### Importing the necessary Libraires

```
In [1]:
```

```
om pandas import read csv
pip install memory profiler
om memory profiler import profile
supresses future warnings
port warnings
rnings.simplefilter(action='ignore')
port time
port warnings
om sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, classification report, auc, precision red
om tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
om tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
pm tensorflow.keras.wrappers.scikit learn import KerasRegressor
om tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
om tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
om tensorflow.keras.layers import Flatten
om tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout
om tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
om tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
om sklearn.model selection import cross val score
om sklearn.model selection import KFold
om sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
om sklearn.model selection import train test split
om tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
pm tensorflow.keras.layers import TimeDistributed
om tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv1D
om tensorflow.keras.layers import MaxPooling1D
om tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
bm tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, LSTM, Dropout, GRU, Bidirectional
om sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
port numpy as np
om sklearn.datasets import make circles
om sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
om sklearn.metrics import precision score
pm sklearn.metrics import recall_score
om sklearn.metrics import f1 score
om sklearn.metrics import cohen kappa score
om sklearn.metrics import roc auc score
om sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
Import the matplotlib library for plotting
port matplotlib.pyplot as plt
set plot style
t.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
Use the magic function to ensure plots render in a notebook
atplotlib inline
Import the seaborn library for plotting
port seaborn as sns
```

#### Importing the Dataset and Preprocessing

```
In [2]:
```

```
dataset = read_csv("Data_injection_Binary.csv")
X= dataset .iloc[:, :-1].values
X = X.reshape(X.shape[0], X.shape[1], 1)
#X = dataset .iloc[:, :-1].values
Y = dataset .iloc[:, -1].values
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size = 0.2, random_st X_train.shape

Out[2]:
(14057, 10, 1)
In []:
```

### **LSTM**

#### In [3]:

```
model1 = Sequential()
model1.add(Conv1D(64, 2, activation="relu", input_shape=(10,1)))
model1.add(Dense(16, activation="relu"))
model1.add(MaxPooling1D())
model1.add(LSTM(100))
model1.add((Flatten()))
model1.add(Dropout(0.5))
model1.add(Dense(100, activation='relu'))
#Output layer
model1.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model1.summary()
model1.compile(loss = 'binary crossentropy', optimizer = "adam",
                  metrics = ['accuracy'])
model1.save('1.h5')
history = model1.fit(X train, y train ,validation data= (X test,y test),epochs =10)
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
convld (ConvlD)	(None, 9, 64)	192
dense (Dense)	(None, 9, 16)	1040
<pre>max_poolingld (MaxPoolinglD )</pre>	(None, 4, 16)	0
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 100)	46800
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 100)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 100)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 100)	10100
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	101
Total params: 58,233 Trainable params: 58,233 Non-trainable params: 0	=======================================	=======

```
Epoch 1/10
```

```
9 - accuracy: 0.7420 - val loss: 0.4246 - val accuracy: 0.7954
Epoch 2/10
- accuracy: 0.7818 - val_loss: 0.4177 - val_accuracy: 0.8270
Epoch 3/10
440/440 [===============] - 5s 11ms/step - loss: 0.4237
- accuracy: 0.8047 - val_loss: 0.3530 - val_accuracy: 0.8597
Epoch 4/10
440/440 [===============] - 5s 11ms/step - loss: 0.3827
- accuracy: 0.8296 - val loss: 0.3271 - val accuracy: 0.8617
Epoch 5/10
440/440 [============== ] - 5s 10ms/step - loss: 0.3647
- accuracy: 0.8331 - val loss: 0.3436 - val accuracy: 0.8595
Epoch 6/10
440/440 [============] - 5s 10ms/step - loss: 0.3808
```

#### In [4]:

```
@profile
@profile
def my func():
          time a 1 = time.time()
          time c 1 = time.time()
          # metrics calculation
          pred1 = model1.predict(X test)
          cm=confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred1))
          TN, FP, FN, TP = confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred1)).ravel()
          print('=====Simple LSTM ======')
          print('TN : {}\nFP : {}\nTP : {}\n
          print(' ')
          time d 1 = time.time()
          training time 1 = round(time d 1 - time c 1,2)
          time e 1 = time.time()
          # Probability of Detection
          prob of detect 1 = round((TP/(TP+FN))*100,2)
          print('Prob of Detection
                                                                            : {}'.format(prob of detect 1))
          print(' ')
          # Probability of False Alarm
          prob of false 1 = round((FP/(FP+TN))*100,2)
          print('Prob of False Alarm : {}'.format(prob_of_false_1))
          print(' ')
          # Probability of Mis-Detection
          prob_of_misdetect_1 = round((FN/(TP+FN))*100,2)
          print('Prob of Mis-Detection : {}'.format(prob of misdetect 1))
          print(' ')
          # Overall accuracy
          accuracy 1 = round((TP+TN)/(TP+FP+FN+TN), 2)
          print('Overall accuracy : {}'.format(accuracy_1))
          print("=======\n")
          time f 1 = time.time()
          testing_time_1 = round(time_f_1 - time_e_1,2)
          sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt=".3f", linewidths=.5, square = True, cmap = 'Blu
          print(classification_report(y_test,np.round(pred1)))
          from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
06/12/2022, 02:24
                                        Talakth RNNFamily - Jupyter Notebook
     losses=history.history['loss']
     val losses=history.history['val loss']
     fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,18))
     plt.subplot(3, 2, 1)
     plt.plot(losses, label='Training loss')
     plt.plot(val losses, label='Validation loss')
     plt.title('Model loss')
     plt.ylabel('loss value')
     plt.xlabel('Noumber of epoch')
     plt.show()
     fpr1, tpr1, threshold = roc curve(y test,np.round(pred1))
     auc1 = auc(fpr1, tpr1)
     plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10), dpi=50)
     plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='^',color = "g", label='auc = %0.2f' % auc1)
     plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate -->')
     plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate -->')
     plt.legend()
     time b 1 = time.time()
     processing time 1 = round(time b 1 - time a 1,2)
     print('processing time', processing time 1)
     print('training time', training time 1)
     print('training time per sample', training_time_1 /len(X_train))
     print('testing time', testing time 1)
 if __name__ == '__main__':
     my_func()
 ERROR: Could not find file <ipython-input-4-ae60ed66103d>
 NOTE: %mprun can only be used on functions defined in physical files,
 and not in the IPython environment.
 110/110 [======== ] - 8s 16ms/step
 =====Simple LSTM =====
 TN: 1657
```

FP: 118 FN: 251 TP: 1489

Prob of Detection : 85.57

Prob of False Alarm : 6.65

Prob of Mis-Detection: 14.43

Overall accuracy : 0.9

\_\_\_\_\_\_

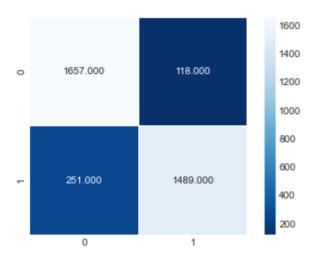
support	f1-score	recall	precision	
1775	0.90	0.93	0.87	0
1740	0.89	0.86	0.93	1
3515	0.90			accuracy
3515	0.89	0.89	0.90	macro avg

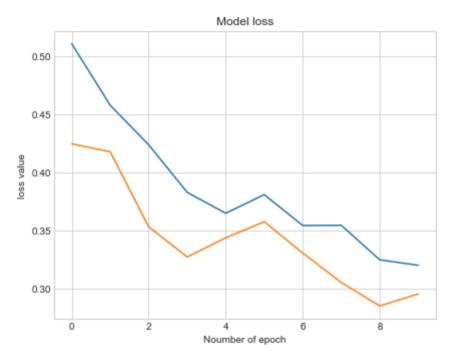
weighted avg

0.90

0.90

0.89 3515

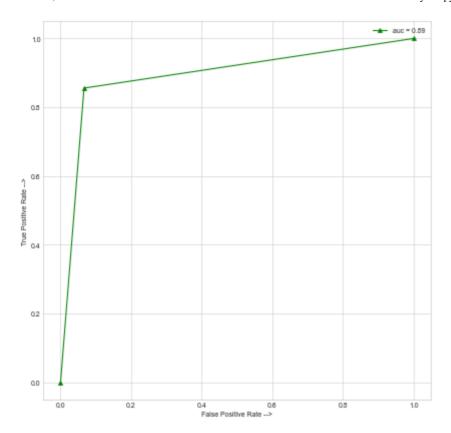




processing time 16.3 training time 8.89 training time per sample 0.0006324251262716084 testing time 0.0

Filename: C:\Users\Hamza\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\memory\_profiler.p
y

Line #	Mem usage	Increment	Occurrences	Line Contents
1183	470.0 MiB	470.0 MiB	1	 @wraps(wrap
ped=func	)			
1184				def wrapper
(*args,	**kwargs):			
1185	470.0 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	prof =
get_prof	( )			
1186	483.5 MiB	13.5 MiB	1	val = p
rof(func)	)(*args, **kw	args)		
1187	483.5 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	show_re
sults_bou	und(prof)			_
1188	483.5 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	return
val				



## **Bidirectional LSTM**

#### In [5]:

```
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Bidirectional
model2 = Sequential()
model2.add(Conv1D(64, 2, activation="relu", input shape=(10,1)))
model2.add(Dense(16, activation="relu"))
model2.add(MaxPooling1D())
model2.add(Bidirectional(LSTM(100, activation='relu')))
model2.add((Flatten()))
model2.add(Dropout(0.5))
model2.add(Dense(100, activation='relu'))
#Output layer
model2.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model2.summary()
model2.compile(loss = 'binary_crossentropy',
     optimizer = "adam",
              metrics = ['accuracy'])
history2 = model2.fit(X train, y train ,validation data= (X test,y test),epochs =10)
```

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
convld_1 (ConvlD)	(None, 9, 64)	192
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 9, 16)	1040
<pre>max_pooling1d_1 (MaxPooling 1D)</pre>	(None, 4, 16)	0
bidirectional (Bidirectional)	(None, 200)	93600
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 200)	0
<pre>dropout_1 (Dropout)</pre>	(None, 200)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 100)	20100
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 1)	101
Total params: 115,033	=======================================	=======

Total params: 115,033 Trainable params: 115,033 Non-trainable params: 0

#### In [6]:

```
@profile
@profile
def my func():
          time a 1 = time.time()
          time c 1 = time.time()
          # metrics calculation
          pred2 = model2.predict(X test)
          cm=confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred2))
          TN, FP, FN, TP = confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred2)).ravel()
          print('=====Bidirectional LSTM ======')
          print('TN : {}\nFP : {}\nTP : {}\n
          print(' ')
          time d 1 = time.time()
          training time 1 = round(time d 1 - time c 1,2)
          time e 1 = time.time()
          # Probability of Detection
          prob of detect 1 = round((TP/(TP+FN))*100,2)
          print('Prob of Detection
                                                                            : {}'.format(prob of detect 1))
          print(' ')
          # Probability of False Alarm
          prob of false 1 = round((FP/(FP+TN))*100,2)
          print('Prob of False Alarm : {}'.format(prob_of_false_1))
          print(' ')
          # Probability of Mis-Detection
          prob_of_misdetect_1 = round((FN/(TP+FN))*100,2)
          print('Prob of Mis-Detection : {}'.format(prob of misdetect 1))
          print(' ')
          # Overall accuracy
          accuracy 1 = round((TP+TN)/(TP+FP+FN+TN), 2)
          print('Overall accuracy : {}'.format(accuracy_1))
          print("=======\n")
          time f 1 = time.time()
          testing_time_1 = round(time_f_1 - time_e_1,2)
          sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt=".3f", linewidths=.5, square = True, cmap = 'Blu
          print(classification_report(y_test,np.round(pred2)))
          from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
06/12/2022, 02:24
                                        Talakth RNNFamily - Jupyter Notebook
     losses=history2.history['loss']
     val losses=history2.history['val loss']
     fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,18))
     plt.subplot(3, 2, 1)
     plt.plot(losses, label='Training loss')
     plt.plot(val losses, label='Validation loss')
     plt.title('Model loss')
     plt.ylabel('loss value')
     plt.xlabel('Noumber of epoch')
     plt.show()
     fpr1, tpr1, threshold = roc curve(y test,np.round(pred2))
     auc1 = auc(fpr1, tpr1)
     plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10), dpi=50)
     plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='^',color = "g", label='auc = %0.2f' % auc1)
     plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate -->')
     plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate -->')
     plt.legend()
     time b 1 = time.time()
     processing time 1 = round(time b 1 - time a 1,2)
     print('processing time', processing_time_1)
     print('training time', training time 1)
     print('training time per sample', training time 1 /len(X train))
     print('testing time', testing time 1)
 if __name__ == '__main__':
     my func()
 ERROR: Could not find file <ipython-input-6-f3e90ec5e9af>
 NOTE: %mprun can only be used on functions defined in physical files,
 and not in the IPython environment.
 110/110 [========= ] - 4s 18ms/step
 =====Bidirectional LSTM ======
 TN: 1641
 FP: 134
 FN: 183
 TP: 1557
```

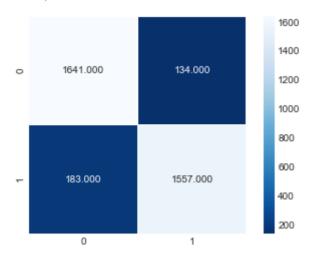
Prob of Detection : 89.48

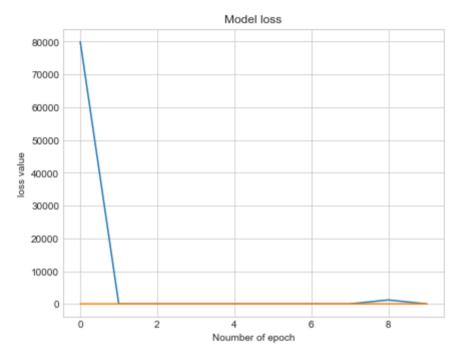
Prob of False Alarm : 7.55

Prob of Mis-Detection: 10.52

Overall accuracy : 0.91 \_\_\_\_\_

recall f1-score support precision 0 0.90 0.92 0.91 1775 0.92 0.89 0.91 1740 0.91 3515 accuracy 0.91 macro avg 0.91 0.91 3515 weighted avg 0.91 0.91 0.91 3515

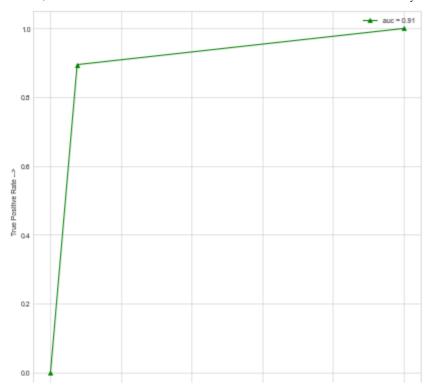




processing time 12.12 training time 4.85 training time per sample 0.0003450238315430035 testing time 0.01

Filename: C:\Users\Hamza\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\memory\_profiler.p
y

Line #	Mem usage	Increment	Occurrences	Line Contents
1183	559.9 MiB	559.9 MiB	1	 @wraps(wrap
ped=func)				
1184				def wrapper
(*args, *	**kwargs):			
1185	559.9 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	prof =
get_prof(	( )			
1186	563.6 MiB	3.7 MiB	1	val = p
rof(func)	(*args, **kw	args)		
1187	563.6 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	show_re
sults_bou	ind(prof)			
1188	563.6 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	return
val				



### **GRU**

#### In [7]:

