ptn": "*"
        }
In [ ]:
          # Test it on a real DNA sequence
          # NC 000011.10:c5227071-5225466 Homo sapiens chromosome 11, GRCh38.p13 Primary Assembly
          # Parse data downloaded from NCBI
          dna = ''.join([str(seq.seq) for seq in parse("NC_000011.fasta", "fasta")])
          pprint( seq_transcribe(dna) )
```

"ptn": "TFASDTTVFTSNLKQTPWCI*LLRRSLPLLPCGAR*TWMKLVVRPWAGWYQGYKTGLRRPIETGHVETEKTLGFLIGTDSLCLLVYFPTLRLLVVYPWTQRFFESFGDLSTPDA
VMGNPKVKAHGKKVLGAFSDGLAHLDNLKGTFATLSELHCDKLHVDPENFRVSLWDA*CFLSPSFLWLSSCHRKGISNRVQFRMGNRRMIASVWKSQDRFSFFYLLFITIVFFCLILAFFFFLL
RNFYYYT*CLNIVYNKRKYL*DTLSNLKKNFTQSA*YITIWNICVLICIFIISLLYFLLFLIDT*SLYIFMG*SVMF*YVYTY*PNQGNFAFVILKNAFFF*YTFLFILFLILSLISFFQGNND
TMYHASLHHSKE*Q**FLG*GNSNISAYKYFCI*IVTDVRGFILLIAATIQLPFCFYFMVGIRLDYSESKLGPFANHVHTSYLPPTAPGQRAGLCAGPSLWQRIHPTSAGCLSESGGWCG*CPG
PQVSLSSLSCCPISIKGSFVP*VQLLNWGIL*RALSIWILPNKKHLFSL"

```
In []: # Add your own test case that encodes 4 Proline residues, 4 Tyrosine residues
# followed by a stop codon
pprint( seq_transcribe('CCCCCCCCCCTATTATTATTATTAG'))

{
    "noncode": "CTAATAATAATAATAGGGGGGGGGGG",
    "mrna": "CCCCCCCCCCCUAUUAUUAUUAUUAUUAUUAG",
    "ptn": "PPPPYYYY*"
```

Test Cases for seq_findgene

}

Out[]:

```
In [ ]:
          # With a single start and a single stop codon
         seq_findgene('CTTACCTCAT')
         'MR*'
Out[]:
In [ ]:
          # With a single start and a single stop codon (Complement of the previous sequence)
         seq_findgene('ATGAGGTAAG')
         'MR*'
Out[]:
In [ ]:
         # With no start or stop codon
         seq findgene('ACGTGAATCGATAATA')
Out[]:
In [ ]:
          # With multiple start and stop codons
          seq_findgene('CCCATGGGCAACTAGTATGCCGTGA')
         'MGN*'
```

```
In [ ]:
         # Test it on a real DNA sequence
         dna = ''.join([str(seq.seq) for seq in parse("NC_000011.fasta", "fasta")])
         seq_findgene(dna)
        'MKLVVRPWAGWYQGYKTGLRRPIETGHVETEKTLGFLIGTDSLCLLVYFPTLRLLVVYPWTQRFFESFGDLSTPDAVMGNPKVKAHGKKVLGAFSDGLAHLDNLKGTFATLSELHCDKLHVDP
Out[ ]:
        ENFRVSLWDA*'
In [ ]:
         # Add your own test case that encodes: 1 Methionine, 4 Proline, and 4 Tyrosine amino acids, followed
         # by a stop codon. Add at Least one nucleotide before and after this open reading frame -- make sure
         # the additional nucleotides you add do not end up producing a Longer ORF.
         seq_findgene('CATGCCCCCCCCCCCTACTACTACTACTGAC')
        'MPPPPYYYY*'
```

Out[]: