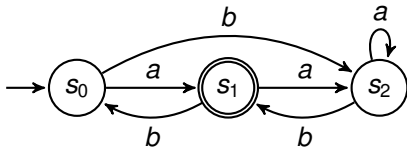


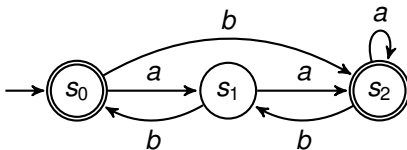
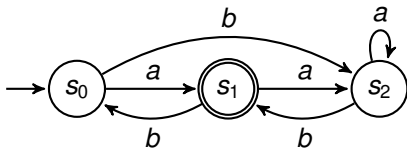
CS 228 : Logic in Computer Science

S. Krishna

Closure under Complementation



Closure under Complementation



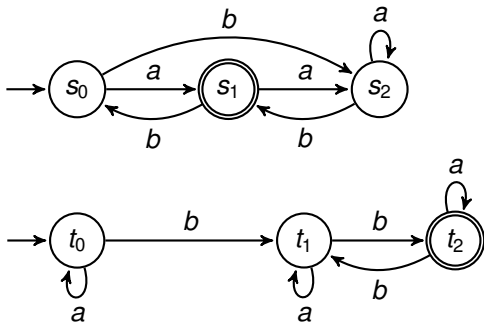
Closure under Complementation

- ▶ If L is regular, so is \bar{L}

Closure under Complementation

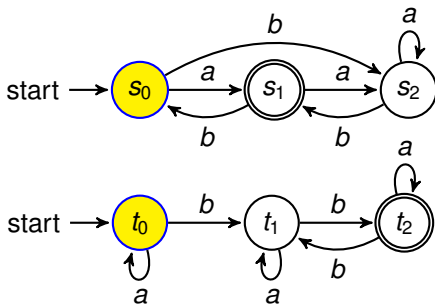
- ▶ If L is regular, so is \bar{L}
 - ▶ Let $A = (Q, q_0, \Sigma, \delta, F)$ be the DFA such that $L = L(A)$
 - ▶ For every $w \in L$, $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) = f$ for some $f \in F$
 - ▶ For every $w \notin L$, $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) = q$ for some $q \notin F$
 - ▶ Construct $\bar{A} = (Q, q_0, \Sigma, \delta, Q - F)$
 - ▶ $w \in L(\bar{A})$ iff $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \in Q - F$ iff $w \notin L(A)$
 - ▶ $L(\bar{A}) = \bar{L(A)}$