```
# load data and arrange into Pandas dataframe
model3 = Sequential()
model3.add(Conv1D(64, 2, activation="relu", input shape=(10,1)))
model3.add(Dense(16, activation="relu"))
model3.add(MaxPooling1D())
model3.add(GRU(100))
model3.add((Flatten()))
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(100, activation='relu'))
#Output layer
model3.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model3.summary()
model3.compile(loss = 'binary_crossentropy',
     optimizer = "adam",
              metrics = ['accuracy'])
history3 = model3.fit(X train, y train ,validation data= (X test,y test),epochs =10)
```

Model: "sequential 2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
convld_2 (ConvlD)	(None, 9, 64)	192
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 9, 16)	1040
<pre>max_pooling1d_2 (MaxPooling 1D)</pre>	(None, 4, 16)	0
gru (GRU)	(None, 100)	35400
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None, 100)	0
<pre>dropout_2 (Dropout)</pre>	(None, 100)	0
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 100)	10100
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 1)	101
=======================================		========

Total params: 46,833 Trainable params: 46,833 Non-trainable params: 0

```
Epoch 1/10
440/440 [=============== ] - 10s 11ms/step - loss: 0.546
2 - accuracy: 0.7185 - val_loss: 0.4512 - val_accuracy: 0.7835
Epoch 2/10
440/440 [============] - 4s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4503
- accuracy: 0.7908 - val loss: 0.4026 - val accuracy: 0.8168
Epoch 3/10
- accuracy: 0.7933 - val loss: 0.3733 - val accuracy: 0.8270
Epoch 4/10
- accuracy: 0.8150 - val loss: 0.3166 - val accuracy: 0.8501
Epoch 5/10
440/440 [============] - 5s 12ms/step - loss: 0.3655
- accuracy: 0.8333 - val loss: 0.3220 - val accuracy: 0.8521
Epoch 6/10
```

#### In [8]:

```
@profile
@profile
def my func():
    time a 1 = time.time()
    time c 1 = time.time()
    # metrics calculation
    pred3 = model3.predict(X test)
    cm=confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred3))
    TN, FP, FN, TP = confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred3)).ravel()
    print('=====Simple GRU ======')
    print('TN : {}\nFP : {}\nTP : {}\nTP : {}\.format(TN, FP, FN, TP))
    print(' ')
    time d 1 = time.time()
    training time 1 = round(time d 1 - time c 1,2)
    time e 1 = time.time()
    # Probability of Detection
    prob of detect 1 = round((TP/(TP+FN))*100,2)
    print('Prob of Detection
                              : {}'.format(prob of detect 1))
    print(' ')
    # Probability of False Alarm
    prob of false 1 = round((FP/(FP+TN))*100,2)
    print('Prob of False Alarm : {}'.format(prob_of_false_1))
    print(' ')
    # Probability of Mis-Detection
    prob_of_misdetect_1 = round((FN/(TP+FN))*100,2)
    print('Prob of Mis-Detection : {}'.format(prob of misdetect 1))
    print(' ')
    # Overall accuracy
    accuracy 1 = round((TP+TN)/(TP+FP+FN+TN), 2)
    print('Overall accuracy : {}'.format(accuracy_1))
    print("=======\n")
    time f 1 = time.time()
    testing_time_1 = round(time_f_1 - time_e_1,2)
    sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt=".3f", linewidths=.5, square = True, cmap = 'Blu
    print(classification_report(y_test,np.round(pred3)))
    from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
06/12/2022, 02:24
                                        Talakth RNNFamily - Jupyter Notebook
     losses=history3.history['loss']
     val losses=history3.history['val loss']
     fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,18))
     plt.subplot(3, 2, 1)
     plt.plot(losses, label='Training loss')
     plt.plot(val losses, label='Validation loss')
     plt.title('Model loss')
     plt.ylabel('loss value')
     plt.xlabel('Noumber of epoch')
     plt.show()
     fpr1, tpr1, threshold = roc curve(y test,np.round(pred3))
     auc1 = auc(fpr1, tpr1)
     plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10), dpi=50)
     plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='^',color = "g", label='auc = %0.2f' % auc1)
     plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate -->')
     plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate -->')
     plt.legend()
     time b 1 = time.time()
     processing time 1 = round(time b 1 - time a 1,2)
     print('processing time', processing time 1)
     print('training time', training time 1)
     print('training time per sample', training_time_1 /len(X_train))
     print('testing time', testing time 1)
 if __name__ == '__main__':
     my func()
 ERROR: Could not find file <ipython-input-8-a51f3c8d4593>
 NOTE: %mprun can only be used on functions defined in physical files,
 and not in the IPython environment.
 110/110 [======== ] - 5s 16ms/step
 =====Simple GRU =====
 TN: 1626
 FP: 149
 FN: 187
 TP: 1553
```

Prob of Detection : 89.25

Prob of False Alarm : 8.39

Prob of Mis-Detection: 10.75

Overall accuracy : 0.9

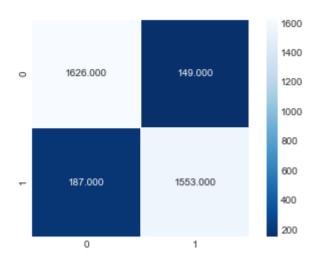
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.90	0.92	0.91	1775
1	0.91	0.89	0.90	1740
accuracy			0.90	3515
macro avg	0.90	0.90	0.90	3515

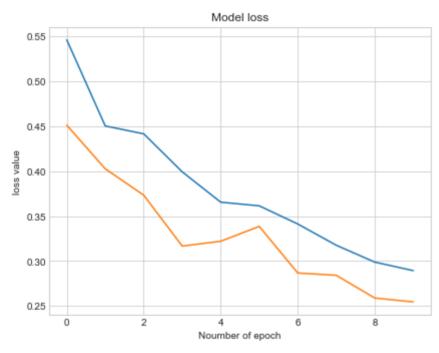
weighted avg

0.90

0.90

0.90 3515





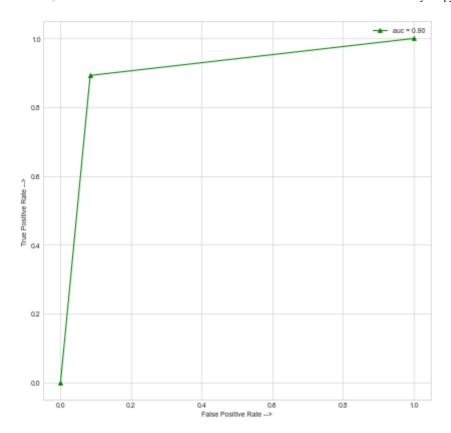
processing time 11.11 training time 5.97

training time per sample 0.0004246994380024187

testing time 0.0

Filename: C:\Users\Hamza\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\memory\_profiler.p
y

Line #	Mem usage	Increment	Occurrences	Line Contents
1183	616.0 MiB	616.0 MiB	1	======================================
ped=func)	)			
1184				def wrapper
(*args, *	**kwargs):			
1185	616.0 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	prof =
get_prof	( )			
1186	625.3 MiB	9.2 MiB	1	val = p
rof(func)	)(*args, **kwa	args)		
1187	625.3 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	show_re
sults_bou	ind(prof)			_
1188	625.3 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	return
val				



## **Bidirectional GRU**

#### In [9]:

```
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Bidirectional
model4 = Sequential()
model4.add(Conv1D(64, 2, activation="relu", input shape=(10,1)))
model4.add(Dense(16, activation="relu"))
model4.add(MaxPooling1D())
model4.add(Bidirectional(GRU(100, activation='relu')))
model4.add((Flatten()))
model4.add(Dropout(0.5))
model4.add(Dense(100, activation='relu'))
#Output layer
model4.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model4.summary()
model4.compile(loss = 'binary_crossentropy',
     optimizer = "adam",
              metrics = ['accuracy'])
history4 = model4.fit(X train, y train ,validation data= (X test,y test),epochs =10)
```

Model: "sequential\_3"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv1d_3 (Conv1D)	(None, 9, 64)	192
dense_9 (Dense)	(None, 9, 16)	1040
<pre>max_pooling1d_3 (MaxPooling 1D)</pre>	(None, 4, 16)	0
<pre>bidirectional_1 (Bidirectional)</pre>	(None, 200)	70800
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None, 200)	0
<pre>dropout_3 (Dropout)</pre>	(None, 200)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 100)	20100
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 1)	101
Total params: 92,233		=======

Trainable params: 92,233 Non-trainable params: 0

```
In [10]:
```

```
@profile
@profile
def my func():
          time a 1 = time.time()
          time c 1 = time.time()
          # metrics calculation
          pred4 = model4.predict(X test)
          cm=confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred4))
          TN, FP, FN, TP = confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred4)).ravel()
          print('=====Bidirectional GRU ======')
          print('TN : {}\nFP : {}\nTP : {}\n
          print(' ')
          time d 1 = time.time()
          training time 1 = round(time d 1 - time c 1,2)
          time e 1 = time.time()
          # Probability of Detection
          prob of detect 1 = round((TP/(TP+FN))*100,2)
          print('Prob of Detection
                                                                            : {}'.format(prob of detect 1))
          print(' ')
          # Probability of False Alarm
          prob of false 1 = round((FP/(FP+TN))*100,2)
          print('Prob of False Alarm : {}'.format(prob_of_false_1))
          print(' ')
          # Probability of Mis-Detection
          prob of misdetect 1 = round((FN/(TP+FN))*100,2)
          print('Prob of Mis-Detection : {}'.format(prob of misdetect 1))
          print(' ')
          # Overall accuracy
          accuracy 1 = round((TP+TN)/(TP+FP+FN+TN), 2)
          print('Overall accuracy
                                                                       : {}'.format(accuracy_1))
          print("=======\n")
          time f 1 = time.time()
          testing_time_1 = round(time_f_1 - time_e_1,2)
          sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt=".3f", linewidths=.5, square = True, cmap = 'Blu
          print(classification_report(y_test,np.round(pred4)))
          from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
06/12/2022, 02:24
                                       Talakth RNNFamily - Jupyter Notebook
     losses=history4.history['loss']
     val losses=history4.history['val loss']
     fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,18))
     plt.subplot(3, 2, 1)
     plt.plot(losses, label='Training loss')
     plt.plot(val losses, label='Validation loss')
     plt.title('Model loss')
     plt.ylabel('loss value')
     plt.xlabel('Noumber of epoch')
     plt.show()
     fpr1, tpr1, threshold = roc curve(y test,np.round(pred4))
     auc1 = auc(fpr1, tpr1)
     plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10), dpi=50)
     plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='^',color = "g", label='auc = %0.2f' % auc1)
     plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate -->')
     plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate -->')
     plt.legend()
     time b 1 = time.time()
     processing time 1 = round(time b 1 - time a 1,2)
     print('processing time', processing time 1)
     print('training time', training time 1)
     print('training time per sample', training_time_1 /len(X_train))
     print('testing time', testing time 1)
 if __name__ == '__main__':
     my func()
 ERROR: Could not find file <ipython-input-10-53c939973657>
 NOTE: %mprun can only be used on functions defined in physical files,
 and not in the IPython environment.
 =====Bidirectional GRU =====
 TN: 1590
 FP : 185
 FN: 203
```

```
TP: 1537
Prob of Detection : 88.33
Prob of False Alarm : 10.42
Prob of Mis-Detection: 11.67
Overall accuracy
                    : 0.89
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.89	0.90	0.89	1775
1	0.89	0.88	0.89	1740
accuracy			0.89	3515
macro avg	0.89	0.89	0.89	3515

