# CS 228 : Logic in Computer Science

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### Recap

- Transition Systems as models of systems (read circuits, code, and so on)
- Traces of transition systems
- Properties as set of allowed traces
- ► These properties are certain languages over the alphabet 2<sup>AP</sup>, and are called LT properties
- Writing properties in a language fashion
- ► Logic LTL to capture LT properties

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## **Examples**

Whenever the traffic light is red, it cannot become green immediately:

```
\Box (red \rightarrow \neg \bigcirc green)
```

- Eventually the traffic light will become yellow vellow
- Once the traffic light becomes yellow, it will eventually become green

```
\Box(yellow \rightarrow \Diamond green)
```

► Whenever the traffic light is red, it will eventually become green, but it must be yellow for sometime in between the red and the green

```
\Box(red \rightarrow \bigcirc(red \Box[yellow \land \bigcirc (yellow \Boxgreen)]))
```

### **Semantics over Infinite Words**

Given LTL formula  $\varphi$  over AP,

$$L(\varphi) = \{ \sigma \in (2^{AP})^{\omega} \mid \sigma \models \varphi \}$$

Let  $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots$ 

- $ightharpoonup \sigma \models a \text{ iff } a \in A_0$
- $\bullet$   $\sigma \models \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \text{ iff } \sigma \models \varphi_1 \text{ and } \sigma \models \varphi_2$
- $\triangleright \ \sigma \models \bigcirc \varphi \text{ iff } A_1 A_2 \ldots \models \varphi$

#### **Semantics over Infinite Words**

Given LTL formula  $\varphi$  over AP,

$$L(\varphi) = \{ \sigma \in (2^{AP})^{\omega} \mid \sigma \models \varphi \}$$

If  $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots$ ,  $\sigma \models \varphi$  is also written as  $\sigma, 0 \models \varphi$ . This simply means  $A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \models \varphi$ . One can also define  $\sigma, i \models \varphi$  to mean  $A_i A_{i+1} A_{i+2} \ldots \models \varphi$  to talk about a suffix of the word  $\sigma$  satisfying a property.

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