Angular Basics

- 1. What is Angular and how is it different from AngularJS?
- 2. What are the main features of Angular?
- 3. What is the purpose of Angular in web development?
- 4. Why would you choose Angular over other frameworks like React or Vue?
- 5. Explain the high-level architecture of a web application built using Angular.
- 6. What is the role of the front end, back end, and database in a web application?

Framework & Development Platform

- 7. What is the difference between a library and a framework?
- 8. What are the benefits of using a framework like Angular?
- 9. What is a development platform in the context of Angular?

JavaScript & TypeScript

- 10. How is TypeScript different from JavaScript?
- 11. What are the basic data types in TypeScript?
- 12. What is type inference in TypeScript?
- 13. Explain the difference between "any", "unknown", "union", and "literal" types.
- 14. How does TypeScript handle object typing?
- 15. What are enums and tuples in TypeScript?

- 16. What are access modifiers in TypeScript OOP?
- 17. What is the difference between an abstract class and an interface?

Angular Environment & Setup

- 18. How do you set up an Angular development environment?
- 19. What is Angular CLI and how is it useful?
- 20. How do you create a new Angular project using the CLI?
- 21. What is the purpose of package. j son in an Angular project?

Components

- 22. What is a component in Angular?
- 23. How do you create a component using Angular CLI?
- 24. What are the main parts of a component?
- 25. How do you share data between components?
- 26. Explain parent-child communication using @Input() and @Output().

Data Binding

- 27. What is data binding in Angular?
- 28. What are the different types of data binding?
- 29. Explain the difference between property binding and interpolation.
- 30. How does two-way data binding work in Angular?

Directives

- 31. What are Angular directives?
- 32. What is the difference between structural and attribute directives?
- 33. How does the ngFor directive work?
- 34. When would you use ngIf vs ngSwitch?
- 35. How do ngClass and ngStyle help in dynamic styling?

Decorators

- 36. What are decorators in Angular?
- 37. What is the difference between @ViewChild and @ContentChild?
- 38. How do you use ng-template, ng-content, and ng-container?
- 39. How do @ViewChildren and @ContentChildren differ?

Services and Dependency Injection

- 40. What is a service in Angular?
- 41. How do you create and inject a service?
- 42. Explain dependency injection in Angular.
- 43. How do services help in component communication?

Pipes

- 44. What are Angular pipes?
- 45. What is the difference between a pure and impure pipe?
- 46. How do you create a custom pipe?

HTTP & Backend Integration

- 47. How do you make HTTP requests in Angular?
- 48. What is HttpClient and how do you use it?
- 49. How do you handle HTTP errors?
- 50. How do you add headers to HTTP requests?
- 51. What is JWT authentication and how is it implemented in Angular?
- 52. What are observables and how are they used with HTTP requests?

Observables & RxJS

- 53. What is the difference between a Promise and an Observable?
- 54. What is a Subject in RxJS?
- 55. How does map() work in RxJS?
- 56. How do of() and from() differ?
- 57. Explain the use of operators like filter, take, and switchMap.

Routing

- 58. What is routing in Angular?
- 59. How do you configure routes in Angular?
- 60. What is the purpose of router-outlet?
- 61. How do you implement route guards like CanActivate and CanDeactivate?
- 62. What is the difference between routerLink and navigateByUrl?

Forms in Angular

- 63. What is the difference between template-driven and reactive forms?
- 64. How do you implement form validation in Angular?
- 65. What are form states like touched, dirty, and pristine?
- 66. How do you dynamically add form controls in a reactive form?
- 67. What is a FormArray and how is it used?