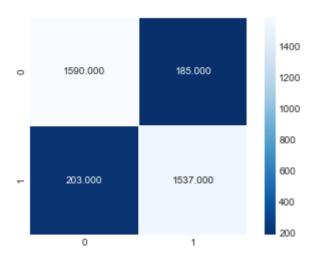
weighted avg

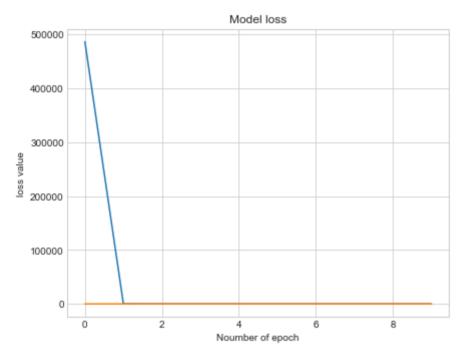
0.89

0.89

0.89

3515

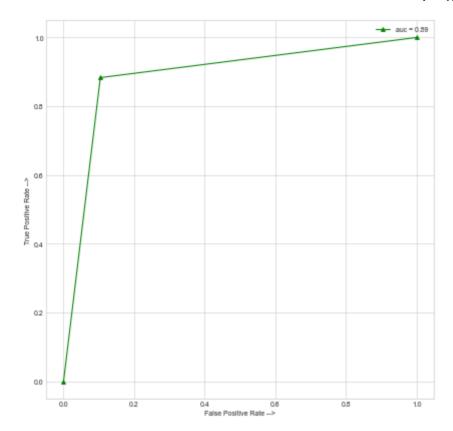




processing time 15.01 training time 7.34 training time per sample 0.0005221597780465249 testing time 0.0

Filename: C:\Users\Hamza\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\memory\_profiler.p
y

Line #	Mem usage	Increment	Occurrences	Line Contents
1183	702.6 MiB	702.6 MiB	1	 @wraps(wrap
ped=func) 1184	)			def wrapper
(*args, *	**kwargs):			
1185	702.6 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	prof =
get_prof	( )			
1186	707.6 MiB	5.0 MiB	1	val = p
rof(func)	)(*args, **kwa	args)		
1187	707.6 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	show_re
sults_bou	und(prof)			
1188	707.6 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	return
val				



# Simple RNN

#### In [11]:

```
from keras import layers
model5 = Sequential()
model5.add(Conv1D(64, 2, activation="relu", input shape=(10,1)))
model5.add(Dense(16, activation="relu"))
model5.add(MaxPooling1D())
model5.add(layers.SimpleRNN(128))
model5.add((Flatten()))
model5.add(Dropout(0.5))
model5.add(Dense(100, activation='relu'))
#Output layer
model5.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model5.summary()
model5.compile(loss = 'binary_crossentropy',
     optimizer = "adam",
              metrics = ['accuracy'])
history5 = model5.fit(X train, y train ,validation data= (X test,y test),epochs =10)
```

Model: "sequential 4"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
convld_4 (ConvlD)	(None, 9, 64)	192
dense_12 (Dense)	(None, 9, 16)	1040
<pre>max_pooling1d_4 (MaxPooling 1D)</pre>	(None, 4, 16)	0
simple_rnn (SimpleRNN)	(None, 128)	18560
<pre>flatten_4 (Flatten)</pre>	(None, 128)	0
<pre>dropout_4 (Dropout)</pre>	(None, 128)	0
dense_13 (Dense)	(None, 100)	12900
dense_14 (Dense)	(None, 1)	101

Total params: 32,793 Trainable params: 32,793 Non-trainable params: 0

```
Epoch 1/10
- accuracy: 0.6607 - val_loss: 0.5233 - val_accuracy: 0.7659
Epoch 2/10
440/440 [=============] - 3s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5464
- accuracy: 0.7338 - val loss: 0.5299 - val accuracy: 0.7593
Epoch 3/10
- accuracy: 0.7351 - val_loss: 0.5234 - val_accuracy: 0.7496
Epoch 4/10
440/440 [===============] - 3s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5101
- accuracy: 0.7620 - val_loss: 0.4576 - val_accuracy: 0.7960
Epoch 5/10
440/440 [=============] - 3s 7ms/step - loss: 0.4715
- accuracy: 0.7969 - val loss: 0.4406 - val accuracy: 0.8037
Epoch 6/10
```