Closure under Intersection



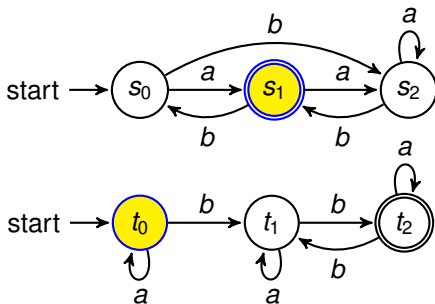
Closure under Intersection

► *aaab*



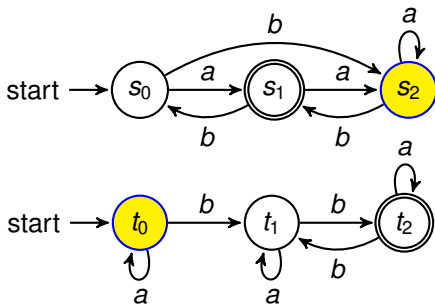
Closure under Intersection

► *aaab*



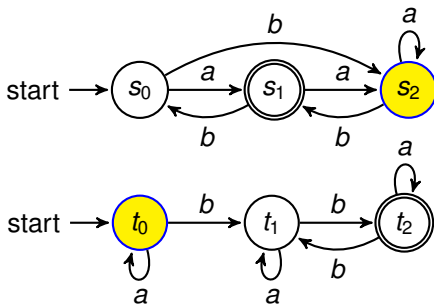
Closure under Intersection

► *aaab*



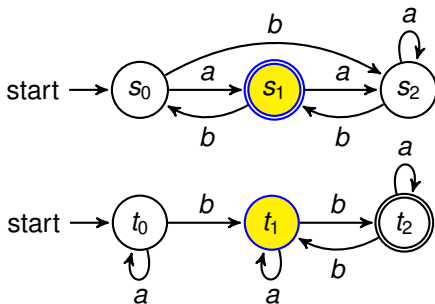
Closure under Intersection

► $aaab$



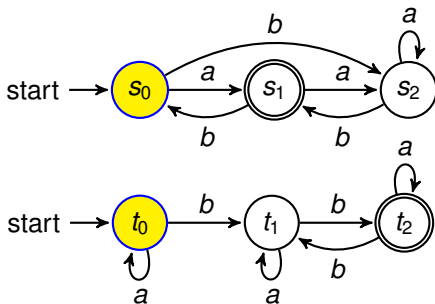
Closure under Intersection

► aaa^b



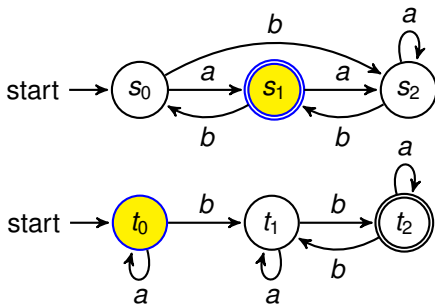
Closure under Intersection

► *aabba*



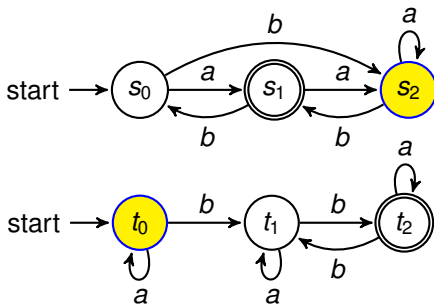
Closure under Intersection

► *aabba*



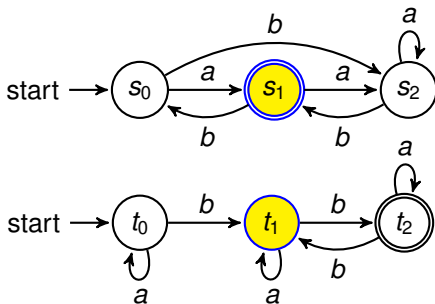
Closure under Intersection

► *aabba*



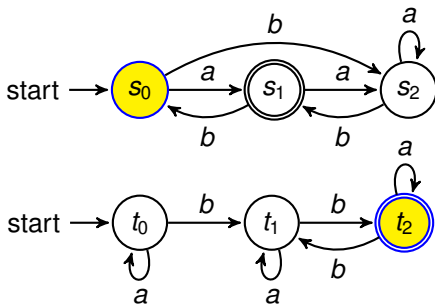
Closure under Intersection

► *aabba*



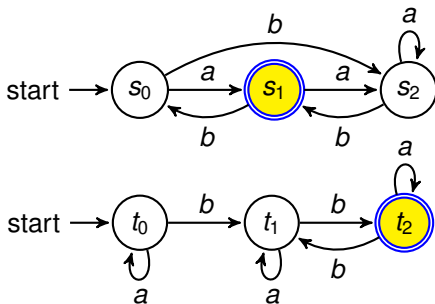
Closure under Intersection

► *aabba*



Closure under Intersection

► *aabb***a**



Closure under Intersection

- ▶ $A_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_0, F_1)$
- ▶ $A_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, \delta_2, s_0, F_2)$
- ▶ $A = (Q_1 \times Q_2, \Sigma, \delta, (q_0, s_0), F),$
 - ▶ $\delta((q, s), a) = (\delta_1(q, a), \delta_2(s, a))$
 - ▶ $F = F_1 \times F_2$
- ▶ Show that for all $x \in \Sigma^*$, $\hat{\delta}((p, q), x) = (\hat{\delta}_1(p, x), \hat{\delta}_2(q, x))$

$x \in L(A)$ iff $\hat{\delta}((q_0, s_0), x) \in F$

Closure under Intersection

- ▶ $A_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_0, F_1)$
- ▶ $A_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, \delta_2, s_0, F_2)$
- ▶ $A = (Q_1 \times Q_2, \Sigma, \delta, (q_0, s_0), F)$,
 - ▶ $\delta((q, s), a) = (\delta_1(q, a), \delta_2(s, a))$
 - ▶ $F = F_1 \times F_2$
- ▶ Show that for all $x \in \Sigma^*$, $\hat{\delta}((p, q), x) = (\hat{\delta}_1(p, x), \hat{\delta}_2(q, x))$

$x \in L(A)$ iff $\hat{\delta}((q_0, s_0), x) \in F$ iff $(\hat{\delta}_1(q_0, x), \hat{\delta}_2(s_0, x)) \in F_1 \times F_2$

Closure under Intersection

- ▶ $A_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_0, F_1)$
- ▶ $A_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, \delta_2, s_0, F_2)$
- ▶ $A = (Q_1 \times Q_2, \Sigma, \delta, (q_0, s_0), F)$,
 - ▶ $\delta((q, s), a) = (\delta_1(q, a), \delta_2(s, a))$
 - ▶ $F = F_1 \times F_2$
- ▶ Show that for all $x \in \Sigma^*$, $\hat{\delta}((p, q), x) = (\hat{\delta}_1(p, x), \hat{\delta}_2(q, x))$

$x \in L(A)$ iff $\hat{\delta}((q_0, s_0), x) \in F$ iff $(\hat{\delta}_1(q_0, x), \hat{\delta}_2(s_0, x)) \in F_1 \times F_2$ iff
 $\hat{\delta}_1(q_0, x) \in F_1$ and $\hat{\delta}_2(s_0, x) \in F_2$

Closure under Intersection

- ▶ $A_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_0, F_1)$
- ▶ $A_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, \delta_2, s_0, F_2)$
- ▶ $A = (Q_1 \times Q_2, \Sigma, \delta, (q_0, s_0), F)$,
 - ▶ $\delta((q, s), a) = (\delta_1(q, a), \delta_2(s, a))$
 - ▶ $F = F_1 \times F_2$
- ▶ Show that for all $x \in \Sigma^*$, $\hat{\delta}((p, q), x) = (\hat{\delta}_1(p, x), \hat{\delta}_2(q, x))$

$x \in L(A)$ iff $\hat{\delta}((q_0, s_0), x) \in F$ iff $(\hat{\delta}_1(q_0, x), \hat{\delta}_2(s_0, x)) \in F_1 \times F_2$ iff
 $\hat{\delta}_1(q_0, x) \in F_1$ and $\hat{\delta}_2(s_0, x) \in F_2$ iff $x \in L(A_1)$ and $x \in L(A_2)$

Closure under Union

- ▶ $A_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_0, F_1)$
- ▶ $A_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, \delta_2, s_0, F_2)$
- ▶ $A = (Q_1 \times Q_2, \Sigma, \delta, (q_0, s_0), F)$,
 - ▶ $\delta((q, s), a) = (\delta_1(q, a), \delta_2(s, a))$
 - ▶ $F = (F_1 \times Q_2) \cup (Q_1 \times F_2)$
- ▶ Show that for all $x \in \Sigma^*$, $\hat{\delta}((p, q), x) = (\hat{\delta}_1(p, x), \hat{\delta}_2(q, x))$

$x \in L(A)$ iff $x \in L(A_1)$ or $x \in L(A_2)$

Closure properties in DFA \rightarrow Logic

- ▶ Union in DFA \rightarrow disjunction in logic
- ▶ Intersection in DFA \rightarrow conjunction in logic
- ▶ Complementation in DFA \rightarrow Negation in logic