#### In [12]:

```
@profile
@profile
def my func():
    time a 1 = time.time()
    time c 1 = time.time()
    # metrics calculation
    pred5 = model5.predict(X test)
    cm=confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred5))
    TN, FP, FN, TP = confusion matrix(y test, np.round(pred5)).ravel()
    print('=====Simple RNN ======')
    print('TN : {}\nFP : {}\nTP : {}\nTP : {}\.format(TN, FP, FN, TP))
    print(' ')
    time d 1 = time.time()
    training time 1 = round(time d 1 - time c 1,2)
    print ('training time :',training time 1)
    time e 1 = time.time()
    # Probability of Detection
    prob of detect 1 = round((TP/(TP+FN))*100,2)
    print('Prob of Detection
                              : {}'.format(prob of detect 1))
    print(' ')
    # Probability of False Alarm
    prob of false 1 = round((FP/(FP+TN))*100,2)
    print('Prob of False Alarm : {}'.format(prob_of_false_1))
    print(' ')
    # Probability of Mis-Detection
    prob of misdetect 1 = round((FN/(TP+FN))*100,2)
    print('Prob of Mis-Detection : {}'.format(prob of misdetect 1))
    print(' ')
    # Overall accuracy
    accuracy 1 = round((TP+TN)/(TP+FP+FN+TN), 2)
    print('Overall accuracy : {}'.format(accuracy_1))
    print("=======\n")
    time f 1 = time.time()
    testing_time_1 = round(time_f_1 - time_e_1,2)
    sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt=".3f", linewidths=.5, square = True, cmap = 'Blu
    print(classification_report(y_test,np.round(pred5)))
    from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
06/12/2022, 02:24
                                         Talakth RNNFamily - Jupyter Notebook
     losses=history5.history['loss']
     val losses=history5.history['val loss']
     fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,18))
     plt.subplot(3, 2, 1)
     plt.plot(losses, label='Training loss')
     plt.plot(val losses, label='Validation loss')
     plt.title('Model loss')
     plt.ylabel('loss value')
     plt.xlabel('Noumber of epoch')
     plt.show()
     fpr1, tpr1, threshold = roc curve(y test,np.round(pred5))
     auc1 = auc(fpr1, tpr1)
     plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10), dpi=50)
     plt.plot(fpr1, tpr1, marker='^',color = "g", label='auc = %0.2f' % auc1)
     plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate -->')
     plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate -->')
     plt.legend()
     time b 1 = time.time()
     processing_time_1 = round(time_b_1 - time_a_1,2)
     print('processing time', processing time 1)
     print('training time', training time 1)
     print('training time per sample', training_time_1 /len(X_train))
     print('testing time', testing time 1)
 if __name__ == '__main__':
     my func()
 ERROR: Could not find file <ipython-input-12-a8cb47c25c71>
 NOTE: %mprun can only be used on functions defined in physical files,
```

```
and not in the IPython environment.
=====Simple RNN ======
TN: 1523
FP : 252
FN: 137
TP: 1603
training time : 4.9
Prob of Detection : 92.13
Prob of False Alarm : 14.2
Prob of Mis-Detection: 7.87
Overall accuracy
               : 0.89
_____
          precision
                  recall f1-score
                                   support
        0
              0.92
                      0.86
                             0.89
                                     1775
```

0.92

0.89

0.89

0.89

0.89

1740

3515

3515

accuracy

macro avg

0.86

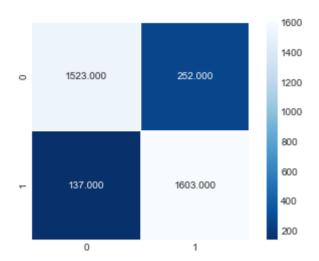
0.89

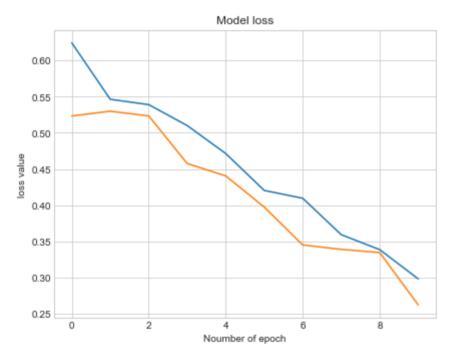
weighted avg

0.89

0.89

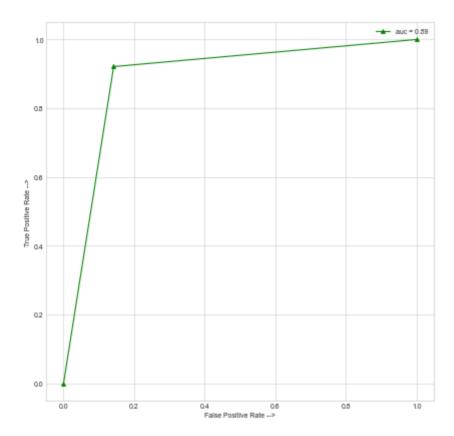
0.89 3515





processing time 12.95
training time 4.9
training time per sample 0.0003485807782599417
testing time 0.0
Filename: C:\Users\Hamza\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\memory\_profiler.p
Y

Line #	Mem usage	Increment	Occurrences	Line Contents
1183	730.3 MiB	 730.3 MiB	======================================	======================================
ped=func)				
1184				def wrapper
(*args, **kwargs):				
1185	730.3 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	prof =
<pre>get_prof()</pre>				
1186	733.5 MiB	3.2 MiB	1	val = p
<pre>rof(func)(*args, **kwargs)</pre>				
1187	733.5 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	show_re
<pre>sults_bound(prof)</pre>				
1188	733.5 MiB	0.0 MiB	1	return
val				



#### In [ ]: